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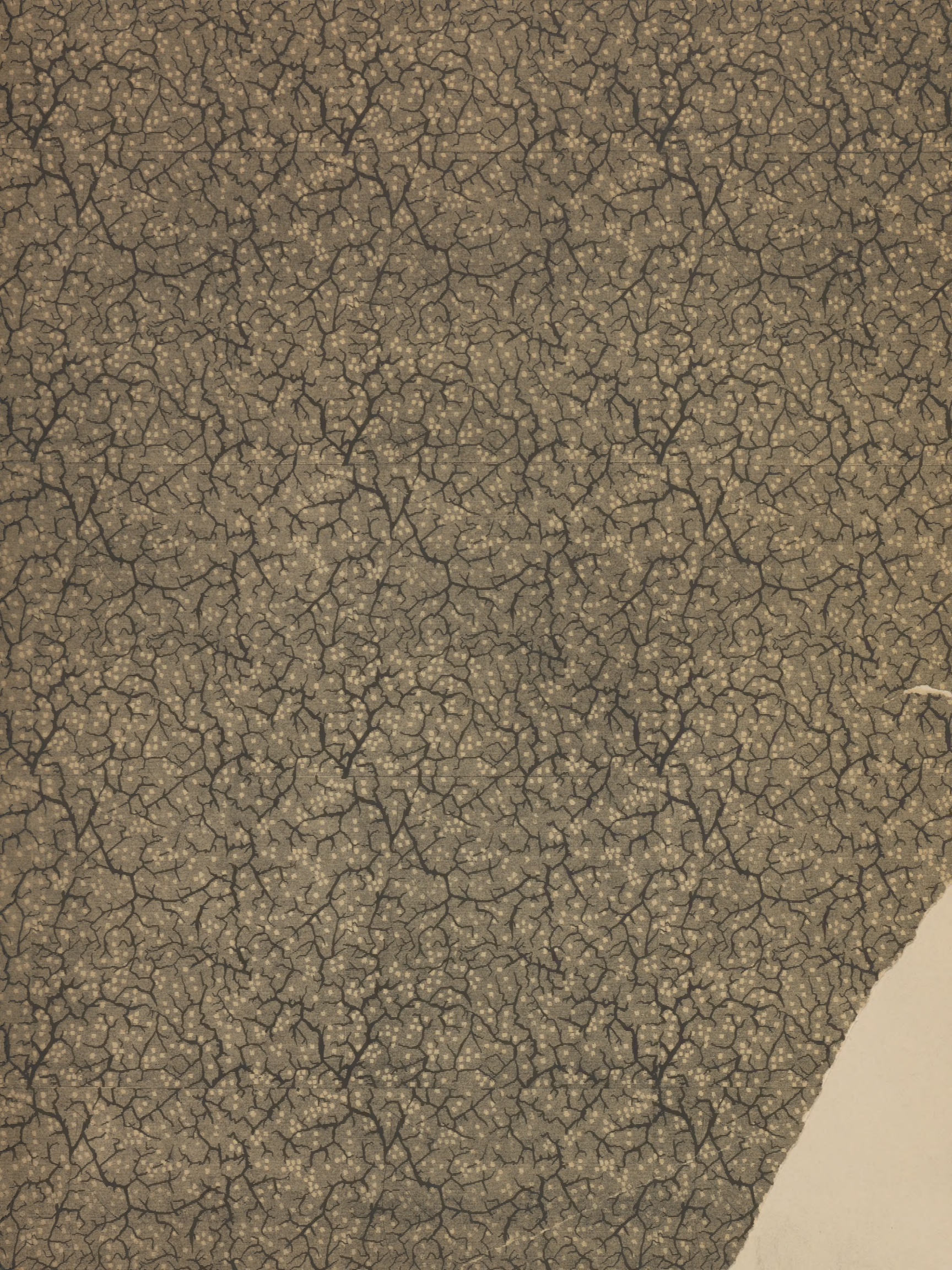
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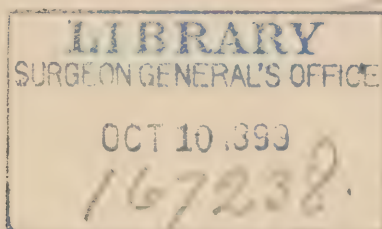
A  
COMPENDIUM

OF

Materia Medica, Therapeutics and Repertory  
of the Digestive System,

BY

ARKELL ROGER McMICHAEL, M. D



PHILADELPHIA :  
BOERICKE & TAFEL,

1892.



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# PREFACE.

THE ideal study of drugs is without question the comparative one; and while many of us differ as to the best method of this comparison, few will doubt the value of any work which seeks to simplify the methods now in vogue.

Many suggestions have been offered during the past few years by teachers and writers of *Materia Medica* in reference to different methods of studying and comparing drugs, but as yet no schema has been devised and developed sufficiently to form the basis of a practical work. The present method is far from perfect, but should it be considered a step in advance, its mission will have been fulfilled.

In order to make a work of this nature practical it was deemed advisable to exclude all symptoms of a drug which have not been verified by cures; and although some may consider this a fault, the majority will agree that while the material excluded may be found in the pathogenesis of many provers, until symptoms have been verified by cures, they not only encumber but confuse.

The combination of *Materia Medica*, *Therapeutics*, and *Repertory* of a section of the human anatomy will no doubt suggest itself to the busy physician as a decided improvement over the former method of referring to three separate works before deciding on the remedy. Not only has this objection been overcome, but its simple arrangement will appeal to the student as well as to the mature physician; and instead of spending hours in studying our case, a few moments is all that is required (for even the student) to make his choice.

## THERAPEUTICS.

It was not intended at first to include *Therapeutics* or clinical suggestions in this work, but while comparing different works on *Materia Medica* it was found that many symptoms had been inserted as characteristic of certain drugs which had never been found in the pathogenesis; and inasmuch as many of these symptoms were of undoubted value their relation to the drug demanded recognition, but secondary to symptoms which have appeared as the result of toxic influence.

If a *Materia Medica* founded on a scientific basis is to be the one for our future use, we cannot combine symptoms which have appeared under drug-proving, with those which have no other foundation for their value than verification at the bedside, without making a distinction between them. A few symptoms found in the clinical column will be recognized as partly pathogenetic, and may be considered a repetition; but after a more careful reading it will be found that while the symptoms are in substance similar, the diction of the clinical is in some respects quite different, and unless both were inserted the clinical, which possibly expresses the sensation or condition fully as well, if not better in some instances, than the pathogenetic, might not be found in the *Repertory*.

Were it possible for a patient at the bedside always to express himself in the same phraseology as the one under the influence of a drug, there would be less occasion for clinical material here.

## REPERTORY.

In the *Repertory* following each section will be found several important features which will commend themselves to many who heretofore have experienced a difficulty in finding the symptom desired without wasting valuable time.

1st. Pathogenetic symptoms which appear in the *Repertory* will be recognized as complete as in the *Materia Medica*, no abbreviation being made. If a symptom is of sufficient importance to be mentioned in a *Repertory*, its value must be enhanced by finding it in its original form.

2d. In the alphabetic arrangement of symptoms we avoid much confusion into which makers of *Repertories* have led us, owing to the different divisions used; also the difficulty of knowing exactly under which section or division may be found many symptoms which do not refer to any special portion of the body; also many which refer to two or more anatomical seats.

3d. Any symptom given may be found by referring to any word of that symptom which might be considered of sufficient importance to suggest itself to our mind. For instance, the symptom "Rumbling in abdomen with emission of much offensive flatus," may be found by turning to the words Rumbling, Abdomen, Emission, Offensive or Flatus; the symptom in full following each caption.



4th. Any word which may be used frequently as a caption and extend over several columns or pages, but for the sub-captions the exact symptom sought might still be difficult to find. To illustrate, take the word Morning; this extends over several columns and has nine sub-captions, each one indicating the special subject or condition the word Morning refers to.

The first sub-caption (Flatulence) indicates that all symptoms which immediately follow refer to "Flatulence in the morning;" the second sub-caption is (Mouth) indicating that symptoms in which morning is mentioned refer to the mouth; the last one (Miscellaneous) is a collection of symptoms in which the word Morning is used, and which seem to be entirely different one from the other, and cannot be classed under any of the previous divisions.

5th. Symptoms printed in bold type and leading the list under the different captions are of the first importance and value, and are considered grand characteristics of the drug; those following are of secondary importance and are considered characteristics. Symptoms with a figure immediately following the drug-name denote the column of the table in which the symptom may be found.

By the abbreviation "Clin.," following the drug-name, is understood that the symptom is clinical and found in the clinical column.

### METHOD OF MAKING COMPARISONS.

First find the symptoms desired by turning to any word under which we think it may be found; should we find several drugs which give identical or similar symptoms, and we are unable to decide, reference to the tabulated portion can be made, where we will find all the symptoms not only under that portion which directly interests us, but also other sections which are directly connected or are immediately affected thereby. It will at once be seen that the different sections, being placed in separate columns, afford a better opportunity for comparison; should it be necessary to extend the comparison the concomitants will give us a picture of the drug and enable us to decide, the clinical suggestions confirming our choice; thus we find that in the majority of our cases where a brief and concise comparison is necessary, the requirements of such can be found between the covers of one book.

A. R. McMICHAEL.

NEW YORK, December 25, 1892.



## LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS.

|                     |                          |                    |                                       |                   |                                    |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| Abies n. . . . .    | Abies nigra.             | Cocce. . . . .     | Cocculus.                             | Mur. ac. . . . .  | Muriaticum acidum.                 |
| Acon. . . . .       | Aconite.                 | Colch. . . . .     | Colchicum autumnale.                  | Nat. c. . . . .   | Natrum carbonicum.                 |
| Æsc. . . . .        | Æsculus hippocastanum.   | Coloc. . . . .     | Colocynthis (citrullus).              | Nat. m. . . . .   | Natrum muriaticum.                 |
| Æthu. . . . .       | Æthusa cynapium.         | Coni. . . . .      | Conium maculatum.                     | Nat. sul. . . . . | Natrum sulphuricum.                |
| Agar. . . . .       | Agaricus muscarius.      | Crocus. . . . .    | Crocus sativus.                       | Nit. ac. . . . .  | Nitricum acidum.                   |
| Aloe . . . . .      | Aloe socotrina.          | Crotal. h. . . . . | Crotalus horridus.                    | Nux mos. . . . .  | Nux moschata.                      |
| Alum. . . . .       | Alumina.                 | Crot. tig. . . . . | Croton tiglium.                       | Nux v. . . . .    | Nux vomica.                        |
| Amn. c. . . . .     | Ammonium carbonicum.     | Cupr. . . . .      | Cuprum metallicum.                    | Olean. . . . .    | Oleander (Nerium).                 |
| Amn. mur. . . . .   | Ammonium muriaticum.     | Cycl. . . . .      | Cyclamen europæum.                    | Opi. . . . .      | Opium.                             |
| Anac. . . . .       | Anacardium.              | Diose. . . . .     | Dioscorea villosa.                    | Petr. . . . .     | Petroleum.                         |
| Ant. c. . . . .     | Antimonium crudum.       | Dule. . . . .      | Solanum dulcamara.                    | Phos. ac. . . . . | Phosphoricum acidum.               |
| Ant. t. . . . .     | Antimonium tartaricum.   | Ferr. . . . .      | Ferrum.                               | Phos. . . . .     | Phosphorus.                        |
| Apis. . . . .       | Apis mellifica.          | Gambo. . . . .     | Gambogia.                             | Phytol. . . . .   | Phytolacca decandra.               |
| Arg. m. . . . .     | Argentum metallicum.     | Graph. . . . .     | Graphites.                            | Plat. . . . .     | Platinum.                          |
| Arg. n. . . . .     | Argentum nitricum.       | Grat. . . . .      | Gratiola officinalis.                 | Plumb. . . . .    | Plumbum metallicum.                |
| Arn. . . . .        | Arnica montana.          | Hell. . . . .      | Helleborus niger.                     | Pod. . . . .      | Podophyllum peltatum.              |
| Ars. alb. . . . .   | Arsenicum album.         | Hep. . . . .       | Hepar sulfuris calcareum.             | Psor. . . . .     | Psorinum.                          |
| Asaf. . . . .       | Asafoetida.              | Hydras. . . . .    | Hydrastis canadensis.                 | Puls. . . . .     | Anemone pratensis<br>(Pulsatilla). |
| Bapt. . . . .       | Baptisia tinctoria.      | Hyos. . . . .      | Hyoscyamus niger.                     |                   |                                    |
| Bel. . . . .        | Belladonna.              | Ign. . . . .       | Strychnos. ignatia.                   | Ratan. . . . .    | Ratanhia.                          |
| Berb. . . . .       | Berberis vulgaris.       | Iod. . . . .       | Iodum.                                | Rheum . . . . .   | Rheum officinale.                  |
| Bism. . . . .       | Bismuth subnitricum.     | Ipec. . . . .      | Cephalis ipecacuanha.                 | Rhus tox. . . . . | Rhus toxicodendron.                |
| Borax. . . . .      | Borax.                   | Iris. . . . .      | Iris versicolor.                      | Robina. . . . .   | Robinia pseud. acacia.             |
| Bry. . . . .        | Bryonia alba.            | Jatr. . . . .      | Jatropha curcus.                      | Rumex. . . . .    | Rumex crispus.                     |
| Calc. c. . . . .    | Calcarea carbonica.      | Kali b. . . . .    | Kali bichromicum.                     | Ruta. . . . .     | Ruta graveolens.                   |
| Calc. p. . . . .    | Calcarea phosphorica.    | Kali carb. . . . . | Kali carbonicum.                      | Sabad. . . . .    | Sabadilla officinarum.             |
| Camph. . . . .      | Camphora.                | Kreas. . . . .     | Kreasotum.                            | Sang. . . . .     | Sanguinaria canadensis.            |
| Can. ind. . . . .   | Cannabis indica.         | Lach. . . . .      | Trigonocephalus lachesis.             | Secale. . . . .   | Secale cornutum.                   |
| Canth. . . . .      | Cantharis vesicatoria.   | Lauro. . . . .     | Prunus laurocerasus.                  | Sep. . . . .      | Sepia officinalis.                 |
| Caps. . . . .       | Capsicum annum.          | Lept. . . . .      | Leptandra virginica.                  | Sil. . . . .      | Terra silicea.                     |
| Carbo an. . . . .   | Carbo animalis.          | Lil. tig. . . . .  | Lilium tigrinum.                      | Staph. . . . .    | Staphisagria (delphinium)          |
| Carbo v. . . . .    | Carbo vegetabilis.       | Lyc. . . . .       | Lycopodium clavatum.                  | Stram. . . . .    | Datura stramonium.                 |
| Carbol. ac. . . . . | Carbolic acid.           | Mag. c. . . . .    | Magnesia carbonica.                   | Sul. . . . .      | Sulphur.                           |
| Card. m. . . . .    | Carduus marianus.        | Mag. m. . . . .    | Magnesia muriatica.                   | Sul. ac. . . . .  | Sulphuric acid.                    |
| Caust. . . . .      | Causticum.               | Merc. c. . . . .   | Mercurius corrosivus.                 | Tabac. . . . .    | Tabacum.                           |
| Cham. . . . .       | Chamomilla (matricaria). | Merc. s. . . . .   | Mercurius solubilis<br>(Black oxide). | Thuja. . . . .    | Thuja occidentalis.                |
| Chel. . . . .       | Chelidonium majus.       | Mezer. . . . .     | Daphne mezereum.                      | Ver. alb. . . . . | Veratrum album.                    |
| China. . . . .      | Cinchona calisaya.       |                    |                                       | Zinc. . . . .     | Zincum.                            |
| Cina. . . . .       | Flores cinæ.             |                    |                                       |                   |                                    |







PART I.

MATERIA MEDICA AND THERAPEUTICS

OF

Stomach, Appetite, Thirst, Taste, Tongue, Mouth, Teeth,  
Nausea, Vomiting, Eructations and Flatulence.



| Drug.           | 1 | Stomach.                                                                                                                                                                     | 2 | Appetite and Thirst.                                                                                                         | 3 | Taste and Tongue.                                                                                                                             | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-----------------|---|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Abies<br>Nig.   |   | Sensation of a hard-boiled egg in stomach.                                                                                                                                   |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Loss of appetite in morning.                                                                               |   |                                                                                                                                               |   | Weariness. Bone pains. Melancholy; nervous; unable to think; dull during the day, but wakeful at night. Vertigo. Dull headache. Menstruation suppressed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Acon.<br>Nap.   |   | Aching; burning in stomach, extending to mouth, with dryness; as from a stone in pit. Sensitiveness of stomach to touch. Anxious pulsation in pit of stomach, with shooting. |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite lost; loathing of food.<br><b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst at night; for beer during heat; for cold water. |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste bitter.<br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue swollen. Burning vesicles on tip of tongue. Dry and rough feeling in middle of tongue. |   | Anxiety; fear; apprehension; whining; vertigo. Expression of agony, of anxiety, of fright. Urine dark and hot. Sensitiveness of respiratory organs to inspired air. Hoarseness. Cough dry, hoarse and ringing. Stitches in chest on inspiration. Palpitation and anxiety of heart. Pulse contracted, full, strong, febrile, rapid. Restless night. Dreams anxious and waking with a start. One cheek red and hot, the other pale and cold. |
| Æthu.<br>Cyn.   |   | Regurgitation of food an hour or so after it has been taken. Tearing pains in the stomach, extending into the œsophagus.                                                     |   |                                                                                                                              |   |                                                                                                                                               |   | Great anguish and crying, restlessness. Head feels bound up or as if in a vise. Expression of great anxiety and pain. Very cold sensation in whole of upper abdomen. Stool undigested; thin; green; bilious, with violent tenesmus before and after stool.                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Agaric.<br>Mus. |   | Pinching pain; boring; gnawing; fullness; drawing; burning; crawling.                                                                                                        |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Much hunger, but no relish.                                                                                |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste bad; sweet.<br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue coated white. Stitches at tip of tongue, with soreness, burning and dryness.       |   | Redness, burning and itching of ears, as if they had been frozen. Distention and rumbling of abdomen. Soreness; stitches; griping; drawing pain in abdomen. Burning hæmorrhoids. Tearing, pinching, sprained, bruised, aching, drawing, tensive, burning pains in chest. Aching along spine and limbs; stitches; deep-seated burning.                                                                                                      |
| Aloe.<br>Soc.   |   | Pain in pit of stomach when making a false step on stone pavement.                                                                                                           |   |                                                                                                                              |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste metallic, with dry irritative hacking; bitter, nauseous.                                                                 |   | Disinclination to mental labor. Heaviness of eyes, with aching above forehead and nausea. Urging to stool, with passage of urine after eating. Hæmorrhoids; swollen and sore. Weak feeling in abdomen as if diarrhœa would occur.                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Am.<br>Carb.    |   | Pain in stomach at night on pressure; clothes press upon stomach. Overloaded feeling in stomach until three hours after eating; oppression after eating. Burning.            |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite violent, but satiety after eating a little.                                                       |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Sourish and metallic taste to food.                                                                                            |   | Throbbing in forehead as if it would burst. Fullness in forehead and in vertex as if head would burst; as from vapor of coal. Acrid fluid running from nose. Frequent urging to urinate. Involuntary micturition in a boy while asleep. Menses too early. Right arm appeared to weigh a hundred-weight and to be without strength.                                                                                                         |

| 5 Mouth and Teeth.                                                                                                                                | 6 Nausea and Vomiting.                                                                                                        | 7 Eructations and Flatulence.                                                                                                                                    | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                  | <p>The most characteristic indication for Abies in indigestion is the distress as if something were knotted up in the stomach. It has often proved curative in the the dyspepsia resulting from the use of tea and tobacco.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Gums hot. Dryness. Numbness. Salivation. Breath hot.</p> <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Sensitiveness of teeth to open air.</p>                | <p><b>VOMITING.</b>—Vomiting, after each drink; bilious, dark grumous liquid; greenish-gray, watery, green masses, mucus.</p> |                                                                                                                                                                  | <p>Neuralgic toothache. Teething, with hot inflamed gums. The tongue often feels swollen with the fever. Acute glossitis, with dry hot mouth. Aconite is indicated in distress at the stomach, with retching and vomiting (especially of green substances).</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—The buccal cavity is usually very dry. Aphthæ all over the mouth.</p> <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Teeth decayed.</p>                        | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea, at sight of food.</p> <p><b>VOMITING.</b>—Retching and throwing up phlegm.</p>                      |                                                                                                                                                                  | <p>For vomiting of milk (in young children), especially of curdled milk, this remedy is unrivalled. Some very obstinate cases of gastro-intestinal catarrh have been cured by Æthusa. The vomiting or evacuation by the bowels of curds of milk is quite a characteristic indication.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Soreness and dryness of mouth, with dryness of throat and constant spitting. Salivation.</p>                                     |                                                                                                                               | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations empty, tasting of rotten eggs; tasting like apples.</p> <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Emission of much inodorous flatus.</p>          | <p>Neuralgic toothache; aggravated in open air. Neuralgic splinter-like pains in tongue, with salivation. The gastro-enteric symptoms are due to an acute catarrhal inflammation with severe, sharp pains; often with purging or only with great flatulence. The profuse inodorous flatus is often found in the nervous affections; requiring Agaricus. A valuable remedy for irregular, tumultuous palpitation, especially for the irritable heart of tea and coffee drinkers and of tobacco smokers.</p> |
| <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Teeth concave, edges seem sharp and hurt the tongue.</p>                                                                         |                                                                                                                               | <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Distention of abdomen with motion of flatus. Emission of flatus after every meal; on attempting to go to stool, burning and offensive.</p> | <p>There is always great accumulation of flatus, which presses downward and causes distress in the lower bowel.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Stitches in molars on pressing them together. Toothache in evening as soon as she gets into bed. Elongated feeling in teeth.</p> | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea after eating.</p>                                                                                    | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Empty eructations; frequent but suppressed.</p> <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Much flatus in evening.</p>                                         | <p>Patients requiring this drug are generally listless and lethargic.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |



| Drug.         | 1 | Stomach.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 2 | Appetite and Thirst.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 3 | Taste and Tongue.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------|---|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Ant.<br>Crud. |   | Burning in pit of stomach, like heartburn, with good appetite. Pain in stomach as from fullness as after too much eating, with distended but not hard abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |   | <b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst in evening, at night, with dryness of lips.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |   | <b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue coated white.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |   | Aching of head after bathing in the river. Sulky; does not wish to speak. Peevish; vexed without cause. Nostrils chapped and covered with crusts. Frequent micturition, with burning. Voice lost.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Ant.<br>Tart. |   | Cramp in stomach, in pit, in epigastrium; also with tension.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite great for apples, with thirst for cool water.<br><b>THIRST.</b> —No thirst.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |   | <b>TONGUE.</b> —Thick, white, pasty coat of tongue. Motion of tongue painful.                                                                                                                                                                                  |   | Trembling. Face pale and sunken. Pulse rapid, weak and trembling. Whining and crying if touched. Flickering before eyes; aggravated by rising from a seat, with vision as through a veil. Sneezing with fluent coryza. Sensation as if abdomen were full of stones after long sitting at work, though it does not feel hard. Suffocation at 3 a. m., with necessity to sit up; relieved by cough and expectoration. Pock-like eruption, often pustular itching; painful. Vesicles over whole body. |
| Arg.<br>Nit.  |   | Painful swelling of pit of stomach with anxiety. Fullness in pit of stomach. Pain; stinging ulceration in stomach. Gripping in stomach with burning.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Irresistible desire for sugar.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |   | <b>TONGUE.</b> —Red tip of tongue with pain and prominent papillæ. White. Dryness.                                                                                                                                                                             |   | Headache relieved by binding head tightly. Weakness of limbs and trembling. Uvula and fauces dark red, thick tenacious mucus, sensation of a splinter in throat when swallowing. Stool green, scanty, watery with flatulent colic. Anxiety and palpitation of heart.                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Arn.<br>Mont. |   | Spasmodic gripping in stomach. Pinching and pressure in stomach extending through small intestines as a constriction with many movements. Spasmodic contraction moving up and down in stomach, causing general pain, especially in posterior wall of stomach as if pressed against spine.                                                                                                                                                 |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite lost; repugnance to food, to meat and broth.<br><b>THIRST.</b> —Dry mouth with thirst.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste of rotten eggs between meals. Taste putrid, slimy, bitter.<br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue coated white.                                                                                                                                        |   | Sensitiveness of whole body. Bruised pain over whole body. Sullen, morose, and does not speak a word. Stitches under left false ribs when standing, intercepting breathing. Diarrhœa like brown yeast, involuntary at night in sleep.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Ars.<br>Alb.  |   | Burning pain in stomach, in pit and in abdomen aggravated by pressure. Internal chilliness in epigastric region. Anxiety in pit of stomach at night, rising high up. Soreness in pit of stomach when talking, drawing breath or moving about. Weight in stomach after eating as from a stone. Pain in pit of stomach arresting breathing. Drawing pain in pit of stomach in evening, when sitting, extending to lower border of left rib. |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite lost; still he relished the food he ate. Loathing of food, of butter.<br><b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst, but drinking did not refresh him; he drinks much, but little at a time, with dryness of mouth and a peculiar thick white saliva. Constant thirst for cold water, the smallest quantity of which could not be retained. |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste bitter. Taste sweetish, and in throat, putrid taste.<br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue bluish, red and dry; also white. Tongue brown and dry. Tongue coated. Sometimes with red edges, with a streak in middle and redness of tip, brown and dry. |   | Restlessness; unquenchable thirst; weakness; anguish with tossing about the bed. Despairs and weeps. Imagines that he must die. Anxiety. Disposition to suicide. Face swollen, pale, yellow, deathly color. Stools black, acrid putrid. Short anxious breathing. Heart irritable; palpitation. Pulse rapid, weak, irregular. Skin cold and clammy.                                                                                                                                                 |

| 5 Mouth and Teeth.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 6 Nausea and Vomiting.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 7 Eructations and Flatulence.                                                                                                                                                                            | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Rawness of palate when clearing throat, with expectoration of much mucus. Dry mouth.</p> <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Stitches in teeth on inspiration. Aching in a hollow tooth, aggravated at night, and on touching the tooth with the tongue pain as if the nerve were scratched. Gums stand off from teeth and bleed easily.</p>                                      | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea after a glass of wine; with convulsions; with diarrhœa.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <p><b>ERUCTION.</b>—Eructation of a fluid tasting of the ingesta.</p>                                                                                                                                    | <p>Valuable for toothache in hollow teeth extending into head; aggravated by cold water. Tongue thickly coated white; this is a very marked symptom. Especially valuable in the indigestion of children from sweets; associated with very peevish disposition. Loathing of food, nausea, and even vomiting, with white coated tongue. Catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thickly coated white tongue, nausea vomiting, after-taste of the food. After nursing, the child vomits its milk in little white curds and refuses to nurse afterwards.</p> |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea at noon, when his appetite is nearly satisfied at night, with vomiting and frequent stools; after dinner; with pressure in pit of stomach, then aching in forehead. <b>Anxious nausea.</b></p> <p><b>VOMITING.</b>—Vomiting with headache and trembling of hands; with frequent stools, also with weakness, with anguish and constant involuntary watery stools.</p>                                    | <p><b>ERUCTIONS.</b>—Eructations like foul eggs.</p>                                                                                                                                                     | <p>Tongue red and dry in the middle or red in streaks, with great prostration. Continual nausea, with vomiting or efforts to vomit, with perspiration on forehead, great prostration and trembling, usually without thirst, or vomiting of tough, slimy matter, with great thirst and disgust for food.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Gums tender and disposed to bleed. Mucus in mouth and fauces in morning.</p> <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Aching in teeth, aggravated by chewing, eating sour things and putting cold things into mouth, with grumbling and digging, especially in lower teeth.</p>                                                                                                        | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea after each meal, worse during and after dinner, with troublesome efforts to vomit.</p> <p><b>VOMITING.</b>—Retching vomiting with diarrhœa and colic. Vomiting substances which tinge the clothes black.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p><b>ERUCTIONS.</b>—Feeling as if stomach would burst after yawning, with sensation as if œsophagus were spasmodically closed; hence ineffectual effort to eructate, relieved by empty eructations.</p> | <p>Great craving for sweets, well-marked gastritis with enormous distention or free eructations of gas. For the gastritis of drunkards it is unrivaled. Ulceration of stomach, severe cardialgia as from a stone in stomach. Disordered stomachs of children from sweets with distention.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Dry mouth with thirst. Burning scraping in mouth and in œsophagus. Salivation. <b>Breath fetid.</b></p> <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Aching in teeth.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea, with general relaxation, with burning scratching in throat. Empty retching at night.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <p><b>ERUCTIONS.</b>—Eructations bitter and like bad eggs, like rotten eggs.</p> <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Flatulence offensive, smelling like rotten eggs.</p>                                              | <p>Diffuse subacute gastro-enteritis of a low type. Offensive gases passed upward and downward. Serviceable for toothache after filling. Persistent hæmorrhage after drawing teeth. The face of the Arnica patient is usually cold and pale. General soreness, as if bruised.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Gums swollen, bleeding, painful on touch. Painful blisters in mouth and on tongue. Burning in mouth along pharynx and in pit of stomach. Dry feeling in mouth, with thirst, but he drinks a little at a time. Bloody saliva.</p> <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Grinding of teeth in sleep. Looseness and prominence of one tooth in morning, with pain in gum on touch.</p> | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea obliging him to lie down.</p> <p><b>VOMITING.</b>—Vomiting every time after drinking. Vomiting of all nourishment as soon as it touches the stomach. Vomiting of food, thin mucus and green bile. Vomiting brings no relief. Vomiting with apprehensiveness of death. Difficult vomiting of the beverage and of yellow-green mucus and water with bitter taste in mouth which remained a long time.</p> | <p><b>ERUCTIONS.</b>—Eructations unsuccessful.</p>                                                                                                                                                       | <p>Violent gastro-enteritis, even ulceration and various diseases of the stomach, cancerous, etc. Persistent deathly nausea of pregnancy. Chronic catarrh of the stomach. The whole inner portion of the stomach seems raw. Constrictive pain when the stomach is empty. Severe gastralgia brought on by the slightest food or drink; the pain is burning hot and extends up sides and over abdomen. Ulceration of the mouth, with great dryness and burning heat. Gangrenous sore mouth of children.</p>                                                    |



| Drug.        | 1 Stomach.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 2 Appetite and Thirst.                                          | 3 Taste and Tongue.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 4 Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
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| Asafoe.      | Distention of stomach and bowels, with feeling as if peristaltic motions were reversed; with spasmodic working in œsophagus. Perceptible pulsation in pit of stomach. Sensation as if beaten in epigastric region and abdomen, with fullness in former and eructations.             |                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Pressive pain in head from within outward. Hysterical rising, as if a ball or large body ascended from stomach to œsophagus. Spasmodic tightness, as if lungs could not be expanded fully.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Bapt. Tinct. | Pain in epigastric region. Distress all the forenoon.                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite lost.                                | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste flat and bitter.<br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue coated yellow along centre; coated first white with reddish papillæ here and there, then a yellowish brown coat in centre, the edges being red and shining, dry on waking, and feeling burnt.              | Restlessness; does not sleep quietly. Indescribable sick feeling over whole body; weakness, especially of lower limbs. Redness of tonsils and soft palate. Frightful dreams.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Bell.        | Shooting, cutting, in pit of stomach, forcing him to bend backward and hold his breath. Periodical pain in pit of stomach at night with tremor. Hard pressure in stomach; aggravated after eating. Sensitiveness to touch in region of stomach.                                     | <b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst unquenchable for cold water.             | <b>TONGUE.</b> —Deep redness of tongue; of papillæ; with swelling. Dry tongue and dry throat, interfering with speech, and retracted, hanging from the child's mouth, swollen, cracked and difficult to move.                                                              | Irritability and acuteness of sense of taste, smell, touch, sight, hearing. Delirium, with springing out of bed, laughing and constant talking; violent delirium with livid face. Abhorrence of liquids; aching of head with intolerance of light and noise. Stabbing from one temple to the other. Sensitiveness of scalp; even pressure of hair causes pain. Eyes staring, projecting and sparkling. Tenderness of abdomen on pressure. Urine retained, passed by drops. Painful dryness of larynx; hoarseness. Restless sleep, starting and waking on falling asleep. Skin dry, hot and scarlet. Pupils dilated and immovable. |
| Bismu.       | Pressure in stomach after eating; in region of stomach with burning.                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst for cold drinks in evening without heat. | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste nauseous, metallic, sweetish-sour on back of tongue; bitter.<br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue coated white in evening, without heat or thirst.                                                                                                               | Pinching in region of diaphragm, extending transversely through chest when walking. Paralytic tearing in right forearm, especially in bones of wrist. Morose, discontented and complaining about his condition. Sleepiness mornings a few hours after rising, but inability after eating to take his accustomed nap.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Borax.       | Pain in region of stomach after lifting something heavy; the pain goes into small of back, where it becomes sticking, so that she cannot turn without pain the whole night; better in the morning. Distention of stomach after eating, with discomfort, sick feeling and ill humor. |                                                                 | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste bitter if she eats anything or swallows saliva; everything tastes bitter, insipid; lost to food.<br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Aphthæ. Red blisters on tongue as if skin were eroded, with pain on every motion of tongue and on touch of anything salt or sour. | The infant becomes pale and nearly earthy-colored; flesh soft and flabby; cries much, refuses the breast and screams out anxiously in sleep. Anxious expression of face during the downward motion; when laying her down she would start and throw up her hands as if afraid of falling. Stool soft, light yellow, frequent micturition (in an infant), often with cries before the urine passes. Leucorrhœa like the white of an egg. Stitches in right side of chest with every cough and deep inspiration. An infant cries out of sleep and anxiously grasps its mother as if frightened by a dream.                           |

| 5 Mouth and Teeth.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 6 Nausea and Vomiting.                                                     | 7 Eructations and Flatulence.                                                                                                                                            | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
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|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                            | <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Distention of abdomen, with griping and emission of flatus.</p>                                                                                    | <p>Violent gastralgia with distention of abdomen, belching of wind and regurgitation of liquid. Flatulence of hysteria.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Ulcers. Salivation.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                          | <p>The gums and mouth are sore, ulcerated, breath fetid; salivation; ulcerations with red areola. Useful in the sore mouths of nursing infants and of nursing women. Stomatitis of phthisis.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Mouth slimy in morning on waking, with headache. Deep crimson color in mouth from posterior third of palate as far down as could be seen, with enlargement of tonsils. Scraping in mouth and in throat. <b>Dryness of mouth</b> at night with thirst; of lining of cheeks, lips, tongue, which looked burnt, roof of mouth and pharynx. Breath hot.</p> <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Drawing in right upper teeth all night.</p> | <p><b>VOMITING.</b>—Vomiting after eating and drinking.</p>                |                                                                                                                                                                          | <p>Difficult dentition. Stammering. Paralytic weakness of the organs of speech. Inflammation of mouth and throat; all the parts are red, hot, and dry, worse on right side. Vomiting; cannot keep any food in the stomach. Soreness and distention in the region of the stomach. Neuralgia of the stomach of the most violent character, with extreme tenderness. Gastritis, with violent vomiting even of food.</p>                        |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Painful gumboil on outer side of gum, with pain in a hollow tooth and with swelling of cheek and of whole left side of face as far as below eye, where there was an oedematous swelling. <b>Mouth of an infant very hot.</b> Palate (of an infant) wrinkled, and frequent crying when nursing. Aphthæ on inside of cheek, bleeding when eating.</p>                                                                  | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea worse after eating, with pressure in stomach.</p> | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations of wind after drinking water; frequently empty, with discomfort in stomach.</p> <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Frequent passage of flatus.</p> | <p>Gastric catarrh, with terrible gastralgia, the pain extending from the stomach through the body to the spine. Gastric disorders of Bismuth are usually burning, with a feeling of a load or hard lump in stomach. Gastric symptoms relieved by cold drinks. Inflammation of the stomach occurring during the progress of chronic diseases, for instance scirrhus. Cholera infantum, with tongue thickly coated white, vomiting, etc.</p> |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                            | <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Flatulent after every meal.</p>                                                                                                                    | <p>Aphthous, sore mouth; the ulcers bleed on eating or on touch; mouth very tender in nursing children; hot, with thirst and vomiting.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |



| Drug.          | 1 | Stomach. -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 2 | Appetite and Thirst.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 3 | Taste and Tongue.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
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| Bry.<br>Alb.   |   | Sensation as if a stone lay in stomach after eating, making him fretful, with pain in epigastric region on touch. Distention of stomach with sensitiveness to pressure. Swollen feeling in pit of stomach. Cutting in pit of stomach. Pain in stomach while eating. Soreness in pit of stomach when coughing. Pain in epigastric region on pressure, with anxiety. |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Ravenous hunger. Desire for acids. Desires things immediately, but when offered does not wish them. Appetite lost for milk, but if he takes it he begins to relish it.<br><br><b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst excessive; she must drink much at once and the drink does not distress her; with necessity to drink much cold water; with internal but not external heat. Longing for coffee. Desire for wine. |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste bitter, relieved by frequent drinking of cold water, with nausea. Offensive taste after drinking beer. Nauseous taste in morning, pasty in forenoon; on posterior part of palate after dinner; sweetish, flat. Taste lost for food; better when not eating.<br><br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue coated white. Aphthæ on tip of tongue. Dryness of tongue, relieved for a moment by drinking, then worse, so that tongue sticks to palate. |   | Fainting on rising from bed. Delirious. Anxiety. Apprehension for the future. Ill humor. Weakness of mind, so that ideas disappear. Headache, beginning in morning on first opening and moving eyes. Vertigo in morning on rising. Face red-hot. Obstinate constipation. Stools dry and difficult. Urine red, almost brown. Stitches in right side so that he must hold his breath in order not to cry out. Stitches in sternum on coughing, with necessity to hold the chest with the hand. Stitches in side on which he does not lie. Hot swelling of the instep, with bruised pain on stretching foot. Sour sweat after slight exertion. |
| Calc.<br>Carb. |   | Swelling of epigastric region. Pain in epigastric region on touch. Pressure in pit of stomach as if a lump were in it, after a moderate supper, transversely across. Warm streaming of blood from pit of stomach into head. Burning in stomach, extending into throat, after every meal.                                                                           |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Ravenous hunger in morning. Loss of appetite, but when he began to eat he relished food.<br><br><b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste offensive; sour.<br><br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue coated white. Pain beneath tongue when swallowing; on left side, behind hyoid bone. Burning pain in tip of tongue, as from soreness; aggravation from taking anything warm into mouth.                                                                                                                                                                                               |   | Anxiety, with palpitation. Vertigo on suddenly turning head. Rush of blood to head with heat in it. Swelling of inguinal glands. Stool undigested. Leucorrhœa like milk. Menstruation too early. Painless hoarseness. Cough at night, with sweetish, mucous expectoration. Respiration short on going up slightest ascent. Sore pain in chest. Sensitiveness to touch and on inspiration. Swelling of knees. Sweat mornings and during the day on slightest exertion.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Calc.<br>Phos. |   | Burning and waterbrash in epigastrium after belching. Expanded feeling in stomach. Sinking sensation in epigastrium.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Unusual hunger at 4 p. m.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste bitter in morning, with headache.<br><br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Tip of tongue sore, with burning; little blisters.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |   | Crawling over top of head, as if ice were lying on upper part of occiput. Rheumatic pain in neck after draught of air, with stiffness and dullness in head.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Camph.         |   | Pain in pit of stomach or anterior part of liver.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Increased taste to all food.<br><br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue cold; speech feeble, broken, hoarse.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |   | Restlessness. Face pale and anxious. Anxiety of heart. Coldness of extremities. Sexual desire increased.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Can.<br>Ind.   |   | Pain at cardiac orifice of stomach. Swollen feeling in stomach when eating, with oppression of chest, as if he would suffocate, forcing him to loosen his clothes.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite increased. All food is extremely palatable.<br><br><b>THIRST.</b> —Dryness of throat, with thirst for cold water. Mouth and lips dry without thirst.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |   | <b>TONGUE.</b> —Stammering and stuttering.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |   | Imagines that he hears music, shuts his eyes and is lost in delicious thought. Exaltation of spirits. Fear that he should become insane. Frequent involuntary shaking of head. Letters run together when reading.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Canth.         |   | Acute pain in region of stomach and bladder, with such sensibility that pressure caused convulsions. Thirst, with burning pain in throat and stomach.                                                                                                                                                                                                              |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite diminished; disgust for food.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |   | <b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue swollen and coated, red at edges. Painful blister along centre of tongue. Part of tongue and back of mouth excoriated, part covered with blisters. Mucous membrane of tongue red and covered with blisters.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |   | Pain in bladder with frequent urging; intolerable tenesmus. Burning, cutting in neck of bladder. Constant urging, micturition painful, in drops; cutting in urethra before, during and after micturition. Bloody urine. Stool consisting of blood and mucus.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

| 5 Mouth and Teeth.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 6 Nausea and Vomiting.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 7 Eructations and Flatulence.                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
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| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Gums pain as if sore and raw, with painful, loose teeth. Soapy, frothy salivation.</p> <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Tearing, sticking in teeth on eating, extending into muscles of neck, aggravation from warmth. Aching of teeth on taking anything warm into mouth. Tearing in teeth about 3 a. m. as if an exposed nerve were painning from cold air; worse lying on painless side; better by lying on painful cheek; relieved momentarily by cold water. Jerking in teeth in evening, in bed, now in upper, now in lower back teeth.</p> | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea in morning on waking, with vomiting; worse on slightest motion.</p> <p><b>VOMITING.</b>—Vomiting incessant of solid food, but not of drinks.</p>                                                                                                                                                             | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations after eating; bitter; sourish. Hiccough after eating and on every shock caused by it; pressure in forehead as if the brain shook from behind forward.</p> <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Offensive flatus.</p> | <p>Extremely valuable remedy for catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thirst, white coated tongue, nausea and vomiting; aggravation from warm drinks, which are vomited. Feeling of a hard lump, which makes the stomach sore. Gastric derangements which often occur in persons who have been in the habit of taking mercury; the attacks frequently preceded by great hunger and apparently caused by overeating. Gastric derangements with great sensitiveness of epigastrium to touch, and vomiting of food. Dryness of lips, mouth and throat. Tongue heavily coated white in gastric derangements.</p> |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Offensive smell from mouth. Gums swollen and bleeding.</p> <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Inclination to gnash teeth as in a chill, aggravation from entrance of cold air. Toothache when cold air or drinks enter the mouth. Toothache after menstruating.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea in morning fasting, with shuddering; in pit of stomach; with blackness before eyes so that he must sit down. Nausea caused by milk; when he had eaten almost enough, amelioration if he once ceased eating, with flow of sour water into mouth.</p> <p><b>VOMITING.</b>—Vomiting of sour water at night.</p> | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations tasting of food. Eructations of tasteless fluid in evening.</p> <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Distention and hardness of abdomen, with intolerance of tight clothing.</p>                                     | <p>Delayed dentition. Toothache in pregnant women, excited by cold or a draught of air. Epulis above upper incisors. Chronic dyspepsia; repugnance to not warm food; thirst; bloated abdomen. Ravenous hunger and great thirst; particularly longing for eggs and for indigestible things; chalk, coal, etc. Acid fermentation in stomach; everything turns sour; sour risings. Tendency to flatulence, distention of abdomen and stomach. Generally indicated in persons of a fair complexion, very sluggish and inclined to be fat.</p>                                                                           |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Salivation, at times slimy and tenacious.</p> <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Teeth seem too long, with toothache which seemed to originate from the swelling of sub-maxillary gland.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Fetid flatus.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <p>Dyspepsia after eating; thirst; pain in stomach, relieved for a short time by raising wind; when fasting the pain goes to the spine; feeling as if one ought to raise flatus and could not. Dyspepsia with indescribable distress in region of stomach, only temporarily relieved by eating. Desire for indigestible things like ham, smoked meat, etc.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Mouth and lips dry. Saliva white, thick, frothy and sticky.</p> <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Sub-lingual glands swollen. Back of mouth excoriated and covered with blisters.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations after eating.</p> <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations frothy and sour, of frothy, sour mucus, tinged bright red.</p>                                                                                   | <p>Tongue cold; mouth cold; breath cold. Vomiting with cold sweat, great exhaustion.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |



| Drug.          | 1 | Stomach.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 2 | Appetite and Thirst.                                                                 | 3 | Taste and Tongue.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
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| Carbo.<br>Veg. |   | Contractive pain in stomach at night, extending into chest, with distention of abdomen; paroxysmal; arresting breath; obliging her to bend double; worse when lying. Gripping in pit of stomach, as from flatulence. Pain in pit of stomach, with sensitiveness to touch. Stomach distressed by the simplest food. Contractive sensation beneath stomach. Tension, oppression and fullness of stomach. Sensitiveness of epigastric region. Acidity of stomach when lying on back, and when walking, with burning. |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Aversion to meat, to fat meat; to milk, which makes her flatulent. |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste bitter, before and after eating; bitter on palate, with dryness of tongue.<br><br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue coated white. Yellowish-brown mucous coat of tongue. Sensitiveness of tongue, with rawness. Heat, with rawness and dryness of tip of tongue. |   | The hat pressed upon the head like a heavy weight, and the sensation continued even after taking it off, as if the head were bound up with a cloth. Vision of black, floating spots. Bleeding of nose several times daily, preceded and accompanied by pallor of face. Roughness, with deep, rough voice, which failed if he exerted it, but without pain in throat. Burning in chest, as from glowing coals.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Caust.         |   | Pinching in pit of stomach on deep breathing. Pressure in pit of stomach; relieved by lying down. Sensation in stomach, as if disordered.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |   |                                                                                      |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste fatty.<br><br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Painful vesicles on tip of tongue. Tongue scarlet; papillæ swollen; arch of palate and uvula swollen and dark red.                                                                                                      |   | Inability to lie still a moment at night. Peevish. Feeling of sand in eyes. Dryness and photophobia. Involuntary closure of eyelids. Heaviness of upper eyelid as if he could not raise it easily. Re-echoing in ears of her own words and steps. Tension and pain in jaws, so that they were difficult to open; with difficulty in eating because a tooth seemed too long. Mucus in throat which he cannot loosen by hawking, but is obliged to swallow it. Muscles of larynx do not perform their function, and inability to speak a loud word, with scraping in the throat. Cough, with a sore streak down trachea, where it pains with every paroxysm. |
| Chel.<br>Maj.  |   | Sticking in pit of stomach, extending through body to back. Anxiety; oppression in stomach.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite diminished.                                               |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste bitter, relieved when eating and drinking. Pasty.<br><br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue coated yellow, with red margin, showing imprint of teeth; yellow; white; slimy; dryness.                                                                              |   | Dirty yellow color of whites of eyes. Face yellow, worse on the nose and cheeks; the usual redness of the cheeks has a mixture of dark yellow. Pain in right scapula; in hepatic region. Constriction transversely across umbilical region, as by a string. Stool bright yellow, pasty. Urine dark yellow; turbid when passed; dark brownish-red, like brown beer; sticking pain beneath right scapula.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

| 5 Mouth and Teeth.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 6 Nausea and Vomiting.                                    | 7 Eructations and Flatulence.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
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| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Bleeding of gums after sucking. When sucking the gum, pure blood flows into mouth, at the same hour several forenoons. Gums retracted from incisors. Gums loosened from teeth and sensitive. Gums sensitive when chewing.</p> <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Bleeding of teeth when cleaned.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea in morning without vomiting.</p> | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations after eating and drinking; violent, almost constant.</p> <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Distention of abdomen after dinner, with rumblings, by flatus. Flatulence and distention of abdomen from things which usually digested easily. <b>Offensive flatus</b> and at last moist flatus with dragging towards sacrum and thence towards abdomen. Tension in abdomen in afternoon from accumulated flatus, but it passed copiously and easily. Accumulation of flatus in left upper abdomen, more towards back, with pinching here and there under short ribs, in hypogastrium.</p> | <p>Spongy conditions of gums, which retract and bleed easily, with tendency to nose bleed; fainting fits. Teeth decay rapidly. Tongue dry and black in late stage of typhoid fever. Offensive odor from mouth, in persons who are debilitated, or during fevers. Flatulent dyspepsia, with sour eructations; stomach swollen like a drum; the distress comes on half an hour or an hour after eating; every sort of food disagrees. Acid dyspepsia with heartburn, coldness of the surface of the body; feeble pulse, etc. Gastralgia of nursing women, with excessive flatulence, sour and rancid belching, vomiting food. Sensitiveness in the stomach with burning, extending to the small of the back, with excessive distention by gas. Colic, aggravated by riding in the cars or carriage, relieved by emission of flatus.</p> |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Epidermal coating of mouth, and fauces abraded; in morning, but partly hanging in large pieces; the mucous membrane itself swollen and loose. Sensation of glowing coals in mouth and fauces, with constant pressure to swallow and hawk, which increased the pain; discharge of much saliva and mucus.</p> <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Painful looseness of incisors; stitches; on biting on them; in upper back, extending upward; in lower back, extending downward. Tearing in diseased roots in both rows, extending into zygoma, with bruised pain in both right jaws on pressure and on chewing. Boring in a lower molar, extending to nose and eyes. Prickling; digging in lower back teeth, extending to ear.</p> |                                                           | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations of air; hot in afternoon and evening. Eructations, as when undigested food remains in stomach.</p> <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Loud flatulence all the afternoon; offensive.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <p>Violent toothache from taking cold, even in sound teeth from cold air. Painful looseness and elongation of teeth. Gums bleed easily, and are swollen. Dental fistula. Acid dyspepsia; sour vomiting and sour eructations. Gastralgia, colic and distention of abdomen.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Salivation; collection of bitter water, obliging constant expectoration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                           | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations tasting of juniper berries.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <p>Disturbances of digestion and of the function of the liver; the tongue is yellow, and shows the print of the teeth around the margins. There are frequently bad taste, bad odor in the mouth and accumulation of tough mucus. Generally the gastric disturbances are relieved temporarily by eating; prefers hot drinks and hot food. Gastric catarrh, with nausea; thickly coated tongue, etc. Violent pain in region of stomach, goes through to back and right shoulder blade or over towards the liver.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |



| Drug.   | 1 | Stomach.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 2 | Appetite and Thirst.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 3 | Taste and Tongue.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
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| China.  |   | Soreness in pit of stomach mornings, with pain as from pressure on a sore place, after eating a little. Fullness in stomach after eating; as full for a long time after a meal as when he had just eaten; the food seems to stick high up. Stomach disordered by milk. Emptiness in stomach, with nausea. |   | <p><b>APPETITE.</b>—Appetite increased for various things, but does not know exactly what; hunger, but want of appetite. Food tastes natural, yet is disagreeable in mouth; indifference to eating and drinking; only while eating appetite and natural taste for food returns.</p> <p><b>THIRST.</b>—Thirst in evening after fever; with hunger; then, after eating, coldness and rumbling in abdomen; after shivering through skin; after chill; during sweat on back and forehead. Aversion to coffee.</p> |   | <p><b>TASTE.</b>—Taste bitter, even to tobacco smoke; to everything; amelioration after eating; to bread on swallowing, although it tasted good while chewing. Slimy taste, which disgusts him with butter; sour; flat; qualmish.</p> <p><b>TONGUE.</b>—Tongue yellow; dirty white crust; painful swelling posteriorly on side; burning stitches; dryness.</p> |   | Sensitiveness of all nerves, with general weakness; aching in head as if skull would burst; brain beats in waves against skull. Ringing in ears. Diarrhoea of undigested feces. Cough caused by laughing; tensive pain in sacrum as from a heavy load, or after long stooping. Sensation in legs as if garters were too tight and leg would go to sleep and be numb. Sweat in sleep; general as soon as he is covered, except where he lies upon cheek.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Cina.   |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |   | <p><b>APPETITE.</b>—Great hunger soon after a meal; desires many and different things.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |   | Cannot be quieted by any persuasions; proof against all caresses. Sickly look with pallor of face. The child bores into the nose until the blood comes. Face pale and cold, white and bluish about the mouth.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Coccul. |   | Gripping, pinching, constrictive pain in stomach. Pain beneath stomach after eating. Sensation as if a worm were moving in stomach.                                                                                                                                                                       |   | <p><b>APPETITE.</b>—Aversion to food; even the smell of food causes it; but hunger.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |   | <p><b>TASTE.</b>—Metallic taste, with loss of appetite; metallic at root of tongue. Bitter taste at root of tongue.</p> <p><b>TONGUE.</b>—Tongue coated white and dry at edges. Tongue dry with a yellowish coat, without thirst.</p>                                                                                                                          |   | Aching in head with nausea. Confusion aggravated by eating and drinking. Vertigo on rising up in bed with nausea compelling him to lie down as from intoxication with dullness in forehead as if a board were across forehead. Gripping in upper epigastrium, taking away the breath. Painful inclination to inguinal hernia. Menstruation too early with distention of abdomen and cutting—contracting pain in abdomen on every motion and every breath. Feet and hands alternately asleep. Trembling of hands when eating. Knees threaten to sink from weakness; he totters when walking and threatens to fall to one side. |
| Colchi. |   | Burning in epigastrium, in stomach, with pain. Coldness in stomach.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |   | <p><b>APPETITE.</b>—Great appetite; appetite for different things, but as soon as he sees them or, still more, smells them, he shudders from nausea and cannot eat.</p> <p><b>THIRST.</b>—Thirst unquenchable.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |   | Exhaustion. Tenesmus with only a little feces at first, then transparent bilious membranous mucus with relief of colic. Stool contained many white shreds. Paralytic pain in arm so that he cannot hold the lightest thing firmly.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

| 5 Mouth and Teeth.                                                                                                                                                                                             | 6 Nausea and Vomiting.                                                                                                                                                                              | 7 Eructations and Flatulence.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
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| <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Looseness of teeth and pain on chewing. Jerking, tearing, in left upper back teeth. Digging in upper back teeth, aggravated for a moment by biting teeth together and pressing upon them.</p> | <p><b>VOMITING.</b>—Vomiting of mucus only; of food; then general chill; then heat with great thirst.</p>                                                                                           | <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b> — Distention of abdomen after eating; after a moderate supper; with griping and here and there sharp pains, as from flatulent food and much drink. <b>Fermentation in abdomen, from fruit.</b> Rumbling in abdomen between 6 and 10 p. m., with movement of flatus and aching; then emission of flatus; offensive. Griping in abdomen, with pain on passage of flatus. Colic before stool; before passage of flatus; with thirst.</p> | <p>Neuralgic toothache; amelioration from clinching teeth tightly, yet aggravated by slightly touching teeth; in anæmic persons. Chronic salivation the effect of mercurial poisoning. Dyspepsia; constant satiety, with coldness in stomach; craving for pungent spices and sour things and stimulants; digestion extremely slow; after eating he feels full, drowsy; taste of the food rises with dyspnœa. Dyspepsia, with painful pressure and distention in region of stomach, after eating and drinking a little. Appetite entirely lost, and after eating a little, loud belching and inability to work. Acid dyspepsia; heartburn, even after milk; constant satiety; no relief from belching gas. Hæmorrhage from the stomach, with great sensitiveness of the stomach and great prostration.</p> |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea in morning so that she can scarcely rise; in afternoon after every drink, mostly in mouth; when riding in a wagon, if he became cold or took cold, causing salivation.</p> | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations bitter, putrid, empty, incomplete, ineffectual, instead of which there is hiccough.</p> <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b> — Distention of abdomen by flatulence, awaking about midnight, causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief; new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other.</p>                                                                | <p>Nausea and vomiting from riding in the cars. Extreme aversion to food, with persistent, slightly qualmish, bitter taste; metallic taste; putrid taste. Nausea, associated with vertigo, aggravated by taking anything into the stomach. Nausea and vomiting of pregnancy. Flatulent colic, only slightly ameliorated by evacuating gas, attacks come at night; associated with feeling of emptiness; nausea; vertigo. Gastralgia from suppression of menses. Excessive flatulent distention of abdomen, with dysmenorrhœa. Flatulent colic in pregnancy.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <p><b>VOMITING.</b>— Vomiting, with watery diarrhœa. Violent vomiting unless he bent himself up and lay still.</p>                                                                                  | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations with burning in stomach.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <p>Craving for various things, but when they are brought to him, especially if he smells them, he is seized with extreme aversion, and becomes nauseated, and may even vomit. Violent attacks of gastralgia, with retching and vomiting of food and bile from the repression of gout.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |



| Drug.           | 1 | Stomach.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 2 | Appetite and Thirst.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 3 | Taste and Tongue.                                                                                                                                                        | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
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| Colocy.         |   | Gripping in epigastric region after every meal, worse towards evening. Gripping in epigastric region with movements, then soft stool. Pinching in pit of stomach preventing sleep, with constriction of stomach, and sensitiveness of stomach, so that it could bear no covering. Intermittent compression in epigastrium, changing to pinching, with confusion of sineiput. Cramp in stomach at night relieved by eructations. Full feeling in epigastric region. |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Canine hunger.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste bitter.<br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Burning on anterior surface of tongue; on tip; scalded sensation.                                                        |   | Distention, and pain of abdomen. Pinching in abdomen, as if bowels were pressed inward; amelioration from pressure, and bending inward, with cutting extending towards pubic region, so severe below navel so that facial muscles were distorted and eyes drawn together as if squeezed between stones. Fluid stool after eating, frequent urging to urinate. |
| Crotal.<br>Hor. |   | Pain in pit of stomach, intolerance of clothing in epigastric region and beneath hypochondria.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |   | <b>THIRST.</b> —Unquenchable thirst.                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |   | <b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue swollen, red and sore.                                                                                                                            |   | Bleeding from all orifices suddenly, from eyes, ears, nose, gums and beneath nails; swelling of whole body. Tired by slight exertion. Eyes yellow. Yellow color of whole body.                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Cupr.<br>Met.   |   | Cramps and pains in stomach and in bowels. Gripping and pressure in stomach, then vomiting. Pressure in stomach, with intermittent contractive pains.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite lost.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |   |                                                                                                                                                                          |   | Abdomen tense, hot and tender, to touch. Spasmodic motions of abdominal muscles. Cough with interrupted, almost suppressed, respiration. Cramps in lower extremities, worse in calves of legs.                                                                                                                                                                |
| Cycla.          |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite diminished; lost for breakfast and supper; at these times satiety as soon as he begins to eat. Aversion to bread and butter.<br><b>THIRST.</b> —No thirst all day, but it occurs in evening, as face and hands become warm. |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Saliva has a salt taste, which is communicated to all he takes; salt taste to food. Salivation, with pasty taste. Taste flat to food, and almost wanting. |   | Aching of head in morning on rising with flickering before eyes. Vision dim. Menses profuse, black and clotted; too early.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Diosc.<br>Vill. |   | Cramping pain in pit of stomach; then eructations of wind; then hiccough and emission of flatus. Sharp pain in epigastrium; in stomach at 7 a. m. Distress in stomach in morning with burning; relieved by empty eructations; had to unfasten the clothes.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |   |                                                                                                                                                                          |   | Distress in umbilical and hypogastric regions, with intermittent cutting in stomach and small intestines. Seminal emissions in sleep.                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Fer-<br>rum.    |   | Cramp-like pain in stomach after every meal; oppression whenever she eats.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite great; in evening; diminished; especially for meat; can eat only bread and butter. Meat disagrees with him. <b>Anorexia</b> ; dislike for all food. <b>Anorexia</b> without bad taste or thirst; always feels full.         |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste dry to all solid food, as if it contained neither juice nor strength.                                                                               |   | Hammering and beating in head, so that she must lie down. Watery stool with flatulence, and frequent; more frequent after taking food or water. <b>Dyspnoea</b> and oppression of chest as from pressure of a hand.                                                                                                                                           |

## 5 Mouth and Teeth.

## 6 Nausea and Vomiting.

## 7 Eructations and Flatulence.

## Clinical.

**NAUSEA.**—Nausea with rising from the stomach.

**VOMITING.**—Vomiting a bitter, yellow, serous fluid.

**ERUCTATIONS.**—Eructations violent, empty.

**FLATULENCE.**—Discharge of flatus; offensive after dinner, relieved after stool, with movements in hypogastrium. Incarcerated flatus. Flatulence, with tension of abdomen.

Colic of the most violent character, aggravated by hard pressure, sometimes with nausea and vomiting; sometimes with diarrhœa; sometimes with discharge of great quantities of gas; pains often extend into chest and pelvis. Colic from suppressed perspiration, as from drinking ice water when heated, or it may be brought on by fits of anger; the patient always doubles up with the colic.

**MOUTH.**—Gums bleed; white.

**VOMITING.**—Violent vomiting of food, stomach unable to retain anything.

Bilious vomiting; inability to lie on right side, with dark green vomiting. Vomiting of blood with ulceration of stomach. Gastritis in chronic alcoholism, with constant nausea and vomiting. Atonic dyspepsia, with continual throbbing; occipital headache and trembling; fluttering feeling below the epigastrium towards the umbilicus; tongue very red and small; feels swollen.

**VOMITING.**—Ineffectual retching with constriction of œsophagus and across chest in direction of diaphragm. Vomiting with burning nausea rising to throat, relieved by drinking cold water. Frequent vomiting after drinking. Violent sudden vomiting of water, with copious greenish diarrhœa and colic.

Obstinate vomiting; always on waking in morning, on slightest movement. Cramp in the region of the stomach and abdomen, or very violent cutting pain going through to back, as if transfixed, and preventing the slightest motion.

**NAUSEA.**—Nausea after dinner and supper, with uneasiness and qualmishness in epigastric region, as after eating too much fat; in throat and palate on eating a little.

**ERUCTATIONS.**—Eructations with oppression of stomach after eating, or hiccough—like eructations.

General aggravation from fat food.

**MOUTH.**—Dryness of mouth in morning. Mouth clammy with bitter taste.

**ERUCTATIONS.**—Eructations of sour, bitter wind, relieving pain in epigastrium.

**FLATULENCE.**—Rumbling in abdomen, with emission of much flatus; offensive.

Dyspepsia of a flatulent character resulting from tea. Flatulent dyspepsia, with belching of large quantities of offensive gas, partially relieving the pain in stomach and abdomen. Neuralgia of the stomach most severe; pain even along sternum, and extending into both arms, with cold, clammy sweat.

**VOMITING.**—Vomiting of food after midnight, then aversion to food and dread of open air. Vomiting of food, immediately after eating.

**ERUCTATIONS.**—Eructations constant as soon as she eats; of food after eating, without nausea.

Ravenous hunger, but the appetite sometimes vanishes, and there is absolute disgust for food; the attempt to eat brings on diarrhœa; sinking in stomach.



| Drug.      | 1 Stomach.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 2 Appetite and Thirst.                                                                                                                                                                         | 3 Taste and Tongue.                                                                                                                                                     | 4 Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
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| Graph.     | Constrictive pain in stomach. Pain all day in stomach, relieved by lying and warmth of bed, returning on rising. Pain in pit of stomach all forenoon relieved by eructations; with necessity to vomit. Insipid and spoiled sensation in stomach, with good appetite.                                                                                                                               | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Sweet things are disgusting and nauseous. Aversion to animal food when thinking of it, to salt food.                                                                         | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste bitter with sour eructations.<br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Burning blisters on lower side of tongue and tip. Whitish, painful ulcer on under side of tongue. | Weakness of whole body. Sadness, with thoughts of nothing but death, despondency. Scales on scalp, causing itching and becoming a scurf; falling of hair. Inflammation of margins of lids. Soreness on blowing nose. Smell acute. Lips and nostrils sore and cracked. Smarting, sore pains of anus on wiping. Urine becomes turbid and deposits a white sediment. Leucorrhœa profuse of white mucus. Menstruation delayed. Skin hard and cracked on hands.       |
| Hep. Sul.  | Pain in stomach after eating a little; when walking as if it hung loose. Gnawing in stomach as if from acids rising into throat. Tension across pit of stomach; he must loosen his clothes and cannot sit.                                                                                                                                                                                         | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite for only sour, pungent things. Appetite for something at times and when he gets it he does not like it. Disgust for everything, especially fat. Desire for vinegar. | <b>TASTE.</b> —Bitter taste in back of throat with natural taste to food.                                                                                               | Sensitiveness to open air. Pain in one-half of brain, as from a nail or plug. Sticking in throat, as from a splinter, on swallowing, extending towards ear on yawning. Micturition impeded; he must wait and then urine flows slowly. Paroxysmal cough if slightest portion of body becomes cold, with sensitiveness of nervous system. Dyspnœa. Unhealthy skin; slight injuries suppurate. Constant offensive exhalations from body. Sweat on slightest motion. |
| Ignatia.   | Feeling of flabbiness of stomach. Stomach and intestines hang down, relaxed. Peculiar weakness in pit of stomach and epigastric region. Sensation of fasting, with physical exhaustion. Distention of hypochondria worse in sides, pit of stomach and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. Intermittent pain in region of spleen and pit of stomach. | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite lost. Aversion to tobacco smoking.<br><b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst with chill.                                                                                            | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste sour, saliva has a sour taste; bitter, then sour, with sour eructations.                                                                           | Sensitiveness, delicate conscientiousness. Inconstant, impatient, ir- resolute, changeable mood, anger at slight blame or contradiction, and this makes him angry with himself. Sticking in throat when not swallowing; the more he swallows the more it disappears, entirely relieved by swallowing anything solid. Prolapsus of rectum from moderate exertion of stool. Jerkings in extremities on falling asleep.                                             |
| Ipecac.    | Feeling as if stomach hung down; relaxed and appetite lost. Pinching in the hypochondria and region of pit of stomach.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                         | Rattling in bronchi during respiration. Suffocative cough, whereby the child becomes stiff and blue in the face. Cough, causing inclination to vomit, without nausea. Dyspnœa, with wheezing and weight and anxiety about præcordia. Stool frequent, of greenish mucus.                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Iris. Ver. | Burning distress in epigastric region.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                         | Burning in anus after stool frequent; watery.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

| 5 Mouth and Teeth.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 6 Nausea and Vomiting.                                                                                                                                 | 7 Eructations and Flatulence.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
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| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Saliva runs from mouth in morning on stooping; spitting much saliva.</p> <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Aching in teeth, worse at night, with heat in face; drawing pain.</p>                                                        | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea in morning during menstruation, with weakness and trembling during the day.</p> <p><b>VOMITING.</b>—Vomiting of all food.</p> | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Many eructations tasting of food; ineffectual.</p> <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Distention of abdomen as from incarceration of flatus; intolerance of anything tight about hypochondria. Gripping in abdomen always before emission of flatus.</p> | <p>Gastralgia relieved by eating, but the colic lower down in the abdomen comes on immediately after eating; worse below umbilicus. Indigestion, with feeling of rancidity and heartburn. Complaints from fat food. Gastralgia coming on some hours after eating; relieved by warm milk; aggravated by cold drinks. Chronic gastric catarrh.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—White, aphthous pustules on inside of lips and cheeks, and on tongue. Offensive odor from mouth.</p> <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Aching in all teeth after cold drinks or opening mouth; aggravated on biting teeth together.</p> | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea in morning.</p> <p><b>VOMITING.</b>—Vomiting of bile in morning, after long, violent retching.</p>                            | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations after eating; frequent; without odor or taste.</p>                                                                                                                                                                              | <p>Dyspepsia, following the abuse of mercury or quinine, indicated by the longing for highly seasoned food or for acids.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Easily bites inside of cheek, near orifice of salivary duct, when chewing. Sticking in palate, extending to inner ear. Mouth constantly full of mucus; salivation.</p>                                                 | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea from smoking.</p>                                                                                                             | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations of bitter fluid; of food. Hiccough from tobacco smoking. Hiccough after eating and drinking.</p> <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Unsatisfactory, abrupt, offensive flatus, not without exertion of abdominal muscles.</p>                 | <p>Indigestion, with aversion to the ordinary diet and longing for a great variety of indigestible articles. Regurgitation of food, hiccough, empty retching, weak, empty feeling; has to eat at night even; especially attended with sighing; gastric symptoms, generally ameliorated after eating. Gastralgia, aggravated by pressure. Excessive flatulence, especially in hysterical subjects.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Salivation; and obliged to swallow constantly.</p>                                                                                                                                                                     | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea, with empty eructations and salivation; distressing nausea.</p> <p><b>VOMITING.</b>—Vomiting of everything swallowed.</p>     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <p>The gastric symptoms are generally indicated by persistent nausea and aversion to all food. Vomiting is generally free, consisting largely of mucus, sometimes of blood. Nausea and vomiting are more frequently the result of nervous irritability than of inflammation of the stomach, so that the drug has often relieved the distressing symptoms of pregnancy. Gastric catarrh from injudicious eating or drinking, with white-coated tongue, or sometimes with perfectly clean tongue. Obstinate vomiting of blood; extremities cold, countenance hippocratic, pulse feeble, the ejecta sometimes black, tar-like.</p> |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Mouth and tongue feel scalded. Profuse saliva, ropy; drops from mouth during conversation.</p>                                                                                                                         | <p><b>VOMITING.</b>—Vomiting of sour fluid.</p>                                                                                                        | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Frequent, empty eructations.</p> <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Pain in abdomen relieved by discharge of flatus in evening and night; better by bending forward.</p>                                                                                 | <p>Nausea and vomiting of pregnancy, with tenderness over the stomach and profuse ropy saliva. Dyspepsia, with severe burning distress in the stomach, vomiting of food, headache, etc. Flatulent colic with constipation, especially in children. Bilious colic, almost incessant vomiting of extremely acrid substance, with soreness over the liver.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |



| Drug.          | 1 Stomach.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 2 Appetite and Thirst.                                                                                                                             | 3 Taste and Tongue.                                                                                                                                                            | 4 Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
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| Kali.<br>Bich. | Indigestion; stomach disordered by meat. Heartburn in evening, after supper; on waking in middle of night; after dinner. Burning pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after dinner, with salivation extending into throat; into mouth; soreness on waking.                                                                                                                                                                        | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite lost.<br><b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst for acids, longing for beer.                                                            | <b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue smooth, red and cracked; red and dry. Papillæ very long on dorsum of tongue with a brown patch. Tongue yellow, whitish-yellow. Painful ulcer on tongue. | Septum of nose ulcerated away. Dryness in nose, with pain in root. Plugs form in nose. On right side of root of uvula an excavated sore with reddish areola, containing yellow tenacious matter. Stool of brown, frothy water. Hoarseness and rough voice. Cough, with expectoration of mucus as tough as pitch and which could be drawn out in strings.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Kali.<br>Carb. | Feeling in stomach as if cut to pieces in morning, with external sensitiveness of epigastric region. Feeling as if stomach were full of water. Heaviness in stomach after eating. Swollen feeling in epigastric region. Uneasiness starting from pit of stomach then eructations of food and acids. Throbbing in epigastric region with sensitiveness to touch. Burning acidity rising from stomach with spasmodic constriction. |                                                                                                                                                    | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste bad and mouth slimy.<br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Painful pimple on tip of tongue; soreness. Burning on tip of tongue as if raw or covered with blisters.           | Inclined to take cold from every draught of air. Dread of open air. Swelling between brows and lids, like a sac. Sticking in pharynx, as from a fish-bone. Mucus in throat; worse in morning; only loosened by much hawking; tenacious; swallowing difficult. Distention of abdomen after eating a little. Cough as early as 3 a. m. Sticking in left chest on deep breathing; in right on inspiration. Sleepless after 1 or 2 a. m. Pains recur at 2 or 3 a. m.                                                                                                     |
| Kreas.         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                    | <b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue coated white.                                                                                                                                           | Micturition always with haste and always passing much. Soreness between labiæ and thighs, with burning, biting, pain; itching. Vagina itching in evening, then smarting; external genitals swollen, hot and hard. Yellow leucorrhœa, staining linen yellow, with weakness in legs. Sprain and stiff pain in left thumb.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Lach.          | Sticking in stomach extending to chest. Pressure in stomach, with weakness in knees. Painless gnawing in stomach, then gnawing in sides, extending across under ribs, deep in abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite increased, at one time good, at another lost. Longing for oysters.<br><b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst, with dry tongue and skin. | <b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongues swollen and covered with blisters on each side.                                                                                                        | Weakness in morning on rising. Physical and mental weakness. Vision dim, with black flickering. Pain in ears, with sore throat. Sensitiveness of throat to external pressure. Ulceration of throat, with soreness and difficult swallowing. Sensation as if a crumb stuck in the throat. Swollen feeling in the throat on empty, swallowing relieved when eating. Throbbing, as with hammers, in anus. Dry, hacking cough from touching throat. Cramp-like pain in præcordial region, causing palpitation with anxiety. Sore spots in skin become fungoid, dark red. |

## 5 Mouth and Teeth.

**MOUTH.**—Aphthæ in mouth. Dryness of mouth.

**MOUTH.**—Painful blisters in all parts of mouth, with burning pain. Offensive odor in mouth, like old cheese, every morning. Sticking in back part of palate, with biting.

**TEETH.**—Boring in teeth after dinner, as if something got into teeth. Aching of teeth only when eating, as if something got into a hollow tooth. Throbbing pain in teeth only when eating; in root of last hollow molar in evening. Drawing in teeth as soon as he gets into bed in evening.

**TEETH.**—Jerking pain in left lower hollow molar, with frequent yawning. Throbbing pain in third upper molar, which is beginning to decay. Drawing toothache diffusing itself over temple, drawing in incisors; in left lower molars, then involving upper molars; as soon as it ceases there it begins in upper incisors.

**MOUTH.**—Burning pain and rawness in mouth; then aphthous and denuded spots. Soreness and dryness in mouth. Gums bleeding, swollen and spongy.

**TEETH.**—Periodic pain in teeth always after waking; after eating and from warm and cold drinks; often extending through upper jaw to ear, with jerking, tearing, sticking. Feeling as if teeth were too long when biting them together.

## 6 Nausea and Vomiting.

**NAUSEA.**—Nausea, with hot eructations and sweetish flat; salivation.

**VOMITING.**—Vomiting of a pinkish, glairy fluid.

**NAUSEA.**—Nausea on every inward emotion, but when fasting there is only retching. Nausea, as if to faintness.

**NAUSEA.**—Nausea, with burning in mouth, with spitting of saliva and general chill, without heat or thirst.

**VOMITING.**—Urging to vomit; nothing but saliva results. Retching in morning fasting. Vomiting of sweetish water in morning fasting; of food.

## 7 Eructations and Flatulence.

**FLATULENCE.**—Emission of flatus; offensive.

**ERUCTATIONS.**—Eructations; in morning; of water after midnight; sour eructations.

**FLATULENCE.**—Emission of flatus. Incarcerated flatus.

## Clinical.

Dyspepsia especially associated with nausea and vomiting of drunkards; with ulceration of the stomach; with soreness in a small spot in the stomach. Dyspepsia resulting from malt liquors, with flatulency, oppression after eating, nausea and vomiting of mucus. Acid dyspepsia with sour vomiting coming on an hour or so after eating. Gastric catarrh, with vomiting of glairy mucus; tongue thickly coated.

Toothache of a sticking, tearing character extending into the head. Indigestion, with bloating, sour eructations, heartburn and a weak feeling or a feeling of a lump in the pit of the stomach, or a feeling of pulsation; after eating there is generally pressure, belching of gas, bloating and soreness. Gastralgia; sharp cutting or sticking; aggravation from motion or eating. Dyspepsia of old people. Gastric disorders from drinking ice water.

Rapid decay of the teeth and bleeding of the gums; premature decay of children's teeth, which become very dark and crumbly. Attacks of nausea and vomiting, either of water or food. Vomiting of pregnancy. The nausea and vomiting are frequently associated with soreness at the pit of the stomach and sometimes with thirst. Persistent vomiting of infants. Chronic irritability of the stomach; the food is not retained nor digested. Vomiting of food several hours after a meal.

Toothache, with swollen, bleeding gums; gums sometimes dark purplish. Tongue is usually red, dry and tremulous, or the tip is red and the centre brown. Sometimes there is a red stripe through the centre. Canker sores on the tongue and aphthæ in the mouth. Gangrene of the mouth. Paralysis of the tongue; it cannot be protruded; it catches in the teeth. Cardialgia and indigestion; great soreness of the pit of the stomach to touch and intolerance of the clothes. Black vomit in yellow fever and sometimes in the vomiting of pregnancy. Gastritis of drunkards. Weakened digestion after mercury.



| Drug.      | 1 | Stomach.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 2 | Appetite and Thirst.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 3 | Taste and Tongue.                                                                                                                                   | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
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| Lycop.     |   | Pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after eating a little, with heaviness; in epigastric region caused by cough. Pain in stomach after a light meal, with fullness, eructations of food and colic, aggravated by sitting bent over, and in region of duodenum, with difficult breathing. Sensitiveness of stomach to pressure; of epigastric region to touch. Digestion slow; discomfort in stomach after eating a little. Tension in stomach and hypochondria; beneath stomach as if everything were too tight, with soreness on chest. Anxiety in pit of stomach with heartburn. |   | <p><b>APPETITE.</b>—Appetite after eating though stomach and abdomen are full and tense. Great appetite, then distention of abdomen. Sudden satiety at noon after a little roast lamb, with thirst; heaviness in stomach and distention in abdomen. Appetite lost, and whatever she eats goes against her, even to vomiting. Aversion to coffee and tobacco.</p> <p><b>THIRST.</b>—Thirst, with dry lips and dry mouth. Thirstlessness.</p> |   | <p><b>TASTE.</b>—Taste bitter in morning; sour after eating, to all food.</p> <p><b>TONGUE.</b>—Tongue coated white. Vesicles on tip of tongue.</p> |   | Aggravation of all symptoms at 4 p. m.; better at 8 p. m. Throbbing in brain during the day on leaning head backward. Ulceration and redness of eyelids. Blinded by the evening light, he sees nothing on the table. Nose stopped at night so that he could not get his breath. Face yellowish-gray. Contraction of rectum so that it protrudes during hard stool. Anus painful on touch. Stool, first part lumpy, second soft. Red sediment in urine; red sand; reddish-yellow sand. Tickling cough, as from sulphur fumes; as if larynx were tickled with a feather, with scanty, gray, salt expectoration. Dyspnoea, as if chest were constricted by cramp. |
| Mag. Carb. |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |   | <p><b>APPETITE.</b>—Appetite for fruit and acid things in general; aversion to green food. Relish for meat.</p> <p><b>THIRST.</b>—Thirst in evening; towards evening.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |   | <p><b>TASTE.</b>—Taste sour, bitter.</p>                                                                                                            |   | Griping in abdomen, with rumbling; then thin, green diarrhoea, without tenesmus. Stool of greenish water, with distention of abdomen; green; frothy. Menses more profuse at night than by day.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Mag. Mur.  |   | Epigastric region sensitive to pressure. Acidity of stomach after dinner.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |   |                                                                                                                                                     |   | Burning and tensive sticking in right hypochondria; amelioration from pressure. Sharp drawings in hepatic region. Stool hard, like sheep dung, and difficult; nodule with pain in rectum; crumbly and as if burnt. Micturition only by exertion of abdominal muscles.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

| 5 Mouth and Teeth.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 6 Nausea and Vomiting.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 7 Eructations and Flatulence.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
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| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Laxity of mouth, with heaviness of tongue. Dryness of mouth without thirst. Bad odor in mouth. Salivation, with tension in submaxillary region, which was sensitive to touch; saliva dries on palate and lips to a tenacious mucus.</p> <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Teeth yellow. Aching in teeth, only at night, and when it ceases in the morning excitement and uneasiness, preventing sleep; with swelling of gum, as if suppurating. Aching of teeth when chewing and on touch, with sensitiveness; in a sound tooth when eating, as if too long; drawing, relieved by warm drinks.</p> | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea every morning fasting; in morning after rising, so that she must sit down, with salivation.</p> <p><b>VOMITING.</b>—Vomiting of food and bile, even to vomiting after a meal, with salivation; during menstruation.</p> | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations incomplete, burning, rising only into pharynx, where they cause burning. Sour eructations, the taste of which does not remain in the mouth, but the acid gnaws in the stomach; waterbrash. Hicough.</p> <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Flatulent distention of abdomen after stool. Flatulence here and there in hypochondria, even in back, in region of ribs and in chest, causing tension and bubbling; amelioration from empty eructations. Tension in abdomen and incarceration of flatus.</p> | <p>Canine hunger, but the attempt to eat is followed by flatulent distention and inability to take more food; or sometimes the flatulent distention immediately takes away the appetite or sometimes a feeling of constant satiety; he feels too full before he has eaten anything and cannot eat. Acid dyspepsia; the region of the stomach becomes distended and extremely sensitive to touch. Gastralgia. Chronic dyspepsia; solid food causes excruciating pain and sometimes vomiting. Atonic dyspepsia with bloating. Chronic gastritis with burning pain and waterbrash. Scirrhus indurations of pyloric orifice of the stomach with vomiting of blood, burning, and extreme flatulence. Abdominal flatulence, with much rumbling and gurgling, and pains of various sorts.</p> |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Bloody saliva in mouth.</p> <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Toothache, beginning in evening in bed and at night, driving him out of bed; extending to temples.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Distention of abdomen at night; relieved by emission of flatus.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <p>Neuralgic toothache aggravated by the warmth of the bed, amelioration from cold drinks. Acid dyspepsia; sour eructations. Dyspepsia from drinking milk which becomes sour in the stomach.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Upper incisors seem too long and sensitive.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea in morning after rising, with salivation.</p>                                                                                                                                                                           | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations of water with nausea.</p> <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Incarcerations of flatus. Incessant emission of flatus.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <p>Indigestion, especially in children from taking milk, which passes undigested. It has cured many obstinate cases of gastralgia that have lasted for months.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |



| Drug.        | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 4                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|              | Stomach.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Appetite and Thirst.                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Taste and Tongue.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Mer.<br>Sol. | <p>Burning in pit of stomach.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p><b>APPETITE.</b>—Ravenous appetite; she feels that it is not a genuine hunger. Appetite lost for wine and brandy, to which he is accustomed. Appetite for bread and butter.</p> <p><b>THIRST.</b>—Thirst day and night.</p> | <p><b>TASTE.</b>—Taste sweet to bread; salty on lips; slimy; putrid in throat, as of bad eggs, on morning tongue; metallic.</p> <p><b>TONGUE.</b>—Tongue black with red edges; swollen. Tongue coated and showing impress of teeth on edges; coated white, with whitish, swollen gums that bleed on touch. Tongue swollen, and showing imprint of teeth in scallops, which looked ulcerated, and its movement difficult; and painful, covered with foul ulcers; oozing of blood; the ulcers make swallowing difficult, with painful, ulcerated margin. Gray patches on edges of tongue and a dirty yellow coat on upper surface. Trembling of tongue. Stammering; speech difficult on account of trembling of mouth and tongue.</p> | <p>Hurried talking; slow in answering questions. Memory weak. Eyes forcibly drawn together; vision dim, intolerance of firelight or daylight. Bloody and offensive matter flows from right ear, with tearing. Offensive odor from nose, as in violent coryza. Face earthy colored, puffy. Suppuration of tonsils, with sticking in fauces on swallowing. Swelling, with circumscribed redness of inguinal glands. Constant ineffectual urging, with tenesmus in rectum. Stool of green mucus, with burning and protrusion of anus. Constant desire to urinate, but little is passed. Discharge from urethra, greenish, painless; worse at night. Trembling of hands and feet, so that patient could not write. Cold hands and feet. Sweat at night; on motion; oily at night; offensive. Pains returned in evening on going to bed; pains in bones.</p> |
|              | <p>Swelling of epigastric region, with sensitiveness to pressure. Pain in pit of stomach in epigastric region; burning.</p>                                                                                                    | <p><b>THIRST.</b>—Thirst for cold water; for large quantities of cold water.</p>                                                                                                                                               | <p><b>TASTE.</b>—Taste bitter in morning and slimy to food during the day; salty.</p> <p><b>TONGUE.</b>—Tongue swollen and inflamed, so that it could not be protruded, and white. Red tongue, with blackish coat, covered with grayish-white crust; moist; edges red; pale dirty yellow posteriorly and along edges, white anteriorly.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <p>Coryza. Lips black, swollen and tender. Swelling of throat, threatening suffocation. Burning pain in œsophagus; aggravation from external pressure. Tenesmus, but nothing passes except mucus, tinged with blood; cutting in abdomen and almost ineffectual tenesmus. Micturition frequent, by drops and painful. Painful glandular swellings about nipples. Sleepiness. Cold skin with small, intermittent pulse.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Mer.<br>Cor. | <p>Pain in pit of stomach, in epigastric region; in pit in evening, worse by paroxysms. Burning in pit of stomach, on pressure, with pain; burning pressure, extending transversely, at intervals; aggravated by pressure.</p> | <p><b>APPETITE.</b>—Appetite great at noon and in evening.</p>                                                                                                                                                                 | <p><b>TONGUE.</b>—Burning on tongue and on fore part of mouth, with salivation.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <p>Aching of head, with pain on slightest touch. Scalp covered with thick, leather-like crust, under which thick and white pus collects, here and there, and hair is glued together. Jerking of muscle of left upper lid. Sensation as if air were distending right external meatus of ears. Inflammatory redness of the face; the eruption is fat and moist. Burning in pharynx and fauces.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Mezer.       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## 5 Mouth and Teeth.

**MOUTH.**—Gums red; bright red margin; red and swollen and livid; and covered with thin, white patches, easily removed from a non-ulcerating surface. Gums swollen, separated from teeth; and sore, bleeding; pain on eating bread and food; were bloody when chewed. Gums loosened from teeth, spongy and partly destroyed; spongy and covered with a pultaceous exudation and ulcerated. Gums bleeding from slightest touch; spongy and soft; ulcerated; suppurating. Sore pain in gums on touch and on chewing. Aphthæ, bluish-red and spongy; the ulcer spreads without penetrating into flesh. Stomatitis. Salivation. Bad odor.

**TEETH.**—Teeth decayed and became loose in succession; and fell out at the slightest shock; especially the molars were gone; those that remained were black, laid bare, loose and carious; crowns of all except incisors lost. Teeth loose and black, denuded of gums, with nightly pains in teeth, jaws and head, and painful on touch of tongue. Jerking pain in teeth, aggravated at night, pulse-like, from lower into ear and from upper into head, with pain of gums from 9 p. m. on. Aching in teeth at night, then general chilliness; with swelling of gums and salivary glands.

**MOUTH.**—Gums bleed easily; swollen and spongy; swollen and pale. Gums purple-red and detached from teeth; red and tender, with swelling of glands beneath jaw; spongy and ulcerated. Inflammation of mouth and of gums, with discharge of clear water. Dry mouth and tongue; dry and burning. Salivation; tenacious, difficult to expectorate.

**TEETH.**—Teeth loose; sordes. Aching of teeth at night, disturbing sleep; with anxiety; with swelling of gums.

**MOUTH.**—Burning in mouth, extending to stomach; in palate and fauces, with scraping.

**TEETH.**—Hollow teeth decay very rapidly; aching in hollow in evening on touch of tongue. Teeth feel too long and blunt on biting on them and from fresh air.

## 6 Nausea and Vomiting.

**NAUSEA.**—Nausea when coughing.

**VOMITING.**—Vomiting incessant, green, bilious matter, streaked with blood.

**NAUSEA.**—Nausea in throat.

**VOMITING.**—Vomiting of beer; of green, bitter mucus.

## 7 Eructations and Flatulence.

**FLATULENCE.**—Distention of abdomen from gas and hardness.

**ERUCTATIONS.**—Regurgitations of food and drink through nose. Retching, spasmodic and painful.

**ERUCTATIONS.**—Eructations empty.

## Clinical.

Dental periostitis with great soreness and elongation of the teeth; pain aggravated at night from warmth of bed; teeth loose; salivation offensive. Gums unhealthy, bleeding, spongy, pale, receding from teeth, with offensive odor from the mouth. Ulcers and pustules on the gums and mouth. Tongue is almost always swollen, flabby, taking the imprint of the teeth, sometimes watery as if œdematous, sometimes covered with whitish fur. Interstitial inflammation of the substance of the tongue. Inflammation of the salivary glands; very free secretion, with swelling of the glands, with soreness leading to suppuration. Aphthous stomatitis with ptyalism, bad odor, etc. Salivation of pregnancy. Chronic gastritis with burning pain.

Violent stomatitis; large aphthous patches with burning pain. Syphilitic patches with burning pain. Dyspepsia with soreness, distention, burning pain; desire for cold food; aversion to hot food.

Facial neuralgia, which seems to arise from the teeth, worse at night. Decaying teeth, with burning, boring pains, involving the bones of the face and head, temporarily relieved by drawing in cold air. Gastric ulcer, with burning and great uneasiness in the stomach, temporarily relieved by eating, hence constant desire to eat. Ulcers in the stomach, supposed to be malignant and incurable, have been cured or greatly relieved by this drug. Always with extreme burning and distress, as if the whole stomach were raw, at times with vomiting of blood.



| Drug.          | 1 | Stomach.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 2 | Appetite and Thirst.                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 3 | Taste and Tongue.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
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| Mur.<br>Acid.  |   | Emptiness in epigastric region; worse in the œsophagus; not ameliorated by eating.                                                                                                                                                                    |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite lost.                                                                                                                                                                                            |   | <b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue dark, and with most of mouth and fauces covered with a grayish-white membrane.                                                                                                                                                            |   | <b>Weakness.</b> Pulse rapid and feeble. Prolapsus of rectum. Swollen hæmorrhoids, with burning, sore pain. Diarrhœa, with burning in anus; watery, passed unnoticed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Nat.<br>Carb.  |   | Pain in stomach after breakfast and dinner; painfulness to touch. Fullness in stomach in evening; swollen feeling and sensitiveness. Stomach weak and easily disordered; scraping heart-burn after fat food.                                          |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite great.<br><b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst great in afternoon.                                                                                                                                             |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste bitter to dinner; metallic in afternoon; sour.<br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Pimples on tip of tongue. Burning about tip of tongue, as if full of cracks. Speech difficult.                                                                            |   | <b>Melancholy and apprehensive.</b> Much nasal mucus passes through mouth. Violent hawking of thick mucus in throat, that constantly collects again. Stool forcibly spurting, spotted with blood.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Nat.<br>Mur.   |   | Distention of stomach after eating. Sensation in stomach, as if a foreign body were sticking in cardiac orifice and behind sternum, constrictive. Pain in pit of stomach, with sensitiveness to touch. Sore pain in stomach after eating. Heart-burn. |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite great towards noon, and after eating weariness and sleepiness. Appetite lost for smoking; he could not smoke at all. Aversion to meat, bread and coffee.<br><b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst unquenchable. |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste bitter in morning to food; to beer.<br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Blisters on tongue, with burning pain on eating. Dryness and stiffness of tongue and of hard palate. Difficult speech, like a weakness of organs of speech coming from hypochondria. |   | Emaciation; weakness. Weeping mood; the more he was consoled the more he was affected. Sad, and preferred to be alone. Feeling in head as if it would burst on coughing; heavy and pressive pain above eyes. Sensation in eyes as if sand were in them in morning. Eyes give out on writing or reading; letters and stitches run together. Taste bitter; loss of taste. Constipation; stool hard and crumbly. Involuntary micturition with cutting after. Intermittent beating, fluttering and palpitation of heart. Itching eruption on margin of hair, on nape of neck. |
| Nat.<br>Sulph. |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |   | <b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst in evening for something very cold.                                                                                                                                                                  |   | <b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue furred; burning on tip, as if covered with blisters. Burning pain on tip of tongue, with blisters with sensitiveness, so that she could hardly eat; relieved by taking anything cold; burning, as from highly seasoned food. Salivation.  |   | Dry cough; relief from sitting up and holding her chest with both hands. Hawking of salt mucus in morning from throat. Burning pains on tip of tongue, with blisters.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

| 5 Mouth and Teeth.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 6 Nausea and Vomiting.                                                                       | 7 Eructations and Flatulence.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
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| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Redness of inside of cheeks and of arch of palate. Rawness in a spot in palate, with soreness.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <p>Inflammation and ulceration of the tongue and mouth, sometimes with hard lumps in the tongue, always with easy bleeding; tendency to slough. Epithelioma of the tongue; the edges of a bluish-red color. Aphthous mouth in nursing children. Aphthous sore mouth, occurring in the last stages of wasting diseases, sometimes with watery diarrhœa and irritable stomach. Sordes on the teeth in typhoid conditions.</p> |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Superficial ulcers in mouth, with burning pain on touch. Dryness of mouth and of lips, which she must constantly lick, as if caused by heat of breath.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Ineffectual retching in morning.</p>                                       | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations sour in afternoon; empty. Waterbrash.</p> <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Incarcerated flatus.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <p>Indigestion, mostly acid, with palpitation and distress about the heart.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Blisters and soreness; in mouth ulcers, and on gum and tongue, in which food and drink cause biting. Open blister on inside of right cheek felt during dinner, with burning pain in it from warm food. Dryness of mouth. Breath offensive; salivation; constant spitting; saliva salty.</p> <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Looseness of teeth; sensitiveness to cold air.</p> | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea in morning.</p>                                                     | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations after eating; incomplete, violent.</p> <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Distention of abdomen after dinner, with emission of flatus; fermentation; flatulent pain.</p>                                                                                                                                                            | <p>Gums scorbutic, bleeding. General dryness and heat of the mouth, with catarrh of the pharynx; mapped tongue. Vesicles on tongue and mouth. Aphthæ of mouth and cheek, with burning; relaxed uvula. Thirst is a general accompaniment of Natrum Mur. symptoms; there are generally sour eructations; heartburn, especially waterbrash; sometimes vomiting of food. Weakness and sinking in stomach.</p>                   |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea not relieved by vomiting of salty, sour water, with waterbrash.</p> | <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Collection of flatus without evacuation of it, with pain; flatus rolls about and becomes incarcerated here and there. Pain in abdomen before breakfast; flatulent; amelioration from difficult emission of flatus. Grumbling in upper part of abdomen in evening, then fetid flatus. Tearing around umbilicus, with flatulence.</p> | <p>Toothache relieved by holding cold water in the mouth. Dirty grayish-green coat at root of tongue. Bilious vomiting. Acid dyspepsia, with heartburn and flatulence.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |



| Drug.           | 1 | Stomach.                                                                 | 2 | Appetite and Thirst.                                                                                                                                                 | 3 | Taste and Tongue.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
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| Nitric<br>Acid. |   | Stomach and abdomen tense after a moderate meal; clothes seem too tight. |   | <p><b>APPETITE.</b>—Hunger great with weariness of life. Appetite lost.</p> <p><b>THIRST.</b>—Thirst great.</p>                                                      |   | <p><b>TASTE.</b>—Sour taste.</p> <p><b>TONGUE.</b>—Blisters on tongue, with burning pain on touch; painful pimples on sides. Biting of tongue when chewing. Sticking in root of tongue when not swallowing. Tongue sensitive even to soft food, which causes biting.</p> |   | <p>Emaciation. Weakness so that he was almost constantly obliged to lie down. Easily excited; much affected by peevishness; vexed at trifles; despondent. Feeling as if head were in a vise from ear to ear, over vertex; as if tightly bound. Falling of hair. Vision double, of horizontal objects, at some distance. Nose sore; stitches on touch. Fluent coryza and at the same time stopped. Ulcers in corners of lips with scabs, sticking in them. Stitches in rectum during and after stool, with spasmodic constriction in anus. Constipation painless, in hard masses. Sticking in orifice of urethra. Sweat on soles causing soreness of toes and balls of feet, with sticking as if he walked on pins.</p> |
|                 |   |                                                                          |   |                                                                                                                                                                      |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Nux<br>Mos.     |   |                                                                          |   | <p><b>APPETITE.</b>—Appetite great at noon; he ate with haste, and though it oppressed the stomach, he could have eaten more.</p> <p><b>THIRST.</b>—Much thirst.</p> |   | <p><b>TASTE.</b>—Taste chalky; in morning fasting.</p> <p><b>TONGUE.</b>—Dryness of tongue and mouth as if it would stick to palate, without thirst. Tongue and mouth dry and pasty.</p>                                                                                 |   | <p>Strange feeling over whole system, with almost irresistible sleepiness. Absence of mind, inability to think, memory lost. Pain in forehead in a spot above left eminence. Dryness of eyes; everything looked too large in evening. Stools soft, but difficult. Sleepiness, eyes closed constantly, falls asleep on sitting down.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                 |   |                                                                          |   |                                                                                                                                                                      |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## 5 Mouth and Teeth.

**MOUTH.**—Swelling of gums with such looseness of teeth that she could have taken them out. Gums feel affected and are red and enlarged between teeth. **Ulcers on inside of cheeks with sticking** on uvula, palate, fauces, and, as far as could be seen, covered with yellowish-gray membrane, red, swollen, painful and offensive. Mouth and throat swollen and bright red, with pain and burning in mouth, throat and stomach. Mouth, fauces and tongue covered with a white membrane that could be torn off easily. Mucous membrane of cheeks, easily gets between teeth, so that he bites it when chewing. Dryness of mouth without thirst, with swollen, hot lips. **Salivation**; bloody saliva is expectorated in morning. **Foul odor from mouth.**

**TEETH.**—Teeth yellow, loose and painful on chewing. Feeling in teeth as if soft and spongy; fear of biting them together lest they fall out; on slightest sucking of teeth blood exuded from gum. Sticking in teeth on taking anything cold or warm into mouth.

**MOUTH.**—Dry mouth without thirst, in evening so that tongue sticks to palate, also back of mouth and throat, in morning, on waking; dry at night with slimy feeling; dry and the saliva seems like cotton. Saliva and mucus so thick that mouth was dry and he was inclined to drink but had no real thirst.

**TEETH.**—Pain in teeth when eating; in incisors and anterior molars on drawing air into mouth; aggravated by cold or damp air.

## 6 Nausea and Vomiting.

**NAUSEA.**—Nausea after eating, with heaviness and dullness of head.

**VOMITING.**—Vomiting constant of tenacious, purulent and bloody mucus.

**NAUSEA.**—Deathly nausea if her head was raised from the pillow.

## 7 Eructations and Flatulence.

**ERUCTATIONS.**—Eructations before and after eating; sour, empty.

**FLATULENCE.**—Rumbling in abdomen, with uneasiness and emission of flatus.

## Clinical.

Gums become unhealthy and bleed easily; the teeth are loose and the saliva is bloody, and there is a putrid odor from the mouth; with these conditions the drug is frequently indicated in a mercurial cachexia. Ulceration of the mouth with great fetor; the ulcers spread rapidly like mercurial ulcers, but when touched they have sharp, splinter-like pains; these ulcers extend into the throat and simulate diphtheria. Ulceration of the sides of the tongue with tough, stringy mucus. Tongue coated yellow, as a rule, though sometimes white in the morning.

Nausea and vomiting of pregnancy. Dyspepsia aggravated by any mental effort; stomach and abdomen became excessively bloated from any unpleasant emotion. Dyspepsia distress appearing while the patient is eating; feeling as if the food formed hard lumps, with soreness of the stomach. Toothache in pregnant women. Excessive dryness of the mouth and tongue in sleep; always wakes with dry mouth and tongue. During pregnancy extreme flatulent distention of abdomen.



| Drug.       | 1 | Stomach.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 2 | Appetite and Thirst.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 3 | Taste and Tongue.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
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| Nux<br>Vom. |   | Distention of stomach with pain on touch, also in pit; constrictive; pinching. Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning, then cutting in abdomen and nausea in morning after eating a little, with return of a metallic and herby taste, with weight and heat as from a stone in epigastrium; aggravated from walking; amelioration from sitting. Pain in epigastric region as from overloading stomach after eating; in pit after drinking, causing tightness of breath with distention of abdomen. Clawing in stomach towards morning as from a purge; changing to burning in pit of stomach. Epigastric region sensitive to pressure; nausea if hand lay on stomach. <b>Heartburn</b> as after overloading stomach with rancid fat. Sensation as if something in epigastric region turned over. Discomfort in pit of stomach, ascending to throat, choking him and stopping his breath. Fluttering in epigastrium. |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite great but aversion to food. Aversion to food; to the usual food; drinking, tobacco and coffee; to the food just eaten; worse if she does not lie down; to the odor of food.<br><b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst, but nausea soon after drinking; for milk; for beer during chill, with shivering; for small-beer after morning sweat. |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Bad taste in morning, though food and drink have a natural taste; better after eating; low down in throat on hawking. Sour taste, worse in morning after swallowing food that had a natural taste. Taste for milk spoiled in morning.<br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue white; painful blisters. Tongue heavy when talking; speech difficult and lisping; unable to articulate any sound. |   | Contractive pain through whole body. Everything makes too strong an impression. Takes cold from the slightest draught. Quarrelsome even to violence. Ill humored. Intolerance of noise or talking; music and singing affect him. Intolerance of strong odors or bright light; hypochondriac after eating and affected by the slightest thing. Dread of literary work at which one must think in morning. Aching of head in morning, in bed, as if beaten with an axe. Heaviness of head in morning; intoxicating confusion. Photophobia in morning. Sneezing in morning in bed, but after rising sudden fluent coryza. Contraction of jaws like lockjaw. Development of a tendency to inguinal hernia. Sharp pain in rectum after stool and after eating; aggravated by exerting the mind or studying. Sensation in rectum as if stool were incomplete. Blind hæmorrhoids. Constipation as from constriction of intestines. Micturition difficult. Menses too early, with cramps. Roughness and scraped feeling in larynx, provoking cough. Sleepless for a long time after midnight, then sleep late in morning with vivid dreams of the events of the previous day; in morning he did not wish to rise. Wakes between 2 and 3 a. m. |
|             |   | Burning in stomach towards evening; emptiness.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Ravenous hunger but speedy satiety after stool; ravenous after making her sick.<br><b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst for beer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste sour, slimy.<br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue white.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |   | Imagined that some one was lying near him. Pressure in occiput. Leaden heaviness in occiput. Finger tips rough, cracked and sticking cutting in them.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Petrol.     |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

| 5 Mouth and Teeth.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 6 Nausea and Vomiting.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 7 Eructations and Flatulence.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
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| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Gums, mouth, tongue and palate slimy, with raw and sore feeling as from something acrid. Dryness of mouth in morning without thirst, as after alcoholic stimulants the previous evening. Dryness of mouth after midnight as if tongue stuck to palate, without thirst; with much saliva in fauces. Salivation. Breath offensive in morning; after dinner; sour.</p> <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Teeth loose; stitches in an indefinite tooth, with drawing. Pain in teeth aggravated by drawing in air with open mouth; with stitches in one row of teeth, now in an upper, now in a lower molar, then in other teeth towards the front; aggravated by eating; at noon and evening; with red, hot spots on cheek and throat; with complaining mood full of reproaches and despondency. Sore pain in teeth, aggravated by exerting the mind and reflecting. Pain in hollow teeth extending into head if air enters mouth.</p> | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea in morning during menstruation, with chilliness and faintness; in morning in bed, with bruised pain in intestines and loins; in morning with qualms, sickness about heart and salivation. Nausea from smoking after eating; during dinner, relieved by lying down, with faintness and flashes of heat, after dinner. Retching on hawking mucus from fauces.</p> <p><b>VOMITING.</b>—Vomiting violent of sour mucus in forenoon; of sour smelling and sour tasting mucus; towards evening with headache like a tearing around lower part of skull; hæmatemesis.</p> | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations of bitter and sour liquid at night; bitter when fasting; sour all day; sour as far as tongue; of water after eating. Hiccough.</p> <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Flatulent distention of abdomen after eating, after drinking in morning, with gurgling; also in bed with spasmodic and griping flatulent colic and heat in palms and soles. Flatulence rising and becoming incarcerated under short ribs. Flatulent colic in evening after lying down. Colic as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest, when sitting and lying.</p> | <p>Tearing toothache extending to head; amelioration from warmth. Neuralgic toothache from taking cold, involving healthy teeth; feeling as if they would be wrenched out; usually aggravated from cold air, especially worse immediately after eating. Ulceration of mouth and gums with fetid odor. General desire for stimulants. Indigestion characterized by extreme distress in the stomach immediately after eating; feeling as if the stomach knotted up at times, with bitter eructations or with sour or putrid taste in the mouth; nearly always associated with nausea and efforts to vomit. Persistent efforts to vomit food. Vomiting of pregnancy. Nausea and vomiting every morning; chronic. Spasmodic efforts to vomit associated with great distress in the stomach; aggravation from eating. Severe gastralgia or cardialgia; aggravated by the least nourishment; the stomach seems very irritable and contracts painfully on its contents. Atonic dyspepsia with slow and imperfect digestion, fullness in the stomach; belchings, pain extending all around the chest and up to the shoulders. Inflammation of the stomach caused by the habitual use of powerful drugs or of alcohol; strong coffee. Gastro-duodenal catarrh with headache, vertigo, bitter taste, nausea and vomiting, soreness of the stomach and abdomen. Gastralgia; aggravation from light and amelioration from hard pressure; transiently relieved by vomiting.</p> |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Swelling of gums. Pustule above a hollow tooth like a dental fistula; painful soreness on chewing. Much mucus in mouth and nose. Bad odor from mouth.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea all day; in morning with accumulation of water in mouth; in morning on waking she could not eat breakfast, with cutting in upper abdomen and diarrhoea. Nausea incessant so that it takes away the breath; all day without vomiting; sudden on walking; with salivation; sudden heat of face and vertigo.</p> <p><b>VOMITING.</b>—Violent vomiting.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations tasting like bad eggs, hot, sharp and sour.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p>Abscess at the root of the tooth with external swelling; dental fistula. Dyspepsia temporarily relieved by eating. Dyspepsia with violent pain extending into the chest, with nausea temporarily relieved by eating. Nausea and vomiting of pregnancy. Seasickness with the special indication of the occipital headache. Gastralgia with feeling of coldness and faintness in the abdomen.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |



| Drug.        | 1 Stomach.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 2 Appetite and Thirst.                                                                                                    | 3 Taste and Tongue.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 4 Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
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| Phos.        | Distention of epigastric region. Sharp pressure in pit of stomach with every cough. Pain in epigastrium in morning on touch; at noon; a few hours after eating, with nausea and dullness of head; in evening, towards evening and in abdomen, with painful vomiting and diarrhoea. Pain at cardiac orifice aggravated by swallowing bread which seems to remain there; gradually extending over abdomen, with vomiting, first of green then of blackish substance. Sensitiveness to pressure in region of pylorus. Epigastric region sensitive in morning, worse towards evening to pressure; with enlargement of liver; with tension. Pressure as from a hard substance above pit of stomach, with coldness, heaviness; after eating, aggravated by pressure. Drawing pain in pit of stomach extending into chest. | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Ravenous appetite at night, longing for acids and spicy things.<br><b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst unquenchable. | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste bitter, sour after milk.<br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue chalky white; red in middle; yellow. Swelling of tongue with dryness and blackish along median line. Dry tongue in middle, brown, white, red, black. Speech difficult and weak and slow. | Much bleeding of small wounds; the blood of these hæmorrhages very fluid and difficult to coagulate. Weakness all day with oppression. Weakness with depression and no desire to attend to ordinary business. Nervous exhaustion with general heaviness, desire to keep the bed and dread of motion. Disinclination to mental or physical exertion. Slow flow of ideas, inability to think; could not keep mind long on any subject. Vision dim, sees better by shading the eyes with the hand. Vision of black floating points. Hearing difficult. Swelling of the nose, painful to touch; nose swollen and dry, cannot draw air through it. Diarrhoea, with lumps of white mucus. Stool involuntary, gray, whitish-gray. Menses too early and scanty. Rawness in larynx and trachea. Hoarseness in morning; inability to speak aloud. Cough from tickling in the throat. Oppression of chest. Soreness of lungs with difficulty in taking a long breath. Spinous processes of dorsal vertebræ sensitive to pressure. Sleepiness during the day, even before dinner. Sweat over whole body in morning on slight exertion. |
| Plat.        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Sudden ravenous hunger during the contemptuous mood, with greedy, hasty eating.                         | <b>TONGUE.</b> —Burnt feeling on tongue; crawling sensation.                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Arrogant, proud. Contemptuous pitiful looking down upon people usually venerated, with a kind of casting them off. Great dread of death. Menses too early and too profuse; much clotted blood the first day of menstruation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Plumb.       | Pain in the stomach; tightness in epigastrium; feeling as if a ball ascended to throat where it caused suffocation, preventing speaking and swallowing with anxiety.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite lost, diminished; aversion to food.<br><b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst unquenchable.                    | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste sweetish, bitter, metallic.<br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue red on margins, brown coat down centre; white; dry. Trembling of tongue, partial paralysis; it cannot be put out. Articulation imperfect, sometimes only confused sounds.             | Emaciation; anæmia; restlessness; weakness; faintness. Slow of perception; memory lost. Face sallow; pale. Gums blue along margins. Colic radiating to all parts of the body. Constipation. Stool blackish, scanty. Micturition difficult. Albuminous urine. Vaginismus. Neuralgic pains. Pains worse in muscular parts of thighs. Neuralgic lightning-like pains in lower extremities. Skin yellow. Sleeplessness.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Pod.<br>Pel. | Hollow sensation in epigastrium. Empty feeling; weakness in epigastric region.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite lost; indifferent to food; desire for something sour.                                          | <b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue white, coated white in morning with much viscid mucus in mouth.                                                                                                                                                                           | Faintness with sensation of emptiness after stool. Stool in morning with heat and pain in anus; liquid yellow. Diarrhoea in morning and through forenoon and natural stool in evening. Sleepiness in daytime, worse in forenoon.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Psor.        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Hunger great; hunger without appetite; appetite diminished.                                             | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste bitter when not eating.<br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue coated white; yellowish-white; ulceration of tongue and gums with sore throat; dry tongue; dry at tip as if burnt; painful.                                                               | Fear, anxiety, melancholy. Discharge of fetid pus from the ears. Swelling of upper lips. Stool, fluid dark brown, foul smelling. Cough with expectoration of green mucus nearly like matter. Weakness of joints as if they would not hold together.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## 5 Mouth and Teeth.

**MOUTH.**—Inflammation of the gums with bleeding; separated from the teeth. Ulcers on the gums with sensitiveness so that he could not eat. Bloody erosions on inside of cheek. Dryness in mouth on waking and in nose. **Watery saliva** runs from mouth in sleep.

**TEETH.**—Numb pain in lower teeth in morning after rising.

**MOUTH.**—Gums blue along margins, slate-colored on border. **Breath fetid.**

**MOUTH.**—Ulceration of right gum. Adhesion of tough mucus to posterior wall of soft palate, necessitating hawking.

**TEETH.**—Looseness of teeth, so that he fears they will fall out.

## 6 Nausea and Vomiting.

**NAUSEA.**—Nausea relieved by drinking; at night with eructations of food.

**VOMITING.**—Vomiting of food, of blood, mixed with dark acid matter; with bile and mucus, black acid liquid like coffee grounds; offensive.

**NAUSEA.**—Nausea in forenoon, with weakness, anxiety and tremulous sensation through whole body.

**NAUSEA.**—Nausea, with retching.

**VOMITING.**—Vomiting constant of food; of everything taken into the stomach, fecal; with colic and constipation; blackish; of a brownish liquid streaked with blood.

**NAUSEA.**—Nausea with acidity and retching.

**VOMITING.**—Vomiting of hot frothy mucus; of contents of stomach, then of bile; of thick dark green bile mixed with dark coagulated blood about every hour.

**NAUSEA.**—Nausea during the day.

**VOMITING.**—Vomiting of sweet mucus; sour vomiting.

## 7 Eructations and Flatulence.

**ERUCTATIONS.**—Eructations of food tasting of the food. Empty eructations ineffectual, with pressure in chest.

**FLATULENCE.**—Emission of flatus.

**ERUCTATIONS.**—Empty eructations in morning fasting; loud when fasting and after eating.

**FLATULENCE.**—Fermentation in epigastric region; flatulent pressure towards hypogastrium.

**ERUCTATIONS.**—Eructations sour. **Hiccough.**

**FLATULENCE.**—Flatulence in morning; in evening.

**ERUCTATIONS.**—Eructations tasting like rotten eggs.

**FLATULENCE.**—Pain in abdomen after eating; relieved by emission of flatus with nausea.

## Clinical.

Persistent hæmorrhage after drawing a tooth. Dental fistula. Retarded development of speech in children. Gastric ulcers. Vomiting of pregnancy. Hæmorrhage from stomach temporarily relieved by drinking cold water. Vomiting of the contents of the stomach temporarily relieved by cold drinks, but as soon as these become warm the vomiting is renewed. Burning fermentation in the stomach. Atonic dyspepsia. Chronic gastritis. Excruciating gastralgia pains as from knives or burning or constricting, or associated with great external weight. Inflammation of the stomach with swelling of the liver; vomiting of blood and mucus; yellow tongue. Burning heat in stomach extending to back, with faint empty feeling in stomach and bowels. Gastric troubles always aggravated during hot weather. Although there is sometimes excessive thirst with the symptoms of inflammation of the stomach, yet generally the phosphorus patient is not thirsty.

Gastralgia; hysterical.

Paralysis of the tongue with indistinct speech. Gastralgia, pains sudden; violent, compelling hard pressure on the abdomen; amelioration from eructations. Periodic vomiting of brown or black liquid, with violent cramps. Periodic attacks of vomiting food.

Difficult dentition with grinding of teeth, rolling the head, disagreeable breath, diarrhœa. Indigestion; food becomes acid. Hot eructations; violent efforts to vomit. Numerous gastric complications of uterine complaints.



| Drug.         | 1 | Stomach.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 2 | Appetite and Thirst.                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 3 | Taste and Tongue.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
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|               |   | <p>Gripping in pit of stomach; in epigastrium. Pain in stomach an hour after eating. Drawing pain in pit of stomach in morning. Pinching or choking pain in pit of stomach impeding respiration in afternoon. Constriction and pinching in epigastrie and hypochondriac regions; aggravation from eating; then changing into chest and impeding breathing. Scraping in stomach like heartburn and in œsophagus; gnawing like ravenous hunger. Cardialgia during menses. Clawing in stomach in morning on rising as from long fasting; better after eating. Tension in region of stomach in forenoon relieved by moving about. Pulsation in pit of stomach perceptible on laying hand on it. Sensation in stomach as if one had eaten too much; food rises into mouth as if one would vomit. Heaviness in stomach as from a stone in morning on waking.</p> |   | <p><b>APPETITE.</b>—Appetite, but he knows not for what, also he relishes nothing; aversion to smoking; to meat; to butter.</p> <p><b>THIRST.</b>—Thirst during the heat, worse in the morning; especially for beer, for alcoholic drinks.</p>     |   | <p><b>TASTE.</b>—Taste bitter, bilious after eating and smoking. Bitter taste in morning fasting, continuing even when smoking at 6 p. m.; in evening after beer; after eating and good appetite. Bitter taste after eating and drinking, though food has a natural taste. Bitter taste to food, then chilliness and cold sweat; to bread, rolls, and meat; to bread, with aversion to bread; to beer in morning, afterwards a sour taste. Slimy taste in morning, with nausea; foul; clammy; insipid; as of bad meat, with nausea; disgusting in morning, with white tongue.</p> <p><b>TONGUE.</b>—Tongue covered with a tenacious mucus, as with a membrane. Painful blister on side of tip of tongue. Sensation in middle of tongue as if it had been burnt, and were insensible at night and in morning. Biting in tip of tongue. Dryness of tongue in morning on waking and in palate and lips, then much tenacious mucus.</p> |   | <p>Longs for fresh air. Hypochondriac moroseness, weeping, lachrymose mood. Aching of head, extending into eyes in evening as from eating too much, or as from too much fat. Vertigo in morning on rising, forcing him to lie down again, as from intoxication. Dimness of vision, blackness before the eyes during menses, and she felt worse on entering a warm room. Pain in ears, as from something forcing outward; hearing difficult, as if ears were stuffed. Stoppage of nose in evening on going to bed and blowing out of thick, yellow, opaque mucus in morning. Blind hæmorrhoids with itching in evening. Diarrhœa of green mucus. Micturition involuntary at night in bed. Drawing pain in spermatic cords; testicles swollen. Leucorrhœa with burning pains; of the color of milk; worse when lying down. Menses suppressed; delayed with coldness of body and chilliness and trembling of feet. Cough constant in evening on lying down. Palpitation of heart if she lies on left side, with anxiety and want of breath. Irresistible sleep in afternoon.</p> |
| Puls.<br>Nig. |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|               |   | <p>Fullness in stomach, as if overloaded.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |   | <p><b>APPETITE.</b>—Ravenous appetite with emptiness in stomach; with loss of appetite in palate and throat. Desire for cold milk. Appetite lost; beer is not relished.</p> <p><b>THIRST.</b>—Thirst from dryness in mouth; for water or beer.</p> |   | <p><b>TASTE.</b>—Taste bitter, waking her at night, with dryness in mouth.</p> <p><b>TONGUE.</b>—Soreness of tongue with redness at apex. Blisters on tongue; coated yellowish-white at root. Tongue dry, provoking drinking; dry sensation at tip.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |   | <p>Soreness in every muscle, better after exercise. Restlessness at night. Sadness and weeping without knowing why. Redness of eyes in morning with agglutination. Hard swelling of submaxillary and parotid glands. Bruised feeling in sacrum when sitting, with heaviness. Stiffness in extremities on first moving after rest. Sprained pain in feet in morning on rising. Itching of skin, with burning as if pierced by hot needles; swelling and white transparent vesicles on inflamed skin. Sleeplessness with inability to remain in bed. Anxious dreams of his business as soon as he fell asleep.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Rhus<br>Tox.  |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|               |   | <p>Sourness of stomach. Pain in epigastrium sharp, in stomach day and night. Heavy aching distress in stomach; burning in stomach and region of gall-bladder.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |   | <p>Low spirited. Throbbing in forehead; heavy in forehead; aggravation from motion and reading.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Robina.       |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

| 5 Mouth and Teeth.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 7 Nausea and Vomiting.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 7 Eructations and Flatulence.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
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| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Sticking, gnawing in gums, worse towards evening and by warmth of bed; amelioration from uncovering; a draught of cold, open air. Mouth and pharynx dry in morning and covered with insipid mucus, with offensive breath that is not perceptible to himself. Sensation as if roof of palate were covered with tenacious mucus and were swollen. Salivation; sweet; tenacious; discharge of watery saliva, also like waterbrash. Offensive odor from mouth in morning; in evening after lying down; at night.</p> <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Aching in teeth as soon as anything warm is taken into the mouth. Aching of teeth on chewing and biting as if they would be forced out. Jerking pain in teeth worse in morning; better when cold water taken into mouth becomes warm.</p> | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea in morning with slimy mouth changing to an acid taste. Nausea at night during menses, with retching and waterbrash; during suppression of menses with good appetite; when he wishes to eat; when eating so that food was repulsive. Nausea in epigastric region; aggravated by eating and drinking, with waterbrash and disagreeable risings. Nausea with heartburn, with grumbling and gurgling in hypochondria; with chilliness; with obscuration of vision and pallor.</p> <p><b>VOMITING.</b>—Vomiting at night, with sticking, drawing pain in back, extending towards scapulæ. Vomiting of food that had been eaten long before; of food in evening, then bitter taste and teeth on edge.</p> | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations tasting of food, then nausea; of gas; bilious in evening; bitter at night; of a bitter fluid; tasting of rancid tallow after eating buckwheat cakes; as of bad meat after dinner, the taste remains with nausea. Eructations loud; sour; in morning of sour liquid after coffee; ineffectual. Hiccough when smoking.</p> <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening, or colic; aggravated in evening in bed, with gripping and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another. Cutting in abdomen in morning with emission of flatus. Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about; painfully worse in upper abdomen. Flatulent pain in evening after a meal; here and there after midnight; not relieved by emission of flatus.</p> | <p>Neuralgic toothache, ceasing entirely in the open air; aggravation in a warm room; always relieved when walking about. Toothache in pregnancy, temporarily relieved by holding cold water in the mouth; always aggravated in the evening until midnight. Disorders of digestion with pain between the shoulders and heavily furred tongue. Great distention of the abdomen, not relieved by warmth. Dyspepsia characterized by regurgitation of food, more or less nausea and vomiting; loss of appetite and thirst, bitter taste; vertigo on rising up; chilliness and, above all, constant aggravations from eating fat substances. Gastric catarrh, with thickly white coated tongue, dry mouth, nausea, especially when the distress or regurgitation of food takes place a long time after a meal. Distress in the œsophagus as if food were lying there. Dyspepsia from ice cream or from too much ice water. Indigestion from buckwheat cakes. Atonic dyspepsia; digestion very slow; the food is tasted or regurgitated a long time after eating. Gastralgia with profuse sweat of the face, nausea and vomiting. Vomiting of pregnancy, especially vomiting of food in the evening or at night. General craving for acids and aversion to meat and fat or rich food.</p> |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Dryness of mouth with thirst. Salivation running from mouth during afternoon nap; when sitting. Breath fetid.</p> <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Looseness of teeth; lower incisors; she cannot bite upon them. Tearing in teeth; amelioration from hot applications. Pain in a hollow tooth, in evening, which became elongated and loose, then, also, in other teeth; pain partly sticking and partly crawling.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea on sitting up, with efforts to vomit.</p> <p><b>VOMITING.</b>—Vomiting of sour fluid; violent vomiting.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations of sour fluid.</p> <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Distention of abdomen, with flatulence, with pain. Rumbling.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <p>Toothache aggravated from cold; amelioration from warmth. Inflammation at root of a tooth with pain which is aggravated at night from cold. Tongue is dry, red and cracked in fever.</p> <p>Acid dyspepsia with constant weight in the stomach; eructations of sour liquid. Indigestion with severe lancinating pains, extending from side of chest to top of shoulder blade. Intensely acid vomiting; this symptom has been relieved even when associated with cancer of the stomach. Burning in stomach and between the shoulder blades. Indigestion; constant squeezing pain in the stomach after eating; can only eat once a day on account of the distress; backache; weakness.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |



| Drug.        | 1 Stomach.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 2 Appetite and Thirst.                                                                                                                                                                                              | 3 Taste and Tongue.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 4 Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
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| Rumex Crisp. | Weight in pit of stomach, in epigastrium after eating, with upward pressure to throat-pit; every empty swallowing carried it downward but it immediately returned. Feeling of repletion.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue coated yellow.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Stool watery, brown in morning. Cough in evening on lying down in bed from 10 to 12 p. m., from tickling behind upper half of sternum. Sensitiveness to open air.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Sabad.       | Pain in stomach as if a sore spot were pressed below pit on pressure and inspiration. Burning corrosive pain in stomach when walking, extending to pit of throat.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue coated, mostly whitish-yellow; worse in the middle and posteriorly. Tongue feels sore as if full of blisters. Burning on tip of tongue.                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Sangui. Can. | Burning in stomach; emptiness, with faint feverish feeling.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Longing for spiced food; for indefinite things.                                                                                                                                                   | <b>TONGUE.</b> —Burnt feeling on tongue.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Aching of head with nausea and chilliness, then flushes of heat, extending from head to stomach. Determination of blood to head, with whizzing in ears and transitory heat; then waterbrash as if vomiting would occur. Dry, teasing, hacking cough, evenings after lying down, from tickling in throat and crawling extending beneath sternum.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Secale Corn. | Pain in stomach; epigastrium tender; oppression and distress. Burning in stomach with pain in abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Appetite unnatural, even when dying from exhausting stools. Appetite ravenous.<br><br><b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst unquenchable, with dryness of mouth and throat; with burning and tingling of tongue. | <b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue clean; white. Crawling in tongue, with pain. Speech difficult, slow, weak; with feeling on every motion of the tongue as if there were resistance to overcome.                                                                                                  | Restlessness; debility. Anxiety with fear of death; eyes sunken and surrounded by a blue margin. Bleeding of nose. Face drawn, sunken, pale in morning. Diarrhoea thin, olive-green; hæmorrhage from uterus. Expulsive pains in uterus. Cessation of lochia with fever; inflammation of uterus. Expectoration of blood during violent efforts to breathe. Pulse rapid, small; contracted, often intermittent. Extremities pale, cold and wrinkled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Sepia.       | Sticking in pit of stomach. Gnawing in stomach relieved after supper, with weakness. Distress in stomach worse in the afternoon; amelioration after supper, with sensitiveness to clothes. Aching and throbbing in stomach; amelioration from eructations; with pain from the jar of walking. Pain in pit of stomach on pressure; after a meal and on touch; sore internally. Emptiness in stomach, with nausea as soon as she thinks of food she would like. Uneasiness of stomach at 7 a. m. Pulsation in pit of stomach in morning, then ebullition in chest like palpitation; then internal heat of face and body without redness or thirst, but with sweat. Burning in pit of stomach. | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Craving hunger; desire for vinegar. Appetite lost; aversion to meat.<br><br><b>THIRST.</b> —Thirstless.                                                                                           | <b>TASTE.</b> —Different kinds of foul taste; unpleasant in morning; mouth dry and slimy; sour in morning on waking; bitter; bitterish-sour.<br><br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue white; blisters with pain as if burnt. Dryness of tongue and in mouth and throat; and in morning roughness. | Apathy; irritability. Tearing from left temple to upper part of left side of head. Pain in right eye as from sand; aggravation from pressing lids together and by rubbing. Lachrymation morning and evening. Red herpetic spot on upper lids; scaly and peeling off. Face yellow and whites of eyes. Yellow spots and yellow saddle across upper part of cheeks and nose. Heaviness in abdomen during motion. Pressing downward in hypogastrium during menses. Pressure as if contents would issue through genitals. Protruding hæmorrhoids; during stool; when walking; painful. Pressure on bladder and frequent micturition and tension in hypogastrium. Urine thick, slimy, offensive, depositing a yellow, pasty sediment. Leucorrhœa yellow, acrid before menses, with soreness of pudenda. Uterus prolapsed and congested. Cough aggravated at night, preventing sleep; worse in evening after lying down. Pain in lumbar region in afternoon when walking. Itching on bends of elbows. Cold feet towards evening and in morning, with headache. |

| 5 Mouth and Teeth.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 6 Nausea and Vomiting.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 7 Eructations and Flatulence.                                                                                   | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
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| <b>MOUTH.</b> —Mouth and tip of tongue feel sore and scalded.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <b>NAUSEA.</b> —Nausea with constant spitting of insipid water.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                 | Gastric disorder shooting from pit of the stomach into chest and throat, with flatulence. Affections from excessive tea drinking. Gastralgia; aching extending through to the back; obliged to take a long breath. Gastralgia; pains extend to the chest; aggravation from motion; amelioration from quiet rest.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>MOUTH.</b> —Salivation; breath fetid.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <b>NAUSEA.</b> —Nausea not relieved by vomiting, with salivation; with headache, chill and heat.                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <b>ERUCTATIONS.</b> —Singultus.                                                                                 | Neuralgic toothache. Cardialgia with distention. Gastric symptoms are generally characterized by absence of thirst and longing for sweets; general relief after eating. Vomiting of round worms; feeling of worms in pharynx.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>MOUTH.</b> —Swelling of gums with sore pain, with dark redness and painful throbbing, as if beginning to suppurate. Gums sore, ulcerated, bleeding. Offensive smell from mouth.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <b>NAUSEA.</b> —Nausea with debility, and scanty vomiting of coffee-grounds fluid.                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <b>ERUCTATIONS.</b> —Eructations after eating a little; after eating and drinking; sour. Hiccough after a meal. | Gastric derangement with nausea, not relieved by vomiting. Nausea during pregnancy, with salivation; constant spitting. Ulcer in the stomach; burning pain; amelioration from vomiting; tenderness; flushes of heat rising into the head.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>TEETH.</b> —Quick decay of teeth. Sticking in teeth and in jaw extending to ear, preventing sleep at night, and during the day she had to tie a cloth over it. Aching in teeth during menses, with throbbing in gums; worse in a hollow molar, which pains as if elongated and swollen; then swelling of gums and cheeks. Beating pain in teeth if anything hot or cold is taken into the mouth, extending into cheek, which swells during menses. | <b>VOMITING.</b> —Vomiting violent of all food, drink and medicine; of blood, of coffee- or chocolate-colored matter.                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                 | Hiccough. Vomiting of blood; sudden, violent; cold sweat. Extreme pressure and contraction in the stomach followed by vomiting. Terrible distress in the stomach and abdomen with burning accompanied by vomiting.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <b>NAUSEA.</b> —Morning nausea; amelioration after eating; on waking, towards evening, and at night; on washing mouth; before breakfast; on walking, with blackness before eyes; in evening, weakness even to faintness, with melancholy; easily startled, then vomiting of food, then retching. |                                                                                                                 | Neuralgic toothache aggravated by cold air; resulting from the use of tobacco. Acid dyspepsia with bloated abdomen; sour or putrid eructations; sometimes nausea and vomiting. Vomiting of pregnancy, with a characteristic sensation of emptiness in the stomach. Gastric catarrh from excessive acidity; heartburn. Dyspepsia with hypochondriac mood, especially at the climacteric of women or as the result of overwrought brain or sexual excess. Atonic dyspepsia with amenorrhœa; the nausea and vomiting generally relieved by eating and lying down. Longing for acids with flatulent dyspepsia; soreness over the abdomen and liver; blisters in the mouth, and especially with a feeling of something twisting about the stomach and rising into the throat. |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <b>VOMITING.</b> —Vomiting during pregnancy, straining her so that blood comes up.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |



| Drug.   | 1 | Stomach.                                                      | 2 | Appetite and Thirst.                                                                                                                                                                         | 3 | Taste and Tongue.                                                                                                                                                                       | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
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|         |   | Pain in pit of stomach after eating, with heaviness; burning. |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Ravenous appetite before supper; with loss of appetite and trembling in limbs; then coldness over whole body; with heat in chest, so that it was difficult to fall asleep. |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Taste sour after eating.<br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Sensation of a hair on fore part of tongue; on tip, extending into trachea, where it caused crawling, so that he must cough. |   | Emaciation. Bruised pain in whole body after coition. Symptoms mostly occur at time of the new moon. Aggravation of pain from motion. Sensitive to noise and anxious therefrom. Tearing in occipital protuberances, extending upwards and forward over sides of head. Soreness of scalp to touch. Sensitiveness of ears to loud sounds. Constant ineffectual desire for stool. Constipation in spite of constant straining. Stool that has protruded slips back again. Cough with purulent expectoration. Pain in coccyx as after a long carriage ride. Finger nails rough and yellow. Carrion-like odor of feet every evening without sweat. Small wounds heal with difficulty. |
| Silica. |   |                                                               |   |                                                                                                                                                                                              |   |                                                                                                                                                                                         |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|         |   |                                                               |   |                                                                                                                                                                                              |   |                                                                                                                                                                                         |   | Peevish in morning; he wishes to throw away everything that he takes in his hands. Burning of skin after scratching.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Staph.  |   |                                                               |   |                                                                                                                                                                                              |   |                                                                                                                                                                                         |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|         |   |                                                               |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Great desire for acids.<br><b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst not relieved by drinking water. Thirst for sour drinks. Hiccough.                                                        |   | <b>TONGUE.</b> —Tongue swollen and stiff; dryness on palate; white color and redness. Stammering; speech difficult and unintelligible.                                                  |   | Restlessness and calling for water; swallowing difficult. Delirium; noisy, frightened by strange objects that obtrude upon his fancy. Apprehension: starting up in a fright. Rush of blood to the head. Eyes staring and wild; pupils dilated. Redness of face, expression of terror. Stammering, speech difficult and unintelligible. Twitching of hands and feet. Red rash on skin as in scarlet fever, but more shining.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Stram.  |   |                                                               |   |                                                                                                                                                                                              |   |                                                                                                                                                                                         |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

Necrosis of the jaw. Abscesses at roots of teeth.

Spongy excrescences on the gums, which bleed readily and are painful. Dental fistula. Carious teeth which crumble. Teeth grow black and become brittle. Valuable for decaying teeth in pregnancy. Toothache shooting into the ear and temple, aggravated in open air or from cold. Menstrual toothache. Hard pressure frequently relieves the toothache, which may be aggravated by light pressure. Aphthous sore mouth. Atony of the stomach and abdomen; feeling as if they hung down relaxed. Colic from cold water, aggravated by heat.

**MOUTH.**—Dryness of mouth. Dribbling of glairy saliva from mouth. Swallowing difficult.



| Drug.            | 1 Stomach.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 2 Appetite and Thirst.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 3 Taste and Tongue.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 4 Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
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| Sulfur.          | <p>Stitches in pit of stomach in morning on standing, in pit on deep breathing. Pain in region of stomach at night, amelioration from eructations. Pain in pit of stomach during menses. Pain beneath stomach when lying; in epigastric region on touch, after eating. Anxious pain in pit of stomach at night, with palpitation. Full feeling in stomach after eating a little; heaviness. Distress in stomach from milk; it is vomited curdled. Loss of digestive power; burning in stomach in morning; heartburn all day.</p> | <p><b>APPETITE.</b>—Appetite increased; ravenous if he does not eat; headache, lassitude, and necessity to lie down. Appetite lost as soon as he sees food, and he feels full in abdomen and aversion to it when he begins to eat. Smoking tobacco is not relished; aversion to food, to sour things, to meat.</p> <p><b>THIRST.</b>—Thirst at noon, with full feeling in stomach.</p> | <p><b>TASTE.</b>—Pasty taste in morning. Taste metallic, coppery in morning on waking. Bitter, bilious taste when fasting, though food has a good taste; bitter in morning on waking. Taste vinegary all day; after drinking milk, sour in morning till after breakfast, with sour eructations. Taste offensive, sweetish; in forenoon causing nausea.</p> <p><b>TONGUE.</b>—Hard elevation on right anterior border of tongue, and on moving tongue shooting in it; smarting on right side. Dryness of tongue in morning on waking, and in palate. Burning pain in tongue at night with thirst.</p> | <p>Ill humor with restlessness; quarrelsome, impatience, anxiety, low spirits. Pain in head, in morning worse in vertex, as if eyes would be pressed down. Pain as if from a cord around head. Rush of blood to head during menses. Burning in eyes and easy fatigue when reading. Lachrymation in morning, with burning. Agglutination of lids in morning. Vision dim, with weakness of eyes and confused dark spots floating before them. Sticking in rectum, worse in evening. Ineffectual urging to stool. Hæmorrhoids; increased congestion of hæmorrhoidal vessels. Diarrhœa, soft and frequent in morning, pappy, yellowish-green, copious, fetid. Constipation scanty and unsatisfactory; frequent micturition; burning when urinating. Menses too late, with constipation and distended abdomen. Sticking in præcordial region. Groups of black points like comedones on forehead. Eruption with burning, itching after scratching. Itching over whole body. Irresistible sleepiness during the day; sleeplessness all night. Burning in skin of whole body.</p> |
| Sulfur.<br>Acid. | <p>Pain in epigastric region after eating, aggravated by hard food, with sensitiveness of stomach; coldness in stomach from every drink, unless some spirit is mixed with it.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <p>Weakness. Weak feeling in abdomen as if menses would come on. Soft stool, then empty feeling in abdomen. Stool as if chopped, saffron, yellow, stringy and slimy.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

| 5 Mouth and Teeth.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 6 Nausea and Vomiting.                                                                                                                                              | 7 Eructations and Flatulence.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
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| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Dryness of mouth in morning, with insipidity and stickiness of palate, with thirst. Salivation after eating; bloody saliva; salt saliva.</p> <p><b>TEETH.</b>—Sticking in teeth, extending into ear, waking him at night. Boring and throbbing in teeth. Aching of teeth from slightest draught of air; in open air with pain in submaxillary glands.</p> | <p><b>NAUSEA.</b>—Nausea every morning, in evening, during stool, before meal time.</p> <p><b>VOMITING.</b>—Vomiting of food in evening, of food eaten at noon.</p> | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations empty after eating, sour during the day.</p> <p><b>FLATULENCE.</b>—Distention of abdomen in morning in bed; amelioration from emission of flatus. <b>Rumbling in abdomen</b> all day; in afternoon, relieved by emission of fetid flatus, with griping and feeling as if a loose stool would pass at night with gurgling. <b>Emission of flatus</b>, worse in the evening and night; offensive smelling of sulphuretted hydrogen.</p> | <p>Seasickness. Vomiting of pregnancy; chronic catarrh of the stomach. Weakness and faintness in stomach at 11 a. m., with need to eat. Dyspepsia from carbonaceous food, especially from milk. Incarcerated flatulence in left side and constipation.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <p><b>MOUTH.</b>—Mouth swollen; palate and pharynx ulcerated. Aphthæ in mouth; breath offensive.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                     | <p><b>ERUCTATIONS.</b>—Eructations sour. Hiccough.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <p>Sore mouth; aphthæ occurring during protracted diseases, especially in children with marasmus; with salivation; sour vomiting; stools like chopped eggs. Dyspepsia with vomiting of food and drink and craving for stimulants; vomiting of drunkards. Vomiting of pregnancy with constant salivation; feeling of lump in throat; soreness in pit of stomach; great thirst; vomiting relieved by drinking hot water. Vomiting of pregnancy, with intolerance of the smell of coffee; vomiting when lying on right side. Valuable remedy for the desire for alcoholic drinks. Dyspepsia from alcohol, with persistent sour breath; the patient is shriveled and cold, and cannot eat; liver is enlarged; chronic diarrhoea.</p> |



| Drug.          | 1 | Stomach.                                                                                                                                                | 2 | Appetite and Thirst.                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 3 | Taste and Tongue.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|----------------|---|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                |   | Sinking at pit of stomach; weakness.                                                                                                                    |   | <b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst worse at night.                                                                                                                                                                                      |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |   | Weakness. Face pale and collapsed. Covered with cold sweat.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Tabac.         |   |                                                                                                                                                         |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                |   | Painful distention of pit of stomach. Pain in stomach, acute; in epigastrium; extending into sternum; hypochondria and to ilia as from ravenous hunger. |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Violent hunger; hunger in stomach with undisturbed appetite. <b>Appetite for fruit;</b> longing for only cold food; herring, sardines; for acids.<br><b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst during sweat for cold drinks. |   | <b>TASTE.</b> —Tasteless; saliva with tastelessness in mouth. Taste and coolness in mouth and throat as from peppermint; biting taste in throat as from peppermint; as from heat rising from œsophagus into mouth.<br><b>TONGUE.</b> —Coldness of tongue. Dryness of tongue with inability to talk. |   | Anxiety with cold sweat on forehead on vomiting. Weakness with sinking down as from too great heat in the air, Dryness of lids. Face sunken and expression anxious. Pale face, with frequent stools. Diarrhœa with profuse sweat. Constipation on account of hardness and large size of stool. Cough deep, hollow, always in three or four shocks. Tightness of chest with difficult respiration. Palpitation of heart with anxiety, and rapid, audible respiration. Skin of whole body pale. |
| Verat.<br>Alb. |   |                                                                                                                                                         |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                |   | Sticking in stomach and beneath pit, with tearing from both sides towards each other. Burning in epigastric region.                                     |   | <b>APPETITE.</b> —Ravenous appetite. Aversion to the sweetness of sugar; to wine and brandy, which they took to excite their appetite.<br><b>THIRST.</b> —Thirst in afternoon, with heat in palms.                          |   | <b>TONGUE.</b> —Blisters on tongue.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |   | Twitching of various muscles. Headache after a glass of accustomed wine. Inflammation of eyes during menses. Pain in eyes as from sand; worse in evening and night with lachrymation. Constipation with hard, small stools. Cough before and during menses. Uneasiness of lower extremities at night. Burning pain in tibia. Jerking in whole body at night. Twitching of various muscles. Most symptoms appear after dinner and towards evening.                                             |
| Zinc.          |   |                                                                                                                                                         |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

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|---|------------------|---|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|-----------|
| 5 | Mouth and Teeth. | 6 | Nausea and Vomiting. | 7 | Eruclations and Flatulence. | Clinical. |
|---|------------------|---|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|-----------|

**MOUTH.**—Mouth full of white, tenacious mucus, which must be expectorated frequently. Frothing at the mouth; salivation; watery saliva running constantly from mouth. Burning in mouth and in throat.

**TEETH.**—Tearing in teeth in evening, and in bones of face.

**NAUSEA.**—Nausea on motion; with relaxed sensation in stomach; paroxysmal as in seasickness, with vertigo and cold sweat; amounting almost to faintness; amelioration in open air.

**VOMITING.**—Vomiting violent; easy; of sour liquid; watery, sometimes insipid, sometimes bitter in morning, even before breakfast.

**MOUTH.**—Dryness of mouth and of palate, with thirst for water. Salivation; running from mouth like waterbrash.

**NAUSEA.**—Nausea with bilious taste; with salivation and closure of jaws, with great thirst and with frothing from mouth; with weakness.

**VOMITING.**—Vomiting and diarrhoea ten times, with pale sunken face covered with cold sweat, forcible, violent, of slimy acid liquid, with food. Vomiting of green mucus with cold sweat.

**MOUTH.**—Bleeding of gums on slightest touch. Salivation, with crawling on inside of cheeks.

**TEETH.**—Tearing in hollow molar. Jerking; drawing in roots of incisors; sharp jerking in two last molars.

**NAUSEA.**—Nausea aggravated by a sip of wine, with headache.

**ERUCLATIONS.**—Violent eruclations mostly of air; empty eruclations. Hiccough.

**FLATULENCE.**—Cutting pain in abdomen, with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulent here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus the more difficult to pass.

**ERUCLATIONS.**—Empty eruclations after dinner: sour.

**FLATULENCE.**—Distention of abdomen in evening; gurgling; rumbling with rolling in morning in bed; with grumbling and flatulent pain.

Persistent nausea and vomiting of pregnancy; with deathly nausea; pale face, coldness in the stomach; gall-stone colic. Gastralgia starting from the cardiac end of the stomach; pains extending into left arm. Seasickness.

Neuralgic toothache, pulsating, driving to madness; teeth feel heavy as if filled with lead. Craving for juicy things. Most violent retching and vomiting of food or of whatever is taken into the stomach; the ejecta are always very profuse, and the vomiting is attended with cold sweat; great prostration; burning in the stomach and great sensitiveness to touch. Vomiting of great quantities of blood at times, even bright red, usually dark and thick. Dyspepsia from chewing tobacco, without vomiting or diarrhoea.

Globus-hystericus rising from the pit-of the stomach. Difficult dentition; child is weak, cold; pulse soft; bores the head into the pillow; tends to squint; cries out in sleep, and particularly has restless feet. Gastric derangements aggravated by alcoholic stimulants; especially flatulence, with much rumbling in abdomen. Atonic dyspepsia; feeling as if the stomach were collapsed. Flatulent colic; lead colic. Enlargement of the liver, with flatulent dyspepsia.





PART I.

# REPERTORY

OF

Stomach, Appetite, Thirst, Taste, Tongue, Mouth, Teeth,  
Nausea, Vomiting, Eructations, Flatulence, Etc.



# REPERTORY OF PART I.

## ABDOMEN.

Abdomen. (*Distention of Abdomen.*) Distention and hardness of abdomen, with intolerance of tight clothing. Calc. C. 7.

Abdomen. Distention of abdomen by flatulence, waking about midnight, causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief; new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. Cocc. 7.

Abdomen. Distention of abdomen from gas and hardness. Merc. S. 7.

Abdomen. Distention of abdomen, with motion of flatus. Aloe 7.

Abdomen. Flatulent distention of abdomen after stool. Lyc. 7.

Abdomen. Appetite lost as soon as he sees food, and he feels full in abdomen and aversion to it when he begins to eat. Sul. 2.

Abdomen. Appetite after eating, though stomach and abdomen are full and tense; great appetite, then distention of abdomen. Lyc. 2.

Abdomen. Tension in abdomen and incarceration of flatus. Lyc. 7.

Abdomen. Contractive pain in stomach at night, extending into chest, with distention of abdomen; paroxysmal, arresting breath, obliging her to bend double; worse when lying. Carbo V. 1.

Abdomen. Flatulent distention of abdomen after eating; after drinking in morning, with gurgling; also in bed, with spasmodic and griping, flatulent colic and heat in palms and soles. Nux Vom. 7.

Abdomen. Distention of abdomen in morning in bed; amelioration from emission of flatus. Sul. 7.

Abdomen. Distention of abdomen after dinner, with rumbling, by flatus. Carbo V. 7.

Abdomen. Distention of abdomen as from incarceration of flatus; intolerance of anything tight about hypochondria. Graph. 1.

Abdomen. Pain in epigastric region as from overloading stomach after eating; in pit after drinking, causing tightness of breath with distention of abdomen. Nux Vom. 1.

Abdomen. Sudden satiety at noon after a little roast lamb, with thirst, heaviness in stomach and distention in abdomen. Lyc. 2.

Abdomen. Distention of abdomen with flatulence; with pain; rumbling. Robina. 7.

Abdomen. Distention of abdomen in evening; gurgling, rumbling with rolling in morning in bed; with grumbling and flatulent pain. Zinc 7.

Abdomen. Distention of abdomen after eating, after a moderate supper, with griping, and here and there sharp pain, as from flatulent food and much drink. China 7.

Abdomen. Distention of abdomen at night, relieved by emission of flatus. Mag. C. 7.

Abdomen. Distention of abdomen after dinner, with emission of flatus: fermentation; flatulent pain. Natr. M. 7.

Abdomen. Distention of abdomen, with griping and emission of flatus. Asa. 7.

Abdomen. Great distention of the abdomen, not relieved by warmth. Pul. Clin.

Abdomen. Acid dyspepsia, with bloated abdomen; sour or putrid eructations; sometimes nausea and vomiting. Sep. Clin.

Abdomen. Chronic dyspepsia; repugnance to hot or warm food; thirst; bloated abdomen. Calc. C. Clin.

Abdomen. Flatulence, with tension of abdomen. Coloc. 7.

Abdomen. Stomach and abdomen tense after moderate meal; clothes seem too tight. Nit. Ac. 1.

Abdomen. Dyspepsia aggravated by any mental effort; stomach and abdomen became excessively bloated from any unpleasant emotion. Nux. Mos. Clin.

Abdomen. Pain in stomach, as from fullness, as after too much eating, with distended, but not hard abdomen. Ant. C. 1.

Abdomen. During pregnancy extreme flatulent distention of abdomen. Nux Mos. Clin.

Abdomen. Violent gastralgia, with distention of abdomen; belching of wind and regurgitation of liquid. Asaf. Clin.

Abdomen. Tension in abdomen in afternoon from accumulated flatus, but it passed copiously and easily. Carbo V. 7.

Abdomen. Gastralgia, colic, and distention of abdomen. Caust. Clin.

Abdomen. Flatulence and distention of abdomen from things which usually digested easily. Carbo V. 7.

## ABDOMEN.

Abdomen. Tendency to flatulent distention of abdomen and stomach. Calc. C. Clin.

Abdomen. Excessive flatulent distention of abdomen, with dysmenorrhœa. Cocc. Clin.

Abdomen. (*Pain in Abdomen.*) Cutting pain in abdomen, with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulence here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus the more difficult to pass. Ver. Alb. 7.

Abdomen. Nausea all day, in morning, with accumulation of water in mouth; in morning on waking; she could not eat breakfast; with cutting in upper abdomen and diarrhœa. Petr. 6.

Abdomen. Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning, then cutting in abdomen and nausea in morning after eating a little, with return of a metallic, herby taste, with weight and heat as from a stone in epigastrium; aggravation from walking; amelioration from sitting. Nux Vom. 1.

Abdomen. Burning pain in stomach, in pit and in abdomen, aggravated by pressure. Ars. Alb. 1.

Abdomen. Terrible distress in the stomach and abdomen, with burning, accompanied by vomiting. Secale. Clin.

Abdomen. Longing for acids, with flatulent dyspepsia; soreness over the abdomen and liver; blisters in the mouth, and especially with a feeling of something twisting about the stomach and rising into the throat. Sep. Clin.

Abdomen. Sensation as if beaten in epigastric region and abdomen, with fullness in former and eructations. Asaf. 1.

Abdomen. Cramp in the region of the stomach and abdomen, or very violent, cutting pain, going through to back, as if transfixed, and preventing the slightest motion. Cupr. Clin.

Abdomen. Gastro-duodenal catarrh, with headache, vertigo, bitter taste, nausea and vomiting; soreness of the stomach and abdomen. Nux Vom. Clin.

Abdomen. Pain in abdomen before breakfast; flatulent; amelioration from difficult emission of flatus. Natr. S. 7.

Abdomen. Pain in abdomen after eating; relieved by emission of flatus, with nausea. Psor. 7.



## ABDOMEN.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## ACID.

Abdomen. Gastralgia relieved by eating, but the colic lower down in the abdomen comes on immediately after eating; worse below umbilicus. Graph. Clin.

Abdomen. Flatulent dyspepsia, with belching of large quantities of offensive gas, partially relieving the pain in the stomach and abdomen. Diosc. Clin.

Abdomen. Pain in abdomen, relieved by discharge of flatus in evening and night; better by bending forward. Iris 7.

Abdomen. Griping in abdomen always before emission of flatus. Graph. 7.

Abdomen. Griping in abdomen, with pain on passage of flatus. China 7.

Abdomen. Cutting in abdomen in morning, with emission of flatus. Pul. 7.

Abdomen. Pain at cardiac orifice, aggravated by swallowing bread, which seems to remain there, gradually extending over abdomen, with vomiting, first of green, then of blackish substance. Phos. 1.

Abdomen. Painless gnawing in stomach, then gnawing in sides, extending across under ribs; deep in abdomen. Lach. 1.

Abdomen. Pain in epigastrium in morning on touch; at noon; a few hours after eating; with nausea and dullness of head in evening; towards evening and in abdomen, with painful vomiting and diarrhoea. Phos. 1.

Abdomen. Severe gastralgia, brought on by the slightest food or drink; the pain is burning hot, and extends up sides and over abdomen. Ars. A. Clin.

**Abdomen. (Rumbling in Abdomen.)** Rumbling in abdomen, with emission of much flatus; offensive. Diosc. 7.

**Abdomen.** Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening, or colic, aggravated in evening in bed, with griping and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another. Pul. 7.

**Abdomen.** Rumbling in abdomen all day; in afternoon; relieved by emission of fetid flatus, with griping and feeling as if a loose stool would pass at night, with gurgling. Sul. 7.

Abdomen. Rumbling in abdomen, with uneasiness and emission of flatus. Nit. Ac. 7.

Abdomen. Gastric derangements, aggravated by alcoholic stimulants; especially flatulence, with much rumbling in abdomen. Zinc. Clin.

Abdomen. Grumbling in upper part of abdomen in evening, then fetid flatus. Natr. S. 7.

Abdomen. Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about painfully; worse in upper abdomen. Pul. 7.

Abdomen. Thirst in evening after fever, with hunger; then, after eating, coldness and rumbling in abdomen, after shivering through skin, after chill during sweat on back and forehead. China 2.

**Abdomen. (Miscellaneous.)** Fermentation in abdomen from fruit. China 7.

Abdomen. **Offensive flatus**, and at last moist flatus, with dragging towards sacrum and thence towards abdomen. Carbo V. 7.

Abdomen. Accumulation of flatus in left upper abdomen, more towards back, with pinching here and there, under short ribs, in hypogastrium. Carbo V. 7.

Abdomen. Gastralgia, with feeling of coldness and faintness in the abdomen. Petr. Clin.

Abdomen. Atony of the stomach and abdomen; feeling as if it hung down relaxed. Staph. Clin.

Abdomen. Gastralgia; pains sudden, violent, compelling hard pressure on the abdomen; amelioration from eructations. Plumb. Clin.

Abdominal flatulence, with much rumbling and gurgling, and pains of various sorts. Lyc. Clin.

Abscess at the root of the tooth, with external swelling; dental fistula. Petr. Clin.

Abscesses at roots of teeth. Sil. Clin.

Abraded. Epidermal cutting of mouth and fauces; abraded in morning, but partly hanging in large pieces; the mucous membrane itself swollen and loose. Caust. 5.

**Accumulation.** Nausea all day, in morning, with accumulation of water in mouth; in morning on waking; she could not eat breakfast; with cutting in upper abdomen and diarrhoea. Petr. 6.

Accumulation of flatus in left upper abdomen, more towards back, with pinching here and there under short ribs, in hypogastrium. Carbo V. 7.

Aching. (*Aching in Stomach*). Heavy aching distress in stomach; burning in stomach and region of gall bladder. Robina. 1.

Aching and throbbing in stomach; amelioration from eructations; with pain from the jar of walking. Sep. 1.

Aching. Gastralgia; aching extending through to the back; obliged to take a long breath. Rumex Clin.

Aching; burning in stomach, extending to mouth, with dryness; as from a stone in pit. Acon. 1.

**Aching. (Aching in Teeth.)** Aching in teeth. Arn. M. 5.

Aching in teeth at night, then general chilliness, with swelling of gums and salivary glands. Merc. S. 5.

Aching in teeth as soon as anything warm is taken into the mouth. Pul. 5.

Aching of teeth when chewing and on touch; with sensitiveness in a sound tooth, when eating, as if too long; drawing; relieved by warm drinks. Lyc. 5.

Aching of teeth only when eating; as if something got into a hollow tooth. Kali. C. 5.

Aching of teeth on chewing and biting, as if they would be forced out. Pul. 5.

Aching of teeth at night disturbing sleep, with anxiety, with swelling of gums. Merc. C. 5.

Aching. Hollow teeth decay very rapidly; aching in hollow in evening on touch of tongue. Mezer. 5.

Aching in teeth only at night, and when it ceases in the morning excitement and uneasiness, preventing sleep; with swelling of gum, as if suppurating. Lyc. 5.

Aching in a hollow tooth aggravated at night and on touching the tooth with the tongue; pain as if the nerve were scratched. Ant. C. 5.

Aching in all teeth after cold drinks or opening mouth; aggravated on biting teeth together. Hep. 5.

Aching of teeth from slightest draught of air; in open air; with pain in submaxillary glands. Sul. 5.

Aching in teeth during menses, with throbbing in gums; worse in a hollow molar, which pains as if elongated and swollen; then swelling of gums and cheeks. Sep. 5.

Aching of teeth from drawing air into mouth. Staph. 5.

Aching of teeth on taking anything warm into mouth. Bry. 5.

Aching in teeth worse at night, with heat in face; drawing pain. Graph. 5.

Aching in teeth, aggravated by chewing, eating sour things, and putting cold things into mouth, with grumbling and digging, especially in lower teeth. Arg. N. 5.

**Acid. (Acid Dyspepsia.)** Acid dyspepsia, with heartburn and flatulence. Natr. S. Clin.

**Acid.** Indigestion, mostly acid, with palpitation and distress about the heart. Natr. C. Clin.

Acid dyspepsia; the region of the stomach becomes distended and extremely sensitive to touch. Lyc. Clin.

Acid dyspepsia; heartburn even after milk; constant satiety; no relief from belching gas. China Clin.

Acid dyspepsia; sour eructations. Mag. C. Clin.

Acid dyspepsia; sour vomiting and sour eructations. Caust. Clin.

Acid dyspepsia, with sour vomiting, coming on an hour or so after eating. Kali. B. Clin.

Acid dyspepsia, with heartburn, coldness of the surface of the body, feeble pulse, etc. Carbo V. Clin.

Acid dyspepsia, with bloated abdomen; sour or putrid eructations; sometimes nausea and vomiting. Sep. Clin.

Acid dyspepsia, with constant weight in the stomach; eructations of sour liquid. Robina. Clin.

**Acid. (Miscellaneous.)** Sour eructations, the taste of which does not remain in the mouth, but the acid gnaws in the stomach; waterbrash. Lyc. 7.

**Acid.** Vomiting and diarrhoea ten times, with pale, sunken face, covered with cold sweat; forcible; violent; of slimy, acid liquid; with food. Ver. Alb. 6.

Acid fermentation in stomach; everything turns sour; sour risings. Calc. C. Clin.

Acid. Intensely acid vomiting; this symptom has been relieved even when associated with cancer of the stomach. Robina. Clin.



**ACID.**

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

**AFTER.**

Acid. Appetite for fruit and acid things in general; aversion to green food. Mag. C. 2.

Acid. Vomiting of food; of blood mixed with dark acid matter, with bile and mucus; black acid liquid like coffee grounds; offensive. Phos. 6.

Acid. Indigestion; food becomes acid. Pod. Clin.

Acid. Nausea in morning, with slimy mouth, changing to an acid taste. Pul. 6.

Acids. Appetite for fruit; longing for only cold food, herring, sardines or acids. Ver. Alb. 2.

Acids. General craving for acids and aversion to meat and fat or rich food. Pul. Clin.

Acids. Longing for acids, with flatulent dyspepsia; soreness over the abdomen and liver; blisters in the mouth, and especially with a feeling of something twisting about the stomach and rising into the throat. Sep. Clin.

Acids. Desire for acids. Bry. 2.

Acids. Great desire for acids. Stram. 2.

Acids. Thirst for acids; longing for beer. Kali. B. 2.

Acids. Dyspepsia following the abuse of mercury or quinine; indicated by the longing for highly seasoned food or for acids. Hep. Clin.

Acids. Gnawing in stomach, as if from acids, rising into throat. Hep. 1.

Acids. Uneasiness, starting from pit of stomach, then eructations of food and acids. Kali. C. 1.

Acids. Ravenous appetite at night; longing for acids and spicy things. Phos. 2.

Acidity. Nausea, with acidity and retching. Pod. 6.

Acidity of stomach when lying on back and when walking, with burning. Carbo V. 1.

Acidity. Gastric catarrh from excessive acidity; heartburn. Sep. Clin.

Acidity. Burning acidity rising from stomach, with spasmodic constriction. Kali. C. 1.

Acidity of stomach after dinner. Mag. M. 1.

Acid. Bilious colic; almost incessant vomiting of extremely acid substances, with soreness over the liver. Iris Clin.

Acid. Gums, mouth, tongue and palate slimy, with raw and sore feeling as from something acid. Nux Vom. 5.

Across. Painless gnawing in stomach, then gnawing in sides, extending across under ribs, deep in abdomen. Lach. 1.

Acute glossitis, with dry, hot mouth. Acon. Clin.

Acute pain in region of stomach and bladder with such sensibility that pressure caused convulsions. Canth. 1.

Adhesion of tough mucus to posterior wall of soft palate, necessitating hawking. Psor. 5.

Affections from excessive tea-drinking. Rumex Clin.

After. (After Eating.) Digestion slow; discomfort in stomach after eating a little. Lyc. 1.

After. Gnawing in stomach, relieved after supper; with weakness. Sep. 1.

After. Bitter taste after eating and drinking, though food has a natural taste. Pul. 3.

After. Eructations empty after eating; sour during the day. Sul. 7.

After. Taste bitter; bilious after eating and smoking. Pul. 3.

After. Pain in stomach an hour after eating. Pul. 1.

After. Eructations tasting of food, then nausea; of gas; bilious in evening; bitter at night; of a bitter fluid; tasting of rancid tallow after eating buckwheat cakes; as of bad meat after dinner; the taste remains, with nausea. Pul. 7.

After. Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning, then cutting in abdomen and nausea in morning after eating a little, with return of a metallic, herby taste; with weight and heat, as from a stone in epigastrium; aggravation from walking; amelioration from sitting. Nux Vom. 1.

After. Periodic pain in teeth always after waking; after eating and from warm and cold drinks; often extending through upper jaw to ear, with jerking, tearing, sticking. Lach. 5.

After. Pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after eating a little; with heaviness in epigastric region, caused by cough. Lyc. 1.

After. Full feeling in stomach after eating a little; heaviness. Sul. 1.

After. Appetite after eating, though stomach and abdomen are full and tense; great appetite, then distention of abdomen. Lyc. 2.

After. Flatulent distention of abdomen after eating; after drinking in morning, with gurgling; also in bed, with spasmodic and griping flatulent colic and heat in palms and soles. Nux Vom. 7.

After. Pain in epigastric region as from overloading the stomach after eating; in pit after drinking, causing tightness of breath with distention of abdomen. Nux Vom. 1.

After. Bad taste in morning, though food and drink have a natural taste; better after eating; low down in throat on hawking. Nux Vom. 3.

After. Eructations of bitter and sour liquid at night; bitter when fasting; sour all day; sour as far as tongue; of water after eating. Nux Vom. 7.

After. Nausea from smoking after eating; during dinner; relieved by lying down, with faintness and flashes of heat; after dinner. Nux Vom. 1.

After. Pressure as from a hard substance above pit of stomach; with coldness, heaviness after eating; aggravated by pressure. Phos. 1.

After. Sudden satiety at noon after a little roast lamb, with thirst, heaviness in stomach and distention in abdomen. Lyc. 2.

After. Salivation after eating; bloody saliva; salt saliva. Sul. 5.

After. Morning nausea; amelioration after eating; on waking, towards evening and at night, on washing mouth before breakfast on waking; with blackness before eyes in evening; weakness, even to faintness, with melancholy; easily startled; then vomiting of food; then retching. Sep. 6.

After. Sour taste; worse in morning after swallowing food that had a natural taste. Nux Vom. 3.

After. Heartburn, as after overloading stomach with rancid food. Nux Vom. 1.

After. Burning pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after dinner, with salivation, extending into throat; into mouth; soreness on waking. Kali. B. 1.

After. Taste bitter, even to tobacco smoke, to everything; amelioration after eating; to bread on swallowing, although it tasted good while chewing. China 3.

After. Stomach and abdomen tense after a moderate meal; clothes seem too tight. Nit. Ac. 1.

After. Indigestion; constant squeezing pain in the stomach after eating; can only eat once a day on account of the distress; backache; weakness. Robina. Clin.

After. Flatulent pain in the evening after a meal, here and there after midnight; not relieved by emission of flatus. Pul. 7.

After. Pain in stomach after breakfast and dinner; painfulness to touch. Natr. C. 1.

After. Stomach weak and easily disordered; scraping heartburn after fat food. Natr. C. 1.

After. Distention of stomach after eating. Natr. M. 1.

After. Sore pain in stomach after eating. Natr. M. 1.

After. Appetite great towards noon and after eating, weariness and sleepiness. Natr. M. 2.

After. Eructations after eating; incomplete; violent. Natr. M. 7.

After. Distention of abdomen after dinner, with emission of flatus; fermentation; flatulent pain. Natr. M. 7.

After. Nausea after eating, with heaviness and dullness of head. Nit. Ac. 6.

After. Eructations before and after eating; sour, empty. Nit. Ac. 7.

After. Neuralgic toothache from taking cold, involving healthy teeth; feeling as if they would be wrenched out; usually aggravated from cold air; especially worse immediately after eating. Nux Vom. Clin.

After. Distress in stomach, worse in the afternoon, amelioration after supper; with sensitiveness to clothes. Sep. 1.

After. Pain in abdomen after eating; relieved by emission of flatus; with nausea. Psor. 7.

After. Gastric symptoms are generally characterized by absence of thirst and longing for sweets; general relief after eating. Sabad. Clin.



**AFTER.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****AFTERNOON.**

After. Clawing in stomach in morning on rising, as from long fasting; better after eating. Pul. 1.

After. Breath offensive in morning; after dinner; sour. Nux Vom. 5.

After. Indigestion, characterized by extreme distress in the stomach immediately after eating; feeling as if the stomach knotted up at times; with bitter eructations, or with sour or putrid taste in the mouth; nearly always associated with nausea and efforts to vomit. Nux Vom. Clin.

After. Empty eructations in morning fasting; loud; when fasting and after eating. Plat. 7.

After. Pain in epigastrium in morning on touch; at noon; a few hours after eating; with nausea and dullness of head in evening; towards evening; and in abdomen, with painful vomiting and diarrhoea. Phos. 1.

After. Pain in stomach after a light meal, with fullness, eructations of food and colic; aggravated by sitting bent over and in region of duodenum, with difficult breathing. Lye. 1.

After. Thirst in evening after fever, with hunger; then, after eating, coldness and rumbling in abdomen, after shivering through skin, after chill during sweat on back and forehead. China 2.

After. Discharge of flatus; offensive after dinner; relieved after stool, with movements in hypogastrium. Coloc. 7.

After. Taste bitter in morning; sour after eating; to all food. Lye. 3.

After. Vomiting of food and bile; even to vomiting after a meal, with salivation; during menstruation. Lye. 6.

After. Regurgitation of food, hiccough, empty retching, weak, empty feeling; has to eat at night even, especially attended with sighing; gastric symptoms generally ameliorated after eating. Ign. Clin.

After. Pain in stomach after eating a little; when walking, as if it hung loose. Hep. 1.

After. Eructations after eating; frequent; without odor or taste. Hep. 7.

After. Dyspepsia, resulting from malt liquors, with flatulency, oppression after eating, nausea and vomiting of mucus. Kali. B. Clin.

After. Eructations, with oppression of stomach after eating or hiccough-like eructations. Cycl. 7.

After. Acidity of stomach after dinner. Mag. M. 1.

After. Vomiting of food immediately after eating. Ferr. 6.

After. Cramp-like pain in the stomach after every meal; oppression whenever she eats. Ferr. 1.

After. Acid dyspepsia, with sour vomiting, coming on an hour or so after eating. Kali. B. Clin.

After. Heaviness in stomach after eating. Kali. C. 1.

After. Boring in teeth after dinner; as if something got into tooth. Kali. C. 5.

After. Taste bitter before and after eating; bitter on palate, with dryness of tongue. Carbo V. 3.

After. Nausea after dinner and supper, with uneasiness and qualms in epigastric region, as after eating too much fat; in throat and palate on eating a little. Cycl. 6.

After. Pain beneath stomach after eating. Cocc. 1.

After. Heartburn in evening after supper; on waking in middle of night; after dinner. Kali. B. 1.

After. Hiccough after eating and drinking. Ign. 7.

After. Soreness in pit of stomach mornings, with pain, as from pressure on a sore place after eating a little. China 1.

After. Distention of abdomen after eating, after a moderate supper, with griping, and here and there sharp pain, as from flatulent food and much drink. China 7.

After. Pressure in stomach after eating; in region of stomach, with burning. Bism. 6.

After. Hiccough after eating and on every shock caused by it; pressure in forehead as if the brain shook from behind forward. Bry. 7.

After. Vomiting of food several hours after a meal. Kreas. Clin.

After. Vomiting after eating and drinking. Bel. 6.

After. Eructations after eating and drinking; violent, almost constant. Carbo V. 7.

After. Flatulent after every meal. Borax 7.

After. Burning in stomach, extending into throat, after every meal. Calc. C. 1.

After. Empty eructations after dinner; sour. Zinc. 7.

After. Eructations after eating a little; after eating and drinking; sour. Sep. 7.

After. Hiccough after a meal. Sep. 7.

After. Taste sour after eating. Sil. 3.

After. Pain in epigastric region after eating; aggravated by hard food; with sensitiveness of stomach. Sulf. Ac. 1.

After. Pain in pit of stomach after eating; with heaviness; burning. Sil. 1.

After. Pain beneath stomach when lying; in epigastric region on touch; after eating. Sul. 1.

After. Pain in pit of stomach on pressure; after a meal and on touch; sore internally. Sep. 1.

After. Sour eructations after a meal, with burning in throat. Sil. 7.

After. Gastric catarrh, with thickly white coated tongue, dry mouth; nausea, especially when the distress or regurgitation of food takes place a long time after a meal. Pul. Clin.

After. Atonic dyspepsia; digestion very slow; the food is tasted or regurgitated a long time after eating. Pul. Clin.

After. (*After Drinking.*) Taste vinegary all day after drinking milk; sour in morning till after breakfast; with sour eructations. Sul. 3.

After. Offensive taste, after drinking beer. Bry. 3.

After. Nausea in morning, so that she can scarcely rise; in afternoon after every drink; mostly in mouth, when riding in a wagon; if he became cold or took cold, causing salivation. Cocc. 6.

After. Bitter taste in morning fasting, continuing even when smoking; at 6 p. m.; in evening after beer; when eating and good appetite. Pul. 3.

After. Aching in all teeth after cold drinks or opening mouth; aggravated on biting teeth together. Hep. 5.

After. Tearing in teeth after chewing or cold drinks. Staph. 5.

After. Thirst, but nausea soon after drinking; for milk; for beer during chill, with shivering; for small beer after morning sweat. Nux Vom. 2.

After. Dryness of mouth in morning, without thirst, as after alcoholic stimulants the previous evening. Nux Vom. 5.

After. Vomiting of food after midnight, then aversion to food and dread of open air. Ferr. 6.

After. (*Miscellaneous.*) Flatulent distention of abdomen after stool. Lye. 7.

After. Dryness of mouth after midnight, as if tongue stuck to palate, without thirst; with much saliva in fauces. Nux Vom. 5.

After. Ravenous hunger, but speedy satiety after stool; ravenous, often making her sick. Petr. 2.

After nursing, the child vomits its milk in little white curds, and refuses to nurse afterwards. Ant. C. Clin.

After. Pain in region of stomach after lifting something heavy; the pain goes into small of back, where it becomes sticking, so that she cannot turn without pain the whole night; better in the morning. Borax 1.

After. Flatulent colic in evening after lying down. Nux Vom. 7.

After. Offensive odor from mouth in morning; in evening after lying down; at night. Pul. 5.

After. Nausea in morning after rising, with salivation. Mag. M. 6.

After. Nausea every morning, fasting; in morning after rising, so that she must sit down; with salivation. Lye. 6.

After. Vomiting of bile in morning after long violent retching. Hep. 6.

After. Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about painfully; worse in upper abdomen. Pul. 7.

After. Eructations in morning; with water after midnight; sour eructations. Kali. C. 7.

Afternoon. Pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after eating a little; with heaviness in epigastric region caused by cough. Lye. 1.

Afternoon. Pinching or choking pain in pit of stomach, impeding respiration in afternoon. Pul. 1.

Afternoon. Salivation running from mouth during afternoon nap; when sitting. Rhus Tox. 5.



## AFTERNOON.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## ACCRAVATION.

Afternoon. Burning pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after dinner, with salivation, extending into throat; into mouth; soreness on waking. Kali. B. 1.

Afternoon. Rumbling in abdomen all day; in afternoon relieved by emission of fetid flatus; with griping and feeling as if a loose stool would pass at night; with gurgling. Sul. 7.

Afternoon. Thirst in afternoon, with heat in palms. Zinc. 2.

Afternoon. Eructations of air, hot in afternoon and evening. Caust. 7.

Afternoon. Tension in abdomen in afternoon from accumulated flatus, but it passed copiously and easily. Carbo V. 7.

Afternoon. Loud flatulence all the afternoon; offensive. Caust. 7.

Afternoon. Taste bitter to dinner; metallic in afternoon; sour. Natr. C. 2.

Afternoon. Thirst great in afternoon. Natr. C. 2.

Afternoon. Eructations sour in afternoon; empty; waterbrash. Natr. C. 7.

Aggravated. (*Teeth.*) Jerking pain in teeth aggravated at night; pulseline from lower into ear and from upper into head, with pain of gums from 9 p. m. on. Merc. S. 5.

Aggravated. Aching in teeth, aggravated by chewing; eating sour things, and putting cold things into mouth, with grumbling and digging, especially in lower teeth. Arg. N. 5.

Aggravated. Toothache shooting into the ear and temple; aggravated in open air or by cold. Staph. Clin.

Aggravated. Neuralgic toothache, aggravated by cold air, resulting from the use of tobacco. Sep. Clin.

Aggravated. Hard pressure frequently relieves the toothache, which may be aggravated by light pressure. Staph. Clin.

Aggravated. Toothache aggravated from cold; amelioration from warmth. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Aggravated. Inflammation at root of a tooth, with pain, which is aggravated at night from cold. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Aggravated. Pain in teeth when eating; in incisors and anterior molars on drawing air into mouth; aggravated by cold or damp air. Nux Mos. 5.

Aggravated. Tearing first in roots of hollow teeth after chewing, then extending into crowns; aggravated in open air. Staph. 5.

Aggravated. Toothache in pregnancy, temporarily relieved by holding cold water in the mouth; always aggravated in the evening until midnight. Pul. Clin.

Aggravated. Sore pain in teeth, aggravated by exerting the mind and reflecting. Nux Vom. 5.

Aggravated. Aching in all teeth after cold drinks or opening mouth; aggravated on biting teeth together. Hep. 5.

Aggravated. Facial neuralgia, which seems to arise from the teeth; worse at night. Mezer. Clin.

Aggravated. Dental periostitis, with great soreness and elongation of the teeth; pain aggravated at night from warmth of bed; teeth loose; salivation offensive. Merc. S. Clin.

Aggravated. Neuralgic toothache from taking cold, involving healthy teeth, feeling as if they would be wrenched out; usually aggravated from cold air; especially worse immediately after eating. Nux Vom. Clin.

Aggravated. Neuralgic toothache aggravated by the warmth of the bed; amelioration from cold drinks. Mag. C. Clin.

Aggravated. Pain in teeth aggravated by drawing in air with open mouth; with stitches in one row of teeth, now in an upper, now in a lower molar, then in other teeth towards the front; aggravated by eating; at noon and evening; with red, hot spots on cheek and throat, with complaining mood, full of reproaches and despondency. Nux Vom. 5.

Aggravated. Digging in upper back teeth; aggravated for a moment by biting teeth together and pressing upon them. China 5.

Aggravated. (*Stomach.*) Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning, then cutting in abdomen and nausea in morning after eating a little; with return of a metallic, herby taste; with weight and heat as from a stone in epigastrium; aggravated by walking; amelioration from sitting. Nux Vom. 1.

Aggravated. Nausea in epigastric region; aggravated by eating and drinking, with waterbrash and disagreeable risings. Pul. 6.

Aggravated. Burning pain in stomach, in pit and in abdomen, aggravated by pressure. Ars. Alb. 1.

Aggravated. Pressure, as from a hard substance, above pit of stomach; with coldness, heaviness after eating; aggravated by pressure. Phos. 1.

Aggravated. Pain in stomach after a light meal, with fullness, eructations of food and colic; aggravated by sitting bent over and in region of duodenum, with difficult breathing. Lyc. 1.

Aggravated. Pain at cardiac orifice, aggravated by swallowing bread, which seems to remain there, gradually extending over abdomen, with vomiting first of green then of blackish substance. Phos. 1.

Aggravated. Burning in pit of stomach on pressure, with pain; burning pressure extending transversely at intervals; aggravated by pressure. Mezer. 1.

Aggravated. Dyspepsia aggravated by any mental effort; stomach and abdomen became excessively bloated from any unpleasant emotion. Nux Mos. Clin.

Aggravated. Hard pressure in stomach, aggravated after eating. Bel. 1.

Aggravated. Pain in pit of stomach; in epigastric region; in pit in evening; worse by paroxysms. Mezer. 1.

Aggravated. Pain in epigastric region after eating; aggravated by hard food; with sensitiveness of stomach. Sulf. Ac. 1.

Aggravated. Gastric derangements aggravated by alcoholic stimulants; especially flatulence with much rumbling in abdomen. Zinc. Clin.

Aggravated. Gastric troubles always aggravated during hot weather. Phos. Clin.

Aggravated. Emptiness in epigastric region worse in the oesophagus; not ameliorated by eating. Mur. Ac. 1.

Aggravated. Gastralgia coming on some hours after eating; relieved by warm milk; aggravated by cold drinks. Graph. Clin.

Aggravated. Severe gastralgia or cardialgia aggravated by the least nourishment; the stomach seems very irritable, and contracts painfully on its contents. Nux Vom. Clin.

Aggravated. Gastralgia aggravated by pressure. Ign. Clin.

Aggravated. (*Miscellaneous.*) Nausea aggravated by a sip of wine; with headache. Zinc. 6.

Aggravated. Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening or colic aggravated in evening in bed, with griping and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another. Pul. 7.

Aggravated. Inflammation of mouth and throat; all the parts are red, hot and dry; worse on right side. Bel. Clin.

Aggravated. Nausea associated with vertigo; aggravated by taking anything into the stomach, with faintness. Cocc. Clin.

Aggravated. Sour taste; worse in morning after swallowing food that had a natural taste. Nux Vom. 3.

Aggravated. Colic from cold water, aggravated by heat. Staph. Clin.

Aggravated. Colic; aggravated by riding in the cars or carriage; relieved by emission of flatus. Carbo V. Clin.

Aggravated. Colic of the most violent character; aggravated by hard pressure, sometimes with nausea and vomiting, sometimes with diarrhoea, sometimes with discharge of great quantities of gas; pains often extend into chest and pelvis. Coloc. Clin.

Aggravation. (*Teeth.*) Jerking pain in teeth; worse in morning; better when cold water taken into mouth becomes warm. Pul. 5.

Aggravation. Sticking gnawing in gums; worse towards evening and by warmth of bed; amelioration from uncovering, a draught of cold, open air. Pul. 5.

Aggravation. Tearing in teeth about 3 a. m., as if an exposed nerve were paining from cold air; worse lying on painless side, better by lying on painful cheek; relieved momentarily by cold water. Bry. 5.

Aggravation. Aching in teeth, worse at night, with heat in face; drawing pain. Graph. 5.

Aggravation. Inclination to gnash teeth as in a chill; aggravation from entrance of cold air. Calc. C. 5.



## ACCRAVATION.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## AMELIORATION.

Aggravation. Neuralgic toothache, ceasing entirely in the open air; aggravation in a warm room; always relieved when walking about. Pul. Clin.

Aggravation. Tearing, sticking in teeth on eating, extending into muscles of neck. Aggravation from warmth. Bry. 5.

Aggravation. Neuralgic toothache: amelioration from clenching teeth tightly, yet aggravated by slightly touching teeth in anæmic persons. China 5.

Aggravation. (*Miscellaneous.*) Emission of flatus, worse in the evening and night; offensive; smelling of sulphuretted hydrogen. Sul. 7.

Aggravation. Contractive pain in stomach at night, extending into chest, with distention of abdomen; paroxysmal, arresting breath, obliging her to bend double; worse when lying. Carbo V. 1.

Aggravation. General aggravation from fat food. Cycl. Clin.

Aggravation. Colic, as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. Nux Vom. 7.

Aggravation. Nausea worse after eating, with pressure in stomach. Bism. 6.

Aggravation. Nausea after each meal, worse during and after dinner, with troublesome efforts to vomit. Arg. N. 6.

Aggravation. Constriction and pinching in epigastric and hypochondriac regions; aggravation from eating; then changing into chest and impeding breathing. Pul. 1.

Aggravation. Gastralgia, relieved by eating, but the colic lower down in the abdomen comes on immediately after eating; worse below umbilicus. Graph. Clin.

Aggravation. Gripping in epigastric region after every meal; worse towards evening. Coloc. 1.

Aggravation. Spasmodic efforts to vomit, associated with great distress in the stomach; aggravation from eating. Nux Vom. Clin.

Aggravation. Distention of hypochondria; worse in sides, pit of stomach and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. Ign. 1.

Aggravation. Thirst; worse at night. Tabac. 2.

Aggravation. Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about painfully; worse in upper abdomen. Pul. 7.

Aggravation. Distress in stomach, worse in the afternoon, amelioration after supper; with sensitiveness to clothes. Sep. 1.

Aggravation. Extremely valuable remedy for catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thirst, white coated tongue, nausea and vomiting; aggravation from warm drinks, which are vomited. Bry. Clin.

Aggravation. Burning pain in tip of tongue as from soreness; aggravation from taking anything warm into mouth. Calc. C. 3.

Aggravation. Thirst during the heat; worse in the morning, especially for beer; for alcoholic drinks. Pul. 2.

Aggravation. Nausea in morning on waking, with vomiting; worse from slightest motion. Bry. 6.

Aggravation. Epigastric region sensitive in morning; worse towards evening; to pressure; with enlargement of liver; with tension. Phos. 1.

Aggravation. Gastralgia; pains extend to the chest; aggravation from motion; amelioration from quiet rest. Rumex Clin.

Aggravation. Gastralgia; aggravation from light and amelioration from hard pressure, transiently relieved by vomiting. Nux Vom. Clin.

Aggravation. Gastralgia; sharp cutting or sticking; aggravation from motion or eating. Kali. C. Clin.

Air. (*Teeth. Aggravation from Cold Air.*) Toothache when cold air or drinks enter the mouth. Calc. C. 5.

Air. Teeth feel too long and blunt on biting on them and from fresh air. Mezer. 5.

Air. Neuralgic toothache from taking cold, involving healthy teeth, feeling as if they would be wrenched out; usually aggravated from cold air; especially worse immediately after eating. Nux Vom. Clin.

Air. Violent toothache from taking cold, even in sound teeth, from cold air. Caust. Clin.

Air. Toothache in pregnant women, excited by cold or a draught of air. Calc. C. Clin.

Air. Neuralgic toothache, aggravated in open air. Agar. Clin.

Air. Sensitiveness of teeth to open air. Acon. 5.

Air. Inclination to gnash teeth, as in a chill; aggravation from entrance of cold air. Calc. C. 5.

Air. Toothache shooting into the ear and temple; aggravated in open air or by cold. Staph. Clin.

Air. Neuralgic toothache, aggravated by cold air, resulting from the use of tobacco. Sep. Clin.

Air. Aching of teeth from drawing air into mouth. Staph. 5.

Air. Tearing first in roots of hollow teeth after chewing, then extending into crowns; aggravated in open air. Staph. 5.

Air. Pain in hollow teeth, extending into head if air enters mouth. Nux Vom. 5.

Air. Looseness of teeth; sensitiveness to cold air. Natr. M. 5.

Air. Pain in teeth, aggravated by drawing in air with open mouth; with stitches in one row of teeth; now in an upper, now in a lower molar, then in other teeth towards the front, aggravated by eating; at noon and evening; with red, hot spots on cheek and throat, with complaining mood full of reproaches and despondency. Nux Vom. 5.

Air. Aching of teeth from slightest draught of air; in open air; with pain in submaxillary glands. Sul. 5.

Air. Pain in teeth when eating, in incisors and anterior molars on drawing air into mouth; aggravated by cold or damp air. Nux Mos. 5.

Air. Tearing in teeth about 3 a. m., as if an exposed nerve were paining from cold air; worse lying on painless side; better by lying on painful cheek; relieved momentarily by cold water. Bry. 5.

Air. Neuralgic toothache ceasing entirely in the open air; aggravation in a warm room; always relieved when walking about. Pul. Clin.

Air. Decaying teeth, with burning, boring pains, involving the bones of the face and head; temporarily relieved by drawing in cold air. Mezer. Clin.

Air. (*Miscellaneous.*) Sticking, gnawing in gums, worse towards evening and by warmth of bed; amelioration from uncovering, a draught of cold, open air. Pul. 5.

Air. Nausea, on motion, with relaxed sensation in stomach; paroxysmal, as in seasickness, with vertigo and cold sweat, amounting almost to faintness; amelioration in open air. Tabac. 6.

Air. Vomiting of food after midnight, then aversion to food and dread of open air. Ferr. 6.

Air. Violent eructations, mostly of air; empty eructations. Ver. Alb. 7.

Air. Eructations of air; hot in afternoon and evening. Caust. 7.

Alcohol. Inflammation of the stomach, caused by the habitual use of powerful drugs or of alcohol; strong coffee. Nux Vom. Clin.

Alcohol. Dyspepsia from alcohol, with persistent sour breath; the patient is shrivelled and cold and cannot eat; the liver is enlarged; chronic diarrhoea. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Alcoholic. Dryness of mouth in morning without thirst, as after alcoholic stimulants the previous evening. Nux Vom. 5.

Alcoholic. Gastric derangements aggravated by alcoholic stimulants; especially flatulence with much rumbling in abdomen. Zinc. Clin.

Alcoholic. Valuable remedy for the desire for alcoholic drinks. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Alcoholic. Thirst during the heat; worse in the morning, especially for beer; for alcoholic drinks. Pul. 2.

Alcoholism. Gastritis in chronic alcoholism, with constant nausea and vomiting. Crotal. H. Clin.

All food is extremely palatable. Can. Ind. 2.

Amelioration. (*Amelioration after Drinking.*) Taste bitter; relieved by frequent drinking of cold water, with nausea. Bry. 3.

Amelioration. Hæmorrhage from stomach, temporarily relieved by drinking cold water. Phos. Clin.

Amelioration. Dryness of tongue, relieved for a moment by drinking; then worse, so that tongue sticks to palate. Bry. 3.



## AMELIORATION.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## AMELIORATION.

- Amelioration. Vomiting of pregnancy, with constant salivation; feeling of a lump in throat; soreness in pit of stomach; great thirst; relieved by drinking hot water. Sulf. Ac. Clin.
- Amelioration. Gastric symptoms, relieved by cold drinks. Bism. Clin.
- Amelioration. Gastralgia coming on some hours after eating; relieved by warm milk; aggravated by cold drinks. Graph. Clin.
- Amelioration. Vomiting, with burning nausea, rising to throat; relieved by drinking cold water. Cupr. 6.
- Amelioration. Nausea, relieved by drinking; at night, with eructations of food. Phos. 6.
- Amelioration. Burning pain on tip of tongue, with blisters; with sensitiveness so that she could hardly eat; relieved by taking anything cold; burning as from highly seasoned food. Natr. S. 3.
- Amelioration. Vomiting of the contents of the stomach; temporarily relieved by cold drinks, but as soon as these become warm the vomiting is renewed. Phos. Clin.
- Amelioration. (*Amelioration after Eating.*) Gnawing in stomach, relieved after supper; with weakness. Sep. 1.
- Amelioration. Bad taste in morning, though food and drink have a natural taste; better after eating; low down in throat on hawking. Nux Vom. 3.
- Amelioration. Taste bitter, even to tobacco smoke; to everything; amelioration after eating; to bread on swallowing, although it tasted good while chewing. China 3.
- Amelioration. Taste bitter; relieved when eating and drinking. Chel. 3.
- Amelioration. Morning nausea, amelioration after eating; on waking, towards evening and at night, on washing mouth before breakfast, on waking; with blackness before eyes in evening; weakness, even to faintness, with melancholy; easily startled; then vomiting of food; then retching. Sep. 6.
- Amelioration. Clawing in stomach in morning on rising, as from long fasting; better after eating. Pul. 1.
- Amelioration. Gastric symptoms are generally characterized by absence of thirst and longing for sweets; general relief after eating. Sabad. Clin.
- Amelioration. Distress in stomach, worse in the afternoon, amelioration after supper; with sensitiveness to clothes. Sep. 1.
- Amelioration. Atonic dyspepsia, with amenorrhœa; the nausea and vomiting generally relieved by eating and lying down. Sep. Clin.
- Amelioration. Dyspepsia, with indescribable distress in region of stomach; only temporarily relieved by eating. Calc. P. Clin.
- Amelioration. Nausea, caused by milk, when he had eaten almost enough; amelioration if he once ceased eating; with flow of sour water into mouth. Calc. C. 6.
- Amelioration. Gastric disturbances; relieved temporarily by eating; prefers hot drinks and hot food. Chel. Clin.
- Amelioration. Dyspepsia, with violent pain, extending into the chest; with nausea, temporarily relieved by eating. Petr. Clin.
- Amelioration. Gastralgia, relieved by eating, but the colic lower down in the abdomen comes on immediately after eating; worse below umbilicus. Graph. Clin.
- Amelioration. Dyspepsia, temporarily relieved by eating. Petr. Clin.
- Amelioration. Gastric ulcer, with burning and great uneasiness in stomach; temporarily relieved by eating; hence constant desire to eat. Mezer. Clin.
- Amelioration. Regurgitation of food, hicough, empty retching, weak, empty feeling; has to eat at night even, especially attended with sighing; gastric symptoms generally relieved after eating. Ing. Clin.
- Amelioration. (*Amelioration from Eructations.*) Flatulence here and there in hypochondria; even in back and region of ribs, and in chest, causing tension and bubbling; amelioration from empty eructations. Lyc. 7.
- Amelioration. Pain in pit of stomach all forenoon, relieved by eructations; with necessity to vomit. Graph. 1.
- Amelioration. Flatulent dyspepsia, with belching of large quantities of offensive gas, partially relieving the pain in stomach and abdomen. Diosc. Clin.
- Amelioration. Distress in stomach, in morning, with burning; relieved by empty eructations; had to unfasten clothes. Diosc. 1.
- Amelioration. Eructations of sour, bitter wind, relieving pain in epigastrium. Diosc. 1.
- Amelioration. Feeling as if stomach would burst after yawning, with sensation as if œsophagus were spasmodically closed; hence, ineffectual effort to eructate, relieved by empty eructations. Arg. N. 7.
- Amelioration. Dyspepsia after eating; thirst; pain in stomach; relieved for a short time by raising wind; when fasting, the pain goes to the spine, feeling as if one ought to raise flatus and could not. Calc. P. 7.
- Amelioration. Pain in region of stomach at night; amelioration from eructations. Sul. 1.
- Amelioration. Aching and throbbing in stomach; amelioration from eructations; with pain from the jar of walking. Sep. 1.
- Amelioration. Gastralgia; pains sudden, violent, compelling hard pressure on the abdomen; amelioration from eructations. Plumb. Clin.
- Amelioration. Cramp in stomach at night, relieved by eructations. Coloc. 1.
- Amelioration. (*Amelioration from Emission of Flatus.*) Distention of abdomen in morning in bed; amelioration from emission of flatus. Sul. 7.
- Amelioration. Rumbling in abdomen all day; in afternoon relieved by emission of fetid flatus, with griping and feeling as if a loose stool would pass at night; with gurgling. Sul. 7.
- Amelioration. Colic; aggravated by riding in the cars or carriage; relieved by emission of flatus. Carbo V. Clin.
- Amelioration. Pain in abdomen after eating; relieved by emission of flatus; with nausea. Psor. 7.
- Amelioration. Frequent colic, only slightly relieved by evacuating gas; attacks come at night, associated with feeling of emptiness; nausea, vertigo. Cocc. Clin.
- Amelioration. Pain in abdomen, relieved by discharge of flatus in evening and night; better by bending forward. Iris 7.
- Amelioration. Distention of abdomen at night, relieved by emission of flatus. Mag. C. 7.
- Amelioration. Pain in abdomen before breakfast; flatulent; amelioration from difficult emission of flatus. Natr. S. 7.
- Amelioration. (*Amelioration from Lying.*) Distention of abdomen by flatulence; waking about midnight; causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief; new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. Cocc. 7.
- Amelioration. Nausea from smoking after eating; during dinner; relieved by lying down, with faintness and flashes of heat; after dinner. Nux Vom. 6.
- Amelioration. Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning, then cutting in abdomen and nausea in morning after eating a little; with return of a metallic, herby taste; with weight and heat as from a stone in epigastrium; aggravation from walking; amelioration from sitting. Nux Vom. 1.
- Amelioration. Colic, as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. Nux Vom. 7.
- Amelioration. Pressure in pit of stomach, relieved by lying down. Caust. 1.
- Amelioration. Pain all day in stomach, relieved by lying and warmth of bed, returning on rising. Graph. 1.
- Amelioration. (*Miscellaneous.*) Nausea on motion, with relaxed sensation in stomach; paroxysmal as in seasickness, with vertigo and cold sweat, amounting almost to faintness; amelioration in open air. Tabac. 6.
- Amelioration. Ulcer in the stomach; burning pain; amelioration from vomiting; tenderness; flushes of heat rising into the head. Sang. Clin.
- Amelioration. Gastralgia; pains extend to the chest; aggravation from motion; amelioration from quiet rest. Rumex. Clin.



## AMELIORATION.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## APPETITE.

- Amelioration. Discharge of flatus; offensive after dinner; relieved after stool, with movement in hypogastrium. Coloc. 7.
- Amelioration. Gastralgia; aggravation from light and amelioration from hard pressure; transiently relieved by vomiting. Nux Vom. Clin.
- Amelioration. Tension in region of stomach in forenoon, relieved by moving about. Pul. 1.
- Amelioration. Pain in region of stomach after lifting something heavy; the pain goes into small of back, where it becomes sticking, so that she can not turn without pain the whole night; better in the morning. Borax 1.
- Amelioration. (*Teeth.*) Jerking pain in teeth; worse in morning, better when cold water taken into mouth becomes warm. Pul. 5.
- Amelioration. Sticking gnawing in gums, worse towards evening and by warmth of bed; amelioration from uncovering, a draught of cold, open air. Pul. 5.
- Amelioration. Tearing in teeth about 3 a. m., as if an exposed nerve were paining from cold air; worse lying on painless side; better by lying on painful cheek; relieved momentarily by cold water. Bry. 5.
- Amelioration. Aching of teeth when chewing and on touch; with sensitiveness in a sound tooth; when eating, as if too long; drawing relieved by warm drinks. Lyc. 5.
- Amelioration. Toothache in pregnancy, temporarily relieved by holding cold water in mouth; always aggravated in the evening until midnight. Pul. Clin.
- Amelioration. Toothache aggravated by cold; amelioration from warmth. Rhus Tox. Clin.
- Amelioration. Tearing in teeth; amelioration from hot applications. Rhus Tox. 5.
- Amelioration. Hard pressure frequently relieves the toothache, which may be aggravated by light pressure. Staph. Clin.
- Amelioration. Neuralgic toothache; amelioration from clenching teeth tightly, yet aggravated by slightly touching teeth in anæmic persons. China 5.
- Amelioration. Neuralgic toothache aggravated by the warmth of the bed; amelioration from cold drinks. Mag. C. Clin.
- Amelioration. Toothache relieved by holding cold water in mouth. Natr. S. Clin.
- Amelioration. Decaying teeth, with burning, boring pains, involving the bones of the face and head; temporarily relieved by drawing in cold air. Mezer. Clin.
- Amelioration. Neuralgic toothache ceasing entirely in the open air; aggravation in a warm room; always relieved when walking about. Pul. Clin.
- Amenorrhœa. Atonic dyspepsia, with amenorrhœa; the nausea and vomiting generally relieved by eating and lying down. Sep. Clin.
- Amelioration. Tearing toothache, extending to head; amelioration from warmth. Nux Vom. Clin.
- Anæmic. Neuralgic toothache; amelioration from clenching teeth tightly, yet aggravated by slightly touching teeth in anæmic persons. China 5.
- Anger. Colic from suppressed perspiration, as from drinking ice water when heated, or it may be brought on by fits of anger; the patient always doubles up with colic. Coloc. Clin.
- Anguish. Vomiting with headache and trembling of hands; with frequent stools; also with weakness; with anguish; then constant, involuntary, watery stools. Ant. T. 6.
- Animal. Aversion to animal food when thinking of it; to salt food. Graph. 2.
- Anorexia. Dislike for all food. Ferr. 2.
- Anorexia, without bad taste or thirst; always feels full. Ferr. 2.
- Anterior. Burning on anterior surface of tongue; on tip; scalded sensation. Coloc. 3.
- Anus. Colic, as if flatulence with cutting were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. Nux Vom. 7.
- Anxiety. Painful swelling of pit of stomach, with anxiety. Arg. N. 1.
- Anxiety. Pain in epigastric region on pressure, with anxiety. Bry. 1.
- Anxiety in pit of stomach at night, rising high up. Ars. Alb. 1.
- Anxiety. Nausea in forenoon with weakness, anxiety and tremulous sensation through whole body. Plat. 6.
- Anxiety. Pain in the stomach; tightness in epigastrium, as if a ball extended to throat, where it caused suffocation, preventing speaking and swallowing; with anxiety. Plumb. 1.
- Anxiety in pit of stomach, with heartburn. Lyc. 1.
- Anxiety. Aching of teeth at night, disturbing sleep; with anxiety; with swelling of gums. Merc. C. 5.
- Anxiety; oppression in stomach. Chel. 1.
- Anxious pulsation in pit of stomach, with shooting. Acon. 1.
- Anxious pain in pit of stomach at night, with palpitation. Sul. 1.
- Apex. Soreness of tongue, with redness of apex. Rhus Tox. 3.
- Aphthæ in mouth, bluish-red and spongy; the ulcer spreads without penetrating into flesh; stomatitis. Merc. S. 5.
- Aphthæ in mouth; breath offensive. Sulf. Ac. 5.
- Aphthæ of mouth and cheek, with burning; relaxed uvula. Natr. M. Clin.
- Aphthæ. Sore mouth; aphthæ occurring during protracted diseases, especially in children; with marasmus; with salivation; sour vomiting; stools like chopped eggs. Sulf. Ac. Clin.
- Aphthæ on tip of tongue. Bry. 3.
- Aphthæ on inside of cheek, bleeding when eating. Borax 5.
- Aphthæ. Canker sores on the tongue and aphthæ in the mouth. Lach. Clin.
- Aphthous mouth in nursing children. Mur. Ac. Clin.
- Aphthous sore mouth occurring in the last stages of wasting diseases, sometimes with watery diarrhœa and irritable stomach. Mur. Ac. Clin.
- Aphthous. Violent stomatitis, with large aphthous patches, with burning pain. Merc. C. Clin.
- Aphthous. Burning pain and rawness in mouth, then aphthous and denuded spots. Lach. 5.
- Aphthous stomatitis, with ptyalism, bad odor, etc. Merc. S. Clin.
- Aphthous. White, aphthous pustules on inside of lips and cheeks and on tongue. Hep. 5.
- Aphthous sore mouth; the ulcers bleed on eating, or on touch; mouth very tender in nursing children; hot, with thirst and vomiting. Borax Clin.
- Aphthous sore mouth. Staph. Clin.
- Appetite. (*Good Appetite.*) Appetite for bread and butter. Merc. S. 2.
- Appetite after eating, though stomach and abdomen are full and tense; great appetite, then distention of abdomen. Lyc. 2.
- Appetite unnatural, even when dying from exhausting stools. Secale 2.
- Appetite increased; ravenous; if he does not eat, headache, lassitude and necessity to lie down. Sul. 2.
- Appetite increased. Can. Ind. 2.
- Appetite. Violent hunger; hunger in stomach; with undisturbed appetite. Ver. Alb. 2.
- Appetite for fruit; longing for only cold food, herring, sardines or acids. Ver. Alb. 2.
- Appetite increased for various things, but does not know exactly what; hunger but want of appetite; food tastes natural, yet is disagreeable in mouth; indifference to eating and drinking only while eating; appetite and natural taste to food returned. China 2.
- Appetite. Great appetite; appetite for different things, but as soon as he sees them, or still more smells them, he shudders from nausea, and cannot eat. Colch. 2.
- Appetite. Bitter taste in morning fasting, continuing even when smoking; at 6 p. m.; in evening after beer; when eating and good appetite. Pul. 3.
- Appetite. Burning in pit of stomach like heartburn, with good appetite. Ant. C. 1.
- Appetite. Nausea at night during menses, with retching and waterbrash; during suppression of menses, with good appetite; when he wishes to eat; when eating, so that food was repulsive. Pul. 6.
- Appetite great. Natr. C. 2.
- Appetite great, but aversion to food. Nux Vom. 2.
- Appetite. Nausea, with good appetite and natural taste to food. Sil. 6.
- Appetite great at noon and in evening. Mezer. 2.
- Appetite great towards noon, and after eating weariness and sleepiness. Natr. M. 2.



## APPETITE.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## AVERSION.

Appetite. Nausea at noon, when his appetite is nearly satisfied; at night, with vomiting and frequent stools; after dinner; with pressure in pit of stomach, then aching in forehead. Ant. T. 6.

Appetite. Ravenous appetite with emptiness in stomach; with loss of appetite in palate and throat. Rhus Tox. 2.

Appetite ravenous. Secale 2.

Appetite. Ravenous appetite before supper; with loss of appetite and trembling in limbs; then coldness over whole body, with heat in chest, so that it was difficult to fall asleep. Sil. 2.

Appetite. Ravenous appetite. Zinc. 2.

Appetite great for apples, with thirst for cool water. Ant. T. 2.

Appetite violent, but satiety after eating a little. Amm. C. 2.

Appetite. Insipid and spoiled sensation in stomach, with good appetite. Graph. 1.

Appetite. Canine hunger. Coloc. 2.

Appetite. Ravenous hunger, but the appetite sometimes vanishes and there is absolute disgust for food; the attempt to eat brings on diarrhoea; sinking in stomach. Ferr. Clin.

Appetite great; in evening; diminished, especially for meat; can eat only bread and butter; meat disagrees with him. Ferr. 2.

Appetite for fruit, and acid things in general; aversion to green food. Mag. C. 2.

Appetite. Ravenous appetite; she feels that it is not a genuine hunger. Merc. S. 2.

Appetite for only sour, pungent things. Hep. 2.

Appetite increased; at one time good, at another lost. Lach. 2.

Appetite. Canine hunger, but the attempt to eat is followed by flatulent distention and inability to take more food; or sometimes the flatulent distention immediately takes away the appetite; or sometimes a feeling of constant satiety; he feels too full before he has eaten anything and cannot eat. Lyc. Clin.

Appetite. Ravenous appetite at night; longing for acids and spicy things. Phos. 2.

Appetite great at noon; he ate with haste, and though it oppressed the stomach he could have eaten more. Nux Mos. 2.

Appetite. (*Appetite Lost.*) Appetite lost and whatever she eats goes against her, even to vomiting. Lyc. 2.

Appetite lost as soon as he sees food, and he feels full in abdomen and aversion to it when he begins to eat. Sul. 2.

Appetite lost. Kali. B. 2.

Appetite lost; diminished; aversion to food. Plumb. 2.

Appetite. Hunger great; hunger without appetite; appetite diminished. Psor. 2.

Appetite. Metallic taste, with loss of appetite; metallic at root of tongue. Cocc. 3.

Appetite lost; indifferent to food; desire for something sour. Pod. 2.

Appetite. Loss of appetite, but when he began to eat he relished food. Calc. C. 2.

Appetite lost. Ign. 2.

Appetite diminished; lost for breakfast and supper; at these times satiety as soon as he begins to eat. Cycl. 2.

Appetite entirely lost, and, after eating a little, loud belching and inability to work. China Clin.

Appetite lost. Bapt. 2.

Appetite for something at times and when he gets it he does not like it. Hep. 2.

Appetite lost for wine and brandy to which he is accustomed. Merc. S. 2.

Appetite. Feeling as if stomach hung down relaxed, and appetite lost. Ipe. 1.

Appetite. Dyspepsia characterized by regurgitation of food, more or less nausea and vomiting, loss of appetite and thirst; bitter taste; vertigo on rising up, chilliness, and above all, constant aggravations from eating fat substances. Pul. Clin.

Appetite lost; repugnant to food, to meat and broth. Arn. M. 2.

Appetite lost; loathing of food. Acon. 2.

Appetite. Aversion to the sweetness of sugar; to wine and brandy, which they took to excite their appetites. Zinc. 2.

Appetite lost, still he relished the food that he eat. Ars. Arb. 2.

Appetite. Loss of appetite in morning. Abies N. 2.

Appetite lost for milk; but if he takes it he begins to relish it. Bry. 2.

Appetite, but he knows not for what; also he relishes nothing; aversion to smoking, to meat, to butter. Pul. 2.

Appetite lost for smoking; he could not smoke at all. Natr. M. 2.

Appetite lost; beer is not relished. Rhus Tox. 2.

Appetite lost; aversion to meat. Sep. 2.

Appetite diminished, disgust for food. Canth. 2.

Apples. Eructations empty; tasting of rotten eggs; tasting like apples. Agar. 7.

Apples. Appetite great for apples, with thirst for cool water. Ant. T. 2.

Apprehensiveness. Vomiting, with apprehensiveness of death. Ars. A. 6.

Arm. Gastralgia starting from the cardiac end of the stomach; pains extending into left arm. Tabac. Clin.

Arms. Neuralgia of the stomach; most severe pain even along sternum and extending into both arms, with cold, clammy sweat. Diosc. Clin.

Articulate. Tongue heavy when talking; speech difficult and lisping; unable to articulate any sound. Nux Vom. 3.

Articulation imperfect, sometimes only confused sounds. Plumb. 3.

Ascending. Discomfort in pit of stomach, ascending to throat, choking him and stopping his breath. Nux Vom. 1.

Atonic dyspepsia with amenorrhoea; the nausea and vomiting generally relieved by eating and lying down. Sep. Clin.

Atonic dyspepsia. Phos. Clin.

Atonic dyspepsia; digestion very slow; the food is tasted or regurgitated a long time after eating. Pul. Clin.

Atonic dyspepsia, with continual throbbing; occipital headache and trembling, fluttering feeling below the epigastrium, towards the umbilicus; tongue very red and small; feels swollen. Crotal. H. Clin.

Atonic dyspepsia; feeling as if the stomach were collapsed. Zinc. Clin.

Atonic dyspepsia, with bloating. Lyc. Clin.

Atonic dyspepsia, with slow and imperfect digestion; fullness in the stomach; belching pain extending all around the chest and up to the shoulders. Nux Vom. Clin.

Atony of the stomach and abdomen; feeling as if it hung down relaxed. Staph. Clin.

Attacks of nausea and vomiting, either of water or food. Kreas. Clin.

Aversion. Appetite lost as soon as he sees food, and he feels full in abdomen and aversion to it when he begins to eat. Sul. 2.

Aversion to tobacco smoking. Ign. 2.

Aversion to food; to the usual food; drinking, tobacco and coffee; to the food just eaten; worse if she does not lie down; to the odor of food. Nux Vom. 2.

Aversion. Vomiting of food after midnight, then aversion to food and dread of open air. Ferr. 6.

Aversion. Bitter taste to food, then chilliness and cold sweat; to bread, rolls and meat; to bread, with aversion to bread; to beer in morning; afterwards a sour taste. Pul. 3.

Aversion. Appetite lost; diminished; aversion to food. Plumb. 2.

Aversion to food; even the smell of food causes it; but hunger. Cocc. 2.

Aversion to animal food when thinking of it; to salt food. Graph. 2.

Aversion to coffee. China 2.

Aversion. Appetite great but aversion to food. Nux Vom. 2.

Aversion. Dyspepsia, with soreness; distention; burning pain; desire for cold food; aversion to hot food. Merc. C. Clin.

Aversion to meat, bread, and coffee. Natr. M. 2.

Aversion to coffee and tobacco. Lyc. 2.

Aversion. Appetite for fruit and acid things in general; aversion to green food. Mag. C. 2.

Aversion to bread and butter. Cycl. 2.

Aversion. Craving for various things but when they are brought to him, especially if he smells them, he is seized with extreme aversion and becomes nauseated and may even vomit. Coleh. Clin.

Aversion. Extreme aversion to food, with persistent, slightly qualmish, bitter taste; metallic taste; putrid taste. Cocc. Clin.

Aversion. Indigestion, with aversion to the ordinary diet and longing for a great variety of indigestible articles. Ign. Clin.



**AVERSION.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****BENDING.**

- Aversion to meat, to fat meat; to milk which makes her flatulent. Carbo V. 2.
- Aversion to the sweetness of sugar; to wine and brandy which they took to excite their appetites. Zinc. 2.
- Aversion. Smoking tobacco is not relished; aversion to food, to sour things, to meat. Sul. 2.
- Aversion. Appetite lost; aversion to meat. Sep. 2.
- Aversion. Appetite but he knows not for what; also he relishes nothing; aversion to smoking, to meat, to butter. Pul. 2.
- Aversion. General craving for acids and aversion to meat and fat or rich food. Pul. Clin.
- Bad taste in morning though food and drink have a natural taste; better after eating; low down in throat on hawking.** Nux Vom. 3.
- Bad. Eructations bitter, and like bad eggs, like rotten eggs.** Arn M. 7.
- Bad odor in mouth. Lyc. 5.
- Bad. Eructations tasting like bad eggs; hot, sharp and sour. Petr. 7.
- Bad taste, bad odor in the mouth and accumulation of tough mucus. Chel. Clin.
- Bad odor from mouth in morning. Sil. 5.
- Bad odor from mouth. Petr. 5.
- Back. Sticking in pit of stomach, extending through body to back. Chel. 1.
- Back. Flatulence here and there in hypochondria; even in back, in region of ribs and in chest, causing tension and bubbling; amelioration from empty eructations. Lyc. 7.
- Back. Cramp in the region of the stomach and abdomen, or very violent cutting pain going through to back, as if transfixed and preventing the slightest motion. Cupr. Clin.
- Back. Jerking tearing in left upper back teeth. China 5.
- Back. Thirst in evening after fever, with hunger, then after eating, coldness and rumbling in abdomen, after shivering through skin after chill during sweat on back and forehead. China 2.
- Back. Violent pain in region of stomach; goes through to back and right shoulder blade or over towards the liver. Chel. Clin.
- Back. Burning heat in stomach, extending to back, with faint, empty feeling in stomach and bowels. Phos. Clin.
- Back. Vomiting at night, with sticking, drawing pain in back, extending towards scapulæ. Pul. 6.
- Back. Gastralgia; aching extending through to the back; obliged to take a long breath. Rumex Clin.
- Back. Sensitiveness in the stomach, with burning, extending to the small of the back, with excessive distention by gas. Carbo V. Clin.
- Back. Pain in region of stomach after lifting something heavy; the pain goes into small of back, where it becomes sticking, so that she cannot turn without pain the whole night; better in the morning. Borax 1.
- Back of mouth excoriated, covered with blisters. Canth. 5.
- Back. Distention of hypochondria; worse in sides, pit of stomach and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. Ign. 1.
- Backache. Indigestion; constant squeezing pain in the stomach after eating; can only eat once a day on account of the distress; backache; weakness. Robina. Clin.
- Backward. Shooting, cutting, in pit of stomach, forcing him to bend backward, and hold his breath. Bel. 1.
- Ball. Pain in the stomach; tightness in epigastrium as if a ball extended to throat, where it caused suffocation, preventing speaking and swallowing; with anxiety. Plumb. 1.
- Beaten. Sensation as if beaten in epigastric region and abdomen, with fullness in former and eructations. Asaf. 1.
- Beating pain in teeth if anything hot or cold is taken into the mouth, extending into cheek, which swells during menses. Sep. 5.
- Bed. Sticking gnawing in gums, worse towards evening and by warmth of bed; amelioration from uncovering; a draught of cold open air.** Pul. 5.
- Bed. Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening or colic aggravated in evening in bed, with griping and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another.** Pul. 7.
- Bed. Nausea in morning during menstruation, with chilliness and faintness in morning in bed; with bruised pain in intestines and loins in morning; with qualmishness about heart and salivation.** Nux Vom. 6.
- Bed. Distention of abdomen in morning in bed; amelioration from emission of flatus.** Sul. 7.
- Bed. Pain all day in stomach, relieved by lying and warmth of bed, returning on rising.** Graph. 1.
- Bed. Neuralgic toothache aggravated by the warmth of the bed; amelioration from cold drinks.** Mag. C. Clin.
- Bed. Toothache in evening as soon as she gets into bed.** Amm. C. 5.
- Bed. Toothache beginning in evening in bed, and at night driving him out of bed, extending to temples.** Mag. C. 5.
- Bed. Jerking in teeth in evening in bed, now in upper, now in lower back.** Bry. 5.
- Bed. Dental periostitis with great soreness and elongation of the teeth; pain aggravated at night from warmth of bed; teeth loose; salivation offensive.** Merc. S. Clin.
- Bed. Drawing pain in teeth as soon as he gets into bed in evening.** Kali. C. 5.
- Bed. Distention of abdomen in evening; gurgling rumbling, with rolling in morning in bed; with grumbling and flatulent pain.** Zinc. 7.
- Beer. Offensive taste, after drinking beer.** Bry. 3.
- Beer. Taste bitter in morning to food; to beer.** Natr. M. 3.
- Beer. Bitter taste to food, then chilliness and cold sweat; to bread, rolls and meat; to bread with aversion to bread; to beer in morning; afterwards a sour taste.** Pul. 3.
- Beer. Thirst at night; for beer during heat; for cold water.** Acon. 1.
- Beer. Bitter taste in morning; fasting continuing even when smoking; at 6 p. m.; in evening after beer; when eating and good appetite.** Pul. 3.
- Beer. Appetite lost, beer is not relished.** Rhus Tox. 2.
- Beer. Thirst from dryness in mouth; for water or beer.** Rhus Tox. 2.
- Beer. Vomiting of beer; of green, bitter mucus.** Mezer. 6.
- Beer. Thirst for acids; longing for beer.** Kali. B. 2.
- Beer. Thirst for beer.** Peter. 2.
- Beer. Thirst, but nausea soon after drinking; for milk; for beer during chill, with shivering; for small beer after morning chill.** Nux Vom. 2.
- Beer. Thirst during the heat; worse in the morning, especially for beer; for alcoholic drinks.** Pul. 2.
- Before. Pain in abdomen before breakfast; flatulent; amelioration from difficult emission of flatus.** Natr. S. 7.
- Belching. Gastralgia of nursing women, with excessive flatulence; sour and rancid belching; vomiting of food.** Carbo V. Clin.
- Belching. Indigestion, with bloating, sour eructations, heartburn, and a weak feeling, or a feeling of a lump in the pit of the stomach, or a feeling of pulsation after eating; there are generally pressure, belching of gas, bloating and soreness.** Kali. C. Clin.
- Belching. Burning and waterbrash in epigastrium after belching.** Calc. P. 1.
- Belching. Acid dyspepsia, heartburn even after milk; constant satiety; no relief from belching gas.** China Clin.
- Belching. Appetite entirely lost, and, after eating a little, loud belching and inability to work.** China Clin.
- Belching. Flatulent dyspepsia, with belching of large quantities of offensive gas, partially relieving the pain in stomach and abdomen.** Diose. Clin.
- Belching. Violent gastralgia, with distention of abdomen; belching of wind and regurgitation of liquid.** Asaf. Clin.
- Belchings. Atonic dyspepsia, with slow and imperfect digestion; fullness in the stomach; belching pain extending all around the chest and up to the shoulders.** Nux Vom. Clin.
- Bend. Contractive pain in stomach at night extending into chest, with distention of abdomen; paroxysmal arresting breath, obliging her to bend double; worse when lying.** Carbo V. 1.
- Bend. Shooting, cutting, in pit of stomach, forcing him to bend backward, and hold his breath.** Bel. 1.
- Bending. Pain in abdomen, relieved by discharge of flatus in evening and night; better by bending forward.** Iris 7.



**BENEATH.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****BITTER.**

- Beneath.** Pain beneath stomach after eating. *Cocc.* 1.
- Bent.** Violent vomiting unless he bent himself and lay still. *Colch.* 7.
- Bent.** Pain in stomach after a light meal, with fullness, eructations and colic; aggravated by sitting bent over and in region of duodenum, with difficult breathing. *Lyc.* 1.
- Berries.** Eructations tasting of juniper berries. *Chel.* 7.
- Between.** Disorders of digestion, with pain between the shoulders and heavily furred tongue. *Pul.* Clin.
- Beverage.** Difficult vomiting of the beverage and of yellow-green mucus and water, with bitter taste in the mouth, which remained a long time. *Ars.* A. 6.
- Bile.** Vomiting of food; of blood mixed with dark acid matter, with bile and mucus; black acid liquid like coffee grounds; offensive. *Phos.* 6.
- Bile.** Vomiting of food; thin mucous and green bile. *Ars.* A. 6.
- Bile.** Vomiting of bile in morning after long violent retching. *Hep.* 6.
- Bile.** Vomiting of food and bile; even to vomiting after a meal, with salivation; during menstruation. *Lyc.* 6.
- Bile.** Vomiting of hot frothy mucus; of contents of stomach; then of bile, of thick, dark green bile mixed with dark coagulated blood about every hour. *Pod.* 6.
- Bile.** Violent attacks of gastralgia, with retching and vomiting of food and bile from repression of gout. *Colch.* Clin.
- Bilious.** Taste bitter; bilious after eating and smoking. *Pul.* 3.
- Bilious.** Eructations tasting of food; then nausea; of gas; bilious in evening; bitter at night; of a bitter fluid; tasting of rancid tallow after eating buckwheat cakes; as of bad meat after dinner; the taste remains, with nausea. *Pul.* 7.
- Bilious.** Bitter bilious taste when fasting, though food has a good taste; better in morning on waking. *Sul.* 3.
- Bilious.** Vomiting incessant, green bilious matter streaked with blood. *Merc.* C. 6.
- Bilious.** Nausea, with bilious taste; with salivation and closure of jaws; with great thirst and with frothing from mouth; with weakness. *Ver.* Alb. 6.
- Bilious colic,** almost incessant vomiting of extremely acrid substances, with soreness over the liver. *Iris* Clin.
- Bilious.** Vomiting; after each drink; bilious, dark grumous liquid; greenish-gray, watery, green masses, mucous. *Acon.* 6.
- Bilious vomiting.** *Natr.* S. Clin.
- Bilious vomiting;** inability to lie on right side, with dark green vomiting. *Crotal.* H. Clin.
- Bite.** Looseness of teeth, lower incisors; she cannot bite upon them. *Rhus* Tox. 5.
- Bites.** Easily bites inside of cheek near orifice of salivary duct when chewing. *Ign.* 5.
- Bites.** Mucous membrane of cheek easily gets between teeth so that he bites it when chewing. *Nit.* Ac. 5.
- Biting of tongue when chewing.** *Nit.* Ac. 3.
- Biting in tip of tongue.** *Pul.* 3.
- Biting.** Tongue sensitive even to soft food, which causes biting. *Nit.* Ac. 3.
- Biting.** Sticking in back part of palate with biting. *Kali.* C. 5.
- Biting.** Blisters and soreness in mouth, ulcers, and on gum and tongue in which food and drink caused biting. *Natr.* M. 5.
- Biting.** Taste and coolness in mouth and throat as from peppermint; biting taste in throat as from peppermint; as from heat rising from oesophagus into mouth. *Ver.* Alb. 3.
- Biting.** Teeth feel too long and blunt on biting on them and from fresh air. *Mezer.* 5.
- Biting.** Aching in all teeth after cold drinks or opening mouth; aggravated on biting teeth together. *Hep.* 5.
- Biting.** Feeling in teeth as if spongy; fear of biting them together lest they fall out; on slightest sucking of teeth blood exuded from gums. *Nit.* Ac. 5.
- Biting.** Aching of teeth on chewing and biting as if they would be forced out. *Pul.* 5.
- Biting.** Painful looseness of incisors; stitches, on biting on them, in upper back, extending upward; in lower back extending downward. *Caust.* 5.
- Biting.** Feeling as if teeth were too long when biting them together. *Lach.* 5.
- Biting.** Digging in upper back teeth; aggravated for a moment by biting teeth together and pressing upon them. *China* 5.
- Bitter.** (*Bitter Eructations.*) Eructations bitter, and like bad eggs, like rotten eggs. *Arn.* M. 7.
- Bitter.** Eructations tasting of food, then nausea; of gas; bilious in evening; bitter at night; of a bitter fluid; tasting of rancid tallow after eating buckwheat cakes; as of bad meat after dinner; the taste, remains with nausea. *Pul.* 7.
- Bitter.** Eructations of bitter and sour liquid at night; bitter when fasting; sour all day; sour as far as tongue; of water after eating. *Nux* Vom. 7.
- Bitter.** Eructations of bitter fluid; of food. *Ign.* 7.
- Bitter.** Indigestion characterized by extreme distress in the stomach immediately after eating; feeling as if the stomach knotted up at times; with bitter eructations or with sour or putrid taste in the mouth; nearly always associated with nausea and efforts to vomit. *Nux* Vom. Clin.
- Bitter.** Eructations bitter, putrid, empty, incomplete, ineffectual instead of which there is hiccough. *Cocc.* 7.
- Bitter.** Eructations of sour bitter wind, relieving pain in epigastrium. *Diosc.* 1.
- Bitter.** (*Bitter Taste.*) Taste bitter, relieved by frequent drinking of cold water, with nausea. *Bry.* 3.
- Bitter taste after eating and drinking,** though food has a natural taste. *Pul.* 3.
- Bitter.** Taste bitter. *Acon.* 3.
- Bitter bilious taste when fasting,** though food has a good taste; bitter in morning on walking. *Sul.* 3.
- Bitter.** Taste bitter, bilious after eating and smoking. *Pul.* 3.
- Bitter.** Taste bitter; relieved when eating and drinking. *Chel.* 3.
- Bitter.** Taste bitter, even to tobacco smoke, to everything; amelioration after eating; to bread, on swallowing, although it tasted good while chewing. *China* 3.
- Bitter.** Taste bitter in morning and slimy to food during the day; salty. *Merc.* C. 3.
- Bitter.** Taste bitter in morning to food; to beer. *Natr.* M. 3.
- Bitter taste to food; then chilliness and cold sweat;** to bread, rolls, and meat; to bread, with aversion to bread; to beer in morning; afterwards a sour taste. *Pul.* 3.
- Bitter.** Taste sour; saliva has a sour taste; bitter then sour, with sour eructations. *Ign.* 3.
- Bitter.** Taste sweetish; bitter; metallic. *Plumb.* 3.
- Bitter.** Vomiting of food that had been eaten long before; of food in evening; then bitter taste and teeth on edge. *Pul.* 6.
- Bitter taste in morning fasting,** continuing even when smoking; at 6 p. m.; in evening after beer; after eating and good appetite. *Pul.* 3.
- Bitter.** Vomiting violent; easy, of sour liquid; watery; sometimes insipid, sometimes bitter in morning even before breakfast. *Tabac.* 6.
- Bitter.** Taste bitter, with sour eructations. *Graph.* 3.
- Bitter taste in back of throat,** with natural taste to food. *Hep.* 3.
- Bitter.** Mouth clammy, with bitter taste. *Diosc.* 5.
- Bitter taste at root of tongue.** *Cocc.* 3.
- Bitter.** Taste flat, bitter. *Bapt.* 3.
- Bitter.** Eructations after eating; bitter; sourish. *Bry.* 7.
- Bitter.** Taste bitter, if she eats anything or swallows saliva; everything tastes bitter; insipid; lost to food. *Borax* 3.
- Bitter.** Taste bitter before and after eating, bitter on palate, with dryness of tongue. *Carbo* V. 3.
- Bitter.** Difficult vomiting of the beverage, and of yellow-green mucous and water, with bitter taste in mouth, which remained a long time. *Ars.* A. 6.
- Bitter.** Taste, nauseous; metallic; sweetish-sour on back of tongue; bitter. *Bism.* 3.
- Bitter.** Taste metallic; with dry irritative hacking; bitter; nauseous. *Aloe* 3.
- Bitter.** Taste bitter in morning, with headache. *Calc.* P. 3.
- Bitter.** Taste bitter. *Ars.* A. 3.
- Bitter.** Taste putrid; slimy; bitter. *Arn.* M. 3.
- Bitter.** Taste bitter, waking her at night, with dryness in mouth. *Rhus* Tox. 3.
- Bitter.** Different kinds of foul taste unpleasant in morning; mouth dry and slimy; sour in morning on waking; bitter; bitterish-sour. *Sep.* 3.



## BITTER.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## BLISTERS.

Bitter. Taste bitter when not eating. Psor. 2.

Bitter. Dyspepsia characterized by regurgitation of food, more or less nausea and vomiting; loss of appetite and thirst; bitter taste; vertigo on rising up, chilliness, and, above all, constant aggravations from eating fat substances. Pul. Clin.

Bitter. Taste bitter to dinner; metallic in afternoon; sour. Natr. C. 2.

Bitter. Gastro-duodenal catarrh, with headache, vertigo, bitter taste, nausea, and vomiting; soreness of the stomach and abdomen. Nux Vom. Clin.

Bitter. Taste bitter; sour after milk. Phos. 3.

Bitter. Taste bitter in morning; sour after eating; to all food. Lyc. 3.

Bitter. Taste sour; bitter. Mag. C. 3.

Bitter. Taste bitter. Coloc. 3.

Bitter. Salivation; collection of bitter water obliging constant expectoration. Chel. 5.

Bitter. Vomiting of beer; of green, bitter mucus. Mezer. 6.

Bitter. Vomiting of a yellow, bitter, serous fluid. Coloc. 6.

Bitterish-sour. Different kinds of foul taste; unpleasant in morning; mouth dry and slimy; sour in morning on waking; bitter; bitterish-sour. Sep. 3.

**Black.** (*Black Teeth.*) **Teeth loose and black, denuded of gums, with nightly pain in teeth, jaws and head, and painful on touch of tongue.** Merc. S. 5.

**Black.** **Teeth decayed and became loose in succession, and fell out at the slightest shock; especially the molars were gone; those that remained were black, laid bare, loose and carious; crowns of all except incisors lost.** Merc. S. 5.

**Black.** **Teeth grow black and become brittle.** Staph. Clin.

**Black.** **Teeth black; she must clean them twice a day and still there are black streaks across them.** Staph. 5.

**Black.** (*Black Tongue.*) **Tongue black, with red edges; swollen.** Merc. S. 3.

**Black.** **Tongue dry and black in late stage of typhoid fever.** Carbo V. Clin.

**Black.** **Dry tongue in middle; brown; white; red; black.** Phos. 3.

**Black.** (*Black Vomit.*) **Vomiting of food; of blood mixed with dark acid matter, with bile and mucus; black acid liquid like coffee grounds; offensive.** Phos. 6.

**Black.** **Vomiting substances which tinge the clothes black.** Arg. N. 6.

**Black vomit in yellow fever and sometimes in the vomiting of pregnancy.** Lach. Clin.

**Black.** **Obstinate vomiting of blood; extremities cold; countenance hippocratic; pulse feeble; the ejects sometimes black; tar like.** Ipe. Clin.

**Black.** **Periodic vomiting of brown or black liquid, with violent cramps.** Plumb. Clin.

**Blackish.** **Vomiting constant of food; of everything taken into the stomach; fecal; with colic and constipation; blackish; of brownish liquid streaked with blood.** Plumb. 6.

**Blackish.** **Pain at cardiac orifice, aggravated by swallowing bread, which seems to remain there, gradually extending over abdomen, with vomiting first of green then of blackish substance.** Phos. 1.

**Blackish.** **Swelling of tongue with dryness and blackish along median line.** Phos. 3.

**Blackish.** **Red tongue, with blackish coat, covered with grayish-white crust; moist; edges red; pale, dirty yellow posteriorly and along edges; white anteriorly.** Merc. C. 3.

**Blackness.** **Morning nausea; amelioration after eating; on waking, towards evening, and at night; on washing mouth before breakfast; on waking with blackness before eyes in evening; weakness even to faintness, with melancholy; easily startled; then vomiting of food, then retching.** Sep. 6.

**Blackness.** **Nausea in morning; fasting, with shuddering in pit of stomach; with blackness before eyes so that he must sit down.** Calc. C. 6.

**Bladder.** **Colic as if flatulence, with cutting were forcing out bladder; neck of bladder; beginning of urethra; perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying.** Nux Vom. 7.

**Bladder.** **Acute pain in region of stomach and bladder, with such sensibility that pressure caused convulsions.** Canth. 1.

**Bleed.** (*Gums Bleed.*) **Gums bleed easily; swollen and spongy; swollen and pale.** Merc. C. 5.

**Bleed.** **Gums stand off from teeth, and bleed easily.** Ant. C. 5.

**Bleed.** **Spongy condition of gums which retract and bleed easily, with tendency to nose-bleed; fainting fits.** Carbo V. Clin.

**Bleed.** **Spongy excrecence on the gums which bleed readily and are painful.** Staph. Clin.

**Bleed.** **Gums become unhealthy and bleed easily; the teeth are loose and the saliva is bloody, and there is a putrid odor from the mouth; with these conditions the drug is frequently indicated in a mercurial cachexia.** Nit. Ac. Clin.

**Bleed.** **Gums bleed; white.** Crotal. H. 5.

**Bleed.** **Gums tender, and disposed to bleed.** Arg. N. 5.

**Bleed.** **Gums bleed easily and are swollen.** Caust. Clin.

**Bleed.** **Apthous sore mouth; the ulcers bleed on eating, or on touch; mouth very tender in nursing children; hot, with thirst and vomiting.** Borax Clin.

**Bleed.** **Tongue coated and showing impress of teeth on edges; coated white, with whitish swollen gums that bleed on touch.** Merc. S. 3.

**Bleeding.** (*Bleeding Gums.*) **Gums bleeding from slightest touch; spongy and soft, ulcerated; suppurating.** Merc. S. 5.

**Bleeding.** **Gums swollen, bleeding, painful on touch.** Ars. A. 5.

**Bleeding.** **Gums swollen, separates from teeth; and sore, bleeding, pain on eating; bread and food were bloody when chewed.** Merc. S. 5.

**Bleeding of gums after sucking.** Carbo V. 5.

**Bleeding.** **Inflammation of the gums, with bleeding; separated from the teeth.** Phos. 5.

**Bleeding.** **Gums sore; ulcerated; bleeding.** Sep. 5.

**Bleeding of gums on cleaning teeth and on pressure.** Staph. 5.

**Bleeding.** **Gums bleeding, swollen and spongy.** Lach. 5.

**Bleeding.** **Gums scorbutic, bleeding.** Natr. M. Clin.

**Bleeding.** **Gums unhealthy, bleeding, spongy, pale, receding from teeth, with offensive odor from the mouth.** Merc. S. Clin.

**Bleeding of gums on slightest touch.** Zinc. 5.

**Bleeding.** **Gums swollen and bleeding.** Calc. C. 5.

**Bleeding.** **Rapid decay of the teeth and bleeding of the gums; premature decay of children's teeth which become very dark and crumbly.** Kreas. Clin.

**Bleeding.** **Toothache, with swollen, bleeding gums; gums sometimes dark purplish.** Lach. Clin.

**Bleeding of teeth when cleaned.** Carbo V. 5.

**Bleeding.** **Inflammation and ulceration of the tongue and mouth; sometimes with hard lumps in the tongue; always with easy bleeding; tendency to slough.** Mur. Ac. Clin.

**Bleeding.** **Apthæ on inside of cheek, bleeding when eating.** Borax 5.

**Blisters.** **Burning blisters on lower side of tongue and tip.** Graph. 3.

**Blisters on tongue, with burning pain on touch; painful pimples on sides.** Nit. Ac. 3.

**Blisters on tongue, with burning pain on eating.** Natr. M. 3.

**Blisters on tongue coated yellowish-white at root.** Rhus Tox. 3.

**Blister.** **Painful blister on side of tip of tongue.** Pul. 3.

**Blister.** **Painful blister along centre of tongue.** Canth. 3.

**Blister.** **Open blister on inside of right cheek, felt during dinner, with burning pain in it from warm food.** Natr. M. 5.

**Blisters.** **Red blisters on tongue, as if skin were eroded; with pain on every motion of tongue and on touch of anything salt or sour.** Borax 3.

**Blisters.** **Part of tongue and back of mouth excoriated, part covered with blisters.** Canth. 3.

**Blisters.** **Mucous membrane of tongue red and covered with blisters.** Canth. 3.

**Blisters.** **Back of mouth excoriated, covered with blisters.** Canth. 5.

**Blisters.** **Tip of tongue sore, with burning, little blisters.** Calc. P. 3.

**Blisters.** **Painful blisters in mouth and on tongue.** Ars. A. 5.

**Blisters.** **Painful blisters in all parts of mouth, with burning pain.** Kali. C. 5.

**Blisters on tongue.** Zinc. 3.



**BLISTERS.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****BRAIN.**

Blisters. Burning on tip of tongue as if raw or covered with blisters. Kali. C. 3.

Blisters. Tongue swollen and covered with blisters on each side. Lach. 2.

Blisters. Tongue white; painful blisters. Nux Vom. 3.

Blisters. Tongue furred, burning on tip as if covered with blisters. Natr. S. 3.

Blisters. Burning pain on tip of tongue, with blisters; with sensitiveness so that she could hardly eat; relieved by taking anything cold; burning as from highly seasoned food. Natr. S. 3.

Blisters and soreness in mouth, ulcers, and on gum and tongue, in which food and drink caused biting. Natr. M. 5.

Blisters. Tongue white; blisters with pain as if burnt. Sep. 3.

Blisters. Longing for acids, with flatulent dyspepsia, soreness over the abdomen and liver; blisters in the mouth and especially with a feeling of something twisting about the stomach and rising into the throat. Sep. Clin.

Blisters. Tongue feels sore as if full of blisters. Sabad. 3.

Bloated. Dyspepsia aggravated by any mental effort; stomach and abdomen became excessively bloated from any unpleasant emotion. Nux Mos. Clin.

Bloated. Chronic dyspepsia; repugnance to hot or warm food; thirst; bloated abdomen. Calc. C. Clin.

Bloated. Acid dyspepsia, with bloated abdomen; sour or putrid eructations; sometimes nausea and vomiting. Sep. Clin.

Bloating. Atonic dyspepsia, with bloating. Lye. Clin.

Bloating. Indigestion, with bloating, sour eructations, heartburn, and a weak feeling; or a feeling of a lump in the pit of the stomach, or a feeling of pulsation after eating; there are generally pressure, belching of gas, bloating, and soreness. Kali. C. Clin.

Blood. (*Vomiting of Blood.*) Vomiting incessant; green bilious matter, streaked with blood. Merc. C. 6.

Blood. Vomiting constant of food; of everything taken into the stomach; fecal; with colic and constipation; blackish; of brownish liquid streaked with blood. Plumb. 6.

Blood. Vomiting of food; of blood mixed with dark acid matter, with bile and mucus; black acid liquid like coffee grounds; offensive. Phos. 6.

Blood. Ulcers in the stomach, supposed to be malignant and incurable, have been cured or greatly relieved by this drug; always with extreme burning and distress as if the whole stomach were raw; at times with vomiting of blood. Mezer. Clin.

Blood. Scirrhus indurations of pyloric orifice of the stomach, with vomiting of blood; burning and extreme flatulence. Lye. Clin.

Blood. Warm streaming of blood from pit of stomach into head. Calc. C. 1.

Blood. Obstinate vomiting of blood; extremities cold; countenance hippocratic; pulse feeble; the ejecta sometimes black, tar-like. Ipe. Clin.

Blood. Vomiting of blood, with ulceration of stomach. Crotal. H. Clin.

Blood. Vomiting of hot frothy mucus, of contents of stomach; then of bile, of thick, dark green bile, mixed with dark coagulated blood about every hour. Pod. 6.

Blood. Vomiting of great quantities of blood, at times even bright red; usually dark and thick. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Blood. Vomiting during pregnancy, straining her so that blood comes up. Sep. 6.

Blood. Vomiting violent of all food, drink and medicine; of blood; of coffee- or chocolate-colored matter. Secale 6.

Blood. Vomiting of blood; sudden; violent; cold sweat. Secale Clin.

Blood. Inflammation of the stomach, with swelling of the liver; vomiting of blood and mucus; yellow tongue. Phos. Clin.

Blood. Vomiting is generally free, consisting largely of mucus, sometimes of blood. Ipe. Clin.

Blood. Tongue swollen and showing imprint of teeth in scallops which looked ulcerated, and its movement difficult and painful; covered with foul ulcers; oozing of blood; the ulcers made swallowing difficult, with painful ulcerated margin. Merc. S. 3.

Blood. Feeling in teeth as if spongy; fear of biting them together lest they fall out; on slightest sucking of teeth blood exuded from gums. Nit. Ac. 5.

Blood. When sucking the gum, pure blood flows into the mouth at the same time several forenoons. Carbo V. 5.

Bloody. (*Bloody Saliva.*) Salivation after eating; bloody saliva: salt saliva. Sul. 5.

Bloody. Salivation; bloody saliva is expectorated in morning. Nit. Ac. 5.

Bloody erosions on inside of cheek. Phos. 5.

Bloody saliva in mouth. Mag. C. 5.

Bloody. Vomiting constant of tenacious, purulent, and bloody mucus. Nit. Ac. 6.

Bloody. Gums swollen, separate from teeth; and sore bleeding pain on eating; bread and food were bloody when chewed. Merc. S. 5.

Bloody. Gums become unhealthy and bleed easily; the teeth are loose and the saliva is bloody and there is a putrid odor from the mouth; with these conditions the drug is frequently indicated in a mercurial cachexia. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Blue. Gums blue along margins; slate-colored on border. Plumb. 5.

Bluish. Tongue bluish, red and dry, also white. Ars. A. 3.

Bluish-red. Aphthæ in mouth, bluish-red and spongy; the ulcer spreads without penetrating into flesh; stomatitis. Merc. S. 5.

Bluish-red. Epithelioma of the tongue; the edges of a bluish-red color. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Blunt. Teeth feel too long and blunt on biting on them and fresh air. Mezer. 5.

Body. Sticking in pit of stomach, extending through body to back. Chel. 1.

Body. Acid dyspepsia, with heartburn; coldness of the surface of the body; feeble pulse, etc. Carbo V. Clin.

Body. Ravenous appetite before supper; with loss of appetite and trembling in limbs; then coldness over whole body; with heat in chest so that it was difficult to fall asleep. Sil. 2.

Body. Pulsation in pit of stomach in morning; then ebullition in chest like palpitation; then internal heat of face and body, without redness or thirst but with sweat. Sep. 1.

Body. Sensation in stomach as if a foreign body were sticking in cardiac orifice and behind sternum; constrictive. Natr. M. 1.

Body. Nausea in forenoon with weakness; anxiety and tremulous sensation through whole body. Plat. 6.

Bones. Decaying teeth, with burning, boring pains, involving the bones of the face and head; temporarily relieved by drawing in cold air. Mezer. Clin.

Bones. Tearing in teeth in evening, and in bones of face. Tabac. 5.

Border. Gums blue along margins; slate-colored on border. Plumb. 5.

Border. Hard elevation on right anterior border of tongue, and on moving tongue shooting on it, smarting on right side. Sul. 3.

Bores. Difficult dentition; child is weak, cold; pulse soft; bores the head into the pillow; tends to squint; cries out in sleep, and particularly has restless feet. Zinc. Clin.

Boring and throbbing in teeth. Sul. 5.

Boring in a lower molar, extending to nose and eyes. Caust. 5.

Boring in teeth after dinner; as if something got into tooth. Kali. C. 5.

Boring. Pinching pain; boring; gnawing; fullness; drawing; burning; crawling in stomach. Agar. 1.

Boring. Decaying teeth, with burning, boring pains, involving the bones of the face and head; temporarily relieved by drawing in cold air. Mezer. Clin.

Bowels. Cramps and pains in stomach and in bowels. Cupr. 1.

Bowels. Burning heat in stomach extending to back, with faint, empty feeling in stomach and bowels. Phos. Clin.

Bowels. Distention of stomach and bowels, with feeling as if peristaltic motions were reversed, with spasmodic working in œsophagus. Asaf. 1.

Brain. Dyspepsia with hypochondriac mood, especially at the climacteric of women, or as the result of overwrought brain or sexual excess. Sep. Clin.



**BRAIN.**

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

**BURNING.**

Brain. Hiccough after eating and on every shock caused by it; pressure in forehead as if the brain shook from behind forward. Bry. 7.

Brandy. Appetite lost for wine and brandy to which he is accustomed. Merc. S. 2.

Brandy. Aversion to the sweetness of sugar; to wine and brandy which they took to excite their appetites. Zinc. 2.

Bread. Appetite for bread and butter. Merc. S. 2.

Bread. Bitter taste to food; then chilliness and cold sweat; to bread, rolls and meat; to bread with aversion to bread; to beer in morning; afterwards a sour taste. Pul. 3.

Bread. Taste sweet to bread; salty on lips; slimy; putrid in throat as of bad eggs on moving tongue; metallic. Merc. S. 3.

Bread. Gums swollen, separate from teeth; and sore, bleeding; pain on eating; bread and food were bloody when chewed. Merc. S. 5.

Bread. Taste bitter, even to tobacco smoke; to everything; amelioration after eating; to bread on swallowing, although it tasted good while chewing. China 3.

Bread. Appetite great; in evening; diminished, especially for meat; can eat only bread and butter; meat disagrees with him. Ferr. 2.

Bread. Aversion to meat, bread, and coffee. Natr. M. 2.

Bread. Aversion to bread and butter. Cycl. 2.

Bread. Pain at cardiac orifice, aggravated by swallowing bread, which seems to remain there, gradually extending over abdomen with vomiting, first of green, then of blackish substance. Phos. 1.

Breakfast. Taste vinegary all day after drinking milk; sour in morning till after breakfast, with sour eructations. Sul. 3.

Breakfast. Morning nausea; amelioration after eating; on waking towards evening and at night; on washing mouth before breakfast; on waking, with blackness before eyes in evening; weakness even to faintness; with melancholy; easily startled; then vomiting of food; then retching. Sep. 6.

Breakfast. Nausea all day; in morning, with accumulation of water in mouth; in morning on waking; she could not eat breakfast; with cutting in upper abdomen and diarrhoea. Petr. 6.

Breakfast. Vomiting violent; easy; of sour liquid; watery; sometimes insipid, sometimes bitter in morning, even before. Tabac. 6.

Breakfast. Pain in stomach after breakfast and dinner; painfulness to touch. Natr. C. 1.

Breakfast. Pain in abdomen before breakfast; flatulent; amelioration from difficult emission of flatus. Natr. S. 7.

Breakfast. Appetite diminished, lost for breakfast and supper; at these times satiety as soon as he begins to eat. Cycl. 2.

Breath. (*Offensive Breath.*) Mouth and pharynx dry in morning and covered with insipid mucus, with offensive breath that is not perceptible to himself. Pul. 5.

Breath fetid. Plumb. 5.

Breath. Salivation; breath fetid. Secale 5.

Breath. Aphthæ in mouth; breath offensive. Sulf. Ac. 5.

Breath fetid. Rhus Tox. 5.

Breath. Difficult dentition, with grinding of teeth, rolling the head, disagreeable breath, diarrhoea. Pod. Clin.

Breath offensive; salivation; constant spitting; saliva salty. Natr. M. 5.

Breath offensive in morning; after dinner; sour. Nux Vom. 5.

Breath. Dyspepsia from alcohol, with persistent sour breath; the patient is shriveled and cold and cannot eat; the liver is enlarged; chronic diarrhoea. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Breath. Gums and mouth are sore, ulcerated; breath fetid; salivation; ulcerations, with red aureola. Bapt. Clin.

Breath. (*Miscellaneous.*) Contractive pain in stomach at night extending into chest, with distention of abdomen; paroxysmal, arresting breath, obliging her to bend double; worse when lying. Carbo V. 1.

Breath. Shooting, cutting, in pit of stomach, forcing him to bend backward, and hold his breath. Bel. 1.

Breath. Soreness in pit of stomach, when talking, drawing breath, or moving about. Ars. Alb. 1.

Breath. Gastralgia; aching extending through to the back; obliged to take a long breath. Rumex Clin.

Breath. Discomfort in pit of stomach, ascending to throat, choking him and stopping his breath. Nux Vom. 1.

Breath. Tongue cold, mouth cold, breath cold. Camph. 5.

Breath hot. Bel. 5.

Breath. Dryness of mouth and of lips, which she must constantly lick, as if caused by heat of breath. Natr. C. 5.

Breath. Pain in epigastric region as from overloading the stomach after eating; in pit after drinking, causing tightness of breath with distention of abdomen. Nux Vom. 1.

Breath. Distention of hypochondria; worse in sides, pit of stomach, and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. Ign. 1.

Breathing. Pinching in pit of stomach on deep breathing. Caust. 1.

Breathing. Construction and pinching in epigastric and hypochondriac regions; aggravation from eating; then changing into chest and impeding breathing. Pul. 1.

Breathing. Stitches in pit of stomach in morning on standing; in pit on deep breathing. Sul. 1.

Breathing. Pain in stomach after a light meal with fullness, eructation and colic; aggravated by sitting bent over and in region of duodenum, with difficult breathing. Lyc. 1.

Breathing. Pain in pit of stomach, arresting breathing. Ars. Alb. 1.

Bright. Vomiting of great quantities of blood, at times even bright red; usually dark and thick. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Brittle. Teeth grow black and become brittle. Staph. Clin.

Broken. Tongue cold, speech feeble, broken, hoarse. Camph. 3.

Broth. Appetite lost; repugnance to food; to meat and broth. Arn. M. 2.

Brown. Tongue coated sometimes with red edges, with a streak in middle and redness of tip; brown and dry. Ars. A. 3.

Brown. Dry tongue in middle; brown; white; red; black. Phos. 3.

Brown. Tongue red on margins; brown coat down centre; white; dry. Plumb. 3.

Brown. Tongue is usually red, dry and tremulous, or the tip is red and the centre brown; sometimes there is a red stripe through the centre. Lach. Clin.

Brown. Papillæ very long on dorsum of tongue, with a brown patch. Kali B. 3.

Brown. Periodic vomiting of brown or black liquid with violent cramps. Plumb. Clin.

Brownish. Vomiting constant of food; of everything taken into the stomach; fecal; with colic and constipation; blackish; of brownish liquid streaked with blood. Plumb. 6.

Bruised. Nausea in morning during menstruation, with chilliness and faintness in morning in bed; with bruised pain in intestines and loins in morning, with qualmishness about heart and salivation. Nux Vom. 6.

Bruised. Tearing in diseased root in both rows, extending in zygoma, with bruised pain in both right jaws on pressure and on chewing. Caust. 5.

Bubbling. Flatulence here and there in hypochondria; even in back and region of ribs and in chest, causing tension and bubbling; amelioration from empty eructations. Lyc. 7.

Buckwheat. Eructations tasting of food, then nausea; of gas; bilious in evening; bitter at night; of a bitter fluid; tasting of rancid tallow after eating buckwheat cakes; as of bad meat after dinner; the taste remains with nausea. Pul. 7.

Buckwheat. Indigestion from buckwheat cakes. Pul. Clin.

Burning. (*Burning in Mouth.*) Burning in mouth extending to stomach; in palate and fauces, with scraping. Mezer. 5.

Burning. Nausea, with burning in mouth spitting of saliva and general chill; without heat or thirst. Kreas. 6.

Burning scraping in mouth and in œsophagus. Arn. M. 5.

Burning. Ulceration of the mouth with great dryness, and burning heat. Ars. A. Clin.

Burning in mouth and in throat. Tabac. 5.

Burning. Superficial ulcers in mouth, with burning pain on touch. Natr. C. 3.



**BURNING.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****BURNING.**

Burning. Violent stomatitis, with large aphthous patches, with burning pain. Merc. C. Clin.

Burning. Syphilitic patches in mouth with burning pain. Merc. C. Clin.

Burning. Open blister on inside of right cheek, felt during dinner, with burning pain in it from warm food. Natr. M. 5.

Burning. Aphthæ of mouth and cheek, with burning; relaxed uvula. Natr. M. 5.

Burning. Mouth and throat swollen and bright red, with pain and burning in mouth, throat, and stomach. Nit. Ac. 5.

Burning pain and rawness in mouth, then aphthous and denuded spots. Lach. 5.

Burning. Painful blisters in all parts of mouth, with burning pain. Kali C. 5.

Burning. Decaying teeth, with burning, boring pains involving the bones of the face and head; temporarily relieved by drawing in cold air. Mezer. Clin.

Burning. (*Burning in Stomach.*) Burning in mouth along pharynx and in pit of stomach. Ars. A. 5.

Burning. Eructations incomplete; burning; rising only into pharynx where they cause burning. Lyc. 7.

Burning. Pain in pit of stomach, in epigastric region; burning. Merc. C. 1.

Burning pain in stomach, in pit and in abdomen, aggravated by pressure. Ars. Alb. 1.

Burning in epigastrium, in stomach, with pain. Colch. 1.

Burning pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after dinner, with salivation, extending into throat; into mouth; soreness on waking. Kali B. 1.

Burning. Gastric disorders of Bismuth are usually burning; with a feeling of a load or hard lump in stomach. Bism. Clin.

Burning. Distress in stomach, in morning, with burning; relieved by empty eructations; had to unfasten clothes. Diose. 1.

Burning. Eructations with burning in stomach. Colch. 7.

Burning. Pressure in stomach after eating; in region of stomach, with burning. Bism. 6.

Burning fermentation in the stomach. Phos. Clin.

Burning heat in stomach extending to back with faint, empty feeling in stomach and bowels. Phos. Clin.

Burning. Chronic gastritis, with burning pain. Merc. S. Clin.

Burning in pit of stomach. Merc. S. 1.

Burning. Chronic gastritis, with burning pain and waterbrash. Lyc. Clin.

Burning. Scirrhus indurations of pyloric orifice of the stomach, with vomiting of blood, burning, and extreme flatulence. Lyc. Clin.

Burning distress in epigastric region. Iris 1.

Burning acidity rising from stomach, with spasmodic constriction. Kali C. 1.

Burning. Dyspepsia, with severe burning distress in the stomach, vomiting of food, headache, etc. Iris Clin.

Burning. Vomiting, with burning nausea rising to throat; relieved by drinking cold water. Cupr. 6.

Burning. Nausea with general relaxation, with burning; scratching in throat; Arn. M. 6.

Burning. Thirst, with burning pain in throat and stomach. Canth. 1.

Burning. Sour eructations after a meal, with burning in throat. Sil. 7.

Burning. Excruciating gastralgia, pains as from knives or burning, or constricting or associated with great external weight. Phos. Clin.

Burning in stomach towards evening; emptiness. Petr. 1.

Burning. Clawing in stomach towards morning as from a purge, changing to burning in pit of stomach. Nux Vom. 1.

Burning. Dyspepsia, with soreness, distention, burning pain, desire for cold food, aversion to hot food. Merc. C. Clin.

Burning in pit of stomach on pressure, with pain; burning pressure extending transversely at intervals; aggravated by pressure. Mezer. 1.

Burning. Gastric ulcer, with burning and great uneasiness in stomach; temporarily relieved by eating; hence constant desire to eat. Mezer. Clin.

Burning. Ulcers in the stomach supposed to be malignant and incurable, have been cured or greatly relieved by this drug; always with extreme burning and distress as if the whole stomach were raw; at times with vomiting of blood. Mezer. Clin.

Burning. Ulcer in the stomach; burning pain; amelioration from vomiting; tenderness; flushes of heat rising into the head. Sang. Clin.

Burning in stomach, with pain in abdomen. Secale 1.

Burning in pit of stomach. Sep. 1.

Burning in stomach; emptiness with faint, feverish feeling. Sang. 1.

Burning. Terrible distress in the stomach and abdomen, with burning accompanied by vomiting. Secale Clin.

Burning corrosive pain in stomach when walking, extending to pit of throat. Sabad. 1.

Burning in stomach and between the shoulder blades. Robina Clin.

Burning. Loss of digestive power; burning in stomach in morning; heartburn all day. Sul. 1.

Burning. Pain in pit of stomach after eating; with heaviness; burning. Sil. 1.

Burning. Heavy aching distress in stomach; burning in stomach and region of gall bladder. Robina 1.

Burning in epigastric region. Zinc. 1.

Burning in pit of stomach, like heartburn, with good appetite. Ant. C. 1.

Burning. Aching; burning in stomach, extending to mouth, with dryness; as from a stone in pit. Acon. 1.

Burning. Most violent retching and vomiting of food or of whatever is taken into the stomach; the ejecta are always very profuse, and the vomiting is attended with cold sweat, great prostration, burning in the stomach and great sensitiveness to touch. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Burning. Gripping in stomach with burning. Arg. N. 1.

Burning. Pinching pain; boring; gnawing; fullness; drawing; burning; crawling in stomach. Agar. 1.

Burning and waterbrash in epigastrium after belching. Calc. P. 1.

Burning in stomach, extending into throat, after every meal. Calc. C. 1.

Burning. Severe gastralgia, brought on by the slightest food or drink; the pain is burning hot, and extends up sides and over abdomen. Ars. A. Clin.

Burning. Sensitiveness in the stomach, with burning, extending to the small of the back, with excessive distention by gas. Carbo V. Clin.

Burning. Acidity of stomach when lying on back and when walking, with burning. Carbo V. 1.

Burning. (*Burning in Tongue.*) Blisters on tongue, with burning pain on touch; painful pimples on sides. Nit. Ac. 3.

Burning blisters on lower side of tongue and tip. Graph. 3.

Burning. Blisters on tongue, with burning pain on eating. Natr. M. 3.

Burning. Thirst unquenchable; with dryness of mouth and throat; with burning and tingling of tongue. Secale 2.

Burning. Stitches at tip of tongue, with soreness; burning and dryness. Agar. 3.

Burning on anterior surface of tongue; on tip; scalded sensation. Coloc. 3.

Burning. Tip of tongue sore, with burning, little blisters. Calc. P. 3.

Burning vesicles on tip of tongue. Acon. 3.

Burning pain in tongue at night, with thirst. Sul. 3.

Burning on tip of tongue. Sabad. 3.

Burning about tip of tongue as if full of cracks. Natr. C. 3.

Burning on tongue and on fore part of mouth, with salivation. Mezer. 3.

Burning pain on tip of tongue, with blisters; with sensitiveness so that she could hardly eat; relieved by taking anything cold; burning as from highly seasoned food. Natr. S. 3.

Burning. Tongue furred; burning on tip as if covered with blisters. Natr. S. 3.

Burning. Dry mouth and tongue; dry and burning. Merc. C. 5.

Burning on tip of tongue as if raw or covered with blisters. Kali C. 3.

Burning. Tongue yellow, dirty white crust; painful swelling posteriorly on side; burning stitches; dryness. China 3.

Burning. Emission of flatus, after every meal; on attempting to go to stool; burning and offensive. Aloe 7.



**BURNT.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****CHEEKS.**

- Burnt.** Dryness of mouth, at night with thirst; of lining of cheeks, lips, tongue, which look burnt, roof of mouth and pharynx. *Bel. 5.*
- Burnt.** Tongue coated white; yellowish white; ulceration of tongue and gums, with sore throat; **dry tongue**; dry at the tip as if burnt; painful. *Psor. 3.*
- Burnt feeling on tongue**; crawling sensation. *Plat. 3.*
- Burnt feeling on tongue. *Sang. 2.***
- Burnt.** Tongue white; blisters with pain as if burnt. *Sep. 3.*
- Burnt.** Sensation in middle of tongue as if it had been burnt and were insensible at night and in morning. *Pul. 3.*
- Burst.** Feeling as if stomach would burst after yawning, with sensation as if œsophagus were spasmodically closed; hence ineffectual effort to eructate; relieved by empty eructations. *Arg. N. 7.*
- Butter.** Appetite for bread and butter. *Merc. S. 2.*
- Butter.** Loathing of food; of butter. *Ars. Alb. 2.*
- Butter.** Appetite great; in evening; diminished, especially for meat; can eat only bread and butter; meat disagrees with him. *Ferr. 2.*
- Butter.** Appetite, but he knows not for what; also he relishes nothing; aversion to smoking, to meat, to butter. *Puls. 2.*
- Butter.** Slimy taste, which disgusts him with butter; sour; flat; qualmish. *China 3.*
- Butter.** Aversion to bread and butter. *Cycl. 2.*
- Cakes.** Indigestion from buckwheat cakes. *Pul. Clin.*
- Cancer.** Intensely acid vomiting; this symptom has been relieved even when associated with cancer of the stomach. *Robina Clin.*
- Cancerous.** Violent gastro-enteritis, even ulceration and various diseases of the stomach, cancerous, etc. *Ars. A. Clin.*
- Canine hunger,** but the attempt to eat is followed by flatulent distention and inability to take more food; or sometimes the flatulent distention immediately takes away the appetite; or sometimes a feeling of constant satiety; he feels too full before he has eaten anything and cannot eat. *Lyc. Clin.*
- Canker sores on the tongue and aphthæ in the mouth. *Lach. Clin.***
- Cardiac.** Pain in cardiac orifice of stomach. *Can. Ind. 1.*
- Cardiac.** Sensation in stomach as if a foreign body were sticking in cardiac orifice and behind sternum; constrictive. *Natr. M. 1.*
- Cardiac.** Pain at cardiac orifice, aggravated by swallowing bread, which seems to remain there; gradually extending over abdomen, with vomiting, first of green then of blackish substance. *Phos. 1.*
- Cardiac.** Gastralgia starting from the cardiac end of the stomach; pains extending into left arm. *Tabac. Clin.*
- Cardialgia.** Ulceration of stomach, severe cardialgia, as from a stone in stomach. *Arg. N. Clin.*
- Cardialgia and indigestion**; great soreness of the pit of the stomach to touch, and intolerance of the clothes. *Lach. Clin.*
- Cardialgia during menses. *Pul. 1.***
- Cardialgia.** Severe gastralgia or cardialgia, aggravated by the least nourishment; the stomach seems very irritable and contracts painfully on its contents. *Nux Vom. Clin.*
- Carious.** Teeth decayed and became loose in succession, and fell out at the slightest shock; especially the molars were gone; those that remained were black, laid bare, loose and carious; crowns of all except incisors lost. *Merc. S. 5.*
- Carious teeth which crumble. *Staph. Clin.***
- Carriage.** Colic, aggravated by riding in the cars or carriage; relieved by emission of flatus. *Carbo V. Clin.*
- Cars.** Nausea and vomiting from riding in the cars. *Cocc. Clin.*
- Cars.** Colic; aggravated by riding in the cars or carriage; relieved by emission of flatus. *Carbo V. Clin.*
- Catarrh.** General dryness and heat of mouth, with catarrh of the pharynx; mapped tongue. *Natr. M. Clin.*
- Catarrh.** Obstinate cases of gastro-intestinal catarrh have been cured by æthusa. *Æthu. Clin.*
- Catarrh.** Gastro-duodenal catarrh, with headache, vertigo, bitter taste, nausea and vomiting; soreness of the stomach and abdomen. *Nux Vom. Clin.*
- Catarrh.** Gastric catarrh from injudicious eating or drinking, with white coated tongue or sometimes with perfectly clean tongue. *Ipe. Clin.*
- Catarrh.** Gastric catarrh, with vomiting of glairy mucus; tongue thickly coated. *Kali B. Clin.*
- Catarrh.** Gastric catarrh, with thickly white coated tongue, dry mouth, nausea; especially when the distress or regurgitation of food takes place a long time after a meal. *Pul. Clin.*
- Catarrh.** Gastric catarrh from excessive acidity; heartburn. *Sep. Clin.*
- Catarrh.** Vomiting of pregnancy; chronic catarrh of the stomach. *Sul. Clin.*
- Catarrh.** Chronic catarrh of the stomach. *Ars. A. Clin.*
- Catarrh.** Gastric catarrh, with nausea; thickly-coated tongue, etc. *Chel. Clin.*
- Catarrh.** Gastric catarrh, with terrible gastralgia, the pain extending from the stomach through the body to the spine. *Bism. Clin.*
- Catarrh.** Chronic gastric catarrh. *Graph. Clin.*
- Catarrhal.** Extremely valuable remedy for catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thirst, white coated tongue, nausea and vomiting; aggravation from warm drinks which are vomited. *Bry. Clin.*
- Catarrhal inflammation of the stomach,** with thickly coated white tongue; nausea; vomiting; after-taste of the food. *Ant. C. Clin.*
- Centre.** Tongue coated yellow along centre; coated first white, with reddish papillæ here and there; then a yellowish-brown coat in centre, the edges being red and shining; dry on waking and feeling burnt. *Bapt. 3.*
- Centre.** Tongue is usually red, dry and tremulous, or the tip is red and the centre brown; sometimes there is a red stripe through the centre. *Lach. Clin.*
- Centre.** Tongue red on margins; brown coat down centre; white; dry. *Plumb. 3.*
- Centre.** Painful blister along centre of tongue. *Canth. 3.*
- Chalk.** Ravenous hunger and great thirst, particularly longing for eggs and for indigestible things; chalk, coal, etc. *Calc. C. Clin.*
- Chalky.** Tongue chalky; white; red in middle; yellow. *Phos. 3.*
- Chalky.** Taste chalky in morning fasting. *Nux Mos. 3.*
- Cheek.** Tearing in teeth about 3 a. m., as if an exposed nerve were paining from cold air; worse lying on painless side; better by lying on painful cheek; relieved momentarily by cold water. *Bry. 5.*
- Cheek.** Painful gumboil in outer side of gums, with pain in a hollow tooth and with swelling of cheek and whole left side of face as far as below eye, where there was an œdematous swelling. *Borax 5.*
- Cheek.** Pain in teeth aggravated by drawing in air with open mouth; with stitches in one row of teeth, now in an upper, now in a lower molar, then in other teeth towards the front; aggravated by eating; at noon and evening; with red, hot spots on cheek and throat; with complaining mood, full of reproaches and despondency. *Nux Vom. 5.*
- Cheek.** Aphthæ on inside of cheek, bleeding when eating. *Borax 5.*
- Cheek.** Easily bites inside of cheek near orifice of salivary duct when chewing. *Ign. 5.*
- Cheek.** Bloody erosions on inside of cheek. *Phos. 5.*
- Cheek.** Open blister on inside of right cheek felt during dinner, with burning pain in it from warm food. *Natr. M. 5.*
- Cheek.** Aphthæ of mouth and cheek, with burning; relaxed uvula. *Natr. M. Clin.*
- Cheeks.** Ulcers on inside of cheeks, with sticking on uvula, palate, fauces, and, as far as could be seen, covered with yellowish-gray membrane; red, swollen, painful and offensive. *Nit. Ac. 5.*
- Cheeks.** Dryness of mouth, at night with thirst; of lining of cheeks, lips, tongue, which look burnt, roof of mouth and pharynx. *Bel. 5.*



## CHEEKS.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## CHILLINESS.

Cheeks. White aphthous pustules on inside of lips and cheeks and on tongue. Hep. 5.

Cheeks. Redness of inside of cheeks and of arch of palate. Mur. Ac. 5.

Cheeks. Salivation with crawling on inside of cheeks. Zinc. 5.

Cheeks. Mucous membrane of cheek easily gets between teeth so that he bites it when chewing. Nit. Ac. 5.

Cheeks. Aching in teeth during menses, with throbbing in gums worse in a hollow molar, which pains as if elongated and swollen: then swelling of gums and cheeks. Sep. 5.

Cheese. Offensive odor in mouth like old cheese every morning. Kali C. 5.

Chest. Flatulence here and there in hypochondria, even in back and region of ribs and in chest, causing tension and bubbling; amelioration from empty eructations. Lyc. 7.

Chest. Contractive pain in stomach at night extending into chest, with distention of abdomen; paroxysmal; arresting breath, obliging her to bend double; worse when lying. Carbo V. 1.

Chest. Ravenous appetite before supper; with loss of appetite and trembling in limbs; then coldness over whole body; with heat in chest so that it was difficult to fall asleep. Sil. 2.

Chest. Indigestion, with severe lancinating pains extending from side of chest to top of shoulder blade. Robina Clin.

Chest. Gastric disorder, shooting from pit of the stomach into chest and throat, with flatulence. Rumex Clin.

Chest. Gastralgia; pains extend to the chest; aggravation from motion; amelioration from quiet rest. Rumex Clin.

Chest. Pulsation in pit of stomach in morning, then ebullition in chest like palpitation, then internal heat of face and body without redness or thirst but with sweat. Sep. 1.

Chest. Constriction and pinching in epigastric and hypochondriac regions; aggravation from eating; then changing into chest and impeding breathing. Pul. 1.

Chest. Tension of the stomach and hypochondria; beneath stomach as if everything were too tight; with soreness on chest. Lyc. 1.

Chest. Dyspepsia, with violent pain extending into the chest; with nausea; temporarily relieved by eating. Petr. Clin.

Chest. Empty eructations; ineffectual, with pressure in chest. Phos. 7.

Chest. Drawing pain in pit of stomach extending into chest. Phos. 1.

Chest. Atonic dyspepsia, with slow and imperfect digestion; fullness in the stomach; belching pain extending all around the chest and up to the shoulders. Nux Vom. Clin.

Chest. Swollen feeling in stomach when eating, with oppression of chest as if he would suffocate, forcing him to loosen his clothes. Can. Ind. 1.

Chest. Sticking in stomach extending to chest. Lach. 1.

Chest. Colic of the most violent character, aggravated by hard pressure, sometimes with nausea and vomiting, sometimes with diarrhoea, sometimes with discharge of great quantities of gas; pains often extend into chest and pelvis. Coloc. Clin.

Chewing. Biting of tongue when chewing. Nit. Ac. 3.

Chewing. Sore pain in gums on touch and on chewing. Merc. S. 5.

Chewing. Gums sensitive when chewing. Carbo V. 5.

Chewing. Aching of teeth when chewing and on touch; with sensitiveness in a sound tooth; when eating, as if too long; drawing; relieved by warm drinks. Lyc. 5.

Chewing. Taste bitter, even to tobacco smoke, to everything; amelioration after eating; to bread on swallowing, although it tasted good while chewing. China 3.

Chewing. Dyspepsia from chewing tobacco, without vomiting or diarrhoea. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Chewing. Tearing first in roots of hollow teeth after chewing, then extending into crowns; aggravated in open air. Staph. 5.

Chewing. Tearing in teeth after chewing or cold drinks. Staph. 5.

Chewing. Pustule above a hollow tooth like a dental fistula; painful soreness on chewing. Petr. 5.

Chewing. Aching of teeth on chewing and biting as if they would be forced out. Pul. 5.

Chewing. Mucous membrane of cheek easily gets between teeth so that he bites it when chewing. Nit. Ac. 5.

Chewing. Teeth yellow, loose and painful on chewing. Nit. Ac. 5.

Chewing. Easily bites inside of cheek, near orifice of salivary duct when chewing. Ign. 3.

Chewing. Looseness of teeth and pain on chewing. China 5.

Chewing. Tearing in diseased root in both rows, extending in zygoma, with bruised pain in both right jaws on pressure and on chewing. Caust. 5.

Chewing. Aching in teeth, aggravated by chewing; eating sour things, and putting cold things into mouth, with grumbling and digging, especially in lower teeth. Arg. N. 5.

Child. After nursing, the child vomits its milk in little white curds, and refuses to nurse afterwards. Ant. C. Clin.

Child. Difficult dentition; child is weak, cold, pulse soft; bores the head into the pillow; tends to squint, cries out in sleep and particularly has restless feet. Zinc. Clin.

Child. Unnatural hunger; the child wants a great variety of things; refuses ordinary food. Cina Clin.

Children. Indigestion of children from sweets, associated with very peevish disposition. Ant. C. Clin.

Children. Indigestion, especially in children, from taking milk, which passes undigested. Mag. M. Clin.

Children. Disordered stomachs of children, from sweets, with distention. Arg. N. Clin.

Children. Flatulent colic, with constipation, especially in children. Iris Clin.

Children. Vomiting of milk (in young children), especially of curdled milk. Ethu. Clin.

Children. Sore mouth; aphthae occurring during protracted diseases, especially in children; with marasmus; with salivation; sour vomiting; stools like chopped eggs. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Children. Aphthous mouth in nursing children. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Children. Gangrenous sore mouth of children. Ars. A. Clin.

Children. Aphthous sore mouth; the ulcers bleed on eating, or on touch; mouth very tender in nursing children; hot, with thirst and vomiting. Borax Clin.

Children. Retarded development of speech in children. Phos. Clin.

Children's. Rapid decay of the teeth and bleeding of the gums; premature decay of children's teeth, which become very dark and crumbly. Kreas. Clin.

Chill. Thirst, with chill. Ign. 2.

Chill. Nausea not relieved by vomiting; with salivation; with headache, chill and heat. Sang. 6.

Chill. Nausea, with burning in mouth, spitting of saliva and general chill, without heat or thirst. Kreas. 6.

Chill. Thirst, but nausea soon after drinking; for milk; for beer during chill, with shivering; for small beer after morning sweat. Nux Vom. 2.

Chill. Vomiting of mucus only; of food, then general chill, then heat, with great thirst. Cina 6.

Chill. Thirst in evening after fever, with hunger, then after eating, coldness and rumbling in abdomen, after shivering through skin, after chill during sweat on back and forehead. China 2.

Chill. Inclination to gnash teeth as in a chill; aggravation from entrance of cold air. Calc. C. 5.

Chilliness. Aching in teeth at night, then general chilliness, with swelling of gums and salivary glands. Merc. S. 5.

Chilliness. Bitter taste of food, then chilliness and cold sweat; to bread, rolls and meat; to bread, with aversion to bread; to beer in morning; afterwards a sour taste. Pul. 3.

Chilliness. Nausea in morning during menstruation with chilliness and faintness in morning in bed; with bruised pain in intestines and loins in morning, with qualms about the heart and salivation. Nux Vom. 6.

Chilliness. Nausea, with heartburn; with grumbling and gurgling in hypochondria; with chilliness; with obscuration of vision and pallor. Pul. 6.

Chilliness. Internal chilliness in epigastric region. Ars. Alb. 1.



## CHILLINESS.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## COFFEE.

Chilliness. Dyspepsia; characterized by regurgitation of food, more or less nausea and vomiting, loss of appetite and thirst, bitter taste, vertigo on rising up, chilliness, and above all constant aggravations from eating fat substances. Pul. Clin.

Chocolate-colored. Vomiting violent of all food, drink and medicine; of coffee- or chocolate-colored matter. Secale 6.

Choking. Discomfort in pit of stomach, ascending to throat, choking him and stopping his breath. Nux Vom. 1.

Choking. Pinching or choking pain in pit of stomach, impeding respiration in afternoon. Pul. 1.

Cholera infantum, with tongue thickly coated white; vomiting, etc. Bism. Clin.

Chopped. Sore mouth; aphthæ occurring during protracted diseases, especially in children with marasmus; with salivation; sour vomiting; stools like chopped eggs. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Chronic dyspepsia; repugnance to hot or warm food; thirst; bloated abdomen. Calc. C. Clin.

Chronic dyspepsia; solid food causes excruciating pain and sometimes vomiting. Lyc. Clin.

Chronic gastritis. Phos. Clin.

Chronic catarrh of the stomach. Ars. A. Clin.

Chronic gastritis, with burning pain. Merc. S. Clin.

Chronic gastritis, with burning pain and waterbrash. Lyc. Clin.

Chronic gastric catarrh. Graph. Clin.

Chronic irritability of the stomach; the food is not retained nor digested. Kreas. Clin.

Chronic. Dyspepsia from alcohol, with persistent sour breath; the patient is shriveled and cold and cannot eat; the liver is enlarged; chronic diarrhœa. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Chronic. Vomiting of pregnancy; chronic catarrh of the stomach. Sul. Clin.

Chronic. Inflammation of the stomach, occurring during the progress of chronic diseases, for instance: scirrhus. Bism. Clin.

Chronic salivation, the effect of mercurial poisoning. China Clin.

Clammy. Slimy taste in morning, with nausea; foul, clammy; insipid; as of bad meat, with nausea; disgusting in morning, with white tongue. Pul. 3.

Clammy. Neuralgia of the stomach; most severe pain even along sternum and extending into both arms, with cold, clammy sweat. Diosc. Clin.

Clammy. Mouth clammy, with bitter taste. Diosc. 5.

Clawing in stomach in morning on rising, as from long fasting; better after eating. Pul. 1.

Clawing in stomach towards morning as from a purge, changing to burning in pit of stomach. Nux Vom. 1.

Clean. Tongue clean; white. Secale 3.

Cleaned. Bleeding of teeth when cleaned. Carbo V. 5.

Cleaning. Bleeding of gums on cleaning teeth and on pressure. Staph. 5.

Climacteric. Dyspepsia with hypochondriac mood, especially at the climacteric of women or as the result of overwrought brain or sexual excess. Sep. Clin.

Clothes. Swollen feeling in stomach when eating, with oppression of chest as if he would suffocate, forcing him to loosen his clothes. Can. Ind. 1.

Clothes. Distress in stomach, in morning, with burning; relieved by empty eructations; had to unfasten clothes. Diosc. 1.

Clothes. Tension across pit of stomach; he must loosen his clothes and cannot sit. Hep. 1.

Clothes. Cardialgia and indigestion; great soreness of the pit of the stomach to touch, and intolerance of the clothes. Lach. Clin.

Clothes. Stomach and abdomen tense after a moderate meal; clothes seem too tight. Nit. Ac. 1.

Clothes. Distress in stomach, worse in the afternoon, amelioration after supper, with sensitiveness to clothes. Sep. 1.

Clothes. Pains in stomach at night on pressure; clothes press upon stomach. Amm. C. 1.

Clothes. Vomiting substances which tinge the clothes black. Arg. N. 6.

Clothing. Distention and hardness of abdomen, with intolerance of tight clothing. Calc. C. 7.

Clothing. Pain in pit of stomach, intolerance of clothing in epigastric region, and beneath hypochondria. Crotal. H. 1.

Coagulated. Vomiting of hot, frothy mucus; of contents of stomach; then of bile; of thick, dark-green bile, mixed with dark coagulated blood about every hour. Pod. 6.

Coal. Ravenous hunger and great thirst, particularly longing for eggs and for indigestible things; chalk, coal, etc. Calc. C. Clin.

Coals. Sensation of glowing coals in mouth and fauces, with constant pressure to swallow and hawk, which increased the pain; discharge of much saliva and mucus. Caust. 5.

Coat. Gray patches on edges of tongue and dirty yellow coat on upper surface. Merc. S. 3.

Coat. Dirty grayish-green coat at root of tongue. Natr. S. Clin.

Coat. Red tongue, with blackish coat, covered with grayish-white crust; moist; edges red; pale dirty yellow posteriorly and along edges; white anteriorly. Merc. C. 3.

Coat. Tongue red on margins; brown coat down centre; white; dry. Plumb. 3.

Coat. Tongue dry without a yellowish coat, without thirst. Cocc. 3.

Coat. Yellowish-brown mucous coat of tongue. Carbo V. 3.

Coat. Thick, white, pasty coat of tongue. Ant. T. 3.

Coated. Tongue coated and showing impress of teeth on edges; coated white, with whitish, swollen gums that bleed on touch. Merc. S. 3.

Coated. Tongue coated white. Ant. C. 5.

Coated. Tongue coated white. Bry. 3.

Coated. Tongue coated white; yellowish-white; ulceration of tongue and gums with sore throat; dry tongue; dry at tip as if burnt; painful. Psor. 3.

Coated. Tongue coated, sometimes with red edges, with a streak in middle and redness of tip; brown and dry. Ars. A. 3.

Coated. Tongue coated yellow, with red margin showing imprint of teeth; yellow, white, slimy; dryness. Chel. 3.

Coated. Tongue coated yellow. Rumex 3.

Coated. Blisters on tongue, coated yellowish-white at root. Rhus Tox. 3.

Coated. Tongue coated mostly whitish-yellow, worse in the middle and posteriorly. Sabad. 3.

Coated. Gastric catarrh, with thickly white coated tongue, dry mouth, nausea; especially when the distress or regurgitation of food takes place a long time after a meal. Pul. Clin.

Coated. Tongue coated yellow, as a rule, though sometimes white in the morning. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Coated. Gastric catarrh, with vomiting of glairy mucus; tongue thickly coated. Kali B. Clin.

Coated. Tongue coated white. Lyc. 3.

Coated. Tongue coated white. Arn. M. 3.

Coated. Tongue thickly coated white. Ant. C. Clin.

Coated. Gastric catarrh from injudicious eating or drinking, with white coated tongue or sometimes with perfectly clean tongue. Ipe. Clin.

Coated. Tongue coated white and dry at edges. Cocc. 3.

Coated. Tongue coated white in evening, without heat or thirst. Bism. 3.

Coated. Tongue swollen and coated red at edges. Canth. 3.

Coated. Cholera infantum, with tongue thickly coated white; vomiting, etc. Bism. Clin.

Coated. Tongue coated yellow along centre; coated first white, with reddish papillæ here and there; then a yellowish-brown coat in centre, the edges being red and shining; dry on waking and feeling burnt. Bapt. 3.

Coated. Tongue coated white. Carbo V. 3.

Coated. Catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thickly coated white tongue; nausea; vomiting, after-taste of the food. Ant. C. Clin.

Coated. Tongue coated white. Agar. 3.

Coated. Tongue heavily coated white in gastric derangements. Bry. Clin.

Coated. Tongue coated white. Calc. C. 3.

Coated. Tongue white; coated white in morning with much viscid mucus in mouth. Pod. 3.

Coating. Epidermal coating of mouth and fauces abraded in morning but partly hanging in large pieces, the mucous membrane itself swollen and loose. Caust. 5.

Coffee. Aversion to food; to the usual food; drinking, tobacco and coffee; to the food just eaten; worse if she does not lie down; to the odor of food. Nux Vom. 2.



## COFFEE.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## COLD.

Coffee. Vomiting of food; of blood mixed with dark acid matter, with bile and mucus; black and liquid like coffee grounds; offensive. Phos. 6.

Coffee. Aversion to meat, bread and coffee. Natr. M. 2.

Coffee. Aversion to coffee. China 2.

Coffee. Aversion to coffee and tobacco. Lye. 2.

Coffee. Longing for coffee. Bry. 2.

Coffee. Vomiting violent of all food, drink and medicine; of blood; of coffee or chocolate-colored matter. Secale 6.

Coffee. Vomiting of pregnancy; with intolerance of the smell of coffee; vomiting when lying on right side. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Coffee. Eructations loud; sour in morning; of sour liquid after coffee; ineffectual. Pul. 7.

Coffee. Inflammation of the stomach caused by the habitual use of powerful drugs or of alcohol, strong coffee. Nux Vom. Clin.

Coffee. Irritable heart of tea and coffee drinkers, and of tobacco smokers. Agar. Clin.

Coffee-grounds. Nausea with debility and scanty vomiting of coffee-grounds fluid. Secale 6.

Cold. (*Teeth.*) Periodic pain in teeth always after waking; after eating; and from warm and cold drinks; often extending through upper jaw to ear, with jerking, tearing, sticking. Lach. 5.

Cold. Jerking pain in teeth, worse in morning, better when cold water taken into mouth becomes warm. Pul. 5.

Cold. Toothache when cold air or drinks enter the mouth. Calc. C. 5.

Cold. Sticking gnawing in gums, worse towards evening and by warmth of bed; amelioration from uncovering, a draught of cold open air. Pul. 5.

Cold. Gums sensitive to cold water; sore. Sil. 5.

Cold. Tearing in teeth about 3 a. m., as if an exposed nerve were paining from cold air; worse lying on painless side; better by lying on painful cheek; relieved momentarily by cold water. Bry. 5.

Cold. Toothache aggravated from cold; amelioration from warmth. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Cold. Toothache shooting into the ear and temple; aggravated in open air or by cold. Staph. Clin.

Cold. Neuralgic toothache aggravated by cold air resulting from the use of tobacco. Sep. Clin.

Cold. Inflammation at root of a tooth, with pain which is aggravated at night from cold. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Cold. Tearing in teeth after chewing or cold drinks. Staph. 5.

Cold. Pain in teeth when eating, in incisors and anterior molars on drawing air into mouth; aggravated by cold or damp air. Nux Mos. 5.

Cold. Toothache in pregnancy, temporarily relieved by holding cold water in the mouth; always aggravated in the evening until midnight. Pul. Clin.

Cold. Beating pain in teeth if anything hot or cold is taken into the mouth, extending into cheek, which swells during menses. Sep. 5.

Cold. Neuralgic toothache, aggravated by the warmth of the bed; amelioration from cold drinks. Mag. C. Clin.

Cold. Neuralgic toothache from taking cold, involving healthy teeth, feeling as if they would be wrenched out; usually aggravated from cold air, especially worse immediately after eating. Nux Vom. Clin.

Cold. Decaying teeth, with burning, boring pains involving the bones of the face and head; temporarily relieved by drawing in cold air. Mezer. Clin.

Cold. Sticking in teeth on taking anything cold or warm into mouth. Nit. Ac. 5.

Cold. Toothache relieved by holding cold water in the mouth. Natr. S. Clin.

Cold. Looseness of teeth; sensitiveness to cold air. Natr. M. 5.

Cold. Toothache in hollow teeth, extending into head, aggravated by cold water. Ant. C. Clin.

Cold. Aching in all teeth after cold drinks or opening mouth; aggravated on biting teeth together. Hep. 5.

Cold. Inclination to gnash teeth as in a chill; aggravation from entrance of cold air. Calc. C. 5.

Cold. Aching in teeth, aggravated by chewing, eating sour things, and putting cold things into mouth, with grumbling and digging, especially in lower teeth. Arg. N. 5.

Cold. Violent toothache from taking cold, even in sound teeth, from cold air. Caust. Clin.

Cold. Toothache in pregnant women excited by cold or a draught of air. Calc. C. Clin.

Cold. (*Thirst.*) Thirst during sweat for cold drinks. Ver. Alb. 2.

Cold. Dryness of throat, with thirst for cold water. Can. Ind. 2.

Cold. Constant thirst for cold water, the smallest quantity of which could not be retained. Ars. A. 2.

Cold. Desire for cold milk. Rhus Tox. 2.

Cold. Thirst excessive; she must drink much at once, and the drink does not distress her; with necessity to drink much cold water; with internal, but not external heat. Bry. 2.

Cold. Thirst at night; for beer during heat; for cold water. Acon. 1.

Cold. Thirst for cold drinks in evening without heat. Bism. 2.

Cold. Thirst in evening for something very cold. Natr. S. 2.

Cold. Vomiting of the contents of the stomach temporarily relieved by cold drinks; but as soon as these become warm the vomiting is renewed. Phos. Clin.

Cold. Thirst for cold water, for large quantities of cold water. Merc. C. 2.

Cold. Thirst unquenchable for cold water. Bel. 2.

Cold. (*Cold Sweat.*) Vomiting and diarrhœa ten times with pale sunken face covered with cold sweat; forcible; violent; of slimy acid liquid with food. Ver. Alb. 6.

Cold. Vomiting of green mucus; with cold sweat. Ver. Alb. 6.

Cold. Bitter taste to food, then chilliness and cold sweat; to bread, rolls and meat; to bread, with aversion to bread; to beer in morning; afterwards a sour taste. Pul. 3.

Cold. Nausea, on motion, with relaxed sensation in stomach; paroxysmal as in seasickness with vertigo and cold sweat, amounting almost to faintness; amelioration in open air. Tabac. 6.

Cold. Vomiting with cold sweat; great exhaustion. Camph. Clin.

Cold. Neuralgia of the stomach; most severe pain even along sternum and extending into both arms, with cold, clammy sweat. Diosc. Clin.

Cold. Vomiting of blood; sudden; violent; cold sweat. Secale Clin.

Cold. Most violent retching and vomiting of food or of whatever is taken into the stomach; the ejecta are always very profuse, and the vomiting is attended with cold sweat, great prostration, burning in the stomach and great sensitiveness to touch. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Cold. (*Cold Food.*) Dyspepsia, with soreness, distention, burning pain, desire for cold food, aversion to hot food. Merc. C. Clin.

Cold. Appetite for fruit; longing for only cold food, herring, sardines or acids. Ver. Alb. 2.

Cold. (*Miscellaneous.*) Taste bitter, relieved by frequent drinking of cold water, with nausea. Bry. 3.

Cold. Nausea in morning so that she can scarcely rise; in afternoon after every drink; mostly in mouth when riding in a wagon; if he became cold or took cold, causing salivation. Cocc. 6.

Cold. Tongue cold, speech feeble, broken, hoarse. Camph. 3.

Cold. Tongue cold, mouth cold, breath cold. Camph. Clin.

Cold. Obstinate vomiting of blood; extremities cold; countenance hippocratic; pulse feeble; the ejecta sometimes black, tar-like. Ipe. Clin.

Cold. Burning pain on tip of tongue, with blisters; with sensitiveness so that she could hardly eat; relieved by taking anything cold; burning as from highly seasoned food. Natr. S. 3.

Cold. Dyspepsia from alcohol with persistent sour breath; the patient is shriveled and cold and cannot eat; the liver is enlarged; chronic diarrhœa. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Cold. Difficult dentition; child is weak, cold, pulse soft; bores the head into the pillow; tends to squint, cries out in sleep and particularly has restless feet. Zinc. Clin.

Cold. Gastralgia coming on some hours after eating; relieved by warm milk; aggravated by cold drinks. Graph. Clin.



**COLD.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****CONTINUAL.**

- Cold.** Vomiting, with burning nausea, rising to throat; relieved by drinking cold water. *Cupr. 6.*
- Cold.** Colic from cold water, aggravated by heat. *Staph. Clin.*
- Cold.** Hæmorrhage from stomach; temporarily relieved by drinking cold water. *Phos. Clin.*
- Cold.** Gastric symptoms, relieved by cold drinks. *Bism. Clin.*
- Coldness of tongue.** *Ver. Alb. 3.*
- Coldness.** Pressure as from a hard substance above pit of stomach; with coldness, heaviness after eating; aggravated by pressure. *Phos. 1.*
- Coldness.** Gastralgia, with feeling of coldness and faintness in the abdomen. *Petr. Clin.*
- Coldness.** Ravenous appetite before supper; with loss of appetite and trembling in limbs; then coldness over whole body; with heat in chest so that it was difficult to fall asleep. *Sil. 2.*
- Coldness in stomach** from every drink unless some spirit is mixed with it. *Sulf. Ac. 1.*
- Coldness.** Thirst in evening after fever, with hunger, then after eating coldness and rumbling in abdomen, after shivering through skin, after chill during sweat on back and forehead. *China 2.*
- Coldness in stomach.** *Colch. 1.*
- Coldness.** Dyspepsia; constant satiety with coldness in stomach, craving for pungent spices and sour things and stimulants; digestion extremely slow; after eating he feels full, drowsy; taste of the food rises with dyspnoea. *China Clin.*
- Coldness.** Acid dyspepsia, with heartburn, coldness of the surface of the body, feeble pulse, etc. *Carbo V. Clin.*
- Coldness.** Persistent nausea and vomiting of pregnancy; with deathly nausea, pale face, coldness of the stomach, gall-stone colic. *Tabac. Clin.*
- Colic.** Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening or colic aggravated in evening in bed; with griping and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another. *Pul. 7.*
- Colic.** Retching; vomiting; with diarrhoea and colic. *Arg. N. 6.*
- Colic** as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. *Nux Vom. 7.*
- Colic.** Flatulent distention of abdomen after eating; after drinking in morning, with gurgling; also in bed with spasmodic and griping flatulent colic and heat in palms and soles. *Nux Vom. 7.*
- Colic.** Vomiting constant of food; of everything taken into the stomach; fecal; with colic and constipation; blackish; of brownish liquid streaked with blood. *Plumb. 6.*
- Colic.** Gastralgia, colic, and distention of abdomen. *Caust. Clin.*
- Colic.** Flatulent colic; lead colic. *Zinc. Clin.*
- Colic.** Persistent nausea and vomiting of pregnancy, with deathly nausea, pale face, coldness of the stomach, gall-stone colic. *Tabac. Clin.*
- Colic** from cold water aggravated by heat. *Staph. Clin.*
- Colic.** Flatulent colic in pregnancy. *Cocc. Clin.*
- Colic.** Flatulent colic in evening after lying down. *Nux Vom. 7.*
- Colic.** Pain in stomach after a light meal, with fullness, eructations of food and colic; aggravated by sitting bent over and in region of duodenum, with difficult breathing. *Lyc. 1.*
- Colic.** Flatulent colic, with constipation; especially in children. *Iris Clin.*
- Colic** of the most violent character; aggravated by hard pressure, sometimes with nausea and vomiting, sometimes with diarrhoea, sometimes with discharge of great quantities of gas; pains often extend into chest and pelvis. *Coloc. Clin.*
- Colic.** Bilious colic, almost incessant vomiting of extremely acrid substances, with soreness over the liver. *Iris Clin.*
- Colic.** Gastralgia relieved by eating, but the colic lower down in the abdomen comes on immediately after eating; worse below umbilicus. *Graph. Clin.*
- Colic** from suppressed perspiration as from drinking ice water when heated, or it may be brought on by fits of anger; the patient always doubles up with the colic. *Coloc. Clin.*
- Colic.** Violent sudden vomiting of water; with copious greenish diarrhoea and colic. *Cupr. 1.*
- Colic.** Frequent colic, only slightly ameliorated by evacuating gas; attacks come at night, associated with feeling of emptiness; nausea, vertigo. *Cocc. Clin.*
- Colic** before stool, before passage of flatus, with thirst. *China 7.*
- Colic;** aggravated by riding in the cars or carriage; relieved by emission of flatus. *Carbo V. Clin.*
- Collapsed.** Atonic dyspepsia; feeling as if the stomach were collapsed. *Zinc. Clin.*
- Collection** of flatus without evacuation of it, with pain; flatus rolls about and becomes incarcerated here and there. *Natr. S. 7.*
- Color.** Epithelioma of the tongue; the edges of a bluish-red color. *Mur. Ac. Clin.*
- Color.** Deep crimson color in the mouth from posterior third of palate, as far down as could be seen, with enlargement of tonsils. *Bel. 5.*
- Complaining.** Pain in teeth aggravated by drawing in air with open mouth; with stitches in one row of teeth now in an upper, now in a lower molar, then in other teeth towards the front; aggravated by eating; at noon and evening; with red, hot spots on cheek and throat; with complaining mood full of reproaches and despondency. *Nux Vom. 5.*
- Complexion.** Generally indicated in persons of a fair complexion; very sluggish and inclined to be fat. *Calc. C. Clin.*
- Compression.** Intermittent compression in epigastrium changing to pinching, with confusion of sineput. *Coloc. 1.*
- Constant thirst for cold water, the smallest quantity of which could not be retained.** *Ars. A. 2.*
- Constant.** Eructations after eating and drinking, violent, almost constant. *Carbo V. 7.*
- Constant** accumulation of mucus in mouth. *Staph. 5.*
- Constant.** Eructations, constant, as soon as she eats; of food after eating; without nausea. *Ferr. 7.*
- Constipation.** Vomiting constant of food; of everything taken into the stomach; fecal; with colic and constipation; blackish; of brownish liquid streaked with blood. *Plumb. 6.*
- Constipation.** Incarcerated flatulence in left side and constipation. *Sul. Clin.*
- Constipation.** Flatulent colic, with constipation, especially in children. *Iris Clin.*
- Constricting.** Excruciating gastralgia, pains as from knives, or burning, or constricting or associated with great external weight. *Phos. Clin.*
- Constriction.** Ineffectual retching, with constriction of œsophagus and across chest in direction of diaphragm. *Cupr. 6.*
- Constriction.** Pinching and pressure in stomach, extending through small intestines, as with a constriction; with many movements. *Arn. M. 1.*
- Constriction.** Pinching in pit of stomach, preventing sleep, with constriction of stomach and sensitiveness of stomach so that it could bear no covering. *Coloc. 1.*
- Constriction.** Burning acidity rising from stomach with spasmodic constriction. *Kali C. 1.*
- Constriction and pinching** in epigastric and hypochondric regions; aggravation from eating; then changing into chest and impeding breathing. *Pul. 1.*
- Constrictive pain in stomach.** *Graph. 1.*
- Constrictive pain** when the stomach is empty. *Ars. A. Clin.*
- Constrictive.** Distention of stomach, with pain on touch; also in pit; constrictive; pinching. *Nux Vom. 1.*
- Constrictive.** Sensation in stomach as if a foreign body were sticking in cardiac orifice and behind sternum; constrictive. *Natr. M. 1.*
- Constrictive.** Grinding, pinching, constrictive pain in stomach. *Cocc. 1.*
- Contemptuous.** Sudden ravenous hunger during the contemptuous mood, with greedy, hasty eating. *Plat. 2.*
- Continual** nausea, with vomiting, or efforts to vomit; with perspiration on forehead; great prostration and trembling; usually without thirst, or vomiting of a tough slimy matter, with great thirst, and disgust for food. *Ant. T. Clin.*



## CONTRACTION.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## CUTTING.

- Contraction.** Spasmodic contraction moving up and down in stomach, causing general pain, especially in posterior wall of stomach, as if pressed against spine. Arn. M. 1.
- Contraction.** Extreme pressure and contraction in the stomach followed by vomiting. Secale Clin.
- Contractive.** Pressure in stomach, with intermittent contractive pains. Cupr. 1.
- Contractive pain in stomach at night, extending into chest, with distention of abdomen;** paroxysmal, arresting breath, obliging her to bend double; worse when lying. Carbo V. 1.
- Contracted sensation beneath stomach.** Carbo V. 1.
- Conversation.** Profuse saliva; ropy, drops from mouth during conversation. Iris 5.
- Convulsions.** Acute pain in region of stomach and bladder, with such sensibility that pressure caused convulsions. Canth. 1.
- Convulsions.** Nausea, after a glass of wine, with convulsions; with diarrhoea. Ant. C. 6.
- Coolness.** Taste and coolness in mouth and throat as from peppermint; biting taste in throat as from peppermint; as from heat rising from oesophagus into mouth. Ver. Alb. 3.
- Corrosive.** Burning, corrosive pain in stomach when walking, extending to pit of throat. Sabad. 1.
- Cotton.** Dry mouth without thirst in evening, so that tongue sticks to palate; also back of mouth and throat in morning on waking; dry at night, with slimy feeling; dry and the saliva seems like cotton. Nux Mos. 5.
- Coppery.** Taste metallic, coppery in morning on waking. Sul. 3.
- Cough.** Pain in pit of stomach in afternoon, after eating a little; with heaviness in epigastric region caused by cough. Lyc. 1.
- Cough.** Sensation of a hair on fore part of tongue; on tip extending into trachea, where it caused crawling, so that he must cough. Sil. 3.
- Cough.** Sharp pressure in pit of stomach with every cough. Phos. 1.
- Coughing.** Soreness in pit of stomach when coughing. Bry. 1.
- Countenance.** Obstinate vomiting of blood; extremities cold; countenance hippocratic; pulse feeble; the ejecta sometimes black, tar-like. Ipe. Clin.
- Covered.** Mouth and pharynx dry in morning, and covered with insipid mucus, with offensive breath, that is not perceptible to himself. Pul. 5.
- Covered.** Tongue covered with a tenacious mucus, as with a membrane. Pul. 3.
- Covered.** Sensation as if roof of palate were covered with tenacious mucus, and were swollen. Pul. 5.
- Covering.** Pinching in pit of stomach, preventing sleep, with constriction of stomach, and sensitiveness of stomach, so that it could bear no covering. Coloc. 1.
- Cracked.** Tongue smooth, red and cracked; red and dry. Kali B. 2.
- Cracked.** Dry tongue and dry throat, interfering with speech, and retracted, hanging from the child's mouth; swollen; crooked and difficult to move. Bel. 3.
- Cracked.** Tongue is dry, red and cracked in fever. Rhus Tox Clin.
- Cracks.** Burning about tip of tongue as if full of cracks. Natr. C. 3.
- Cramp in stomach; in pit; in epigastrium; also with tension.** Ant. T. 1.
- Cramp in the region of the stomach and abdomen, or very violent cutting pain going through to back, as if transfixed and preventing the slightest motion.** Cupr. Clin.
- Cramp in stomach at night; relieved by eructations.** Coloc. 1.
- Cramping pain in pit of stomach, then eructations of wind, then hiccup and emission of flatus.** Diosc. 1.
- Cramp-like pain in stomach after every meal; oppression whenever she eats.** Ferr. 1.
- Cramps and pains in stomach and in bowels.** Cupr. 1.
- Cramps.** Periodic vomiting of brown or black liquid with violent cramps. Plumb. Clin.
- Craving.** Dyspepsia; constant satiety, with coldness in stomach, craving for pungent spices and sour things and stimulants, digestion extremely slow; after eating he feels full, drowsy; taste of the food rises with dyspnoea. China Clin.
- Craving.** Dyspepsia, with vomiting of food and drink and craving for stimulants; vomiting of drunkards. Sulf. Ac. Clin.
- Craving for various things, but when they are brought to him, especially if he smells them, he is seized with extreme aversion, and becomes nauseated and may even vomit.** Colch. Clin.
- Craving.** General cravings for acids, and aversion to meat and fat or rich food. Pul. Clin.
- Craving.** Great craving for sweets; well marked gastritis, with enormous distention, or free eructations of gas. Arg. N. Clin.
- Craving hunger; desire for vinegar.** Sep. 2.
- Craving for juicy things.** Ver. Alb. Clin.
- Crawling.** Sensation of a hair on fore part of tongue; on tip extending into trachea where it caused crawling so that he must cough. Sil. 3.
- Crawling.** Pain in a hollow tooth in evening which became elongated and loose; then also in other teeth; pain partly sticking and partly crawling. Rhus Tox. 5.
- Crawling.** Salivation with crawling on inside of cheeks. Zinc. 5.
- Crawling.** Burnt feeling on tongue; crawling sensation. Plat. 3.
- Crawling.** Pinching pain; boring; gnawing; fullness; drawing; burning; crawling in stomach. Agar. 1.
- Cries.** Difficult dentition; child is weak, cold, pulse soft; bores the head into the pillow, tends to squint; cries out in sleep, and particularly has restless feet. Zinc. Clin.
- Crawling in tongue with pain.** Secale 3.
- Crimson.** Deep crimson color in mouth from posterior third of palate, as far down as could be seen, with enlargement of tonsils. Bel. 5.
- Crowns.** Tearing first in roots of hollow teeth after chewing, then extending into crowns; aggravated in open air. Staph. 5.
- Crumble.** Carious teeth which crumble. Staph. Clin.
- Crumbly.** Rapid decay of the teeth and bleeding of the gums; premature decay of children's teeth, which become very dark and crumbly. Kreas. Clin.
- Crust.** Tongue yellow; dirty white crust, painful swelling posteriorly on side; burning stitches; dryness. China 3.
- Crust.** Red tongue, with blackish coat, covered with grayish-white crust; moist; edges red; pale, dirty yellow posteriorly and along edges; white anteriorly. Merc. C. 3.
- Curdled.** Distress in stomach from milk; it is vomited curdled. Sul. 1.
- Curdled.** Vomiting of milk (in young children), especially of curdled milk. Aethu. Clin.
- Curds.** After nursing the child vomits its milk in little white curds, and refuses to nurse afterwards. Ant. C. Clin.
- Cured.** Ulcers in the stomach supposed to be malignant and incurable have been cured or greatly relieved by this drug; always with extreme burning and distress as if the whole stomach were raw; at times with vomiting of blood. Mezer. Clin.
- Cut.** Feeling in stomach as if cut to pieces in morning, with external sensitiveness of epigastric region. Kali C. 1.
- Cutting pain in abdomen, with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulence here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus the more difficult to pass.** Ver. Alb. 7.
- Cutting.** Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning, then cutting in abdomen and nausea in morning after eating a little, with return of a metallic, herby taste, with weight and heat as from a stone in epigastrium; aggravation from walking; amelioration from sitting. Nux Vom. 1.
- Cutting.** Nausea all day, in morning, with accumulation of water in mouth; in morning on waking; she could not eat breakfast; with cutting in upper abdomen and diarrhoea. Petr. 6.
- Cutting.** Colic as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. Nux Vom. 7.
- Cutting.** Shooting cutting in pit of stomach, forcing him to bend backward, and hold his breath. Bel. 1.
- Cutting.** Cramp in the region of the stomach and abdomen, or very violent cutting pain going through to back, as if transfixed and preventing the slightest motion. Cupr. Clin.



**CUTTING.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****DIFFUSE.**

Cutting. Gastralgia; sharp cutting or sticking; aggravation from motion or eating. Kali C. Clin.

Cutting in abdomen in morning, with emission of flatus. Pul. 7.

Cutting in pit of stomach. Bry. 1.

Damp. Pain in teeth when eating, in incisors and anterior molars on drawing air into mouth; aggravated by cold or damp air. Nux Mos. 5.

Dark. Toothache, with swollen, bleeding gums; gums sometimes dark purplish. Lach. Clin.

Dark. Rapid decay of the teeth, and bleeding of the gums; premature decay of children's teeth, which become very dark and crumbly. Kreas. Clin.

Dark. Tongue dark, and with most of mouth and fauces covered with a grayish-white membrane. Mur. Ac. 3.

Dark. Swelling of gums with sore pain; with dark redness and painful throbbing as if beginning to suppurate. Sep. 5.

Dark. Vomiting of great quantities of blood, at times even bright red; usually dark and thick. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Day. Nausea in morning during menstruation, with weakness and trembling during the day. Graph. 6.

Day. Sticking in teeth and jaw, extending to ear, preventing sleep at night and during the day; she had to tie a cloth over it. Sep. 5.

Day. Thirst day and night. Merc. S. 2.

Death. Vomiting with apprehensiveness of death. Ars. A. 6.

Deathly. Persistent nausea and vomiting of pregnancy; with deathly nausea, pale face, coldness of the stomach, gall-stone colic. Tabac. Clin.

Deathly nausea if her head was raised from the pillow. Nux Mos. 6.

Debilitated. Offensive odor from mouth in persons who are debilitated or during fevers. Carbo V. Clin.

Debility. Nausea, with debility and scanty vomiting of coffee-grounds fluid. Secale 6.

Decay. Quick decay of teeth. Sep. 5.

Decay. Hollow teeth decay very rapidly; aching in hollow in evening on touch of tongue. Mezer. 5.

Decay. Rapid decay of the teeth and bleeding of the gums; premature decay of children's teeth which become very dark and crumbly. Kreas. Clin.

Decay. Throbbing pain in the third upper molar which is beginning to decay. Kreas. 5.

Decay. Teeth decay rapidly. Carbo V. Clin.

Decayed. Teeth decayed and became loose in succession, and fell out at the slightest shock; especially the molars were gone; those that remained were black, laid bare, loose and carious; crowns of all except incisors lost. Merc. S. 5.

Decaying teeth, with burning, boring, pains, involving the bones of the face and head; temporarily relieved by drawing in cold air. Mezer. Clin.

Decaying. Valuable for decaying teeth in pregnancy. Staph. Clin.

Deep redness of tongue; of papillæ; with swelling. Bel. 3.

Deep crimson color in mouth from posterior third of palate, as far down as could be seen, with enlargement of tonsils. Bel. 5.

Delayed dentition. Calc. C. Clin.

Dental periostitis, with great soreness and elongation of the teeth; pain aggravated at night from warmth of bed; teeth loose; salivation offensive. Merc. S. Clin.

Dental. Pustule above a hollow tooth like a dental fistula; painful soreness on chewing. Petr. 5.

Dental. Abscess at the root of tooth, with external swelling; dental fistula. Petr. Clin.

Dental fistula. Caust. Clin.

Dental fistula. Staph. Clin.

Dental fistula. Phos. Clin.

Dentition. Difficult dentition; child is weak, cold, pulse soft; bores the head into the pillow; tends to squint, cries out in sleep, and particularly has restless feet. Zinc. Clin.

Dentition. Delayed dentition. Calc. C. Clin.

Dentition. Difficult dentition, with grinding of teeth, rolling the head; disagreeable breath; diarrhœa. Pod. Clin.

Dentition. Difficult dentition. Bel. Clin.

Desire for vinegar. Hep. 2.

Desire for cold milk. Rhus Tox. 2.

Desire. Irresistible desire for sugar. Arg. N. 2.

Desire for indigestible things, like ham, smoked meat, etc. Calc. P. Clin.

Desire for acids. Bry. 2.

Desire for wine. Bry. 2.

Desire. General desire for stimulants. Nux Vom. Clin.

Desire. Appetite lost; indifferent to food; desire for something sour. Pod. 2.

Desire. Craving hunger; desire for vinegar. Sep. 2.

Desire. Great desire for acids. Stram. 2.

Desire. Valuable remedy for the desire for alcoholic drinks. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Desires. Great hunger soon after a meal; desires many and different things, Cina 2.

Desires things immediately, but when offered does not wish them. Bry. 2.

Despondency. Pain in teeth aggravated by drawing in air with open mouth; with stitches in one row of teeth; now in an upper, now in a lower molar, then in other teeth towards the front; aggravated by eating; at noon and evening, with red, hot spots on cheek and throat; with complaining mood full of reproaches and despondency. Nux Vom. 5.

Diaphragm. Ineffectual retching, with constriction of œsophagus and across chest in direction of diaphragm. Cupr. 6.

Diarrhœa. Vomiting and diarrhœa ten times, with pale, sunken face, covered with cold sweat; forcible; violent; of slimy acid liquid with food. Ver. Alb. 6.

Diarrhœa. Nausea all day; in morning, with accumulation of water in mouth; in morning on waking; she could not eat breakfast; with cutting in upper abdomen and diarrhœa. Petr. 6.

Diarrhœa. Retching; vomiting; with diarrhœa and colic. Arg. N. 6.

Diarrhœa. Violent sudden vomiting of water; with copious, greenish diarrhœa and colic. Cupr. 1.

Diarrhœa. Dyspepsia from chewing tobacco, without vomiting or diarrhœa. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Vomiting, with watery diarrhœa. Colch. 7.

Diarrhœa. Pain in epigastrium in morning on touch; at noon; a few hours after eating; with nausea and dullness of head in evening; towards evening and in abdomen, with painful vomiting and diarrhœa. Phos. 1.

Diarrhœa. Aphthous sore mouth occurring in the last stages of wasting diseases, sometimes with watery diarrhœa and irritable stomach. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Dyspepsia from alcohol, with persistent sour breath; the patient is shriveled and cold and cannot eat; the liver is enlarged; chronic diarrhœa. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Difficult dentition, with grinding of teeth, rolling the head, disagreeable breath, diarrhœa. Pod. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Ravenous hunger, but the appetite sometimes vanishes and there is absolute disgust for food; the attempt to eat brings on diarrhœa; sinking in stomach. Ferr. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Nausea, after a glass of wine; with convulsions; with diarrhœa. Ant. C. 6.

Diet. Indigestion, with aversion to the ordinary diet and longing for a great variety of indigestible articles. Ign. Clin.

Different kinds of foul taste; unpleasant in morning; mouth dry and slimy; sour in morning on waking; bitter; bitterish sour. Sep. 3.

Difficult dentition. Bel. Clin.

Difficult vomiting of the beverage and of yellow-green mucus and water, with bitter taste in mouth, which remained a long time. Ars. A. 6.

Difficult. Speech difficult, and weak, and slow. Phos. 3.

Difficult speech, like a weakness of organs of speech coming from hypochondria. Natr. M. 3.

Difficult dentition, with grinding of teeth, rolling the head; disagreeable breath; diarrhœa. Pod. Clin.

Difficult. Speech difficult; slow; weak; with feeling on every motion of the tongue as if there were resistance to be overcome. Secale 3.

Difficult dentition; child is weak, cold; pulse soft; bores the head into the pillow; tends to squint; cries out in sleep and particularly has restless feet. Zinc. Clin.

Diffuse, subacute gastro-enteritis of a low type. Arn. M. Clin.



**DICESTED.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****DISTENTION.**

Digested. Chronic irritability of the stomach; the food is not retained nor digested. Kreas. Clin.

Digested. Flatulence and distention of abdomen from things which usually digested easily. Carbo V. 7.

**Digestion slow; discomfort in stomach after eating a little. Lyc. 1.**

Digestion. Dyspepsia; constant satiety, with coldness in stomach, craving for pungent spices and sour things and stimulants, digestion extremely slow; after eating he feels full, drowsy; taste of the food rises; with dyspnoea. China Clin.

Digestion. Disturbances of digestion and of the function of the liver; the tongue is yellow and shows the print of the teeth around the margin. Chel. Clin.

Digestion. Weakened digestion after mercury. Lach. Clin.

Digestion. Atonic dyspepsia, with slow and imperfect digestion; fullness in the stomach; belching pain extending all around the chest and up to the shoulders. Nux Vom. Clin.

Digestion. Disorders of digestion, with pain between the shoulders and heavily furred tongue. Pul. Clin.

Digestion. Atonic dyspepsia; digestion very slow; the food is tasted or regurgitated a long time after eating. Pul. Clin.

Digestive. Loss of digestive power; burning in stomach in morning; heartburn all day. Sul. 1.

Digging in upper back teeth; aggravated for a moment by biting teeth together and pressing upon them. China 5.

Digging. Aching in teeth, aggravated by chewing, eating sour things, and putting cold things into mouth, with grumbling and digging, especially in lower teeth. Arg. N. 5.

Dinner. Eructations tasting of food, then nausea; of gas; bilious in evening; bitter at night; of a bitter fluid; tasting of rancid tallow after eating buckwheat cakes; as of bad meat after dinner; the taste remains, with nausea. Pul. 7.

Dinner. Distention of abdomen after dinner, with rumbling; by flatus. Carbo V. 7.

Dinner. Burning pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after dinner, with salivation, extending into throat; into mouth; soreness on waking. Kali B. 1.

Dinner. Nausea from smoking after eating; during dinner; relieved by lying down, with faintness and flashes of heat; after dinner. Nux Vom. 6.

Dinner. Nausea at noon, when his appetite is nearly satisfied; at night, with vomiting and frequent stools; after dinner, with pressure in pit of stomach, then aching in forehead. Ant. T. 6.

Dinner. Nausea after each meal; worse during and after dinner, with troublesome efforts to vomit. Arg. N. 6.

Dinner. Nauseous taste in morning; pasty in forenoon; on posterior part of palate after dinner. Bry. 3.

Dinner. Acidity of stomach after dinner. Mag. M. 1.

Dinner. Nausea after dinner and supper, with uneasiness and qualmishness in epigastric region, as after eating too much fat; in throat and palate on eating a little. Cycl. 6.

Dinner. Discharge of flatus; offensive, after dinner; relieved after stool, with movements in hypogastrium. Coloc. 7.

Dinner. Boring in teeth after dinner; as if something got into tooth. Kali C. 5.

Dinner. Breath offensive in morning; after dinner, sour. Nux Vom. 5.

Dinner. Distention of abdomen after dinner, with emission of flatus; fermentation; flatulent pain. Natr. M. 7.

Dinner. Open blister on inside of right cheek felt during dinner, with burning pain in it from warm food. Natr. M. 5.

Dinner. Taste bitter to dinner; metallic in afternoon, sour. Natr. C. 2.

Dinner. Pain in stomach after breakfast and dinner; painfulness to touch. Natr. C. 1.

Dinner. Empty eructations after dinner; sour. Zinc. 7.

Diphtheria. Ulceration of the mouth, with great fetor; the ulcers spread rapidly like mercurial ulcers, but when touched they have sharp, splinter-like pains; these ulcers extend into the throat and simulate diphtheria. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Dirty. Gray patches on edges of tongue and a dirty yellow coat on upper surface. Merc. S. 3.

Dirty. Tongue yellow, dirty white crust, painful swelling posteriorly on side; burning stitches; dryness. China 3.

Dirty. Red tongue, with blackish coat, covered with grayish-white crust; moist; edges red; pale dirty yellow posteriorly and along edges; white anteriorly. Merc. C. 3.

Dirty grayish-green coat at root of tongue. Natr. S. Clin.

Disagreeable. Appetite increased for various things, but does not know exactly what; hunger, but want of appetite; food tastes natural, yet is disagreeable in mouth; indifference to eating and drinking; only while eating; appetite and natural taste to food returned. China 2.

Disagrees. Appetite great; in evening; diminished, especially for meat; can eat only bread and butter; meat disagrees with him. Ferr. 2.

Discharge. Sensation of glowing coals in mouth and fauces, with constant pressure to swallow and hawk, which increased the pain; discharge of much saliva, with mucus. Caust. 5.

Discharge of flatus; offensive after dinner; relieved after stool, with movements in hypogastrium. Coloc. 7.

Discharge. Inflammation of mouth and of gums, with discharge of clear water. Merc. C. 5.

Discharge. Salivation, sweet; tenacious; discharge of watery saliva, also like waterbrash. Pul. 5.

Discomfort in pit of stomach, ascending to throat, choking him and stopping his breath. Nux Vom. 1.

Disgust for everything, especially fat. Hep. 2.

Disgust. Appetite diminished, disgust for food. Canth. 2.

Disgust. Ravenous hunger, but the appetite sometimes vanishes, and there is absolute disgust for food; the attempt to eat brings on diarrhoea; sinking in stomach. Ferr. Clin.

Disgusting. Slimy taste in morning, with nausea, foul; clammy; insipid, as of bad meat; with nausea; disgusting in morning, with white tongue. Pul. 3.

Disgusting. Sweet things are disgusting and nauseous. Graph. 2.

Disgusts. Slimy taste, which disgusts him with butter; sour; flat; qualmish. China 3.

Dislike. Anorexia; dislike for all food. Ferr. 2.

Disordered stomachs of children, from sweets, with distention. Arg. N. Clin.

Disordered. Sensation in stomach as if disordered. Caust. 1.

Disordered. Stomach weak and easily disordered; scraping heartburn after fat food. Natr. C. 1.

Disorders of digestion, with pain between the shoulders, and heavily furred tongue. Pul. Clin.

Disposition. Indigestion of children from sweets, associated with very peevish disposition. Ant. C. Clin.

Distended. Acid dyspepsia; the region of the stomach becomes distended and extremely sensitive to touch. Lyc. Clin.

Distended. Pain in stomach, as from fullness, as after too much eating, with distended, but not hard abdomen. Ant. C. 1.

**Distention. (Distention of Abdomen.) Distention of abdomen from gas and hardness. Merc. S. 7.**

Distention of abdomen by flatulence; waking about midnight; causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief; new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. Cocc. 7.

Distention. Appetite after eating, though stomach and abdomen are full and tense; great appetite, then distention of abdomen. Lyc. 2.

Distention. Flatulent distention of abdomen after stool. Lyc. 7.

Distention of abdomen, with motion of flatus. Aloe 7.

Distention and hardness of abdomen, with intolerance of tight clothing. Calc. C. 7.

Distention in abdomen in morning in bed; amelioration from emission of flatus. Sul. 7.

Distention. Contractive pain in stomach at night, extending into chest, with distention of abdomen: paroxysmal; arresting breath, obliging her to bend double; worse when lying. Carbo V. 1.

Distention of abdomen as from incarceration of flatus; intolerance of anything tight about hypochondria. Graph. 1.



**DISTENTION.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****DRAUCHT.**

**Distention of abdomen after dinner, with rumbling; by flatus.** Carbo V. 7.

**Distention. Sudden satiety at noon after a little roast lamb, with thirst,** heaviness in stomach and distention in abdomen. Lye. 2.

**Distention. Flatulent distention of abdomen after eating; after drinking in morning, with gurgling; also in bed, with spasmodic and griping flatulent colic and heat in palms and soles.** Nux Vom. 7.

**Distention. Pain in epigastric region as from overloading stomach after eating, in pit after drinking, causing tightness of breath with distention of abdomen.** Nux Vom. 1.

**Distention. Gastralgia, colic, and distention of abdomen.** Caust. Clin.

**Distention. Tendency to flatulent distention of abdomen and stomach.** Calc. C. Clin.

**Distention of abdomen in evening; gurgling; rumbling; with rolling in morning in bed; with grumbling and flatulent pain.** Zinc. 7.

**Distention of abdomen with flatulence; with pain; rumbling.** Robina 7.

**Distention. Great distention of abdomen not relieved by warmth.** Pul. Clin.

**Distention of abdomen after dinner, with emission of flatus; fermentation; flatulent pain.** Natr. M. 7.

**Distention. During pregnancy extreme flatulent distention of abdomen.** Nux Mos. Clin.

**Distention of abdomen at night, relieved by emission of flatus.** Mag. C. 7.

**Distention. Excessive flatulent distention of abdomen, with dysmenorrhœa.** Cocc. Clin.

**Distention of abdomen after eating, after a moderate supper, with griping and here and there sharp pain; as from flatulent food and much drink.** China 7.

**Distention. Flatulence and distention of abdomen from things which usually digested easily.** Carbo V. 7.

**Distention. Violent gastralgia, with distention of abdomen; belching of wind and regurgitation of liquid.** Asaf. Clin.

**Distention of abdomen with griping and emission of flatus.** Asaf. 7.

**Distention. (*Distention of Stomach.*) Painful distention of pit of stomach.** Ver Alb. 1.

**Distention. Canine hunger, but the attempt to eat is followed by flatulent distention and inability to take more food; or sometimes the flatulent distention immediately takes away the appetite; or sometimes a feeling of constant satiety; he feels too full before he has eaten anything and cannot eat.** Lye. Clin.

**Distention. Dyspepsia, with soreness, distention, burning pain, desire for cold food, aversion to hot food.** Merc. C. Clin.

**Distention of stomach, with pain on touch; also in pit; constrictive; pinching.** Nux Vom. 1.

**Distention of epigastric region.** Phos. 1.

**Distention. Cardialgia, with distention.** Sabad. Clin.

**Distention. Sensitiveness in the stomach, with burning, extending to the small of the back, with excessive distention by gas.** Carbo V. Clin.

**Distention of stomach and bowels, with feeling as if peristaltic motions were reversed, with spasmodic working in œsophagus;** Asaf. 1.

**Distention. Soreness and distention in the region of the stomach.** Bel. Clin.

**Distention. Great craving for sweets; well-marked gastritis, with enormous distention, or free eructations of gas.** Arg. N. Clin.

**Distention. Disordered stomachs of children, from sweets, with distention.** Arg. N. Clin.

**Distention of stomach with sensitiveness to pressure.** Bry. 1.

**Distention of stomach after eating.** Natr. M. 1.

**Distention of stomach after eating, with discomfort; sick feeling and ill humor.** Borax 1.

**Distention. Dyspepsia, with painful pressure and distention in region of stomach, after eating and drinking a little.** China Clin.

**Distention of hypochondria; worse in sides, pit of stomach, and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs.** Ign. 1.

**Distress. Thirst excessive; she must drink much at once, and the drink does not distress her; with necessity to drink much cold water; with internal, but not external heat.** Bry. 2.

**Distress. Heavy aching distress in stomach; burning in stomach and region of gall bladder.** Robina 1.

**Distress in stomach from milk; it is vomited curdled.** Sul. 1.

**Distress. Gastric catarrh with thickly white-coated tongue; dry mouth; nausea, especially when the distress or regurgitation of food takes place a long time after a meal.** Pul. Clin.

**Distress. Terrible distress in the stomach and abdomen, with burning, accompanied by vomiting.** Secale Clin.

**Distress. Indigestion characterized by extreme distress in the stomach, immediately after eating; feeling as if the stomach knotted up at times; with bitter eructations or with sour or putrid taste in the mouth; nearly always associated with nausea and efforts to vomit.** Nux Vom. Clin.

**Distress. Pain in stomach; epigastrium tender; oppression and distress.** Secale 1.

**Distress in stomach, worse in the afternoon; amelioration after supper; with sensitiveness to clothes.** Sep. 1.

**Distress. Indigestion; constant squeezing pain in the stomach after eating; can only eat once a day on account of the distress; backache; weakness.** Robina Clin.

**Distress. Dyspepsia, with severe burning distress in the stomach, vomiting of food, headache, etc.** Iris Clin.

**Distress. Ulcers in the stomach, supposed to be malignant and incurable, have been cured, or greatly relieved, by this drug; always with extreme burning and distress as if the whole stomach were raw; at times with vomiting of blood.** Mezer. Clin.

**Distress. Dyspepsia, distress appearing while the patient is eating; feeling as if the food formed hard lumps with soreness of the stomach.** Nux Mos. Clin.

**Distress. Spasmodic efforts to vomit, associated with great distress in the stomach; aggravated by eating.** Nux Vom. Clin.

**Distress. Burning distress in epigastric region.** Iris 1.

**Distress. Flatulent dyspepsia, with sour eructations; stomach swollen like a drum; the distress comes on half an hour or an hour after eating; every sort of food disagrees.** Carbo V. Clin.

**Distress in stomach in morning, with burning relieved by empty eructations; had to unfasten clothes.** Diose. 1.

**Distress, as if something were knotted up in the stomach.** Abies N. Clin.

**Distress. Dyspepsia, with indescribable distress in region of stomach; only temporarily relieved by eating.** Calc. P. Clin.

**Distress at the stomach, with retching and vomiting (especially of green substances).** Acon. Clin.

**Distress. Indigestion mostly acid, with palpitation and distress about the heart.** Natr. C. Clin.

**Distress in the œsophagus as if food were lying there.** Pul. Clin.

**Distressed. Stomach distressed by the simplest food.** Carbo V. 1.

**Disturbances of digestion and of the function of the liver; the tongue is yellow and shows the print of the teeth around the margin.** Chel. Clin.

**Disturbances. Gastric disturbances; relieved temporarily by eating; prefers hot drinks and hot food.** Chel. Clin.

**Dorsum. Papillæ very long on dorsum of tongue, with a brown patch.** Kali B. 3.

**Double. Contractive pain in stomach at night extending into chest, with distention of abdomen; paroxysmal arresting breath, obliging her to bend double; worse when lying.** Carbo V. 1.

**Downward. Offensive gases passed upward and downward.** Arn. M. Clin.

**Dragging. Offensive flatus, and at last moist flatus, with dragging towards sacrum, and thence towards abdomen.** Carbo V. 7.

**Drawing in right upper teeth all night.** Bel. 5.

**Draught. Sticking, gnawing in gums, worse towards evening and by warmth of bed; amelioration from uncovering, a draught of cold open air.** Pul. 5.

**Draught. Aching of teeth from slightest draught of air; in open air; with pain in submaxillary glands.** Sul. 5.

**Draught. Toothache in pregnant women, excited by cold or a draught of air.** Calc. C. Clin.



**DRAWING.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****DRINKS.**

Drawing. (*Stomach.*) Drawing pain in pit of stomach extending into chest. Phos. 1.

Drawing. Pinching pain; boring; gnawing; fullness; drawing; burning; crawling in stomach. Agar. 1.

Drawing pain in pit of stomach in morning. Pul. 1.

Drawing. Vomiting at night, with sticking, drawing pain in back extending towards scapulæ. Pul. 6.

Drawing pain in pit of stomach in evening, when sitting, extending to lower border of left rib. Ars. Alb. 1.

Drawing. (*Teeth.*) Drawing pain in teeth as soon as he gets into bed in evening. Kali C. 5.

Drawing toothache, diffusing itself over temple; drawing in incisors: in left lower molars, then involving upper molars; as soon as it ceases there it begins in upper incisors. Kreas. 5.

Drawing. Persistent hæmorrhage after drawing a tooth. Phos. Clin.

Drawing. Aching in teeth; worse at night, with heat in face; drawing pain. Graph. 5.

Drawing. Teeth loose; stitches in an indefinite tooth with drawing. Nux Vom. 5.

Drawing. Aching of teeth from drawing air into mouth. Staph. 5.

Drawing. Tearing in hollow molar; jerking drawing in roots of incisors: sharp jerking in two last molars. Zinc. 5.

Dread. Vomiting of food after midnight, then aversion to food and dread of open air. Ferr. 6.

Dribbling of glairy saliva from mouth. Stram. 5.

Drink. Bad taste in morning, though food and drink have a natural taste; better after eating; low down in throat on hawking. Nux Vom. 3.

Drink. Nausea in morning so that she can scarcely rise; in afternoon after every drink, mostly in mouth; when riding in a wagon; if he became cold or took cold, causing salivation. Cocc. 6.

Drink. Distention of abdomen after eating; after a moderate supper, with griping, and here and there sharp pain, as from flatulent food and much drink. China 7.

Drink. Saliva and mucus so thick that mouth was dry, and he was inclined to drink, but had no real thirst. Nux Mos. 5.

Drink. Dyspepsia, with vomiting of food and drink, and craving for stimulants; vomiting of drunkards. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Drink. Blisters and soreness in mouth; ulcers, and on gum and tongue in which food and drink caused biting. Natr. M. 5.

Drink. Regurgitation of food and drink through nose. Mere. C. 7.

Drink. Vomiting; after each drink; bilious; dark grumous liquid; greenish-gray; watery; green masses; mucous. Acon. 6.

Drink. Coldness in stomach from every drink unless spirit is mixed with it. Sulf. Ac. 1.

Drink. Severe gastralgia, brought on by the slightest food or drink; the pain is burning hot, and extends up sides and over abdomen. Ars. A. Clin.

Drinkers. Irritable heart of tea and coffee drinkers, and of tobacco smokers. Agar. Clin.

Drinking. Nausea in epigastric region, aggravated by eating and drinking; with waterbrash and disagreeable risings. Pul. 6.

Drinking. Bitter taste after eating and drinking, though food has a natural taste. Pul. 3.

Drinking. Taste vinegary all day after drinking milk; sour in morning till after breakfast; with sour eructations. Sul. 3.

Drinking. Taste bitter, relieved by frequent drinking of cold water, with nausea. Bry. 3.

Drinking. Offensive taste after drinking beer. Bry. 3.

Drinking. Vomiting every time after drinking. Ars. A. 6.

Drinking. Aversion to food; to the usual food; drinking; tobacco and coffee; to the food just eaten; worse if she does not lie down; to the odor of food. Nux Vom. 2.

Drinking. Pain in epigastric region as from overloading the stomach after eating; in pit after drinking, causing tightness of breath with distention of abdomen. Nux Vom. 1.

Drinking. Thirst, but drinking did not refresh him; he drinks much, but little at a time; with dryness of mouth, and a peculiar thick white saliva. Ars. Alb. 2.

Drinking. Appetite increased for various things, but does not know exactly what: hunger, but want of appetite; food tastes natural, yet is disagreeable in mouth; indifference to eating and drinking, only while eating; appetite and natural taste to food returned. China 2.

Drinking. Dryness of tongue, relieved for a moment by drinking, then worse, so that tongue sticks to palate. Bry. 3.

Drinking. Thirst not relieved by drinking water. Stram. 2.

Drinking. Taste bitter; relieved when eating and drinking. Chel. 3.

Drinking. Flatulent distention of abdomen after eating; after drinking in morning, with gurgling; also in bed, with spasmodic and griping flatulent colic, and heat in palms and soles. Nux Vom. 7.

Drinking. Eructations of wind after drinking water: frequently empty, with discomfort in stomach. Bism. 7.

Drinking. Tongue dry, provoking drinking; dry sensation at tip. Rhus Tox. 3.

Drinking. Hiccough after eating and drinking. Ign. 7.

Drinking. Dyspepsia from drinking milk, which becomes sour in the stomach. Mag. C. Clin.

Drinking. Gastric catarrh from injudicious eating or drinking, with white coated tongue or sometimes with perfectly clean tongue. Ipe. Clin.

Drinking. Gastric disorders from drinking ice-water. Kali C. Clin.

Drinking. Nausea, relieved by drinking; at night, with eructations of food. Phos. 6.

Drinking. Hæmorrhage from stomach; temporarily relieved by drinking cold water. Phos. Clin.

Drinking. Thirst, but nausea soon after drinking; for milk; for beer during chill, with shivering; for small beer after morning chill. Nux Vom. 2.

Drinking. Vomiting of pregnancy, with constant salivation; feeling of a lump in throat; soreness in pit of stomach; great thirst; relieved by drinking hot water. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Drinking. Eructations after eating a little; after eating and drinking; sour. Sep. 7.

Drinking. Eructations after eating and drinking; violent; almost constant. Carbo V. 7.

Drinking. Vomiting after eating and drinking. Bel. 6.

Drinking. Dyspepsia, with painful pressure and distention in region of stomach, after eating and drinking a little. China Clin.

Drinking. Frequent vomiting after drinking. Cupr. 6.

Drinking. Vomiting, with burning nausea, rising to throat; relieved by drinking cold water. Cupr. 6.

Drinking. Colic from suppressed perspiration, as from drinking ice water when heated, or it may be brought on by fits of anger; the patient always doubles up with the colic. Coloc. Clin.

Drinks. Toothache when cold air or drinks enter the mouth. Calc. C. 5.

Drinks. Periodic pain in teeth always after waking; after eating, and from warm and cold drinks, often extending through upper jaw to ear, with jerking sticking. Lach. 5.

Drinks. Dry feeling in mouth with thirst, but he drinks little at a time. Ars. A. 5.

Drinks. Thirst during sweat for cold drinks. Ver. Alb. 2.

Drink. Thirst excessive; she must drink much at once, and the drink does not distress her; with necessity to drink much cold water; with internal, but not external heat. Bry. 2.

Drinks. Thirst, but drinking did not refresh him; he drinks much, but little at a time; with dryness of mouth, and a peculiar thick white saliva. Ars. Alb. 2.

Drinks. Aching of teeth when chewing and on touch; with sensitiveness in a sound tooth when eating, as if too long; drawing relieved by warm drinks. Lyc. 5.

Drinks. Vomiting incessant of solid food, but not of drinks. Bry. 6.

Drinks. Neuralgic toothache aggravated by the warmth of the bed; amelioration from cold drinks. Mag. C. Clin.



## DRINKS.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## DRYNESS.

- Drinks. Vomiting of the contents of the stomach, temporarily relieved by cold drinks; but as soon as these become warm the vomiting is renewed. Phos. Clin.
- Drinks. Aching in all teeth after cold drinks or opening mouth; aggravated on biting teeth together. Hep. 5.
- Drinks. Valuable remedy for the desire for alcoholic drinks. Sulf. Ac. Clin.
- Drinks. Extremely valuable remedy for catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thirst, white coated tongue, nausea and vomiting; aggravation from warm drinks, which are vomited. Bry. Clin.
- Drinks. Thirst for sour drinks. Stram. 2.
- Drinks. Tearing in teeth after chewing or cold drinks. Staph. 5.
- Drinks. Thirst during the heat; worse in the morning; especially for beer; for alcoholic drinks. Pul. 2.
- Drinks. Thirst for cold drinks in evening without heat. Bism. 2.
- Drinks. Gastric symptoms, relieved by cold drinks. Bism. Clin.
- Drinks. Gastric disturbances; relieved temporarily by eating; prefers hot drinks and hot food. Chel. Clin.
- Drinks. Gastralgia coming on some hours after eating; relieved by warm milk; aggravated by cold drinks. Graph. Clin.
- Drops. Profuse saliva, ropy; drops from mouth during conversation. Iris 5.
- Drowsy. Dyspepsia; constant satiety, with coldness in stomach, craving for pungent spices and sour things and stimulants, digestion extremely slow, after eating he feels full, drowsy, taste of the food rises, with dyspnoea. China Clin.
- Drugs. Inflammation of the stomach caused by the habitual use of powerful drugs or of alcohol, strong coffee. Nux Vom. Clin.
- Drum. Flatulent dyspepsia, with sour eructations; stomach swollen like a drum; the distress comes on half an hour or an hour after eating; every sort of food disagrees. Carbo V. Clin.
- Drunkards. Dyspepsia, especially associated with nausea and vomiting; of drunkards; with ulceration of the stomach; with soreness of a small spot in the stomach. Kali B. Clin.
- Drunkards. Gastritis of drunkards. Lach. Clin.
- Drunkards. Dyspepsia, with vomiting of food and drink and craving for stimulants; vomiting of drunkards. Sulf. Ac. Clin.
- Drunkards. For the gastritis of drunkards, it is unrivalled. Arg. N. Clin.
- Dry. (*Dry Mouth.*) Mouth and pharynx dry in morning and covered with insipid mucus, with offensive breath that is not perceptible to himself. Pul. 5.
- Dry feeling in mouth with thirst, but he drinks little at a time. Ars. A. 5.
- Dry. Mouth and lips dry, without thirst. Can. Ind. 2.
- Dry mouth without thirst in evening, so that tongue sticks to palate, also back of mouth and throat in morning; waking; dry at night with slimy feeling; dry, and the saliva seems like cotton. Nux Mos. 5.
- Dry. Saliva and mucus so thick that mouth was dry, and he was inclined to drink, but had no real thirst. Nux Mos. 5.
- Dry. Different kinds of foul taste, unpleasant in morning; mouth dry and slimy; sour in morning on waking; bitter; bitterish-sour. Sep. 3.
- Dry. Tongue and mouth dry and pasty. Nux Mos. 3.
- Dry mouth and tongue; dry and burning. Merc. C. 5.
- Dry mouth, with thirst. Arn. M. 2.
- Dry. Inflammation of mouth and throat; all the parts are red, hot and dry; worse on right side. Bel. Clin.
- Dry. Gastric catarrh, with thickly white coated tongue, dry mouth, nausea; especially when the distress or regurgitation of food takes place a long time after a meal. Pul. Clin.
- Dry. Thirst, with dry lips and dry mouth. Lyc. 2.
- Dry. Acute glossitis, with hot, dry mouth. Acon. Clin.
- Dry. (*Dry Tongue.*) Tongue smooth, red and cracked; dry and r. d. Kali B. 2.
- Dry. Tongue coated white; yellowish-white; ulceration of tongue and gums, with sore throat; dry tongue; dry at tip as if burnt; painful. Psor. 3.
- Dry. Tongue dry, provoking drinking; dry sensation at tip. Rhus Tox. 3.
- Dry. Tongue coated sometimes with red edges, with a streak in middle and redness of tip; brown and dry. Ars. A. 3.
- Dry tongue and dry throat, interfering with speech, and retracted, hanging from the child's mouth; swollen, cracked and difficult to move. Bel. 3.
- Dry tongue in middle; brown; white; red; black. Phos. 3.
- Dry. Tongue is usually red, dry and tremulous, or the tip is red and the centre brown; sometimes there is a red stripe through the centre. Lach. Clin.
- Dry. Thirst, with dry tongue and skin. Lach. 2.
- Dry. Tongue red on margins; brown coat down centre; white; dry. Plumb. 3.
- Dry. Tongue is dry, red and cracked in fever. Rhus Tox. Clin.
- Dry and rough feeling in middle of tongue. Acon. 3.
- Dry. Tongue red and dry in the middle, or red in streaks, with great prostration. Ant. T. Clin.
- Dry. Tongue bluish red and dry, also white. Ars. A. 3.
- Dry. Tongue dry and black in late stage of typhoid fever. Carbo V. Clin.
- Dry. Tongue coated white and dry at edges. Cocc. 3.
- Dry. Taste dry to all solid food as if it contained neither juice nor strength. Ferr. 3.
- Dry. Tongue dry with a yellowish coat without thirst. Cocc. 3.
- Dryness. (*Dryness of Mouth.*) Dryness of mouth and of palate with thirst for water. Ver. Alb. 5.
- Dryness of mouth. Kali B. 5.
- Dryness of mouth. Stram. 5.
- Dryness of mouth in morning, with insipidity and stickiness of palate with thirst. Sul. 5.
- Dryness of mouth after midnight, as if tongue stuck to palate, without thirst; with much saliva in fauces. Nux Vom. 5.
- Dryness. Thirst unquenchable; with dryness of mouth and throat; with burning and tingling of tongue. Secale 2.
- Dryness. Thirst, but drinking did not refresh him; he drinks much, but little at a time; with dryness of mouth, and a peculiar thick white saliva. Ars. Alb. 2.
- Dryness of mouth without thirst. Lyc. 5.
- Dryness of mouth without thirst. Sil. 5.
- Dryness of mouth with thirst. Rhus Tox. 5.
- Dryness of lips, mouth, and throat. Bry. Clin.
- Dryness. Ulceration of the mouth, with great dryness, and burning heat. Ars. A. Clin.
- Dryness. Soreness and dryness of mouth, with dryness of throat, and constant spitting. Agar. 5.
- Dryness. Aching; burning in stomach, extending to mouth, with dryness; as from a stone in pit. Acon. 1.
- Dryness. Thirst in evening; at night with dryness of lips. Ant. C. 2.
- Dryness of mouth in morning. Diose. 5.
- Dryness. Taste bitter, waking her at night, with dryness in mouth. Rhus Tox. 3.
- Dryness. Thirst from dryness in mouth; for water or beer. Rhus Tox. 2.
- Dryness of mouth. Natr. M. 5.
- Dryness. Excessive dryness of the mouth and tongue in sleep; always wakes with dry mouth and tongue. Nux Mos. Clin.
- Dryness of mouth in morning without thirst, as after alcoholic stimulants the previous evening. Nux Vom. 5.
- Dryness. General dryness and heat of mouth, with catarrh of the pharynx; mapped tongue. Natr. M. Clin.
- Dryness in mouth on waking and in nose. Phos. 5.
- Dryness. Soreness and dryness in mouth. Lach. 5.
- Dryness of mouth and of lips, which she must constantly lick, as if caused by heat of breath. Natr. C. 5.
- Dryness of mouth without thirst, with swollen, hot lips. Nit. Ac. 5.
- Dryness. (*Dryness of Tongue.*) Dryness of tongue and mouth, as if it would stick to palate, without thirst. Nux Mos. 3.
- Dryness of tongue, relieved for a moment by drinking, then worse, so that tongue sticks to palate. Bry. 3.
- Dryness of tongue in morning on waking and in palate and lips, then much tenacious mucus. Pul. 3.
- Dryness and stiffness of tongue, and of hard palate. Natr. M. 3.



## DRYNESS.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## EAR.

Dryness. Tongue yellow, dirty white crust; painful swelling posteriorly on side; burning stitches; dryness. China 3.

Dryness. Swelling of tongue, with dryness and blackish along median line. Phos. 3.

Dryness of tongue and in mouth, and throat, and in morning, roughness. Sep. 3.

Dryness of tongue, with inability to talk. Ver. Alb. 3.

Dryness. Tongue swollen and stiff; dryness on palate; white color and redness. Stram. 3.

Dryness of tongue in morning on waking, and in palate. Sul. 3.

Dryness. Stitches at tip of tongue, with soreness; burning and dryness. Agar. 3.

Dryness. Taste bitter before and after eating, bitter on palate, with dryness of tongue. Carbo V. 3.

Dryness. Heat, with rawness and dryness of tip of tongue. Carbo V. 3.

Dryness of throat, with thirst for cold water. Can. Ind. 2.

Duct. Easily bites inside of cheek near orifice of salivary duct when chewing. Ign. 5.

Dullness. Pain in epigastrium in morning on touch; at noon; a few hours after eating; with nausea and dullness of head in evening; towards evening; and in abdomen, with painful vomiting and diarrhœa. Phos. 1.

Dullness. Nausea after eating, with heaviness and dullness of head. Nit. Ac. 6.

Duodenum. Pain in stomach after a light meal, with fullness, eructations and colic; aggravated by sitting bent over and in region of duodenum, with difficult breathing. Lyc. 1.

During pregnancy extreme flatulent distention of abdomen. Nux Mos. Clin.

Dysmenorrhœa. Excessive flatulent distention of abdomen with dysmenorrhœa. Cocc. Clin.

Dyspepsia. (*Acid Dyspepsia*.) Acid dyspepsia, with bloated abdomen; sour or putrid eructations; sometimes nausea and vomiting. Sep. Clin.

Dyspepsia. Acid dyspepsia, with constant weight in the stomach; eructations of sour liquid. Robina Clin.

Dyspepsia. Acid dyspepsia, with heartburn and flatulence. Natr. S. Clin.

Dyspepsia. Acid dyspepsia, sour vomiting and sour eructations. Caust. Clin.

Dyspepsia. Acid dyspepsia, with heartburn, coldness of the surface of the body, feeble pulse, etc. Carbo V. Clin.

Dyspepsia. Acid dyspepsia; heartburn even after milk; constant satiety; no relief from belching gas. China Clin.

Dyspepsia. Acid dyspepsia, with sour vomiting, coming on an hour or so after eating. Kali B. Clin.

Dyspepsia. Acid dyspepsia; sour eructations. Mag. C. Clin.

Dyspepsia. Acid dyspepsia; the region of the stomach becomes distended and extremely sensitive to touch. Lyc. Clin.

Dyspepsia. (*Atonic Dyspepsia*.) Atonic dyspepsia; feeling as if the stomach were collapsed. Zine. Clin.

Dyspepsia. Atonic dyspepsia, with amenorrhœa; the nausea and vomiting generally relieved by eating and lying down. Sep. Clin.

Dyspepsia. Atonic dyspepsia; digestion very slow; the food is tasted or regurgitated a long time after eating. Pul. Clin.

Dyspepsia. Atonic dyspepsia. Phos. Clin.

Dyspepsia. Atonic dyspepsia, with continual throbbing; occipital headache and trembling, fluttering feeling below the epigastrium towards the umbilicus; tongue very red and small, feels swollen. Crotal H. Clin.

Dyspepsia. Atonic dyspepsia, with bloating. Lyc. Clin.

Dyspepsia. Atonic dyspepsia, with slow and imperfect digestion; fullness in the stomach; belching pain extending all around the chest and up to the shoulders. Nux Vom. Clin.

Dyspepsia. (*Flatulent Dyspepsia*.) Enlargement of the liver, with flatulent dyspepsia. Zine. Clin.

Dyspepsia. Longing for acids, with flatulent dyspepsia; soreness over the abdomen and liver; blisters in the mouth, and especially with a feeling of something twisting about the stomach and rising into the throat. Sep. Clin.

Dyspepsia. Flatulent dyspepsia, with sour eructations; the stomach swollen like a drum; the distress comes on half an hour or an hour after eating; every sort of food disagrees. Carbo V. Clin.

Dyspepsia of a flatulent character, resulting from tea. Diosc. Clin.

Dyspepsia. Flatulent dyspepsia, with belching of large quantities of offensive gas, partially relieving the pain in stomach and abdomen. Diosc. Clin.

Dyspepsia. (*Miscellaneous*.) Chronic dyspepsia; repugnance to hot or warm food; thirst; bloated abdomen. Calc. C. Clin.

Dyspepsia from drinking milk, which becomes sour in the stomach. Mag. C. Clin.

Dyspepsia following the abuse of mercury or quinine; indicated by the longing for highly seasoned food or for acids. Hep. Clin.

Dyspepsia of old people. Kali C. Clin.

Dyspepsia, especially associated with nausea and vomiting; of drunkards; with ulceration of the stomach; with soreness of a small spot in the stomach. Kali B. Clin.

Dyspepsia resulting from malt liquors, with flatulency, oppression after eating, nausea and vomiting of mucus. Kali B. Clin.

Dyspepsia, with severe burning, distress in the stomach, vomiting of food, headache, etc. Iris Clin.

Dyspepsia. Chronic dyspepsia; solid food causes excruciating pain and sometimes vomiting. Lyc. Clin.

Dyspepsia from chewing tobacco, without vomiting or diarrhœa. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Dyspepsia from alcohol, with persistent sour breath; the patient is shriveled and cold and cannot eat; the liver is enlarged; chronic diarrhœa. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Dyspepsia characterized by regurgitation of food, more or less nausea and vomiting, loss of appetite and thirst; bitter taste; vertigo on rising up, chilliness, and, above all, constant aggravation from eating fat substances. Pul. Clin.

Dyspepsia after eating; thirst; pain in stomach; relieved for a short time by raising wind; when fasting, the pain goes to the spine; feeling as if one ought to raise flatus and could not. Calc. P. 7.

Dyspepsia, resulting from the use of tea and tobacco. Abies N. Clin.

Dyspepsia; constant satiety, with coldness in stomach; craving for pungent spices and sour things, and stimulants; digestion extremely slow; after eating he feels full, drowsy; taste of the food rises with dyspnœa. China Clin.

Dyspepsia from ice cream or from too much ice water. Pul. Clin.

Dyspepsia, with vomiting of food and drink and craving for stimulants; vomiting of drunkards. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Dyspepsia from carbonaceous food, especially from milk. Sul. Clin.

Dyspepsia with hypochondriac mood, especially at the climacteric of women, or as the result of overwrought brain or sexual excess. Sep. Clin.

Dyspepsia with soreness, distention, burning pain, desire for cold food, aversion to hot food. Merc. C. Clin.

Dyspepsia. Distress appearing while the patient is eating; feeling as if the food formed hard lumps, with soreness of the stomach. Nux Mos. Clin.

Dyspepsia, aggravated by any mental effort; stomach and abdomen became excessively bloated from any unpleasant emotion. Nux Mos. Clin.

Dyspepsia, temporarily relieved by eating. Petr. Clin.

Dyspepsia, with violent pain extending into the chest; with nausea, temporarily relieved by eating. Petr. Clin.

Dyspepsia, with indescribable distress in region of stomach; only temporarily relieved by eating. Calc. P. Clin.

Dyspepsia, with painful pressure and distention in region of stomach, after eating and drinking a little. China Clin.

Dyspnœa. Dyspepsia; constant satiety, with coldness in stomach, craving for pungent spices and sour things and stimulants; digestion extremely slow; after eating he feels full, drowsy; taste of the food arises, with dyspnœa. China Clin.

Ear. Jerking pain in teeth aggravated at night; pulseline from lower into ear and from upper into head, with pain of gums from 9 p. m. on. Merc. S. 5.



## EAR.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## EATING.

Ear. Periodic pain in teeth always after waking; after eating, and from warm and cold drinks; often extending through upper jaw to ear, with jerking, tearing, sticking. Lach. 5.

Ear. Sticking in teeth and jaw extending to ear, preventing sleep at night and during the day; she had to tie a cloth over it. Sep. 5.

Ear. Toothache shooting into the ear and temple; aggravated in open air or by cold. Staph. Clin.

Ear. Sticking in teeth, extending into ear, waking him at night. Sul. 5.

Ear. Prickling, digging in lower back teeth, extending to ear. Caust. 5.

Ear. Sticking in palate, extending to inner ear. Ign. 5.

Easily bites inside of cheek near orifice of salivary duct when chewing. Ign. 5.

Eat. Appetite increased, ravenous; if he does not eat, headache, lassitude and necessity to lie down. Sul. 2.

Eat. Appetite lost as soon as he sees food, and he feels full in abdomen, and aversion to it when he begins to eat. Sul. 2.

Eat. Nausea all day, in morning with accumulation of water in mouth; in morning on waking; she could not eat breakfast; with cutting in upper abdomen and diarrhoea. Petr. 6.

Eat. Great appetite; appetite for different things, but as soon as he sees them, or still more, smells them, he shudders from nausea, and cannot eat. Colch. 2.

Eat. Dyspepsia from alcohol, with persistent sour breath; the patient is shriveled and cold and cannot eat; the liver is enlarged; chronic diarrhoea. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Eat. Ravenous hunger, but the appetite sometimes vanishes, and there is absolute disgust for food; the attempt to eat brings on diarrhoea; sinking in stomach. Ferr. Clin.

Eat. Loss of appetite, but when he began to eat he relished food. Calc. C. 2.

Eat. Appetite diminished, lost for breakfast and supper; at these times satiety as soon as he begins to eat. Cycl. 2.

Eat. Regurgitation of food, hiccough, empty retching, weak, empty feeling; has to eat at night even; especially attended with sighing; gastric symptoms generally ameliorated after eating. Ign. Clin.

Eat. Canine hunger, but the attempt to eat is followed by flatulent distention and inability to take more food; or sometimes the flatulent distention immediately takes away the appetite; or sometimes a feeling of constant satiety; he feels too full before he has eaten anything and cannot eat. Lyc. Clin.

Eat. Burning pain on tip of tongue, with blisters; with sensitiveness so that she could hardly eat; relieved by taking anything cold; burning as from highly seasoned food. Natr. S. 3.

Eat. Gastric ulcer, with burning and great uneasiness in stomach; temporarily relieved by eating, hence constant desire to eat. Mezer. Clin.

Eat. Ulcers on the gums, with sensitiveness so that he could not eat. Phos. 5.

Eat. Nausea at night during menses, with retching and waterbrash; during suppression of menses, with good appetite; when he wishes to eat; when eating, so that food was repulsive. Pul. 6.

Eat. Indigestion; constant squeezing pain in the stomach after eating; can only eat once a day on account of the distress; backache; weakness. Robina Clin.

Eat. Weakness and faintness in stomach at 11 a. m., with need to eat. Sul. Clin.

Eaten. Sensation in stomach as if one had eaten too much; food rises into mouth as if one would vomit. Pul. 1.

Eaten. Aversion to food, to the usual food, drinking, tobacco and coffee; to the food just eaten; worse if she does not lie down; to the odor of food. Nux Vom. 2.

Eaten. Vomiting of food that had been eaten long before; of food in evening; then bitter taste and teeth on edge. Pul. 6.

Eaten. Vomiting of food in evening; of food eaten at noon. Sul. 6.

Eaten. Appetite great at noon; he ate with haste, and though it oppressed the stomach, he could have eaten more. Nux Mos. 2.

Eaten. Nausea caused by milk when he had eaten almost enough; amelioration if he once ceased eating; with flow of sour water into mouth. Calc. C. 6.

Eating. (*Appetite.*) Appetite after eating, though stomach and abdomen are full and tense; great appetite, then distention of abdomen. Lyc. 2.

Eating. Appetite increased for various things, but does not know exactly what; hunger, but want of appetite; food tastes natural, yet is disagreeable in mouth; indifference to eating and drinking only while eating; appetite and natural taste to food returned. China 2.

Eating. Sudden ravenous hunger during the contemptuous mood, with greedy, hasty eating. Plat. 2.

Eating. Appetite great towards noon, and after eating weariness and sleepiness. Natr. M. 2.

Eating. Appetite entirely lost and, after eating a little, loud belching and inability to work. China Clin.

Eating. Thirst in evening after fever, with hunger, then after eating coldness and rumbling in abdomen, after shivering through skin, after chill during sweat on back and forehead. China 2.

Eating. Appetite violent, but satiety after eating a little. Amm. C. 2.

Eating. (*Eructations.*) Eructations empty after eating; sour during the day. Sul. 7.

Eating. Eructations of bitter and sour liquid at night; bitter when fasting; sour all day; sour as far as tongue; of water after eating. Nux Vom. 7.

Eating. Eructations tasting of food, then nausea; of gas; bilious in evening; bitter at night, of a bitter fluid; tasting of rancid tallow after eating buckwheat cakes; as of bad meat after dinner; the taste remains, with nausea. Pul. 7.

Eating. Eructations after eating; incomplete; violent. Natr. M. 7.

Eating. Eructations before and after eating; sour, empty. Nit. Ac. 7.

Eating. Empty eructations in morning fasting; loud; when fasting and after eating. Plat. 7.

Eating. Eructations after eating; frequent; without odor or taste. Hep. 7.

Eating. Eructations, constant, as soon as she eats; of food after eating, without nausea. Ferr. 7.

Eating. Eructations after eating; bitter; sourish. Bry. 7.

Eating. Eructations after eating. Camph. 7.

Eating. Eructations after eating and drinking, violent, almost constant. Carbo V. 7.

Eating. Eructations after eating a little; after eating and drinking; sour. Sep. 7.

Eating. (*Nausea.*) Nausea in epigastric region, aggravated by eating and drinking; with waterbrash and disagreeable risings. Pul. 6.

Eating. Morning nausea, amelioration after eating, on waking, towards evening and at night; on washing mouth before breakfast; on waking; with blackness before eyes in evening; weakness even to faintness; with melancholy; easily startled; then vomiting of food, then retching. Sep. 6.

Eating. Nausea from smoking after eating; during dinner; relieved by lying down, with faintness and flashes of heat; after dinner. Nux Vom. 6.

Eating. Nausea after eating, with heaviness and dullness of head. Nit. Ac. 6.

Eating. Nausea worse after eating, with pressure in stomach. Bism. 6.

Eating. Nausea after eating. Amm. C. 6.

Eating. Nausea at night during menses, with retching and waterbrash; during suppression of menses; with good appetite; when he wishes to eat; when eating; so that the food was repulsive. Pul. 6.

Eating. (*Stomach.*) Pain in stomach an hour after eating. Pul. 1.

Eating. Digestion slow; discomfort in stomach after eating a little. Lyc. 1.

Eating. Pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after eating a little; with heaviness in epigastric region caused by cough. Lyc. 1.

Eating. Sensation, as if a stone lay in stomach after eating, making him fretful, with pain in epigastric region on touch. Bry. 1.

Eating. Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning, then cutting in abdomen and nausea in morning after eating a little, with return of a metallic, herby taste; with weight and heat as from a stone in epigastrium; aggravation from walking; amelioration from sitting. Nux Vom. 1.



**EATING.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****EATING.**

- Eating.** Full feeling in stomach after eating a little; heaviness. Sul. 1.
- Eating.** Pressure as from a hard substance above pit of stomach; with coldness, heaviness after eating; aggravated by pressure. Phos. 1.
- Eating.** Pain in epigastric region as from overloading the stomach after eating; in pit after drinking causing tightness of breath with distention of abdomen. Nux Vom. 1.
- Eating.** Emptiness in epigastric region, worse in the oesophagus, not ameliorated by eating. Mur. Ac. 1.
- Eating.** Distention of stomach after eating. Natr. M. 1.
- Eating.** Sore pain in stomach after eating. Natr. M. 1.
- Eating.** Dyspepsia, distress appearing while the patient is eating; feeling as if the food formed hard lumps, with soreness of the stomach. Nux Mos. Clin.
- Eating.** Indigestion, characterized by extreme distress in the stomach immediately after eating; feeling as if the stomach knotted up at times; with bitter eructations, or with sour or putrid taste in the mouth; nearly always associated with nausea and efforts to vomit. Nux Vom. Clin.
- Eating.** Indigestion, with bloating, sour eructations, heartburn, and a weak feeling, or a feeling of a lump in the pit of the stomach; or a feeling of pulsation after eating; there are generally pressure, belching of gas, bloating and soreness. Kali C. Clin.
- Eating.** Pain in epigastrium in morning on touch; at noon; a few hours after eating; with nausea and dullness of head in evening; towards evening; and in abdomen, with painful vomiting and diarrhoea. Phos. 1.
- Eating.** Dyspepsia, with violent pain extending into the chest; with nausea temporarily relieved by eating. Petr. Clin.
- Eating.** Dyspepsia, temporarily relieved by eating. Petr. Clin.
- Eating.** Dyspepsia resulting from malt liquors, with flatulency, oppression after eating, nausea and vomiting of mucus. Kali B. Clin.
- Eating.** Acid dyspepsia, with sour vomiting coming on an hour or so after eating. Kali B. Clin.
- Eating.** Heaviness in stomach after eating. Kali C. 1.
- Eating.** Gastralgia; sharp cutting or sticking, aggravation from motion or eating. Kali C. Clin.
- Eating.** Gastric catarrh from injudicious eating or drinking, with white-coated tongue or sometimes with perfectly clean tongue. Ipe. Clin.
- Eating.** Gastralgia relieved by eating, but the colic lower down in the abdomen comes on immediately after eating; worse below umbilicus. Graph. Clin.
- Eating.** Gastralgia coming on some hours after eating; relieved by warm milk; aggravated by cold drinks. Graph. Clin.
- Eating.** Pain in stomach after eating a little; when walking, as if it hung loose. Hep. 1.
- Eating.** Dyspepsia, with painful pressure and distention in region of stomach, after eating and drinking a little. China Clin.
- Eating.** Eructations, with oppression of stomach after eating, or hiccup-like eructations. Cycl. 7.
- Eating.** Nausea after dinner and supper, with uneasiness and qualms in epigastric region as after eating too much fat; in throat and palate on eating a little. Cycl. 6.
- Eating.** Pain beneath stomach after eating. Cocc. 1.
- Eating.** Fullness in stomach after eating; as full for a long time after a meal as when he had just eaten; the food seems to stick high up. China 1.
- Eating.** Soreness in pit of stomach mornings, with pain, as from pressure on a sore place after eating a little. China 1.
- Eating.** Gastric disturbances; relieved temporarily by eating; prefers hot drinks and hot food. Chel. Clin.
- Eating.** Pressure in stomach after eating; in region of stomach, with burning. Bism. 6.
- Eating.** Weight in stomach, after eating, as from a stone. Ars. Alb. 1.
- Eating.** Pain in stomach while eating. Bry. 1.
- Eating.** Overloaded feeling in stomach, until three hours after eating; oppression after eating. Amm. C. 1.
- Eating.** Pain in stomach, as from fullness, as after too much eating, with distended, but not hard abdomen. Ant. C. 1.
- Eating.** Flatulent dyspepsia, with sour eructations: stomach swollen like a drum; the distress comes on half an hour or an hour after eating; every sort of food disagrees. Carbo V. Clin.
- Eating.** Swollen feeling in stomach when eating, with oppression of chest as if he would suffocate, forcing him to loosen his clothes. Can. Ind. 1.
- Eating.** Distention of stomach after eating, with discomfort; sick feeling and ill humor. Borax 1.
- Eating.** Hard pressure in stomach, aggravated after eating. Bel. 1.
- Eating.** Dyspepsia, with indescribable distress in region of stomach; only temporarily relieved by eating. Calc. P. Clin.
- Eating.** Dyspepsia after eating; thirst; pain in stomach; relieved for a short time by raising wind; when fasting; the pain goes to the spine, feeling as if one ought to raise flatus and could not. Calc. P. 7.
- Eating.** Regurgitation of food, hiccup, empty retching, weak empty feeling; has to eat at night even, especially attended with sighing; gastric symptoms generally ameliorated after eating. Ign. Clin.
- Eating.** Pain beneath stomach when lying; in epigastric region on touch; after eating. Sul. 1.
- Eating.** Dyspepsia; constant satiety, with coldness in stomach, craving for pungent spices and sour things and stimulants; digestion extremely slow; after eating he feels full, drowsy; taste of the food rises, with dyspnoea. China Clin.
- Eating.** Atonic dyspepsia with amenorrhoea; the nausea and vomiting generally relieved by eating and lying down. Sep. Clin.
- Eating.** Pain in pit of stomach after eating; with heaviness; burning. Sil. 1.
- Eating.** Pain in epigastric region after eating; aggravated by hard food; with sensitiveness of stomach. Sulf. Ac. 1.
- Eating.** Atonic dyspepsia; digestion very slow; the food is tasted or regurgitated a long time after eating. Pul. Clin.
- Eating.** Gastric symptoms are generally characterized by absence of thirst and longing for sweets; general relief after eating. Sabad. Clin.
- Eating.** Indigestion; constant squeezing pain in the stomach after eating; can only eat once a day on account of the distress; backache; weakness. Robina Clin.
- Eating.** Weight in pit of stomach; in epigastrium after eating; with upward pressure to throat-pit; every empty swallowing carried it downward, but it immediately returned. Rumex 1.
- Eating.** Constriction and pinching in epigastric and hypochondriac regions; aggravation from eating; then changing into chest and impeding breathing. Pul. 1.
- Eating.** Clawing in stomach in morning on rising, as from long fasting; better after eating. Pul. 1.
- Eating.** Gastric ulcer, with burning and great uneasiness in stomach; temporarily relieved by eating; hence constant desire to eat. Mezer. Clin.
- Eating.** Dyspepsia, characterized by regurgitation of food, more or less nausea and vomiting, loss of appetite and thirst, bitter taste; vertigo on rising up, chilliness, and, above all, constant aggravations from eating fat substances. Pul. Clin.
- Eating.** (*Taste.*) Taste bitter; bilious after eating and smoking. Pul. 3.
- Eating.** Bitter taste after eating and drinking, though food has a natural taste. Pul. 3.
- Eating.** Taste bitter, even to tobacco smoke, to everything; amelioration after eating; to bread on swallowing, although it tasted good while chewing. China 3.
- Eating.** Bad taste in morning, though food and drink have a natural taste; better after eating; low down in throat on hawking. Nux Vom. 3.
- Eating.** Bitter taste in morning fasting, continuing even when smoking; at 6 p. m.; in evening after beer; when eating and good appetite. Pul. 3.
- Eating.** Taste bitter; relieved when eating and drinking. Chel. 3.



**EATING.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****EMISSION.**

- Eating. Taste bitter in morning; sour after eating; to all food. *Lyc.* 3.
- Eating. Taste bitter before and after eating; bitter on palate, with dryness of tongue. *Carbo V.* 3.
- Eating. Taste lost for food, better when not eating. *Bry.* 3.
- Eating. Taste sour after eating. *Sil.* 3.
- Eating. Taste bitter when not eating. *Psor.* 2.
- Eating. (*Teeth.*) Periodic pain in teeth always after waking; after eating, and from warm and cold drinks; often extending through upper jaw to ear, with jerking, tearing, sticking. *Lach.* 5.
- Eating. Aching of teeth when chewing and on touch; with sensitiveness in a sound tooth; when eating, as if too long; drawing; relieved by warm drinks. *Lyc.* 5.
- Eating. Gums swollen, separated from teeth; and sore bleeding pain on eating; bread and food were bloody when chewed. *Merc. S.* 5.
- Eating. Aching of teeth only when eating; as if something got into a hollow tooth. *Kali C.* 5.
- Eating. Pain in teeth, aggravated by drawing in air with open mouth; with stitches in one row of teeth, now in an upper, now in a lower molar, then in other teeth towards the front, aggravated by eating; at noon and evening; with red, hot spots on cheek and throat, with complaining mood, full of reproaches and despondency. *Nux Vom.* 5.
- Eating. Throbbing pain in teeth only when eating; in root of last hollow molar in evening. *Kali C.* 5.
- Eating. Tearing, sticking in teeth on eating, extending into muscles of neck; aggravation from warmth. *Bry.* 5.
- Eating. Aching in teeth, aggravated by chewing; eating sour things, and putting cold things into mouth, with grumbling and digging, especially in lower teeth. *Arg. N.* 5.
- Eating. Neuralgic toothache from taking cold, involving healthy teeth; feeling as if they would be wrenched out; usually aggravated from cold air; especially worse immediately after eating. *Nux Vom. Clin.*
- Eating. Pain in teeth when eating, in incisors and anterior molars on drawing air into mouth; aggravated by cold or damp air. *Nux Mos.* 5.
- Eating. (*Miscellaneous.*) Salivation after eating; bloody saliva; salt saliva. *Sul.* 5.
- Eating. Flatulent distention of abdomen after eating; after drinking in morning, with gurgling; also in bed with spasmodic and griping flatulent colic and heat in palms and soles. *Nux Vom.* 7.
- Eating. Blisters on tongue with burning pain on eating. *Natr. M.* 3.
- Eating. Aphthæ on inside of cheek; bleeding when eating. *Borax.* 5.
- Eating. Aphthous sore mouth; the ulcers bleed on eating or on touch; mouth very tender in nursing children; hot, with thirst and vomiting. *Borax Clin.*
- Eating. Hiccough after eating and drinking. *Ign.* 7.
- Eating. Hiccough after eating and on every shock caused by it; pressure in forehead as if the brain shook from behind forward. *Bry.* 7.
- Eating. Spasmodic efforts to vomit, associated with great distress in the stomach; aggravated from eating. *Nux Vom. Clin.*
- Eating. Vomiting of food immediately after eating. *Ferr.* 6.
- Eating. Vomiting after eating and drinking. *Bel.* 6.
- Eating. Pain in abdomen after eating; relieved by emission of flatus; with nausea. *Psor.* 7.
- Eating. Distention of abdomen after eating, after a moderate supper, with griping, and here and there sharp pain, as from flatulent food and much drink. *China.* 7.
- Eats. Appetite lost and whatever she eats goes against her, even to vomiting. *Lyc.* 2.
- Eats. Taste bitter, if she eats anything, or swallows saliva; everything tastes bitter; insipid; lost to food. *Borax.* 3.
- Eats. Eructations constant, as soon as she eats; of food after eating; without nausea. *Ferr.* 7.
- Eats. Cramplike pain in stomach after every meal; oppression whenever she eats. *Ferr.* 1.
- Edges. Tongue coated and showing impress of teeth on edges; coated white, with whitish swollen gums that bleed on touch. *Merc. S.* 3.
- Edges. Tongue black, with red edges; swollen. *Merc. S.* 3.
- Edges. Epithelioma of the tongue; the edges of a bluish-red color. *Mur. Ac. Clin.*
- Edges. Gray patches on edges of tongue and a dirty yellow coat on upper surface. *Merc. S.* 3.
- Edges. Red tongue, with blackish coat, covered with grayish-white crust; moist; edges red; pale dirty yellow posteriorly and along edges; white anteriorly. *Merc. C.* 3.
- Edges. Tongue coated white and dry at edges. *Cocc.* 3.
- Edges. Tongue swollen and coated red at edges. *Canth.* 3.
- Edges. Tongue coated yellow along centre; coated first white, with reddish papillæ here and there; then a yellowish-brown coat in centre, the edges being red and shining, dry on waking and feeling burnt. *Bapt.* 3.
- Egg. Sensation of a hard-boiled egg in stomach. *Abies N.* 1.
- Eggs. Eructations bitter and like bad eggs; like rotten eggs. *Arn. M.* 7.
- Eggs. Eructations tasting like rotten eggs. *Psor.* 7.
- Eggs. Taste sweet to bread; salty on lips; slimy; putrid in throat as of bad eggs on moving tongue; metallic. *Merc. S.* 3.
- Eggs. Flatulence offensive, smelling like rotten eggs. *Arn. M.* 7.
- Eggs. Eructations tasting like bad eggs; hot, sharp and sour. *Petr.* 7.
- Eggs. Sore mouth; aphthæ occurring during protracted diseases, especially in children; with marasmus; with salivation; sour vomiting; stools like chopped eggs. *Sulf. Ac. Clin.*
- Eggs. Taste of rotten eggs between meals. *Arn. M.* 3.
- Eggs. Ravenous hunger and great thirst, particularly longing for eggs and for indigestible things; chalk, coal, etc. *Calc. C. Clin.*
- Eggs. Eructations empty; tasting of rotten eggs; tasting like apples. *Agar.* 7.
- Eggs. Eructations like foul eggs. *Ant. T.* 7.
- Ejecta. Obstinate vomiting of blood; extremities cold; countenance hippocratic; pulse feeble; the ejecta sometimes black tar-like. *Ipe. Clin.*
- Ejecta. Most violent retching and vomiting of food or of whatever is taken into the stomach; the ejecta are always very profuse, and the vomiting is attended with cold sweat, great prostration, burning in the stomach, and great sensitiveness to touch. *Ver. Alb. Clin.*
- Eleven a. m. Weakness and faintness in stomach at 11 a. m., with need to eat. *Sul. Clin.*
- Elongated feeling in teeth. *Amm. C.* 5.
- Elongated. Pain in a hollow tooth in evening which became elongated and loose, then also in other teeth; pain partly sticking and partly crawling. *Rhus Tox.* 5.
- Elongated. Aching in teeth during menses with throbbing in gums worse in a hollow molar, which pains as if elongated and swollen; then swelling of gums and cheeks. *Sep.* 5.
- Elongation. Dental periostitis, with great soreness and elongation of the teeth; pain aggravated at night from warmth of bed; teeth loose; salivation offensive. *Merc. S. Clin.*
- Elongation. Painful looseness and elongation of teeth. *Caust. Clin.*
- Emission of flatus. *Phos.* 7.
- Emission. Rumbling in abdomen, with emission of much flatus; offensive. *Diosc.* 7.
- Emission of much inodorous flatus. *Agar.* 7.
- Emission. Cutting pain in abdomen, with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulence here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus the more difficult to pass. *Ver. Alb.* 7.
- Emission of flatus, worse in the evening and night; offensive; smelling of sulphuretted hydrogen. *Sul.* 7.
- Emission. Rumbling in abdomen all day; in afternoon; relieved by emission of fetid flatus, with griping and feeling as if a loose stool would pass at night; with gurgling. *Sul.* 7.
- Emission of flatus, after every meal; on attempting to go to stool; burning and offensive. *Aloe.* 7.
- Emission. Distention of abdomen in morning in bed; amelioration from emission of flatus. *Sul.* 7.
- Emission. Flatulent pain in evening after a meal; here and there after midnight; not relieved by emission of flatus. *Pul.* 7.



## EMISSION.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## EPICASTRIC.

Emission. Pain in abdomen after eating; relieved by emission of flatus; with nausea. Psor. 7.

Emission. Distention of abdomen after dinner, with emission of flatus; fermentation; flatulent pain. Natr. M. 7.

Emission. Pain in abdomen before breakfast; flatulent; amelioration from difficult emission of flatus. Natr. S. 7.

Emission. Rumbling in abdomen, with uneasiness and emission of flatus. Nit. Ac. 7.

Emission. Distention of abdomen at night, relieved by emission of flatus. Mag. C. 7.

Emission. Incessant emission of flatus. Mag. M. 7.

Emission of flatus; offensive. Kali B. 7.

Emission. Cramping pain in pit of stomach, then eructations of wind, then hiccough and emission of flatus. Diosc. 1.

Emission. Rumbling in abdomen between 6 and 10 p. m., with movement of flatus and aching, then emission of flatus; offensive. China 7.

Emission. Colic; aggravated by riding in the cars or carriage; relieved by emission of flatus. Carbo V. Clin.

Emission. Distention of abdomen with griping and emission of flatus. Asaf. 7.

Emission. Griping in abdomen always before emission of flatus. Graph. 7.

Emission. Cutting in abdomen in morning with emission of flatus. Pul. 7.

Emotion. Nausea on every inward motion; but when fasting there is only retching. Kali C. 6.

Emotion. Dyspepsia aggravated by any mental effort; stomach and abdomen became excessively bloated from any unpleasant emotion. Nux Mos. Clin.

Emptiness in stomach, with nausea as soon as she thinks of food she would like. Sep. 1.

Emptiness. Frequent colic, only slightly ameliorated by evacuating gas; attacks come at night, associated with feeling of emptiness; nausea, vertigo. Cocc. Clin.

Emptiness. Ravenous appetite, with emptiness in stomach; with loss of appetite in palate and throat. Rhus Tox. 2.

Emptiness. Burning in stomach; emptiness with faint feverish feeling. Sang. 1.

Emptiness in epigastric region, worse in œsophagus; not ameliorated by eating. Mur. Ac. 1.

Emptiness. Burning in stomach towards evening; emptiness. Petr. 1.

Emptiness in stomach, with nausea. China 1.

Emptiness. Vomiting of pregnancy, with a characteristic sensation of emptiness in the stomach. Sep. Clin.

Empty. (*Eructations.*) Eructations empty after eating; sour during the day. Sul. 7.

Empty. Flatulence here and there in hypochondria; even in back and region of ribs, and in chest, causing tension and bubbling; ameliorations from empty eructations. Lyc. 7.

Empty. Nausea, with empty eructations and salivation; distressing nausea. Ipe. 6.

Empty. Eructations of wind after drinking water; frequently empty, with discomfort in stomach. Bism. 7.

Empty. Eructations sour in afternoon; empty; waterbrash. Natr. C. 7.

Empty. Eructations before and after eating; sour; empty. Nit. Ac. 7.

Empty eructations in morning; fasting; loud; when fasting and after eating. Plat. 7.

Empty eructations; ineffectual, with pressure in chest. Phos. 7.

Empty. Frequent empty eructations. Iris 7.

Empty. Eructations violent, empty. Coloc. 7.

Empty. Eructations bitter, putrid, empty, incomplete, ineffectual, instead of which there is hiccough. Cocc. 7.

Empty eructations; frequent but suppressed. Amm. C. 7.

Empty. Eructations empty; tasting of rotten eggs; tasting like apples. Agar. 7.

Empty. Violent eructations mostly of air; empty eructations. Ver. Alb. 7.

Empty eructations after dinner; sour. Zinc. 7.

Empty. (*Stomach.*) Empty feeling, weakness in epigastric region. Pod. 1.

Empty. Regurgitation of food, hiccough, empty retching, weak empty feeling; has to eat at night even; especially attended with sighing; gastric symptoms generally ameliorated after eating. Ign. Clin.

Empty retching at night. Arn. M. 6.

Empty. Burning heat in stomach extending to back, with faint empty feeling in stomach and bowels. Phos. Clin.

Empty. Constrictive pain when the stomach is empty. Ars. A. Clin.

Empty. Weight in pit of stomach; in epigastrium after eating; with upward pressure to throat-pit; every empty swallowing carried it downward, but it immediately returned. Rumex 1.

Enlargement. Epigastric region sensitive in morning; worse towards evening; to pressure; with enlargement of liver; with tension. Phos. 1.

Enlargement of the liver, with flatulent dyspepsia. Zinc. Clin.

Epidermal coating of mouth and fauces, abraded in morning, but partly hanging in large pieces; the mucous membrane itself swollen and loose. Caust. 5.

Epigastric. Peculiar weakness in pit of stomach and epigastric region. Ign. 1.

Epigastric. Swelling of epigastric region. Calc. C. 1.

Epigastric. Sensation, as if a stone lay in stomach after eating, making him fretful, with pain in epigastric region on touch. Bry. 1.

Epigastric. Pain in pit of stomach in afternoon, after eating a little; with heaviness in epigastric region caused by cough. Lyc. 1.

Epigastric. Fermentation in epigastric region; flatulent pressure towards hypogastrium. Plat. 7.

Epigastric. Nausea in epigastric region, aggravated by eating and drinking; with waterbrash and disagreeable risings. Pul. 6.

Epigastric. Pain in epigastric region as from overloading the stomach after eating; in pit after drinking causing tightness of breath with distention of abdomen. Nux Vom. 1.

Epigastric. Pain in epigastric region on pressure, with anxiety. Bry. 1.

Epigastric. Pain in pit of stomach, in epigastric region; burning. Merc. C. 1.

Epigastric. Feeling in stomach as if cut to pieces in morning, with external sensitiveness of epigastric region. Kali C. 1.

Epigastric. Griping in epigastric region, with movements, then soft stool. Coloc. 1.

Epigastric. Pain in pit of stomach, intolerance of clothing in epigastric region, and beneath hypochondria. Crotal H. 1.

Epigastric. Nausea after dinner and supper, with uneasiness and qualms in epigastric region, as after eating too much fat; in throat and palate on eating a little. Cycl. 6.

Epigastric. Internal chilliness in epigastric regions. Ars. Alb. 1.

Epigastric. Sensitiveness of epigastric region. Carbo V. 1.

Epigastric. Pain in epigastric region. Bapt. 1.

Epigastric. Sensation as if beaten in epigastric region and abdomen, with fullness in former and eructations. Asaf. 1.

Epigastric. Pain in epigastric region on touch. Calc. C. 1.

Epigastric. Sensitiveness of the stomach to pressure; of epigastric region to touch. Lyc. 1.

Epigastric. Griping in epigastric region after every meal; worse towards evening. Coloc. 1.

Epigastric. Full feeling in epigastric region. Coloc. 1.

Epigastric. Throbbing in epigastric region, with sensitiveness to touch. Kali C. 1.

Epigastric. Burning distress in epigastric region. Iris 1.

Epigastric. Swollen feeling in epigastric region. Kali C. 1.

Epigastric. Epigastric region sensitive to pressure. Mag. M. 1.

Epigastric. Distention of epigastric region. Phos. 1.

Epigastric. Swelling of epigastric region, with sensitiveness to pressure. Merc. C. 1.

Epigastric. Empty feeling; weakness in epigastric region. Pod. 1.

Epigastric. Pain beneath stomach when lying; in epigastric region on touch; after eating. Sul. 1.

Epigastric. Pain in pit of stomach, in epigastric region; in pit in evening; worse by paroxysms. Mezer. 1.

Epigastric. Emptiness in epigastric region worse in the œsophagus; not ameliorated by eating. Mur. Ac. 1.



## EPIGASTRIC.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## ERUCTATIONS.

Epigastric. Sensation as if something in epigastric region turned over. Nux Vom. 1.

Epigastric region sensitive to pressure; nausea if hand lay on stomach. Nux Vom. 1.

Epigastric. Constriction and pinching in epigastric and hypochondriac regions; aggravation from eating; then changing into chest and impeding breathing. Pul. 1.

Epigastric. Pain in epigastric region after eating; aggravated by hard food; with sensitiveness of stomach. Sulf. Ac. 1.

Epigastric. Burning in epigastric region. Zinc. 1.

Epigastric region sensitive in morning; worse towards evening; to pressure; with enlargement of liver; with tension. Phos. 1.

Epigastrium. Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning, then cutting in abdomen and nausea in morning after eating a little; with return of a metallic, herby taste; with weight and heat, as from a stone in epigastrium; aggravation from walking; amelioration from sitting. Nux Vom. 1.

Epigastrium. Hollow sensation in epigastrium. Pod. 1.

Epigastrium. Burning in epigastrium, in stomach, with pain. Colch. 1.

Epigastrium. Sinking sensation in epigastrium. Calc. P. 1.

Epigastrium. Cramp in stomach; in pit; in epigastrium; also with tension. Ant. T. 1.

Epigastrium. Fluttering in epigastrium. Nux Vom. 1.

Epigastrium. Burning and waterbrash in epigastrium after belching. Calc. P. 1.

Epigastrium. Gastric derangements, with great sensitiveness of epigastrium to touch, and vomiting of food. Bry. Clin.

Epigastrium. Eructations of sour, bitter wind, relieving pain in epigastrium. Diosc. 1.

Epigastrium. Sharp pain in epigastrium, and in stomach at 7 a. m. Diosc. 1.

Epigastrium. Atonic dyspepsia, with continual throbbing; occipital headache and trembling; fluttering feeling below the epigastrium, towards the umbilicus; tongue very red and small; feels swollen. Crotal. H. Clin.

Epigastrium. Pain in epigastrium in morning on touch; at noon; a few hours after eating; with nausea and dullness of head in evening; towards evening; and in abdomen, with painful vomiting and diarrhoea. Phos. 1.

Epigastrium. Gripping in pit of stomach and epigastrium. Pul. 1.

Epigastrium. Intermittent compression in epigastrium changing to pinching, with confusion of sineiput. Coloc. 1.

Epigastrium. Weight in pit of stomach; in epigastrium after eating; with upward pressure to throat-pit; every empty swallowing carried it downward, but it immediately returned. Rumex 1.

Epigastrium. Pain in the stomach; tightness in epigastrium as if a ball ascended to throat, where it caused suffocation, preventing speaking and swallowing; with anxiety. Plumb. 1.

Epigastrium. Pain in stomach; epigastrium tender; oppression and distress. Secale 1.

Epigastrium. Pain in epigastrium, sharp, in stomach, day and night. Robina 1.

Epigastrium. Pain in stomach; acute; in epigastrium extending into sternum, hypochondria, and to ilia, as from ravenous hunger. Ver. Alb. 1.

Epithelioma of the tongue; the edges of a bluish-red color. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Epulis above upper incisors. Calc. C. Clin.

Eroded. Red blisters on tongue, as if skin were eroded; with pain on every motion of tongue and on touch of anything salt or sour. Borax 3.

Erosions. Bloody erosions on inside of cheek. Phos. 5.

Eructation of a fluid, tasting of the ingesta. Ant. C. 7.

Eructations. Nausea, with empty eructations and salivation; distressing nausea. Ipe. 6.

Eructations tasting like rotten eggs. Psor. 7.

Eructations. Flatulence here and there in hypochondria; even in back and region of ribs, and in chest, causing tension and bubbling; amelioration from empty eructations. Lyc. 7.

Eructations tasting of food, then nausea; of gas; bilious in evening; bitter at night; of a bitter fluid; tasting of rancid tallow after eating buckwheat cakes; as of bad meat after dinner; the taste remains, with nausea. Pul. 7.

Eructations empty after eating; sour during the day. Sul. 7.

Eructations. Taste vinegary all day after drinking milk; sour in morning till after breakfast, with sour eructations. Sul. 3.

Eructations bitter, and like bad eggs; like rotten eggs. Arn. M. 7.

Eructations incomplete; burning; rising only into pharynx where they cause burning. Lyc. 7.

Eructations. Sour eructations, the taste of which does not remain in mouth, but the acid gnaws in the stomach: waterbrash. Lyc. 7.

Eructations of bitter and sour liquid at night: bitter when fasting; sour all day; sour as far as tongue; of water after eating. Nux Vom. 7.

Eructations of food; tasting of the food. Phos. 7.

Eructations. Taste sour; saliva has a sour taste, bitter, then sour, with sour eructations. Ign. 3.

Eructations. Many eructations tasting of food, ineffectual. Graph. 7.

Eructations of wind after drinking water; frequently empty, with discomfort in stomach. Bism. 7.

Eructations after eating: incomplete; violent. Natr. M. 7.

Eructations of water, with nausea. Mag. M. 7.

Eructations. Hot eructations; violent efforts to vomit. Pod. Clin.

Eructations. Acid dyspepsia, with bloated abdomen; sour or putrid eructations; sometimes nausea and vomiting. Sep. Clin.

Eructations before and after eating, sour, empty. Nit. Ac. 7.

Eructations. Indigestion characterized by extreme distress in the stomach immediately after eating; feeling as if the stomach knotted up at times; with bitter eructations or with sour or putrid taste in the mouth; nearly always associated with nausea and efforts to vomit. Nux Vom. Clin.

Eructations. Thirst is a general accompaniment of Natrum Mur. symptoms; there are generally sour eructations, heartburn, especially waterbrash; sometimes vomiting of food. Natr. M. Clin.

Eructations after eating a little; after eating and drinking; sour. Sep. 7.

Eructations loud: sour in morning; of sour liquid after coffee; ineffectual. Pul. 7.

Eructations. Pain in region of stomach at night; amelioration from eructations. Sul. 1.

Eructations. Violent eructations, mostly of air; empty eructations. Ver. Alb. 7.

Eructations. Empty eructations after dinner; sour. Zinc. 7.

Eructations. Aching and throbbing in stomach; amelioration from eructations; with pain from the jar of walking. Sep. 1.

Eructations. Gastralgia; pains sudden, violent, compelling hard pressure on the abdomen; amelioration from eructations. Plumb. Clin.

Eructations. Empty eructations in morning fasting; loud; when fasting and after eating. Plat. 7.

Eructations. Empty eructations; ineffectual with pressure in chest. Phos. 7.

Eructations. Indigestion, with bloating, sour eructations, heartburn, and a weak feeling, or a feeling of a lump in the pit of the stomach or a feeling of pulsation after eating; there are generally pressure, belching of gas, bloating and soreness. Kali C. Clin.

Eructations in morning; with water after midnight; sour eructations. Kali C. 7.

Eructations. Pain in stomach after a light meal, with fullness, eructations of food and colic; aggravated by sitting bent over and in region of duodenum, with difficult breathing. Lyc. 1.

Eructations. Nausea, relieved by drinking; at night with eructations of food. Phos. 6.

Eructations sour. Plumb. 7.

Eructations. Acid dyspepsia; sour eructations. Mag. C. Clin.

Eructations. Uneasiness starting from pit of stomach, then eructations of food and acids. Kali C. 1.

Eructations. Nausea, with hot eructations and sweetish, flat salivation. Kali B. 6.

Eructations. Frequent empty eructations. Iris 7.

Eructations of bitter fluid, of food. Ign. 7.



## ERUCTATIONS.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## EVENING.

Eructations. Cramp in stomach at night, relieved by eructations. Coloc. 1.  
 Eructations after eating; frequent; without odor or taste. Hep. 7.  
 Eructations. Pain in pit of stomach all forenoon, relieved by eructations; with necessity to vomit. Graph. 1.  
 Eructations, constant, as soon as she eats; of food after eating; without nausea. Ferr. 7.  
 Eructations, with oppression of stomach after eating or hiccough-like eructations. Cycl. 7.  
 Eructations violent, empty. Coloc. 7.  
 Eructations. Taste bitter, with sour eructations. Graph. 3.  
 Eructations. Cramping pain in pit of stomach, then eructations of wind, then hiccough and emission of flatus. Diosc. 1.  
 Eructations of sour, bitter, wind, relieving pain in epigastrium. Diosc. 1.  
 Eructations. Distress in stomach in morning, with burning; relieved by empty eructations; had to unfasten clothes. Diosc. 1.  
 Eructations bitter, putrid, empty, incomplete, ineffectual, instead of which there is hiccough. Cocc. 7.  
 Eructations, with burning in stomach. Coleh. 7.  
 Eructations tasting of juniper berries. Chel. 7.  
 Eructations after eating; bitter; sourish. Bry. 7.  
 Eructations. Flatulent dyspepsia, with sour eructations; stomach swollen like a drum, the distress comes on half an hour or an hour after eating; every sort of food disagrees. Carbo V. Clin.  
 Eructations after eating. Camph. 7.  
 Eructations frothy and sour; of frothy, sour mucus, tinged bright red. Canth. 7.  
 Eructations of air, hot in afternoon and evening. Caust. 7.  
 Eructations unsuccessful. Ars. A. 7.  
 Eructations. Sensation as if beaten in epigastric region and abdomen, with fullness in former and eructations. Asaf. 1.  
 Eructations tasting of food. Calc. C. 7.  
 Eructations of tasteless fluid in evening. Calc. C. 7.  
 Eructations as when undigested food remains in stomach. Caust. 7.  
 Eructations. Acid dyspepsia, sour vomiting and sour eructations. Caust. Clin.  
 Eructations. Empty eructations, frequent, but suppressed. Amm. C. 7.  
 Eructations empty; tasting of rotten eggs; tasting like apples. Agar. 7.  
 Eructations. Great craving for sweets; well marked gastritis, with enormous distention, or free eructations of gas. Arg. N. Clin.  
 Eructations. Feeling as if stomach would burst after yawning, with sensation as if œsophagus were spasmodically closed; hence ineffectual effort to eructate, relieved by empty eructations. Arg. N. 7.  
 Eructations after eating and drinking, violent, almost constant. Carbo V. 7.

Eructations like foul eggs. Ant. T. 7.  
 Eructations tasting like bad eggs; hot, sharp and sour. Petr. 7.  
 Eructations sour in afternoon; empty; waterbrash. Natr. C. 7.  
 Eructations. Acid dyspepsia, with constant weight in the stomach; eructations of sour liquid. Robina Clin.  
 Eructations of sour fluid. Robina 7.  
 Eructations. Sour eructations after a meal, with burning in throat. Sil. 7.  
 Evening. (*Stomach.*) Pain in pit of stomach, in epigastric region; in pit in evening; worse by paroxysms. Mezer. 1.  
 Evening. Drawing pain in pit of stomach in evening, when sitting, extending to lower border of left rib. Ars. Alb. 1.  
 Evening. Fullness in stomach in evening; swollen feeling and sensitiveness. Natr. C. 1.  
 Evening. Burning in stomach towards evening; emptiness. Petr. 1.  
 Evening. Epigastric region sensitive in morning; worse towards evening; to pressure; with enlargement of liver; with tension. Phos. 1.  
 Evening. Pain in epigastrium in morning on touch; at noon; a few hours after eating; with nausea and dullness of head in evening; towards evening; and in abdomen, with painful vomiting and diarrhoea. Phos. 1.  
 Evening. Heartburn in evening after supper; on waking, in middle of night; after dinner. Kali B. 1.  
 Evening. Gripping in epigastric region after every meal; worse towards evening. Coloc. 1.  
 Evening. (*Teeth.*) Jerking in teeth in bed, now in upper now in lower back. Bry. 5.  
 Evening. Pain in teeth aggravated by drawing in air with open mouth; with a stitch in one row of teeth, now in an upper, now in a lower molar, then in other teeth towards the front; aggravated by eating; at noon and evening; with red, hot spots on cheek and throat, with complaining mood full of reproaches and despondency. Nux Vom. 5.  
 Evening. Drawing pain in teeth as soon as he gets into bed in evening. Kali C. 5.  
 Evening. Toothache, beginning in evening in bed, and at night driving him out of bed, extending to temples. Mag. C. 5.  
 Evening. Toothache in evening as soon as she gets into bed. Amm. C. 5.  
 Evening. Hollow teeth decay very rapidly; aching in hollow in evening on touch of tongue. Mezer. 5.  
 Evening. Toothache in pregnancy, temporarily relieved by holding cold water in the mouth; always aggravated in the evening until midnight. Pul. Clin.  
 Evening. Pain in a hollow tooth in evening, which became elongated and loose, then also in other teeth; pain partly sticking and partly crawling. Rhus Tox. 5.

Evening. Throbbing pain in teeth only when eating; in root of last hollow molar in evening. Kali C. 5.  
 Evening. Tearing in teeth in evening, and in bones of face. Tabac. 5.  
 Evening. (*Thirst.*) No thirst all day, but it occurs in evening as face and hands become warm. Cycl. 2.  
 Evening. Thirst in evening; towards evening. Mag. C. 2.  
 Evening. Thirst for cold drinks in evening without heat. Bism. 2.  
 Evening. Thirst in evening after fever, with hunger, then after eating coldness and rumbling in abdomen, after shivering through skin, after chill during sweat on back and forehead. China 2.  
 Evening. Thirst in evening for something very cold. Natr. S. 2.  
 Evening. Thirst in evening; at night, with dryness of lips. Ant. C. 2.  
 Evening. (*Miscellaneous.*) Eructations tasting of food, then nausea; of gas; bilious in evening; bitter at night; of a bitter fluid; tasting of rancid tallow after eating buckwheat cakes; as of bad meat after dinner; the taste remains, with nausea. Pul. 7.  
 Evening. Sticking gnawing in gums, worse towards evening and by warmth of bed, amelioration from uncovering, a draft of cold, open air. Pul. 5.  
 Evening. Emission of flatus, worse in the evening and night; offensive; smelling of sulphuretted hydrogen. Sul. 7.  
 Evening. Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening, or colic aggravated in evening in bed, with gripping and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another. Pul. 7.  
 Evening. Vomiting violent of sour mucus in forenoon, of sour smelling and sour tasting mucus, towards evening, with headache like a tearing around lower part of skull; hamatemesis. Nux Vom. 6.  
 Evening. Dry mouth without thirst in evening, so that tongue sticks to palate; also back of mouth and throat in morning on waking; dry at night, with slimy feeling; dry, and the saliva seems like cotton. Nux Mos. 5.  
 Evening. Vomiting of food that had been eaten long before; of food in evening; then bitter taste and teeth on edge. Pul. 6.  
 Evening. Morning nausea, amelioration after eating; on waking; towards evening and at night; on washing mouth before breakfast; on waking, with blackness before eyes in evening; weakness, even to faintness; with melancholy; easily startled; then vomiting of food, then retching. Sep. 6.  
 Evening. Vomiting of pregnancy; especially vomiting of food in the evening or at night. Pul. Clin.  
 Evening. Vomiting of food in evening; of food eaten at noon. Sul. 6.  
 Evening. Pain in abdomen, relieved by discharge of flatus in evening and night; better by bending forward. Iris 7.



## EVENING.

Evening. Nausea every morning; in evening, during stool; before meal time. Sul. 6.

Evening. Grumbling in upper part of abdomen in evening, then fetid flatus. Natr. S. 7.

Evening. Distention of abdomen in evening; gurgling, rumbling, with rolling in morning in bed; with grumbling and flatulent pain. Zinc. 7.

Evening. Eructations of air, hot in afternoon and evening. Caust. 7.

Evening. Eructations of tasteless fluid in evening. Calc. C. 7.

Evening. Appetite great; in evening; diminished, especially for meat; can eat only bread and butter; meat disagrees with him. Ferr. 2.

Evening. Appetite great at noon and in evening. Mezer. 2.

Evening. Much flatus in evening. Amm. C. 7.

Evening. Flatulent pain in evening after a meal, here and there after midnight; not relieved by emission of flatus. Pul. 7.

Evening. Flatulent colic in evening after lying down. Nux Vom. 7.

Evening. Offensive odor from mouth in morning; in evening after lying down; at night. Pul. 5.

Evening. Dryness of mouth in morning, without thirst, as after alcoholic stimulants the previous evening. Nux Vom. 5.

Evening. Tongue coated white in evening, without heat or thirst. Bism. 3.

Evening. Bitter taste in morning, fasting continuing even when smoking; at 6 p. m.; in evening after beer; after eating and good appetite. Pul. 3.

Excess. Dyspepsia, with hypochondriac mood, especially at the climacteric of women or as the result of overwrought brain or sexual excess. Sep. Clin.

Excessive. Thirst excessive; she must drink much at once, and the drink does not distress her; with necessity to drink much cold water; with internal, but not external heat. Bry. 2.

Excessive flatulence, especially in hysterical subjects. Ign. Clin.

Excessive dryness of the mouth and tongue in sleep; always wakes with dry mouth and tongue. Nux Mos. Clin.

Excessive flatulent distention of abdomen, with dysmenorrhœa. Cocc. Clin.

Excoriated. Back of mouth excoriated; covered with blisters. Canth. 5.

Excoriated. Part of tongue and back of mouth excoriated; part covered with blisters. Canth. 3.

Excrecence. Spongy excrecence on the gums, which bleed readily and are painful. Staph. Clin.

Excruciating gastralgia; pains as from knives, or burning or constricting, or associated with great external weight. Phos. Clin.

Exhausting. Appetite unnatural, even when dying from exhausting stools. Secale 2.

Exhaustion. Sensation of fasting, with physical exhaustion. Ign. 1.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

Exhaustion. Vomiting, with cold sweat; great exhaustion. Camph. Clin.

Expanded feeling in stomach. Calc. P. 1.

Expectorate. Salivation, tenacious, difficult to expectorate. Merc. C. 5.

Expectorated. Mouth full of white tenacious mucus, which must be expectorated frequently. Tabac. 5.

Expectorated. Salivation; bloody saliva is expectorated in morning. Nit. Ac. 5.

Expectoration. Salivation, collection of bitter water, obliging constant expectoration. Chel. 5.

Extend. Gastralgia; pains extend to the chest; aggravation from motion; amelioration from quiet rest. Rumex Clin.

Extending. (*Stomach.*) Sticking in pit of stomach, extending through body to back. Chel. 1.

Extending. Contractive pain in stomach at night extending into chest, with distention of abdomen; paroxysmal, arresting breath obliging her to bend double; worse when lying. Carbo V. 1.

Extending. Burning pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after dinner, with salivation extending into throat; into mouth, soreness on waking. Kali B. 1.

Extending. Burning in stomach, extending into throat, after every meal. Calc. C. 1.

Extending. Tearing pains in the stomach, extending into the œsophagus. Æth. 1.

Extending. Drawing pain in pit of stomach in evening, when sitting, extending to lower border of left rib. Ars. Alb. 1.

Extending. Aching; burning in stomach, extending to mouth, with dryness; as from a stone in pit. Acon. 1.

Extending. Sensitiveness in the stomach, with burning, extending to the small of the back, with excessive distention by gas. Carbo V. Clin.

Extending. Pinching and pressure in stomach, extending through small intestines, as with a constriction; with many movements. Arn. M. 1.

Extending. Gastric catarrh, with terrible gastralgia, the pain extending from the stomach, through the body to the spine. Bism. Clin.

Extending. Neuralgia of the stomach; Most severe pain even along sternum and extending into both arms, with cold, clammy sweat. Diosc. Clin.

Extending. Pain at cardiac orifice, aggravated by swallowing bread, which seems to remain there, gradually extending over abdomen with vomiting, first of green then of blackish substance. Phos. 1.

Extending. Sticking in stomach, extending to chest. Lach. 1.

Extending. Drawing pain in pit of stomach, extending into chest. Phos. 1.

Extending. Atonic dyspepsia, with slow and imperfect digestion; fullness in the stomach; belching pain extending all around the chest and up to the shoulders. Nux Vom. Clin.

## EXTENDING.

Extending. Painless gnawing in stomach, then gnawing in sides, extending across under ribs, deep in abdomen. Lach. 1.

Extending. Dyspepsia, with violent pain extending into the chest; with nausea; temporarily relieved by eating. Petr. Clin.

Extending. Burning heat in stomach, extending to back with faint, empty feeling in stomach and bowels. Phos. Clin.

Extending. Burning in pit of stomach on pressure, with pain; burning pressure extending transversely at intervals; aggravated by pressure. Mezer. 1.

Extending. Gastralgia; aching extending through to the back; obliged to take a long breath. Rumex Clin.

Extending. Burning corrosive pain in stomach when walking, extending to pit of throat. Sabad. 1.

Extending. Pain in stomach; acute; in epigastrium, extending into sternum, hypochondria, and to ilia, as from ravenous hunger. Ver. Alb. 1.

Extending. Gastralgia starting from the cardiac end of the stomach; pains extending into left arm. Tabac. Clin.

Extending. Indigestion, with severe lancinating pains extending from side of chest to top of shoulder blade. Robina Clin.

Extending. (*Teeth.*) Periodic pain in teeth, always after waking, after eating, and from warm and cold drinks, often extending through upper jaw to ear, with jerking, tearing, sticking. Lach. 5.

Extending. Boring in a lower molar, extending to nose and eyes. Caust. 5.

Extending. Toothache beginning in evening in bed extending to temples. Mag. C. 5.

Extending. Toothache of a sticking, tearing, character, extending into the head. Kali C. Clin.

Extending. Tearing toothache, extending to head; amelioration from warmth. Nux Vom. Clin.

Extending. Sticking in teeth and jaw, extending to ear, preventing sleep at night and during the day; she had to tie a cloth over it. Sep. 5.

Extending. Beating pain in teeth if anything hot or cold is taken into the mouth, extending into cheek, which swells during menses. Sep. 5.

Extending. Hollow teeth sensitive to touch, and if food remains in centres, pain extending into root, and the gum becomes sore. Staph. 5.

Extending. Sticking in teeth extending into ear, waking him at night. Sul. 5.

Extending. Tearing first in roots of hollow teeth after chewing, then extending into crowns; aggravated in open air. Staph. 5.

Extending. Tearing, sticking in teeth on eating, extending into muscles of neck. Aggravation from warmth. Bry. 5.

Extending. Pain in hollow teeth, extending into head if air enters mouth. Nux Vom. 5.



## EXTENDING.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## FAUCES.

Extending. Toothache in hollow teeth, extending into head, aggravated by cold water. Ant. C. Clin.

Extending. Sticking in palate, extending to inner ear. Ign. 5.

Extending. (*Miscellaneous.*) Sensation of a hair on fore part of tongue; on tip, extending into trachea, where it caused crawling so that he must cough. Sil. 3.

Extending. Burning in mouth, extending to stomach, in palate and fauces, with scraping. Mezer. 5.

Extending. Vomiting at night, with sticking drawing pain in back, extending towards scapulæ. Pul. 6.

Extreme pressure and contraction in the stomach, followed by vomiting. Secale Clin.

Extreme aversion to food, with persistent, slightly qualmish, bitter taste; metallic taste; putrid taste. Cocc. Clin.

Extremely valuable remedy for catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thirst, white coated tongue, nausea and vomiting; aggravation from warm drinks which are vomited. Bry. Clin.

Extremities. Obstinate vomiting of blood; extremities cold; countenance hippocratic; pulse feeble; the ejecta sometimes black, tar-like. Ipe. Clin.

Exudation. Gums loosened from teeth; spongy and partly destroyed; spongy and covered with a pultaceous exudation and ulcerated. Mere. S. 5.

Eyes. Boring in a lower molar, extending to nose and eyes. Caust. 5.

Eyes. Morning nausea; amelioration after eating; on waking, towards evening and at night; on washing mouth before breakfast; on waking, with blackness before eyes in evening; weakness even to faintness, with melancholy; easily startled; then vomiting of food, then retching. Sep. 6.

Eyes. Nausea in morning; fasting, with shuddering; in pit of stomach, with blackness before eyes so that he must sit down. Calc. C. 6.

Face. Vomiting and diarrhœa ten times, with pale sunken face covered with cold sweat; forcible; violent; of slimy, acid liquid with food. Ver. Alb. 6.

Face. Nausea incessant so that it takes away the breath; all day without vomiting; sudden on walking; with salivation; sudden heat of face and vertigo. Petr. 6.

Face. No thirst all day, but it occurs in evening as face and hands become warm. Cycl. 2.

Face. Painful gumboil in outer side of gums, with pain in a hollow tooth and with swelling of cheek and whole left side of face as far as below eye, where there was an oedematous swelling. Borax 5.

Face. Tearing in teeth in evening and in bones of face. Tabac. 5.

Face. Decaying teeth, with burning, boring pains, involving the bones of the face and head; temporarily relieved by drawing in cold air. Mezer. Clin.

Face. Aching in teeth, worse at night, with heat in face; drawing pain. Graph. 5.

Face. Gastralgia with profuse sweat of the face, nausea and vomiting. Pul. Clin.

Face. Persistent nausea and vomiting of pregnancy; with deathly nausea, pale face, coldness of the stomach, gallstone, colic. Tabac. Clin.

Face. Pulsation in pit of stomach in morning, then ebullition in chest, like palpitation, then internal heat of face and body without redness or thirst but with sweat. Sep. 1.

Facial neuralgia, which seems to arise from the teeth; worse at night. Mezer. Clin.

Faint. Burning in stomach; emptiness with faint feverish feeling. Sang. 1.

Faint. Burning heat in stomach extending to back, with faint, empty feeling in stomach and bowels. Phos. Clin.

Faintness. Morning nausea; amelioration after eating; on waking, towards evening and at night; on washing mouth before breakfast; on waking, with blackness before eyes in evening; weakness even to faintness, with melancholy; easily startled, then vomiting of food, then retching. Sep. 6.

Faintness. Nausea in morning during menstruation, with chilliness and faintness in morning in bed; with bruised pain in intestines and loins in morning, with qualmishness about heart and salivation. Nux Vom. 6.

Faintness. Nausea from smoking after eating; during dinner; relieved by lying down, with faintness and flashes of heat; after dinner. Nux Vom. 6.

Faintness. Nausea on motion, with relaxed sensation in stomach; paroxysmal, as in seasickness, with vertigo and cold sweat; amounting almost to faintness; amelioration in open air. Tabac. 6.

Faintness. Gastralgia, with feeling of coldness and faintness in the abdomen. Petr. Clin.

Faintness. Nausea as if to faintness. Kali C. 6.

Faintness. Nausea associated with vertigo; aggravated by taking anything into the stomach, with faintness. Cocc. Clin.

Faintness. Weakness and faintness in stomach at 11 a. m., with need to eat. Sul. Clin.

Fair. Generally indicated in persons of a fair complexion; very sluggish and inclined to be fat. Calc. C. Clin.

Fall. Looseness of teeth, so that he fears they will fall out. Psor. 3.

False. Pain in pit of stomach, when making a false step on a stone pavement. Aloe 1.

Fasting. Bitter, bilious taste when fasting, though food has a good taste; bitter in morning on waking. Sul. 3.

Fasting. Sensation of fasting, with physical exhaustion. Ign. 1.

Fasting. Nausea on every inward motion; but when fasting there is only retching. Kali C. 6.

Fasting. Eructations of bitter and sour liquid at night; bitter when fasting; sour all day; sour as far as tongue; of water after eating. Nux Vom. 7.

Fasting. Bitter taste in morning fasting, continuing even when smoking; at 6 p. m.; in evening after beer; after eating and good appetite. Pul. 3.

Fasting. Retching in morning; fasting. Kreas. 6.

Fasting. Vomiting of sweetish water in morning, fasting; of food. Kreas. 6.

Fasting. Empty eructations in morning fasting; loud; when fasting and after eating. Plat. 7.

Fasting. Nausea every morning fasting; in morning after rising, so that she must sit down; with salivation. Lye. 6.

Fasting. Taste chalky in morning fasting. Nux Mos. 3.

Fasting. Nausea in morning; fasting, with shuddering; in pit of stomach, with blackness before eyes so that he must sit down. Calc. C. 6.

Fasting. Dyspepsia after eating; thirst; pain in stomach, relieved for a short time by raising wind; when fasting the pain goes to the spine, feeling as if one ought to raise flatus, and could not. Calc. P. 7.

Fasting. Clawing in stomach in morning on rising, as from long fasting; better after eating. Pul. 1.

Fat. Heartburn, as after overloading stomach with rancid fat. Nux Vom. 1.

Fat. Generally indicated in persons of a fair complexion; very sluggish and inclined to be fat. Calc. C. Clin.

Fat. Aversion to meat, to fat meat, to milk, which makes her flatulent. Carbo V. 2.

Fat. General aggravation from fat food. Cycl. Clin.

Fat. Disgust for everything, especially fat. Hep. 2.

Fat. Dyspepsia, characterized by regurgitation of food, more or less nausea and vomiting, loss of appetite and thirst, bitter taste, vertigo on rising up, chilliness, and, above all, constant aggravations from eating fat substances. Pul. Clin.

Fat. Stomach weak and easily disordered; scraping heartburn after fat food. Natr. C. 1.

Fat. General craving for acids and aversion to meat and fat or rich food. Pul. Clin.

Fatty. Taste fatty. Caust. 3.

Fauces. Retching on hawking mucus from fauces. Nux Vom. 6.

Fauces. Dryness of mouth after midnight, as if tongue stuck to palate, without thirst.

Fauces. Burning in mouth, extending to stomach; in palate and fauces, with scraping. Mezer. 5.

Fauces. Ulcers on inside of cheeks, with sticking on uvula, palate, fauces, and as far as could be seen, covered with yellowish-gray membrane; red, swollen, painful and offensive. Nit. Ac. 5.



**FAUCES.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****FLATULENT.**

Fauces. Sensation of glowing coals in mouth and fauces, with constant pressure to swallow and hawk, which increased the pain; discharge of much saliva, with mucus. *Caust.* 5.

Fauces. Epidermal cutting of mouth and fauces; abraded in morning, but partly hanging in large pieces; the mucus membrane itself swollen and loose. *Caust.* 5.

Fauces. Tongue dark and with most of mouth and fauces covered with a grayish-white membrane. *Mur. Ac.* 3.

Fauces. Mouth, fauces and tongue covered with a white membrane that could be torn off easily. *Nit. Ac.* 5.

Fauces. Mucous in mouth and fauces in morning. *Arg. N.* 5.

Faecal. Vomiting constant of food; of everything taken into the stomach; fecal; with colic and constipation; blackish; of brownish liquid, streaked with blood. *Plumb.* 6.

Feeble. Tongue cold; speech feeble, broken, hoarse. *Canph.* 3.

Feeling as if stomach were full of water. *Kali C.* 1.

Feeling of flabbiness of stomach, *Ign.* 1.

Feeling in stomach as if cut to pieces in morning, with external sensitiveness of epigastric region. *Kali C.* 1.

Feeling. Dry and rough feeling in middle of tongue. *Acon.* 3.

Feeling as if stomach would burst after yawning, with sensation as if oesophagus were spasmodically closed; hence ineffectual effort to eructate, relieved by empty eructations. *Arg. N.* 7.

Feeling of a hard lump which makes the stomach sore. *Bry.* Clin.

Feeling as if stomach hung down relaxed, and appetite lost. *Ipe.* 1.

Feeling in teeth as if spongy; fear of biting them together lest they fall out; on slightest sucking of teeth blood exuded from gums. *Nit. Ac.* 5.

Feeling as if teeth were too long when biting them together. *Lach.* 5.

Feet. Difficult dentition; child is weak, cold, pulse soft; bores the head into the pillow, tends to squint, cries out in sleep, and particularly has restless feet. *Zinc.* Clin.

Fermentation in abdomen from fruit. *China* 7.

Fermentation in epigastric region, flatulent pressure towards hypogastrium. *Plat.* 7.

Fermentation. Distention of abdomen after dinner, with emission of flatus; fermentation; flatulent pain. *Natr. M.* 7.

Fermentation. Acid fermentation in stomach; everything turns sour; sour risings. *Calc. C.* Clin.

Fermentation. Burning fermentation in the stomach. *Phos.* Clin.

Fetid. Breath fetid. *Plumb.* 5.

Fetid. Breath fetid. *Arn. M.* 5.

Fetid. Rumbling in abdomen all day; in afternoon; relieved by emission of fetid flatus, with griping, and feeling as if a loose stool would pass at night; with gurgling. *Sul.* 7.

Fetid. Breath fetid. *Rhus Tox.* 5.

Fetid. Gums and mouth are sore, ulcerated; breath fetid; salivation; ulcerations, with red areola. *Bapt. Clin.*

Fetid. Ulceration of mouth and gums, with fetid odor. *Nux Vom. Clin.*

Fetid. Grumbling in upper part of abdomen in evening, then fetid flatus. *Natr. S.* 7.

Fetid. Salivation; breath fetid. *Secale* 5.

Fetid flatus. *Calc. P.* 7.

Fetor. Ulceration of the mouth, with great fetor; the ulcers spread rapidly like mercurial ulcers, but when touched they have sharp, splinter-like pains; these ulcers extend into the throat and simulate diphtheria. *Nit. Ac. Clin.*

Fever. Thirst in evening after fever, with hunger; then, after eating, coldness in abdomen; after shivering through skin; after chill during sweat on back and forehead. *China* 2.

Fever. Black vomit in yellow fever, and sometimes in the vomiting of pregnancy. *Lach. Clin.*

Fever. Tongue is dry, red and cracked in fever. *Rhus Tox. Clin.*

Feverish. Burning in stomach; emptiness with faint, feverish feeling. *Sang.* 1.

Fevers. Offensive odor from mouth in persons who are debilitated or during fevers. *Carbo V. Clin.*

Filling. Toothache after filling. *Arn. M. Clin.*

Fistula. Dental fistula. *Staph. Clin.*

Fistula. Dental fistula. *Phos. Clin.*

Fistula. Abscess at the root of the tooth, with external swelling; dental fistula. *Petr. Clin.*

Fistula. Dental fistula. *Caust. Clin.*

Fistula. Pustule above a hollow tooth like a dental fistula; painful soreness on chewing. *Petr.* 5.

Fits. Spongy condition of gums, which retract and bleed easily, with tendency to nose-bleed; fainting fits. *Carbo V. Clin.*

Flabby. Tongue is almost always swollen, flabby, taking the imprint of the teeth; sometimes watery as if oedematous, sometimes covered with whitish fur. *Merc. S. Clin.*

Flabbiness. Feeling of flabbiness in stomach. *Ign.* 1.

Flashes. Nausea from smoking after eating; during dinner; relieved by lying down; with faintness and flashes of heat; after dinner. *Nux Vom.* 6.

Flat. Taste flat, bitter. *Bapt.* 3.

Flat. Slimy taste, which disgusts him with butter; sour; flat; qualmish. *China* 3.

Flat. Taste flat to food and almost wanting. *Cycl.* 3.

Flat. Nausea, with hot eructations and sweetish, flat salivation. *Kali B.* 6.

Flatulence. (Abdominal.) Distention of abdomen by flatulence, waking about midnight causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief; new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. *Cocc.* 7.

Flatulence here and there in hypochondria, even in back, in region of ribs and in chest, causing tension and bubbling; amelioration from empty eructations. *Lyc.* 7.

Flatulence. Colic, as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. *Nux Vom.* 7.

Flatulence, offensive, smelling like rotten eggs. *Arn. M.* 7.

Flatulence and distention of abdomen from things which usually digested easily. *Carbo V.* 7.

Flatulence. Excessive flatulence, especially in hysterical subjects. *Ign. Clin.*

Flatulence. Abdominal flatulence, with much rumbling and gurgling and pains of various sorts. *Lyc. Clin.*

Flatulence. Loud flatulence all the afternoon; offensive. *Caust.* 7.

Flatulence. Distention of abdomen with flatulence, with pain; rumbling. *Robina* 7.

Flatulence. Tearing around umbilicus, and flatulence. *Natr. S.* 7.

Flatulence. Incarcerated flatulence in left side, and constipation. *Sul. Clin.*

Flatulence. Gastric derangements, aggravated by alcoholic stimulants; especially flatulence, with much rumbling in abdomen. *Zinc Clin.*

Flatulence, with tension of abdomen. *Coloc.* 7.

Flatulence of hysteria. *Asaf. Clin.*

Flatulence. (Stomach Flatulence.) Griping in pit of stomach, as from flatulence. *Carbo V.* 1.

Flatulence. Acid dyspepsia, with heartburn and flatulence. *Natr. S. Clin.*

Flatulence. Gastric disorders, shooting from pit of the stomach into chest and throat, with flatulence. *Rumex Clin.*

Flatulence rising and becoming incarcerated under short ribs. *Nux Vom.* 7.

Flatulence. Gastralgia of nursing women, with excessive flatulence, sour and rancid belching; vomiting of food. *Carbo V. Clin.*

Flatulence. Scirrhus indurations of pyloric orifice of the stomach, with vomiting of blood, burning and extreme flatulence. *Lyc. Clin.*

Flatulency. Dyspepsia resulting from malt liquors, with flatulency, oppression after eating, nausea and vomiting of mucus. *Kali B. Clin.*

Flatulent. (Abdominal-Flatulence.) Flatulent distention of abdomen after stool. *Lyc.* 7.

Flatulent. Cutting pain in abdomen, with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot, flatulent here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus the more difficult to pass. *Ver. Alb.* 7.

Flatulent distention of abdomen after eating; after drinking, in morning, with gurgling; also in bed, with spasmodic and griping, flatulent colic and heat in palms and soles. *Nux Vom.* 7.



## FLATULENT.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## FLUID.

- Flatulent. Excessive flatulent distention of abdomen, with dysmenorrhœa. Cocc. Clin.
- Flatulent. Tendency to flatulent distention of abdomen and stomach. Calc. C. Clin.
- Flatulent. Distention of abdomen after eating, after a moderate supper, with griping, and here and there sharp pain, as from flatulent food and much drink. China 7.
- Flatulent pain in evening after a meal, here and there after midnight; not relieved by emission of flatus. Pul. 7.
- Flatulent colic in evening after lying down. Nux Vom. 7.
- Flatulent. During pregnancy extreme flatulent distention of abdomen. Nux Mos. Clin.
- Flatulent colic, only slightly ameliorated by evacuating gas; attacks come at night, associated with feeling of emptiness; nausea, vertigo. Cocc. Clin.
- Flatulent. Distention of abdomen after dinner, with emission of flatus; fermentation; flatulent pain. Natr. M. 7.
- Flatulent. Pain in abdomen before breakfast; flatulent; amelioration from difficult emission of flatus. Natr. S. 7.
- Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about painfully; worse in upper abdomen. Pul. 7.
- Flatulent colic; lead colic. Zinc. Clin.
- Flatulent. Distention of abdomen in evening; gurgling rumbling, with rolling in morning in bed; with grumbling and flatulent pain. Zinc. 7.
- Flatulent colic, with constipation; especially in children. Iris Clin.
- Flatulent colic in pregnancy. Cocc. Clin.
- Flatulent. (*Miscellaneous*.) **Fermentation in epigastric region;** flatulent pressure towards hypogastrium. Plat. 7.
- Flatulent. Canine hunger, but the attempt to eat is followed by flatulent distention and inability to take more food; or sometimes the flatulent distention immediately takes away the appetite; or sometimes a feeling of constant satiety; he feels too full before he has eaten anything and cannot eat. Lyc. Clin.
- Flatulent. Aversion to meat; to fat meat, to milk, which makes her flatulent. Carbo V. 2.
- Flatulent dyspepsia, with sour eructations; stomach swollen like a drum; the distress comes on half an hour or an hour after eating; every sort of food disagrees. Carbo V. Clin.
- Flatulent dyspepsia, with belching of large quantities of offensive gas, partially relieving the pain in stomach and abdomen. Diosc. Clin.
- Flatulent. Dyspepsia of a flatulent character, resulting from tea. Diosc. Clin.
- Flatulent. Longing for acids, with flatulent dyspepsia; soreness over the abdomen and liver; blisters in the mouth, and especially with a feeling of something twisting about the stomach and rising into the throat. Sep. Clin.
- Flatulent. Enlargement of the liver, with flatulent dyspepsia. Zinc. Clin.
- Flatulent after every meal. Borax 7.
- Flatus. Cutting pain in abdomen, with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulence here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus the more difficult to pass. Ver. Alb. 7.
- Flatus. Distention of abdomen by flatulence, waking about midnight, causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief, new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. Cocc. 7.
- Flatus. Emission of much inodorous flatus. Agar. 7.
- Flatus. Distention of abdomen, with motion of flatus. Aloe 7.
- Flatus. Offensive flatus. Bry. 7.
- Flatus. Rumbling in abdomen, with emission of much flatus; offensive. Diosc. 7.
- Flatus. Tension in abdomen and incarceration of flatus. Lyc. 7.
- Flatus. Emission of flatus. Phos. 7.
- Flatus. Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening or colic aggravated in evening in bed, with griping and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another. Pul. 7.
- Flatus. Emission of flatus worse in the evening and night; offensive; smelling of sulphuretted hydrogen. Sul. 7.
- Flatus. Distention of abdomen as from incarceration of flatus; intolerance of anything tight about hypochondria. Graph. 1.
- Flatus. Distention of abdomen after dinner with rumbling, by flatus. Carbo V. 7.
- Flatus. Offensive flatus and at last moist flatus, with dragging towards sacrum and thence towards abdomen. Carbo V. 7.
- Flatus. Distention of abdomen in morning in bed; amelioration from emission of flatus. Sul. 7.
- Flatus. Rumbling in abdomen all day; in afternoon; relieved by emission of fetid flatus, with griping and feeling as if a loose stool would pass at night; with gurgling. Sul. 7.
- Flatus. Emission of flatus, after every meal; on attempting to go to stool; burning and offensive. Aloe 7.
- Flatus. Much flatus in evening. Amm. C. 7.
- Flatus. Fetid flatus. Calc. P. 7.
- Flatus. Distention of abdomen with griping and emission of flatus. Asaf. 7.
- Flatus. Colic; aggravated by riding in the cars or carriage; relieved by emission of flatus. Carbo V. Clin.
- Flatus. Tension in abdomen in afternoon from accumulated flatus, but it passed copiously and easily. Carbo V. 7.
- Flatus. Accumulation of flatus in left upper abdomen, more towards back, with pinching here and there, under short ribs, in hypogastrium. Carbo V. 7.
- Flatus. Rumbling in abdomen between 6 and 10 p. m., with movement of flatus and aching, then emission of flatus; offensive. China 7.
- Flatus. Frequent passage of flatus. Bism. 7.
- Flatus. Griping in abdomen, with pain on passage of flatus. China 7.
- Flatus. Colic before stool, before passage of flatus, with thirst. China 7.
- Flatus. Discharge of flatus; offensive after dinner; relieved after stool, with movements in hypogastrium. Coloc. 7.
- Flatus. Unsatisfactory, abrupt, offensive flatus not without exertion of abdominal muscles. Ign. 7.
- Flatus. Pain in abdomen, relieved by discharge of flatus in evening and night; better by bending forward. Iris 7.
- Flatus. Emission of flatus, offensive. Kali B. 7.
- Flatus. Distention of abdomen at night, relieved by emission of flatus. Mag. C. 7.
- Flatus. Incessant emissions of flatus. Mag. M. 7.
- Flatus. Incarcerations of flatus. Mag. M. 7.
- Flatus. Cramping pain in pit of stomach, then eructations of wind, then hic-cough and emission of flatus. Diosc. 1.
- Flatus. Incarcerated flatus. Coloc. 7.
- Flatus. Incarcerated flatus. Kali C. 7.
- Flatus. Rumbling in abdomen, with uneasiness and emission of flatus. Nit. Ac. 7.
- Flatus. Pain in abdomen before breakfast, flatulent; amelioration from difficult emission of flatus. Natr. S. 7.
- Flatus. Collection of flatus without evacuation of it, with pain; flatus rolls about and becomes incarcerated here and there. Natr. S. 7.
- Flatus. Distention of abdomen after dinner, with emission of flatus; fermentation; flatulent pain. Natr. M. 7.
- Flatus. Grumbling in upper part of abdomen in evening, then fetid flatus. Natr. S. 7.
- Flatus. Incarcerated flatus. Natr. C. 7.
- Flatus. Cutting in abdomen in morning, with emission of flatus. Pul. 7.
- Flatus. Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about painfully; worse in upper abdomen. Pul. 7.
- Flatus. Pain in abdomen after eating; relieved by emission of flatus; with nausea. Psor. 7.
- Flatus. Flatulent pain in evening after a meal, here and there after midnight; not relieved by emission of flatus. Pul. 7.
- Flatus. Incarceration of flatus. Staph. 7.
- Flatus. Griping in abdomen always before emission of flatus. Graph. 7.
- Flatus. Dyspepsia after eating; thirst; pain in stomach; relieved for a short time by raising wind; when fasting, the pain goes to the spine; feeling as if one ought to raise flatus, and could not. Calc. P. 7.
- Fluid. Eructations tasting of food; then nausea of gas; bilious in evening; bitter at night; of a bitter fluid; tasting of rancid tallow after eating buckwheat cakes; as of bad meat after dinner; the taste remains with nausea. Pul. 7.



## FLUID.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## FOOD.

Fluid. Eructation of a fluid, tasting of the ingesta. Ant. C. 7.

Fluid. Vomiting of sour fluid. Robina 6.

Fluid. Eructations of bitter fluid; of food. Ign. 7.

Fluid. Eructations of sour fluid. Robina 7.

Fluid. Vomiting of a yellow, bitter, serous fluid. Coloc. 6.

Fluid. Nausea, with debility and scanty vomiting of coffee-grounds fluid. Secale 6.

Fluid. Vomiting of sour fluid. Iris 6.

Fluid. Vomiting of a pinkish, glairy fluid. Kali B. 6.

Flushes. Ulcer in the stomach; burning pain; amelioration from vomiting; tenderness; flushes of heat rising into the head. Sang. Clin.

Fluttering. Atonic dyspepsia, with continual throbbing, occipital headache and trembling; fluttering feeling below the epigastrium, towards the umbilicus; tongue very red and small; feels swollen. Crotal. H. Clin.

Fluttering in epigastrium. Nux Vom. 1.

Food. (*Appetite.*) Appetite lost as soon as he sees food, and he feels full in abdomen and aversion to it when he begins to eat. Sul. 2.

Food. Anorexia; dislike for all food. Ferr. 2.

Food. Aversion to food; even the smell of food causes it, but hunger. Cocc. 2.

Food. Aversion to animal food when thinking of it; to salt food. Graph. 2.

Food. Appetite lost; diminished; aversion to food. Plumb. 2.

Food. Aversion to food; to the usual food; drinking, tobacco and coffee; to the food just eaten; worse if she does not lie down; to the odor of food. Nux Vom. 2.

Food. Appetite for fruit; longing for only cold food, herring, sardines, or acids. Ver. Alb. 2.

Food. Loathing of food; of butter. Ars. Alb. 2.

Food. Loss of appetite, but when he began to eat he relished food. Calc. C. 2.

Food. Appetite lost, repugnance to food, to meat and broth. Arn. M. 2.

Food. Smoking tobacco is not relished; aversion to food, to sour things, to meat. Sul. 2.

Food. Chronic dyspepsia; repugnance to hot or warm food; thirst; bloated abdomen. Calc. C. Clin.

Food. Appetite lost, still he relishes the food that he eats. Ars. Alb. 2.

Food. Appetite lost, loathing of food. Acon. 2.

Food. Loathing of food; nausea; and even vomiting, with white coated tongue. Ant. C. Clin.

Food. Extreme aversion to food, with persistent, slightly qualmish, bitter taste; metallic taste, putrid taste. Cocc. Clin.

Food. Appetite diminished; disgust for food. Canth. 2.

Food. Gastric symptoms are generally indicated by persistent nausea and aversion to all food. Ipe. Clin.

Food. Longing for spiced food; for indefinite things. Sang. 2.

Food. Ravenous hunger, but the appetite sometimes vanishes, and there is absolute disgust for food; the attempt to eat brings on diarrhoea; sinking in stomach. Ferr. Clin.

Food. Appetite for fruit and acid things in general; aversion to green food. Mag. C. 2.

Food. Canine hunger, but the attempt to eat is followed by flatulent distention and inability to take more food; or sometimes the flatulent distention immediately takes away the appetite; or sometimes a feeling of constant satiety; he feels too full before he has eaten anything, and cannot eat. Lyc. Clin.

Food. Appetite great, but aversion to food. Nux Vom. 2.

Food. Nausea at night during menses, with retching and waterbrash; during suppression of menses; with good appetite; when he wishes to eat; when eating; so that food was repulsive. Pul. 6.

Food. Appetite lost; indifferent to food; desire for something sour. Pod. 2.

Food. General craving for acids and aversion to meat and fat or rich food. Pul. Clin.

Food. (*Eructations.*) Eructations of food; tasting of the food. Phos. 7.

Food. Pain in stomach after a light meal, with fullness, eructations of food and colic; aggravated by sitting bent over and in region of duodenum, with difficult breathing. Lyc. 1.

Food. Nausea, relieved by drinking; at night with eructations of food. Phos. 6.

Food. Uneasiness, starting from pit of stomach, then eructations of food and acids. Kali C. 1.

Food. Eructations, constant, as soon as she eats; of food after eating; without nausea. Ferr. 7.

Food. Eructations of bitter fluid; of food. Ign. 7.

Food. Eructations, as when undigested food remains in stomach. Caust. 7.

Food. (*Regurgitation.*) Regurgitation of food, an hour or so after it has been taken. Aethu. 1.

Food. Regurgitation of food; hiccup; empty retching; weak, empty feeling; has to eat at night even; especially attended with sighing; gastric symptoms generally ameliorated after eating. Ign. Clin.

Food. Regurgitation of food and drink through nose. Merc. C. 7.

Food. Dyspepsia, characterized by regurgitation of food, more or less nausea and vomiting, loss of appetite and thirst, bitter taste, vertigo on rising up, chilliness, and, above all, constant aggravations from eating fat substances. Pul. Clin.

Food. Gastric catarrh, with thickly white-coated tongue; dry mouth; nausea, especially when the distress or regurgitation of food takes place a long time after a meal. Pul. Clin.

Food. (*Stomach.*) Stomach distressed by the simplest food. Carbo V. 1.

Food. Emptiness in stomach, with nausea as soon as she thinks of food she would like. Sep. 1.

Food. Dyspepsia; distress appearing while the patient is eating; feeling as if the food formed hard lumps, with soreness of the stomach. Nux Mos. Clin.

Food. Stomach weak and easily disordered; scraping heartburn after fat food. Natr. C. 1.

Food. Pain in epigastric region after eating; aggravated by hard food; with sensitiveness of stomach. Sulf. Ac. 1.

Food. Severe gastralgia, brought on by the slightest food or drink; the pain is burning hot, and extends up sides and over abdomen. Ars. A. Clin.

Food. Chronic dyspepsia; solid food causes excruciating pain and sometimes vomiting. Lyc. Clin.

Food. (*Taste.*) Bitter bilious taste when fasting, though food has a good taste; better in morning on waking. Sul. 3.

Food. Eructations tasting of food; then nausea; of gas; bilious in evening; bitter at night; of a bitter fluid; tasting of rancid tallow after eating buckwheat cakes; as of bad meat after dinner; the taste remains, with nausea. Pul. 7.

Food. Bitter taste after eating and drinking, though food has a natural taste. Pul. 3.

Food. Saliva has a salt taste which is communicated to all he takes; salt taste to food. Cycl. 3.

Food. Appetite increased for various things, but does not know exactly what; hunger, but want of appetite; food tastes natural, yet is disagreeable in mouth; indifference to eating and drinking only while eating; appetite and natural taste to food returned. China 2.

Food. Many eructations tasting of food, ineffectual. Graph. 7.

Food. Taste bitter in morning and slimy to food during the day; salty. Merc. C. 3.

Food. Bad taste in morning, though food and drink have a natural taste; better after eating; low down in throat on hawking. Nux Vom. 3.

Food. Sour taste, worse in morning after swallowing food that had a natural taste. Nux Vom. 3.

Food. Bitter taste to food; then chilliness and cold sweat; to bread, rolls, and meat; to bread, with aversion to bread; to beer in morning; afterwards a sour taste. Pul. 3.

Food. Taste bitter in morning to food, to beer. Natr. M. 3.

Food. Taste bitter if she eats anything or swallows saliva; everything tastes bitter; insipid; lost to food. Borax 3.

Food. Increased taste of food. Camph. 3.

Food. All food is extremely palatable. Can. Ind. 2.

Food. Taste flat to food and almost wanting. Cycl. 3.

Food. Taste dry to all solid food, as if it contained neither juice nor strength. Ferr. 3.



## FOOD.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## FOUL.

Food. Taste lost for food; better when not eating. Bry. 3.

Food. Eructations tasting of food. Calc. C. 7.

Food. Sourish and metallic taste to food. Amm. C. 5.

Food. Catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thickly coated white tongue; nausea; vomiting; after-taste of the food. Ant. C. Clin.

Food. Bitter taste in back of throat, with natural taste to food. Hep. 3.

Food. Taste bitter in morning; sour after eating; to all food. Lyc. 3.

Food. Tongue sensitive even to soft food, which causes biting. Nit. Ac. 3.

Food. Atonic dyspepsia; digestion very slow; the food is tasted or regurgitated a long time after eating. Pul. Clin.

Food. Nausea, with good appetite and natural taste to food. Sil. 5.

Food. Indigestion; food becomes acid. Pod. Clin.

Food. (*Vomiting*.) Vomiting and diarrhœa ten times with pale, sunken face covered with cold sweat; forcible; violent; of slimy acid liquid, with food. Ver. Alb. 6.

Food. Sensation in stomach as if one had eaten too much; food rises into mouth as if one would vomit. Pul. 1.

Food. Vomiting of food that had been eaten long before; of food in evening; then bitter taste and teeth on edge. Pul. 6.

Food. Vomiting of food; of blood, mixed with dark acid matter, with bile and mucus; black and acid liquid, like coffee grounds; offensive. Phos. 6.

Food. Vomiting constant of food; of everything taken into the stomach; fecal; with colic and constipation; blackish; of brownish liquid, streaked with blood. Plumb. 6.

Food. Vomiting of food after midnight; then aversion to food and dread of open air. Ferr. 6.

Food. Vomiting incessant of solid food, but not of drinks. Bry. 6.

Food. Gastric derangements, with great sensitiveness of epigastrium to touch and vomiting of food. Bry. Clin.

Food. Gastralgia of nursing women, with excessive flatulence, sour and rancid belching; vomiting of food. Carbo V. Clin.

Food. Vomiting of food, thin mucus and green bile. Ars. A. 6.

Food. Chronic irritability of the stomach; the food is not retained nor digested. Kreas. Clin.

Food. Gastritis with violent vomiting, even of food. Bel. Clin.

Food. Vomiting, cannot keep any food in the stomach. Bel. Clin.

Food. Vomiting of mucus only; of food, then general chill, then heat, with great thirst. Cina 6.

Food. Attacks of nausea and vomiting, either of water or food. Kreas. Clin.

Food. Vomiting of food several hours after a meal. Kreas. Clin.

Food. Vomiting of food immediately after eating. Ferr. 6.

Food. Dyspepsia, with severe burning distress in the stomach, vomiting of food, headache, etc. Iris Clin.

Food. Vomiting of all food. Graph. 6.

Food. Violent attacks of gastralgia, with retching and vomiting of food and bile from repression of gout. Colch. Clin.

Food. Violent vomiting of food; stomach unable to retain anything. Crotal. H. 6.

Food. Vomiting of food and bile; even to vomiting after a meal, with salivation, during menstruation. Lyc. 6.

Food. Persistent efforts to vomit food. Nux Vom. Clin.

Food. Vomiting of sweetish water in morning, fasting; of food. Kreas. 6.

Food. Thirst is a general accompaniment of Natrum Mur. symptoms; there are generally sour eructations, heartburn, especially waterbrash; sometimes vomiting of food. Natr. M. Clin.

Food. Periodic attacks of vomiting food. Plumb. Clin.

Food. Vomiting violent of all food, drink and medicine; of blood; of coffee- or chocolate-colored matter. Secale 6.

Food. Vomiting of food in evening; of food eaten at noon. Sul. 6.

Food. Vomiting of pregnancy; especially vomiting of food in the evening or at night. Pul. Clin.

Food. Dyspepsia, with vomiting of food and drink and craving for stimulants; vomiting of drunkards. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Food. Most violent retching and vomiting of food or of whatever is taken into the stomach; the ejections are always very profuse, and the vomiting is attended with cold sweat, great prostration, burning in the stomach, and great sensitiveness to touch. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Food. (*Miscellaneous*.) Gums swollen, separated from teeth; and sore, bleeding pain on eating; bread and food were bloody when chewed. Merc. S. 5.

Food. Dyspepsia from carbonaceous food, especially from milk. Sul. Clin.

Food. General aggravation from fat food. Cycl. Clin.

Food. Distress in the œsophagus, as if food were lying there. Pul. Clin.

Food. Gastric disturbances: relieved temporarily by eating; prefers hot drinks and hot food. Chel. Clin.

Food. Dyspepsia, with soreness, distention, burning pain, desire for cold food, aversion to hot food. Merc. C. Clin.

Food. Open blister on inside of right cheek felt during dinner, with burning pain in it from warm food. Natr. M. 5.

Food. Burning pain on tip of tongue, with blisters; with sensitiveness, so that she could hardly eat; relieved by taking anything cold; burning as from highly seasoned food. Natr. S. 3.

Food. Unnatural hunger; the child wants a great variety of things, refuses ordinary food. Cina Clin.

Food. Dyspepsia; constant satiety, with coldness in stomach, craving for pungent spices and sour things and stimulants, digestion extremely slow; after eating he feels full, drowsy; taste of the food rises, with dyspnoea. China Clin.

Food. Dyspepsia following the abuse of mercury or quinine; indicated by the longing for highly seasoned food or for acids. Hep. Clin.

Food. Distention of abdomen after eating, after a moderate supper, with griping and here and there sharp pain as from flatulent food and much drink. China 7.

Food. Nausea at sight of food. Æthu. 6.

Food. Blisters and soreness in mouth, ulcers, and on gum and tongue, in which food and drink caused biting. Natr. M. 5.

Food. Hollow teeth sensitive to touch, and if food remains in centres pain extending into root and the gum becomes sore. Staph. 5.

For the gastritis of drunkards it is unrivalled. Arg. N. Clin.

Forcing. Colic as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. Nux Vom. 7.

Forehead. Hiccough after eating, and on every shock caused by it; pressure in forehead, as if the brain shook from behind forward. Bry. 7.

Forehead. Thirst in evening after fever, with hunger, then, after eating, coldness and rumbling in abdomen; after shivering through skin, after chill during sweat on back and forehead. China 2.

Foreign. Sensation in stomach, as if a foreign body were sticking in cardiac orifice and behind sternum; constrictive. Natr. M. 1.

Forenoon. Vomiting violent of sour mucus in forenoon, of sour smelling and sour tasting mucus; towards evening, with headache like a tearing around lower part of skull; hæmatemesis. Nux Vom. 6.

Forenoon. Pain in pit of stomach all forenoon, relieved by eructations; with necessity to vomit. Graph. 1.

Forenoon. Nausea in forenoon with weakness, anxiety and tremulous sensation through whole body. Plat. 6.

Forenoon. Taste offensive, sweetish in forenoon, causing nausea. Sul. 3.

Forenoon. Tension in region of stomach in forenoon, relieved by moving about. Pul. 1.

Forenoons. When sucking the gum pure blood flows into the mouth, at the same time several forenoons. Carbo V. 5.

Foul. Slimy taste in morning, with nausea; foul; clammy; insipid; as of bad meat, with nausea; disgusting in morning, with white tongue. Pul. 3.

Foul odor from mouth. Nit. Ac. 5.



**FOUL.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****CASTRALCIA.**

**Foul.** Tongue swollen and showing imprint of teeth in scallops, which looked ulcerated, and its movement difficult and painful; covered with foul ulcers; oozing of blood; the ulcers made swallowing difficult; with painful ulcerated margin. *Merc. S. 3.*

**Foul.** Different kinds of foul taste; unpleasant in morning; mouth dry and slimy; sour in morning on waking; bitter; bitterish-sour. *Sep. 3.*

**Four P. M.** Unusual hunger at 4 p. m. *Cale. P. 2.*

**Frequent.** Taste bitter, relieved by frequent drinking of cold water, with nausea. *Bry. 3.*

**Frequent vomiting after drinking.** *Cupr. 6.*

**Frequent empty eructations.** *Iris 7.*

**Frequent passage of flatus.** *Bism. 7.*

**Fretful.** Sensation as if a stone lay in stomach after eating, making him fretful, with pain in epigastric region on touch. *Bry. 1.*

**Frothing.** Nausea, with bilious taste; with salivation and closure of jaws; with great thirst and with frothing from mouth; with weakness. *Ver. Alb. 6.*

**Frothing at the mouth.** *Tabac. 5.*

**Frothy.** Saliva white, thick, frothy and sticky. *Can. Ind. 5.*

**Frothy.** Vomiting of hot, frothy mucus; of contents of stomach, then of bile; of thick, dark green bile mixed with dark, coagulated blood about every hour. *Pod. 6.*

**Frothy.** Eructations frothy and sour; of frothy, sour mucus, tinged bright red. *Canth. 7.*

**Frothy.** Soapy, frothy salivation. *Bry. 5.*

**Fruit.** Fermentation in abdomen from fruit. *China 7.*

**Fruit.** Appetite for fruit; longing for only cold food, herring, sardines or acids. *Ver. Alb. 2.*

**Fruit.** Appetite for fruit and acid things in general; aversion to green food. *Mag. C. 2.*

**Full.** Appetite lost as soon as he sees food, and he feels full in abdomen and aversion to it when he begins to eat. *Sul. 2.*

**Full.** Feeling as if stomach were full of water. *Kali C. 1.*

**Full.** Appetite after eating, though stomach and abdomen are full and tense; great appetite, then distention of abdomen. *Lyc. 2.*

**Full feeling in stomach after eating a little; heaviness.** *Sul. 1.*

**Full.** Canine hunger, but the attempt to eat is followed by flatulent distention and inability to take more food; or sometimes the flatulent distention immediately takes away the appetite; or sometimes a feeling of constant satiety; he feels too full before he has eaten anything and cannot eat. *Lyc. Clin.*

**Full.** Anorexia, without bad taste or thirst; always feels full. *Ferr. 2.*

**Full.** Fullness in stomach after eating; as full for a long time after a meal as when he had just eaten; the food seems to stick high up. *China 1.*

**Full.** Dyspepsia; constant satiety, with coldness in stomach, craving for pungent spices and sour things and stimulants; digestion extremely slow; after eating he feels full; drowsy; taste of the food rises, with dyspnoea. *China Clin.*

**Full feeling in epigastric region.** *Coloc. 1.*

**Full.** Thirst at noon, with full feeling in stomach. *Sul. 3.*

**Fullness in stomach in evening; swollen feeling and sensitiveness.** *Natr. C. 1.*

**Fullness.** Atonic dyspepsia, with slow and imperfect digestion; fullness in the stomach; belching pain extending all around the chest and up to the shoulders. *Nux Vom. Clin.*

**Fullness.** Distention of hypochondria; worse in sides, pit of stomach and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. *Ign. 1.*

**Fullness in stomach after eating: as full for a long time after a meal as when he had just eaten; the food seems to stick high up.** *China 1.*

**Fullness.** Tension, oppression and fullness of stomach. *Carbo V. 1.*

**Fullness.** Sensation as if beaten in epigastric region and abdomen, with fullness in former and eructations. *Asaf. 1.*

**Fullness.** Pain in stomach after a light meal, with fullness, eructations of food, and colic; aggravated by sitting bent over and in region of duodenum, with difficult breathing. *Lyc. 1.*

**Fullness.** Pain in stomach, as from fullness, as after too much eating, with distended but not hard abdomen. *Ant. C. 1.*

**Fullness in stomach as if overloaded.** *Rhus Tox. 1.*

**Fullness.** Pinching pain; boring; gnawing; fullness; drawing; burning; crawling in stomach. *Agar. 1.*

**Fullness in pit of stomach.** *Arg. N. 1.*

**Fur.** Tongue is almost always swollen, flabby, taking the imprint of the teeth; sometimes watery as if oedematous; sometimes covered with whitish fur. *Merc. S. Clin.*

**Furred.** Tongue furred, burning on tip as if covered with blisters. *Natr. S. 3.*

**Furred.** Disorders of digestion, with pain between the shoulders and heavily furred tongue. *Pul. Clin.*

**Gall bladder.** Heavy aching distress in stomach; burning in stomach and region of gall bladder. *Robina 1.*

**Gall-stone.** Persistent nausea and vomiting of pregnancy, with deathly nausea, pale face, coldness of the stomach, gall-stone colic. *Tabac. Clin.*

**Gangrene of the mouth.** *Lach. Clin.*

**Gangrenous sore mouth of children.** *Ars. A. Clin.*

**Gas.** Distention of abdomen from gas and hardness. *Merc. S. 7.*

**Gas.** Eructations tasting of food: then nausea; of gas: bilious in evening; bitter at night; of a bitter fluid; tasting of rancid tallow after eating buckwheat cakes; as of bad meat after dinner; the taste remains, with nausea. *Pul. 7.*

**Gas.** Indigestion, with bloating sour eructations, heartburn, and a weak feeling, or a feeling of a lump in the pit of the stomach, or a feeling of pulsation after eating; there are generally pressure, belching of gas, bloating and soreness. *Kali C. Clin.*

**Gas.** Colic of the most violent character, aggravated by hard pressure, sometimes with nausea and vomiting, sometimes with diarrhoea, sometimes with discharge of great quantities of gas; pains often extend into chest and pelvis. *Coloc. Clin.*

**Gas.** Acid dyspepsia, heartburn even after milk; constant satiety; no relief from belching gas. *China Clin.*

**Gas.** Flatulent dyspepsia, with belching of large quantities of offensive gas, partially relieving the pain in stomach and abdomen. *Diosc. Clin.*

**Gas.** Frequent colic, only slightly ameliorated by evacuating gas; attacks come at night, associated with feeling of emptiness; nausea, vertigo. *Coc. Clin.*

**Gas.** Sensitiveness in the stomach, with burning, extending to the small of the back, with excessive distention by gas. *Carbo V. Clin.*

**Gases.** Offensive gases passed upward and downward. *Arn. M. Clin.*

**Gastralgia.** Excruciating gastralgia, pains as from knives, or burning, or constricting, or associated with great external weight. *Phos. Clin.*

**Gastralgia, hysterical.** *Plat. Clin.*

**Gastralgia.** Severe gastralgia or cardialgia aggravated by the least nourishment; the stomach seems very irritable, and contracts painfully on its contents. *Nux Vom. Clin.*

**Gastralgia.** Aggravation from light and amelioration from hard pressure; transiently relieved by vomiting. *Nux Vom. Clin.*

**Gastralgia;** pains extend to the chest; aggravation from motion; amelioration from quiet rest. *Rumex Clin.*

**Gastralgia;** sharp cutting or sticking; aggravation from motion or eating. *Kali C. Clin.*

**Gastralgia;** aching extending through to the back; obliged to take a long breath. *Rumex Clin.*

**Gastralgia with profuse sweat of the face, nausea and vomiting.** *Pul. Clin.*

**Gastralgia starting from the cardiac end of the stomach; pains extending into left arm.** *Tabac. Clin.*

**Gastralgia with feeling of coldness and faintness in the abdomen.** *Petr. Clin.*

**Gastralgia;** pains sudden, violent, compelling hard pressure on the abdomen; amelioration from eructations. *Plumb. Clin.*

**Gastralgia.** Obstinate cases of gastralgia that have lasted for months have been cured by Magnesia Mur. *Mag. M. Clin.*

**Gastralgia,** relieved by eating, but the colic lower down in the abdomen comes on immediately after eating; worse below umbilicus. *Graph. Clin.*



**CASTRALGIA.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****CRAYISH-WHITE.**

Gastralgia, aggravated by pressure. Ign. Clin.

Gastralgia coming on some hours after eating; relieved by warm milk; aggravated by cold drinks. Graph. Clin.

Gastralgia. Violent attacks of gastralgia, with retching and vomiting of food and bile from repression of gout. Colch. Clin.

Gastralgia from suppression of menses. Cocc. Clin.

Gastralgia. Gastric catarrh, with terrible gastralgia, the pain extending from the stomach through the body to the spine. Bism. Clin.

Gastralgia. Severe gastralgia, brought on by the slightest food or drink; the pain is burning hot, and extends up sides and over abdomen. Ars. A. Clin.

Gastralgia. Violent gastralgia, with distention of abdomen; belching of wind and regurgitation of liquid. Asaf. Clin.

Gastralgia, colic, and distention of abdomen. Caust. Clin.

Gastralgia of nursing women, with excessive flatulence, sour and rancid belching; vomiting of food. Carbo V. Clin.

Gastric catarrh from excessive acidity; heartburn. Sep. Clin.

Gastric catarrh, with terrible gastralgia, the pain extending from the stomach through the body to the spine. Bism. Clin.

Gastric catarrh, with nausea, thickly coated tongue, etc. Chel. Clin.

Gastric. Chronic gastric catarrh. Graph. Clin.

Gastric catarrh from injudicious eating or drinking, with white coated tongue or sometimes with perfectly clean tongue. Ipe. Clin.

Gastric catarrh, with vomiting of glairy mucus; tongue thickly coated. Kali B. Clin.

Gastric catarrh, with thickly white coated tongue, dry mouth, nausea; especially when the distress or regurgitation of food takes place a long time after a meal. Pul. Clin.

Gastric derangements which recur often in persons who have been in the habit of taking Mercury; the attacks frequently preceded by great hunger and apparently caused by over-eating. Bry. Clin.

Gastric derangements with great sensitiveness of epigastrium to touch and vomiting of food. Bry. Clin.

Gastric. Tongue heavily coated white in gastric derangements. Bry. Clin.

Gastric symptoms, relieved by cold drinks. Bism. Clin.

Gastric disorders of Bismuth are usually burning; with a feeling of a load or hard lump in stomach. Bism. Clin.

Gastric disturbances; relieved temporarily by eating; prefers hot drinks and hot food. Chel. Clin.

Gastric disorder, shooting from pit of the stomach into chest and throat, with flatulence. Rumex Clin.

Gastric disorders from drinking ice water. Kali C. Clin.

Gastric troubles always aggravated during hot weather. Phos. Clin.

Gastric derangements with nausea, not relieved by vomiting. Sang. Clin.

Gastric derangements aggravated by alcoholic stimulants; especially flatulence, with much rumbling in abdomen. Zinc. Clin.

Gastric. \* Numerous gastric complications of uterine complaints. Pod. Clin.

Gastric ulcers. Phos. Clin.

Gastric symptoms are generally characterized by absence of thirst and longing for sweets; general relief after eating. Sabad. Clin.

Gastric symptoms are generally indicated by persistent nausea and aversion to all food. Ipe. Clin.

Gastric. Regurgitation of food, hiccough, empty retching, weak, empty feeling; has to eat at night even; especially attended with sighing; gastric symptoms generally ameliorated after eating. Ign. Clin.

Gastric ulcer, with burning and great uneasiness in stomach; temporarily relieved by eating, hence, constant desire to eat. Mezer. Clin.

Gastritis. Chronic gastritis. Phos. Clin.

Gastritis of drunkards. Lach. Clin.

Gastritis. Chronic gastritis, with burning pain. Merc. S. Clin.

Gastritis. Chronic gastritis, with burning pain and waterbrash. Lye. Clin.

Gastritis in chronic alcoholism, with constant nausea and vomiting. Crotal. H. Clin.

Gastritis with violent vomiting, even of food. Bel. Clin.

Gastritis. For the gastritis of drunkards it is unrivalled. Arg. N. Clin.

Gastritis. Great craving for sweets; well-marked gastritis, with enormous distention, or free eructations of gas. Arg. N. Clin.

Gastro-duodenal catarrh with headache, vertigo, bitter taste, nausea and vomiting; soreness of the stomach and abdomen. Nux Vom. Clin.

Gastro-intestinal. Obstinate cases of gastro-intestinal catarrh have been cured by Æthusa. Æthu. Clin.

Gastro-enteritis. Diffuse, sub-acute gastro-enteritis of a low type. Arn. M. Clin.

Gastro-enteritis. Violent gastro-enteritis, even ulceration and various diseases of the stomach, cancerous, etc. Ars. A. Clin.

General dryness and heat of the mouth, with catarrh of the pharynx; mapped tongue. Natr. M. Clin.

General aggravation from fat food. Cycl. Clin.

General cravings for acids and aversion to meat and fat or rich food. Pul. Clin.

General desire for stimulants. Nux Vom. Clin.

Generally indicated in persons of a fair complexion; very sluggish and inclined to be fat. Calc. C. Clin.

Glairy. Dribbling of glairy saliva from mouth. Stram. 5.

Glairy. Gastric catarrh, with vomiting of glairy mucus; tongue thickly coated. Kali B. Clin.

Glairy. Vomiting of a pinkish, glairy fluid. Kali B. 6.

Gland. Teeth seemed too long, with toothache, which seemed to originate from the swelling of submaxillary gland. Camph. 5.

Glands. Aching in teeth at night then general chilliness, with swelling of gums and salivary glands. Merc. S. 5.

Glands. Gums purple, red and detached from teeth; red and tender, with swelling of glands beneath jaw; spongy and ulcerated. Merc. C. 5.

Glands. Inflammation of the salivary glands; very free secretion; with swelling of the glands; with soreness leading to suppuration. Merc. S. Clin.

Glands. Aching of teeth from slightest draught of air; in open air, with pain in submaxillary glands. Sul. 5.

Glands. Sublingual glandswollen. Canth. 5.

Globus-hystericus rising from the pit of the stomach. Zinc. Clin.

Glossitis. Acute glossitis, with dry, hot mouth. Aeon. Clin.

Glowing. Sensation of glowing coals in mouth and fauces, with constant pressure to swallow and hawk, which increased the pain; discharge of much saliva and mucus. Caust. 5.

Gnash. Inclination to gnash teeth as in a chill; aggravation from entrance of cold air. Calc. C. 5.

Gnawing. Sticking gnawing in gums, worse towards evening and by warmth of bed; amelioration from uncovering; a draught of cold open air. Pul. 5.

Gnawing. Scraping in stomach like heartburn and in œsophagus gnawing like ravenous hunger. Pul. 1.

Gnawing in stomach, relieved after supper; with weakness. Sep. 1.

Gnawing. Painless gnawing in stomach, then gnawing in sides extending across under ribs, deep in abdomen. Lach. 1.

Gnawing in stomach as if from acids, rising into throat. Hep. 1.

Gnawing. Pinching pain; boring; gnawing; fullness; drawing; burning; crawling in stomach. Agar. 1.

Gnaws. Sour eructations, the taste of which does not remain in the mouth, but the acid gnaws in the stomach; waterbrash. Lye. 7.

Gout. Violent attacks of gastralgia, with retching and vomiting of food and bile from repression of gout. Colch. Clin.

Gray patches on edges of tongue and a dirty yellow coat on upper surface. Merc. S. 3.

Grayish-green. Dirty grayish-green coat at root of tongue. Natr. S. Clin.

Grayish-white. Tongue dark and with most of mouth and fauces covered with a grayish-white membrane. Mur. Ac. 3.



## GRAYISH-WHITE.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## GUMS.

Grayish-white. Red tongue, with blackish coat, covered with grayish-white crust; moist; edges red; pale, dirty yellow posteriorly and along edges; white anteriorly. Merc. C. 3.

Great hunger soon after a meal; desires many and different things. Cina 2.

Great appetite; appetite for different things, but as soon as he sees them, or still more, smells them, he shudders from nausea and cannot eat. Colch. 2.

Great distention of the abdomen not relieved by warmth. Pul. Clin.

Great desire for acids. Stram. 2.

Great craving for sweets; well marked gastritis, with enormous distention, or free eructations of gas. Arg. N. Clin.

Greedy. Sudden ravenous hunger during the contemptuous mood, with greedy, hasty eating. Plat. 2.

Green. Vomiting of green mucus, with cold sweat. Ver. Alb. 6.

Green. Vomiting incessant; green, bilious matter, streaked with blood. Mer. C. 6.

Green. Appetite for fruit and acid things in general; aversion to green food. Mag. C. 2.

Green. Vomiting; after each drink; bilious, dark grumous liquid; greenish-gray, watery, green masses, mucous. Acon. 6.

Green. Distress at the stomach, with retching and vomiting (especially of green substances). Acon. Clin.

Green. Vomiting of food, thin mucus and green bile. Ars. A. 6.

Green. Bilious vomiting; inability to lie on right side, with dark green vomiting. Crotal. H. Clin.

Green. Pain at cardiac orifice, aggravated by swallowing bread, which seems to remain there, gradually extending over abdomen, with vomiting first of green then of blackish substance. Phos. 1.

Green. Vomiting of hot frothy mucus: of contents of stomach; then of bile, of thick dark green bile mixed with dark coagulated blood about every hour. Pod. 6.

Green. Vomiting of beer; of green, bitter mucus. Mezer. 6.

Greenish. Violent sudden vomiting of water, with copious, greenish diarrhoea and colic. Cupr. 1.

Greenish-gray. Vomiting; after each drink; bilious; dark grumous liquid; greenish-gray, watery, green masses, mucus. Acon. 6.

Grinding of teeth in sleep. Ars. A. 5.

Grinding. Difficult dentition, with grinding of teeth, rolling the head; disagreeable breath; diarrhoea. Pod. Clin.

Grinding, pinching, constrictive pain in stomach. Cocc. 1.

Gripping. Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening, or colic aggravated in evening in bed, with gripping and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another. Pul. 7.

Gripping and pressure in stomach, then vomiting. Cupr. 1.

Gripping. Flatulent distention of abdomen after eating; after drinking in morning, with gurgling; also in bed with spasmodic and gripping flatulent colic and heat in palms and soles. Nux Vom. 7.

Gripping. Rumbling in abdomen all day; in afternoon; relieved by emission of fetid flatus, with gripping and feeling as if a loose stool would pass at night; with gurgling. Sul. 7.

Gripping in abdomen, always before emission of flatus. Graph. 7.

Gripping. Distention of abdomen after eating, after a moderate supper, with gripping, and here and there sharp pain, as from flatulent food and much drink. China 7.

Gripping in abdomen, with pain on passage of flatus. China 7.

Gripping in epigastric region, with movements, then soft stool. Coloc. 1.

Gripping in pit of stomach, as from flatulence. Carbo V. 1.

Gripping in epigastric region after every meal; worse towards evening. Coloc. 1.

Gripping in stomach, with burning. Arg. N. 1.

Gripping in pit of stomach and epigastrium. Pul. 1.

Gripping. Spasmodic gripping in stomach. Arn. M. 1.

Grumbling. Distention of abdomen in evening; gurgling, rumbling, with rolling in the morning in bed; with grumbling and flatulent pain. Zinc. 7.

Grumbling in upper part of abdomen in evening, then fetid flatus. Natr. S. 7.

Grumbling. Nausea, with heartburn; with grumbling and gurgling in hypochondria; with chilliness; with obscuration of vision and pallor. Pul. 6.

Gurgling. Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening, or colic aggravated in evening in bed, with gripping and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another. Pul. 7.

Gurgling. Flatulent distention of abdomen after eating; after drinking in morning, with gurgling; also in bed, with spasmodic and gripping, flatulent colic and heat in palms and soles. Nux Vom. 7.

Gurgling. Rumbling in abdomen all day; in afternoon; relieved by emission of fetid flatus, with gripping and feeling as if a loose stool would pass at night; with gurgling. Sul. 7.

Gurgling. Abdominal flatulence, with much rumbling and gurgling and pains of various sorts. Lye. Clin.

Gurgling. Nausea with heartburn; with grumbling and gurgling in hypochondria; with chilliness, with obscuration of vision and pallor. Pul. 6.

Gurgling. Distention of abdomen in evening; gurgling, rumbling, with rolling in morning in bed; with grumbling and flatulent pain. Zinc. 7.

Gum. Swelling of gum with gumboil on it; painful; inflamed. Sil. 5.

Gum. Hollow teeth, sensitive to touch, and if food remains in centres pain extending into root and the gum becomes sore. Staph. 5.

Gum. Ulceration of right gum. Psor. 3.

Gum. Inflammation of molar, with swelling and soreness of gum. Sil. 5.

Gum. Blisters and soreness in mouth, ulcers, and on gum and tongue, in which food and drink caused biting. Natr. M. 5.

Gum. When sucking the gum, pure blood flows into the mouth, at the same time several forenoons. Carbo V. 5.

Gum. Looseness and prominence of one tooth in morning, with pain in gum on touch. Ars. A. 5.

Gum. Aching in teeth only at night and when it ceases in morning excitement and uneasiness preventing sleep, with swelling of gum as if suppurating. Lye. 5.

Gumboil. Painful gumboil on outer side of gums, with pain in a hollow tooth and with swelling of cheek and whole left side of face, as far as below eye, where there was an œdematous swelling. Borax 5.

Gumboil. Swelling of gum with gumboil on it; painful; inflamed. Sil. 5.

Gums. (Bleeding of Gums.) Gums bleeding from slightest touch; spongy and soft; ulcerated; suppurating. Merc. S. 5.

Gums. Tongue coated and showing impress of teeth on edges; coated white, with whitish swollen gums that bleed on touch. Merc. S. 3.

Gums. Tongue coated white; yellowish-white; ulceration of tongue and gums, with sore throat; dry tongue; dry at tip as if burnt; painful. Psor. 3.

Gums bleed easily, swollen and spongy; swollen and pale. Merc. C. 5.

Gums swollen, separated from teeth; and sore, bleeding, pain on eating; bread and food bloody when chewed. Merc. S. 5.

Gums become unhealthy and bleed easily; the teeth are loose and the saliva is bloody and there is a putrid odor from the mouth; with these conditions the drug is frequently indicated in a mercurial cachexia. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Gums. Bleeding of gums on cleaning teeth and on pressure. Staph. 5.

Gums. Bleeding of gums on slightest touch. Zinc. 5.

Gums. Spongy excrescence on the gums which bleed readily and are painful. Staph. Clin.

Gums bleed easily and are swollen. Caust. Clin.

Gums stand off from teeth, and bleed easily. Ant. C. 5.

Gums swollen; bleeding; painful on touch. Ars. A. 5.

Gums tender and disposed to bleed. Arg. N. 5.

Gums swollen and bleeding. Calc. C. 5.

Gums. Spongy condition of gums, which retract and bleed easily, with tendency to nose-bleed; fainting fits. Carbo V. Clin.

Gums. Rapid decay of the teeth and bleeding of the gums; premature decay of children's teeth, which become very dark and crumbly. Kreas. Clin.

Gums bleed; white. Crotal. H. 5.



## GUMS.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## HEAD.

Gums. Bleeding of gums after sucking. Carbo V. 5.

Gums unhealthy; bleeding, spongy, pale, receding from teeth, with offensive odor from the mouth. Merc. S. Clin.

Gums. Toothache, with swollen, bleeding gums; gums sometimes dark purplish. Lach. Clin.

Gums. Inflammation of the gums, with bleeding; separated from the teeth. Phos. 5.

Gums bleeding, swollen and spongy. Lach. 5.

Gums. Feeling in teeth as if spongy; fear of biting them together lest they fall out; on slightest sucking of the teeth blood exuded from gums. Nit. Ac. 5.

Gums scorbutic; bleeding. Natr. M. Clin.

Gums (*Ulcerated Gums*). Gums sore; ulcerated; bleeding. Sep. 5.

Gums purple, red and detached from teeth; red and tender, with swelling of glands beneath jaw; spongy and ulcerated. Merc. C. 5.

Gums. Ulcers and pustules on the gums and mouth. Merc. S. Clin.

Gums. Ulceration of the mouth and gums, with fetid odor. Nux Vom. Clin.

Gums. Ulcers on the gums, with sensitiveness so that he could not eat. Phos. 5.

Gums and mouth are sore; ulcerated; breath fetid; salivation; ulcerations, with red areola. Bapt. Clin.

Gums. (*Miscellaneous*.) Teeth loose and black; denuded of gums, with nightly pain in teeth, jaws and head, and painful on touch of tongue. Merc. S. 5.

Gums sensitive to cold water; sore. Sil. 5.

Gums sensitive when chewing. Carbo V. 5.

Gums. Sore pain in gums on touch and on chewing. Merc. S. 5.

Gums. Aching in teeth at night, then general chilliness, with swelling of gums and salivary glands. Merc. S. 5.

Gums. Jerking pain in teeth, aggravated at night, pulse-like from lower into ear, and from upper into head, with pain of gums from 9 p. m. on. Merc. S. 5.

Gums. Sticking, gnawing in gums, worse towards evening and by warmth of bed; amelioration from uncovering; a draught of cold open air. Pul. 5.

Gums red, bright red margin; red and swollen and livid, and covered with thin white patches, easily removed from a non-ulcerating surface. Merc. S. 5.

Gums blue along margins; slate-colored on border. Plumb. 5.

Gums. Painful gumboil on outer side of gums, with pain in a hollow tooth, and with swelling of cheek and whole left side of face as far as below eye, where there was an oedematous swelling. Borax 5.

Gums loosened from teeth and sensitive. Carbo V. 5.

Gums retracted from incisors. Carbo V. 5.

Gums loosened from teeth, spongy and partly destroyed; spongy and covered with a pultaceous exudation and ulcerated. Merc. S. 5.

Gums. Aching of teeth at night, disturbing sleep; with anxiety; with swelling of gums. Merc. C. 5.

Gums. Inflammation of mouth and of gums, with discharge of clear water. Merc. C. 5.

Gums. Aching in teeth during menses, with throbbing in gums, worse in a hollow molar, which pains as if elongated and swollen; then swelling of gums and cheeks. Sep. 5.

Gums. Swelling of gums with sore pain; with dark redness and painful throbbing as if beginning to suppurate. Sep. 5.

Gums pain as if sore and raw, with painful loose teeth. Bry. 5.

Gums. Teething, with hot, inflamed gums. Acon. Clin.

Gums feel affected, and are red and enlarged between teeth. Nit. Ac. 5.

Gums. Swelling of gums, with such looseness of teeth that she could have taken them out. Nit. Ac. 5.

Gums, mouth, tongue, and palate slimy, with raw and sore feeling as from something acrid. Nux Vom. 5.

Gums. Looseness of teeth, with pain in gums on pressure. Sil. 5.

Hæmatemesis. Vomiting violent of sour mucus in forenoon; of sour smelling and sour tasting mucus; towards evening, with headache like a tearing around lower part of skull; hæmatemesis. Nux Vom. 6.

Hæmorrhage from the stomach, with great sensitiveness of the stomach, and great prostration. China Clin.

Hæmorrhage. Persistent hæmorrhage after drawing teeth. Arn. M. Clin.

Hæmorrhage. Persistent hæmorrhage after drawing a tooth. Phos. Clin.

Hæmorrhage from stomach; temporarily relieved by drinking cold water. Phos. Clin.

Hair. Sensation of a hair on fore part of tongue; on tip extending into trachea where it caused crawling so that he must cough. Sil. 3.

Half. Flatulent dyspepsia, with sour eructations; stomach swollen like a drum; the distress comes on half an hour or an hour after eating; every sort of food disagrees. Carbo V. Clin.

Ham. Desire for indigestible things like ham, smoked meat, etc. Calc. P. Clin.

Hand. Epigastric region sensitive to pressure; nausea if hand lay on stomach. Nux Vom. 1.

Hands. No thirst all day, but it occurs in evening as face and hands become warm. Cycl. 2.

Hands. Vomiting, with headache and trembling of hands; with frequent stools; also with weakness: with anguish; then constant involuntary watery stools. Ant. T. 6.

Hang. Stomach and intestines hang down; relaxed. Ign. 1.

Hanging. Dry tongue and dry throat, interfering with speech, and retracted, hanging from the child's mouth; swollen, cracked and difficult to move. Bel. 3.

Hard. Pressure as from a hard substance above pit of stomach; with coldness, heaviness after eating; aggravated by pressure. Phos. 1.

Hard. Gastralgia; aggravation from light and amelioration from hard pressure; transiently relieved by vomiting. Nux Vom. Clin.

Hard. Pain in epigastric region after eating; aggravated by hard food: with sensitiveness of stomach. Sulf. Ac. 1.

Hard. Dyspepsia; distress appearing while the patient is eating; feeling as if the food formed hard lumps, with soreness of the stomach. Nux Mos. Clin.

Hard-boiled. Sensation of a hard-boiled egg in stomach. Abies N. 1.

Hard. Gastric disorders of Bismuth are usually burning; with a feeling of a load or hard lump in stomach. Bism. Clin.

Hard pressure in stomach, aggravated after eating. Bel. 1.

Hard. Feeling of a hard lump which makes the stomach sore. Bry. Clin.

Hard. Pain in stomach, as from fullness, as after too much eating, with distended but not hard abdomen. Ant. C. 1.

Hard. Gastralgia; pains sudden, violent, compelling hard pressure on the abdomen; amelioration from eructations. Plumb. Clin.

Hard. Colic of the most violent character, aggravated by hard pressure, sometimes with nausea and vomiting, sometimes with diarrhoea, sometimes with discharge of great quantities of gas; pains often extend into chest and pelvis. Coloc. Clin.

Hard pressure frequently relieves the toothache, which may be aggravated by light pressure. Staph. Clin.

Hard elevation on right anterior border of tongue, and on moving tongue shooting in it; smarting on right side. Sul. 3.

Hardness. Distention of abdomen from gas and hardness. Merc. S. 7.

Hardness. Distention and hardness of abdomen, with intolerance of tight clothing. Calc. C. 7.

Haste. Appetite great at noon; he ate with haste, and though it oppressed the stomach he could have eaten more. Nux Mos. 2.

Hasty. Sudden ravenous hunger during the contemptuous mood, with greedy, hasty, eating. Plat. 2.

Hawk. Sensation of glowing coals in mouth and fauces, with constant pressure to swallow and hawk, which increased the pain; discharge of much saliva, with mucus. Caust. 5.

Hawking. Retching on hawking mucus from fauces. Nux Vom. 6.

Hawking. Bad taste in morning though food and drink have a natural taste; better after eating; low down in throat on hawking. Nux Vom. 3.

Hawking. Adhesion of tough mucus to posterior wall of soft palate, necessitating hawking. Psor. 5.

Head. (*Teeth*.) Jerking pain in teeth, aggravated at night; pulse-like from lower into ear, and from upper into head, with pain of gums from 9 p. m. on. Merc. S. 5.



## HEAD.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## HEAT.

**Head.** Teeth loose and black, denuded of gums, with nightly pain in teeth, jaws and head and painful on touch of tongue. Merc. S. 5.

**Head.** Difficult dentition, with grinding of teeth, rolling of head, disagreeable breath, diarrhoea. Pod. Clin.

**Head.** Toothache of a sticking, tearing character, extending into the head. Kali C. Clin.

**Head.** Decaying teeth, with burning, boring pains, involving the bones of the face and head; temporarily relieved by drawing in cold air. Mezer. Clin.

**Head.** Difficult dentition; child is weak, cold; pulse soft; bores the head into the pillow, tends to squint, cries out in sleep, and particularly has restless feet. Zinc. Clin.

**Head.** Tearing toothache, extending to head; amelioration from warmth. Nux Vom. Clin.

**Head.** Pain in hollow teeth, extending into head if air enters mouth. Nux Vom. 5.

**Head.** (*Stomach.*) Warm streaming of blood from pit of stomach into head. Calc. C. 1.

**Head.** Ulcer in the stomach; burning pain; amelioration from vomiting; tenderness; flushes of heat rising into the head. Sang. Clin.

**Head.** Pain in epigastrium in morning on touch; at noon; a few hours after eating; with nausea and dullness of head in evening; towards evening; and in abdomen, with painful vomiting and diarrhoea. Phos. 1.

**Head.** Nausea after eating, with heaviness and dullness of head. Nit. Ac. 6.

**Head.** Deathly nausea if her head was raised from the pillow. Nux Mos. 6.

**Headache.** Nausea aggravated by a sip of wine, with headache. Zinc. 6.

**Headache.** Appetite increased; ravenous; if he does not eat; headache, lassitude, and necessity to lie down. Sul. 2.

**Headache.** Mouth slimy in morning on waking, with headache. Bel. 5.

**Headache.** Vomiting violent of sour mucus in forenoon; of sour smelling and sour tasting mucus; towards evening, with headache like a tearing around lower part of skull; hæmatemesis. Nux Vom. 6.

**Headache.** Gastro-duodenal catarrh, with headache, vertigo, bitter taste, nausea and vomiting; soreness of the stomach and abdomen. Nux Vom. Clin.

**Headache.** Nausea not relieved by vomiting; with salivation, chill, and heat. Sang. 6.

**Headache.** Seasickness, with the special indication of the occipital headache. Petr. Clin.

**Headache.** Atonic dyspepsia, with continual throbbing; occipital headache and trembling, fluttering feeling below the epigastrium towards the umbilicus; tongue very red and small, feels swollen. Crotal. H. Clin.

**Headache.** Dyspepsia, with severe burning distress in the stomach, vomiting of food, headache, etc. Iris Clin.

**Headache.** Vomiting, with headache and trembling of hands; with frequent stools, also with weakness; with anguish; then constant involuntary watery stools. Ant. T. 6.

**Headache.** Taste bitter in morning, with headache. Calc. P. 3.

**Heart.** Nausea in morning during menstruation, with chilliness and faintness in morning in bed; with bruised pain in intestines and loins in morning, with qualmsiness about heart and salivation. Nux Vom. 6.

**Heart.** Indigestion, mostly acid, with palpitation and distress about the heart. Natr. C. Clin.

**Heart.** Irritable heart of tea and coffee drinkers, and of tobacco smokers. Agar. Clin.

**Heartburn.** Scraping in stomach like heartburn, and in œsophagus gnawing like ravenous hunger. Pul. 1.

**Heartburn,** as after overloading stomach with rancid fat. Nux Vom. 1.

**Heartburn.** Loss of digestive power; burning in stomach in morning; heartburn all day. Sul. 1.

**Heartburn.** Gastric catarrh from excessive acidity; heartburn. Sep. Clin.

**Heartburn.** Nausea, with heartburn; with grumbling and gurgling in hypochondria; with chilliness; with obscuration of vision and pallor. Pul. 6.

**Heartburn.** Stomach weak and easily disordered; scraping heartburn after fat food. Natr. C. 1.

**Heartburn.** Thirst is a general accompaniment of Natrum Mur. symptoms; there are generally sour eructations; heartburn; especially waterbrash; sometimes vomiting of food. Natr. M. Clin.

**Heartburn.** Anxiety in pit of stomach, with heartburn. Lyc. 1.

**Heartburn.** Indigestion, with bloating, sour eructations, heartburn, and a weak feeling, or a feeling of a lump in the pit of the stomach, or a feeling of pulsation after eating; there are generally pressure, belching of gas, bloating and soreness. Kali C. Clin.

**Heartburn.** Acid dyspepsia, with heartburn and flatulence. Natr. S. Clin.

**Heartburn** in evening after supper; on waking in middle of night; after dinner. Kali B. 1.

**Heartburn.** Indigestion, with feeling of rancidity and heartburn. Graph. Clin.

**Heartburn.** Acid dyspepsia; heartburn even after milk; constant satiety; no relief from belching gas. China Clin.

**Heartburn.** Burning in pit of stomach, like heartburn, with good appetite. Ant. C. 1.

**Heartburn.** Acid dyspepsia, with heartburn, coldness of the surface of the body, feeble pulse, etc. Carbo V. Clin.

**Heat.** Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning, then cutting in abdomen and nausea in morning after eating a little; with return of a metallic, herby taste; with weight and heat as from a stone in epigastrium; aggravation from walking; amelioration from sitting. Nux Vom. 1.

**Heat.** Nausea from smoking after eating; during dinner; relieved by lying down; with faintness and flashes of heat; after dinner. Nux Vom. 6.

**Heat.** Thirst excessive; she must drink much at once, and the drink does not distress her; with necessity to drink much cold water; with internal but not external heat. Bry. 2.

**Heat.** Thirst at night; for beer during heat; for cold water. Acon. 1.

**Heat.** Nausea incessant, so that it takes away the breath; all day without vomiting; sudden on walking; with salivation; sudden heat of face and vertigo. Petr. 6.

**Heat.** Thirst in afternoon, with heat in palms. Zinc. 2.

**Heat.** Ravenous appetite before supper; with loss of appetite and trembling in limbs; then coldness over whole body; with heat in chest so that it was difficult to fall asleep. Sil. 2.

**Heat.** Colic from cold water, aggravated by heat. Staph. Clin.

**Heat.** Pulsation in pit of stomach in morning, then ebullition in chest like palpitation, then internal heat of face and body without redness or thirst but with sweat. Sep. 1.

**Heat.** Nausea not relieved by vomiting; with salivation; with headache, chill and heat. Sang. 6.

**Heat.** Ulcer in the stomach; burning pain; amelioration from vomiting; tenderness; flushes of heat rising into the head. Sang. Clin.

**Heat.** Dryness of mouth and of lips, which she must constantly lick, as if caused by heat of breath. Natr. C. 5.

**Heat.** Thirst during the heat; worse in the morning; especially for beer; for alcoholic drinks. Pul. 2.

**Heat.** Burning heat in stomach, extending to back, with faint, empty feeling in stomach and bowels. Phos. Clin.

**Heat.** General dryness and heat of mouth; with catarrh of the pharynx; mapped tongue. Natr. M. Clin.

**Heat.** Nausea, with burning in mouth, spitting of saliva and general chill, without heat or thirst. Kreas. 6.

**Heat.** Aching in teeth, worse at night, with heat in face; drawing pain. Graph. 5.

**Heat.** Vomiting of mucus only; of food, then general chill, then heat, with great thirst. Cina 6.

**Heat.** Thirst for cold drinks in evening, without heat. Bism. 2.

**Heat.** Tongue coated white in evening, without heat or thirst. Bism. 3.

**Heat,** with rawness and dryness at tip of tongue. Carbo V. 3.

**Heat.** Ulceration of the mouth, with great dryness and burning heat. Ars. A. Clin.

**Heat.** Taste and coolness in mouth and throat as from peppermint; biting taste in throat as from peppermint; as from heat rising from œsophagus into mouth. Ver. Alb. 3.



**HEATED.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****HOURS.**

**Heated.** Colic from suppressed perspiration, as from drinking ice water when heated, or it may be brought on by fits of anger; the patient always doubles up with colic. Coloc. Clin.

**Heaviness.** Full feeling in stomach after eating a little; heaviness. Sul. 1.

**Heaviness.** Pain in pit of stomach in afternoon, after eating a little; with heaviness in epigastric region caused by cough. Lyc. 1.

**Heaviness.** Pressure as from a hard substance above pit of stomach; with coldness; heaviness after eating; aggravated by pressure. Phos. 1.

**Heaviness.** Sudden satiety at noon after a little roast lamb, with thirst, heaviness in stomach and distention in abdomen. Lyc. 2.

**Heaviness.** Pain in pit of stomach after eating; with heaviness; burning. Sil. 1.

**Heaviness** in stomach as from a stone in morning on waking. Pul. 1.

**Heaviness** in stomach after eating. Kali C. 1.

**Heaviness.** Laxity of mouth, with heaviness of tongue. Lyc. 5.

**Heaviness.** Nausea after eating, with heaviness and dullness of head. Nit. Ac. 6.

**Heavy** aching distress in stomach; burning in stomach and region of gall bladder. Robina 1.

**Heavy.** Neuralgic toothache, pulsating, driving to madness; teeth feel heavy as if filled with lead. Ver. Alb. Clin.

**Heavy.** Tongue heavy when talking; speech difficult and lisping; unable to articulate any sound. Nux Vom. 3.

**Herby.** Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning, then cutting in abdomen and nausea in morning after eating a little, with return of a metallic, herby taste; with weight and heat, as from a stone in epigastrium: aggravation from walking; amelioration from sitting. Nux Vom. 1.

**Herring.** Appetite for fruit; longing for only cold food, herring, sardines or acids. Ver. Alb. 2.

**Hiccough.** Plumb. 7.

**Hiccough** after eating and drinking. Ign. 7.

**Hiccough.** Regurgitation of food; hiccough; empty retching; weak, empty feeling; has to eat at night even; especially attended with sighing; gastric symptoms generally ameliorated after eating. Ign. Clin.

**Hiccough** from tobacco smoking. Ign. 7.

**Hiccough** after a meal. Sep. 7.

**Hiccough** when smoking. Pul. 7.

**Hiccough.** Cramping pain in pit of stomach, then eructations of wind, then hiccough and emission of flatus. Diosc. 1.

**Hiccough.** Eructations bitter, putrid, empty, incomplete, ineffectual, instead of which there is hiccough. Cocc. 7.

**Hiccough** after eating and on every shock caused by it; pressure in forehead as if the brain shook from behind forward. Bry. 7.

**Hiccough.** Stram. 2.

**Hiccough-like.** Eructations, with oppression of stomach after eating or hiccough-like eructations. Cycl. 7.

**High.** Fullness in stomach after eating; as full for a long time after a meal as when he had just eaten; the food seems to stick high up. China 1.

**Hoarse.** Tongue cold; speech feeble, broken, hoarse. Camph. 3.

**Hollow sensation in epigastrium.** Pod. 1.

**Hollow.** Aching of teeth only when eating; as if something got into a hollow tooth. Kali C. 5.

**Hollow.** Pain in hollow teeth, extending into head if air enters mouth. Nux Vom. 5.

**Hollow.** Tearing in hollow molar; jerking, drawing in roots of incisors; sharp jerking in two last molars. Zinc. 5.

**Hollow.** Pustule above a hollow tooth like a dental fistula; painful soreness on chewing. Petr. 5.

**Hollow.** Pain in a hollow tooth in evening, which became elongated and loose, then also in other teeth; pain partly sticking and partly crawling. Rhus Tox. 5.

**Hollow.** Tearing first in roots of hollow teeth after chewing, then extending into crowns; aggravated in open air. Staph. 5.

**Hollow teeth,** sensitive to touch and if food remains in centres, pain extending into root, and the gum becomes sore. Staph. 5.

**Hollow.** Aching in teeth during menses, with throbbing in gums, worse in a hollow molar, which pains as if elongated and swollen; then swelling of gums and cheeks. Sep. 5.

**Hollow teeth** decay very rapidly; aching in hollow in evening, on touch of tongue. Mezer. 5.

**Hollow.** Jerking pain in left lower hollow molar, with frequent yawning. Kreas. 5.

**Hollow.** Throbbing pain in teeth only when eating; in root of last hollow molar in evening. Kali C. 5.

**Hollow.** Aching in a hollow tooth, aggravated at night, and on touching the tooth with the tongue; pains as if the nerve were scratched. Ant. C. 5.

**Hollow.** Painful gumboil on outer side of gums, with pain in a hollow tooth and with swelling of cheek and whole left side of face as far as below eye, where there was an oedematous swelling. Borax 5.

**Hot. Mouth of an infant very hot.** Borax 5.

**Hot.** Eructations of air; hot in afternoon and evening. Caust. 7.

**Hot.** Gastric disturbances; relieved temporarily by eating; prefers hot drinks and hot food. Chel. Clin.

**Hot.** Aphthous sore mouth; the ulcers bleed on eating, or on touch; mouth very tender in nursing children, hot, with thirst and vomiting. Borax Clin.

**Hot.** Chronic dyspepsia; repugnance to hot or warm food; thirst; bloated abdomen. Calc. C. Clin.

**Hot.** Severe gastralgia, brought on by the slightest food or drink; the pain is burning hot, and extends up sides and over abdomen. Ars. A. Clin.

**Hot.** Vomiting of hot, frothy mucus; of contents of stomach; then of bile, of thick, dark, green bile, mixed with dark coagulated blood, about every hour. Pod. 6.

**Hot.** Acute glossitis, with dry hot mouth. Acon. Clin.

**Hot.** Nausea, with hot eructations and sweetish, flat salivation. Kali B. 6.

**Hot.** Eructations, tasting like bad eggs; hot, sharp and sour. Petr. 7.

**Hot.** Gastric troubles, always aggravated during hot weather. Phos. Clin.

**Hot.** Dryness of mouth, without thirst, with swollen, hot lips. Nit. Ac. 5.

**Hot.** Dyspepsia, with soreness, distention, burning pain, desire for cold food, aversion to hot food. Merc. C. Clin.

**Hot** eructations; violent efforts to vomit. Pod. Clin.

**Hot.** Beating pain in teeth if anything hot or cold is taken into the mouth, extending into cheek, which swells during menses. Sep. 5.

**Hot.** Tearing in teeth; amelioration from hot applications. Rhus Tox. 5.

**Hot.** Pain in teeth aggravated by drawing in air with open mouth; with stitches in one row of teeth, now in an upper, now in a lower molar, then in other teeth towards the front; aggravated by eating; at noon and evening, with red, hot spots on cheek and throat; with complaining mood, full of reproaches and despondency. Nux Vom. 5.

**Hour.** Pain in stomach an hour after eating. Pul. 1.

**Hour.** Flatulent dyspepsia, with sour eructations; stomach swollen like a drum; the distress comes on half an hour or an hour after eating; every sort of food disagrees. Carbo V. Clin.

**Hour.** When sucking the gum pure blood flows into the mouth at the same time several forenoons. Carbo V. 5.

**Hour.** Regurgitation of food an hour or so after it has been taken. Aethu. 1.

**Hour.** Acid dyspepsia, with sour vomiting, coming on an hour or so after eating. Kali B. Clin.

**Hour.** Vomiting of hot frothy mucus; of contents of stomach; then of bile, of thick, dark, green bile, mixed with dark coagulated blood about every hour. Pod. 6.

**Hours.** Pain in epigastrium in morning on touch; at noon; a few hours after eating; with nausea and dullness of head in evening; towards evening; and in abdomen, with painful vomiting and diarrhoea. Phos. 1.

**Hours.** Gastralgia coming on some hours after eating; relieved by warm milk; aggravated by cold drinks. Graph. Clin.

**Hours.** Overloaded feeling in stomach, until three hours after eating; oppression after eating. Amm. C. 1.



**HOURS.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****INCISORS.**

Hours. Vomiting of food several hours after a meal. Kreas. Clin.

Hung. Feeling as if stomach hung down relaxed, and appetite lost. Ipe. 1.

Hung. Pain in stomach after eating a little; when walking, as if it hung loose. Hep. 1.

Hunger. Scraping in stomach like heartburn and in œsophagus, gnawing like ravenous hunger. Pul. 1.

Hunger. Great hunger soon after a meal; desires many and different things. Cina 2.

Hunger. Appetite increased for various things, but does not know exactly what; hunger, but want of appetite; food tastes natural yet is disagreeable in mouth; indifference to eating and drinking only while eating; appetite and natural taste to food returned. China 2.

Hunger great; hunger without appetite; appetite diminished. Psor. 2.

Hunger. Sudden ravenous hunger during the contemptuous mood, with greedy, hasty eating. Plat. 2.

Hunger. Aversion to food, even the smell of food causes it, but hunger. Cocc. 2.

Hunger. Ravenous hunger in morning. Calc. C. 2.

Hunger. Violent hunger; hunger in stomach, with undisturbed appetite. Ver. Alb. 2.

Hunger. Canine hunger, but the attempt to eat is followed by flatulent distention and inability to take more food; or sometimes the flatulent distention immediately takes away the appetite; or sometimes a feeling of constant satiety; he feels too full before he has eaten anything and cannot eat. Lyc. Clin.

Hunger great, with weariness of life. Nit. Ac. 2.

Hunger. Gastric derangements, which recur often in persons who have been in the habit of taking Mercury; the attacks frequently preceded by great hunger and apparently caused by overeating. Bry. Clin.

Hunger. Ravenous hunger, but speedy satiety after stool; ravenous, often making her sick. Petr. 2.

Hunger. Pain in stomach, acute; in epigastrium, extending into sternum, hypochondria, and to ilia, as from ravenous hunger. Ver. Alb. 1.

Hunger. Craving hunger; desire for vinegar. Sep. 2.

Hunger. Ravenous appetite; she feels that it is not a genuine hunger. Merc. S. 2.

Hunger. Thirst in evening after fever, with hunger, then after eating coldness and rumbling in abdomen, after shivering through skin, after chill during sweat on back and forehead. China 2.

Hunger. Ravenous hunger, but the appetite sometimes vanishes and there is absolute disgust for food; the attempt to eat brings on diarrhœa; sinking in stomach. Ferr. Clin.

Hunger. Much hunger, but no relish. Agar. 2.

Hunger. Unnatural hunger: the child wants a great variety of things; refuses ordinary food. Cina Clin.

Hunger. Canine hunger. Coloc. 2.

Hunger. Ravenous hunger. Bry. 2.

Hunger. Ravenous hunger and great thirst; particularly longing for eggs and for indigestible things, chalk, coal, etc. Calc. C. Clin.

Hunger. Unusual hunger at 4 p. m. Calc. P. 2.

Hyoid. Pain beneath tongue when swallowing, on left side behind hyoid bone. Calc. C. 3.

Hypochondria. Flatulence here and there in hypochondria, even in back in region of ribs and chest, causing tension and bubbling; amelioration from empty eructations. Lyc. 7.

Hypochondria. Distention of abdomen from incarceration of flatus; intolerance of anything tight about hypochondria. Graph. 1.

Hypochondria. Pain in pit of stomach, intolerance of clothing in epigastric region, and beneath hypochondria. Crotal. H. 1.

Hypochondria. Distention of hypochondria; worse in sides, pit of stomach and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. Ign. 1.

Hypochondria. Pinching in hypochondria and region of pit of stomach. Ipe. 1.

Hypochondria. Tension in stomach and hypochondria; beneath stomach, as if everything were too tight; with soreness on chest. Lyc. 1.

Hypochondria. Pain in stomach; acute; in epigastrium, extending into sternum, hypochondria, and to ilia, as from ravenous hunger. Ver. Alb. 1.

Hypochondria. Nausea, with heartburn: with grumbling and gurgling in hypochondria; with chilliness; with obscuration of vision and pallor. Pul. 6.

Hypochondria. Difficult speech, like a weakness of organs of speech, coming from hypochondria. Natr. M. 3.

Hypochondria. Dyspepsia with hypochondria mood, especially at the climacteric of women, or as the result of overwrought brain or sexual excess. Sep. Clin.

Hypochondria. Constriction and pinching in epigastric and hypochondria regions; aggravation from eating; then changing into chest and impeding breathing. Pul. 1.

Hypogastrium. Fermentation in epigastric region; flatulent pressure towards hypogastrium. Plat. 7.

Hypogastrium. Discharge of flatus; offensive after dinner, relieved after stool, with movements in hypogastrium. Coloc. 7.

Hypogastrium. Accumulation of flatus in left upper abdomen, more towards back, with pinching here and there under short ribs, in hypogastrium. Carbo V. 7.

Hysteria. Flatulence of hysteria. Asaf. Clin.

Hysterical. Gastralgia; hysterical. Plat. Clin.

Hysterical. Excessive flatulence, especially in hysterical subjects. Ign. Clin.

Ice cream. Dyspepsia from ice cream or from too much ice water. Pul. Clin.

Ice water. Gastric disorders from drinking ice water. Kali C. Clin.

Ice water. Dyspepsia from ice cream or from too much ice water. Pul. Clin.

Ice water. Colic from suppressed perspiration from drinking ice water when heated, or it may be brought on by fits of anger; the patient always doubles up with the colic. Coloc. Clin.

Ilia. Pain in stomach, acute; in epigastrium, extending into sternum, hypochondria, and to ilia, as from ravenous hunger. Ver. Alb. 1.

Ill humor. Distention of stomach after eating, with discomfort, sick feeling and ill humor. Borax 1.

Immediately. Desires things immediately, but when offered, does not wish them. Bry. 2.

Impress. Tongue coated and showing impress of teeth on edges; coated white, with whitish, swollen gums that bleed on touch. Merc. S. 3.

Imprint. Tongue swollen and showing imprint of teeth in scallops, which looked ulcerated, and its movement difficult and painful; covered with foul ulcers; oozing of blood; the ulcers made swallowing difficult; with painful, ulcerated margin. Merc. S. 3.

Imprint. Tongue coated yellow, with red margin showing imprint of teeth; yellow, white, slimy; dryness. Chel. 3.

Imprint. Tongue is almost always swollen, flabby, taking the imprint of the teeth; sometimes watery, as if œdematous; sometimes covered with whitish fur. Merc. S. Clin.

Incarcerated flatus. Coloc. 7.

Incarcerated flatus. Kali C. 7.

Incarcerated. Flatulence rising and becoming incarcerated under short ribs. Nux Vom. 7.

Incarcerated flatulence in left side and constipation. Sul. Clin.

Incarcerated flatus. Natr. C. 7.

Incarcerated. Collection of flatus without evacuation of it, with pain; flatus rolls about and becomes incarcerated here and there. Natr. S. 7.

Incarceration. Tension in abdomen and incarceration of flatus. Lyc. 7.

Incarceration. Distention of abdomen as from incarceration of flatus; intolerance of anything tight about hypochondria. Graph. 1.

Incarceration of flatus. Staph. 7.

Incarcerations of flatus. Mag. M. 7.

Incessant. Nausea incessant, so that it takes away the breath; all day without vomiting; sudden on walking; with salivation; sudden heat of face and vertigo. Petr. 6.

Incessant emission of flatus. Mag. M. 7.

Incisors. Teeth decayed and became loose in succession, and fell out at the slightest shock; especially the molars were gone; those that remained were black, laid bare, loose and carious; crowns of all except incisors lost. Merc. S. 5,



## INCISORS.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## INTENSELY.

Incisors. Drawing toothache, diffusing it; self over temple; drawing in incisors in left lower molars, then involving upper molars; as soon as it ceases there it begins in upper incisors. Kreas. Clin.

Incisors. Tearing in hollow molar; jerking drawing in roots of incisors; sharp jerking in two last molars. Zinc. 5.

Incisors. Gums retracted from incisors. Carbo V. 5.

Incisors. Painful looseness of incisors; stitches on biting on them, in upper back, extending upward; in lower back, extending downward. Caust. 5.

Incisors. Upper incisors seem too long and sensitive. Mag. M. 5.

Incisors. Pain in teeth when eating; in incisors and anterior molars on drawing air into mouth; aggravated by cold or damp air. Nux Mos. 5.

Incisors. Looseness of teeth, lower incisors; she cannot bite upon them. Rhus Tox. 5.

Inclination to gnash teeth as in a chill; aggravation from entrance of cold air. Calc. C. 5.

Incomplete. Eructations after eating; incomplete, violent. Natr. M. 7.

Incomplete. Eructations bitter, putrid, empty, incomplete, ineffectual, instead of which there is hiccup. Cocc. 7.

Incurable. Ulcers in the stomach, supposed to be malignant and incurable, have been cured or greatly relieved by this drug; always with extreme burning and distress as if the whole stomach were raw; at times with vomiting of blood. Mezer. Clin.

Indefinite. Longing for spiced food; for indefinite things. Sang. 2.

Indifference. Appetite increased for various things, but does not know exactly what; hunger, but want of appetite; food tastes natural, yet is disagreeable in mouth; indifference to eating and drinking only while eating; appetite and natural taste to food returned. China 2.

Indigestible. Ravenous hunger and great thirst, particularly longing for eggs and for indigestible things; chalk, coal, etc. Calc. C. Clin.

Indigestible. Desire for indigestible things, like ham, smoked meat, etc. Calc. P. Clin.

Indigestible. Indigestion, with aversion to the ordinary diet, and longing for a great variety of indigestible articles. Ign. Clin.

Indigestion, characterized by extreme distress in the stomach immediately after eating; feeling as if the stomach knotted up at times; with bitter eructations or with sour or putrid taste in the mouth; nearly always associated with nausea and efforts to vomit. Nux Vom. Clin.

Indigestion, mostly acid, with palpitation and distress about the heart. Natr. C. Clin.

Indigestion of children from sweets, associated with very peevish disposition. Ant. C. Clin.

Indigestion, with bloating, sour eructations, heartburn, and a weak feeling, or a feeling of a lump in the pit of the stomach; or a feeling of pulsation after eating; there are generally pressure, belching of gas, bloating and soreness. Kali C. Clin.

Indigestion, with feeling of rancidity and heartburn. Graph. Clin.

Indigestion, with aversion to the ordinary diet and longing for a great variety of indigestible articles. Ign. Clin.

Indigestion; stomach disordered by meat. Kali B. 1.

Indigestion, especially in children, from taking milk, which passes undigested. Mag. M. Clin.

Indigestion. Cardialgia and indigestion; great soreness of the pit of the stomach to touch and intolerance of the clothes. Lach. Clin.

Indigestion; food becomes acid. Pod. Clin.

Indigestion from buckwheat cakes. Pul. Clin.

Indigestion; constant squeezing pain in the stomach after eating; can only eat once a day on account of the distress; backache; weakness. Robina Clin.

Indigestion, with severe lancinating pains extending from side of chest to top of shoulder blade. Robina Clin.

Indurations. Scirrhus indurations of pyloric orifice of the stomach, with vomiting of blood, burning and extreme flatulence. Lye. Clin.

Ineffectual. Many eructations tasting of food; ineffectual. Graph. 7.

Ineffectual retching, with constriction of oesophagus and across chest in direction of diaphragm. Cupr. 6.

Ineffectual. Eructations bitter, putrid, empty, incomplete, ineffectual, instead of which there is hiccup. Cocc. 7.

Ineffectual retching in morning. Natr. C. 6.

Infant. Mouth of an infant very hot. Borax 5.

Infants. Persistent vomiting of infants. Kreas. Clin.

Infants. Sore mouths of nursing infants, and of nursing women. Bapt. Clin.

Inflamed. Tongue swollen and inflamed so that it could not be protruded; and white. Merc. C. 3.

Inflammation. (Mouth.) Inflammation of mouth and of gums, with discharge of clear water. Merc. S. 5.

Inflammation and ulceration of the tongue and mouth; sometimes with hard lumps in the tongue, always with easy bleeding; tendency to slough. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Inflammation of mouth and throat; all the parts are red, hot and dry; worse on right side. Bel. Clin.

Inflammation of the salivary glands; very free secretion; with swelling of the glands; with soreness leading to suppuration. Merc. S. Clin.

Inflammation. Interstitial inflammation of the substance of the tongue. Merc. S. Clin.

Inflammation of the gums, with bleeding; separated from the teeth. Phos. 5.

Inflammation at root of a tooth, with pain, which is aggravated at night from cold. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Inflammation of molar, with swelling and soreness of gum. Sil. 5.

Inflammation. (Stomach.) Nausea and vomiting are more frequently the result of nervous irritability than of inflammation of the stomach; so that the drug has often relieved the distressing symptoms of pregnancy. Ign. Clin.

Inflammation. Extremely valuable remedy for catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thirst, white coated tongue, nausea and vomiting; aggravation from warm drinks, which are vomited. Bry. Clin.

Inflammation. Catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thickly coated white tongue; nausea; vomiting after-taste of the food. Ant. C. Clin.

Inflammation of the stomach, with swelling of the liver; vomiting of blood and mucus; yellow tongue. Phos. Clin.

Inflammation of the stomach caused by the habitual use of powerful drugs or of alcohol; strong coffee. Nux Vom. Clin.

Inflammation of the stomach, occurring during the progress of chronic diseases; for instance, scirrhus. Bism. Clin.

Inner portion of the stomach seems raw. Ars. A. Clin.

Inodorous. Emission of much inodorous flatus. Agar. 7.

Insensible. Sensation in middle of tongue as if it had been burnt and were insensible at night and in morning. Pul. 3.

Inspid. Slimy taste in morning, with nausea; foul; clammy; inspid; as of bad meat; with nausea; disgusting in morning, with white tongue. Pul. 3.

Inspid. Mouth and pharynx dry in morning and covered with inspid mucus, with offensive breath that is not perceptible to himself. Pul. 5.

Inspid. Vomiting violent; easy, of sour liquid; watery; sometimes inspid, sometimes bitter in morning, even before breakfast. Tabac. 6.

Inspid. Taste bitter, if she eats anything or swallows saliva; everything tastes bitter; inspid; lost to food. Borax 3.

Inspid and spoiled sensation in stomach, with good appetite. Graph. 1.

Inspid. Nausea, with constant spitting of inspid water. Sabad. 6.

Inspidity. Dryness of mouth in morning; with inspidity and stickiness of palate; with thirst. Sul. 5.

Inspiration. Stitches in teeth on inspiration. Ant. C. 5.

Inspiration. Pain in stomach, as if a sore spot were pressed; below pit on pressure and on inspiration. Sabad. 1.

Intensely acid vomiting; the symptoms has been relieved even when associated with cancer of the stomach. Robina Clin.



## INTERMITTENT.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## LIPS.

- Intermittent.** Pressure in stomach, with intermittent, contractive pains. *Cupr.* 1.
- Intermittent compression** in epigastrium, changing to pinching, with confusion of *sinciput*. *Coloc.* 1.
- Intermittent pain** in region of spleen and pit of stomach. *Ign.* 1.
- Internal.** Pulsation in pit of stomach in morning; then ebullition in chest, like palpitation; then internal heat of face and body, without redness or thirst, but with sweat. *Sep.* 1.
- Internal chilliness** in epigastric region. *Ars. Alb.* 1.
- Internally.** Pain in pit of stomach on pressure; after a meal and on touch; sore internally. *Sep.* 1.
- Interstitial inflammation** of the substance of the tongue. *Merc. S. Clin.*
- Intestines.** Cutting pain in abdomen, with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulence here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus the more difficult to pass. *Ver. Alb.* 7.
- Intestines.** Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening or colic aggravated in evening in bed, with griping and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another. *Pul.* 7.
- Intestines.** Nausea in morning during menstruation, with chilliness and faintness in morning, in bed; with bruised pain in intestines and loins in morning, with qualms about heart and salivation. *Nux Vom.* 6.
- Intestines.** Pinching and pressure in stomach, extending through small intestines, as with a constriction; with many movements. *Arn. M.* 1.
- Intestines.** Stomach and intestines hang down; relaxed. *Ign.* 1.
- Intolerance.** Distention of abdomen as from incarceration of flatus; intolerance of anything tight about hypochondria. *Graph.* 1.
- Intolerance.** Pain in pit of stomach; intolerance of clothing in epigastric region and beneath hypochondria. *Crotal. H.* 1.
- Irresistible desire** for sugar. *Arg. N.* 2.
- Irritability.** Nausea and vomiting are more frequently the result of nervous irritability than of inflammation of the stomach: so that the drug has often relieved the distressing symptoms of pregnancy. *Ign. Clin.*
- Irritability.** Chronic irritability of the stomach; the food is not retained nor digested. *Kreas. Clin.*
- Irritable.** Aphthous, sore mouth, occurring in the last stages of wasting diseases; sometimes with watery diarrhoea and irritable stomach. *Mur. Ac. Clin.*
- Irritable.** Severe gastralgia or cardialgia; aggravated by the least nourishment; the stomach seems very irritable and contracts painfully on its contents. *Nux Vom. Clin.*
- Irritable heart** of tea and coffee drinkers, and of tobacco smokers. *Agar. Clin.*
- Jar.** Aching and throbbing in stomach; amelioration from eructations; with pain from the jar of walking. *Sep.* 1.
- Jaw.** Periodic pain in teeth always after waking; after eating, and from warm and cold drinks; often extending through upper jaw to ear, with jerking, tearing, sticking. *Lach.* 5.
- Jaw.** Necrosis of the jaw. *Sil. Clin.*
- Jaw.** Sticking in teeth and jaw extending to ear, preventing sleep at night and during the day; she had to tie a cloth over it. *Sep.* 5.
- Jaw.** Gums purple, red and detached from teeth; red and tender, with swelling of glands, beneath jaw; spongy and ulcerated. *Merc. C.* 5.
- Jaws.** Teeth loose and black, denuded of gums, with nightly pain in teeth, jaws and head, and painful on touch of tongue. *Merc. S.* 5.
- Jaws.** Nausea, with bilious taste, with salivation and closure of jaws; with great thirst, and with frothing from mouth; with weakness. *Ver. Alb.* 3.
- Jaws.** Tearing in diseased root in both rows, extending in zygoma, with bruised pain in both right jaws on pressure and on chewing. *Caust.* 5.
- Jerking pain** in teeth, worse in morning, better when cold water taken into mouth becomes warm. *Pul.* 5.
- Jerking.** Periodic pain in teeth always after waking; after eating, and from warm and cold drinks; often extending through upper jaw to ear, with jerking, tearing, sticking. *Lach.* 5.
- Jerking pain** in teeth, aggravated at night; pulse-like from lower into ear and from upper into head, with pain of gums from 9 p. m. on. *Merc. S.* 5.
- Jerking.** Tearing in hollow molar; jerking drawing in roots of incisors; sharp jerking in two last molars. *Zinc.* 5.
- Jerking pain** in left lower hollow molar, with frequent yawning. *Kreas.* 5.
- Jerking tearing** in left upper back teeth. *China.* 5.
- Jerking** in teeth in evening in bed, now in upper, now in lower back. *Bry.* 5.
- Juice.** Taste dry to all solid food as if it contained neither juice nor strength. *Ferr.* 3.
- Juicy.** Craving for juicy things. *Ver. Alb. Clin.*
- Juniper.** Eructations tasting of juniper berries. *Chel.* 7.
- Knees.** Pressure in stomach, with weakness in knees. *Lach.* 1.
- Knives.** Excruciating gastralgia; pains as from knives or burning, or constricting, or associated with great external weight. *Phos. Clin.*
- Knot.** Cutting pain in abdomen, with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulence here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus the more difficult to pass. *Ver. Alb.* 7.
- Knotted.** Indigestion characterized by extreme distress in the stomach immediately after eating; feeling as if the stomach knotted up at times; with bitter eructations or with sour or putrid taste in the mouth; nearly always associated with nausea and efforts to vomit. *Nux Vom. Clin.*
- Knotted.** Distress, as if something were knotted up in the stomach. *Abies N. Clin.*
- Lamb.** Sudden satiety at noon after a little roast lamb, with thirst, heaviness in stomach and distention in abdomen. *Lyc.* 2.
- Lancinating.** Indigestion, with severe lancinating pains extending from side of chest to top of shoulder blade. *Robina Clin.*
- Lassitude.** Appetite increased; ravenous; if he does not eat, headache, lassitude and necessity to lie down. *Sul.* 2.
- Laxity of mouth,** with heaviness of tongue. *Lyc.* 5.
- Lay.** Violent vomiting unless he bent himself and lay still. *Colch.* 7.
- Lead.** Flatulent colic; lead colic. *Zinc. Clin.*
- Lead.** Neuralgic toothache, pulsating, driving to madness; teeth feel heavy, as if filled with lead. *Ver. Alb. Clin.*
- Left.** Jerking tearing in left upper back. *China.* 5.
- Left.** Drawing toothache, diffusing itself over temple; drawing in incisors; in left lower molars, then involving upper molars; as soon as it ceases there it begins in upper incisors. *Kreas. Clin.*
- Left.** Jerking pain in left lower hollow molar, with frequent yawning. *Kreas.* 5.
- Left.** Gastralgia, starting from the cardiac end of the stomach; pains extending into left arm. *Tabac. Clin.*
- Left.** Pain beneath tongue when swallowing, on left side behind hyoid bone. *Calc. C.* 3.
- Lie.** Appetite increased; ravenous; if he does not eat, headache, lassitude and necessity to lie down. *Sul.* 2.
- Lie.** Aversion to food; to the usual food; drinking, tobacco and coffee; to the food just eaten; worse if she does not lie down; to the odor of food. *Nux Vom.* 2.
- Lie.** Nausea, obliging him to lie down. *Ars. A.* 6.
- Lie.** Bilious vomiting; inability to lie on right side, with dark green vomiting. *Crotal. H. Clin.*
- Life.** Hunger great, with weariness of life. *Nit. Ac.* 2.
- Lifting.** Pain in region of stomach after lifting something heavy; the pain goes into small of back, where it becomes sticking, so that she cannot turn without pain the whole night; better in the morning. *Borax.* 1.
- Like.** Eruptions in stomach, with nausea as soon as she thinks of food she would like. *Sep.* 1.
- Like.** Appetite for something at times, and when he gets it he does not like it. *Hep.* 2.
- Limbs.** Ravenous appetite before supper; with loss of appetite and trembling in limbs; then coldness over whole body, with heat in chest so that it was difficult to fall asleep. *Sil.* 2.
- Lips.** Dryness of tongue in morning on waking, and in palate and lips, then much tenacious mucus. *Pul.* 3.



**LIPS.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****LOOSE.**

**Lips.** Taste sweet to bread, salty on lips; slimy; putrid in throat as of bad eggs on moving tongue; metallic. Merc. S. 3.

**Lips.** Mouth and lips dry, without thirst. Can. Ind. 2.

**Lips.** Dryness of mouth, at night with thirst; of lining of cheeks, lips, tongue, which look burnt, roof of mouth and pharynx. Bel. 5.

**Lips.** Dryness of mouth and of lips, which she must constantly lick, as if caused by heat of breath. Natr. C. 5.

**Lips.** Dryness of mouth, without thirst, with swollen, hot lips. Nit. Ac. 5.

**Lips.** Thirst, with dry lips and dry mouth. Lyc. 2.

**Lips.** Salivation, with tension in submaxillary region, which was sensitive to touch; saliva dries on palate and lips to a tenacious mucus. Lyc. 5.

**Lips.** White, aphthous pustules on inside of lips and cheeks, and on tongue. Hep. 5.

**Lips.** Dryness of lips, mouth and throat. Bry. Clin.

**Lips.** Thirst in evening; at night, with dryness of lips. Ant. C. 2.

**Liquid.** Vomiting and diarrhoea ten times, with pale, sunken face, covered with cold sweat; forcible; violent; of slimy, acid fluid; with food. Ver. Alb. 6.

**Liquid.** Vomiting violent; easy, of sour liquid; watery; sometimes insipid, sometimes bitter in morning, even before breakfast. Tabac. 6.

**Liquid.** Vomiting constant of food; of everything taken into the stomach; fecal; with colic and constipation; blackish; of brownish liquid streaked with blood. Plumb. 6.

**Liquid.** Eructations of bitter and sour liquid at night; bitter when fasting; sour all day; sour as far as tongue; of water after eating. Nux Vom. 7.

**Liquid.** Acid dyspepsia, with constant weight in the stomach; eructations of sour liquid. Robina Clin.

**Liquid.** Periodic vomiting of brown or black liquid, with violent cramps. Plumb. Clin.

**Liquid.** Eructations loud; sour in morning; of sour liquid after coffee; ineffectual. Pul. 7.

**Liquid.** Violent gastralgia, with distention of abdomen; belching of wind and regurgitation of liquid. Asaf. Clin.

**Liquors.** Dyspepsia resulting from malt liquors, with flatulency, oppression after eating, nausea and vomiting of mucus. Kali B. Clin.

**Lisping.** Tongue heavy when talking; speech difficult and lisping; unable to articulate any sound. Nux Vom. 3.

**Little.** Digestion slow; discomfort in stomach after eating a little. Lyc. 1.

**Little.** Pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after eating a little; with heaviness in epigastric region caused by cough. Lyc. 1.

**Little.** Full feeling in stomach after eating a little; heaviness. Sul. 1.

**Little.** Dry feeling in mouth with thirst, but drinks a little at a time. Ars. A. 5.

**Little.** Thirst, but drinking did not refresh him; he drinks much, but little at a time; with dryness of mouth, and a peculiar thick white saliva. Ars. Alb. 2.

**Little.** Appetite violent, but satiety after eating a little. Amm. C. 2.

**Little.** Nausea after dinner and supper, with uneasiness and qualmishness in epigastric region, as after eating too much fat; in throat and palate on eating a little. Cycl. 6.

**Little.** Dyspepsia, with painful pressure and distention in region of stomach, after eating and drinking a little. China Clin.

**Little.** Appetite entirely lost, and, after eating a little, loud belching and inability to work. China Clin.

**Little.** Pain in stomach after eating a little; when walking, as if it hung loose. Hep. 1.

**Liver.** Pain in pit of stomach or anterior part of liver. Camph. 1.

**Liver.** Violent pain in region of stomach, goes through to back and right shoulder blade, or over towards the liver. Chel. Clin.

**Liver.** Disturbances of digestion and of the function of the liver; the tongue is yellow and shows the print of the teeth around the margin. Chel. Clin.

**Liver.** Bilious colic; almost incessant vomiting of extremely acrid substances, with soreness over the liver. Iris Clin.

**Liver.** Epigastric region sensitive in morning; worse towards evening; to pressure; with enlargement of liver; with tension. Phos. 1.

**Liver.** Inflammation of the stomach, with swelling of the liver; vomiting of blood and mucus; yellow tongue. Phos. Clin.

**Liver.** Dyspepsia from alcohol, with persistent sour breath; the patient is shriveled and cold and cannot eat; the liver is enlarged; chronic diarrhoea. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

**Liver.** Enlargement of the liver, with flatulent dyspepsia. Zinc. Clin.

**Liver.** Longing for acids, with flatulent dyspepsia, soreness over the abdomen and liver, blisters in the mouth, and especially with a feeling of something twisting about the stomach and rising into the throat. Sep. Clin.

**Livid.** Gums red, bright red margin; red and swollen, and livid and covered with thin, white patches; easily removed from a non-ulcerating surface. Merc. S. 5.

**Load.** Gastric disorders of Bismuth are usually burning; with a feeling of a load or hard lump in stomach. Bism. Clin.

**Loathing of food; of butter.** Ars. Alb. 2.

**Loathing.** Appetite lost; loathing of food. Acon. 2.

**Loathing of food; nausea; and even vomiting, with white coated tongue.** Ant. C. Clin.

**Loins.** Nausea in morning during menstruation, with chilliness and faintness in morning in bed; with bruised pain in intestines and loins in morning, with qualmishness about heart and salivation. Nux Vom. 6.

**Long.** Aching of teeth when chewing and on touch, with sensitiveness in a sound tooth; when eating, as if too long; drawing, relieved by warm drinks. Lyc. 5.

**Long.** Teeth feel too long and blunt on biting on them and from fresh air. Mezer. 5.

**Long.** Feeling as if teeth were too long when biting them together. Lach. 5.

**Long.** Upper incisors seem too long and sensitive. Mag. M. 5.

**Long.** Teeth seemed too long, with toothache, which seemed to originate from the swelling of submaxillary gland. Camph. 5.

**Long.** Gastralgia; aching, extending through to the back; obliged to take a long breath. Rumex Clin.

**Longing.** Appetite for fruit; longing for only cold food, herring, sardines or acids. Ver. Alb. 2.

**Longing for acids with flatulent dyspepsia; soreness over the abdomen and liver; blisters in the mouth, and especially with a feeling of something twisting about the stomach, and rising into the throat.** Sep. Clin.

**Longing.** Ravenous appetite at night; longing for acids and spicy things. Phos. 2.

**Longing.** Gastric symptoms are generally characterized by absence of thirst and longing for sweets; general relief after eating. Sabad. Clin.

**Longing for spiced food; for indefinite things.** Sang. 2.

**Longing for oysters.** Lach. 2.

**Longing.** Thirst for acids; longing for beer. Kali B. 2.

**Longing.** Indigestion, with aversion to the ordinary diet and longing for a great variety of indigestible articles. Ign. Clin.

**Longing.** Dyspepsia following the abuse of Mercury or Quinine; indicated by the longing for highly seasoned food or for acids. Hep. Clin.

**Longing.** Ravenous hunger and great thirst; particularly longing for eggs and for indigestible things; chalk, coal, etc. Calc. C. Clin.

**Longing for coffee.** Bry. 2.

**Loose.** Teeth loose and black, denuded of gums, with nightly pain in teeth, jaws and head, and painful on touch of tongue. Merc. S. 5.

**Loose.** Teeth decayed and became loose in succession, and fell out at the slightest shock; especially the molars were gone; those that remained were black, laid bare, loose and carious; crowns of all except incisors lost. Merc. S. 5.

**Loose.** Teeth loose; sordes. Merc. C. 5.

**Loose.** Gums pain as if sore and raw, with painful loose teeth. Bry. 5.

**Loose.** Pain in stomach after eating a little when walking, as if it hung loose. Hep. 1.



## LOOSE.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## LYING.

- Loose. Gums become unhealthy and bleed easily; the teeth are loose and the saliva is bloody, and there is a putrid odor from the mouth; with these conditions the drug is frequently indicated in a mercurial cachexia. Nit. Ac. Clin.
- Loose. Dental periostitis, with great soreness and elongation of the teeth; pain aggravated at night from warmth of bed; teeth loose; salivation offensive. Merc. S. Clin.
- Loose. Teeth yellow, loose and painful on chewing. Nit. Ac. 5.
- Loose. Teeth loose; stitches in an indefinite tooth, with drawing. Nux Vom. 5.
- Loose. Pain in a hollow tooth in evening, which became elongated and loose, then also in other teeth; pain partly sticking and partly crawling. Rhus Tox. 5.
- Loosen. Swollen feeling in stomach when eating, with oppression of chest as if he would suffocate, forcing him to loosen his clothes. Can. Ind. 1.
- Loosened. Gums loosened from teeth, spongy and partly destroyed; spongy and covered with a pultaceous exudation and ulcerated. Merc. S. 5.
- Loosen. Tension across pit of stomach; he must loosen his clothes and cannot sit. Hep. 1.
- Loosened. Gums loosened from teeth and sensitive. Carbo V. 5.
- Looseness. Painful looseness of incisors; stitches, on biting on them, in upper back extending upward, in lower back extending downward. Caust. 5.
- Looseness of teeth and pain on chewing. China 5.
- Looseness of teeth; sensitiveness to cold air. Natr. M. 5.
- Looseness. Swelling of gums, with such looseness of teeth that she could have taken them out. Nit. Ac. 5.
- Looseness of teeth so that he fears they will fall out. Psor. 5.
- Looseness of teeth, with pain in gums on pressure. Sil. 5.
- Looseness of teeth; lower incisors; she cannot bite upon them. Rhus Tox. 5.
- Looseness and prominence of one tooth in morning, with pain in gum on touch. Ars. A. 5.
- Looseness. Painful looseness and elongation of teeth. Caust. Clin.
- Loss. Metallic taste, with loss of appetite; metallic at root of tongue. Cocc. 3.
- Loss of appetite, but when he began to eat he relished food. Calc. C. 2.
- Loss. Ravenous appetite before supper; with loss of appetite and trembling in limbs; then coldness over whole body; with heat in chest, so that it was difficult to fall asleep. Sil. 2.
- Loss of appetite in morning. Abies N. 2.
- Loss of digestive power; burning in stomach in morning; heartburn all day. Sul. 1.
- Loss. Ravenous appetite, with emptiness in stomach; with loss of appetite in palate and throat. Rhus Tox. 2.
- Lost. Appetite lost. Kali B. 2.
- Lost. Appetite lost, and whatever she eats goes against her, even to vomiting. Lyc. 2.
- Lost. Appetite lost as soon as he sees food, and he feels full in abdomen; and aversion to it when he begins to eat. Sul. 2.
- Lost. Appetite lost; diminished; aversion to food. Plumb. 2.
- Lost. Appetite lost; beer is not relished. Rhus Tox. 2.
- Lost. Taste bitter, if she eats anything or swallows saliva; everything tastes bitter; insipid; lost to food. Borax 3.
- Lost. Appetite entirely lost, and after eating a little loud belching and inability to work. China Clin.
- Lost. Appetite lost for milk, but if he takes it he begins to relish it. Bry. 2.
- Lost. Appetite lost. Bapt. 2.
- Lost. Appetite diminished, lost for breakfast and supper; at these times satiety as soon as he begins to eat. Cycl. 2.
- Lost. Feeling as if stomach hung down, relaxed, and appetite lost. Ipe. 1.
- Lost. Appetite lost. Ign. 2.
- Lost. Appetite lost for wine and brandy, to which he is accustomed. Merc. S. 2.
- Lost. Appetite lost; indifferent to food; desire for something sour. Pod. 2.
- Lost. Appetite lost; aversion to meat. Sep. 2.
- Lost. Appetite lost; loathing of food. Acon. 2.
- Lost. Appetite lost, still he relished the food that he eat. Ars. Alb. 2.
- Lost. Appetite lost for smoking; he could not smoke at all. Natr. M. 2.
- Lost. Taste lost for food; better when not eating. Bry. 3.
- Loud. Appetite entirely lost, and, after eating a little, loud belching and inability to work. China Clin.
- Loud. Flatulence all the afternoon; offensive. Caust. 7.
- Lower. Pain in teeth aggravated by drawing in air with open mouth; with stitches in one row of teeth, now in an upper, now in a lower molar, then in other teeth towards the front, aggravated by eating, at noon and evening; with red, hot spots on cheek and throat, with complaining mood full of reproaches and despondency. Nux Vom. 5.
- Lower. Painful looseness of incisors; stitches on biting on them; in upper back extending upward, in lower back extending downward. Caust. 5.
- Lower. Jerking in teeth in evening in bed, now in upper, now in lower back. Bry. 5.
- Lower. Drawing toothache diffusing itself over temple; drawing in incisors; in left lower molars, then involving upper molars; as soon as it ceases there it begins in upper incisors. Kreas. Clin.
- Lower. Jerking pain in left lower hollow molar, with frequent yawning. Kreas. 5.
- Lower. Numb pain in lower teeth in morning after rising. Plat. 5.
- Lump. Vomiting of pregnancy, with constant salivation; feeling of a lump in throat; soreness in pit of stomach; great thirst; relieved by drinking hot water. Sulf. Ac. Clin.
- Lump. Indigestion, with bloating, sour eructations, heartburn, and a weak feeling, or a feeling of a lump in the pit of the stomach, or a feeling of pulsation after eating; there are generally pressure, belching of gas, bloating and soreness. Kali C. Clin.
- Lump. Pressure in pit of stomach as if a lump were in it after a moderate supper, transversely across. Calc. C. 1.
- Lump. Gastric disorders of Bismuth are usually burning, with a feeling of a load or hard lump in stomach. Bism. Clin.
- Lump. Feeling of a hard lump, which makes the stomach sore. Bry. Clin.
- Lumps. Inflammation and ulceration of the tongue and mouth; sometimes with hard lumps in the tongue, always with easy bleeding; tendency to slough. Mur. Ac. Clin.
- Lump. Dyspepsia; distress appearing while the patient is eating; feeling as if the food formed hard lumps, with soreness of the stomach. Nux Mos. Clin.
- Lying. Distention of abdomen by flatulence, waking about midnight, causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief; new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. Cocc. 7.
- Lying. Contractive pain in stomach at night, extending into chest, with distention of abdomen; paroxysmal; arresting breath, obliging her to bend double; worse when lying. Carbo V. 1.
- Lying. Colic, as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. Nux Vom. 7.
- Lying. Nausea from smoking after eating; during dinner; relieved by lying down, with faintness and flashes of heat; after dinner. Nux Vom. 6.
- Lying. Tearing in teeth about 3 a. m. as if an exposed nerve were paining from cold air; worse lying on painless side; better by lying on painful cheek; relieved momentarily by cold water. Bry. 5.
- Lying. Offensive odor from mouth in morning; in evening after lying down; at night. Pul. 5.
- Lying. Vomiting of pregnancy, with intolerance of the smell of coffee; vomiting when lying on right side. Sulf. Ac. Clin.
- Lying. Atonic dyspepsia with amenorrhœa; the nausea and vomiting generally relieved by eating and lying down. Sep. Clin.
- Lying. Pain beneath stomach when lying; in epigastric region on touch; after eating. Sul. 1.



## LYING.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## MENTAL.

**Lying.** Flatulent colic in evening after lying down. Nux Vom. 7.

**Lying.** Pain all day in stomach, relieved by lying and warmth of bed, returning on rising. Graph. 1.

**Lying.** Acidity of stomach when lying on back and when walking, with burning. Carbo V. 1.

**Lying.** Pressure in pit of stomach; relieved by lying down. Caust. 1.

**Malignant.** Ulcers in the stomach supposed to be malignant and incurable, have been cured or greatly relieved by this drug; always with extreme burning and distress, as if the whole stomach were raw; at times with vomiting of blood. Mezer. Clin.

**Malt.** Dyspepsia resulting from malt liquors, with flatulency, oppression after eating, nausea and vomiting of mucus. Kali B. Clin.

**Many eructations,** tasting of food; ineffectual. Graph. 7.

**Mapped.** General dryness and heat of mouth, with catarrh of the pharynx; mapped tongue. Natr. M. Clin.

**Marasmus.** Sore mouth; aphthæ occurring during protracted diseases, especially in children; with marasmus; with salivation; sour vomiting; stools like chopped eggs. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

**Margin.** Gums red, bright, red margin; red and swollen and livid, and covered with thin white patches, easily removed from a non-ulcerating surface. Merc. S. 5.

**Margin.** Tongue coated yellow, with red margin, showing imprint of teeth; yellow, white, slimy; dryness. Chel. 3.

**Margin.** Disturbances of digestion and of the function of the liver; the tongue is yellow and shows the print of the teeth around the margin. Chel. Clin.

**Margins.** Gums blue along margins; slate-colored on border. Plumb. 5.

**Margins.** Tongue red on margins; brown coat down centre; white; dry. Plumb. 3.

**Meal.** Great hunger soon after a meal; desires many and different things. Cina 2.

**Meal.** Emission of flatus, after every meal; on attempting to go to stool; burning and offensive. Aloe 7.

**Meal.** Gastric catarrh, with thickly white coated tongue, dry mouth; nausea, especially when the distress or regurgitation of food takes place a long time after a meal. Pul. Clin.

**Meal.** Sour eructations after a meal, with burning in throat. Sil. 7.

**Meal.** Flatulent pain in evening after a meal, here and there, after midnight; not relieved by emission of flatus. Pul. 7.

**Meal.** Pain in pit of stomach on pressure after a meal and on touch; sore internally. Sep. 1.

**Meal.** Stomach and abdomen tense after a moderate meal; clothes seem too tight. Nit. Ac. 1.

**Meal.** Vomiting of food and bile; even to vomiting after a meal, with salivation during menstruation. Lyc. 6.

**Meal.** Hiccough after a meal. Sep. 7.

**Meal.** Pain in stomach after a light meal, with fullness, eructations of food and colic; aggravated by sitting bent over and in region of duodenum, with difficult breathing. Lyc. 1.

**Meal.** Vomiting of food several hours after a meal. Kreas. Clin.

**Meal.** Cramplike pain in stomach after every meal; oppression whenever she eats. Ferr. 1.

**Meal.** Griping in epigastric region after every meal; worse towards evening. Coloc. 1.

**Meal.** Flatulent after every meal. Borax 7.

**Meal.** Fullness in stomach after eating; as full for a long time after a meal as when he had just eaten; the food seems to stick high up. China 1.

**Meal.** Nausea after each meal, worse during and after dinner, with troublesome efforts to vomit. Arg. N. 6.

**Meal.** Burning in stomach, extending into throat, after every meal. Calc. C. 1.

**Meals.** Taste of rotten eggs between meals. Arn. M. 3.

**Meat.** Eructations tasting of food, then nausea; of gas; bilious in evening; bitter at night; of a bitter fluid; tasting of rancid tallow after eating buckwheat cakes; as of bad meat after dinner; the taste remains with nausea. Pul. 7.

**Meat.** Relish for meat. Mag. C. 2.

**Meat.** Slimy taste in morning, with nausea; foul; clammy; insipid; as of bad meat; with nausea; disgusting in morning, with white tongue. Pul. 3.

**Meat.** Bitter taste to food, then chilliness and cold sweat; to bread, rolls, and meat; to bread, with aversion to bread; to beer in morning; afterwards a sour taste. Pul. 3.

**Meat.** Appetite lost, repugnance to food, to meat and broth. Arn. M. 2.

**Meat.** Desire for indigestible things, like ham, smoked meat, etc. Calc. P. Clin.

**Meat.** Aversion to meat, to fat meat, to milk which makes her flatulent. Carbo V. 2.

**Meat.** Indigestion; stomach disordered by meat. Kali B. 1.

**Meat.** Appetite great; in evening; diminished, especially for meat; can eat only bread and butter; meat disagrees with him. Ferr. 2.

**Meat.** Aversion to meat, bread and coffee. Natr. M. 2.

**Meat.** Appetite, but he knows not for what; also, he relishes nothing; aversion to smoking, to meat, to butter. Puls. 2.

**Meat.** Appetite lost; aversion to meat. Sep. 2.

**Meat.** General craving for acids, and aversion to meat and fat or rich food. Pul. Clin.

**Meat.** Smoking tobacco is not relished; aversion to food, to sour things, to meat. Sul. 2.

**Medicine.** Vomiting violent of all food, drink and medicine; of blood; of coffee- or chocolate-colored matter. Secale 6.

**Melancholy.** Morning nausea, amelioration after eating; on waking, towards evening and at night; on washing mouth before breakfast; on waking; with blackness before eyes in evening; weakness even to faintness, with melancholy; easily startled, then vomiting of food; then retching. Sep. 6.

**Membrane.** Tongue covered with tenacious mucus, as with a membrane. Pul. 3.

**Membrane.** Ulcers on inside of cheeks, with sticking on uvula, palate, fauces, and as far as could be seen covered with yellowish-gray membrane; red, swollen, painful and offensive. Nit. Ac. 5.

**Membrane.** Tongue dark and with most of mouth and fauces covered with a grayish-white membrane. Mur. Ac. 3.

**Membrane.** Mouth, fauces and tongue covered with a white membrane that could be torn off easily. Nit. Ac. 5.

**Membrane.** Mucous membrane of cheek easily gets between teeth, so that he bites it when chewing. Nit. Ac. 5.

**Membrane.** Epidermal cutting of mouth and fauces, abraded in morning, but partly hanging in large pieces; the mucous membrane itself swollen and loose. Caust. 5.

**Membrane.** Mucous membrane of tongue red and covered with blisters. Canth. 3.

**Menses.** Pain in pit of stomach during menses. Sul. 1.

**Menses.** Beating pain in teeth if anything hot or cold is taken into the mouth, extending into cheek, which swells during menses. Sep. 5.

**Menses.** Gastralgia from suppression of menses. Cocc. Clin.

**Menses.** Nausea at night during menses, with retching and waterbrash; during suppression of menses, with good appetite; when he wishes to eat; when eating; so that food was repulsive. Pul. 6.

**Menses.** Aching in teeth during menses, with throbbing in gums; worse in a hollow molar, which pains as if elongated and swollen; then swelling of gums and cheeks. Sep. 5.

**Menses.** Cardialgia during menses. Pul. 1.

**Menstrual toothache.** Staph. Clin.

**Menstruating.** Toothache after menstruating. Calc. C. 5.

**Menstruation.** Nausea in morning during menstruation, with chilliness and faintness in morning in bed; with bruised pain in intestines and loins in morning, with qualms about heart and salivation. Nux Vom. 6.

**Menstruation.** Nausea in morning during menstruation, with weakness and trembling during the day. Graph. 6.

**Menstruation.** Vomiting of food and bile; even to vomiting after a meal, with salivation; during menstruation. Lyc. 6.

**Mental.** Dyspepsia, aggravated by any mental effort; stomach and abdomen became excessively bloated from any unpleasant emotion. Nux Mos. Clin.



**MERCURIAL.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****MORNING.**

**Mercurial.** Ulceration of the mouth, with great fetor; the ulcers spread rapidly like mercurial ulcers, but when touched they have sharp splinter-like pains; these ulcers extend into the throat and simulate diphtheria. Nit. Ac. Clin.

**Mercurial.** Gums become unhealthy and bleed easily; the teeth are loose, and the saliva is bloody, and there is a putrid odor from the mouth; with these conditions the drug is frequently indicated in a mercurial cachexia. Nit. Ac. Clin.

**Mercurial.** Chronic salivation; the effect of mercurial poisoning. China Clin.

**Mercury.** Gastric derangements which recur often in persons who have been in the habit of taking Mercury; the attacks frequently preceded by great hunger, and apparently caused by overeating. Bry. Clin.

**Mercury.** Dyspepsia, following the abuse of Mercury or Quinine; indicated by the longing for highly seasoned food, or for acids. Hep. Clin.

**Mercury.** Weakened digestion after Mercury. Lach. Clin.

**Metallic.** Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning, then cutting in abdomen and nausea in morning after eating a little; with return of a metallic, herby taste; with weight and heat, as from a stone in epigastrium; aggravation from walking; amelioration from sitting. Nux Vom. 1.

**Metallic.** Taste sweet to bread; salty on lips; slimy; putrid in throat as of bad eggs on moving tongue; metallic. Merc. S. 3.

**Metallic.** Taste sweetish; bitter; metallic. Plumb. 3.

**Metallic taste, with loss of appetite;** metallic at root of tongue. Cocc. 3.

**Metallic.** Extreme aversion to food, with persistent, slightly qualmish, bitter taste; metallic taste; putrid taste. Cocc. Clin.

**Metallic.** Taste bitter to dinner; metallic in afternoon; sour. Natr. C. 2.

**Metallic.** Taste metallic; coppery in morning on waking. Sul. 3.

**Metallic.** Sourish and metallic taste to food. Amm. C. 5.

**Metallic.** Taste, nauseous; metallic; sweetish-sour on back of tongue; bitter. Bism. 3.

**Metallic.** Taste metallic; with dry irritative hacking; bitter; nauseous. Aloe 3.

**Middle.** Tongue coated, sometimes with red edges, with a streak in middle, and redness of tip; brown and dry. Ars. A. 3.

**Middle.** Tongue red and dry in the middle, or red in streaks, with great prostration. Ant. T. Clin.

**Middle.** Dry and rough feeling in middle of tongue. Acon. 3.

**Middle.** Dry tongue in middle; brown; white; red; black. Phos. 3.

**Middle.** Sensation in middle of tongue, as if it had been burnt, and were insensible at night and in morning. Pul. 3.

**Middle.** Tongue chalky; white; red in middle; yellow. Phos. 3.

**Middle.** Tongue coated, mostly whitish-yellow; worse in the middle, and posteriorly. Sabad. 3.

**Midnight.** Distention of abdomen by flatulence, waking about midnight, causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief, new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. Cocc. 7.

**Midnight.** Dryness of mouth after midnight, as if tongue stuck to palate, without thirst, with much saliva in fauces. Nux Vom. 5.

**Midnight.** Vomiting of food after midnight, then aversion to food and dread of open air. Ferr. 6.

**Midnight.** Eructations in morning; with water after midnight; sour eructations. Kali C. 7.

**Midnight.** Toothache in pregnancy, temporarily relieved by holding cold water in the mouth; always aggravated in the evening until midnight. Pul. Clin.

**Midnight.** Flatulent pain in evening after a meal, here and there after midnight; not relieved by emissions of flatus. Pul. 7.

**Milk.** Taste vinegary all day after drinking milk; sour in morning till after breakfast; with sour eructations. Sul. 3.

**Milk.** Desire for cold milk. Rhus Tox. 2.

**Milk.** Aversion to meat, to fat meat, to milk, which makes her flatulent. Carbo V. 2.

**Milk.** Appetite lost for milk, but if he takes it he begins to relish it. Bry. 2.

**Milk.** Nausea, caused by milk when he had eaten almost enough; amelioration if he once ceased eating; with flow of sour water into mouth. Calc. C. 6.

**Milk.** Vomiting of milk (in young children), especially of curdled milk. Aethu. Clin.

**Milk.** Acid dyspepsia; heartburn, even after milk; constant satiety; no relief from belching gas. China Clin.

**Milk.** After nursing the child vomits its milk in little white curds, and refuses to nurse afterwards. Ant. C. Clin.

**Milk.** Stomach disordered by milk. China 1.

**Milk.** Gastralgia coming on some hours after eating; relieved by warm milk; aggravated by cold drinks. Graph. Clin.

**Milk.** Indigestion, especially in children, from taking milk which passes undigested. Mag. M. Clin.

**Milk.** Taste bitter; sour after milk. Phos. 3.

**Milk.** Dyspepsia from drinking milk, which becomes sour in the stomach. Mag. C. Clin.

**Milk.** Taste for milk spoiled in morning. Nux Vom. 3.

**Milk.** Thirst, but nausea soon after drinking; for milk; for beer during chill, with shivering; for small beer after morning chill. Nux Vom. 2.

**Milk.** Distress in stomach from milk; it is vomited curdled. Sul. 1.

**Milk.** Dyspepsia from carbonaceous food, especially from milk. Sul. Clin.

**Mind.** Sore pain in teeth, aggravated by exerting the mind and reflecting. Nux Vom. 5.

**Moist.** Red tongue, with blackish coat, covered with grayish-white crust: moist; edges red; pale dirty yellow posteriorly, and along edges; white anteriorly. Merc. C. 3.

**Molar.** Boring in a lower molar, extending to nose and eyes. Caust. 5.

**Molar.** Pain in teeth, aggravated by drawing in air with open mouth; with stitches in one row of teeth, now in an upper, now in a lower molar, then in other teeth towards the front, aggravated by eating, at noon and evening; with red, hot spots on cheek and throat, with complaining mood, full of reproaches and despondency. Nux Vom. 5.

**Molar.** Throbbing pain in third upper molar, which is beginning to decay. Kreas. 5.

**Molar.** Inflammation of molar, with swelling and soreness of gum. Sil. 5.

**Molar.** Jerking pain in left lower hollow molar; with frequent yawning. Kreas. 5.

**Molar.** Throbbing pain in teeth only when eating; in root of last hollow molar in evening. Kali C. 5.

**Molar.** Aching in teeth during menses, with throbbing in gums; worse in hollow molar, which pains as if elongated and swollen; then swelling of gums and cheeks. Sep. 5.

**Molars.** Stitches in molars on pressing them together. Amm. C. 5.

**Molars.** Tearing in hollow molar; jerking drawing in roots of incisors; sharp jerking in two last molars. Zinc. 5.

**Molars.** Tickling sticking in right lower molar. Staph. 5.

**Molars.** Pain in teeth when eating, in incisors and anterior molars on drawing air into mouth; aggravated by cold or damp air. Nux Mos. 5.

**Molars.** Drawing toothache diffusing itself over temple; drawing in incisors; in left lower molars, then involving upper molars; as soon as it ceases there it begins in upper incisors. Kreas. Clin.

**Mood.** Sudden ravenous hunger during the contemptuous mood, with greedy, hasty, eating. Plat. 2.

**Mood.** Pain in teeth aggravated by drawing in air with open mouth; with stitches in one row of teeth, now in an upper now in a lower molar, then in other teeth towards the front; aggravated by eating; at noon and evening; with red, hot spots on cheek and throat; with complaining mood full of reproaches. Nux Vom. 5.

**Mood.** Dyspepsia, with hypochondriac mood, especially at the climateric of women, or as the result of overwrought brain or sexual excess. Sep. Clin.



**MORNING.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****MORNING.**

**Morning.** (*Flatulence.*) Flatulent distention of abdomen after eating; after drinking in morning, with gurgling; also in bed, with spasmodic and gripping, flatulent colic and heat in palms and soles. Nux Vom. 7.

**Morning.** Distention of abdomen in morning in bed; amelioration from emission of flatus. Sul. 7.

**Morning.** Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about painfully; worse in upper abdomen. Pul. 7.

**Morning.** Cutting in abdomen in morning, with emission of flatus. Pul. 7.

**Morning.** Distention of abdomen in evening; gurgling; rumbling, with rolling in morning in bed; with grumbling and flatulent pain. Zinc. 7.

**Morning.** (*Mouth.*) Dryness of mouth in morning, with insipidity and stickiness of palate; with thirst. Sul. 5.

**Morning.** Mouth and pharynx dry in morning and covered with insipid mucus, with offensive breath that is not perceptible to himself. Pul. 5.

**Morning.** Mouth slimy in morning on waking, with headache. Bel. 5.

**Morning.** Dry mouth without thirst in evening, so that tongue sticks to palate, also back of mouth and throat in morning on waking; dry at night, with slimy feel; dry, and the saliva seems like cotton. Nux Mos. 5.

**Morning.** Salivation; bloody saliva is expectorated in morning. Nit. Ac. 5.

**Morning.** Bad odor from mouth in morning. Sil. 5.

**Morning.** Epidermal cutting of mouth and fauces, abraded in morning, but partly hanging in large pieces; the mucous membrane itself swollen and loose. Caust. 5.

**Morning.** Mucus in mouth and fauces in morning. Arg. N. 5.

**Morning.** Saliva runs from mouth in morning on stooping; spitting much saliva. Graph. 5.

**Morning.** Dryness of mouth in morning. Diose. 5.

**Morning.** Offensive odor in mouth like old cheese every morning. Kali C. 5.

**Morning.** Taste for milk spoiled in morning. Nux Vom. 3.

**Morning.** Breath offensive in morning; after dinner, sour. Nux Vom. 5.

**Morning.** Dryness of mouth in morning, without thirst, as after alcoholic stimulants the previous evening. Nux Vom. 5.

**Morning.** Offensive odor from mouth in morning; in evening after lying down; at night. Pul. 5.

**Morning.** (*Nausea.*) Nausea all day; in morning, with accumulation of water in mouth; in morning on waking; she could not eat breakfast; with cutting in upper abdomen and diarrhoea. Petr. 6.

**Morning.** Nausea in morning, during menstruation, with chilliness and faintness in morning in bed; with bruised pain in intestines and loins in morning, with qualmishness about heart and salivation. Nux Vom. 6.

**Morning nausea; amelioration after eating** on waking, towards evening and at night; on washing mouth before breakfast; on waking; with blackness before eyes in evening; weakness even to faintness; with melancholy; easily startled; then vomiting of food, then retching. Sep. 6.

**Morning.** Nausea in morning, so that she can scarcely rise; in afternoon after every drink; mostly in mouth, when riding in a wagon; if he became cold or took cold, causing salivation. Cocc. 6.

**Morning.** Nausea in morning on waking, with vomiting; worse from slightest motion. Bry. 6.

**Morning.** Nausea in morning during menstruation, with weakness and trembling during the day. Graph. 6.

**Morning.** Nausea in morning after rising, with salivation. Mag. M. 6.

**Morning.** Nausea every morning fasting; in morning after rising, so that she must sit down; with salivation. Lye. 6.

**Morning.** Nause and vomiting every morning; chronic. Nux Vom. Clin.

**Morning.** Thirst, but nausea soon after drinking; for milk; for beer during chill, with shivering; for small beer after morningsweat. Nux Vom. 2.

**Morning.** Nausea in morning, with slimy mouth, changing to an acid taste. Pul. 6.

**Morning.** Nausea every morning; in evening during stool; before meal time. Sul. 6.

**Morning.** Nausea in morning without vomiting. Carbo V. 6.

**Morning.** Nausea in morning; fasting, with shuddering; in pit of stomach, with blackness before eyes, so that he must sit down. Calc. C. 6.

**Morning.** (*Stomach.*) Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning, then cutting in abdomen and nausea in morning after eating a little, with return of a metallic, herby taste; with weight and heat, as from a stone in epigastrium; aggravation from walking; amelioration from sitting. Nux Vom. 1.

**Morning.** Feeling in stomach as if cut to pieces in morning, with external sensitiveness of epigastric region. Kali C. 1.

**Morning.** Drawing pain in pit of stomach in morning. Pul. 1.

**Morning.** Pulsation in pit of stomach in morning, then ebullition in chest like palpitation, then internal heat of face and body without redness or thirst but with sweat. Sep. 1.

**Morning.** Loss of digestive power; burning in stomach in morning; heartburn all day. Sul. 1.

**Morning.** Pain in region of stomach after lifting something heavy; the pain goes into small of back, where it becomes sticking, so that she cannot turn without pain the whole night; better in the morning. Borax 1.

**Mornings.** Soreness in pit of stomach mornings, with pain, as from pressure on a sore place after eating a little. China 1.

**Morning.** Stitches in pit of stomach in morning on standing; in pit on deep breathing. Sul. 1.

**Morning.** Distress in stomach in morning with burning; relieved by empty eructations; had to unfasten clothes. Diose. 1.

**Morning.** Epigastric region sensitive in morning; worse towards evening; to pressure; with enlargement of liver; with tension. Phos. 1.

**Morning.** Clawing in stomach towards morning as from a purge, changing to burning in pit of stomach. Nux Vom. 1.

**Morning.** Pain in epigastrium in morning on touch; at noon; a few hours after eating; with nausea and dullness of head in evening; towards evening; and in abdomen, with painful vomiting and diarrhoea. Phos. 1.

**Morning.** Clawing in stomach in morning on rising, as from long fasting; better after eating. Pul. 1.

**Morning.** Heaviness in stomach as from a stone in morning on waking. Pul. 1.

**Morning.** (*Taste.*) Bitter bilious taste when fasting, though food has a good taste; better in morning on waking. Sul. 3.

**Morning.** Taste vinegary all day after drinking milk; sour in morning till after breakfast; with sour eructations. Sul. 3.

**Morning.** Pasty taste in morning. Sul. 3.

**Morning.** Slimy taste in morning, with nausea; foul; clammy; insipid; as of bad meat, with nausea; disgusting in morning, with white tongue. Pul. 3.

**Morning.** Bitter taste to food, then chilliness and cold sweat; to bread, rolls and meat; to bread with aversion to bread; to beer in morning; afterwards a sour taste. Pul. 3.

**Morning.** Bad taste in morning, though food and drink have a natural taste; better after eating; low down in throat on hawking. Nux Vom. 3.

**Morning.** Bitter taste in morning fasting, continuing even when smoking; at 6 p. m.; in evening after beer; after eating and good appetite. Pul. 3.

**Morning.** Taste bitter in morning to food; to beer. Natr. M. 3.

**Morning.** Sour taste, worse in morning after swallowing food that had a natural taste. Nux Vom. 3.

**Morning.** Taste bitter in morning and slimy to food during the day; salty. Merc. C. 3.

**Morning.** Different kinds of foul taste; unpleasant in morning; mouth dry and slimy; sour in morning on waking; bitter; bitterish-sour. Sep. 3.

**Morning.** Taste metallic; coppery in morning on waking. Sul. 3.

**Morning.** Taste bitter in morning, with headache. Calc. P. 3.

**Morning.** Nauseous taste in morning; pasty in forenoon; on posterior part of palate after dinner. Bry. 3.

**Morning.** Taste bitter in morning; sour after eating; to all food. Lye. 3.

**Morning.** Taste chalky in morning fasting. Nux Mos. 3.



**MORNING.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****MOUTH.**

**Morning.** (*Teeth.*) Jerking pain in teeth, worse in morning, better when cold water taken into mouth becomes warm. Pul. 5.

**Morning.** Numb pain in lower teeth in morning after rising. Plat. 5.

**Morning.** Aching in teeth only at night, and when it ceases in morning excitement and uneasiness, preventing sleep, with swelling of gum, as if suppurating. Lye. 5.

**Morning.** Looseness and prominence of one tooth in morning, with pain in gum on touch. Ars. A. 5.

**Morning.** (*Tongue.*) Dryness of tongue in morning on waking, and in palate and lips; then much tenacious mucus. Pul. 3.

**Morning.** Dryness of tongue, and in mouth and throat, and in morning roughness. Sep. 3.

**Morning.** Dryness of tongue in morning on waking and in palate. Sul. 3.

**Morning.** Tongue coated yellow, as a rule, though sometimes white in the morning. Nit. Ac. Clin.

**Morning.** Sensation in middle of tongue, as if it had been burnt and were insensible, at night and in morning. Pul. 3.

**Morning.** Tongue white; coated white in morning with much viscid mucus in mouth. Pod. 3.

**Morning.** (*Vomiting.*) Vomiting of sweetish water in morning, fasting; of food. Kreas. 6.

**Morning.** Vomiting of bile in morning after long, violent retching. Hep. 6.

**Morning.** Obstinate vomiting always on waking in morning on the slightest movement. Cupr. Clin.

**Morning.** Vomiting violent; easy, of sour liquid; watery; sometimes insipid, sometimes bitter in morning even before breakfast. Tabac. 6.

**Morning.** (*Miscellaneous.*) **Ravenous hunger** in morning. Calc. C. 2.

**Morning.** Thirst during the heat; worse in the morning, especially for beer; for alcoholic drinks. Pul. 2.

**Morning.** Loss of appetite in morning. Abies N. 2.

**Morning.** Ineffectual retching in morning. Natr. C. 6.

**Morning.** Retching in morning, fasting. Kreas. 6.

**Morning.** Eructations loud; sour in morning; of sour liquid after coffee; ineffectual. Pul. 7.

**Morning.** Empty eructations in morning fasting; loud; when fasting and after eating. Plat. 7.

**Morning.** Eructations in morning; with water after midnight; sour eructations. Kali C. 7.

**Most violent retching and vomiting of food or of whatever is taken into the stomach; the ejecta are always very profuse and the vomiting is attended with cold sweat, great prostration, burning in the stomach, and great sensitiveness to touch.** Ver. Alb. Clin.

**Motion.** Nausea, on motion, with relaxed sensation in stomach; paroxysmal as in seasickness, with vertigo and cold sweat; amounting almost to faintness; amelioration in open air. Tabac. 6.

**Motion.** Cramp in the region of the stomach and abdomen or very violent cutting pain going through to back, as if transfixed, and preventing the slightest motion. Cupr. Clin.

**Motion.** Speech difficult; slow; weak; with feeling on every motion of the tongue as if there were resistance to be overcome. Secale 3.

**Motion.** Gastralgia; pains extend to the chest; aggravation from motion; amelioration from quiet rest. Rumex Clin.

**Motion.** Gastralgia; sharp cutting or sticking; aggravation from motion or eating. Kali C. Clin.

**Motion.** Nausea in morning on waking, with vomiting; worse from slightest motion. Bry. 6.

**Motion of tongue painful.** Ant. T. 3.

**Motion.** Red blisters on tongue, as if skin were eroded; with pain on every motion of tongue, and on touch of anything salt or sour. Borax 3.

**Motions.** Distention of stomach and bowels, with feeling as if peristaltic motions were reversed; with spasmodic working in œsophagus. Asaf. 1.

**Mouth.** (*Aphthæ and Ulcers.*) **Aphthæ in mouth; bluish-red and spongy; the ulcer spreads without penetrating into flesh; stomatitis.** Merc. S. 5.

**Mouth.** Longing for acids, with flatulent dyspepsia, soreness over the abdomen and liver, blisters in the mouth and especially with a feeling of something twisting about the stomach and rising into the throat. Sep. Clin.

**Mouth.** Aphthous sore mouth. Staph. Clin.

**Mouth swollen, palate and pharynx ulcerated.** Sulf. Ac. 5.

**Mouth.** Sore mouth; aphthæ occurring during protracted diseases especially in children; with marasmus; with salivation; sour vomiting; stools like chopped eggs. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

**Mouth.** Aphthæ in mouth; breath offensive. Sulf. Ac. 5.

**Mouth.** Aphthous mouth in nursing children. Mur. Ac. Clin.

**Mouth.** Aphthous sore mouth occurring in the last stages of wasting diseases, sometimes with watery diarrhœa and irritable stomach. Mur. Ac. Clin.

**Mouth.** Superficial ulcers in mouth, with burning pain on touch. Natr. C. 3.

**Mouth.** Blisters and soreness in mouth, ulcers, and on gum and tongue, in which food and drink caused biting. Natr. M. 5.

**Mouth.** Aphthæ of mouth and cheek, with burning; relaxed uvula. Natr. M. Clin.

**Mouth.** Vesicles on tongue and mouth. Natr. M. Clin.

**Mouth.** Ulceration of mouth and gums, with fetid odor. Nux Vom. Clin.

**Mouth.** Gangrene of the mouth. Lach Clin.

**Mouth.** Ulceration of the mouth, with great fetor; the ulcers spread rapidly, like mercurial ulcers, but when touched they have sharp, splinter-like pains; these ulcers extend into the throat and simulate diphtheria. Nit. Ac. Clin.

**Mouth.** Gums, mouth, tongue and palate slimy, with raw and sore feeling, as from something acrid. Nux Vom. 5.

**Mouth.** Canker sores on the tongue and aphthæ in the mouth. Lach. Clin.

**Mouth.** Ulcers and pustules on the gums and mouth. Merc. S. Clin.

**Mouth.** Painful blisters in all parts of mouth, with burning pain. Kali C. 5.

**Mouth.** Painful blisters in mouth and on tongue. Ars. A. 5.

**Mouth.** Gums and mouth are sore, ulcerated; breath fetid; salivation; ulcerations, with red areola. Bapt. Clin.

**Mouths.** Sore mouths of nursing infants and of nursing women. Bapt. Clin.

**Mouth.** Ulceration of the mouth, with great dryness, and burning heat. Ars. A. Clin.

**Mouth.** Part of tongue and back of mouth excoriated, part covered with blisters. Canth. 3.

**Mouth.** Back of mouth excoriated, covered with blisters. Canth. 5.

**Mouth.** Aphthous sore mouth; the ulcers bleed on eating, or on touch; mouth very tender in nursing children; hot, with thirst and vomiting. Borax Clin.

**Mouth.** Gangrenous sore mouth of children. Ars. A. Clin.

**Mouth.** (*Burning.*) **Burning in mouth along pharynx, and in pit of stomach.** Ars. A. 5.

**Mouth.** Burning in mouth, extending to stomach, in palate and fauces, with scraping. Mezer. 5.

**Mouth.** Burning in mouth and in throat. Tabac. 5.

**Mouth.** Burning on tongue and on fore part of mouth, with salivation. Mezer. 3.

**Mouth and throat swollen and bright red, with pain and burning in mouth, throat and stomach.** Nit. Ac. 5.

**Mouth.** Burning pain and rawness in mouth, then aphthous and denuded spots. Lach. 5.

**Mouth.** Nausea, with burning in mouth, spitting of saliva and general chill, without heat or thirst. Kreas. 6.

**Mouth.** Aching; burning in stomach, extending to mouth, with dryness; as from a stone in pit. Acon. 1.

**Mouth.** Burning pain in tip of tongue as from soreness, aggravation from taking anything warm into mouth. Calc. C. 3.

**Mouth.** Burning scraping in mouth and in œsophagus. Arn. M. 5.

**Mouth.** (*Dryness.*) **Dryness of mouth and of palate with thirst for water.** Ver. Alb. 5.

**Mouth.** Dryness of mouth. Stram. 5.

**Mouth and pharynx dry in morning and covered with insipid mucus, with offensive breath that is not perceptible to himself.** Pul. 5.

**Mouth.** Dryness of mouth. Kali B. 5.



## MOUTH.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## MOUTH.

**Mouth.** Dryness of mouth in morning; with insipidity and stickiness of palate; with thirst. Sul. 5.

**Mouth.** Dry feeling in mouth with thirst, but he drinks little at a time. Ars. A. 5.

**Mouth.** Dryness of tongue and mouth as if it would stick to palate, without thirst. Nux Mos. 3.

**Mouth.** Dry mouth without thirst in evening so that tongue sticks to palate, also back of mouth and throat in morning on waking; dry at night, with slimy feeling; dry, and the saliva seems like cotton. Nux Mos. 5.

**Mouth.** Dryness of mouth after midnight, as if tongue stuck to palate, without thirst; with much saliva in fauces. Nux Vom. 5.

**Mouth.** Thirst, but drinking did not refresh him; he drinks much, but little at a time; with dryness of mouth, and a peculiar thick white saliva. Ars. Alb. 2.

**Mouth.** Dryness of mouth at night with thirst; of lining of cheeks, lips, tongue, which look burnt, roof of mouth and pharynx. Bel. 5.

**Mouth and lips dry,** without thirst. Can. Ind. 2.

**Mouth.** Thirst unquenchable; with dryness of mouth and throat; with burning and tingling of tongue. Secale 2.

**Mouth.** Dry mouth with thirst. Arn. M. 2.

**Mouth.** Thirst from dryness in mouth; for water or beer. Rhus Tox. 2.

**Mouth.** Dryness of mouth without thirst. Sil. 5.

**Mouth.** Dryness of mouth with thirst. Rhus Tox. 5.

**Mouth.** Different kinds of foul taste unpleasant in morning; mouth dry and slimy; sour in morning on waking; bitter; bitterish-sour. Sep. 3.

**Mouth.** Gastric catarrh, with thickly white coated tongue, dry mouth, nausea; especially when the distress or regurgitation of food takes place a long time after a meal. Pul. Clin.

**Mouth.** Dryness of tongue and in mouth and throat; and in morning, roughness. Sep. 3.

**Mouth.** Dryness of mouth and of lips, which she must constantly lick, as if caused by heat of breath. Natr. C. 5.

**Mouth.** Dryness of mouth. Natr. M. 5.

**Mouth.** General dryness and heat of mouth, with catarrh of the pharynx; mapped tongue. Natr. M. Clin.

**Mouth.** Dryness of mouth without thirst, with swollen, hot, lips. Nit. Ac. 5.

**Mouth.** Tongue and mouth dry and pasty. Nux Mos. 3.

**Mouth.** Excessive dryness of the mouth and tongue in sleep; always wakes with dry mouth and tongue. Nux Mos. Clin.

**Mouth.** Dryness of mouth in morning, without thirst, as after alcoholic stimulants the previous evening. Nux Vom. 5.

**Mouth.** Dryness in mouth on waking and in nose. Phos. 5.

**Mouth.** Soreness and dryness in mouth. Lach. 5.

**Mouth.** Dryness of mouth without thirst. Lye. 5.

**Mouth.** Dry mouth and tongue; dry and burning. Mere. C. 5.

**Mouth.** Dryness of lips, mouth, and throat. Bry. Clin.

**Mouth.** Soreness and dryness of mouth, with dryness of throat and constant spitting. Agar. 5.

**Mouth.** Acute glossitis, with dry, hot mouth. Acon. Clin.

**Mouth.** Dryness of mouth in morning. Diosc. 5.

**Mouth.** (*Offensive Odor.*) Foul odor from mouth. Nit. Ac. 5.

**Mouth.** Gums unhealthy, bleeding, spongy, pale, receding from teeth, with offensive odor from the mouth. Mere. S. Clin.

**Mouth.** Bad odor from mouth in morning. Sil. 5.

**Mouth.** Gums become unhealthy and bleed easily; the teeth are loose and the saliva is bloody, and there is a putrid odor from the mouth; with these conditions the drug is frequently indicated in a mercurial cachexia. Nit. Ac. Clin.

**Mouth.** Offensive smell from mouth. Sep. 5.

**Mouth.** Offensive odor from mouth in morning; in evening after lying down; at night. Pul. 5.

**Mouth.** Bad odor from mouth. Petr. 5.

**Mouth.** Bad odor in mouth. Lye. 5.

**Mouth.** Offensive odor from mouth. Hep. 5.

**Mouth.** Offensive odor from mouth in persons who are debilitated or during fevers. Carbo V. Clin.

**Mouth.** Offensive smell from mouth. Calc. C. 5.

**Mouth.** Offensive odor in mouth like old cheese every morning. Kali C. 5.

**Mouth.** (*Saliva and Mucus.*) Dribbling of glairy saliva from mouth. Stram. 5.

**Mouth.** Salivation, running from mouth like waterbrash. Ver. Alb. 5.

**Mouth full of white tenacious mucus,** which must be expectorated frequently. Tabac. 5.

**Mouth slimy in morning on waking,** with headache. Bel. 5.

**Mouth.** Nausea, with bilious taste, with salivation and closure of jaws; with great thirst and with frothing from mouth; with weakness. Ver. Alb. 6.

**Mouth.** Salivation; watery saliva running constantly from mouth. Tabac. 5.

**Mouth.** Nausea all day, in morning with accumulation of water in mouth; in morning on waking; she could not eat breakfast; with cutting in upper abdomen and diarrhoea. Petr. 6.

**Mouth.** Profuse saliva, ropy; drops from mouth during conversation. Iris 5.

**Mouth.** Watery saliva runs from mouth in sleep. Phos. 5.

**Mouth.** Burning pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after dinner, with salivation, extending into throat, into mouth; soreness on waking. Kali B. 1.

**Mouth.** Much mucus in mouth and nose. Petr. 5.

**Mouth.** Frothing at the mouth. Tabac. 5.

**Mouth.** Constant accumulation of mucus in mouth. Staph. 5.

**Mucus in mouth and fauces in morning.** Arg. N. 5.

**Mouth constantly full of mucus; salivation.** Ign. 5.

**Mouth.** Tongue white; coated white in morning, with much viscid mucus in mouth. Pod. 3.

**Mouth.** Saliva and mucus so thick that mouth was dry and he was inclined to drink, but had no real thirst. Nux Mos. 5.

**Mouth.** Nausea caused by milk when he had eaten almost enough; amelioration if he once ceased eating, with flow of sour water into mouth. Calc. C. 6.

**Mouth.** Salivation running from mouth during afternoon nap; when sitting. Rhus Tox. 5.

**Mouth.** Bloody saliva in mouth. Mag. C. 5.

**Mouth.** Saliva runs from mouth in morning on stooping; spitting much saliva. Graph. 5.

**Mouth.** (*Taste.*) Sour eructations, the taste of which does not remain in the mouth, but the acid gnaws in the stomach; waterbrash. Lye. 7.

**Mouth.** Appetite increased for various things, but does not know exactly what; hunger, but want of appetite; food tastes natural, yet is disagreeable in mouth; indifference to eating and drinking only while eating; appetite and natural taste to food returned. China 2.

**Mouth.** Taste and coolness in mouth and throat as from peppermint; biting taste in throat as from peppermint; as from heat rising from oesophagus into mouth. Ver. Alb. 3.

**Mouth.** Tasteless saliva, with tastelessness in mouth. Ver. Alb. 3.

**Mouth.** Taste bitter, waking her at night, with dryness in mouth. Rhus Tox. 3.

**Mouth.** Indigestion characterized by extreme distress in stomach immediately after eating; feeling as if the stomach knotted up at times; with bitter eructations, or with sour or putrid taste in the mouth; nearly always associated with nausea and efforts to vomit. Nux Vom. Clin.

**Mouth.** Bad taste; bad odors in the mouth and accumulation of tough mucus. Chel. Clin.

**Mouth.** Taste bad and mouth slimy. Kali C. 3.

**Mouth.** Difficult vomiting of the beverage, and of yellow-green mucus and water, with bitter taste in mouth, which remained a long time. Ars. A. 6.

**Mouth clammy with bitter taste.** Diosc. 5.

**Mouth.** (*Teeth.*) Toothache when cold air or drinks enter the mouth. Calc. C. 5.

**Mouth.** Jerking pain in teeth, worse in morning; better when cold water taken into mouth becomes warm. Pul. 5.

**Mouth.** Aching in teeth as soon as anything warm is taken into the mouth. Pul. 5.



**MOUTH.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****MUCUS.**

**Mouth.** Pain in teeth, aggravated by drawing in air with open mouth; with stitches in one row of teeth; now in an upper, now in a lower molar, then in other teeth towards the front, aggravated by eating; at noon and evening; with red, hot spots on cheek and throat, with complaining mood full of reproaches and despondency. Nux Vom. 5.

**Mouth.** Sticking in teeth on taking anything cold or warm into mouth. Nit. Ac. 5.

**Mouth.** Toothache relieved by holding cold water in the mouth. Natr. S. Clin.

**Mouth.** Pain in teeth when eating, in incisors and interior molars on drawing air into mouth; aggravated by cold or damp air. Nux Mos. 5.

**Mouth.** Aching of teeth from drawing air into mouth. Staph. 5.

**Mouth.** Beating pain in teeth if anything hot or cold is taken into the mouth, extending into cheek, which swells during menses. Sep. 5.

**Mouth.** Aching in teeth, aggravated by chewing; eating sour things, and putting cold things into mouth, with grumbling and digging, especially in lower teeth. Arg. N. 5.

**Mouth.** Aching in all teeth after cold drinks or opening mouth; aggravated on biting teeth together. Hep. 5.

**Mouth.** When sucking the gums pure blood flows into the mouth at the same time several forenoons. Carbo V. 5.

**Mouth.** Aching of teeth on taking anything warm into mouth. Bry. 5.

**Mouth.** Toothache in pregnancy, temporarily relieved by holding cold water in the mouth; always aggravated in the evening until midnight. Pul. Clin.

**Mouth.** Pain in hollow teeth, extending into head, if air enters mouth. Nux Vom. 5.

**Mouth.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Sensation in stomach as if one had eaten too much; food rises into mouth as if one would vomit. Pul. 1.

**Mouth** of an infant, very hot. Borax 5.

**Mouth.** Stammering; speech difficult on account of trembling of mouth and tongue. Merc. S. 3.

**Mouth and tongue** feel scalded. Iris 5.

**Mouth.** Nausea in morning so that she can scarcely rise; in afternoon; after every drink; mostly in mouth; when riding in a wagon; if he became cold or took cold, causing salivation. Cocc. 6.

**Mouth.** Dry tongue and dry throat, interfering with speech, and retracted, hanging from the child's mouth; swollen, cracked and difficult to move. Bel. 3.

**Mouth.** Morning nausea; amelioration after eating; on waking, towards evening and at night; on washing mouth before breakfast; on waking with blackness before eyes in evening; weakness even to faintness; with melancholy; easily startled; then vomiting of food, then retching. Sep. 6.

**Mouth.** Nausea in morning, with slimy mouth, changing to an acid taste. Pul. 6.

**Mouth.** Inflammation of mouth and throat; all the parts are red, hot and dry; worse on right side. Bel. Clin.

**Mouth.** Inflammation of mouth and of gums, with discharge of clear water. Merc. C. 5.

**Mouth.** Inflammation and ulceration of the tongue and mouth; sometimes with hard lumps in the tongue, always with easy bleeding; tendency to slough. Mur. Ac. Clin.

**Mouth.** Laxity of mouth, with heaviness of tongue. Lyc. 5.

**Mouth.** Thirst, with dry lips and dry mouth. Lyc. 2.

**Mouth.** Deep crimson color in mouth from posterior third of palate, as far down as could be seen, with enlargement of tonsils. Bel. 5.

**Mouth.** Tongue dark, and with most of mouth and fauces covered with a grayish-white membrane. Mur. Ac. 3.

**Mouth,** fauces and tongue covered with a white membrane that could be torn off easily. Nit. Ac. 5.

**Mouth.** Sensation of glowing coals in mouth and fauces, with constant pressure to swallow and hawk, which increased the pain; discharge of much saliva, with mucus. Caust. 5.

**Mouth.** Scraping in mouth and in throat. Bel. 5.

**Mouth.** Epidermal coating of mouth and fauces abraded; in morning, but partly hanging in large pieces; the mucous membrane swollen and loose. Caust. 5.

**Mouth and tip of tongue** feel sore and scalded. Sabad. 5.

**Mouth.** Tongue cold, mouth cold, breath cold. Camph. 5.

**Moved.** Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about painfully; worse in upper abdomen. Pul. 7.

**Movement.** Tongue swollen and showing imprint of teeth in scallops, which looked ulcerated and its movement difficult and painful; covered with foul ulcers; oozing of blood; the ulcer-made swallowing difficult; with painful, ulcerated margin. Merc. S. 3.

**Movement.** Rumbling in abdomen between 6 and 10 p. m., with movement of flatus and aching, then emission of flatus; offensive. China 7.

**Movement.** Obstinate vomiting always on waking in morning on the slightest movement. Cupr. Clin.

**Movements.** Discharge of flatus; offensive after dinner, relieved after stool, with movements in hypogastrium. Coloc. 7.

**Movements.** Gripping in epigastric region, with movements, then soft stool. Coloc. 1.

**Moving.** Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening or colic aggravated in evening in bed, with gripping and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another. Pul. 7.

**Moving.** Hard elevation on right anterior border of tongue and on moving tongue shooting in it; smarting on right side. Sul. 3.

**Moving.** Spasmodic contraction moving up and down in stomach, causing general pain, especially in posterior wall of stomach, as if pressed against spine. Arn. M. 1.

**Moving.** Soreness in pit of stomach, when talking, drawing breath, or moving about. Ars. Alb. 1.

**Moving.** Sensation as if a worm were moving in stomach. Cocc. 1.

**Moving.** Tension in region of stomach in forenoon, relieved by moving about. Pul. 1.

**Much flatus** in evening. Amm. C. 7.

**Much mucus** in mouth and nose. Petr. 5.

**Much hunger,** but no relish. Agar. 2.

**Mucous.** Epidermal coating of mouth and fauces, abraded in morning, but partly hanging in large pieces; the mucous membrane itself swollen and loose. Caust. 5.

**Mucous** membrane of cheek easily gets between teeth, so that he bites it when chewing. Nit. Ac. 5.

**Mucous** membrane of tongue red and covered with blisters. Canth. 3.

**Mucous.** Yellowish-brown mucous coat of tongue. Carbo V. 3.

**Mucus.** Vomiting of green mucus; with cold sweat. Ver. Alb. 6.

**Mucus.** Mouth full of white, tenacious mucus, which must be expectorated frequently. Tabac. 5.

**Mucus.** Tongue covered with tenacious mucus, as with a membrane. Pul. 3.

**Mucus.** Mouth and pharynx dry in morning, and covered with insipid mucus, with offensive breath that is not perceptible to himself. Pul. 5.

**Mucus.** Retching on hawking mucus from fauces. Nux Vom. 6.

**Mucus.** Vomiting, violent of sour mucus in forenoon; of sour smelling and sour tasting mucus; towards evening with headache like a tearing around lower part of skull; hæmatemesis. Nux Vom. 6.

**Mucus.** Vomiting of food; of blood mixed with dark acid matter, with bile and mucus; black acid liquid, like coffee grounds; offensive. Phos. 6.

**Mucus.** Dryness of tongue in morning on waking and in palate and lips, then much tenacious mucus. Pul. 3.

**Mucus.** Bad taste, bad odors in the mouth and accumulation of tough mucus. Chel. Clin.

**Mucus.** Sensation of glowing coals in mouth and fauces, with constant pressure to swallow and hawk, which increased the pain; discharge of much saliva, with mucus. Caust. 5.

**Mucus.** Eructations frothy and sour, of frothy, sour mucus, tinged bright red. Canth. 7.

**Mucus.** Vomiting of mucus only; of food, then general chill, then heat, with great thirst. Cina 6.

**Mucus.** Vomiting is generally free, consisting largely of mucus, sometimes of blood. Ipe. Clin.



**MUCUS.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****NAUSEA.**

Mucus. Mouth constantly full of mucus; salivation. Ign. 5.

Mucus. Gastric catarrh, with vomiting of glairy mucus; tongue thickly coated. Kali B. Clin.

Mucus. Dyspepsia, resulting from malt liquors, with flatulency, oppression after eating, nausea and vomiting of mucus. Kali B. Clin.

Mucus. Salivation, with tension in sub-maxillary region which was sensitive to touch; saliva dries on palate and lips to a tenacious mucus. Lyc. 5.

Mucus. Inflammation of the stomach, with swelling of the liver; vomiting of blood and mucus; yellow tongue. Phos. Clin.

Mucus. Vomiting of beer; of green bitter mucus. Mezer. 6.

Mucus. Much mucus in mouth and nose. Petr. 5.

Mucus. Vomiting constant of tenacious, purulent, and bloody mucus. Nit. Ac. 6.

Mucus. Constant accumulation of mucus in mouth. Staph. 5.

Mucus. Saliva and mucus so thick that mouth was dry and he was inclined to drink, but had no real thirst. Nux Mos. 5.

Mucus. Adhesion of tough mucus to posterior wall of soft palate, necessitating hawking. Psor. 5.

Mucus. Vomiting of hot, frothy mucus; of contents of stomach; then of bile, of thick, dark green bile, mixed with dark coagulated blood about every hour. Pod. 6.

Mucus. Sensation as if roof of palate were covered with tenacious mucus and were swollen. Pul. 5.

Mucus. Vomiting of sweet mucus; sour vomiting. Psor. 6.

Mucus. Tongue white; coated white in morning, with much viscid mucus in mouth. Pod. 3.

Mucus. Ulceration of the sides of the tongue, with tough, stringy mucus. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Mucus. Difficult vomiting of the beverage, and of yellow-green mucus and water, with bitter taste in mouth, which remained along time. Ars. A. 6.

Mucus in mouth and fauces in morning. Arg. N. 5.

Mucus. Vomiting; after each drink; bilious; dark, grumous liquid; greenish-gray, watery, green masses, mucus. Acon. 6.

Mucus. Vomiting of food, thin mucus and green bile. Ars. A. 6.

Muscles. Unsatisfactory, abrupt, offensive flatus, not without exertion of abdominal muscles. Ign. 7.

Nap. Salivation running from mouth during afternoon nap; when sitting. Rhus Tox. 5.

Natural. Appetite increased for various things, but does not know exactly what; hunger, but want of appetite; food tastes natural, yet is disagreeable in mouth; indifference to eating and drinking only while eating; appetite and natural taste to food returned. China 2.

Natural. Bitter taste after eating and drinking, though food has a natural taste. Pul. 3.

Nausea. (*After Eating.*) Nausea in epigastric region, aggravated by eating and drinking, with waterbrash and disagreeable risings. Pul. 6.

Nausea from smoking after eating; during dinner; relieved by lying down, with faintness and flashes of heat; after dinner. Nux Vom. 6.

Nausea after dinner and supper, with uneasiness and qualmishness in epigastric region, as after eating too much fat; in throat and palate on eating a little. Cycl. 6.

Nausea after eating, with heaviness and dullness of head. Nit. Ac. 6.

Nausea after eating. Amm. C. 6.

Nausea worse after eating, with pressure in stomach. Bism. 6.

Nausea associated with vertigo; aggravated by taking anything into the stomach, with faintness. Cocc. Clin.

Nausea. Catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thickly coated white tongue, nausea; vomiting, after-taste of the food. Ant. C. Clin.

Nausea. (*Eruptions.*) Eructations tasting of food; then nausea; of gas; bilious in evening; bitter at night; of a bitter fluid; tasting of rancid tallow after eating buckwheat cakes; as of bad meat after dinner; the taste remains with nausea. Pul. 7.

Nausea, with empty eructations and salivation; distressing nausea. Ipe. 6.

Nausea. Gastric catarrh with thickly white coated tongue, dry mouth, nausea especially when the distress or regurgitation of food takes place a long time after a meal. Pul. Clin.

Nausea. Eructations, constant, as soon as she eats; of food after eating, without nausea. Ferr. 7.

Nausea. Eructations of water, with nausea. Mag. M. 7.

Nausea, with rising from stomach. Coloc. 6.

Nausea, with hot eructations and sweetish flat salivation. Kali B. 6.

Nausea. (*Nausea in Morning.*) Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning, then cutting in abdomen and nausea in morning after a eating a little, with return of a metallic, herby taste; with weight and heat as from a stone in epigastrium; aggravation from walking; amelioration from sitting. Nux Vom. 1.

Nausea in morning during menstruation, with chilliness and faintness; in morning in bed; with bruised pain in intestines and loins in morning, with qualmishness about heart and salivation. Nux Vom. 6.

Nausea all day, in morning with accumulation of water in mouth; in morning on waking; she could not eat breakfast; with cutting in upper abdomen and diarrhoea. Petr. 6.

Nausea in morning; fasting, with shuddering; in pit of stomach, with blackness before eyes so that he must sit down. Calc. C. 6.

Nausea in forenoon, with weakness, anxiety and tremulous sensation through whole body. Plat. 6.

Nausea every morning fasting; in morning after rising, so that she must sit down; with salivation. Lyc. 6.

Nausea in morning, with slimy mouth, changing to an acid taste. Pul. 6.

Nausea in morning during menstruation, with weakness and trembling during the day. Graph. 6.

Nausea in morning after rising, with salivation. Mag. M. 6.

Nausea every morning; in evening during stool; before meal time. Sul. 6.

Nausea. (*Pregnancy.*) Persistent deathly nausea of pregnancy. Ars. A. Clin.

Nausea and vomiting are more frequently the result of nervous irritability than of inflammation of the stomach; so that the drug has often relieved the distressing symptoms of pregnancy. Ipe. Clin.

Nausea and vomiting of pregnancy, with tenderness over the stomach and profuse, ropy saliva. Iris Clin.

Nausea and vomiting of pregnancy. Cocc. Clin.

Nausea. Persistent nausea and vomiting of pregnancy; with deathly nausea; pale face, coldness of the stomach; gall-stone colic. Tabac. Clin.

Nausea and vomiting of pregnancy. Petr. Clin.

Nausea and vomiting of pregnancy. Nux Mos. Clin.

Nausea during pregnancy, with salivation; constant spitting. Sang. Clin.

Nausea. Vomiting of pregnancy; the nausea and vomiting are frequently associated with soreness at the pit of the stomach, and sometimes with thirst. Kreas. Clin.

Nausea. (*Taste.*) Taste bitter, relieved by frequent drinking of cold water, with nausea. Bry. 3.

Nausea. Slimy taste in morning, with nausea; foul, clammy; insipid; as of bad meat, with nausea; disgusting in morning, with white tongue. Pul. 3.

Nausea, with bilious taste; with salivation and closure of jaws; with great thirst and with frothing from mouth; with weakness. Ver. Alb. 6.

Nausea with good appetite and natural taste to food. Sil. 6.

Nausea. Taste offensive; sweetish in forenoon, causing nausea. Sul. 3.

Nausea. (*Vomiting and Retching.*) Nausea with retching. Plumb. 6.

Nausea on every inward emotion; but when fasting there is only retching. Kali C. 6.

Nausea. Morning nausea; amelioration after eating; on waking, towards evening and at night; on washing mouth before breakfast; on waking; with blackness before eyes in evening; weakness even to faintness, with melancholy, easily startled; then vomiting of food, then retching. Sep. 6.

Nausea. Atonic dyspepsia, with amenorrhoea; the nausea and vomiting generally relieved by eating and lying down. Sep. Clin.



## NAUSEA.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## NERVE.

Nausea incessant, so that it takes away the breath; all day without vomiting; sudden on walking, with salivation, sudden heat of face and vertigo. Petr. 6.

Nausea at noon, when his appetite is nearly satisfied; at night, with vomiting and frequent stools; after dinner; with pressure in pit of stomach, then aching in forehead. Ant. T. 6.

Nausea, with acidity and retching. Pod. 6.

Nausea. Continual nausea, with vomiting or efforts to vomit; with perspiration on forehead; great prostration and trembling; usually without thirst, or vomiting of tough, slimy matter, with great thirst, and disgust for food. Ant. T. Clin.

Nausea on sitting up, with efforts to vomit. Robina 6.

Nausea. Extremely valuable remedy for catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thirst, white coated tongue, nausea and vomiting; aggravation from warm drinks, which are vomited. Bry. Clin.

Nausea after each meal, worse during and after dinner, with troublesome efforts to vomit. Arg. N. 6.

Nausea in morning without vomiting. Carbo V. 6.

Nausea in morning on waking, with vomiting; worse from slightest motion. Bry. 6.

Nausea and vomiting from riding in the cars. Cocc. Clin.

Nausea. Gastritis in chronic alcoholism, with constant nausea and vomiting. Crotal. H. Clin.

Nausea. Vomiting, with burning nausea rising to throat; relieved by drinking cold water. Cupr. 6.

Nausea. Dyspepsia especially associated with nausea and vomiting; of drunkards; with ulceration of the stomach; with soreness of a small spot in the stomach. Kali B. Clin.

Nausea. Attacks of nausea and vomiting, either of water or food. Kreas. Clin.

Nausea. Acid dyspepsia, with bloated abdomen; sour or putrid eructations; sometimes nausea and vomiting. Sep. Clin.

Nausea. Indigestion characterized by extreme distress in the stomach immediately after eating; feeling as if the stomach knotted up at times; with bitter eructations or with sour or putrid taste in the mouth; nearly always associated with nausea and efforts to vomit. Nux Vom. Clin.

Nausea. Pain in epigastrium in morning on touch; at noon; a few hours after eating; with nausea and dullness of head in evening; towards evening and in abdomen, with painful vomiting and diarrhoea. Phos. 1.

Nausea. Gastro-duodenal catarrh, with headache, vertigo, bitter taste, nausea and vomiting; soreness of the stomach and abdomen. Nux Vom. Clin.

Nausea and vomiting every morning; chronic. Nux Vom. Clin.

Nausea, not relieved by vomiting of salty sour water; with waterbrash. Natr. S. 6.

Nausea. Dyspepsia, characterized by regurgitation of food, more or less nausea and vomiting, loss of appetite, and thirst, bitter taste, vertigo on rising up, chilliness, and above all, constant aggravations from eating fat substances. Pul. Clin.

Nausea. Dyspepsia, resulting from malt liquors, with flatulency, oppression after eating, nausea and vomiting of mucus. Kali B. Clin.

Nausea. Loathing of food, nausea, and even vomiting, with white-coated tongue. Ant. C. Clin.

Nausea. Gastralgia, with profuse sweat of the face, nausea and vomiting. Pul. Clin.

Nausea, with debility and scanty vomiting of coffee-grounds fluid. Secale 6.

Nausea not relieved by vomiting; with salivation; with headache, chill and heat. Sang. 6.

Nausea. Gastric derangements with nausea, not relieved by vomiting. Sang. Clin.

Nausea. (*Miscellaneous.*) Emptiness in stomach, with nausea as soon as she thinks of food she would like Sep. 1.

Nausea aggravated by a sip of wine, with headache. Zinc. 6.

Nausea. Great appetite; appetite for different things, but as soon as he sees them, or still more smells them, he shudders from nausea, and cannot eat. Colch. 2.

Nausea on motion, with relaxed sensation in stomach; paroxysmal as in seasickness, with vertigo and cold sweat, amounting almost to faintness; amelioration in open air. Tabac. 6.

Nausea in morning so that she can scarcely rise; in afternoon; after every drink; mostly in mouth; when riding in a wagon; if he became cold or took cold, causing salivation. Cocc. 6.

Nausea. Frequent colic, only slightly ameliorated by evacuating gas; attacks came at night, associated with feeling of emptiness; nausea; vertigo. Cocc. Clin.

Nausea. Colic of the most violent character, aggravated by hard pressure, sometimes with nausea and vomiting, sometimes with diarrhoea, sometimes with discharge of great quantities of gas; pains often extend into chest and pelvis. Coloc. Clin.

Nausea with heartburn, with grumbling and gurgling in hypochondria; with chilliness; with obscuration of vision and pallor. Pul. 6.

Nausea, with burning in mouth, spitting of saliva and general chill, without heat or thirst. Kreas. 6.

Nausea, relieved by drinking; at night; with eructations of food. Phos. 6.

Nausea caused by milk when he had eaten almost enough; amelioration if he once ceased eating, with flow of sour water into mouth. Calc. C. 6.

Nausea at sight of food. Æthu. 6.

Nausea. Dyspepsia, with violent pain extending into the chest; with nausea; temporarily relieved by eating. Petr. Clin.

Nausea at night during menses, with retching and waterbrash; during suppression of menses with good appetite; when he wishes to eat; when eating, so that food was repulsive. Pul. 6.

Nausea. Gastric symptoms are generally indicated by persistent nausea and aversion to all food. Ipe. Clin.

Nausea. Pain in abdomen after eating; relieved by emission of flatus; with nausea. Psor. 7.

Nausea. Deathly nausea if her head was raised from the pillow. Nux Mos. 6.

Nausea. Epigastric region sensitive to pressure, nausea, if head lay on stomach. Nux Vom. 1.

Nausea. Gastric catarrh, with nausea, thickly-coated tongue, etc. Chel. Clin.

Nausea with general relaxation; with burning; scratching in throat. Arn. M. 6.

Nausea obliging him to lie down. Ars. A. 6.

Nausea. Emptiness in stomach, with nausea. China 1.

Nausea as if to faintness. Kali C. 6.

Nausea with constant spitting of insipid water. Sabad. 6.

Nausea in throat. Mezer. 6.

Nausea from smoking. Ign. 6.

Nausea. Thirst, but nausea soon after drinking; for milk; for beer during chill, with shivering; for small beer after morning sweat. Nux Vom. 2.

Nausea, after a glass of wine; with convulsions; with diarrhoea. Ant. C. 6.

Nauseated. Craving for various things, but when they are brought to him, especially if he smells them, he is seized with extreme aversion, and becomes nauseated and may even vomit. Colch. Clin.

Nauseous. Sweet things are disgusting and nauseous. Graph. 2.

Nauseous. Taste, nauseous; metallic; sweetish-sour on back of tongue; bitter. Bism. 3.

Nauseous. Taste metallic; with dry irritative hacking; bitter; nauseous. Aloe 3.

Nauseous taste in morning; pasty in forenoon; on posterior part of palate after dinner. Bry. 3.

Neck. Tearing, sticking in teeth on eating, extending into muscles of neck; aggravation from warmth. Bry. 5.

Necrosis of the jaw. Sil. Clin.

Nerve. Tearing in teeth about 3 a. m., as if an exposed nerve were paining from cold air; worse lying on painless side; better by lying on painful cheek; relieved momentarily by cold water. Bry. 5.

Nerve. Aching in a hollow tooth, aggravated at night, and on touching the tooth with the tongue; pain as if the nerve were scratched. Ant. C. 5.



## NERVOUS.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## NOSE.

Nervous. Nausea and vomiting are more frequently the result of nervous irritability than of inflammation of the stomach; so that the drug has often relieved the distressing symptoms of pregnancy. Ipe. Clin.

Neuralgia. Facial neuralgia, which seems to arise from the teeth; worse at night. Mezer. Clin.

Neuralgia of the stomach of the most violent character, with extreme tenderness. Bel. Clin.

Neuralgia of the stomach; most severe pain even along sternum, and extending into both arms, with cold, clammy sweat. Diosc. Clin.

Neuralgic toothache, aggravated in open air. Agar. Clin.

Neuralgic toothache, aggravated by cold air, resulting from the use of tobacco. Sep. Clin.

Neuralgic toothache from taking cold, involving healthy teeth, feeling as if they would be wrenched out; usually aggravated from cold air; especially worse immediately after eating. Nux Vom. Clin.

Neuralgic toothache. Acon. Clin.

Neuralgic toothache, aggravated by the warmth of the bed; amelioration from cold drinks. Mag. C. Clin.

Neuralgic toothache, ceasing entirely in the open air; aggravation in a warm room; always relieved when walking about. Pul. Clin.

Neuralgic toothache, pulsating, driving to madness; teeth feel heavy, as if filled with lead. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Neuralgic toothache. Sabad. Clin.

Neuralgic toothache; amelioration from clenching teeth tightly, yet aggravated by slightly touching teeth in anæmic persons. China 5.

Neuralgic, splinter-like pains in tongue, with salivation. Agar. Clin.

Night. (*Stomach.*) Contractive pain in stomach at night, extending into chest, with distention of abdomen; paroxysmal, arresting breath, obliging her to bend double; worse when lying. Carbo V. 1.

Night. Anxious pain in pit of stomach at night, with palpitation. Sul. 1.

Night. Pain in region of stomach at night; amelioration from eructations. Sul. 1.

Night. Cramp in stomach at night, relieved by eructations. Coloc. 1.

Night. Periodical pain in pit of stomach at night, with tremor. Bel. 1.

Night. Pain in stomach at night on pressure; clothes press upon stomach. Amm. C. 1.

Night. (*Teeth.*) Aching in teeth at night then general chilliness, with swelling of gums and salivary glands. Merc. S. 5.

Night. Jerking pain in teeth aggravated at night, pulslike from lower into ear and from upper into head, with pain of gums from 9 p. m. on. Merc. S. 5.

Night. Dental periostitis, with great soreness and elongation of the teeth; pain aggravated at night from warmth of bed; teeth loose; salivation offensive. Merc. S. Clin.

Night. Aching in teeth only at night and when it ceases in morning; excitement and uneasiness, preventing sleep, with swelling of gum as if suppurating. Lye. 5.

Night. Sticking in teeth extending into ear, waking him at night. Sul. 5.

Night. Inflammation at root of a tooth, with pain which is aggravated at night from cold. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Night. Sticking in teeth and jaw extending to ear, preventing sleep at night and during the day; she had to tie a cloth over it. Sep. 5.

Night. Facial neuralgia, which seems to arise from the teeth; worse at night. Mezer. Clin.

Night. Aching of teeth at night disturbing sleep; with anxiety; with swelling of gums. Merc. C. 5.

Night. Toothache beginning in evening in bed, and at night, driving him out of bed, extending to temples. Mag. C. 5.

Night. Aching in teeth; worse at night, with heat in face; drawing pain. Graph. 5.

Night. Aching in a hollow tooth, aggravated at night, and on touching the tooth with the tongue; pain, as if the nerve were scratched. Ant. C. 5.

Night. (*Thirst.*) Thirst at night; for beer during heat; for cold water. Acon. 1.

Night. Thirst day and night. Merc. S. 2.

Night. Thirst, worse at night. Tabac. 2.

Night. Thirst in evening; at night with dryness of lips. Ant. C. 2.

Night. (*Vomiting.*) Vomiting of sour water at night. Calc. C. 6.

Night. Vomiting at night, with sticking, drawing pain in back, extending towards scapulæ. Pul. 6.

Night. Empty retching at night. Arn. M. 6.

Night. Vomiting of pregnancy; especially vomiting of food in the evening or at night. Pul. Clin.

Night. (*Miscellaneous.*) Emission of flatus, worse in the evening and night; offensive; smelling of sulphuretted hydrogen. Sul. 7.

Night. Eructations tasting of food; then nausea; of gas; bilious in evening; bitter at night; of a bitter fluid; tasting of rancid tallow after eating buckwheat cakes; as of bad meat after dinner; the taste remains, with nausea. Pul. 7.

Night. Eructations of bitter and sour liquid at night; bitter when fasting; sour all day; sour as far as tongue; of water after eating. Nux Vom. 7.

Night. Morning nausea; amelioration after eating on waking, towards evening and at night; on washing mouth before breakfast; on waking, with blackness before eyes in evening; weakness even to faintness; with melancholy; easily startled; then vomiting of food, then retching. Sep. 6.

Night. Dryness of mouth at night, with thirst; of lining of cheeks, lips, tongue, which look burnt, roof of mouth and pharynx. Bel. 5.

Night. Dry mouth without thirst in evening, so that tongue sticks to palate; also back of mouth and throat in morning on waking; dry at night, with slimy feeling; dry, and the saliva seems like cotton. Nux Mos. 5.

Night. Taste bitter, waking her at night with dryness in mouth. Rhus Tox. 3.

Night. Ravenous appetite at night; longing for acids and spicy things. Phos. 2.

Night. Heartburn in evening after supper; on waking in middle of night; after dinner. Kali B. 1.

Night. Distention of abdomen at night, relieved by emission of flatus. Mag. C. 7.

Night. Pain in abdomen, relieved by discharge of flatus in evening and night; better by bending forward. Iris 7.

Night. Sensation in middle of tongue as if it had been burnt, and were insensible at night and in morning. Pul. 3.

Night. Burning pain in tongue at night, with thirst. Sul. 3.

Night. Nausea, relieved by drinking; at night with eructation of food. Phos. 6.

Night. Nausea, at night during menses, with retching and waterbrash; during suppression of menses, with good appetite; when he wishes to eat; when eating; so that food was repulsive. Pul. 6.

Night. Offensive odor from mouth in morning; in evening after lying down; at night. Pul. 5.

Noon. Sudden satiety at noon after a little roast lamb, with thirst, heaviness in stomach and distention in abdomen. Lye. 2.

Noon. Vomiting of food in evening; of food eaten at noon. Sul. 6.

Noon. Thirst at noon, with full feeling in stomach. Sul. 3.

Noon. Pain in epigastrium in morning on touch; at noon; a few hours after eating; with nausea and dullness of head in evening; towards evening; and in abdomen, with painful vomiting and diarrhœa. Phos. 1.

Noon. Pain in teeth aggravated by drawing in air with open mouth; with stitches in one row of teeth, now in an upper, now in a lower molar, then in other teeth towards the front, aggravated by eating; at noon and evening; with red, hot spots on cheek and throat, with complaining mood, full of reproaches and despondency. Nux Vom. 5.

Noon. Appetite great at noon; he ate with haste, and though it oppressed the stomach, he could have eaten more. Nux Mos. 2.

Noon. Appetite great towards noon, and after eating, weariness and sleepiness. Natr. M. 2.

Noon. Appetite great at noon and in evening. Mezer. 2.

Nose. Boring in a lower molar extending to nose and eyes. Caust. 5.

Nose. Much mucus in mouth and nose. Petr. 5.



## NOSE.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## OPPRESSED.

Nose. Dryness in mouth on waking and in nose. Phos. 5.

Nose. Regurgitation of food and drink through nose. Merc. C. 7.

Nose-bleed. Spongy condition of gums which retract and bleed easily, with tendency to nose-bleed, fainting fits. Carbo V. Clin.

Nourishment. Vomiting of all nourishment as soon as it touches the stomach. Ars. A. 6.

Numb pain in lower teeth in morning after rising. Plat. 5.

Numerous gastric complications of uterine complaints. Pod. Clin.

Nursing. Palate (of an infant) wrinkled, and frequent crying when nursing. Borax 5.

Nursing. Aphthous mouth in nursing children. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Nursing. Aphthous sore mouth; the ulcers bleed on eating, or on touch; mouth very tender in nursing children, hot, with thirst and vomiting. Borax Clin.

Nursing. Gastralgia of nursing women, with excessive flatulence; sour and rancid belching; vomiting of food. Carbo V. Clin.

Nursing. After nursing the child vomits its milk in little white curds, and refuses to nurse afterwards. Ant. C. Clin.

Nursing. Sore mouths of nursing infants, and of nursing women. Bapt. Clin.

Obstinate vomiting of blood; extremities cold; countenance hippocratic; pulse feeble; the ejecta sometimes black, tar-like. Ipe. Clin.

Obstinate vomiting always on waking in morning on the slightest movement. Cupr. Clin.

Obstinate cases of gastro-intestinal catarrh, have been cured by Æthusa. Æth. Clin.

Obstinate cases of gastralgia that have lasted for months, have been cured by Magnesia Mur. Mag. M. Clin.

Occipital. Atonic dyspepsia, with continual throbbing; occipital headache and trembling, fluttering feeling below the epigastrium, towards the umbilicus; tongue very red and small, feels swollen. Crotal. H. Clin.

Occipital. Seasickness, with the special indication of the occipital headache. Petr. Clin.

Odor. Foul odor from mouth. Nit. Ac. 5.

Odor. Aversion to food; to the usual food; drinking, tobacco and coffee; to the food just eaten; worse if she does not lie down; to the odor of food. Nux Vom. 2.

Odor. Offensive odor from mouth. Hep. 5.

Odor. Offensive odor in mouth like old cheese, every morning. Kali C. 5.

Odor. Bad odor in mouth. Lye. 5.

Odor. Ulceration of mouth and gums, with fetid odor. Nux Vom. Clin.

Odor. Bad taste, bad odor in the mouth and accumulation of tough mucus. Chel. Clin.

Odor. Aphthous stomatitis, with pyalism, bad odor, etc. Merc. S. Clin.

Odor. Bad odor from mouth. Petr. 5.

Odor. Gums unhealthy, bleeding, spongy, pale, receding from teeth, with offensive odor from the mouth. Merc. S. Clin.

Odor. Offensive odor from mouth in morning; in evening after lying down; at night. Pul. 5.

Odor. Bad odor from mouth in morning. Sil. 5.

Odor. Offensive odor from mouth in persons who are debilitated or during fevers. Carbo V. Clin.

Odor. Gums become unhealthy and bleed easily; the teeth are loose and the saliva is bloody and there is a putrid odor from the mouth; with these conditions the drug is frequently indicated in a mercurial cachexia. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Odor. Eructations after eating; frequent; without odor or taste. Hep. 7.

Edematous. Tongue is almost always swollen, flabby, taking the imprint of the teeth; sometimes watery, as if edematous; sometimes covered with whitish fur. Merc. S. Clin.

Œsophagus. Scraping in stomach like heartburn, and in œsophagus gnawing like ravenous hunger. Pul. 1.

Œsophagus. Feeling as if stomach would burst after yawning, with sensation as if œsophagus were spasmodically closed; hence ineffectual effort to eructate; relieved by empty eructations. Arg. N. 7.

Œsophagus. Emptiness in epigastric region, worse in the œsophagus; not ameliorated by eating. Mur. Ac. 1.

Œsophagus. Burning scraping in mouth and in œsophagus. Arn. M. 5.

Œsophagus. Ineffectual retching, with constriction of œsophagus and across chest in direction of diaphragm. Cupr. 6.

Œsophagus. Taste and coolness in mouth and throat as from peppermint; biting taste in throat as from peppermint; as from heat rising from œsophagus into mouth. Ver. Alb. 3.

Œsophagus. Tearing pains in the stomach, extending into the œsophagus. Æthu. 1.

Œsophagus. Distress in the œsophagus as if food were lying there. Pul. Clin.

Offensive. (Breath.) Mouth and pharynx dry in morning and covered with insipid mucus, with offensive breath that is not perceptible to himself. Pul. 5.

Offensive. Ulcers on inside of cheeks, with sticking on uvula, palate, fauces and, as far as could be seen, covered with yellowish-gray membrane; red, swollen, painful and offensive. Nit. Ac. 5.

Offensive smell from mouth. Calc. C. 5.

Offensive odor in mouth like old cheese every morning. Kali C. 5.

Offensive odor from mouth. Hep. 5.

Offensive odor from mouth in persons who are debilitated or during fevers. Carbo V. Clin.

Offensive smell from mouth. Sep. 5.

Offensive odor from mouth in morning; in evening after lying down; at night. Pul. 5.

Offensive. Aphthæ in mouth; breath offensive. Sulf. Ac. 5.

Offensive. Gums unhealthy, bleeding, spongy, pale, receding from teeth, with offensive odor from the mouth. Merc. S. Clin.

Offensive. Breath offensive; salivation; constant spitting; saliva salty. Natr. M. 5.

Offensive. Breath offensive in morning; after dinner; sour. Nux Vom. 5.

Offensive. (Flatus.) Rumbling in abdomen, with emission of much flatus; offensive. Diosc. 7.

Offensive flatus. Bry. 7.

Offensive. Emission of flatus, worse in the evening and night; offensive, swelling of sulphuretted hydrogen. Sul. 7.

Offensive flatus, and at last moist flatus, with dragging towards sacrum, and thence towards abdomen. Carbo V. 7.

Offensive. Emission of flatus after every meal; on attempting to go to stool; burning and offensive. Aloe 7.

Offensive. Flatulent offensive smelling like rotten eggs. Arn. M. 7.

Offensive. Flatulent dyspepsia, with belching of large quantities of offensive gas, partially relieving the pain in stomach and abdomen. Diosc. Clin.

Offensive gases passed upward and downward. Arn. M. Clin.

Offensive. Emission of flatus; offensive. Kali B. 7.

Offensive. Discharge of flatus; offensive after dinner; relieved after stool with movements in hypogastrium. Coloc. 7.

Offensive. Unsatisfactory, abrupt, offensive flatus, not without exertion of abdominal muscles. Ign. 7.

Offensive. Rumbling in abdomen between 6 and 10 o'clock, p. m., with movement of flatus and aching, then emission of flatus; offensive. China 7.

Offensive. Loud flatulence all the afternoon; offensive. Caust. 7.

Offensive. (Miscellaneous.) Offensive taste after drinking beer. Bry. 3.

Offensive. Vomiting of food; of blood mixed with dark acid matter, with bile and mucus; black and liquid, like coffee grounds; offensive. Phos. 6.

Offensive. Taste offensive, sour. Calc. C. 3.

Offensive. Taste offensive, sweetish, in forenoon, causing nausea. Sul. 3.

Offensive. Dental periostitis, with great soreness and elongation of the teeth; pain aggravated at night from warmth of bed; teeth loose; salivation; offensive. Merc. S. Clin.

Old. Dyspepsia of old people. Kali C. Clin.

Open blister on inside of right cheek, felt during dinner, with burning pain in it from warm food. Natr. M. 5.

Oppressed. Appetite great at noon; he ate with haste and though it oppressed the stomach he could have eaten more. Nux Mos. 2.



## OPPRESSIVE.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## PAIN.

**Oppressive.** Distention of abdomen by flatulence, waking about midnight, causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief, new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. *Cocc. 7.*

**Oppression.** Dyspepsia resulting from malt liquors, with flatulency, oppression after eating, nausea and vomiting of mucus. *Kali B. Clin.*

**Oppression.** Eructations, with oppression of stomach after eating or hiccough-like eructations. *Cycl. 7.*

**Oppression.** Swollen feeling in stomach when eating, with oppression of chest as if he would suffocate, forcing him to loosen his clothes. *Can. Ind. 1.*

**Oppression.** Anxiety, oppression in stomach. *Chel. 1.*

**Oppression.** Tension, oppression and fullness of stomach. *Carbo V. 1.*

**Oppression.** Pain in stomach; epigastrium tender; oppression and distress. *Secale 1.*

**Oppression.** Cramp-like pain in stomach after every meal; oppression whenever she eats. *Ferr. 1.*

**Oppression.** Overloaded feeling in stomach, until three hours after eating; oppression after eating. *Amm. C. 1.*

**Orifice.** Sensation in stomach as if a foreign body were sticking in cardiac orifice and behind sternum; constrictive. *Natr. M. 1.*

**Orifice.** Pain at cardiac orifice, aggravated by swallowing bread, which seems to remain there, gradually extending over abdomen, with vomiting, first of green then of blackish substance. *Phos. 1.*

**Orifice.** Scirrhus indurations of pyloric orifice of the stomach, with vomiting of blood, burning and extreme flatulence. *Lyc. Clin.*

**Over.** Sensation as if something in epigastric region turned over. *Nux Vom. 1.*

**Overeating.** Gastric derangements which recur often in persons who have been in the habit of taking Mercury; the attacks frequently preceded by great hunger and apparently caused by overeating. *Bry. Clin.*

**Overloaded feeling in stomach,** until three hours after eating; oppression after eating. *Amm. C. 1.*

**Overloaded.** Fullness in stomach as if overloaded. *Rhus Tox. 1.*

**Overloading.** Pain in epigastric region as from overloading the stomach after eating; in pit after drinking causing tightness of breath with distention of abdomen. *Nux Vom. 1.*

**Overloading.** Heartburn as after overloading stomach with rancid food. *Nux Vom. 1.*

**Oysters.** Longing for oysters. *Lach. 2.*

**Pain. (Abdomen.)** Distention of abdomen by flatulence, waking at midnight, causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief, new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. *Cocc. 7.*

**Pain.** Cutting pain in abdomen, with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulence here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus the more difficult to pass. *Ver. Alb. 7.*

**Pain.** Nausea in morning during menstruation, with chilliness and faintness in morning in bed; with bruised pain in intestines and loins in morning, with qualms about heart and salivation. *Nux Vom. 6.*

**Pain.** Griping in abdomen, with pain on passage of flatus. *China 7.*

**Pain.** Distention of abdomen after eating, after a moderate supper, with griping, and here and there sharp pain, as from flatulent food and much drink. *China 7.*

**Pain in abdomen,** relieved by discharge of flatus in evening and night; better by bending forward. *Iris 7.*

**Pain in abdomen before breakfast;** flatulent; amelioration from difficult emission of flatus. *Natr. S. 7.*

**Pain.** Distention of abdomen after dinner, with emission of flatus; fermentation; flatulent pain. *Natr. M. 7.*

**Pain in abdomen after eating;** relieved by emission of flatus; with nausea. *Psor. 7.*

**Pain.** Distention of abdomen in evening; gurgling; rumbling; with rolling in morning in bed; with grumbling and flatulent pain. *Zinc. 7.*

**Pain.** Distention of abdomen with flatulence; with pain; rumbling. *Robina 7.*

**Pain.** Flatulent pain in evening after a meal, here and there after midnight; not relieved by emission of flatus. *Pul. 7.*

**Pain.** Collection of flatus without evacuation of it, with pain; flatus rolls about and becomes incarcerated here and there. *Natr. S. 7.*

**Pain.** Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about painfully; worse in upper abdomen. *Pul. 7.*

**Pain. (Gums.)** Sore pain in gums on touch and on chewing. *Merc. S. 5.*

**Pain.** Gums swollen; separated from teeth; and sore, bleeding pain on eating; bread and food were bloody when chewed. *Merc. S. 5.*

**Pain.** Gums pain as if sore and raw, with painful loose teeth. *Bry. 5.*

**Pain.** Looseness and prominence of one tooth in morning, with pain in gum on touch. *Ars. A. 5.*

**Pain.** Swelling of gums with sore pain; with dark redness and painful throbbing, as if beginning to suppurate. *Sep. 5.*

**Pain.** Painful gumboil on outer side of gums, with pain in a hollow tooth, and with swelling of cheek and whole left side of face as far as below eye, where there was an oedematous swelling. *Borax 5.*

**Pain. (Mouth.)** Painful blisters in all parts of mouth with burning pain. *Kali C. 5.*

**Pain.** Syphilitic patches, with burning pain. *Merc. C. Clin.*

**Pain.** Sensation of glowing coals in mouth and fauces, with constant pressure to swallow and hawk, which increased the pain; discharge of much saliva, with mucus. *Caust. 5.*

**Pain.** Burning pain and rawness in mouth, then aphthous and denuded spots. *Lach. 5.*

**Pain.** Open blister on inside of right cheek felt during dinner, with burning pain in it from warm food. *Natr. M. 5.*

**Pain.** Mouth and throat swollen and bright red, with pain and burning in mouth, throat, and stomach. *Nit. Ac. 5.*

**Pain.** Superficial ulcers in mouth, with burning pain on touch. *Natr. C. 3.*

**Pain. (Pit of Stomach.)** Pain in pit of stomach during menses. *Sul. 1.*

**Pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after eating a little;** with heaviness in epigastric region, caused by cough. *Lyc. 1.*

**Pain.** Burning pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after dinner, with salivation, extending into throat; into mouth; soreness on waking. *Kali B. 1.*

**Pain in pit of stomach, in epigastric region,** burning. *Merc. C. 1.*

**Pain.** Burning pain in stomach, in pit and in abdomen, aggravated by pressure. *Ars. Alb. 1.*

**Pain.** Disorders of digestion, with pain between the shoulders and heavily furred tongue. *Pul. Clin.*

**Pain.** Severe gastralgia, brought on by the slightest food or drink; the pain is burning hot, and extends up sides and over abdomen. *Ars. A. Clin.*

**Pain in pit of stomach, with sensitiveness to touch.** *Carbo V. 1.*

**Pain in pit of stomach or anterior part of liver.** *Camph. 1.*

**Pain.** Soreness in pit of stomach mornings, with pain, as from pressure on a sore place after eating a little. *China 1.*

**Pain.** Cramping pain in pit of stomach, then eructations of wind, then hiccough and emission of flatus. *Diose. 1.*

**Pain in pit of stomach, intolerance of clothing in epigastric region and beneath hypochondria.** *Crotal. H. 1.*

**Pain in pit of stomach all forenoon,** relieved by eructations; with necessity to vomit. *Graph. 1.*

**Pain.** Intermittent pain in region of spleen and pit of stomach. *Ign. 1.*

**Pain.** Drawing pain in pit of stomach, extending into chest. *Phos. 1.*

**Pain in pit of stomach, with sensitiveness to touch.** *Natr. M. 1.*

**Pain in pit of stomach, in epigastric region; in pit in evening, worse by paroxysms.** *Mezer. 1.*

**Pain.** Burning in pit of stomach on pressure, with pain; burning pressure extending transversely at intervals; aggravated by pressure. *Mezer. 1.*

**Pain.** Pinching or choking pain in pit of stomach impeding respiration in afternoon. *Pul. 1.*

**Pain in pit of stomach on pressure; after a meal and on touch; sore internally.** *Sep. 1.*



**PAIN.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****PAIN.**

Pain. Periodical pain in pit of stomach at night, with tremor. Bel. 1.

Pain in stomach as if a sore spot were pressed; below pit on pressure and on inspiration. Sabad. 1.

Pain. Drawing pain in pit of stomach in morning. Pul. 1.

Pain in pit of stomach after eating, with heaviness; burning. Sil. 1.

Pain. Anxious pain in pit of stomach at night, with palpitation. Sul. 1.

Pain in pit of stomach, when making a false step on stone pavement. Aloe 1.

Pain in pit of stomach, arresting breathing. Ars. Alb. 1.

Pain. Drawing pain in pit of stomach in evening, when sitting, extending to lower border of left ribs. Ars. Alb. 1.

Pain. (*Stomach.*) Constrictive pain in stomach, Graph. 1.

Pain. Sensation, as if a stone lay in stomach after eating, making him fretful, with pain in epigastric region on touch. Bry. 1.

Pain in stomach an hour after eating. Pul. 1.

Pain in cardiac orifice of stomach. Can. Ind. 1.

Pain. Burning in epigastrium, in stomach, with pain. Coleh. 1.

Pain in epigastric region on pressure, with anxiety. Bry. 1.

Pain; stinging ulceration in stomach. Arg. N. 1.

Pain in epigastric region as from overloading the stomach after eating; in pit after drinking, causing tightness of breath, with distention of abdomen. Nux Vom. 1.

Pain. Contractive pain in stomach at night extending into chest, with distention of abdomen; paroxysmal, arresting breath, obliging her to bend double; worse when lying. Carbo V. 1.

Pain. Gastric catarrh, with terrible gastralgia, the pain extending from the stomach through the body to the spine. Bism. Clin.

Pain. Thirst, with burning pain in throat and stomach. Canth. 1.

Pain. Flatulent dyspepsia, with belching of large quantities of offensive gas, partially relieving the pain in stomach and abdomen. Diosc. Clin.

Pain. Chronic dyspepsia; solid food causes excruciating pain and sometimes vomiting. Lyc. Clin.

Pain. Dyspepsia, with violent pain extending into the chest; with nausea; temporarily relieved by eating. Petr. Clin.

Pain. Dyspepsia, with soreness, distention, burning pain, desire for cold food, aversion to hot food. Merc. C. Clin.

Pain. Pinching pain; boring; gnawing; fullness; drawing; burning; crawling in stomach. Agar. 1.

Pain. Chronic gastritis, with burning pain. Merc. S. Clin.

Pain in region of stomach after lifting something heavy; the pain goes into small of back, where it becomes sticking, so that she cannot turn without pain the whole night; better in the morning. Borax 1.

Pain at cardiac orifice, aggravated by swallowing bread which seems to remain there; gradually extending over abdomen with vomiting first of green then of blackish substance. Phos. 1.

Pain in stomach after a light meal, with fullness, eructations of food and colic; aggravated by sitting bent over and in region of duodenum, with difficult breathing. Lyc. 1.

Pain in epigastric region. Bapt. 1.

Pain in stomach while eating. Bry. 1.

Pain. Acute pain in region of stomach and bladder with such sensibility that pressure caused convulsions. Canth. 1.

Pain. Violent pain in region of stomach; goes through to back and right shoulder blade, or over towards the liver. Chel. Clin.

Pain. Grinding, pinching, constrictive pain in stomach. Cocc. 1.

Pain beneath stomach after eating. Cocc. 1.

Pain. Sharp pain in epigastrium, and in stomach at 7 a. m. Diosc. 1.

Pain. Neuralgia of the stomach; most severe pain even along sternum and extending into both arms, with cold, clammy sweat. Diosc. Clin.

Pain all day in stomach, relieved by lying and warmth of bed, returning on rising. Graph. 1.

Pain in stomach after eating a little; when walking as if it hung loose. Hep. 1.

Pain. Cramplike pain in stomach after meal; oppression whenever she eats. Ferr. 1.

Pain. Chronic gastritis, with burning pain and waterbrash. Lyc. Clin.

Pain in epigastrium in morning on touch; at noon; a few hours after eating, with nausea and dullness of head in evening; towards evening; and in abdomen, with painful vomiting and diarrhoea. Phos. 1.

Pain in the stomach; tightness in epigastrium; feeling as if a ball ascended to throat, where it caused suffocation, preventing speaking and swallowing; with anxiety. Plumb. 1.

Pain in stomach after breakfast and dinner; painfulness to touch. Natr. C. 1.

Pain. Sore pain in stomach after eating. Natr. M. 1.

Pain. Spasmodic contraction moving up and down in stomach, causing general pain, especially in posterior wall of stomach, as if pressed against spine. Arn. M. 1.

Pain. Constrictive pain, when the stomach is empty. Ars. A. Clin.

Pain. Pain in stomach; epigastrium tender; oppression and distress. Secale 1.

Pain. Dyspepsia after eating; thirst; pain in stomach; relieved for a short time by raising wind; when fasting; the pain goes to the spine feeling as if one ought to raise flatus and could not. Calc. P. 7.

Pain in epigastric region on touch. Calc. C. 1.

Pain. Distention of stomach, with pain on touch; also in pit; constrictive; pinching. Nux Vom. 1.

Pain. Ulcer in the stomach; burning pain; amelioration from vomiting; tenderness; flushes of heat rising into the head. Sang. Clin.

Pain. Aching and throbbing in stomach; amelioration from eructations; with pain from the jar of walking. Sep. 1.

Pain. Indigestion; constant squeezing pain in the stomach after eating; can only eat once a day on account of the distress; backache; weakness. Robina Clin.

Pain in stomach; epigastrium tender; oppression and distress. Secale 1.

Pain. Burning corrosive pain in stomach when walking, extending to pit of throat. Sabad. 1.

Pain in epigastric region after eating; aggravated by hard food; with sensitiveness of stomach. Sulf. Ac. 1.

Pain beneath stomach when lying; in epigastric region on touch; after eating. Sul. 1.

Pain in region of stomach at night; amelioration from eructations. Sul. 1.

Pain in epigastrium, sharp; in stomach day and night. Robina 1.

Pain in stomach; acute; in epigastrium extending into sternum, hypochondria, and to ilia, as from ravenous hunger. Ver. Alb. 1.

Pain in stomach, as from fullness, as after too much eating, with distended, but not hard abdomen. Ant. C. 1.

Pain. Cramp in the region of the stomach and abdomen or very violent cutting pain going through to back, as if transfixed, and preventing the slightest motion. Cupr. Clin.

Pain in stomach at night on pressure; clothes press upon stomach. Amm. C. 1.

Pain. Vomiting at night, with sticking, drawing pain in back extending towards scapulæ. Pul. 6.

Pain. (*Teeth.*) Jerking pain in teeth, aggravated at night; pulslike from lower into ear, and from upper into head, with pain of gums from 9 p. m. on. Merc. S. 5.

Pain. Jerking pain in teeth, worse in morning, better when cold water taken into mouth becomes warm. Pul. 5.

Pain. Periodic pain in teeth always after waking; after eating, and from warm and cold drinks; often extending through upper jaw to ear, with jerking, tearing, sticking. Lach. 5.

Pain in teeth when eating, in incisors and anterior molars on drawing air into mouth; aggravated by cold or damp air. Nux Mos. 5.

Pain. Tearing in diseased root in both rows, extending into zygoma, with bruised pain in both right jaws on pressure and on chewing. Caust. 5.

Pain. Beating pain in teeth if anything hot or cold is taken into the mouth, extending into cheek, which swells during menses. Sep. 5.

Pain. Looseness of teeth, with pain in gums on pressure. Sil. 5.

Pain. Aching of teeth from slightest draught of air; in open air; with pain in submaxillary glands. Sul. 5.



**PAIN.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****PALATE.**

- Pain.** Hollow teeth sensitive to touch, and if food remains in centres pain extending into root and the gum becomes sore. *Staph.* 5.
- Pain** in a hollow tooth in evening which became elongated and loose, then also in other teeth; pain partly sticking and partly crawling. *Rhus Tox.* 5.
- Pain.** Inflammation at root of tooth, with pain, which is aggravated at night from cold. *Rhus Tox.* Clin.
- Pain.** Numb pain in lower teeth in morning after rising. *Plat.* 5.
- Pain.** Dental periostitis, with great soreness and elongation of the teeth; pain aggravated at night from warmth of bed; teeth loose, salivation offensive. *Merc. S.* Clin.
- Pain** in teeth aggravated by drawing in air with open mouth; with stitches in one row of teeth, now in an upper, now in a lower molar, then in other teeth towards the front; aggravated by eating; at noon and evening; with red, hot spots on cheek and throat, with complaining mood full of reproaches and despondency. *Nux Vom.* 5.
- Pain.** Sore pain in teeth, aggravated by exerting the mind and reflecting. *Nux Vom.* 5.
- Pain** in hollow teeth, extending into head if air enters mouth. *Nux Vom.* 5.
- Pain.** Throbbing pain in third upper molar, which is beginning to decay. *Kreas.* 5.
- Pain.** Throbbing pain in teeth only when eating; in root of last hollow molar in evening. *Kali C.* 5.
- Pain.** Aching in teeth, worse at night, with heat in face; drawing pain. *Graph.* 5.
- Pain.** Drawing pain in teeth as soon as he gets into bed in the evening. *Kali C.* 5.
- Pain.** Jerking pain in left lower hollow molar, with frequent yawning. *Kreas.* 5.
- Pain.** Looseness of teeth and pain on chewing. *China* 5.
- Pain.** (*Tongue.*) Blisters on tongue, with burning pain on touch; painful pimples on sides. *Nit. Ac.* 3.
- Pain.** Red tip of tongue with pain, and prominent papillæ. *Arg. N.* 3.
- Pain.** Blisters on tongue, with burning pain on eating. *Natr. M.* 3.
- Pain.** Rumbling pain in tip of tongue as from soreness; aggravation from taking anything warm into mouth. *Calc. C.* 3.
- Pain.** Burning pain on tip of tongue, with blisters; with sensitiveness so that she could hardly eat; relieved by taking anything cold; burning as from highly seasoned food. *Natr. S.* 3.
- Pain.** Burning pain in tongue at night, with thirst. *Sul.* 3.
- Pain.** Violent stomatitis, with large aphthous patches, with burning pain. *Merc. C.* Clin.
- Pain.** Red blisters on tongue, as if skin were eroded; with pain on every motion of tongue, and on touch of anything salt or sour. *Borax* 3.
- Pain.** Crawling in tongue, with pain. *Secale* 3.
- Pain.** Tongue white; blisters, with pain as if burnt. *Sep.* 3.
- Pain** beneath tongue, when swallowing, on left side, behind hyoid bone. *Calc. C.* 3.
- Painful.** (*Stomach.*) Painful swelling of pit of stomach, with anxiety. *Arg. N.* 1.
- Painful** distention of pit of stomach. *Ver. Alb.* 1.
- Painful.** Dyspepsia, with painful pressure and distention in region of stomach, after eating and drinking a little. *China* Clin.
- Painful.** (*Teeth.*) Tearing in teeth about 3 a. m., as if an exposed nerve were paining from cold air; worse lying on painless side; better by lying on painful cheek; relieved momentarily by cold water. *Bry.* 5.
- Painful** looseness and elongation of teeth. *Caust.* Clin.
- Painful.** Teeth yellow, loose and painful on chewing. *Nit. Ac.* 5.
- Painful.** Pustule above a hollow tooth like a dental fistula; painful soreness on chewing. *Petr.* 5.
- Painful** looseness of incisors, stitches, on biting on them; in upper back, extending upward; in lower back, extending downward. *Caust.* 5.
- Painful.** (*Tongue.*) Tongue yellow, dirty white crust, painful swelling posteriorly on side; burning stitches; dryness. *China* 3.
- Painful** pimple on tip of tongue; soreness. *Kali C.* 3.
- Painful** ulcer on tongue. *Kali B.* 3.
- Painful** vesicles on tip of tongue. *Caust.* 3.
- Painful.** Tongue white; painful blisters. *Nux Vom.* 3.
- Painful** blister on side of tip of tongue. *Pul.* 3.
- Painful** blisters in mouth and on tongue. *Ars. A.* 5.
- Painful.** Tongue coated white; yellowish-white ulceration of tongue and gums with sore throat; dry tongue; dry at tip as if burnt; painful. *Psor.* 3.
- Painful** blister along centre of tongue. *Canth.* 3.
- Painful.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Ulcers on inside of cheeks with sticking on uvula, palate, fauces and, as far as could be seen, covered with yellowish-gray membrane; red, swollen, painful and offensive. *Nit. Ac.* 5.
- Painful** blisters in all parts of mouth, with burning pain. *Kali C.* 5.
- Painful.** Spongy excrescence on the gums which bleed readily and are painful. *Staph.* Clin.
- Painful** gumboil on outer side of gum, with pain in a hollow tooth, and with swelling of cheek and whole left side of face as far as below eye, where there was an cedematous swelling. *Borax* 5.
- Painful.** Swelling of gums with sore pain; with dark redness and painful throbbing, as if beginning to suppurate. *Sep.* 5.
- Paining.** Tearing in teeth about 3 a. m., as if an exposed nerve were paining from cold air; worse lying on painless side; better by lying on painful cheek; relieved momentarily by cold water. *Bry.* 5.
- Painless.** Tearing in teeth about 3 a. m., as if an exposed nerve were paining from cold air; worse lying on painless side; better by lying on painful cheek; relieved momentarily by cold water. *Bry.* 5.
- Painless** gnawing in stomach, then gnawing in sides, extending across under ribs, deep in abdomen. *Lach.* 1.
- Pains.** (*Gastralgia.*) Excruciating gastralgia, pains as from knives, or burning, or constricting, or associated with great external weight. *Phos.* Clin.
- Pains.** Gastralgia; pains sudden; violent, compelling hard pressure on the abdomen; amelioration from eructations. *Plumb.* Clin.
- Pains.** Gastralgia starting from the cardiac end of the stomach; pains extending into left arm. *Tabac.* Clin.
- Pains.** Gastralgia; pains extend to the chest; aggravation from motion; amelioration from quiet rest. *Rumex* Clin.
- Pains.** (*Stomach.*) Cramps and pains in stomach and in bowels. *Cupr.* 1.
- Pains.** Pressure in stomach, with intermittent contractive pains. *Cupr.* 1.
- Pains.** (*Teeth.*) Teeth loose and black, denuded of gums, with nightly pain in teeth, jaws and head, and painful on touch of tongue. *Merc. S.* 5.
- Pains.** Aching in teeth during menses, with throbbing in gums, worse in a hollow molar, which pains as if elongated and swollen; then swelling of gums and cheeks. *Sep.* 5.
- Pains.** Decaying teeth, with burning, boring pains involving the bones of the face and head; temporarily relieved by drawing in cold air. *Mezer.* Clin.
- Pains.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Neuralgic, splinter-like pains in tongue, with salivation. *\*Agar.* Clin.
- Pains.** Ulceration of the mouth, with great fetor; the ulcers spread rapidly like mercurial ulcers, but when touched they have sharp, splinter-like pains; these ulcers extend into the throat and simulate diphtheria. *Nit. Ac.* Clin.
- Pains.** Indigestion, with severe lancinating pains extending from side of chest to top of shoulder blade. *Robina* Clin.
- Palate.** (*Mouth.*) Dryness of mouth and of palate, with thirst for water. *Ver. Alb.* 5.
- Palate.** Dryness of mouth in morning; with insipidity and stickiness of palate; with thirst. *Sul.* 5.
- Palate.** Dryness of mouth after midnight as if tongue stuck to palate, without thirst; with much saliva in fauces. *Nux Vom.* 5.
- Palate.** Burning in mouth extending to stomach in palate and fauces, with scraping. *Mezer.* 5.



## PALATE.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## PERIODICAL.

**Palate.** Dry mouth without thirst in evening so that tongue sticks to palate, also back of mouth and throat in morning on waking, dry at night, with slimy feeling; dry and the saliva seems like cotton. *Nux Mos.* 5.

**Palate.** Dryness of tongue in morning on waking, and in palate and lips, then much tenacious mucus. *Pul.* 3.

**Palate.** Deepcrimson color in mouth from posterior third of palate, as far down as could be seen, with enlargement of tonsils. *Bel.* 5.

**Palate.** Mouthswollen, palate and pharynx ulcerated. *Sulf. Ac.* 5.

**Palate.** (*Tongue.*) Dryness of tongue and mouth as if it would stick to palate, without thirst. *Nux Mos.* 3.

**Palate.** Dryness of tongue, relieved for a moment by drinking, then worse, so that tongue sticks to palate. *Bry.* 3.

**Palate.** Dryness of tongue in morning on waking and in palate. *Sul.* 3.

**Palate.** Tongueswollen and stiff; dryness on palate; white color and redness. *Stram.* 3.

**Palate.** Dryness and stiffness of tongue and of hard palate. *Natr. M.* 3.

**Palate.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Ulcers on inside of cheeks, with sticking on uvula, palate, fauces, and, as far as could be seen, covered with yellowish-gray membrane; red, swollen, painful and offensive. *Nit. Ac.* 5.

**Palate** (of an infant) wrinkled, and frequent crying when nursing. *Borax.* 5.

**Palate.** Redness of inside of cheeks and of arch of palate. *Mur. Ac.* 5.

**Palate.** Adhesion of tough mucus to posterior wall of soft palate, necessitating hawking. *Psor.* 5.

**Palate.** Sticking in palate extending to inner ear. *Ign.* 5.

**Palate.** Sensation as if roof of palate were covered with tenacious mucus and were swollen. *Pul.* 5.

**Palate.** Nauseous taste in morning; pasty in forenoon; on posterior part of palate after dinner. *Bry.* 3.

**Palate.** Ravenous appetite, with emptiness in stomach; with loss of appetite in palate and throat. *Rhus Tox.* 2.

**Palate.** Taste bitter before and after eating; bitter on palate, with dryness of tongue. *Carbo V.* 3.

**Palate.** Sticking in back part of palate, with biting. *Kali C.* 5.

**Palate.** Salivation, with tension in submaxillary region which was sensitive to touch; saliva dries on palate and lips to a tenacious mucus. *Lyc.* 5.

**Palate.** Gums, mouth, tongue and palate slimy, with raw and sore feeling as from something acrid. *Nux Vom.* 5.

**Palate.** Rawness in a spot in palate, with soreness. *Mur. Ac.* 5.

**Palatable.** All food is extremely palatable. *Can. Ind.* 2.

**Pale.** Vomiting and diarrhoea ten times, with pale, sunken face, covered with cold sweat; forcible; violent; of slimy acid liquid with food. *Ver. Alb.* 6.

**Pale.** Gums bleed easily, swollen and spongy; swollen and pale. *Merc. C.* 5.

**Pale.** Persistent nausea and vomiting of pregnancy; with deathly nausea, pale face, coldness of the stomach, gallstone colic. *Tabac. Clin.*

**Pale.** Gums unhealthy, bleeding, spongy, pale receding from teeth, with offensive odor from the mouth. *Merc. S. Clin.*

**Pale.** Red tongue, with blackish coat, covered with grayish-white crust; moist; edges red; pale, dirty yellow posteriorly and along edges; white anteriorly. *Merc. C.* 3.

**Pallor.** Nausea, with heartburn; with grumbling and gurgling in hypochondria; with chilliness; with obscuration of vision and pallor. *Pul.* 6.

**Palms.** Flatulent distention of abdomen after eating; after drinking in morning, with gurgling; also in bed, with spasmodic and griping, flatulent colic and heat in palms and soles. *Nux Vom.* 7.

**Palms.** Thirst in afternoon, with heat in palms. *Zinc.* 2.

**Palpitation.** Indigestion, mostly acid, with palpitation and distress about the heart. *Natr. C. Clin.*

**Palpitation.** Pulsation in pit of stomach in morning, then ebullition in chest like palpitation, then internal heat of face and body without redness or thirst, but with sweat. *Sep.* 1.

**Palpitation.** Anxious pain in pit of stomach at night, with palpitation. *Sul.* 1.

**Papillæ.** Red tip of tongue, with pain, and prominent papillæ. *Arg. N.* 3.

**Papillæ.** Deep redness of tongue; of papillæ; with swelling. *Bel.* 3.

**Papillæ.** Tongue scarlet, papillæ swollen, arch of palate and uvula swollen and dark red. *Caust.* 3.

**Papillæ** very long on dorsum of tongue, with a brown patch. *Kali B.* 3.

**Papillæ.** Tongue coated yellow along centre; coated first white, with reddish papillæ here and there; then a yellowish-brown coat in centre, the edges being red and shining; dry on waking and feeling burnt. *Bapt.* 3.

**Paralysis** of the tongue, with indistinct speech. *Plumb. Clin.*

**Paralysis.** Trembling of tongue; partial paralysis; it cannot be put out. *Plumb.* 3.

**Paralysis** of the tongue; it cannot be protruded; it catches in the teeth. *Lach. Clin.*

**Paralytic** weakness of the organs of speech. *Bel. Clin.*

**Paroxysmal.** Nausea on motion, with relaxed sensation in stomach; paroxysmal as in seasickness with vertigo and cold sweat, amounting almost to faintness; amelioration in open air. *Tabac.* 6.

**Paroxysmal.** Contractive pain in stomach at night extending into chest, with distention of abdomen, paroxysmal, arresting breath, obliging her to bend double; worse when lying. *Carbo V.* 1.

**Paroxysms.** Pain in pit of stomach, in epigastric region; in pit in evening; worse by paroxysms. *Mezer.* 1.

**Part** of tongue and back of mouth excoriated, part covered with blisters. *Canth.* 3.

**Passage.** Griping in abdomen, with pain on passage of flatus. *China* 7.

**Passage.** Colic before stool, before passage of flatus, with thirst. *China* 7.

**Pasty** taste in morning. *Sul.* 3.

**Pasty.** Thick, white, pasty coat of tongue. *Ant. T.* 3.

**Pasty.** Salivation, with pasty taste. *Cycl.* 3.

**Pasty.** Tongue and mouth dry and pasty. *Nux Mos.* 3.

**Pasty.** Nauseous taste in morning; pasty in forenoon; on posterior part of palate after dinner. *Bry.* 3.

**Patch.** Papillæ very long on dorsum of tongue, with a brown patch. *Kali B.* 3.

**Patches.** Gums red, bright red margin; red and swollen and livid and covered with thin white patches, easily removed from a non-ulcerating surface. *Merc. S.* 5.

**Patches.** Syphilitic patches, with burning pain. *Merc. C. Clin.*

**Patches.** Violent stomatitis, with large aphthous patches, with burning pain. *Merc. C. Clin.*

**Patches.** Gray patches on edges of tongue and a dirty yellow coat on upper surface. *Merc. S.* 3.

**Peculiar** weakness in pit of stomach and epigastric region. *Ign.* 1.

**Peevish.** Indigestion of children from sweets, associated with very peevish disposition. *Ant. C. Clin.*

**Pelvis.** Colic of the most violent character, aggravated by hard pressure, sometimes with nausea and vomiting, sometimes with diarrhoea, sometimes with discharge of great quantities of gas; pains often extend into chest and pelvis. *Coloc. Clin.*

**Periodic** pain in teeth always after waking; after eating, and from warm and cold drinks; often extending through upper jaw to ear, with jerking, tearing, sticking. *Lach.* 5.

**Periodic** attacks of vomiting food. *Plumb. Clin.*

**Periodic** vomiting of brown or black liquid, with violent cramps. *Plumb. Clin.*

**People.** Dyspepsia of old people. *Kali C. Clin.*

**Peppermint.** Taste and coolness in mouth and throat as from peppermint; biting taste in throat as from peppermint; as from heat rising from œsophagus into mouth. *Ver. Alb.* 3.

**Perceptible** pulsation in pit of stomach. *Asaf.* 1.

**Perineum.** Colic as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. *Nux Vom.* 7.

**Periodical** pain in pit of stomach at night, with tremor. *Bel.* 1.



## PERIOSTITIS.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## PIT.

Periostitis. Dental periostitis, with great soreness and elongation of the teeth; pain aggravated at night from warmth of bed; teeth loose; salivation offensive. Merc. S. Clin.

Persistent deathly nausea of pregnancy. Ars. A. Clin.

Persistent hæmorrhage after drawing teeth. Arn. M. Clin.

Persistent vomiting of infants. Kreas. Clin.

Persistent hæmorrhage after drawing a tooth. Phos. Clin.

Persistent efforts to vomit food. Nux Vom. Clin.

Persistent nausea and vomiting of pregnancy; with deathly nausea; pale face; coldness of the stomach; gall-stone colic. Tabac. Clin.

Perspiration. Continual nausea; with vomiting, or efforts to vomit; with perspiration on forehead; great prostration and trembling; usually without thirst, or vomiting of tough slimy matter, with thirst, and disgust for food. Ant. T. Clin.

Perspiration. Colic from suppressed perspiration, as from drinking ice water when heated, or it may be brought on by fits of anger; the patient always doubles up with the colic. Coloc. Clin.

Pharynx. Mouth and pharynx dry in morning and covered with insipid mucus, with offensive breath that is not perceptible to himself. Pul. 5.

Pharynx. Eructations incomplete; burning; rising only into pharynx where they cause burning. Lyc. 7.

Pharynx. Burning in mouth along pharynx, and in pit of stomach. Ars. A. 5.

Pharynx. Mouth swollen, palate and pharynx ulcerated. Sulf. Ac. 5.

Pharynx. Vomiting of round worms; feeling of worms in pharynx. Sabad. Clin.

Pharynx. General dryness and heat of mouth, with catarrh of the pharynx; mapped tongue. Natr. M. Clin.

Phlegm. Retching and throwing up phlegm. Æthu. 6.

Phthisis. Stomatitis of phthisis. Bapt. Clin.

Pieces. Feeling in stomach as if cut to pieces in morning, with external sensitiveness of epigastric region. Kali C. 1.

Pillow. Deathly nausea if her head was raised from the pillow. Nux Mos. 6.

Pillow. Difficult dentition; child is weak, cold, pulse soft, bores the head into the pillow, tends to squint, cries out in sleep, and particularly has restless feet. Zinc. Clin.

Pimple. Painful pimple on tip of tongue; soreness. Kali C. 3.

Pimples. Blisters on tongue, with burning pain on touch; painful pimples on sides. Nit. Ac. 3.

Pimples on tip of tongue. Natr. C. 3.

Pinching pain; boring; gnawing; fullness; drawing; burning; crawling in stomach. Agar. 1.

Pinching or choking pain in pit of stomach impeding respiration in afternoon. Pul. 1.

Pinching in pit of stomach preventing sleep, with constriction of stomach; and sensitiveness of stomach, so that it could bear no covering. Coloc. 1.

Pinching. Grinding, pinching, constrictive pain in stomach. Cocc. 1.

Pinching. Accumulation of flatus in left upper abdomen, more towards back, with pinching here and there, under short ribs, in hypogastrium. Carbo V. 7.

Pinching. Distention of stomach, with pain on touch; also in pit; constrictive; pinching. Nux Vom. 1.

Pinching. Constriction and pinching in epigastric and hypochondriac regions; aggravation from eating; then changing into chest and impeding breathing. Pul. 1.

Pinching in pit of stomach on deep breathing. Caust. 1.

Pinching. Intermittent compression in epigastrium changing to pinching, with confusion of sinciput. Coloc. 1.

Pinching in hypochondria and region of pit of stomach. Ipe. 1.

Pinching and pressure in stomach, extending through small intestines, as with a constriction; with many movements. Arn. M. 1.

Pinkish. Vomiting of a pinkish, glairy fluid. Kali B. 6.

Pit. (*Anxiety.*) Anxiety in pit of stomach at night, rising high up. Ars. Alb. 1.

Pit. Anxiety in pit of stomach, with heartburn. Lyc. 1.

Pit. (*Burning.*) Burning in mouth along pharynx, and in pit of stomach. Ars. A. 5.

Pit. Burning pain in stomach; in pit and in abdomen, aggravated by pressure. Ars. Alb. 1.

Pit. Burning pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after dinner, with salivation, extending into throat; into mouth; soreness on waking. Kali B. 1.

Pit. Burning in pit of stomach. Merc. S. 1.

Pit. Burning in pit of stomach on pressure, with pain; burning pressure extending transversely at intervals; aggravated by pressure. Mezer. 1.

Pit. Burning in pit of stomach. Sep. 1.

Pit. Burning corrosive pain in stomach when walking, extending to pit of throat. Sabad. 1.

Pit. Burning in pit of stomach, like heartburn, with good appetite. Ant. C. 1.

Pit. Aching; burning in stomach, extending to mouth, with dryness; as from a stone in pit. Acon. 1.

Pit. (*Pain.*) Pain in pit of stomach during menses. Sul. 1.

Pit. Pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after eating a little; with heaviness in epigastric region caused by cough. Lyc. 1.

Pit. Pain in pit of stomach, in epigastric region; burning. Merc. C. 1.

Pit. Pain in pit of stomach, intolerance of clothing in epigastric region and beneath hypochondria. Crotal. H. 1.

Pit. Cutting in pit of stomach. Bry. 1.

Pit. Pain in epigastric region as from overloading the stomach after eating; in pit after drinking, causing tightness of breath with distention of abdomen. Nux Vom. 1.

Pit. Pain in pit of stomach all forenoon, relieved by eructations; with necessity to vomit. Graph. 1.

Pit. Pain in pit of stomach, with sensitiveness to touch. Carbo V. 1.

Pit. Pain in pit of stomach on pressure; after a meal and on touch; sore internally. Sep. 1.

Pit. Pain in stomach as if a sore spot were pressed below pit on pressure and on inspiration. Sabad. 1.

Pit. Pain in pit of stomach, with sensitiveness to touch. Natr. M. 1.

Pit. Cramp in stomach; in pit; in epigastrium; also with tension. Ant. T. 1.

Pit. Cramping pain in pit of stomach, then eructations of wind, then hic-cough and emission of flatus. Diosc. 1.

Pit. Shooting cutting in pit of stomach, forcing him to bend backward, and hold his breath. Bel. 1.

Pit. Pain in pit of stomach or anterior part of liver. Camph. 1.

Pit. Pain in pit of stomach, arresting breathing. Ars. Alb. 1.

Pit. Pain in pit of stomach, when making a false step on stone pavement. Aloe 1.

Pit. Intermittent pain in region of spleen and pit of stomach. Ign. 1.

Pit. Pain in pit of stomach after eating; with heaviness; burning. Sil. 1.

Pit. Periodical pain in pit of stomach at night, with tremor. Bel. 1.

Pit. Anxious pain in pit of stomach at night, with palpitation. Sul. 1.

Pit. Pain in pit of stomach, in epigastric region; in pit in evening; worse by paroxysms. Mezer. 1.

Pit. Drawing pain in pit of stomach extending into chest. Phos. 1.

Pit. Drawing pain in pit of stomach in morning. Pul. 1.

Pit. Drawing pain in pit of stomach in evening, when sitting, extending to lower border of left rib. Ars. Alb. 1.

Pit. (*Pressure.*) Pressure as from a hard substance above pit of stomach; with coldness, heaviness after eating; aggravated by pressure. Phos. 1.

Pit. Pressure in pit of stomach; relieved by lying down. Caust. 1.

Pit. Pressure in pit of stomach, as if a lump were in it after a moderate supper, transversely across. Calc. C. 1.

Pit. Sharp pressure in pit of stomach with every cough. Phos. 1.

Pit. (*Pulsation.*) Anxious pulsation in pit of stomach, with shooting. Acon. 1.

Pit. Perceptible pulsation in pit of stomach. Asaf. 1.

Pit. Pulsation in pit of stomach perceptible on laying hand on it. Pul. 1.

Pit. Pulsation in pit of stomach in morning, then ebullition in chest like palpitation, then internal heat of face and body without redness or thirst, but with sweat Sep. 1.



## PIT.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## PRESSED.

Pit. (*Sticking.*) Sticking in pit of stomach, extending through body to back. Chel. 1.

Pit. Sticking in stomach and beneath pit, with tearing from both sides towards each other. Zinc. 1.

Pit. Sticking in pit of stomach. Sep. 1.

Pit. Stitches in pit of stomach in morning on standing; in pit on deep breathing. Sul. 1.

Pit. (*Miscellaneous.*) Sinking at pit of stomach. Tabac. 1.

Pit. Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning, then cutting in abdomen and nausea in morning after eating a little, with return of a metallic, herby taste; with weight and heat as from a stone in epigastrium; aggravation from walking; amelioration from sitting. Nux Vom. 1.

Pit. Painful swelling of pit of stomach, with anxiety. Arg. N. 1.

Pit. Peculiar weakness in pit of stomach and epigastric region. Ign. 1.

Pit. Warm streaming of blood from pit of stomach into head. Calc. C. 1.

Pit. Cardialgia and indigestion; great soreness of the pit of the stomach to touch, and intolerance of the clothes. Lach. Clin.

Pit. Fullness in pit of stomach. Arg. N. 1.

Pit. Swollen feeling in pit of stomach. Bry. 1.

Pit. Indigestion, with bloating, sour eructations, heartburn, and a weak feeling, or a feeling of a lump in the pit of the stomach, or a feeling of pulsation after eating; there are generally pressure, belching of gas; bloating and soreness. Kali B. Clin.

Pit. Weight in pit of stomach; in epigastrium after eating; with upward pressure to throat-pit; every empty swallowing carried it downward but it immediately returned. Rumex I.

Pit. Uneasiness starting from pit of stomach, then eructations of food and acids. Kali C. 1.

Pit. Clawing in stomach towards morning as from a purge; changing to burning in pit of stomach. Nux Vom. 1.

Pit. Globus hystericus rising from the pit of the stomach. Zinc. Clin.

Pit. Discomfort in pit of stomach, ascending to throat, choking him and stopping his breath. Nux Vom. 1.

Pit. Tension across pit of stomach; he must loosen his clothes and cannot sit. Hep. 1.

Pit. Gastric disorder, shooting from pit of the stomach into chest and throat, with flatulence. Rumex Clin.

Pit. Gripping in pit of stomach and epigastrium. Pul. 1.

Pit. Gripping in pit of stomach as from flatulence. Carbo V. 1.

Pit. Soreness in pit of stomach mornings, with pain, as from pressure on a sore place after eating a little. China 1.

Pit. Soreness in pit of stomach when coughing. Bry. 1.

Pit. Painful distention of pit of stomach. Ver. Alb. 1.

Pit. Pinching in pit of stomach on deep breathing. Caust. 1.

Pit. Soreness in pit of stomach, when talking, drawing breath, or moving about. Ars. Alb. 1.

Pit. Distention of stomach, with pain on touch; also in pit; constrictive; pinching. Nux Vom. 1.

Pit. Distention of hypochondria; worse in sides, pit of stomach and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. Ign. 1.

Pit. Nausea in morning; fasting, with shuddering; in pit of stomach, with blackness before eyes, so that he must sit down. Calc. C. 6.

Pit. Nausea at noon, when his appetite is nearly satisfied; at night, with vomiting and frequent stools; after dinner, with pressure in pit of stomach, then aching in forehead. Ant. T. 6.

Pit. Vomiting of pregnancy, with constant salivation; feeling of a lump in throat; soreness in pit of stomach; great thirst; relieved by drinking hot water. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Pit. Vomiting of pregnancy; the nausea and vomiting are frequently associated with soreness at the pit of the stomach, and sometimes with thirst. Kreas. Clin.

Pit. Pinching in hypochondria and region of pit of stomach. Ipe. 1.

Pit. Pinching in pit of stomach preventing sleep, with constriction of stomach and sensitiveness of stomach, so that it could bear no covering. Coloc. 1.

Pit. Pinching or choking pain in pit of stomach, impeding respiration in afternoon. Pul. 1.

Poisoning. Chronic salivation; the effect of mercurial poisoning. China Clin.

Posterior. Spasmodic contraction moving up and down in stomach, causing general pain, especially in posterior wall of stomach, as if pressed against spine. Arn. M. 1.

Posterior. Adhesion of tough mucus to posterior wall of soft palate, necessitating hawking. Psor. 5.

Posteriorly. Tongue coated mostly whitish-yellow, worse in the middle and posteriorly. Sabad. 3.

Posteriorly. Tongue yellow, dirty white crust; painful swelling posteriorly on side; burning stitches; dryness. China 3.

Pregnancy. (*Vomiting.*) Vomiting of pregnancy; chronic catarrh of the stomach. Sul. Clin.

Pregnancy. Vomiting during pregnancy, straining her so that blood comes up. Sep. 6.

Pregnancy. Persistent nausea and vomiting of pregnancy; with deathly nausea, pale face, coldness of the stomach, gall-stone colic. Tabac. Clin.

Pregnancy. Vomiting of pregnancy, with a characteristic sensation of emptiness in the stomach. Sep. Clin.

Pregnancy. Vomiting of pregnancy, with intolerance of the smell of coffee; vomiting when lying on right side. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Pregnancy. Vomiting of pregnancy; especially vomiting of food in the evening or at night. Pul. Clin.

Pregnancy. Nausea and vomiting of pregnancy. Nux Mos. Clin.

Pregnancy. Vomiting of pregnancy. Nux Vom. Clin.

Pregnancy. Vomiting of pregnancy. Phos. Clin.

Pregnancy. Nausea and vomiting of pregnancy. Petr. Clin.

Pregnancy. Black vomit in yellow fever and sometimes in the vomiting of pregnancy. Lach. Clin.

Pregnancy. Black vomit in yellow fever and sometimes in the vomiting of pregnancy. Lach. Clin.

Pregnancy. Vomiting of pregnancy; the nausea and vomiting are frequently associated with soreness at the pit of the stomach and sometimes with thirst. Kreas. Clin.

Pregnancy. Nausea and vomiting of pregnancy, with tenderness over the stomach and profuse, ropy saliva. Iris Clin.

Pregnancy. Nausea and vomiting of pregnancy. Cocc. Clin.

Pregnancy. Persistent, deathly nausea of pregnancy. Ars. A. Clin.

Pregnancy. Nausea and vomiting are more frequently the result of nervous irritability than of inflammation of the stomach; so that the drug has often relieved the distressing symptoms of pregnancy. Ign. Clin.

Pregnancy. Nausea during pregnancy, with salivation, constant spitting. Sang. Clin.

Pregnancy. Vomiting of pregnancy, with constant salivation; feeling of a lump in throat; soreness in pit of stomach; great thirst; relieved by drinking hot water. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Pregnancy. (*Miscellaneous.*) Salivation of pregnancy. Merc. S. 5.

Pregnancy. During pregnancy extreme flatulent distention of abdomen. Nux Mos. Clin.

Pregnancy. Flatulent colic in pregnancy. Cocc. Clin.

Pregnancy. Valuable for decaying teeth in pregnancy. Staph. Clin.

Pregnancy. Toothache in pregnancy, temporarily relieved by holding cold water in the mouth; always aggravated in the evening until midnight. Pul. Clin.

Pregnant. Toothache in pregnant women excited by cold or a draught of air. Calc. C. Clin.

Pregnant. Toothache in pregnant women. Nux Mos. Clin.

Premature. Rapid decay of the teeth and bleeding of the gums; premature decay of children's teeth which become very dark and crumbly. Kreas. Clin.

Press. Pains in stomach at night on pressure; clothes press upon stomach. Amm. C. 1.

Pressed. Spasmodic contraction moving up and down in stomach, causing general pain, especially in posterior wall of stomach, as if pressed against spine. Arn. M. 1.



**PRESSED.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****PUNCENT.**

- Pressed.** Pain in stomach as if a sore spot were pressed; below pit on pressure and on inspiration. Sabad. 1.
- Pressing.** Digging in upper back teeth; aggravated for a moment by biting teeth together and pressing upon them. China 5.
- Pressing.** Stitches in molars on pressing them together. Amm. C. 5.
- Pressure in stomach, with intermittent contractive pains.** Cupr. 1.
- Pressure. Fermentation in epigastric region; flatulent pressure towards hypogastrium.** Plat. 7.
- Pressure. Burning pain in stomach, in pit and in abdomen, aggravated by pressure.** Ars. Alb. 1.
- Pressure. Sensitiveness to pressure in region of pylorus.** Phos. 1.
- Pressure as from a hard substance above pit of stomach; with coldness, heaviness after eating; aggravated by pressure.** Phos. 1.
- Pressure. Pain in epigastric region on pressure, with anxiety.** Bry. 1.
- Pressure.** Pain in stomach as if a sore spot were pressed; below pit on pressure and on inspiration. Sabad. 1.
- Pressure.** Pain in pit of stomach on pressure; after a meal and on touch; sore internally. Sep. 1.
- Pressure.** Epigastric region sensitive to pressure; nausea if hand lay on stomach. Nux Vom. 1.
- Pressure.** Epigastric region sensitive in morning; worse towards evening; to pressure; with enlargement of liver; with tension. Phos. 1.
- Pressure.** Acute pain in region of stomach and bladder, with such sensibility that pressure caused convulsions. Canth. 1.
- Pressure.** Epigastric region sensitive to pressure. Mag. M. 1.
- Pressure.** Empty eructations; ineffectual, with pressure in chest. Phos. 7.
- Pressure.** Hiccough after eating and on every shock caused by it; pressure in forehead as if the brain shook from behind forward. Bry. 7.
- Pressure.** Looseness of teeth, with pain in gums on pressure. Sil. 5.
- Pressure.** Bleeding of gums on cleaning teeth and on pressure. Staph. 5.
- Pressure.** Hard pressure frequently relieves the toothache, which may be aggravated by light pressure. Staph. Clin.
- Pressure.** Sensation of glowing coals in mouth and fauces, with constant pressure to swallow and hawk, which increased the pain; discharge of much saliva and mucus. Caust. 5.
- Pressure.** Tearing in diseased root in both rows, extending in zygoma, with bruised pain in both right jaws on pressure and on chewing. Caust. 5.
- Pressure.** Gastralgia; aggravation from light and amelioration from hard pressure; transiently relieved by vomiting. Nux Vom. Clin.
- Pressure.** Burning in pit of stomach on pressure, with pain; burning pressure extending transversely at intervals; aggravated by pressure. Mezer. 1.
- Pressure.** Weight in pit of stomach; in epigastrium after eating; with upward pressure to throat-pit; every empty swallowing carried it downward, but it immediately returned. Rumex 1.
- Pressure.** Nausea worse after eating, with pressure in stomach. Bism. 6.
- Pressure in stomach after eating; in region of stomach, with burning.** Bism. 6.
- Pressure.** Soreness in pit of stomach mornings, with pain, as from pressure on a sore place after eating a little. China 1.
- Pressure.** Dyspepsia, with painful pressure and distention in region of stomach, after eating and drinking a little. China Clin.
- Pressure.** Gastralgia aggravated by pressure. Ign. Clin.
- Pressure.** Colic of the most violent character, aggravated by hard pressure, sometimes with nausea and vomiting, sometimes with diarrhoea, sometimes with discharge of great quantities of gas; pains often extend into chest and pelvis. Coloc. Clin.
- Pressure in stomach, with weakness in knees.** Lach. 1.
- Pressure.** Swelling of epigastric region, with sensitiveness to pressure. Merc. C. 1.
- Pressure.** Indigestion, with bloating, sour eructations, heartburn, and a weak feeling, or a feeling of a lump in the pit of the stomach, or a feeling of pulsation after eating; there are generally pressure, belching of gas, bloating and soreness. Kali C. Clin.
- Pressure.** Sensitiveness of the stomach to pressure; of epigastric region to touch. Lye. 1.
- Pressure.** Sharp pressure in pit of stomach with every cough. Phos. 1.
- Pressure.** Extreme pressure and contraction in the stomach followed by vomiting. Secale Clin.
- Pressure.** Pinching and pressure in stomach, extending through small intestines, as with a constriction, with many movements. Arn. M. 1.
- Pressure.** Gastralgia; pains sudden, violent, compelling hard pressure on the abdomen; amelioration from eructations. Plumb. Clin.
- Pressure.** Nausea at noon, when his appetite is nearly satisfied; at night, with vomiting and frequent stools; after dinner, with pressure in pit of stomach, then aching in forehead. Ant. T. 6.
- Pressure in pit of stomach; relieved by lying down.** Caust. 1.
- Pressure.** Hard pressure in stomach, aggravated after eating. Bel. 1.
- Pressure in pit of stomach, as if a lump were in it after a moderate supper, transversely across.** Calc. C. 1.
- Pressure.** Pain in stomach at night on pressure; clothes press upon stomach. Amm. C. 1.
- Pressure.** Distention of stomach, with sensitiveness to pressure. Bry. 1.
- Prickling, digging in lower back teeth, extending to ear.** Caust. 5.
- Print.** Disturbances of digestion and of the function of the liver; the tongue is yellow and shows the print of the teeth around the margin. Chel. Clin.
- Profuse saliva, ropy; drops from mouth during conversation.** Iris 5.
- Prostration.** Tongue red and dry in the middle, or red in streaks, with great prostration. Ant. T. Clin.
- Prostration.** Hæmorrhage from the stomach, with great sensitiveness of the stomach and great prostration. China Clin.
- Prostration.** Continual nausea; with vomiting, or efforts to vomit; with perspiration on forehead; great prostration and trembling; usually without thirst, or vomiting of tough, slimy matter, with great thirst and disgust for food. Ant. T. Clin.
- Prostration.** Most violent retching and vomiting of food or of whatever is taken into the stomach; the ejecta are always very profuse and the vomiting is attended with cold sweat, great prostration, burning in the stomach and great sensitiveness to touch. Ver. Alb. Clin.
- Protuded.** Tongue swollen and inflamed so that it could not be protruded; and white. Merc. C. 3.
- Pulsating.** Neuralgic toothache, pulsating, driving to madness; teeth feel heavy as if filled with lead. Ver. Alb. Clin.
- Pulsation.** Indigestion, with bloating sour eructations, heartburn, and a weak feeling, or a feeling of a lump in the pit of the stomach; or a feeling of pulsation after eating; there are generally pressure, belching of gas, bloating and soreness. Kali C. Clin.
- Pulsation.** Perceptible pulsation in pit of stomach. Asaf. 1.
- Pulsation.** Anxious pulsation in pit of stomach, with shooting. Acon. 1.
- Pulsation in pit of stomach in morning, then ebullition in chest like palpitation, then internal heat of face and body, without redness or thirst, but with sweat.** Sep. 1.
- Pulsation in pit of stomach perceptible on laying hand on it.** Pul. 1.
- Pulse.** Acid dyspepsia, with heartburn, coldness of the surface of the body, feeble pulse, etc. Carbo V. Clin.
- Pulse.** Difficult dentition; child is weak, cold; pulse soft, bores the head into the pillow; tends to squint, cries out in sleep and particularly has restless feet. Zinc. Clin.
- Pulse.** Obstinate vomiting of blood; extremities cold; countenance hippocratic; pulse feeble; the ejecta sometimes black, tar-like. Ipe. Clin.
- Pungent.** Appetite for only sour, pungent things. Hep. 2.
- Pungent.** Dyspepsia; constant satiety, with coldness in stomach, craving for pungent spices and sour things and stimulants, digestion extremely slow; after eating he feels full, drowsy; taste of the food rises, with dyspnoea. China Clin.



## PURGE.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## RED.

- Purge. Clawing in stomach towards morning as from a purge, changing to burning in pit of stomach. Nux Vom. 1.
- Purple. Gums purple, red and detached from teeth; red and tender, with swelling of glands, beneath jaw; spongy and ulcerated. Merc. C. 5.
- Purplish. Toothache, with swollen, bleeding gums; gums sometimes dark purplish. Lach. Clin.
- Purulent. Vomiting constant of tenacious, purulent and bloody mucus. Nit. Ac. 6.
- Pustule above a hollow tooth like a dental fistula; painful soreness on chewing. Petr. 5.
- Pustules. White aphthous pustules on inside of lips and cheeks and on tongue. Hep. 5.
- Pustules. Ulcers and pustules on the gums and mouth. Merc. S. Clin.
- Putrid. Taste sweet to bread; salty on lips; slimy; putrid in throat as of bad eggs on moving tongue; metallic. Merc. S. 3.
- Putrid. Indigestion characterized by extreme distress in the stomach immediately after eating; feeling as if the stomach knotted up at times; with bitter eructations or with sour or putrid taste in the mouth; nearly always associated with nausea and efforts to vomit. Nux Vom. Clin.
- Putrid. Gums become unhealthy and bleed easily; the teeth are loose, and the saliva is bloody, and there is a putrid odor from the mouth; with these conditions the drug is frequently indicated in a mercurial cachexia. Nit. Ac. Clin.
- Putrid. Acid dyspepsia, with bloated abdomen; sour or putrid eructations; sometimes nausea and vomiting. Sep. Clin.
- Putrid. Taste putrid; slimy; bitter. Arn. M. 3.
- Putrid. Taste sweetish, and in throat, putrid taste. Ars. A. 3.
- Putrid. Eructations bitter, putrid, empty, incomplete, ineffectual, instead of which there is hiccough. Cocc. 7.
- Pyloric. Scirrhus indurations of pyloric orifice of the stomach, with vomiting of blood, burning and extreme flatulence. Lyc. Clin.
- Pylorus. Sensitiveness to pressure in region of pylorus. Phos. 1.
- Ptyalism. Aphthous stomatitis, with ptyalism, bad odor, etc. Merc. S. Clin.
- Qualmish. Slimy taste, which disgusts him with butter; sour; flat; qualmish. China 3.
- Qualmish. Extreme aversion to food, with persistent slightly qualmish, bitter taste, metallic taste, putrid taste. Cocc. Clin.
- Qualmishness. Nausea in morning during menstruation, with chilliness and faintness in morning in bed; with bruised pain in intestines and loins in morning, with qualmishness about heart and salivation. Nux Vom. 6.
- Qualmishness. Nausea after dinner and supper, with uneasiness and qualmishness in epigastric region as after eating too much fat; in throat and palate on eating a little. Cycl. 6.
- Quick decay of teeth. Sep. 5.
- Quinine. Dyspepsia following the abuse of Mercury or Quinine; indicated by the longing for highly seasoned food or for acids. Hep. Clin.
- Raised. Deathly nausea if her head was raised from the pillow. Nux Mos. 6.
- Raising. Dyspepsia after eating; thirst; pain in stomach; relieved for a short time by raising wind; when fasting the pain goes to the spine, feeling as if one ought to raise flatus and could not. Calc. P. 7.
- Rancid. Eructations tasting of food, then nausea; of gas; bilious in evening; bitter at night; of a bitter fluid; tasting of rancid tallow after eating buckwheat cakes; as of bad meat after dinner; the taste remains with nausea. Pul. 7.
- Rancid. Heartburn, as after overloading stomach with rancid fat. Nux Vom. 1.
- Rancid. Gastralgia of nursing women, with excessive flatulence sour and rancid belching, vomiting of food. Carbo V. Clin.
- Rancidity. Indigestion; with feeling of rancidity and heartburn. Graph. Clin.
- Rapid decay of the teeth and bleeding of the gums; premature decay of children's teeth which become very dark and crumbly. Kreas. Clin.
- Ravenous. Scraping in stomach like heartburn, and in œsophagus gnawing like ravenous hunger. Pul. 1.
- Ravenous. Appetite increased, ravenous; if he does not eat, headache, lassitude and necessity to lie down. Sul. 2.
- Ravenous. Sudden ravenous hunger during the contemptuous mood, with greedy, hasty eating. Plat. 2.
- Ravenous hunger in morning. Calc. C. 2.
- Ravenous appetite before supper; with loss of appetite and trembling in limbs, then coldness over whole body; with heat in chest so that it was difficult to fall asleep. Sil. 2.
- Ravenous hunger, but the appetite sometimes vanishes and there is absolute disgust for food; the attempt to eat brings on diarrhoea; sinking in stomach. Ferr. Clin.
- Ravenous appetite; she feels that it is not a genuine hunger. Merc. S. 2.
- Ravenous appetite at night; longing for acids and spicy things. Phos. 2.
- Ravenous hunger. Bry. 2.
- Ravenous hunger, but speedy satiety after stool; ravenous, often making her sick. Petr. 2.
- Ravenous. Appetite ravenous. Secale 2.
- Ravenous appetite with emptiness in stomach; with loss of appetite in palate and throat. Rhus Tox. 2.
- Ravenous appetite. Zinc. 2.
- Ravenous. Pain in stomach; acute; in epigastrium, extending into sternum, hypochondria, and to ilia, as from ravenous hunger. Ver. Alb. 1.
- Ravenous hunger and great thirst, particularly longing for eggs and for indigestible things; chalk, coal, etc. Calc. C. Clin.
- Raw. Ulcers in the stomach supposed to be malignant and incurable have been cured or greatly relieved by this drug; always with extreme burning and distress as if the whole stomach were raw; at times with vomiting of blood. Mezer. Clin.
- Raw. Gums pain as if sore and raw, with painful loose teeth. Bry. 5.
- Raw. Inner portion of the stomach seems raw. Ars. A. Clin.
- Raw. Burning on tip of tongue as if raw or covered with blisters. Kali C. 2.
- Raw. Gums, mouth, tongue and palate slimy with raw and sore feeling as from something acrid. Nux Vom. 5.
- Rawness. Heat with rawness and dryness of tip of tongue. Carbo V. 3.
- Rawness of palate when clearing the throat, with expectoration of much mucus. Ant. C. 5.
- Rawness. Sensitiveness of tongue, with rawness. Carbo V. 3.
- Rawness. Burning pain and rawness in mouth, then aphthous and denuded spots. Lach. 5.
- Rawness in a spot in palate, with soreness. Mur. Ac. 5.
- Rectum. Colic as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. Nux Vom. 7.
- Red. (Tongue.) Tongue black, with red edges; swollen. Merc. S. 3.
- Red. Tongue smooth, red and cracked; red and dry. Kali B. 2.
- Red. Tongue coated yellow, with red margin showing imprint of teeth; yellow, white, slimy; dryness. Chel. 3.
- Red. Tongue coated sometimes with red edges, with a streak in middle, and redness of top; brown and dry. Ars. A. 3.
- Red tip of tongue with pain, and prominent papillæ. Arg. N. 3.
- Red. Tongue swollen, red and sore. Crotal. H. 3.
- Red. Tongue is dry red and cracked in fever. Rhus Tox. Clin.
- Red. Tongue red and dry in the middle, or red in streaks, with great prostration. Ant. T. Clin.
- Red. Tongue is usually red, dry and tremulous, or the tip is red and the centre brown; sometimes there is a red stripe through the centre. Lach. Clin.
- Red. Tongue chalky; white; red in middle; yellow. Phos. 3.
- Red. Dry tongue in middle; brown; white; red; black. Phos. 3.
- Red. Atonic dyspepsia, with continual throbbing, occipital headache and trembling; fluttering feeling below the epigastrium, towards the umbilicus; tongue very red and small; feels swollen. Crotal. H. Clin.



## RED.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## REST.

Red tongue, with blackish coat, covered with grayish-white crust; moist; edges red; pale, dirty yellow posteriorly and along edges; white anteriorly. Merc. C. 3.

Red. Tongue coated yellow along centre; coated first white, with reddish papillae here and there; then a yellowish-brown coat in centre, the edges being red and shining; dry on waking and feeling burnt. Bapt. 3.

Red. Tongue swollen and coated red at edges. Canth. 3.

Red blisters on tongue, as if skin were eroded; with pain on every motion of tongue and on touch of anything salt or sour. Borax 3.

Red. Mucous membrane of tongue red and covered with blisters. Canth. 3.

Red. Tongue bluish, red and dry, also white. Ars. A. 3.

Red. Tongue scarlet, papillae swollen, arch of palate and uvula swollen and dark red. Caust. 3.

Red. Tongue red on margins; brown coat down centre; white; dry. Plumb. 3.

Red. (*Miscellaneous.*) Gums red, bright red margin; red and swollen and livid and covered with thin white patches easily removed from a non-ulcerating surface. Merc. S. 5.

Red. Ulcers on inside of cheeks, with sticking on uvula, palate, fauces and, as far as could be seen, covered with yellowish-gray membrane; red swollen, painful and offensive. Nit. Ac. 5.

Red. Gums purple, red and detached from teeth; red and tender, with swelling of glands beneath jaw; spongy and ulcerated. Merc. C. 5.

Red. Gums and mouth are sore, ulcerated; breath fetid; salivation; ulcerations, with red areola. Bapt. Clin.

Red. Pain in teeth aggravated by drawing in air with open mouth; with stitches in one row of teeth, now in an upper, now in a lower molar, then in other teeth towards the front; aggravated by eating; at noon and evening, with red, hot spots on cheek and throat, with complaining mood full of reproaches and despondency. Nux Vom. 5.

Red. Gums feel affected, and are red and enlarged between teeth. Nit. Ac. 5.

Red. Inflammation of mouth and throat; all the parts are red, hot and dry; worse on right side. Bel. Clin.

Red. Mouth and throat swollen and bright red, with pain and burning in mouth, throat, and stomach. Nit. Ac. 5.

Red. Eructations frothy and sour, of frothy, sour mucus, tinged bright red. Canth. 7.

Red. Vomiting of great quantities of blood, at times even bright red; usually dark and thick. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Reddish. Tongue coated yellow along centre, coated first white, with reddish papillae here and there; then a yellowish-brown coat in centre, the edges being red and shining; dry on waking and feeling burnt. Bapt. 3.

Redness. Soreness of tongue, with redness of apex. Rhus. Tox. 3.

Redness. Tongue coated sometimes with red edges, with a streak in middle and redness of tip; brown and dry. Ars. A. 3.

Redness. Deep redness of tongue; of papillae; with swelling. Bel. 3.

Redness of inside of cheeks and of arch of palate. Mur. Ac. 5.

Redness. Pulsation in pit of stomach in morning, then ebullition in chest like palpitation, then internal heat of face and body without redness or thirst, but with sweat. Sep. 1.

Redness. Swelling of gums with sore pain; with dark redness and painful throbbing as if beginning to suppurate. Sep. 5.

Reflecting. Sore pain in teeth; aggravated by exerting the mind and reflecting. Nux Vom. 5.

Refresh. Thirst, but drinking did not refresh him; he drinks much, but little at a time; with dryness of mouth, and a peculiar thick white saliva. Ars. Alb. 2.

Refuses. Unnatural hunger; the child wants a great variety of things; refuses ordinary food. Cina Clin.

Region. Sensation, as if a stone lay in stomach after eating, making him fretful, with pain in epigastric region on touch. Bry. 1.

Region. Swelling of epigastric region. Calc. C. 1.

Region. Pain in epigastric region on pressure, with anxiety. Bry. 1.

Region. Pain in epigastric region on touch. Calc. C. 1.

Region. Dyspepsia; with indescribable distress in region of stomach; only temporarily relieved by eating. Calc. P. Clin.

Region. Sensitiveness to touch in region of stomach. Bel. 1.

Region. Pain in region of stomach after lifting something heavy; the pain goes into small of back, where it becomes sticking, so that she cannot turn without pain the whole night; better in the morning. Borax 1.

Region. Pressure in stomach after eating; in region of stomach, with burning. Bism. 6.

Region. Violent pain in region of stomach, goes through to back and right shoulder blade, or over towards the liver. Chel. Clin.

Region. Gripping in epigastric region after every meal; worse towards evening. Coloc. 1.

Regurgitated. Atonic dyspepsia; digestion very slow; the food is tasted or regurgitated a long time after eating. Pul. Clin.

Regurgitation. Violent gastralgia, with distention of abdomen; belching of wind and regurgitation of liquid. Asaf. Clin.

Regurgitation of food and drink through nose. Merc. C. 7.

Regurgitation of food an hour or so after it has been taken. Æthu. 1.

Regurgitation of food; hiccough, empty retching; weak, empty feeling; has to eat at night even; especially attended with sighing; gastric symptoms generally ameliorated after eating. Ign. Clin.

Regurgitation. Dyspepsia characterized by regurgitation of food; more or less nausea and vomiting, loss of appetite and thirst, bitter taste, vertigo on rising up, chilliness and, above all, constant aggravation from eating fat substances. Pul. Clin.

Regurgitation. Gastric catarrh with thickly white coated tongue, dry mouth; nausea, especially when the distress or regurgitation of food takes place a long time after a meal. Pul. Clin.

Relaxed. Nausea on motion, with relaxed sensation in stomach; paroxysmal as in seasickness, with vertigo and cold sweat; amounting almost to faintness; amelioration in open air. Tabac. 6.

Relaxed. Stomach and intestines hang down; relaxed. Ign. 1.

Relaxed. Feeling as if stomach hung down; relaxed, and appetite lost. Ipe. 1.

Relaxed. Aphthae of mouth and cheek, with burning; relaxed uvula. Natr. M. Clin.

Relaxed. Atony of the stomach and abdomen; feeling as if hung down relaxed. Staph. Clin.

Relaxation. Nausea with general relaxation; with burning; scratching in throat. Arn. M. 6.

Relief. Vomiting brings no relief. Ars. A. 1.

Relish for meat. Mag. C. 1.

Relish. Much hunger, but no relish. Agar. 2.

Relish. Appetite lost for milk, but if he takes it he begins to relish it. Bry. 2.

Relished. Loss of appetite, but when he began to eat he relished food. Calc. C. 2.

Relished. Smoking tobacco is not relished; aversion to food; to sour things, to meat. Sul. 2.

Relished. Appetite lost; beer is not relished. Rhus Tox. 2.

Relished. Appetite lost, still he relished the food that he eat. Ars. Alb. 2.

Respiration. Pinching or choking pain in pit of tongue impeding respiration in afternoon. Pul. 1.

Repulsive. Nausea at night during menses, with retching and waterbrash; during suppression of menses; with good appetite; when he wishes to eat; when eating so that food was repulsive. Pul. 6.

Rest. Colic as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. Nux Vom. 7.

Rest. Gastralgia; pains extend to the chest; aggravation from motion; amelioration from quiet rest. Rumex Clin.



**RESTLESS.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****ROLLING.**

**Restless.** Difficult dentition; child is weak, cold, pulse soft bores the head into the pillow tends to squint; cries out in sleep and particularly has restless feet. Zinc. Clin.

**Retain.** Violent vomiting of food; stomach unable to retain anything. Crotal. H. 6.

**Retained.** Constant thirst for cold water; the smallest quantity of which could not be retained. Ars. A. 2.

**Retarded** development of speech in children. Phos. Clin.

**Retching on hawking mucus from fauces.** Nux Vom. 6.

**Retching.** Nausea with retching. Plumb. 6.

**Retching; vomiting; with diarrhoea and colic.** Arg. N. 6.

**Retching.** Nausea on every inward emotion; but when fasting there is only retching. Kali C. 6.

**Retching.** Morning nausea; amelioration after eating; on waking, towards evening and at night; on washing mouth before breakfast; on waking, with blackness before eyes in evening; weakness even to faintness, with melancholy; easily startled, then vomiting of food, then retching. Sep. 6.

**Retching.** Violent attacks of gastralgia, with retching and vomiting of food and bile from repression of gout. Colch. Clin.

**Retching.** Distress at the stomach, with retching and vomiting (especially of green substances.) Acon. Clin.

**Retching and throwing up phlegm.** Ethu. 6.

**Retching.** Empty retching at night. Arn. M. 6.

**Retching.** Ineffectual retching, with constriction of œsophagus and across chest in direction of diaphragm. Cupr. 6.

**Retching.** Vomiting of bile in morning after long violent retching. Hep. 6.

**Retching.** Regurgitation of food, hic-cough, empty retching, weak empty feeling; has to eat at night even; especially attended with sighing; gastric symptoms generally ameliorated after eating. Ign. Clin.

**Retching in morning, fasting.** Kreas. 6.

**Retching spasmodic and painful.** Merc. C. 7.

**Retching.** Ineffectual retching in morning. Natr. C. 6.

**Retching.** Nausea with acidity and retching. Pod. 6.

**Retching.** Most violent retching of food or of whatever is taken into the stomach; the ejecta are always very profuse, and the vomiting is attended with cold sweat; great prostration; burning in the stomach and great sensitiveness to touch. Ver. Alb. Clin.

**Retching.** Nausea at night during menses, with retching and waterbrash; during suppression of menses, with good appetite; when he wishes to eat; when eating, so that food was repulsive. Pul. 6.

**Retract.** Spongy condition of gums, which retract and bleed easily, with tendency to nose-bleed; fainting fits. Carbo V. Clin.

**Retracted.** Gums retracted from incisors. Carbo V. 5.

**Returning.** Pain all day in stomach, relieved by lying and warmth of bed, returning on rising. Graph. 1.

**Rib.** Drawing pain in pit of stomach in evening, when sitting, extending to lower border of left rib. Ars. Alb. 1.

**Ribs.** Flatulence here and there in hypochondria, even in back, in region of ribs and in chest, causing tension and bubbling; amelioration from empty eructations. Lye. 7.

**Ribs.** Flatulence rising and becoming incarcerated under short ribs. Nux Vom. 7.

**Ribs.** Accumulation of flatus in left upper abdomen, more towards back, with pinching here and there, under short ribs, in hypogastrium. Carbo V. 7.

**Ribs.** Distention of hypochondria; worse in sides, pit of stomach and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. Ign. 1.

**Ribs.** Painless gnawing in stomach, then gnawing in sides, extending across under ribs, deep in abdomen. Lach. 1.

**Rich.** General craving for acids and aversion to meat and fat or rich food. Pul. Clin.

**Riding.** Nausea in morning so that she can scarcely rise; in afternoon after every drink; mostly in mouth when riding in a wagon; if he became cold or took cold, causing salivation. Cocc. 6.

**Riding.** Colic; aggravated by riding in the cars or carriage; relieved by emission of flatus. Carbo V. Clin.

**Riding.** Nausea and vomiting from riding in the cars. Cocc. Clin.

**Right.** Drawing in right upper teeth all night. Bel. 5.

**Right.** Ulceration of right gum. Psor. 3.

**Right.** Hard elevation on right anterior border of tongue, and on moving tongue shooting in it; smarting on right side. Sul. 3.

**Right.** Vomiting of pregnancy, with intolerance of the smell of coffee; vomiting when lying on right side. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

**Right.** Open blister on inside of right cheek felt during dinner, with burning pain in it from warm food. Natr. M. 5.

**Right.** Inflammation of mouth and throat; all the parts are red, hot and dry; worse on right side. Bel. Clin.

**Right.** Violent pain in region of stomach goes through to back and right shoulder blade, or over towards the liver. Chel. Clin.

**Right.** Bilious vomiting; inability to lie on right side, with dark green vomiting. Crotal. H. Clin.

**Right.** Tickling sticking in right lower molar. Staph. 5.

**Rises.** Sensation in stomach as if one had eaten too much; food rises into mouth as if one would vomit. Pul. 1.

**Rises.** Dyspepsia; constant satiety, with coldness in stomach, craving for pungent spices and sour things and stimulants, digestion extremely slow; after eating he feels full, drowsy; taste of the food rises, with dyspnœa. China Clin.

**Rising.** Eructations incomplete; burning; rising only into pharynx where they cause burning. Lye. 7.

**Rising.** Nausea every morning fasting; in morning after rising so that she must sit down; with salivation. Lye. 6.

**Rising.** Numb pain in lower teeth in morning after rising. Plat. 5.

**Rising.** Flatulence rising and becoming incarcerated under short ribs. Nux Vom. 7.

**Rising.** Clawing in stomach in morning on rising, as from long fasting; better after eating. Pul. 1.

**Rising.** Globus hystericus rising from the pit of the stomach. Zinc. Clin.

**Rising.** Longing for acids, with flatulent dyspepsia; soreness over the abdomen and liver, blisters in the mouth, and especially with a feeling of something twisting about the stomach and rising into the throat. Sep. Clin.

**Rising.** Dyspepsia, characterized by regurgitation of food, more or less nausea and vomiting, loss of appetite and thirst, bitter taste, vertigo on rising up, chilliness, and above all, constant aggravations from eating fat substances. Pul. Clin.

**Rising.** Nausea, with rising from stomach. Coloc. 6.

**Rising.** Vomiting, with burning nausea, rising to throat; relieved by drinking cold water. Cupr. 6.

**Rising.** Pain all day in stomach, relieved by lying and warmth of bed; returning on rising. Graph. 1.

**Rising.** Burning acidity rising from stomach, with spasmodic constriction. Kali C. 1.

**Rising.** Nausea in morning after rising with salivation. Mag. M. 6.

**Rising.** Taste and coolness in mouth and throat, as from peppermint; biting taste in throat as from peppermint; as from heat rising from œsophagus into mouth. Ver. Alb. 3.

**Risings.** Nausea in epigastric region, aggravated by eating and drinking; with waterbrash and disagreeable risings. Pul. 6.

**Risings.** Acid fermentation in stomach, everything turns sour; sour risings. Calc. C. Clin.

**Roast.** Sudden satiety at noon after a little roast lamb, with thirst, heaviness in stomach and distention in abdomen. Lye. 2.

**Rolling.** Distention of abdomen in evening; gurgling; rumbling, with rolling in morning in bed, with grumbling and flatulent pain. Zinc. 7.



## ROLLING.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## SALIVATION.

Rolling. Difficult dentition, with grinding of teeth, rolling the head, disagreeable breath, diarrhoea. Pod. Clin.

Rolls. Collection of flatus without evacuation of it, with pain; flatus rolls about and becomes incarcerated here and there. Natr. S. 7.

Room. Neuralgic toothach, ceasing entirely in the open air; aggravation in a warm room; always relieved when walking about. Pul. Clin.

Root. **Metallic taste, with loss of appetite;** metallic at root of tongue. Cocc. 3.

Root. Blisters on tongue, coated yellowish-white at root. Rhus Tox. 3.

Root. Abscesses at roots of teeth. Sil. Clin.

Root. Inflammation at root of a tooth, with pain, which is aggravated at night from cold. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Root. Dirty grayish-green coat at root of tongue. Natr. S. Clin.

Root. Sticking in root of tongue when not swallowing. Nit. Ac. 3.

Root. Abscess at the root of tooth, with external swelling; dental fistula. Petr. Clin.

Root. Throbbing pain in teeth only when eating; in root of last hollow molar in evening. Kali C. 5.

Root. Bitter taste at root of tongue. Cocc. 3.

Root. Tearing in diseased root in both rows; extending in zygoma, with bruised pain in both right jaws on pressure and on chewing. Caust. 5.

Roots. Tearing first in roots of hollow teeth after chewing, then extending into crowns; aggravated in open air. Staph. 5.

Roots. Tearing in hollow molar; jerking drawing in roots of incisors; sharp jerking in two last molars. Zinc. 5.

Roots. Hollow teeth sensitive to touch, and if food remains in centres pain extending into root and the gum becomes sore. Staph. 5.

Ropy. **Profuse saliva;** ropy; drops from mouth during conversation. Iris 5.

Ropy. Nausea and vomiting of pregnancy, with tenderness over the stomach and profuse ropy saliva. Iris Clin.

Rotten. Eructations tasting like rotten eggs. Psor. 7.

Rotten. Eructations bitter and like bad eggs, like rotten eggs. Arn. M. 7.

Rotten. Flatulence offensive, smelling like rotten eggs. Arn. M. 7.

Rotten. Taste of rotten eggs between meals. Arn. M. 3.

Rotten. Eructations empty; tasting of rotten eggs; tasting like apples. Agar. 7.

Rough. Dry and rough feeling in middle of tongue. Acon. 3.

Roughness. Dryness of tongue and in mouth and throat, and in morning roughness. Sep. 3.

Rumbled. Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about painfully; worse in upper abdomen. Pul. 7.

Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening or colic aggravated in evening in bed, with griping and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another. Pul. 7.

Rumbling in abdomen, with emission of much flatus; offensive. Diosc. 7.

Rumbling. Distention of abdomen after dinner, with rumbling, by flatus. Carbo V. 7.

Rumbling in abdomen all day, in afternoon; relieved by emission of fetid flatus by griping and feeling as if a loose stool would pass at night, with gurgling. Sul. 7.

Rumbling in abdomen between 6 and 10 p. m., with movement of flatus and aching, then emission of flatus, offensive. China 7.

Rumbling. Gastric derangements aggravated by alcoholic stimulants; especially flatulence with much rumbling in abdomen. Zinc. Clin.

Rumbling. Distention of abdomen in evening; gurgling rumbling with rolling in morning in bed; with grumbling and flatulent pain. Zinc. 7.

Rumbling. Distention of abdomen with flatulence, with pain; rumbling. Robina 7.

Rumbling in abdomen, with uneasiness and emission of flatus. Nit. Ac. 7.

Rumbling. Abdominal flatulence, with much rumbling and gurgling and pains of various sorts. Lyc. Clin.

Rumbling. Thirst in evening after fever, with hunger, then after eating coldness and rumbling in abdomen, after shivering through skin, after chill during sweat on back and forehead. China 2.

Running. **Salivation, running from mouth like waterbrash.** Ver. Alb. 5.

Running. **Salivation;** watery saliva running constantly from mouth. Tabac. 5.

Running. Salivation running from mouth during afternoon nap; when sitting. Rhus Tox. 5.

Runs. **Watery saliva** runs from mouth in sleep. Phos. 5.

Sacrum. **Offensive flatus** and at last moist flatus, with dragging towards sacrum and thence towards abdomen. Carbo V. 7.

Saliva white, thick, frothy and sticky. Can. Ind. 5.

Saliva has a salt taste which is communicated to all he takes; salt taste to food. Cycl. 3.

Saliva. Dribbling of glairy saliva from mouth. Stram. 5.

Saliva. **Taste sour;** saliva has a sour taste, bitter then sour, with sour eructations. Ign. 3.

Saliva. **Profuse saliva,** ropy; drops from mouth during conversation. Iris 5.

Saliva. **Watery saliva** runs from mouth in sleep. Phos. 5.

Saliva. Dryness of mouth after midnight as if tongue stuck to palate, without thirst. Nux Vom. 5.

Saliva. **Salivation sweet;** tenacious; discharge of watery saliva also like waterbrash. Pul. 5.

Saliva. **Salivation;** bloody saliva is expectorated in morning. Nit. Ac. 5.

Saliva. **Dry mouth without thirst in evening** so that tongue sticks to palate, also back of mouth and throat in morning on waking, dry at night, with slimy feeling; dry and the saliva seems like cotton. Nux Mos. 5.

Saliva. **Salivation after eating;** bloody saliva; salt saliva. Sul. 5.

Saliva. **Salivation;** watery saliva running constantly from mouth. Tabac. 5.

Saliva. Sensation of glowing coals in mouth and fauces, with constant pressure to swallow and hawk which increased the pain; discharge of much saliva, with mucus. Caust. 5.

Saliva. Taste bitter, if she eats anything, or swallows saliva; everything tastes bitter; insipid; lost to food. Borax 3.

Saliva runs from mouth in morning on stooping; spitting much saliva. Graph. 5.

Saliva. Nausea and vomiting of pregnancy, with tenderness over the stomach and profuse, ropy saliva. Iris Clin.

Saliva. Urging to vomit; nothing but saliva results. Kreas. 6.

Saliva. Nausea, with burning in mouth, spitting of saliva and general chill, without heat or thirst. Kreas. 6.

Saliva. Bloody saliva in mouth. Mag. C. 5.

Saliva. Salivation, with tension in sub-maxillary region which was sensitive to touch; saliva dries on palate and lips to a tenacious mucus. Lyc. 5.

Saliva. Gums become unhealthy and bleed easily; the teeth are loose and the saliva is bloody and there is a putrid odor from the mouth; with these conditions the drug is frequently indicated in a mercurial cachexia. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Saliva. Breath offensive; salivation; constant spitting; saliva salty. Natr. M. 5.

Saliva and mucus so thick that mouth was dry and he was inclined to drink, but had no real thirst. Nux Mos. 5.

Saliva. Tasteless saliva, with tastelessness in mouth. Ver. Alb. 3.

Salivary. **Aching in teeth at night** then general chilliness, with swelling of gums and salivary glands. Merc. S. 5.

Salivary. Inflammation of the salivary glands; very free secretion; with swelling of the glands; with soreness leading to suppuration. Merc. S. Clin.

Salivary. Easily bites inside of cheek near orifice of salivary duct when chewing. Ign. 5.

Salivation, running from mouth like waterbrash. Ver. Alb. 5.

Salivation. Nausea, with empty eructations and salivation; distressing nausea. Ipe. 6.

Salivation. Nausea in morning so that she can scarcely rise; in afternoon after every drink; mostly in mouth when riding in a wagon; if he became cold or took cold, causing salivation. Cocc. 6.



**SALIVATION.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****SECRETION.**

Salivation and obliged to swallow constantly. Ipe. 5.

Salivation. Nausea, with bilious taste; with salivation and closure of jaws; with great thirst and with frothing from mouth; with weakness. Ver. Alb. 3.

Salivation; watery saliva running constantly from mouth. Tabac. 5.

Salivation after eating; bloody saliva; salt saliva. Sul. 5.

Salivation, sweet; tenacious; discharge of watery saliva also like waterbrash. Pul. 5.

Salivation; bloody saliva is expectorated in morning. Nit. Ac. 5.

Salivation. Nausea incessant so that it takes away the breath; all day without vomiting; sudden on walking; with salivation; sudden heat of face and vertigo. Petr. 6.

Salivation. Nausea in morning during menstruation, with chilliness and faintness in morning in bed, with bruised pain in intestines and loins in morning, with qualms about heart and salivation. Nux Vom. 6.

Salivation, tenacious, difficult to expectorate. Merc. C. 5.

Salivation. Burning pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after dinner, with salivation, extending into throat; into mouth; soreness on waking. Kali B. 1.

Salivation, with crawling on inside of cheeks. Zinc. 5.

Salivation running from mouth during afternoon nap; when sitting. Rhus Tox. 5.

Salivation. Sore mouth; aphthæ occurring during protracted diseases, especially in children; with marasmus; with salivation; sour vomiting; stools like chopped eggs. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Salivation, at times slimy and tenacious. Camph. 5.

Salivation. Soapy, frothy salivation. Bry. 5.

Salivation. Neuralgic, splinter-like pains in tongue, with salivation. Agar. Clin.

Salivation. Vomiting of pregnancy, with constant salivation; feeling of a lump in throat; soreness in pit of stomach; great thirst; relieved by drinking hot water. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Salivation; breath fetid. Secale 5.

Salivation. Nausea not relieved by vomiting; with salivation, chill and heat. Sang. 6.

Salivation. Nausea during pregnancy, with salivation, constant spitting. Sang. Clin.

Salivation. Burning on tongue and on fore part of mouth, with salivation. Mezer. 3.

Salivation. Breath offensive; salivation; constant spitting; saliva salty. Natr. M. 5.

Salivation. Nux Vom. 5.

Salivation, with tension in submaxillary region which was sensitive to touch; saliva dries on palate and lips to a tenacious mucus. Lyc. 5.

Salivation of pregnancy. Merc. S. Clin.

Salivation. Vomiting of food and bile; even to vomiting after a meal, with salivation during menstruation. Lyc. 6.

Salivation. Nausea every morning fasting; in morning after riding, so that she must sit down; with salivation. Lyc. 6.

Salivation. Dental periostitis, with great soreness and elongation of the teeth: pain aggravated at night from warmth of bed; teeth loose; salivation offensive. Merc. S. Clin.

Salivation. Nausea in morning after rising, with salivation. Mag. M. 6.

Salivation. Nausea, with hot eructations, and sweetish flat salivation. Kali B. 6.

Salivation. Mouth constantly full of mucus; salivation. Ign. 5.

Salivation, with pasty taste. Cycl. 3.

Salivation. Chronic salivation; the effect of mercurial poisoning. China Clin.

Salivation, collection of bitter water obliging constant expectoration. Chel. 5.

Salivation. Gums and mouth are sore, ulcerated; breath fetid; salivation; ulcerations, with red areola. Bapt. Clin.

Salt. Saliva has a salt taste which is communicated to all he takes; salt taste to food. Cycl. 3.

Salt. Aversion to animal food when thinking of it; to salt food. Graph. 2.

Salt. Salivation after eating; bloody saliva; salt saliva. Sul. 5.

Salt. Red blisters on tongue, as if skin were eroded; with pain on every motion of tongue, and on touch of anything salt or sour. Borax 3.

Salty. Taste sweet to bread; salty on lips; slimy; putrid in throat as of bad eggs on moving tongue; metallic. Merc. S. 3.

Salty. Taste bitter in morning and slimy to food during the day; salty. Merc. C. 3.

Salty. Breath offensive; salivation; constant spitting; saliva salty. Natr. M. 5.

Salty. Nausea, not relieved by vomiting of salty, sour water; with waterbrash. Natr. S. 6.

Sardines. Appetite for fruit; longing for only cold food, herring, sardines or acids. Ver. Alb. 2.

Satiety Sudden satiety at noon after a little roast lamb with thirst; heaviness in stomach and distention in abdomen. Lyc. 2.

Satiety. Ravenous hunger, but speedy satiety after stool; ravenous, often making her sick. Petr. 2.

Satiety. Canine hunger, but the attempt to eat is followed by flatulent distention and inability to take more food; or sometimes the flatulent distention immediately takes away the appetite; or sometimes a feeling of constant satiety; he feels too full before he has eaten anything and cannot eat. Lyc. Clin.

Scalded. Burning on anterior surface of tongue; on tip; scalded sensation. Coloc. 3.

Scalded. Mouth and tongue feel scalded. Iris 5.

Scalded. Mouth and tip of tongue feel sore and scalded. Sabad. 5.

Scallops. Tongue swollen and showing imprint of teeth in scallops which looked ulcerated and its movement difficult and painful; covered with foul ulcers; oozing of blood; the ulcers made swallowing difficult; with painful ulcerated margin. Merc. S. 3.

Scanty. Nausea, with debility and scanty vomiting of coffee-grounds fluid. Secale 6.

Scapulæ. Vomiting at night, with sticking drawing pain in back extending towards scapulæ. Pul. 6.

Scarlet. Tongue scarlet, papillæ swollen, arch of palate and uvula swollen and dark red. Caust. 3.

Scirrhus indurations of pyloric orifice of the stomach with vomiting of blood, burning and extreme flatulence. Lyc. Clin.

Scirrhus. Inflammation of the stomach, occurring during the progress of chronic disease; for instance, scirrhus. Bism. Clin.

Scorbutic. Gums scorbutic, bleeding. Natr. M. Clin.

Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning, then cutting in abdomen and nausea in morning after a eating a little, with return of a metallic, herby taste; with weight and heat as from a stone in epigastrium; aggravation from walking; amelioration from sitting. Nux Vom. 1.

Scraping in stomach like heartburn, and in œsophagus gnawing like ravenous hunger. Pul. 1.

Scraping. Burning in mouth extending to stomach; in palate and fauces, with scraping. Mezer. 5.

Scraping. Stomach weak and easily disordered; scraping heartburn after fat food. Natr. C. 1.

Scraping in mouth and in throat. Bel. 5.

Scraping. Burning scraping in mouth and in œsophagus. Arn. M. 5.

Scratching. Nausea with general relaxation; with burning; scratching in throat. Arn. M. 6.

Seasoned. Dyspepsia following the abuse of Mercury or Quinine; indicated by the longing for highly seasoned food or for acids. Hep. Clin.

Seasoned. Burning pain on tip of tongue, with blisters; with sensitiveness so that she could hardly eat; relieved by taking anything cold, burning as from highly seasoned food. Natr. S. 3.

Seasickness. Nausea on motion, with relaxed sensation in stomach; paroxysmal as in seasickness, with vertigo and cold sweat, amounting almost to faintness; amelioration in open air. Tabac. 6.

Seasickness, with the special indication of the occipital headache. Petr. Clin.

Seasickness. Sul. Clin.

Secretion. Inflammation of the salivary glands; very free secretion; with swelling of the glands; with soreness leading to suppuration. Merc. S. Clin.



## SEES.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## SHARP.

Sees. Appetite lost as soon as he sees food, and he feels full in abdomen and aversion to it when he begins to eat. Sul. 2.

Sees. Great appetite; appetite for different things, but as soon as he sees them, or still more smells them, he shudders from nausea, and cannot eat. Colch. 2.

Sensation in stomach as if one had eaten too much; food rises into mouth as if one would vomit. Pul. 1.

Sensation as if a stone lay in stomach after eating, making him fretful, with pain in epigastric region on touch. Bry. 1.

Sensation. Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning, then cutting in abdomen and nausea in morning after eating a little, with return of a metallic, herby taste; with weight and heat as from a stone in epigastrium; aggravation from walking; amelioration from sitting. Nux Vom. 1.

Sensation of fasting, with physical exhaustion. Ign. 1.

Sensation of a hair on fore part of tongue; on tip, extending into trachea, where it caused crawling so that he must cough. Sil. 3.

Sensation. Feeling as if stomach would burst after yawning, with sensation as if oesophagus were spasmodically closed; hence ineffectual effort to eructate; relieved by empty eructations. Arg. N. 7.

Sensation of a hard-boiled egg in stomach. Abies N. 1.

Sensation in stomach as if disordered. Caust. 1.

Sensation. Sinking sensation in epigastrium. Calc. P. 1.

Sensation as if beaten in epigastric region and abdomen, with fullness in former and eructations. Asaf. 1.

Sensation of glowing coals in mouth and fauces, with constant pressure to swallow and hawk, which increased the pain; discharge of much saliva and mucus. Caust. 5.

Sensation as if a worm were moving in stomach. Cocc. 1.

Sensation as if something in epigastric region turned over. Nux Vom. 1.

Sensation in stomach as if a foreign body were sticking in cardiac orifice and behind sternum; constrictive. Natr. M. 1.

Sensation as if roof of palate were covered with tenacious mucus and were swollen. Pul. 5.

Sensation in middle of tongue as if it had been burnt and were insensible at night and in morning. Pul. 3.

Sensitive. Gums sensitive when chewing. Carbo V. 5.

Sensitive. Gums sensitive to cold water; sore. Sil. 5.

Sensitive. Epigastric region sensitive to pressure; nausea if hand lay on stomach. Nux Vom. 1.

Sensitive. Tongue sensitive even to soft food, which causes biting. Nit. Ac. 3.

Sensitive. Epigastric region sensitive in morning; worse towards evening; to pressure; with enlargement of liver; with tension. Phos. 1.

Sensitive. Salivation, with tension in submaxillary region, which was sensitive to touch; saliva dries on palate and lips to a tenacious mucus. Lyc. 5.

Sensitive. Epigastric region sensitive to pressure. Mag. M. 1.

Sensitive. Acid dyspepsia; the region of the stomach becomes distended and extremely sensitive to touch. Lyc. Clin.

Sensitive. Hollow teeth sensitive to touch, and if food remains in centres, pain extending into root and the gum becomes sore. Staph. 5.

Sensitive. Upper incisors seem too long and sensitive. Mag. M. 5.

Sensitive. Gums loosened from teeth and sensitive. Carbo V. 5.

Sensitiveness. (Stomach.) Feeling in stomach as if cut to pieces in morning, with external sensitiveness of epigastric region. Kali C. 1.

Sensitiveness to pressure in region of pylorus. Phos. 1.

Sensitiveness to touch in region of stomach. Bel. 1.

Sensitiveness of stomach to touch. Acon. 1.

Sensitiveness. Most violent retching and vomiting of food or of whatever is taking into the stomach; the ejecta are always very profuse, and the vomiting is attended with cold sweat, great prostration, burning in the stomach and great sensitiveness to touch. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Sensitiveness. Pain in epigastric region after eating; aggravated by hard food; with sensitiveness of stomach. Sulf. Ac. 1.

Sensitiveness. Distress in stomach, worse in the afternoon; amelioration after supper; with sensitiveness to clothes. Sep. 1.

Sensitiveness. Feeling in stomach in evening; swollen feeling and sensitiveness. Natr. C. 1.

Sensitiveness. Pain in pit of stomach, with sensitiveness to touch. Natr. M. 1.

Sensitiveness of the stomach to pressure; of epigastric region to touch. Lyc. 1.

Sensitiveness. Swelling of epigastric region, with sensitiveness to pressure. Merc. C. 1.

Sensitiveness. Throbbing in epigastric region, with sensitiveness to touch. Kali C. 1.

Sensitiveness. Pinching in pit of stomach, preventing sleep, with constriction of stomach, and sensitiveness of stomach so that it could bear no covering. Coloc. 1.

Sensitiveness. Hæmorrhage from the stomach, with great sensitiveness of the stomach and great prostration. China Clin.

Sensitiveness. Gastric derangements, with great sensitiveness of epigastrium to touch and vomiting of food. Bry. Clin.

Sensitiveness. Pain in pit of stomach, with sensitiveness to touch. Carbo V. 1.

Sensitiveness of epigastric region. Carbo V. 1.

Sensitiveness. Distention of stomach with sensitiveness to pressure. Bry. 1.

Sensitiveness in the stomach, with burning, extending to the small of the back, with excessive distention by gas. Carbo V. Clin.

Sensitiveness. (Teeth.) Aching of teeth when chewing and on touch; with sensitiveness in a sound tooth; when eating, as if too long; drawing; relieved by warm drinks. Lyc. 5.

Sensitiveness. Looseness of teeth; sensitiveness to cold air. Natr. M. 5.

Sensitiveness of teeth to open air. Acon. 5.

Sensitiveness. Ulcers on the gums, with sensitiveness so that he could not eat. Phos. 5.

Sensitiveness. Burning pain on tip of tongue, with blisters; with sensitiveness so that she could hardly eat; relieved by taking anything cold; burning as from highly seasoned food. Natr. S. 3.

Sensitiveness of tongue, with rawness. Carbo V. 3.

Separated. Inflammation of the gums, with bleeding; separated from the teeth. Phos. 5.

Serous. Vomiting of a yellow, bitter, serous fluid. Coloc. 6.

Seven a. m. Sharp pain in epigastrium and in stomach at 7 a. m. Diosc. 1.

Seven a. m. Uneasiness of stomach at 7 a. m. Sep. 1.

Severe gastralgia or cardialgia aggravated by the least nourishment; the stomach seems very irritable and contracts painfully on its contents. Nux Vom. Clin.

Severe gastralgia brought on by the slightest food or drink; the pain is burning hot, and extends up sides and over abdomen. Ars. A. Clin.

Sexual. Dyspepsia with hypochondriac mood, especially at the climacteric of women or as the result of overwrought brain or sexual excess. Sep. Clin.

Sharp. Gastralgia; sharp cutting or sticking; aggravation from motion or eating. Kali C. Clin.

Sharp. Distention of abdomen after eating, after a moderate supper, with griping, and here and there sharp pain, as from flatulent food and much drink. China 7.

Sharp pain in epigastrium, and in stomach at seven a. m. Diosc. 1.

Sharp pressure in pit of stomach with every cough. Phos. 1.

Sharp. Eructations tasting like bad eggs; hot, sharp, and sour. Petr. 7.

Sharp. Ulceration of the mouth, with great fetor; the ulcers spread rapidly like mercurial ulcers, but when touched they have sharp, splinter-like pains; these ulcers extend into the throat and simulate diphtheria. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Sharp. Pain in epigastrium sharp; in stomach day and night. Robina 1.



## SHINING.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## SLIMY.

Shining. Tongue coated yellow along centre; coated first white, with reddish papillæ here and there; then a yellowish-brown coat in centre, the edges being red and shining; dry on waking and feeling burnt. Bapt. 3.

Shivering. Thirst in evening after fever, with hunger, then after eating coldness and rumbling in abdomen, after shivering through skin, after chill during sweat on back and forehead. China 2.

Shivering. Thirst, but nausea soon after drinking; for milk; for beer during chill, with shivering; for small beer after morning sweat. Nux Vom. 2.

Shock. Hiccough after eating and on every shock caused by it; pressure in forehead as if the brain shook from behind forward. Bry. 7.

Shooting cutting in pit of stomach, forcing him to bend backward and hold his breath. Bel. 1.

Shooting. Gastric disorder shooting from pit of the stomach into chest and throat, with flatulence. Rumex Clin.

Shooting. Hard elevation on right anterior border of tongue and on moving tongue shooting in it; smarting on right side. Sul. 3.

Shooting. Toothache shooting into the ear and temple; aggravated in open air or by cold. Staph. Clin.

Shooting. Anxious pulsation in pit of stomach, with shooting. Acon. 1.

Shoulder blade. Violent pain in region of stomach, goes through to back and right shoulder blade or over towards the liver. Chel. Clin.

Shoulder blade. Indigestion with severe lancinating pains extending from side of chest to top of shoulder blade. Robina Clin.

Shoulder blades. Burning in stomach and between the shoulder blades. Robina Clin.

Shoulders. Atonic dyspepsia, with slow and imperfect digestion; fullness in the stomach, belching pain extending all around the chest and up to the shoulders. Nux Vom. Clin.

Shoulders. Disorders of digestion, with pain between the shoulders and heavily furred tongue. Pul. Clin.

Shriveled. Dyspepsia from alcohol, with persistent sour breath; the patient is shriveled and cold and cannot eat; the liver is enlarged; chronic diarrhoea. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Shuddering. Nausea in morning; fasting, with shuddering; in pit of stomach, with blackness before eyes so that he must sit down. Calc. C. 6.

Shudders. Great appetite; appetite for different things, but as soon as he sees them, or still more smells them, he shudders from nausea, and cannot eat. Coleh. 2.

Side. Tearing in teeth about 3 a. m.; as if an exposed nerve were paining from cold air; worse lying on painless side; better by lying on painful cheek; relieved momentarily by cold water. Bry. 5.

Side. Inflammation of mouth and throat; all the parts are red, hot and dry; worse on right side. Bel. Clin.

Side. Painful blister on side of tip of tongue. Pul. 3.

Side. Tongue yellow, dirty white crust; painful swelling posteriorly on side; stitches; dryness. China 3.

Side. Bilious vomiting; inability to lie on right side; with dark green vomiting. Crotal. H. Clin.

Sides. Blisters on tongue, with burning pain on touch; painful pimples on sides. Nit. Ac. 3.

Sides. Ulceration of the sides of the tongue, with tough, stringy mucus. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Sides. Distention of hypochondria; worse in sides, pit of stomach and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. Ign. 3.

Sides. Painless gnawing in stomach, then gnawing in sides, extending across under ribs, deep in abdomen. Lach. 1.

Sighing. Regurgitation of food, hiccough, empty retching, weak empty feeling; has to eat at night even; especially attended with sighing; gastric symptoms generally ameliorated after eating. Ign. Clin.

Sinciput. Intermittent compression in epigastrium changing to pinching, with confusion of sinciput. Coloc. 1.

Singultus. Secale 7.

Sinking at pit of stomach. Tabac. 1.

Sinking sensation in epigastrium. Calc. P. 1.

Sinking. Ravenous hunger, but the appetite sometimes vanishes and there is absolute disgust for food; the attempt to eat brings on diarrhoea; sinking in stomach. Ferr. Clin.

Sinking. Weakness and sinking in stomach. Natr. M. Clin.

Sip. Nausea aggravated by a sip of wine, with headache. Zinc. 6.

Sit. Nausea in morning; fasting, with shuddering; in pit of stomach, with blackness before eyes so that he must sit down. Calc. C. 6.

Sit. Tension across pit of stomach; he must loosen his clothes and cannot sit. Hep. 1.

Sit. Nausea every morning fasting; in morning after rising, so that she must sit down; with salivation. Lye. 6.

Sitting. Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning, then cutting in abdomen and nausea in morning after eating a little; with return of a metallic herby taste; with weight and heat as from a stone in epigastrium; aggravation from walking; amelioration from sitting. Nux Vom. 1.

Sitting. Colic as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. Nux Vom. 7.

Sitting. Nausea on sitting up, with efforts to vomit. Robina 6.

Sitting. Salivation running from mouth during afternoon nap; when sitting. Rhus Tox. 5.

Sitting. Drawing pain in pit of stomach in evening, when sitting, extending to lower border of left rib. Ars. Alb. 1.

Sitting. Pain in stomach after a light meal, with fullness, eructations of food and colic; aggravated by sitting bent over and in region of duodenum, with difficult breathing. Lye. 1.

Six p. m. Bitter taste in morning fasting, continuing even when smoking; at 6 p. m.; in evening after beer; after eating and good appetite. Pul. 3.

Six p. m. Rumbling in abdomen between 6 and 10 p. m., with movement of flatus and aching, then emission of flatus; offensive. China 7.

Skull. Vomiting violent of sour mucus in forenoon; of sour smelling and sour tasting mucus; towards evening, with headache like a tearing around lower part of skull; hæmatemesis. Nux Vom. 6.

Skin. Thirst, with dry tongue and skin. Lach. 2.

Skin. Thirst in evening after fever, with hunger, then after eating coldness and rumbling in abdomen; after shivering through skin, after chill during sweat on back and forehead. China 2.

Slate-colored. Gums blue along margins; slate-colored on border. Plumb. 5.

Sleep. Watery saliva runs from mouth in sleep. Phos. 5.

Sleep. Ravenous appetite before supper; with loss of appetite and trembling in limbs; then coldness over whole body; with heat in chest so that it was difficult to fall asleep. Sil. 2.

Sleep. Excessive dryness of the mouth and tongue in sleep; always wakes with dry mouth and tongue. Nux Mos. Clin.

Sleep. Pinching in pit of stomach, preventing sleep; with constriction of stomach and sensitiveness of stomach so that it could bear no covering. Coloc. 1.

Sleepiness. Appetite great towards noon, and after eating weariness and sleepiness. Natr. M. 2.

Sleep. Difficult dentition; child is weak, cold; pulse soft; bores the head into the pillow; tends to squint; cries out in sleep, and particularly has restless feet. Zinc. Clin.

Sleep. Sticking in teeth and jaw extending to ear, preventing sleep at night and during the day; she had to tie a cloth over it. Sep. 5.

Sleep. Grinding of teeth in sleep. Ars. A. 5.

Sleep. Aching in teeth only at night and when it ceases in morning excitement and uneasiness, preventing sleep; with swelling of gum as if suppurating. Lye. 5.

Sleep. Aching of teeth at night disturbing sleep; with anxiety; with swelling of gums. Merc. C. 5.

Slimy. Taste bitter in morning and slimy to food during the day; salty. Merc. C. 3.



**SLIMY.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****SORE.**

**Slimy.** Mouth slimy in morning on waking, with headache. Bel. 5.

**Slimy taste in morning, with nausea; foul, clammy; insipid; as of bad meat, with nausea; disgusting in morning, with white tongue.** Pul. 3.

**Slimy.** Vomiting and diarrhoea ten times, with pale, sunken face covered with cold sweat; forcible; violent; of slimy, acid liquid; with food. Ver. Alb. 6.

**Slimy.** Tongue coated yellow, with red margin, showing imprint of teeth; yellow, white, slimy; dryness. Chel. 3.

**Slimy.** Taste sweet to bread; salty on lips; slimy; putrid; in throat as of bad eggs on moving tongue; metallic. Merc. S. 3.

**Slimy.** Dry mouth without thirst in evening, so that tongue sticks to palate; also back of mouth and throat in morning on waking; dry at night; with slimy feeling; dry, and the saliva seems like cotton. Nux Mos. 5.

**Slimy.** Continual nausea; with vomiting, or efforts to vomit; with perspiration on forehead; great prostration and trembling; usually without thirst, or vomiting of tough, slimy matter, with great thirst and disgust for food. Ant. T. Clin.

**Slimy.** Taste putrid; slimy; bitter. Arn. M. 3.

**Slimy.** Salivation, at times slimy and tenacious. Camph. 5.

**Slimy taste, which disgusts him with butter; sour, flat, qualmish.** China 3.

**Slimy.** Taste bad and mouth slimy. Kali C. 3.

**Slimy.** Taste sour, slimy. Petr. 2.

**Slimy.** Gums, mouth, tongue and palate slimy, with raw and sore feeling, as from something acrid. Nux Vom. 5.

**Slimy.** Nausea in morning, with slimy mouth; changing to an acid taste. Pul. 6.

**Slimy.** Different kinds of foul taste, unpleasant in morning; mouth dry and slimy; sour in morning on waking; bitter; bitterish-sour. Sep. 3.

**Slow.** Speech difficult; slow; weak; with feeling on every motion of the tongue as if there were resistance to be overcome. Secale 3.

**Slow.** Speech difficult and weak and slow. Phos. 3.

**Slough.** Inflammation and ulceration of the tongue and mouth; sometimes with hard lumps in the tongue, always with easy bleeding; tendency to slough. Mur. Ac. Clin.

**Sluggish.** Generally indicated in persons of a fair complexion; very sluggish and inclined to be fat. Calc. C. Clin.

**Smarting.** Hard elevation on right anterior border of tongue, and on moving tongue shooting in it; smarting on right side. Sul. 3.

**Smell.** Aversion to food, even the smell of food causes it, but hunger. Cocc. 2.

**Smell.** Offensive smell from mouth. Calc. C. 5.

**Smell.** Offensive smell from mouth. Sep. 5.

**Smell.** Vomiting of pregnancy; with intolerance of the smell of coffee; vomiting when lying on right side. Sulph. Ac. Clin.

**Smelling.** Emission of flatus; worse in the evening and night; offensive; smelling of sulphuretted hydrogen. Sul. 7.

**Smelling.** Vomiting violent of sour mucus in forenoon; of sour smelling and sour tasting mucus; towards evening, with headache like a tearing around lower part of skull; hæmatemesis. Nux Vom. 6.

**Smelling.** Flatulence offensive; smelling like rotten eggs. Arn. M. 7.

**Smells.** Great appetite; appetite for different things, but as soon as he sees them, or still more smells them, he shudders from nausea, and cannot eat. Colch. 2.

**Smells.** Craving for various things, but when they are brought to him, especially if he smells them, he is seized with extreme aversion, and becomes nauseated, and may even vomit. Colch. Clin.

**Smoke.** Appetite lost for smoking; he could not smoke at all. Natr. M. 2.

**Smoked.** Desire for indigestible things like ham, smoked meat, etc. Calc. P. Clin.

**Smoking.** Taste bitter, bilious after eating and smoking. Pul. 3.

**Smoking.** Nausea from smoking after eating; during dinner; relieved by lying down, with faintness and flashes of heat; after dinner. Nux Vom. 6.

**Smoking.** Bitter taste in morning fasting, continuing even when smoking; at 6 p. m.; in evening after beer; after eating and good appetite. Pul. 3.

**Smoking.** Nausea from smoking. Ign. 6.

**Smoking.** Appetite lost for smoking; he could not smoke at all. Natr. M. 2.

**Smoking.** Hiccough when smoking. Pul. 7.

**Smoking.** Appetite but he knows not for what; also he relishes nothing; aversion to smoking, to meat, to butter. Pul. 2.

**Smoking tobacco is not relished; aversion to food; to sour things; to meat.** Sul. 2.

**Smooth.** Tongue smooth, red and cracked; red and dry. Kali B. 2.

**Soapy, frothy salivation.** Bry. 5.

**Soft.** Gums bleeding from slightest touch, spongy and soft; ulcerated; suppurating. Merc. S. 5.

**Soft.** Tongue sensitive even to soft food which causes biting. Nit. Ac. 3.

**Soft.** Difficult dentition; child is weak, cold, pulse soft, bores the head into the pillow; tends to squint, cries out in sleep, and particularly has restless feet. Zinc. Clin.

**Soft.** Feeling in teeth as if spongy; fear of biting them together lest they fall out; on slightest sucking of teeth blood exuded from gums. Nit. Ac. 5.

**Soles.** Flatulent distention of abdomen after eating; after drinking in morning, with gurgling; also in bed with spasmodic and griping flatulent colic and heat in palms and soles. Nux Vom. 7.

**Solid.** Taste dry to all solid food, as if it contained neither juice nor strength. Ferr. 3.

**Solid.** Chronic dyspepsia; solid food causes excruciating pain and sometimes vomiting. Lye. Clin.

**Sordes.** Teeth loose; sordes. Merc. C. 5.

**Sordes in the teeth in typhoid conditions.** Mur. Ac. Clin.

**Sore.** (Gums.) Gums sensitive to cold water; sore. Sil. 5.

**Sore pain in gums on touch and on chewing.** Merc. S. 5.

**Sore.** Gums swollen, separates from teeth, and sore, bleeding, pain on eating; bread and food were bloody when chewed. Merc. S. 5.

**Sore.** Swelling of gums with sore pain; with dark redness and painful throbbing, as if beginning to suppurate. Sep. 5.

**Sore.** Gums sore; ulcerated; bleeding. Sep. 5.

**Sore.** Gums, mouth, tongue and palate slimy; with raw and sore feeling, as from something acrid. Nux Vom. 5.

**Sore.** Gums and mouth are sore, ulcerated; breath fetid; salivation; with red areola. Bapt. Clin.

**Sore.** Gums pain as if sore and raw, with painful loose teeth. Bry. 5.

**Sore.** (Mouth.) Aphthous sore mouth. Staph. Clin.

**Sore mouth; aphthæ occurring during protracted diseases, especially in children; with marasmus; with salivation; sour vomiting; stools like chopped eggs.** Sulf. Ac. Clin.

**Sore mouths of nursing infants and of nursing women.** Bapt. Clin.

**Sore.** Gangrenous sore mouths of children. Ars. A. Clin.

**Sore.** Aphthous sore mouth; the ulcers bleed on eating, or on touch; mouth very tender in nursing children; hot, with thirst and vomiting. Borax Clin.

**Sore.** (Stomach.) Pain in pit of stomach on pressure; after a meal and on touch; sore internally. Sep. 1.

**Sore.** Pain in stomach as if a sore spot were pressed; below pit on pressure and on inspiration. Sabad. 1.

**Sore pain in stomach after eating.** Natr. M. 1.

**Sore.** Soreness in pit of stomach mornings, with pain, as from pressure on a sore place after eating a little. China 1.

**Sore.** Feeling of a hard lump which makes the stomach sore. Bry. Clin.

**Sore.** (Teeth.) Hollow teeth sensitive to touch and if food remains in centres, pain extending into root and the gum becomes sore. Staph. 5.

**Sore pain in teeth, aggravated by exerting the mind and reflecting.** Nux Vom. 5.

**Sore.** (Tongue.) Tongue swollen, red and sore. Crotal. H. 3.

**Sore.** Tongue coated white; yellowish-white; ulceration of tongue and gums, with sore throat; dry tongue; dry at tip as if burnt; painful. Psor. 3.



**SORE.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****SOUR.**

Sore. Mouth and tip of tongue feel sore and scalded. Sabad. 5.

Sore. Tongue feels sore as if full of blisters. Sabad. 3.

Sore. Tip of tongue sore, with burning, little blisters. Calc. P. 3.

Soreness. (*Stomach.*) Burning pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after dinner, with salivation, extending into throat, into mouth; soreness on waking. Kali B. 1.

Soreness. Vomiting of pregnancy, with constant salivation; feeling of a lump in throat; soreness in pit of stomach; great thirst; relieved by drinking hot water. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Soreness. Longing for acids, with flatulent dyspepsia, soreness over the abdomen and liver; blisters in the mouth, and especially with a feeling of something twisting about the stomach and rising into the throat. Sep. Clin.

Soreness. Dyspepsia; distress appearing while the patient is eating; feeling as if the food formed hard lumps, with soreness of the stomach. Nux Mos. Clin.

Soreness. Dyspepsia, with soreness, distention, burning pain, desire for cold food, aversion to hot food. Merc. C. Clin.

Soreness. Gastro-duodenal catarrh, with headache, vertigo, bitter taste, nausea and vomiting; soreness of the stomach and abdomen. Nux Vom. Clin.

Soreness. Cardialgia and indigestion; great soreness of the pit of the stomach to touch, and intolerance of the clothes. Lach. Clin.

Soreness. Indigestion, with bloating, sour eructations, heartburn, and a weak feeling, or a feeling of a lump in the pit of the stomach, or a feeling of pulsation after eating; there are generally pressure, belching of gas, bloating and soreness. Kali C. Clin.

Soreness. Dyspepsia, especially associated with nausea and vomiting; of drunkards; with ulceration of the stomach; with soreness of a small spot in the stomach. Kali B. Clin.

Soreness. Vomiting of pregnancy; the nausea and vomiting are frequently associated with soreness at the pit of the stomach, and sometimes with thirst. Kreas. Clin.

Soreness in pit of stomach mornings, with pain as from pressure on a sore place after eating a little. China 1.

Soreness in pit of stomach when coughing. Bry. 1.

Soreness and distention in the region of the stomach. Bel. Clin.

Soreness in pit of stomach, when talking, drawing breath, or moving about. Ars. Alb. 1.

Soreness. (*Tongue.*) Soreness of tongue, with redness of apex. Rhus Tox. 3.

Soreness. Painful pimple on tip of tongue; soreness. Kali C. 3.

Soreness. Stitches at tip of tongue, with soreness; burning and dryness. Agar. 3.

Soreness. Rawness in a spot on palate, with soreness. Mur. Ac. 5.

Soreness. Burning pain in tip of tongue, as from soreness; aggravation from taking anything warm into mouth. Calc. C. 3.

Soreness. (*Miscellaneous.*) Inflammation of the salivary glands; very free secretion; with swelling of the glands; with soreness leading to suppuration. Merc. S. Clin.

Soreness. Bilious colic, almost incessant vomiting of extremely acrid substances, with soreness over the liver. Iris Clin.

Soreness. Tension of the stomach and hypochondria; beneath stomach as if everything were too tight; with soreness on chest. Lyc. 1.

Soreness. Dental periostitis, with great soreness and elongation of the teeth; pain aggravated at night from warmth of bed; teeth loose; salivation offensive. Merc. S. Clin.

Soreness. Pustule above a hollow tooth like a dental fistula; painful soreness on chewing. Petr. 5.

Soreness. Inflammation of molar, with swelling and soreness of gum. Sil. 5.

Soreness. Blisters and soreness in mouth, ulcers, and on gum and tongue, in which food and drink caused biting. Natr. M. 5.

Soreness and dryness in mouth. Lach. 5.

Soreness and dryness of mouth, with dryness of throat, and constant spitting. Agar. 5.

Sound. Aching of teeth when chewing and on touch; with sensitiveness in a sound tooth; when eating, as if too long; drawing; relieved by warm drinks. Lyc. 5.

Sounds. Articulation imperfect, sometimes only confused sounds. Plumb. 3.

Sour. (*Appetite.*) Appetite lost; indifferent to food; desire for something sour. Pod. 2.

Sour. Appetite for only sour, pungent things. Hep. 2.

Sour. Smoking tobacco is not relished; aversion to food, to sour things, to meat. Sul. 2.

Sour. Dyspepsia; constant satiety, with coldness in stomach, craving for pungent spices and sour things and stimulants; digestion extremely slow; after eating he feels full, drowsy; taste of the food rises, with dyspnoea. China Clina.

Sour. (*Eructations.*) Eructations empty after eating; sour during the day. Sul. 7.

Sour eructations, the taste of which does not remain in mouth; but the acid gnaws in the stomach; waterbrash. Lyc. 7.

Sour. Eructations of bitter and sour liquid at night; bitter when fasting; sour all day; sour as far as tongue; of water after eating. Nux Vom. 7.

Sour. Gastralgia of nursing women, with excessive flatulence sour and rancid belching; vomiting of food. Carbo V. Clin.

Sour. Taste bitter, with sour eructations. Graph. 3.

Sour. Acid dyspepsia; sour eructations. Mag. C. Clin.

Sour. Acid fermentation in stomach; everything turns sour; sour risings. Calc. C. Clin.

Sour. Eructations frothy and sour, of frothy sour mucus, tinged bright red. Canth. 7.

Sour. Flatulent dyspepsia, with sour eructations; stomach swollen like a drum, the distress comes on half an hour or an hour after eating; every sort of food disagrees. Carbo V. Clin.

Sour. Eructations of sour, bitter wind, relieving pain in epigastrium. Diose. 1.

Sour. Eructations in morning; with water after midnight; sour eructations. Kali C. 7.

Sour. Indigestion, with bloating, sour eructations, heartburn, and a weak feeling, or a feeling of a lump in the pit of the stomach or a feeling of pulsation after eating; there are generally pressure, belching of gas, bloating and soreness. Kali C. Clin.

Sour. Eructations sour. Plumb. 7.

Sour. Eructations tasting like bad eggs; hot, sharp and sour. Petr. 7.

Sour. Eructations before and after eating; sour; empty. Nit. Ac. 7.

Sour. Empty eructations after dinner; sour. Zinc. 7.

Sour. Thirst is a general accompaniment of Natrum Mur. symptoms; there are generally sour eructations, heartburn, especially waterbrash; sometimes vomiting of food. Natr. M. Clin.

Sour. Eructations sour in afternoon; empty; waterbrash. Natr. C. 7.

Sour. Eructations loud; sour in morning; of sour liquid after coffee; ineffectual. Pul. 7.

Sour eructations after a meal, with burning in throat. Sil. 7.

Sour. Eructations of sour fluid. Robina 7.

Sour. Acid dyspepsia, with constant weight in the stomach; eructations of sour liquid. Robina Clin.

Sour. Acid dyspepsia, with bloated abdomen; sour or putrid eructations; sometimes nausea and vomiting. Sep. Clin.

Sour. Eructations after eating a little; after eating and drinking; sour. Sep. 7.

Sour. (*Taste.*) Taste vinegary all day after drinking milk; sour in morning till after breakfast; with sour eructations. Sul. 3.

Sour. Taste sour; saliva has a sour taste; bitter, then sour; with sour eructations. Ign. 3.

Sour taste, worse in morning after swallowing food that had a natural taste. Nux Vom. 3.

Sour. Bitter taste to food; then chilliness and cold sweat; to bread, rolls and meat; to bread, with aversion to bread; to beer in morning; afterwards a sour taste. Pul. 3.

Sour. Slimy taste, which disgusts him with butter; sour; flat; qualmish. China 3.

Sour. Taste offensive; sour. Calc. C. 3.

Sour. Taste sour; bitter. Mag. C. 3.



## SOUR.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## SPONCY.

Sour. Taste bitter in morning; sour after eating; to all food. Lye. 3.  
 Sour. Taste bitter; sour after milk. Phos. 3.  
 Sour. Indigestion, characterized by extreme distress in the stomach immediately after eating, feeling as if the stomach knotted up at times; with bitter eructations, or with sour or putrid taste in the mouth; nearly always associated with nausea and efforts to vomit. Nux Vom. Clin.  
 Sour. Taste sour; slimy. Petr. 2.  
 Sour taste. Nit. Ac. 3.  
 Sour. Taste bitter to dinner; metallic in afternoon; sour. Natr. C. 2.  
 Sour. Different kinds of foul taste unpleasant in morning; mouth dry and slimy; sour in morning on waking; bitter; bitterish-sour. Sep. 3.  
 Sour. Taste sour after eating. Sil. 3.  
 Sour. (*Vomiting*.) Vomiting of sour fluid. Robina 6.  
 Sour. Vomiting of sour water at night. Calc. C. 6.  
 Sour. Vomiting violent; easy, of sour liquid; watery; sometimes insipid, sometimes bitter in morning, even before breakfast. Tabac. 6.  
 Sour. Sore mouth; aphthæ occurring during protracted diseases, especially in children; with marasmus; with salivation; sour vomiting; stools like chopped eggs. Sulf. Ac. Clin.  
 Sour. Vomiting of sweet mucus; sour vomiting. Psor. 6.  
 Sour. Nausea; not relieved by vomiting of salty, sour water; with water-brash. Natr. S. 6.  
 Sour. Acid dyspepsia, with sour vomiting, coming on an hour or so after eating. Kali B. Clin.  
 Sour. Vomiting of sour fluid. Iris 6.  
 Sour. Acid dyspepsia; sour vomiting and sour eructations. Caust. Clin.  
 Sour. (*Miscellaneous*.) Vomiting violent of sour mucus in forenoon; of sour smelling and sour tasting mucus; towards evening, with headache, like a tearing, around lower part of skull; hæmatemesis. Nux Vom. 6.  
 Sour. Dyspepsia from drinking milk, which becomes sour in the stomach. Mag. C. Clin.  
 Sour. Nausea, caused by milk when he had eaten almost enough; amelioration if he once ceased eating, with flow of sour water into mouth. Calc. C. 6.  
 Sour. Red blisters on tongue, as if skin were eroded; with pain on every motion of tongue, and on touch of anything salt or sour. Borax 3.  
 Sour. Dyspepsia from alcohol, with persistent sour breath; the patient is shriveled and cold, and cannot eat; the liver is enlarged; chronic diarrhœa. Sulf. Ac. Clin.  
 Sour. Aching in teeth, aggravated by chewing; eating sour things, and putting cold things into mouth, with grumbling and digging, especially in lower teeth. Arg. N. 5.  
 Sour. Breath offensive in morning; after dinner; sour. Nux Vom. 5.

Sour. Thirst for sour drinks. Stram. 2.  
 Sourish and metallic taste to food. Amm. C. 5.  
 Sourish. Eructations after eating; bitter; sourish. Bry. 7.  
 Sourness of stomach. Robina 1.  
 Spasmodic. Flatulent distention of abdomen after eating; after drinking in morning; with gurgling; also in bed with spasmodic and griping flatulent colic, and heat in palms and soles. Nux Vom. 7.  
 Spasmodic contraction moving up and down in stomach, causing general pain, especially in posterior wall of stomach, as if pressed against spine. Arn. M. 1.  
 Spasmodic. Distention of stomach and bowels, with feeling as if peristaltic motions were reversed, with spasmodic working in œsophagus. Asaf. 1.  
 Spasmodic. Retching spasmodic and painful. Merc. C. 7.  
 Spasmodic efforts to vomit, associated with great distress in the stomach; aggravation from eating. Nux Vom. Clin.  
 Spasmodic griping in stomach. Arn. M. 1.  
 Spasmodic. Burning acidity rising from stomach with spasmodic constriction. Kali C. 1.  
 Speaking. Pain in the stomach; tightness in epigastrium as if a ball extended to throat, where it caused suffocation, preventing speaking and swallowing; with anxiety. Plumb. 1.  
 Speech. Stammering; speech difficult on account of trembling of mouth and tongue. Merc. S. 3.  
 Speech. Stammering; speech difficult and unintelligible. Stram. 3.  
 Speech. Dry tongue and dry throat, interfering with speech, and retracted, hanging from the child's mouth; swollen; cracked and difficult to move. Bel. 3.  
 Speech. Paralytic weakness of the organs of speech. Bel. Clin.  
 Speech. Tongue cold, speech feeble, broken, hoarse. Camph. 3.  
 Speech. Paralysis of the tongue, with indistinct speech. Plumb. Clin.  
 Speech difficult, and weak, and slow. Phos. 3.  
 Speech. Retarded development of speech in children. Phos. Clin.  
 Speech. Tongue heavy when talking; speech difficult and lisping; unable to articulate any sound. Nux Vom. 3.  
 Speech. Difficult speech, like a weakness of organs of speech, coming from hypochondria. Natr. M. 3.  
 Speech difficult. Natr. C. 3.  
 Speech difficult; slow; weak; with feeling on every motion of the tongue, as if there were resistance to overcome. Secale 3.  
 Spiced. Longing for spiced food; for indefinite things. Sang. 2.  
 Spices. Dyspepsia; constant satiety, with coldness in stomach; craving for pungent spices, and sour things and stimulants; digestion extremely slow; after eating he feels full, drowsy; taste of the food rises, with dyspnœa. China Clin.

Spicy. Ravenous appetite at night; longing for acids and spicy things. Phos. 2.  
 Spine. Dyspepsia after eating; thirst; pain in stomach; relieved for a short time by raising wind; when fasting, the pain goes to the spine, feeling as if one ought to raise flatus and could not. Calc. P. 7.  
 Spine. Gastric catarrh, with terrible gastralgia; the pain extending from the stomach, through the body to the spine. Bism. Clin.  
 Spine. Spasmodic contraction moving up and down in stomach, causing general pain, especially in posterior wall of stomach, as if pressed against spine. Arn. M. 1.  
 Spitting. Soreness and dryness of mouth with dryness of throat and constant spitting. Agar. 5.  
 Spitting. Saliva runs from mouth, in morning on stooping; spitting much saliva. Graph. 5.  
 Spitting. Nausea, with burning in mouth, spitting of saliva and general chill, without heat or thirst. Kreas. 6.  
 Spitting. Breath offensive; salivation; constant spitting; saliva salty. Natr. M. 5.  
 Spitting. Nausea during pregnancy, with salivation; constant spitting. Sang. Clin.  
 Spitting. Nausea with constant spitting of insipid water. Sabad. 6.  
 Spleen. Intermittent pain in region of spleen and pit of stomach. Ign. 1.  
 Splinter-like. Neuralgic, splinter-like pains in tongue, with salivation. Agar. Clin.  
 Splinter-like. Ulceration of the mouth, with great fetor; the ulcers spread rapidly like mercurial ulcers, but when touched they have sharp, splinter-like pains; these ulcers extend into the throat and simulate diphtheria. Nit. Ac. Clin.  
 Spoiled. Insipid and spoiled sensation in stomach with good appetite. Graph. 1.  
 Spoiled. Taste for milk spoiled in morning. Nux Vom. 3.  
 Spongy. Aphthæ in mouth, bluish-red and spongy; the ulcer spreads without penetrating into flesh; stomatitis. Merc. S. 5.  
 Spongy. Gums bleeding from slightest touch, spongy and soft; ulcerated, suppurating. Merc. S. 5.  
 Spongy. Gums bleed easily, swollen and spongy; swollen and pale. Merc. C. 5.  
 Spongy condition of gums which retract and bleed easily, with tendency to nose-bleed; fainting fits. Carbo V. Clin.  
 Spongy. Gums purple, red, and detached from teeth; red and tender, with swelling of glands, beneath jaw; spongy and ulcerated. Merc. C. 5.  
 Spongy. Gums loosened from teeth; spongy and partly destroyed; spongy and covered with a pultaceous exudation and ulcerated. Merc. S. 5.  
 Spongy. Gums unhealthy, bleeding, spongy, pale, receding from teeth, with offensive odor from the mouth. Merc. S. Clin.



## SPONCY.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## STOMACH.

Spongy. Gums bleeding, swollen, and spongy. Lach. 5.

Spongy. Feeling in teeth as if spongy; fear of biting them together lest they fall out; on slightest sucking of teeth blood exuded from gums. Nit. Ac. 5.

Spongy excrescence on the gums, which bleed readily and are painful. Staph. Clin.

Spot. Dyspepsia, especially associated with nausea and vomiting; of drunkards; with ulceration of the stomach; with soreness of a small spot in the stomach. Kali B. Clin.

Spot. Pain in stomach, as if a sore spot were pressed; below pit on pressure and on inspiration. Sabad. 1.

Spots. Pain in teeth, aggravated by drawing in air with open mouth; with stitches in one row of teeth, now in an upper, now in a lower molar, then in other teeth towards the front; aggravated by eating; at noon and evening, with red, hot, spot on cheek and throat; with complaining mood full of reproaches and despondency. Nux Vom. 5.

Spots. Burning pain and rawness in mouth; then aphthous and denuded spots. Lach. 5.

Squeezing. Indigestion; constant squeezing pain in the stomach after eating; can only eat once a day on account of the distress; backache; weakness. Robina Clin.

Squint. Difficult dentition; child is weak, cold, pulse soft; bores the head into the pillow; tends to squint; cries out in sleep and particularly has restless feet. Zinc. Clin.

Stammering; speech difficult on account of trembling of mouth and tongue. Merc. S. 3.

Stammering; speech difficult and unintelligible. Stram. 3.

Stammering. Bel. Clin.

Stammering and stuttering. Can. Ind. 2.

Standing. Stitches in pit of stomach in morning on standing; in pit on deep breathing. Sul. 1.

Step. Colic, as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. Nux Vom. 7.

Step. Pain in pit of stomach, when making a false step on stone pavement. Aloe 1.

Sternum. Sensation in stomach as if a foreign body were sticking in cardiac orifice and behind sternum; constrictive. Natr. M. 1.

Sternum. Neuralgia of the stomach; most severe pain even along sternum, and extending into both arm, with cold clammy sweat. Diosc. Clin.

Sternum. Pain in stomach; acute; in epigastrium extending into sternum; hypochondria, and to ilia, as from ravenous hunger. Ver. Alb. 1.

Stick. Fullness in stomach after eating; as full for a long time after a meal as when he had just eaten; the food seems to stick high up. China 1.

Sticking (*Stomach.*) Sticking in pit of stomach, extending through body to back. Chel. 1.

Sticking in stomach and beneath pit, with tearing from both sides towards each other. Zinc. 1.

Sticking in pit of stomach. Sep. 1.

Sticking. Sensation in stomach as if a foreign body were sticking in cardiac orifice and behind sternum; constrictive. Natr. M. 1.

Sticking. Gastralgia; sharp cutting or sticking; aggravation from motion or eating. Kali C. Clin.

Sticking in stomach extending to chest. Lach. 1.

Sticking. Pain in region of stomach after lifting something heavy; the pain goes into small of back, where it becomes sticking, so that she cannot turn without pain the whole night; better in the morning. Borax 1.

Sticking. (*Teeth.*) Periodic pain in teeth always after waking; after eating and from warm and cold drinks; often extending through upper jaw to ear with jerking, tearing, sticking. Lach. 5.

Sticking. Tickling sticking in right lower molar. Staph. 5.

Sticking in teeth extending into ear, waking him at night. Sul. 5.

Sticking. Pain in a hollow tooth in evening which became elongated and loose, then also in other teeth; pain partly sticking and partly crawling. Rhus Tox. 5.

Sticking in teeth on taking anything cold or warm into mouth. Nit. Ac. 5.

Sticking. Toothache of a sticking, tearing, character, extending into the head. Kali C. Clin.

Sticking in teeth and jaw, extending to ear, preventing sleep at night and during the day; she had to tie a cloth over it. Sep. 5.

Sticking. Tearing, sticking in teeth on eating, extending into muscles of neck. Aggravation from warmth. Bry. 5.

Sticking. (*Miscellaneous.*) Sticking gnawing in gums, worse towards evening and by warmth of bed; amelioration from uncovering; a draught of cold open air. Pul. 5.

Sticking. Ulcers on inside of cheeks, with sticking on uvula, palate, fauces, and, as far as could be seen, covered with yellowish-gray membrane; red, swollen, painful and offensive. Nit. Ac. 5.

Sticking in palate, extending to inner ear. Ign. 5.

Sticking in back part of palate, with biting. Kali C. 5.

Sticking in root of tongue when not swallowing. Nit. Ac. 3.

Sticking. Vomiting at night, with sticking, drawing, pain in back, extending towards scapulae. Pul. 6.

Stickiness. Dryness of mouth in morning; with insipidity and stickiness of palate; with thirst. Sul. 5.

Sticks. Dry mouth without thirst in evening, so that tongue sticks to palate; also back of mouth and throat in morning on waking, dry at night, with slimy feeling; dry and the saliva seems like cotton. Nux Mos. 5.

Sticks. Dryness of tongue, relieved for a moment by drinking, then worse, so that tongue sticks to palate. Bry. 3.

Sticky. Saliva white, thick, frothy and sticky. Can. Ind. 5.

Stiff. Tongue swollen and stiff; dryness on palate; white color and redness. Stram. 3.

Stiffness. Dryness and stiffness of tongue and of hard palate. Natr. M. 3.

Stimulants. Gastric derangements aggravated by alcoholic stimulants; especially flatulence with much rumbling in abdomen. Zinc. Clin.

Stimulants. General desire for stimulants. Nux Vom. Clin.

Stimulants. Dryness of mouth in morning, without thirst, as after alcoholic stimulants the previous evening. Nux Vom. 5.

Stimulants. Dyspepsia, with vomiting of food and drink and craving for stimulants; vomiting of drunkards. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Stimulants. Dyspepsia; constant satiety, with coldness in stomach, craving for pungent spices and sour things and stimulants, digestion extremely slow; after eating he feels full, drowsy; taste of the food rises, with dyspnoea. China Clin.

Stinging. Pain, stinging ulceration in stomach. Arg. N. 1.

Stitches. (*Teeth.*) Teeth loose; stitches in an indefinite tooth, with drawing. Nux Vom. 5.

Stitches in teeth on inspiration. Ant. C. 5.

Stitches in molars on pressing them together. Amm. C. 5.

Stitches. Painful looseness of incisors; stitches on biting on them, in upper back extending upward; in lower back extending downward. Caust. 5.

Stitches. Pain in teeth aggravated by drawing in air with open mouth; with stitches in one row of teeth, now in an upper, now in a lower molar, then in other teeth towards the front, aggravated by eating; at noon and evening; with red hot spots on cheek and throat, with complaining mood full of reproaches and despondency. Nux Vom. 5.

Stitches. (*Tongue.*) Tongue yellow, dirty, white crust; painful swelling posteriorly on side; burning stitches; dryness. China 3.

Stitches at tip of tongue, with soreness; burning and dryness. Agar. 3.

Stitches in pit of stomach in morning, on standing; in pit on deep breathing. Sul. 1.

Stomach. (*Acidity.*) Acidity of stomach after dinner. Mag. M. 1.

Stomach. Acidity of stomach when lying on back and when walking; with burning. Carbo V. 1.

Stomach. Anxiety in pit of stomach, with heartburn. Lyc. 1.



## STOMACH.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## STOMACH.

- Stomach. Burning acidity rising from stomach, with spasmodic constriction. Kali C. 1.
- Stomach. (*Anxiety.*) Anxiety in pit of stomach at night, rising high up. Ars. Alb. 1.
- Stomach. (*Burning.*) Burning in mouth along pharynx, and in pit of stomach. Ars. A. 5.
- Stomach. Burning pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after dinner; with salivation, extending into throat; into mouth; soreness on waking. Kali B. 1.
- Stomach. Burning in epigastrium, in stomach, with pain. Colch. 1.
- Stomach. Burning pain in stomach, in pit and in abdomen, aggravated by pressure. Ars. Alb. 1.
- Stomach. Burning in mouth, extending to stomach in palate and fauces, with scraping. Mezer. 5.
- Stomach. Burning in pit of stomach. Mer. S. 1.
- Stomach. Dyspepsia, with severe burning distress in the stomach; vomiting of food, headache, etc. Iris Clin.
- Stomach. Eructations, with burning in stomach. Colch. 7.
- Stomach. Thirst, with burning pain in throat and stomach. Canth. 1.
- Stomach. Burning in stomach, extending into throat, after every meal. Calc. C. 1.
- Stomach. Aching; burning in stomach; extending to mouth, with dryness; as from a stone in pit. Acon. 1.
- Stomach. Burning in pit of stomach, like heartburn, with good appetite. Ant. C. 1.
- Stomach. Burning corrosive pain in stomach when walking, extending to pit of throat. Sabad. 1.
- Stomach. Burning in pit of stomach. Sep. 1.
- Stomach. Burning heat in stomach, extending to back; with faint, empty feeling in stomach and bowels. Phos. Clin.
- Stomach. Burning fermentation in the stomach. Phos. Clin.
- Stomach. Burning in stomach towards evening; emptiness. Petr. 1.
- Stomach. Mouth and throat swollen and bright red, with pain and burning in mouth, throat, and stomach. Nit. Ac. 5.
- Stomach. Burning in stomach, emptiness with faint, feverish feeling. Sang. 1.
- Stomach. Burning in stomach and between the shoulder blades. Robina Clin.
- Stomach. Loss of digestive power; burning in stomach in morning; heartburn all day. Sul. 1.
- Stomach. Burning in pit of stomach on pressure, with pain; burning pressure extending transversely at intervals; aggravated by pressure. Mezer. 1.
- Stomach. (*Coldness.*) Coldness in stomach. Colch. 1.
- Stomach. Coldness in stomach from every drink unless spirit is mixed with it. Sulf. Ac. 1.
- Stomach. Persistent nausea and vomiting of pregnancy with deathly nausea, pale face, coldness of the stomach, gall-stone colic. Tabac. Clin.
- Stomach. Dyspepsia; constant satiety, with coldness in stomach, craving for pungent spices and sour things and stimulants, digestion extremely slow; after eating he feels full, drowsy; taste of the food rises, with dyspnea. China Clin.
- Stomach. (*Cramps.*) Cramps and pains in stomach and in bowels. Cupr. 1.
- Stomach. Cramp in the region of the stomach and abdomen or very violent cutting pain going thorough to back as if transixed and preventing the slightest motion. Cupr. Clin.
- Stomach. Cramp in stomach; in pit; in epigastrium; also with tension. Ant. T. 1.
- Stomach. Cramp-like pain in stomach after every meal; oppression whenever she eats. Ferr. 1.
- Stomach. Cramp in stomach at night, relieved by eructations. Coloc. 1.
- Stomach. (*Discomfort.*) Digestion slow, Discomfort in stomach, after eating a little. Lyc. 1.
- Stomach. Eructations of wind after drinking water; frequently empty with discomfort in stomach. Bism. 7.
- Stomach. Discomfort in pit of stomach, ascending to throat, choking him and stopping his breath. Nux Vom. 1.
- Stomach. (*Distention.*) Painful distention of pit of stomach. Ver. Alb. 1.
- Stomach. Dyspepsia, with painful pressure and distention in region of stomach, after eating and drinking a little. China Clin.
- Stomach. Distention of stomach, with pain on touch; also in pit; constrictive; pinching. Nux Vom. 1.
- Stomach. Distention of stomach after eating. Natr. M. 1.
- Stomach. Distention of hypochondria; worse in sides; pit of stomach and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. Ign. 1.
- Stomach. Tendency to flatulent distention of abdomen and stomach. Calc. C. Clin.
- Stomach. Distention of stomach and bowels, with feeling as if peristaltic motions were reversed, with spasmodic working in œsophagus. Asaf. 1.
- Stomach. Distention of stomach, with sensitiveness to pressure. Bry. 1.
- Stomach. Distention of stomach after eating, with discomfort; sick feeling and ill humor. Borax 1.
- Stomach. Acid dyspepsia; the region of the stomach becomes distended and extremely sensitive to touch. Lyc. Clin.
- Stomach. (*Distress.*) Stomach distressed by the simplest food. Carbo V. 1.
- Stomach. Heavy aching distress in stomach; burning in stomach and region of gall bladder. Robina 1.
- Stomach. Distress in stomach from milk; it is vomited curdled. Sul. 1.
- Stomach. Distress at the stomach, with retching and vomiting (especially of green substances). Acon. Clin.
- Stomach. Dyspepsia; with indescribable distress in region of stomach; only temporarily relieved by eating. Calc. P. Clin.
- Stomach. Distress in stomach in morning, with burning; relieved by empty eructations; had to unfasten clothes. Diosc. 1.
- Stomach. Spasmodic efforts to vomit, associated with great distress in the stomach; aggravated from eating. Nux Vom. Clin.
- Stomach. Distress in stomach: worse in the afternoon; amelioration after supper; with sensitiveness to clothes. Sep. 1.
- Stomach. Terrible distress in the stomach and abdomen; with burning accompanied by vomiting. Secale Clin.
- Stomach. Indigestion, characterized by extreme distress in the stomach immediately after eating; feeling as if the stomach knotted up at times, with bitter eructations, or with sour or putrid taste in the mouth; nearly always associated with nausea and efforts to vomit. Nux Vom. Clin.
- Stomach. (*Emptiness.*) Emptiness in stomach, with nausea as soon as she thinks of food she would like. Sep. 1.
- Stomach. Ravenous appetite with emptiness in stomach; with loss of appetite in palate and throat. Rhus Tox. 2.
- Stomach. Vomiting of pregnancy, with a characteristic sensation of emptiness in the stomach. Sep. Clin.
- Stomach. Emptiness in stomach, with nausea. China 1.
- Stomach. (*Fullness.*) Appetite after eating, though stomach and abdomen are full and tense; great appetite; then distention of abdomen. Lyc. 2.
- Stomach. Full feeling in stomach after eating a little; heaviness. Sul. 1.
- Stomach. Fullness in stomach as if overloaded. Rhus Tox. 1.
- Stomach. Thirst at noon, with full feeling in stomach. Sul. 3.
- Stomach. Fullness in stomach in evening; swollen feeling and sensitiveness. Natr. C. 1.
- Stomach. Fullness in pit of stomach. Arg. N. 1.
- Stomach. Fullness in stomach after eating; as full for a long time after a meal as when he had just eaten; the food seems to stick high up. China 1.
- Stomach. Atonic dyspepsia, with slow and imperfect digestion; fullness in the stomach; belching pain extending all around the chest and up to the shoulders. Nux Vom. Clin.
- Stomach. (*Gnawing.*) Gnawing in stomach, relieved after supper; with weakness. Sep. 1.
- Stomach. Sour eructations, the taste of which does not remain in the mouth, but the acid gnaws in the stomach; waterbrash. Lyc. 7.
- Stomach. Gnawing in stomach, as if from acids, rising into throat. Hep. 1.



## STOMACH.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## STOMACH.

Stomach. Painless gnawing in stomach, then gnawing in sides, extending across under ribs, deep in abdomen. Lach. 1.

Stomach. (*Gripping.*) Gripping and pressure in stomach; then vomiting. Cupr. 1.

Stomach. Spasmodic gripping in stomach. Arn. M. 1.

Stomach. Gripping in pit of stomach as from flatulence. Carbo V. 1.

Stomach. Gripping in stomach, with burning. Arg. N. 1.

Stomach. Gripping in pit of stomach and epigastrium. Pul. 1.

Stomach. (*Heaviness.*) Sudden satiety at noon after a little roast lamb, with thirst, heaviness in stomach and distention in abdomen. Lyc. 2.

Stomach. Heaviness in stomach after eating. Kali C. 1.

Stomach. Heaviness in stomach, as from a stone, in morning on waking. Pul. 1.

Stomach. (*Inflammation.*) Inflammation of the stomach, caused by the habitual use of powerful drugs or of alcohol; strong coffee. Nux Vom. Clin.

Stomach. Inflammation of the stomach, with swelling of the liver; vomiting of blood and mucus; yellow tongue. Phos. Clin.

Stomach. Nausea and vomiting are more frequently the result of nervous irritability than of inflammation of the stomach; so that the drug has often relieved the distressing symptoms of pregnancy. Ign. Clin.

Stomach. Inflammation of the stomach, occurring during the progress of chronic diseases, for instance: scirrhus. Bism. Clin.

Stomach. Extremely valuable remedy for catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thirst, white-coated tongue, nausea and vomiting; aggravation from warm drinks, which are vomited. Bry. Clin.

Stomach. Catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thickly coated white tongue; nausea; vomiting after-taste of the food. Ant. C. Clin.

Stomach. (*Lump.*) Feeling of a hard lump, which makes the stomach sore. Bry. Clin.

Stomach. Indigestion, with bloating, sour eructations, heartburn, and a weak feeling, or a feeling of a lump in the pit of the stomach; or a feeling of pulsation after eating; there are generally pressure, belching of gas, bloating and soreness. Kali C. Clin.

Stomach. Gastric disorders of Bismuth are usually burning; with a feeling of a load or hard lump in stomach. Bism. Clin.

Stomach. (*Oppression.*) Anxiety, oppression in stomach. Chel. 1.

Stomach. Eructations, with oppression of stomach after eating or hicough-like eructations. Cycl. 7.

Stomach. Appetite great at noon; he ate with haste and though it oppressed the stomach he could have eaten more. Nux Mos. 2.

Stomach. (*Pain.*) Pain in cardiac orifice of stomach. Can. Ind. 1.

Stomach. Pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after eating a little; with heaviness in epigastric region caused by cough. Lyc. 1.

Stomach. Pain in stomach an hour after eating. Pul. 1.

Stomach. Pain in pit of stomach during menses. Sul. 1.

Stomach. Pain in epigastric region as from overloading the stomach after eating; in pit after drinking, causing tightness of breath with distention of abdomen. Nux Vom. 1.

Stomach. Pain in pit of stomach, in epigastric region; burning. Merc. C. 1.

Stomach. Pain in pit of stomach all forenoon, relieved by eructations; with necessity to vomit. Graph. 1.

Stomach. Pain all day in stomach, relieved by lying and warmth of bed, returning on rising. Graph. 1.

Stomach. Pain in stomach after eating a little; when walking, as if it hung loose. Hep. 1.

Stomach. Flatulent dyspepsia, with belching of large quantities of offensive gas, partially relieving the pain in stomach and abdomen. Diosc. Clin.

Stomach. Pain in pit of stomach; intolerance of clothing in epigastric region and beneath hypochondria. Crotal. H. 1.

Stomach. Sharp pain in epigastrium, and in stomach at 7 a. m. Diosc. 1.

Stomach. Pain beneath stomach after eating. Cocc. 1.

Stomach. Violent pain in region of stomach; goes through to back and right shoulder blade or over towards the liver. Chel. Clin.

Stomach. Acute pain in region of stomach and bladder, with such sensibility that pressure caused convulsions. Canth. 1.

Stomach. Pain in stomach while eating. Bry. 1.

Stomach. Pain in pit of stomach or anterior part of liver. Camph. 1.

Stomach. Pain in pit of stomach, with sensitiveness to touch. Carbo V. 1.

Stomach. Periodical pain in pit of stomach at night, with tremor. Bel. 1.

Stomach. Pain in stomach at night on pressure; clothes press upon stomach. Amm. C. 1.

Stomach. Pain in pit of stomach, when making a false step on stone pavement. Aloe 1.

Stomach. Pain in pit of stomach, arresting breathing. Ars. Alb. 1.

Stomach. Pain in region of stomach after lifting something heavy; the pain goes into small of back, where it becomes sticking, so that she cannot turn without pain the whole night; better in the morning. Borax 1.

Stomach. Pain in stomach; epigastrium tender; oppression and distress. Secale 1.

Stomach. Pain in stomach; epigastrium tender; oppression and distress. Secale 1.

Stomach. Pain in stomach after a light meal with fullness, eructations of food and colic; aggravated by sitting bent over and in region of duodenum, with difficult breathing. Lyc. 1.

Stomach. Pain in stomach, as if a sore spot were pressed; below pit on pressure and on inspiration. Sabad. 1.

Stomach. Pain in the stomach; tightness in epigastrium; feeling as if a ball ascended to throat, where it caused suffocation, preventing speaking and swallowing; with anxiety. Plumb. 1.

Stomach. Pain in stomach after breakfast and dinner; painfulness to touch. Natr. C. 1.

Stomach. Pain in pit of stomach with sensitiveness to touch. Natr. M. 1.

Stomach. Pain in pit of stomach, in epigastric region; in pit in evening; worse by paroxysms. Mezer. 1.

Stomach. Pain in pit of stomach on pressure; after a meal and on touch; sore internally. Sep. 1.

Stomach. Pain in region of stomach at night; amelioration from eructations. Sul. 1.

Stomach. Pain in stomach; acute; in epigastrium, extending into sternum, hypochondria, and to ilia, as from ravenous hunger. Ver. Alb. 1.

Stomach. Pain in pit of stomach after eating; with heaviness; burning. Sil. 1.

Stomach. (*Pinching.*) Pinching in hypochondria and region of pit of stomach. Ipe. 1.

Stomach. Pinching in pit of stomach, preventing sleep; with constriction of stomach and sensitiveness of stomach, so that it could bear no covering. Coloc. 1.

Stomach. Pinching in pit of stomach on deep breathing. Caust. 1.

Stomach. Pinching and pressure in stomach, extending through small intestines, as with a constriction; with many movements. Arn. M. 1.

Stomach. Pinching or choking pain in pit of stomach, impeding respiration in afternoon. Pul. 1.

Stomach. (*Pressure.*) Pressure in stomach, with intermittent, contractive pains. Cupr. 1.

Stomach. Pressure as from a hard substance above pit of stomach; with coldness, heaviness after eating; aggravated by pressure. Phos. 1.

Stomach. Epigastric region sensitive to pressure; nausea if hand lay on stomach. Nux Vom. 1.

Stomach. Pressure in stomach, with weakness in knees. Lach. 1.

Stomach. Extreme pressure and contraction in the stomach, followed by vomiting. Secale Clin.

Stomach. Pressure in stomach after eating; in region of stomach with burning. Bism. 6.

Stomach. Nausea worse after eating, with pressure in stomach. Bism. 6.

Stomach. Pressure in pit of stomach as if a lump were in it after a moderate supper, transversely across. Calc. C. 1.



## STOMACH.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## STOMACH.

- Stomach. Hard pressure in stomach, aggravated after eating. Bel. 1.
- Stomach. Pressure in pit of stomach; relieved by lying down. Caust. 1.
- Stomach. Nausea at noon, when his appetite is nearly satisfied; at night, with vomiting and frequent stools; after dinner, with pressure in pit of stomach, then aching in forehead. Ant. T. 6.
- Stomach. Sharp pressure in pit of stomach with every cough. Phos. 1.
- Stomach. (*Pulsation.*) Perceptible pulsation in pit of stomach. Asaf. 1.
- Stomach. Anxious pulsation in pit of stomach, with shooting. Acon. 1.
- Stomach. Pulsation in pit of stomach perceptible on laying hand on it. Pul. 1.
- Stomach. Pulsation in pit of stomach in morning, then ebullition in chest like palpitation, then internal heat of face and body without redness or thirst but with sweat. Sep. 1.
- Stomach. (*Sensitiveness.*) Sensitiveness of stomach to touch. Acon. 1.
- Stomach. Pain in epigastric region after eating; aggravated by hard food; with sensitiveness of stomach. Sulf. Ac. 1.
- Stomach. Sensitiveness of the stomach to pressure; of epigastric region to touch. Lyc. 1.
- Stomach. Sensitiveness to touch in region of stomach. Bel. 1.
- Stomach. Sensitiveness in the stomach, with burning, extending to the small of the back, with excessive distention by gas. Carbo V. Clin.
- Stomach. (*Sinking.*) Sinking at pit of stomach. Tabac. 1.
- Stomach. Ravenous hunger, but the appetite sometimes vanishes, and there is absolute disgust for food; the attempt to eat brings on diarrhoea; sinking in stomach. Ferr. Clin.
- Stomach. Weakness and sinking in stomach. Natr. M. Clin.
- Stomach. (*Soreness.*) Gastro-duodenal catarrh, with headache, vertigo, bitter taste, nausea and vomiting; soreness of the stomach and abdomen. Nux. Vom. Clin.
- Stomach. Sore pain in stomach after eating. Natr. M. 1.
- Stomach. Cardialgia and indigestion; great soreness of the pit of the stomach to touch, and intolerance of the clothes. Lach. Clin.
- Stomach. Soreness of stomach. Robina 1.
- Stomach. Soreness in pit of stomach, when talking, drawing breath, or moving about. Ars. Alb. 1.
- Stomach. Soreness in pit of stomach when coughing. Bry. 1.
- Stomach. Soreness and distention in the region of the stomach. Bel. Clin.
- Stomach. Soreness in pit of stomach mornings, with pain, as from pressure on a sore place after eating a little. China 1.
- Stomach. Sticking in stomach extending to chest. Lach. 1.
- Stomach. (*Swelling.*) Painful swelling of pit of stomach, with anxiety. Arg. N. 1.
- Stomach. Vomiting of pregnancy; the nausea and vomiting are frequently associated with soreness at the pit of the stomach and sometimes with thirst. Kreas. Clin.
- Stomach. Vomiting of pregnancy, with constant salivation; feeling of a lump in throat; soreness in pit of stomach; great thirst; relieved by drinking hot water. Sulf. Ac. Clin.
- Stomach. Dyspepsia, distress appearing while the patient is eating; feeling as if the food formed hard lumps, with soreness of the stomach. Nux. Mos. Clin.
- Stomach. (*Sticking.*) Sticking in pit of stomach, extending through body to back. Chel. 1.
- Stomach. Sticking in pit of stomach. Sep. 1.
- Stomach. Sticking in stomach and beneath pit, with tearing from both sides towards each other. Zinc. 1.
- Stomach. Swollen feeling in pit of stomach. Bry. 1.
- Stomach. Flatulent dyspepsia, with sour eructations; stomach swollen like a drum; the distress comes on half an hour or an hour after eating; every sort of food disagrees. Carbo V. Clin.
- Stomach. Swollen feeling in stomach when eating, with oppression of chest, as if he would suffocate, forcing him to loosen his clothes. Can. Ind. 1.
- Stomach. (*Tension.*) Tension across pit of stomach; he must loosen his clothes and cannot sit. Hep. 1.
- Stomach. Tension, oppression and fullness of stomach. Carbo V. 1.
- Stomach. Tension in stomach and hypochondria; beneath stomach as if everything were too tight; with soreness on chest. Lyc. 1.
- Stomach. Tension in region of stomach in forenoon, relieved by moving about. Pul. 1.
- Stomach and abdomen tense after a moderate meal; clothes seem too tight. Nit. Ac. 1.
- Stomach. (*Ulceration.*) Pain, stinging ulceration in stomach. Arg. N. 1.
- Stomach. Dyspepsia, especially associated with nausea and vomiting; of drunkards; with ulceration of the stomach; with soreness of a small spot in the stomach. Kali B. Clin.
- Stomach. Vomiting of blood, with ulceration of stomach. Crotal. H. Clin.
- Stomach. Violent gastro-enteritis, even ulceration and various diseases of the stomach, cancerous, etc. Ars. A. Clin.
- Stomach. Ulceration of stomach, severe cardialgia, as from a stone in stomach. Arg. N. Clin.
- Stomach. Gastric ulcer, with burning and great uneasiness in stomach; temporarily relieved by eating; hence constant desire to eat. Mezer. Clin.
- Stomach. Vomiting constant of food; of everything taken into the stomach; feal; with colic and constipation; blackish; of brownish liquid streaked with blood. Plumb. 6.
- Stomach. Ulcers in the stomach supposed to be malignant and incurable have been cured or greatly relieved by this drug; always with extreme burning and distress as if the whole stomach were raw; at times with vomiting of blood. Mezer. Clin.
- Stomach. Ulcer in the stomach; burning pain; amelioration from vomiting; tenderness; flushes of heat rising into the head. Sang. Clin.
- Stomach. (*Vomiting.*) Vomiting of all nourishment as soon as it touches the stomach. Ars. A. 6.
- Stomach. Vomiting of the contents of the stomach, temporarily relieved by cold drinks, but as soon as these get warm the vomiting is renewed. Phos. Clin.
- Stomach. Vomiting of hot, frothy mucus; of contents of stomach; then of bile, of thick, dark green bile mixed with dark coagulated blood about every hour. Pod. 6.
- Stomach. Most violent retching and vomiting of food or of whatever is taken into the stomach; the ejecta are always very profuse and the vomiting is attended with cold sweat, great prostration, burning in the stomach and great sensitiveness to touch. Ver. Alb. Clin.
- Stomach. Vomiting; cannot keep any food in the stomach. Bel. Clin.
- Stomach. (*Weight.*) Acid dyspepsia, with constant weight in the stomach; eructations of sour liquid. Robina Clin.
- Stomach. Weight in stomach, after eating, as from a stone. Ars. Alb. 1.
- Stomach. Weight in pit of stomach; in epigastrium after eating; with upward pressure to throat-pit; every empty swallowing carried it downward, but it immediately returned. Rumex 1.
- Stomach. (*Miscellaneous.*) Feeling of flabbiness in stomach. Ign. 1.
- Stomach. Constrictive pain in stomach. Graph. 1.
- Stomach. Sensation, as if a stone lay in stomach after eating, making him fretful, with pain in epigastric region on touch. Bry. 1.
- Stomach. Sensation in stomach, as if one had eaten too much; food rises into mouth as if one would vomit. Pul. 1.
- Stomach. Scraping in stomach like heartburn, and in oesophagus; gnawing like ravenous hunger. Pul. 1.
- Stomach. Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning; then cutting in abdomen and nausea in morning after eating a little, with return of a metallic, herby taste; with weight and heat, as from a stone in epigastrium; aggravation from walking; amelioration from sitting. Nux. Vom. 1.
- Stomach. Feeling as if stomach were full of water. Kali C. 1.
- Stomach. Peculiar weakness in pit of stomach and epigastric region. Ign. 1.
- Stomach. Feeling in stomach as if cut to pieces; in morning, with external sensitiveness of epigastric region. Kali C. 1.



## STOMACH.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## STOMACH.

**Stomach.** Contractive pain in stomach at night, extending into chest, with distention of abdomen; paroxysmal, arresting breath, obliging her to bend double; worse when lying. Carbo V. 1.

**Stomach.** Violent hunger; hunger in stomach; with undisturbed appetite. Ver. Alb. 2.

**Stomach.** Heartburn, as after overloading stomach with rancid fat. Nux Vom. 1.

**Stomach.** Nausea on motion, with relaxed sensation in stomach; paroxysmal, as in seasickness, with vertigo and cold sweat; amounting almost to faintness; amelioration in open air. Tabac. 6.

**Stomach.** Chronic catarrh of the stomach. Ars. A. Clin.

**Stomach.** Vomiting of pregnancy; chronic catarrh of the stomach. Sul. Clin.

**Stomach.** Cutting in pit of stomach. Bry. 1.

**Stomach.** Clawing in stomach towards morning as from a purge, changing to burning in pit of stomach. Nux Vom. 1.

**Stomach.** Clawing in stomach in morning on rising, as from long fasting; better after eating. Pul. 1.

**Stomach.** Intensely acid vomiting; this symptom has been relieved even when associated with cancer of the stomach. Robina Clin.

**Stomach.** Anxious pain in pit of stomach at night, with palpitation. Sul. 1.

**Stomach.** Dyspepsia aggravated by any mental effort; stomach and abdomen became excessively bloated from any unpleasant emotion. Nux Mos. Clin.

**Stomach.** Warm streaming of blood from pit of stomach into head. Calc. C. 1.

**Stomach.** Aching and throbbing in stomach; amelioration from eructations; with pain from the jar of walking. Sep. 1.

**Stomach.** Atony of the stomach and abdomen, feeling as if it hung down relaxed. Staph. Clin.

**Stomach.** Globus hystericus rising from the pit of the stomach. Zinc. Clin.

**Stomach.** Nausea, with rising from stomach. Coloc. 6.

**Stomach.** Violent vomiting of food; stomach unable to retain anything. Crotal. H. 6.

**Stomach.** Sensation as if a worm were moving in stomach. Cocc. 1.

**Stomach.** Gastric catarrh, with terrible gastralgia, the pain extending from the stomach, through the body to the spine. Bism. Clin.

**Stomach.** Eructations as when undigested food remains in stomach. Caust. 7.

**Stomach.** Overloaded feeling in stomach until three hours after eating; oppression after eating. Amm. C. 1.

**Stomach.** Feeling as if stomach would burst after yawning, with sensation as if œsophagus were spasmodically closed; hence ineffectual effort to eructate, relieved by empty eructations. Arg. N. 7.

**Stomach.** Pain beneath stomach when lying; in epigastric region on touch; after eating. Sul. 1.

**Stomach.** Feeling as if stomach hung down; relaxed, and appetite lost. Ipe. 1.

**Stomach.** Atonic dyspepsia; feeling as if the stomach were collapsed. Zinc. Clin.

**Stomach.** Pinching pain; boring; gnawing; fullness; drawing; burning; crawling in stomach. Agar. 1.

**Stomach.** Constrictive pain when the stomach is empty. Ars. A. Clin.

**Stomachs.** Disordered stomachs of children, from sweets, with distention. Arg. N. Clin.

**Stomach.** Indigestion; stomach disordered by meat. Kali B. 1.

**Stomach.** Sensation in stomach as if disordered. Caust. 1.

**Stomach.** Spasmodic contraction moving up and down in stomach, causing general pain, especially in posterior wall of stomach, as if pressed against spine. Arn. M. 1.

**Stomach.** Contractive sensation beneath stomach. Carbo V. 1.

**Stomach.** Drawing pain in pit of stomach in morning. Pul. 1.

**Stomach.** Drawing pain in pit of stomach extending into chest. Phos. 1.

**Stomach.** Drawing pain in pit of stomach in evening, when sitting, extending to lower border of left ribs. Ars. Alb. 1.

**Stomach.** Cramping pain in pit of stomach, then eructations of wind, then hiccup and emission of flatus. Diosc. 1.

**Stomach.** Sensation of a hard-boiled egg in stomach. Abies N. 1.

**Stomach.** Expanded feeling in stomach. Calc. P. 1.

**Stomach.** Weakness and faintness in stomach at 11 a. m., with need to eat. Sul. Clin.

**Stomach.** Nausea associated with vertigo; aggravated by taking anything into the stomach, with faintness. Cocc. Clin.

**Stomach.** Acid fermentation in stomach; everything turns sour; sour risings. Calc. C. Clin.

**Stomach.** Grinding, pinching, constrictive pain in stomach. Cocc. 1.

**Stomach.** Gastralgia starting from the cardiac end of the stomach; pains extending into left arm. Tabac. Clin.

**Stomach.** Hæmorrhage from the stomach, with great sensitiveness of the stomach and great prostration. China Clin.

**Stomach.** Hæmorrhage from stomach, temporarily relieved by drinking cold water. Phos. Clin.

**Stomach.** Intermittent pain in region of spleen and pit of stomach. Ign. 1.

**Stomach.** Insipid and spoiled sensation in stomach, with good appetite. Graph. 1.

**Stomach.** Severe gastralgia or cardialgia; aggravated by the least nourishment; the stomach seems very irritable and contracts painfully on its contents. Nux Vom. Clin.

**Stomach.** Chronic irritability of the stomach; the food is not retained nor digested. Kreas. Clin.

**Stomach.** Aphthous sore mouth, occurring in the last stages of wasting diseases; sometimes with watery diarrhoea and irritable stomach. Mur. Ac. Clin.

**Stomach.** Distress, as if something were knotted up in the stomach. Abies N. Clin.

**Stomach.** Neuralgia of the stomach; most severe pain even along sternum and extending into both arms, with cold, clammy sweat. Diosc. Clin.

**Stomach.** Neuralgia of the stomach of the most violent character, with extreme tenderness. Bel. Clin.

**Stomach** disordered by milk. China 1.

**Stomach.** Inner portion of the stomach seems raw. Ars. A. Clin.

**Stomach** and intestines hang down; relaxed. Ign. 1.

**Stomach.** Nausea in morning; fasting, with shuddering; in pit of stomach, with blackness before eyes so that he must sit down. Calc. C. 6.

**Stomach.** Shooting cutting in pit of stomach, forcing him to bend backward, and hold his breath. Bel. 1.

**Stomach.** Scirrhus indurations of pyloric orifice of the stomach, with vomiting of blood, burning and extreme flatulence. Lyc. Clin.

**Stomach.** Dyspepsia from drinking milk which becomes sour in the stomach. Mag. C. Clin.

**Stomach.** Sensation in stomach as if a foreign body were sticking in cardiac orifice and behind sternum; constrictive. Natr. M. 1.

**Stomach.** Stitches in pit of stomach in morning on standing; in pit on deep breathing. Sul. 1.

**Stomach.** Indigestion; constant squeezing pain in the stomach after eating, can only eat once a day on account of the distress; backache; weakness. Robina Clin.

**Stomach.** Gastric disorder, shooting from pit of the stomach into chest and throat, with flatulence. Rumex Clin.

**Stomach.** Pain in epigastrium, sharp; in stomach day and night. Robina 1.

**Stomach.** Nausea and vomiting of pregnancy, with tenderness over the stomach and profuse ropy saliva. Iris Clin.

**Stomach.** Tearing pains in the stomach, extending into the œsophagus. Æthu. 1.

**Stomach.** Longing for acids, with flatulent dyspepsia, soreness over the abdomen and liver, blisters in the mouth and especially with a feeling of something twisting about the stomach and rising into the throat. Sep. Clin.

**Stomach.** Uneasiness starting from pit of stomach, then eructations of food and acids. Kali C. 1.

**Stomach.** Uneasiness of stomach at 7 a. m. Sep. 1.

**Stomach** weak and easily disordered; scraping heartburn after fat food. Natr. C. 1.



## STOMATITIS.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## SUPPURATION.

**Stomatitis.** Aphthæ in mouth, bluish-red and spongy; the ulcer spreads without penetrating into flesh; stomatitis, Merc. S. 5.

**Stomatitis.** Aphthous stomatitis, with pytalism, bad odor, etc. Merc. S. Clin.

**Stomatitis.** Violent stomatitis, with large aphthous patches, with burning pain. Merc. C. Clin.

**Stomatitis of phthisis.** Bapt. Clin.

**Stone.** Sensation, as if a stone lay in stomach after eating, making him fretful, with pain in epigastric region on touch. Bry. 1.

**Stone.** Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning, then cutting in abdomen and nausea in morning after eating a little; with return of a metallic, herby taste; with weight and heat as from a stone in epigastrium; aggravation from walking; amelioration from sitting. Nux Vom. 1.

**Stone.** Aching; burning in stomach; extending to mouth, with dryness; as from a stone in pit. Acon. 1.

**Stone.** Weight in stomach, after eating, as from a stone. Ars. Alb. 1.

**Stone.** Ulceration of stomach; severe cardialgia, as from a stone in stomach. Arg. N. Clin.

**Stool.** Flatulent distention of abdomen after stool. Lyc. 7.

**Stool.** Rumbling in abdomen all day; in afternoon; relieved by emission of fetid flatus, with griping and feeling as if a loose stool would pass at night; with gurgling. Sul. 7.

**Stool.** Emission of flatus, after every meal; on attempting to go to stool; burning and offensive. Aloe 7.

**Stool.** Ravenous hunger, but speedy satiety after stool; ravenous often making her sick. Petr. 2.

**Stool.** Nausea every morning; in evening during stool; before meal time. Sul. 6.

**Stool.** Discharge of flatus; offensive after dinner; relieved after stool, with movements in hypogastrium. Coloc. 7.

**Stool.** Colic before stool, before passage of flatus, with thirst. China 7.

**Stool.** Griping in epigastric region, with movements, then soft stool. Coloc. 1.

**Stools.** Appetite unnatural even when dying from exhausting stools. Secale 2.

**Stools.** Vomiting, with headache and trembling of hands; with frequent stools, also with weakness; with anguish; then constant involuntary watery stools. Ant. T. 6.

**Stools.** Sore mouth; aphthæ occurring during protracted diseases, especially in children; with marasmus; with salivation; sour vomiting; stools like chopped eggs. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

**Stooping.** Saliva runs from mouth in morning on stooping; spitting much saliva. Graph. 5.

**Straining.** Vomiting during pregnancy, straining her so that blood comes up. Sep. 6.

**Streak.** Tongue coated sometimes with red edges, with a streak in middle and redness of tip; brown and dry. Ars. A. 3.

**Streaked.** Vomiting incessant, green, bilious matter streaked with blood. Merc. C. 6.

**Streaked.** Vomiting constant of food; of everything taken into the stomach; fecal; with colic and constipation; blackish; of brownish liquid streaked with blood. Plumb. 6.

**Streaks.** Teeth black; she must clean them twice a day and still there are black streaks across them. Staph. 5.

**Stringy.** Ulceration of the sides of the tongue, with tough, stringy mucus. Nit. Ac. Clin.

**Stripe.** Tongue is usually red, dry and tremulous, or the tip is red and the centre brown; sometimes there is a red stripe through the centre. Lach. Clin.

**Stuttering.** Stammering and stuttering. Can. Ind. 2.

**Sublingual glands swollen.** Canth. 5.

**Submaxillary.** Salivation, with tension in submaxillary region which was sensitive to touch; saliva dries on palate and lips to a tenacious mucus. Lyc. 5.

**Submaxillary.** Aching of teeth from slightest draught of air; in open air; with pain in submaxillary glands. Sul. 5.

**Submaxillary.** Teeth seemed too long, with toothache which seemed to originate from the swelling of submaxillary gland. Camph. 5.

**Sucking.** When sucking the gum, pure blood flows into mouth at the same hour several forenoons. Carbo V. 5.

**Sucking.** Feeling in teeth as if spongy; fear of biting them together lest they fall out; on slightest sucking of teeth blood exuded from gums. Nit. Ac. 5.

**Sucking.** Bleeding of gums after sucking. Carbo V. 5.

**Sudden satiety** at noon after a little roast lamb; with thirst; heaviness in stomach and distention in abdomen. Lyc. 2.

**Sudden ravenous hunger** during the contemptuous mood, with greedy, hasty eating. Plat. 2.

**Sudden.** Nausea incessant, so that it takes away the breath, all day without vomiting; sudden on walking; with salivation; sudden heat of face and vertigo. Petr. 6.

**Sudden.** Vomiting of blood; sudden; violent; cold sweat. Secale Clin.

**Suffocate.** Swollen feeling in stomach when eating, with oppression of chest as if he would suffocate, forcing him to loosen his clothes. Can. Ind. 1.

**Suffocation.** Pain in the stomach; tightness in epigastrium as if a ball extended to throat where it caused suffocation, preventing speaking and swallowing; with anxiety. Plumb. 1.

**Sugar.** Irresistible desire for sugar. Arg. N. 2.

**Sugar.** Aversion to the sweetness of sugar; to wine and brandy which they took to excite their appetites. Zinc. 2.

**Sulphuretted hydrogen.** Emission of flatus, worse in the evening and night; offensive; smelling of sulphuretted hydrogen. Sul. 7.

**Sunken.** Vomiting and diarrhœa ten times, with pale, sunken face, covered with cold sweat; forcible; violent; of slimy acid liquid with food. Ver. Alb. 6.

**Superficial ulcers** in mouth, with burning pain on touch. Natr. C. 3.

**Supper.** Gnawing in stomach, relieved after supper; with weakness. Sep. 1.

**Supper.** Ravenous appetite before supper; with loss of appetite and trembling in limbs; then coldness over whole body; with heat in chest so that it was difficult to fall asleep. Sil. 2.

**Supper.** Heartburn in evening after supper; on waking in middle of night; after dinner. Kali B. 1.

**Supper.** Nausea after dinner and supper, with uneasiness and qualmishness in epigastric region as after eating too much fat; in throat and palate on eating a little. Cycl. 6.

**Supper.** Appetite diminished, lost for breakfast and supper; at these times satiety as soon as he begins to eat. Cycl. 2.

**Supper.** Pressure in pit of stomach as if a lump were in it after a moderate supper, transversely across. Calc. C. 1.

**Supper.** Distention of abdomen after eating, after a moderate supper, with griping, and here and there sharp pain, as from flatulent food and much drink. China 7.

**Supper.** Distress in stomach, worse in the afternoon, amelioration after supper; with sensitiveness to clothes. Sep. 1.

**Suppressed.** Empty eructations, frequent, but suppressed. Amm. C. 7.

**Suppressed.** Colic from suppressed perspiration as from drinking ice water when heated, or it may be brought on by fits of anger; the patient always doubles up with the colic. Coloc. Clin.

**Suppression.** Nausea at night during menses, with retching and water-brash; during suppression of menses, with good appetite; when he wishes to eat; when eating so that food was repulsive. Pul. 6.

**Suppression.** Gastralgia from suppression of menses. Cocc. Clin.

**Suppurate.** Swelling of gums with sore pain; with dark redness and painful throbbing as if beginning to suppurate. Sep. 5.

**Suppurating.** Gums bleeding from slightest touch, spongy and soft; ulcerated, suppurating. Merc. S. 5.

**Suppurating.** Aching in teeth only at night and when it ceases in morning excitement and uneasiness preventing sleep, with swelling of gum as if suppurating. Lyc. 5.

**Suppuration.** Inflammation of the salivary glands; very free secretion; with swelling of the glands; with soreness leading to suppuration. Merc. S. Clin.



## SURFACE.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## SWOLLEN.

- Surface. Burning on anterior surface of tongue; on tip; scalded sensation. Coloc. 3.
- Swallow. Salivation and obliged to swallow constantly. Ipe. 5.
- Swallow. Sensation of glowing coals in mouth and fauces, with constant pressure to swallow and hawk which increased the pain; discharge of much saliva, with mucus. Caust. 5.
- Swallowed. Vomiting of everything swallowed. Ipe. 6.
- Swallowing difficult. Stram. 5.
- Swallowing. Sour taste, worse in morning after swallowing food that had a natural taste. Nux Vom. 3.
- Swallowing. Tongue swollen and showing imprint of teeth in scallops which looked ulcerated, and its movement difficult and painful; covered with foul ulcers; oozing of blood; the ulcers made swallowing difficult; with painful ulcerated margin. Merc. S. 3.
- Swallowing. Taste bitter, even to tobacco smoke, to everything; amelioration after eating; to bread on swallowing, although it tasted good while chewing. China 3.
- Swallowing. Pain beneath tongue when swallowing on left side, behind hyoid bone. Calc. C. 3.
- Swallowing. Weight in pit of stomach; in epigastrium after eating; with upward pressure to throat-pit; every empty swallowing carried it downward but it immediately returned. Rumex 1.
- Swallowing. Sticking in root of tongue when not swallowing. Nit. Ac. 3.
- Swallowing. Pain in the stomach; tightness in epigastrium as if a ball extended to throat where it caused suffocation, preventing speaking and swallowing; with anxiety. Plumb. 1.
- Swallowing. Pain at cardiac orifice, aggravated by swallowing bread, which seems to remain there, gradually extending over abdomen, with vomiting, first of green then of blackish substance. Phos. 1.
- Sweat. Vomiting and diarrhoea ten times with pale sunken face covered with cold sweat; forcible; violent; of slimy acid liquid with food. Ver. Alb. 6.
- Sweat. Vomiting of green mucus; with cold sweat. Ver. Alb. 6.
- Sweat. Thirst during sweat for cold drinks. Ver. Alb. 2.
- Sweat. Bitter taste to food, then chilliness and cold sweat; to bread, rolls and meat; to bread, rolls and meat; to bread with aversion to bread; to beer in morning; afterwards a sour taste. Pul. 3.
- Sweat. Nausea on motion with relaxed sensation in stomach; paroxysmal as in seasickness, with vertigo and cold sweat; amounting almost to faintness; amelioration in open air. Tabac. 6.
- Sweat. Neuralgia of the stomach; most severe pain even along sternum and extending into both arms, with cold, clammy sweat. Diosc. Clin.
- Sweat. Thirst in evening after fever, with hunger, then after eating, coldness and rumbling in abdomen, after shivering through skin, after chill during sweat on back and forehead. China 2.
- Sweat. Thirst, but nausea soon after drinking; for milk; for beer during chill, with shivering; for small beer after morning sweat. Nux Vom. 2.
- Sweat. Pulsation in pit of stomach in morning, then ebullition in chest like palpitation, then internal heat of face and body without redness or thirst but with sweat. Sep. 1.
- Sweat. Vomiting of blood; sudden; violent; cold sweat. Secale Clin.
- Sweat. Most violent retching and vomiting of food or of whatever is taken into the stomach; the ejecta are always very profuse and the vomiting is attended with cold sweat, great prostration, burning in the stomach and great sensitiveness to touch. Ver. Alb. Clin.
- Sweat. Gastralgia with profuse sweat of the face, nausea and vomiting. Pul. Clin.
- Sweat. Vomiting, with cold sweat; great exhaustion. Camph. Clin.
- Sweet things are disgusting and nauseous. Graph. 2.
- Sweet. Salivation, sweet; tenacious; discharge of watery saliva, also like waterbrash. Pul. 5.
- Sweet. Taste sweet to bread; salty on lips; slimy; putrid in throat, as of bad eggs, on moving tongue; metallic. Merc. S. 3.
- Sweet. Vomiting of sweet mucus; sour vomiting. Psor. 6.
- Sweetish. Taste sweetish; bitter; metallic. Plumb. 3.
- Sweetish. Taste offensive; sweetish in forenoon, causing nausea. Sul. 3.
- Sweetish. Nausea, with hot eructations and sweetish flat salivation. Kali B. 6.
- Sweetish. Vomiting of sweetish water in morning, fasting; of food. Kreas. 6.
- Sweetish-sour. Taste nauseous; metallic; sweetish-sour on back of tongue; bitter. Bism. 3.
- Sweetish. Taste sweetish, and in throat, putrid taste. Ars. A. 3.
- Sweetness. Aversion to the sweetness of sugar; to wine and brandy, which they took to excite their appetites. Zinc. 2.
- Sweets. Gastric symptoms are generally characterized by absence of thirst and longing for sweets; general relief after eating. Sabad. Clin.
- Sweets. Great craving for sweets; well marked gastritis, with enormous distention, or free eructations of gas. Arg. N. Clin.
- Sweets. Disordered stomachs of children, from sweets, with distention. Arg. N. Clin.
- Sweets. Indigestion of children from sweets, associated with very peevish disposition. Ant. C. Clin.
- Swelling. (Glands.) Inflammation of the salivary glands; very free secretion; with swelling of the glands; with soreness, leading to suppuration. Merc. S. Clin.
- Swelling. Gums purple, red and detached from teeth; red and tender, with swelling of glands beneath jaw; spongy and ulcerated. Merc. C. 5.
- Swelling. (Gums.) Aching in teeth at night; then general chilliness, with swelling of gums and salivary glands. Merc. S. 5.
- Swelling. Aching in teeth during menses, with throbbing in gums; worse in a hollow molar, which pains as if elongated and swollen; then swelling of gums and cheeks. Sep. 5.
- Swelling. Abscess at the root of the tooth, with external swelling; dental fistula. Petr. Clin.
- Swelling. Inflammation of molar, with swelling and soreness of gum. Sil. 5.
- Swelling of gum, with gumboil on it; painful; inflamed. Sil. 5.
- Swelling of gums with sore pain; with dark redness and painful throbbing as if beginning to suppurate. Sep. 5.
- Swelling of gums, with such looseness of teeth that she could have taken them out. Nit. Ac. 5.
- Swelling. Aching in teeth only at night, and when it ceases in morning excitement and uneasiness preventing sleep, with swelling of gum as if suppurating. Lyc. 5.
- Swelling. Aching of teeth at night, disturbing sleep; with anxiety; with swelling of gums. Merc. C. 5.
- Swelling. Painful gumboil on outer side of gums, with pain in a hollow tooth and with swelling of cheek and whole left side of face as far as below eye, where there was an oedematous swelling. Borax 5.
- Swelling. (Stomach.) Painful swelling of pit of stomach, with anxiety. Arg. N. 1.
- Swelling of epigastric region. Calc. C. 1.
- Swelling of epigastric region, with sensitiveness to pressure. Merc. C. 1.
- Swelling. (Tongue.) Deep redness of tongue; of papillæ; with swelling. Bel. 3.
- Swelling of tongue with dryness and blackish along median line. Phos. 3.
- Swelling. Tongue yellow, dirty white crust; painful swelling posteriorly on side; burning stitches; dryness. China 3.
- Swelling. Inflammation of the stomach, with swelling of the liver; vomiting of blood and mucus; yellow tongue. Phos. Clin.
- Swells. Beating pain in teeth if anything hot or cold is taken into the mouth, extending into cheek, which swells during menses. Sep. 5.
- Swollen. (Gums.) Gums red, bright red margin; red and swollen and livid and covered with thin white patches easily removed from a non-ulcerating surface. Merc. S. 5.
- Swollen. Toothache, with swollen bleeding gums; gums sometimes dark purplish. Lach. Clin.



**SWOLLEN.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****TASTE.**

**Swollen.** Gums swollen, separates from teeth; and sore bleeding pain on eating; bread and food were bloody when chewed. Merc. S. 5.

**Swollen.** Gums bleed easily; swollen and spongy; swollen and pale. Merc. C. 5.

**Swollen.** Aching in teeth during menses, with throbbing in gums worse in a hollow molar, which pains as if elongated and swollen; then swelling of gums and cheeks. Sep. 5.

**Swollen.** Gums swollen and bleeding. Calc. C. 5.

**Swollen.** Gums bleed easily and are swollen. Caust. Clin.

**Swollen.** Gums swollen, bleeding, painful on touch. Ars. A. 5.

**Swollen.** Gums bleeding, swollen and spongy. Lach. 5.

**Swollen.** (*Stomach.*) Feeling in stomach in evening; swollen feeling and sensitiveness. Natr. C. 1.

**Swollen** feeling in epigastric region. Kali C. 1.

**Swollen.** Flatulent dyspepsia with sour eructations; stomach swollen like a drum; the distress comes on half an hour or an hour after eating; every sort of food disagrees. Carbo V. Clin.

**Swollen** feeling in stomach when eating, with oppression of chest, as if he would suffocate, forcing him to loosen his clothes. Can. Ind. 1.

**Swollen** feeling in pit of stomach. Bry. 1.

**Swollen.** (*Tongue.*) Tongue swollen. Acon. 3.

**Swollen.** Tongue black, with red edges; swollen. Merc. S. 3.

**Swollen.** Tongue coated and showing impress of teeth on edges; coated white, with whitish swollen gums that bleed on touch. Merc. S. 3.

**Swollen.** Tongue swollen and showing imprint of teeth in scallops, which looked ulcerated, and its movements difficult and painful; covered with foul ulcers; oozing of blood; the ulcers made swallowing difficult; with painful ulcerated margin. Merc. S. 3.

**Swollen.** Tongue swollen, red and sore. Crotal. H. 3.

**Swollen.** Dry tongue and dry throat, interfering with speech, and retracted, hanging from the child's mouth; swollen, cracked and difficult to move. Bel. 3.

**Swollen.** Tongue swollen and stiff; dryness on palate; white color and redness. Stram. 3.

**Swollen.** Tongue often feels swollen with the fever. Acon. Clin.

**Swollen.** Tongue scarlet; papillæ swollen, arch of palate and uvula swollen and dark red. Caust. 3.

**Swollen.** Tongue swollen and covered with blisters on each side. Lach. 2.

**Swollen.** Tongue is almost always swollen, flabby, taking the imprint of the teeth sometimes watery as if œdematous, sometimes covered with whitish fur. Merc. S. Clin.

**Swollen.** Tongue swollen and inflamed so that it could not be protruded; and white. Merc. C. 3.

**Swollen.** Atonic dyspepsia, with continual throbbing, occipital headache and trembling; fluttering feeling below the epigastrium, towards the umbilicus; tongue very red and small; feels swollen. Crotal. H. Clin.

**Swollen.** Tongue swollen and coated red at edges. Canth. 3.

**Swollen.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Ulcers on inside of cheeks, with sticking on uvula, palate, fauces, and, as far as could be seen, covered with yellowish-gray membrane; red, swollen, painful and offensive. Nit. Ac. 5.

**Swollen.** Sublingual glands swollen. Canth. 5.

**Swollen.** Mouth and throat swollen and bright red, with pain and burning in mouth, throat, and stomach. Nit. Ac. 5.

**Swollen.** Mouth swollen; palate and pharynx ulcerated. Sulf. Ac. 5.

**Swollen.** Epidermal cutting of mouth and fauces; abraded in morning, but partly hanging in large pieces; the mucous membrane itself swollen and loose. Caust. 5.

**Swollen.** Sensation, as if roof of palate were covered with tenacious mucus, and were swollen. Pul. 5.

**Swollen.** Dryness of mouth, without thirst, with swollen, hot lips. Nit. Ac. 5.

**Talk.** Dryness of tongue with inability to talk. Ver. Alb. 3.

**Talking.** Tongue heavy when talking; speech difficult and lisping; unable to articulate any sound. Nux Vom. 3.

**Talking.** Soreness in pit of stomach when talking, drawing breath, or moving about. Ars. Alb. 1.

**Tallow.** Eructations tasting of food, then nausea; of gas; bilious in evening; bitter at night, of a bitter fluid; tasting of rancid tallow after eating buckwheat cakes; as of bad meat after dinner; the taste remains, with nausea. Pul. 7.

**Tar-like.** Obstinate vomiting of blood; extremities cold; countenance hippocratic; pulse feeble; the ejecta sometimes black, tar-like. Ipe. Clin.

**Taste.** (*Bitter.*) Bitter, bilious taste when fasting, though food has a good taste; better in morning on waking. Sul. 3.

**Taste.** Bitter taste after eating and drinking, though food has a natural taste. Pul. 3.

**Taste** bitter; bilious after eating and smoking. Pul. 3.

**Taste** bitter. Acon. 3.

**Taste** bitter; relieved by frequent drinking of cold water, with nausea. Bry. 3.

**Taste.** Bitter taste to food; then chilliness and cold sweat; to bread, rolls and meat; to bread, with aversion to bread; to beer in morning; afterwards a sour taste. Pul. 3.

**Taste.** Vomiting of food that had been eaten long before; of food in evening; then bitter taste and teeth on edge. Pul. 6.

**Taste** bitter in morning to food; to beer. Natr. M. 3.

**Taste** bitter in morning, and slimy to food, during the day salty. Merc. C. 3.

**Taste** bitter, even to tobacco smoke, to everything; amelioration after eating; to bread on swallowing, although it tasted good while chewing. China 3.

**Taste** bitter; relieved when eating and drinking. Chel. 3.

**Taste.** Bitter taste in morning fasting, continuing even when smoking; at 6 p. m.; in evening after beer; after eating and good appetite. Pul. 3.

**Taste** putrid; slimy; bitter. Arn. M. 3.

**Taste** bitter, waking her at night, with dryness in mouth. Rhus Tox. 3.

**Taste.** Dyspepsia characterized by regurgitation of food, more or less nausea and vomiting, loss of appetite and thirst, bitter taste, vertigo on rising up, chilliness, and above all constant aggravations from eating fat substances. Pul. Clin.

**Taste** bitter when not eating. Psor. 2.

**Taste** bitter to dinner; metallic in afternoon; sour. Natr. C. 2.

**Taste.** Gastro-duodenal catarrh, with headache, vertigo, bitter taste, nausea and vomiting; soreness of the stomach and abdomen. Nux Vom. Clin.

**Taste** bitter; sour after milk. Phos. 3.

**Taste** bitter in morning; sour after eating; to all food. Lye. 3.

**Taste.** Bitter taste in back of throat, with natural taste to food. Hep. 3.

**Taste** bitter. Carbo V. 3.

**Taste** bitter, with sour eructations. Graph. 3.

**Taste.** Mouth clammy, with bitter taste. Diosc. 5.

**Taste.** Bitter taste at root of tongue. Cocc. 3.

**Taste** flat, bitter. Bapt. 3.

**Taste.** Bad taste; bad odor in the mouth, and accumulation of tough mucus. Chel. Clin.

**Taste** bitter; if she eats anything or swallows saliva, everything tastes bitter; insipid; lost to food. Borax 3.

**Taste** bitter before and after eating; bitter on palate, with dryness of tongue. Carbo V. 3.

**Taste.** Difficult vomiting of the beverage, and of yellow-green mucus and water, with bitter taste in mouth, which remained a long time. Ars. A. 6.

**Taste** bitter in morning, with headache. Calc. P. 3.

**Taste** bitter. Ars. A. 3.

**Taste.** (*Metallic.*) Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning, then cutting in abdomen and nausea in morning, after eating a little, with return of a metallic, herby taste; with weight and heat; as from a stone in epigastrium; aggravation from walking; amelioration from sitting. Nux Vom. 1.

**Taste.** Metallic taste, with loss of appetite; metallic at root of tongue. Cocc. 3.

**Taste** metallic; with dry, irritative hacking; bitter; nauseous. Aloe 3.

**Taste.** Sourish and metallic taste to food. Amm. C. 5.

**Taste,** nauseous; metallic; sweetish-sour on back of tongue; bitter. Bism. 3.

**Taste** metallic, coppery in morning on waking. Sul. 3.



## TASTE.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## TEARING.

**Taste.** (*Sour.*) Sour taste, worse in morning after swallowing food that had a natural taste. Nux Vom. 3.

**Taste sour;** saliva has a sour taste, bitter then sour, with sour eructations. Ign. 3.

**Taste.** Taste sour; saliva has a sour taste, bitter then sour, with sour eructations. Ign. 3.

**Taste sour after eating.** Sil. 3.

**Taste sour; bitter.** Mag. C. 3.

**Taste.** Sour taste. Nit. Ac. 3.

**Taste sour, slimy.** Petr. 2.

**Taste.** Indigestion, characterized by extreme distress in the stomach immediately after eating; feeling as if the stomach knotted up at times; with bitter eructations, or with sour or putrid taste in the mouth; nearly always associated with nausea and efforts to vomit. Nux Vom. Clin.

**Taste.** (*Sweetish.*) Taste sweetish; bitter; metallic. Plumb. 3.

**Taste sweet to bread;** salty on lips; slimy; putrid in throat as of bad eggs on moving tongue; metallic. Merc. S. 3.

**Taste sweetish, and in throat;** putrid taste. Ars. A. 3.

**Taste.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Sour eructations, the taste of which does not remain in the mouth, but the acid gnaws in the stomach; waterbrash. Lyc. 7.

**Taste.** Eructations, tasting of food; then nausea; of gas; bilious in evening; bitter at night, of a bitter fluid; tasting of rancid tallow after eating buckwheat cakes; as of bad meat after dinner; the taste remains, with nausea. Pul. 7.

**Taste.** Pasty taste in morning. Sul. 3.

**Taste.** Offensive taste, after drinking beer. Bry. 3.

**Taste vinegary all day after drinking milk;** sour in morning till after breakfast, with sour eructations. Sul. 3.

**Taste.** Saliva has a salt taste which is communicated to all he takes; salt taste to food. Cycl. 3.

**Taste.** Slimy taste in morning, with nausea; foul; clammy; insipid, as of bad meat, with nausea; disgusting in morning, with white tongue. Pul. 3.

**Taste.** Bad taste in morning, though food and drink have a natural taste; better after eating; low down in throat on hawking. Nux Vom. 3.

**Taste.** Nausea, with bilious taste; with salivation and closure of jaws; with great thirst and with frothing from mouth; with weakness. Ver. Alb. 3.

**Taste.** Increased taste of food. Camph. 3.

**Taste.** Dyspepsia; constant satiety, with coldness in stomach, craving for pungent spices and sour things and stimulants, digestion extremely slow; after eating he feels full, drowsy; taste of the food rises, with dyspnoea. China Clin.

**Taste.** Eructations after eating; frequent; without odor or taste. Hep. 7.

**Taste for milk spoiled in morning.** Nux Vom. 3.

**Taste.** Nausea with good appetite and natural taste to food. Sil. 6.

**Taste.** Anorexia, without bad taste or thirst; always feels full. Ferr. 2.

**Taste.** Nausea in morning, with slimy mouth, changing to an acid taste. Pul. 6.

**Taste and coolness in mouth and throat** as from peppermint; biting taste in throat as from peppermint; as from heat rising from oesophagus into mouth. Ver. Alb. 3.

**Taste bad and mouth slimy.** Kali C. 3.

**Taste chalky in morning fasting.** Nux Mos. 3.

**Taste dry to all solid food, as if it contained neither juice nor strength.** Ferr. 3.

**Taste.** Different kinds of foul taste; unpleasant in morning; mouth dry and slimy; sour in morning on waking; bitter; bitterish-sour. Sep. 3.

**Taste flat to food and almost wanting.** Cycl. 3.

**Taste fatty.** Caust. 3.

**Taste lost for food; better when not eating.** Bry. 3.

**Taste.** Nauseous taste in morning; pasty in forenoon; on posterior part of palate after dinner. Bry. 3.

**Taste.** Salivation, with pasty taste. Cycl. 3.

**Taste offensive, sweetish; in forenoon** causing nausea. Sul. 3.

**Taste offensive, sour.** Calc. C. 3.

**Taste.** Slimy taste, which disgusts him with butter; sour; flat; qualmish. China 3.

**Taste of rotten eggs between meals.** Arn. M. 3.

**Tasted.** Taste bitter, even to tobacco smoke, to everything; amelioration after eating; to bread on swallowing, although it tasted good while chewing. China 3.

**Tasted.** Atonic dyspepsia; digestion very slow; the food is tasted or regurgitated a long time after eating. Pul. Clin.

**Tasting.** Eructations tasting of food; then nausea; of gas; bilious in evening; bitter at night; of a bitter fluid; tasting of rancid tallow after eating buckwheat cakes; as of bad meat after dinner; the taste remains, with nausea. Pul. 7.

**Tasting.** Eructations tasting like rotten eggs. Psor. 7.

**Tasting.** Eructation of a fluid, tasting of the injecta. Ant. C. 7.

**Tasting.** Eructations of food; tasting of the food. Phos. 7.

**Tasting.** Vomiting violent of sour mucus in forenoon; of sour smelling and sour tasting mucus; towards evening, with headache like a tearing around lower part of the skull; hæmatemesis. Nux Vom. 6.

**Tasting.** Many eructations; tasting of food; ineffectual. Graph. 7.

**Tasting.** Eructations, tasting like bad eggs; hot, sharp, and sour. Petr. 7.

**Tasting.** Eructations, tasting of juniper berries. Chel. 7.

**Tasting.** Eructations, tasting of food. Calc. C. 7.

**Tasting.** Eructations empty; tasting of rotten eggs; tasting like apples. Agar. 7.

**Tasteless saliva, with tastelessness in** mouth. Ver. Alb. 3.

**Tasteless.** Eructations of tasteless fluid in evening. Calc. C. 7.

**Tastelessness.** Tasteless saliva, with tastelessness in mouth. Ver. Alb. 3.

**Tastes.** Appetite increased for various things, but does not know exactly for what; hunger, but want of appetite; food tastes natural, yet is disagreeable in mouth; indifference to eating and drinking only while eating; appetite and natural taste to food returned. China 2.

**Tea.** Irritable heart of tea and coffee-drinkers, and of tobacco-smokers. Agar. Clin.

**Tea.** Dyspepsia of a flatulent character, resulting from tea. Diosc. Clin.

**Tea.** Dyspepsia, resulting from the use of tea and tobacco. Abies N. Clin.

**Tea-drinking.** Affections from excessive tea-drinking. Rumex Clin.

**Tearing.** (*Teeth.*) Periodic pain in teeth always after waking; after eating and from warm and cold drinks; often extending through upper jaw to ear, with jerking, tearing, sticking. Lach. 5.

**Tearing in teeth about 3 a. m.;** as if an exposed nerve were paining from cold air; worse lying on painless side; better by lying on painful cheek; relieved momentarily by cold water. Bry. 5.

**Tearing in hollow molar; jerking drawing** in roots of incisors; sharp jerking in two last molars. Zinc. 5.

**Tearing in teeth in evening, and in bones** of face. Tabac. 5.

**Tearing first in roots of hollow teeth after** chewing, then extending into crowns; aggravated in open air. Staph. 5.

**Tearing in teeth after chewing or cold** drinks. Staph. 5.

**Tearing toothache extending to head;** amelioration from warmth. Nux Vom. Clin.

**Tearing.** Toothache of a sticking, tearing character extending into the head. Kali C. Clin.

**Tearing.** Jerking tearing in left upper back teeth. China 5.

**Tearing in diseased root in both rows, ex-** tending in zygoma, with bruised pain in both right jaws on pressure and on chewing. Caust. 5.

**Tearing in teeth; amelioration from hot** applications. Rhus Tox. 5.

**Tearing, sticking in teeth on eating, ex-** tending into muscles of neck; aggravation from warmth. Bry. 5.

**Tearing.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Vomiting violent of sour mucus in forenoon; of sour smelling and sour tasting mucus; towards evening, with headache like a tearing around lower part of skull; hæmatemesis. Nux Vom. 6.

**Tearing.** Sticking in stomach and beneath pit, with tearing from sides towards each other. Zinc. 1.

**Tearing pains in the stomach, extending** into the oesophagus. Æthu. 1.

**Tearing around umbilicus, with flatu-** lence. Natr. S. 7.



## TEETH.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## TEETH.

**Teeth.** (*Aching.*) Aching in teeth as soon as anything warm is taken into the mouth. Pul. 5.

**Teeth.** Aching in teeth at night, then general chilliness, with swelling of gums and salivary glands. Merc. S. 5.

**Teeth.** Aching in teeth. Arn. M. 5.

**Teeth.** Aching of teeth when chewing and on touch; with sensitiveness in a sound tooth; when eating as if too long; drawing; relieved by warm drinks. Lyc. 5.

**Teeth.** Aching of teeth only when eating; as if something got into a hollow tooth. Kali C. 5.

**Teeth.** Aching of teeth from slightest draught of air; in open air; with pain in submaxillary glands. Sul. 5.

**Teeth.** Aching in teeth during menses, with throbbing in gums; worse in a hollow molar, which pains as if elongated and swollen; then swelling of gums and cheeks. Sep. 5.

**Teeth.** Aching in teeth only at night and when it ceases in morning excitements and uneasiness, preventing sleep, with swelling of gum, as if suppurating. Lyc. 5.

**Teeth.** Aching of teeth on chewing and biting, as if they would be forced out. Pul. 5.

**Teeth.** Aching of teeth at night, disturbing sleep; with anxiety, with swelling of gums. Merc. C. 5.

**Teeth.** Aching in all teeth after cold drinks or opening mouth; aggravated on biting teeth together. Hep. 5.

**Teeth.** Aching in teeth; worse at night, with heat in face; drawing pain. Graph. 5.

**Teeth.** Aching of teeth on taking anything warm into mouth. Bry. 5.

**Teeth.** Aching in teeth, aggravated by chewing, eating sour things, and putting cold things into mouth, with grumbling and digging, especially in lower teeth. Arg. N. 5.

**Teeth.** Aching of teeth from drawing air into mouth. Staph. 5.

**Teeth.** (*Black.*) Teeth grow black and become brittle. Staph. Clin.

**Teeth black;** she must clean them twice a day and still there are black streaks across them. Staph. 5.

**Teeth.** (*Boring.*) Boring and throbbing in teeth. Sul. 5.

**Teeth.** Boring in teeth after dinner; as if something got into tooth. Kali C. 5.

**Teeth.** (*Decay.*) Teeth decayed and became loose in succession, and fell out at the slightest shock, especially the molars were gone; those that remained were black, laid bare, loose and carious; crowns of all except incisors lost. Merc. S. 5.

**Teeth decay rapidly.** Carbo V. Clin.

**Teeth.** Decaying teeth, with burning, boring pains, involving the bones of the face and head; temporarily relieved by drawing in cold air. Mezer. Clin.

**Teeth.** Valuable for decaying teeth in pregnancy. Staph. Clin.

**Teeth.** Quick decay of teeth. Sep. 5.

**Teeth.** Rapid decay of the teeth and bleeding of the gums; premature decay of children's teeth, which become very dark and crumbly. Kreas. Clin.

**Teeth.** (*Gums.*) Gums swollen, separates from teeth; and sore bleeding pain on eating; bread and food were bloody when chewed. Merc. S. 5.

**Teeth.** Gums loosened from teeth and sensitive. Carbo V. 5.

**Teeth.** Inclination to gnash teeth as in a chill; aggravation from entrance of cold air. Calc. C. 5.

**Teeth.** Gums stand off from teeth, and bleed easily. Ant. C. 5.

**Teeth.** Gums loosened from teeth, spongy and partly destroyed; spongy and covered with a pultaceous exudation, and ulcerated. Merc. S. 5.

**Teeth.** Gums purple, red, and detached from teeth; red and tender, with swelling of glands beneath jaw; spongy and ulcerated. Merc. C. 5.

**Teeth.** Gums unhealthy, bleeding, spongy, pale, receding from teeth, with offensive odor from the mouth. Merc. S. Clin.

**Teeth.** Inflammation of the gums, with bleeding; separated from the teeth. Phos. 5.

**Teeth.** Gums feel affected and are red and enlarged between teeth. Nit. Ac. 5.

**Teeth.** (*Tongue.*) Tongue coated and showing impress of teeth on edges; coated white, with whitish, swollen gums that bleed on touch. Merc. S. 3.

**Teeth.** Tongue coated yellow, with red margin showing imprint of teeth; yellow, white, slimy dryness. Chel. 3.

**Teeth.** Tongue swollen and showing imprint of teeth in scallops, which looked ulcerated and its movement difficult and painful; covered with foul ulcers; oozing of blood; the ulcers made swallowing difficult; with painful ulcerated margin. Merc. S. 3.

**Teeth.** Disturbances of digestion and of the function of the liver; the tongue is yellow and shows the print of the teeth around the margin. Chel. Clin.

**Teeth.** Tongue is almost always swollen, flabby, taking the imprint of the teeth, sometimes watery as if oedematous; sometimes covered with whitish fur. Merc. S. Clin.

**Teeth.** (*Long Feeling.*) Teeth feel too long and blunt on biting on them and from fresh air. Mezer. 5.

**Teeth** seem too long, with toothache, which seemed to originate from the swelling of submaxillary gland. Camph. 5.

**Teeth.** Upper incisors seem too long and sensitive. Mag. M. 5.

**Teeth.** Feeling as if teeth were too long when biting them together. Lach. 5.

**Teeth.** Elongated feeling in teeth. Amm. C. 5.

**Teeth.** Dental periostitis, with great soreness and elongation of the teeth; pain aggravated at night from warmth of bed; teeth loose; salivation offensive. Merc. S. Clin.

**Teeth.** Painful looseness and elongation of teeth. Caust. Clin. .

**Teeth.** (*Loose.*) Teeth loose and black; denuded of gums, with nightly pain in teeth, jaws and head, and painful on touch of tongue. Merc. S. 5.

**Teeth loose;** sordes. Merc. C. 5.

**Teeth.** Gums pain as if sore and raw, with painful loose teeth. Bry. 5.

**Teeth.** Looseness of teeth and pain on chewing. China 5.

**Teeth.** Gums become unhealthy and bleed easily; the teeth are loose and the saliva is bloody, and there is a putrid odor from the mouth; with these conditions the drug is frequently indicated in a mercurial cachexia. Nit. Ac. Clin.

**Teeth.** Looseness of teeth so that he fears they will fall out. Psor. 5.

**Teeth.** Looseness of teeth; sensitiveness to cold air. Natr. M. 5.

**Teeth.** Looseness of teeth; with pain in gums on pressure. Sil. 5.

**Teeth.** Looseness of teeth, lower incisors; she cannot bite upon them. Rhus Tox. 5.

**Teeth loose;** stitches in an indefinite tooth, with drawing. Nux Vom. 5.

**Teeth.** Swelling of gums, with such looseness of teeth that she could have taken them out. Nit. Ac. 5.

**Teeth.** (*Pain.*) Jerking pain in teeth aggravated at night, pulslike from lower into ear and from upper into head, with pain of gums from 9 p. m. on. Merc. S. 5.

**Teeth.** Periodic pain in teeth always after waking; after eating, and from warm and cold drinks; often extending through upper jaw to ear, with jerking, tearing, sticking. Lach. 5.

**Teeth.** Jerking pain in teeth, worse in morning better when cold water taken into mouth becomes warm. Pul. 5.

**Teeth.** Throbbing pain in teeth only when eating; in root of last hollow molar in evening. Kali C. 5.

**Teeth.** Pain in teeth aggravated by drawing in air with open mouth; with stitches in one row of teeth, now in an upper, now in a lower molar, then in other teeth towards the front; aggravated by eating; at noon and evening; with red, hot spots on cheek and throat; with complaining mood, full of reproaches and despondency. Nux Vom. 5.

**Teeth.** Drawing pain in teeth as soon as soon as he gets into bed in evening. Kali C. 5.

**Teeth.** Numb pain in lower teeth in morning after rising. Plat. 5.

**Teeth.** Beating pain in teeth if anything hot or cold is taken into the mouth, extending into cheek, which swells during menses. Sep. 5.

**Teeth.** Pain in teeth when eating, in incisors and anterior molars, on drawing air into mouth; aggravated by cold or damp air. Nux Mos. 5.

**Teeth.** Pain in a hollow tooth in evening, which became elongated and loose, then also in other teeth; pain partly sticking and partly crawling. Rhus Tox. 5.



## TEETH.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## TENSION.

Teeth. Pain in hollow teeth, extending into head if air enters mouth. Nux Vom. 5.

Teeth. Sore pain in teeth, aggravated by exerting the mind and reflecting. Nux Vom. 5.

Teeth. (*Sticking.*) Sticking in teeth, extending into ear, waking him at night. Sul. 5.

Teeth. Sticking in teeth and jaw, extending to ear, preventing sleep at night and during the day; she had to tie a cloth over it. Sep. 5.

Teeth. Sticking in teeth on taking anything cold or warm into mouth. Nit. Ac. 5.

Teeth. Stitches in teeth on inspiration. Ant. C. 5.

Teeth. (*Tearing.*) Tearing in teeth about 3 a. m., as if an exposed nerve were paining from cold air; worse lying on painless side; better by lying on painful cheek; relieved momentarily by cold water. Bry. 5.

Teeth. Tearing, sticking in teeth on eating, extending into muscles of neck; aggravation from warmth. Bry. 5.

Teeth. Jerking tearing in left upper back teeth. China 5.

Teeth. Tearing first in roots of hollow teeth after chewing, then extending into crowns; aggravated in open air. Staph. 5.

Teeth. Tearing in teeth; amelioration from hot applications. Rhus Tox. 5.

Teeth. Tearing in teeth in evening and in bones of face. Tabac. 5.

Teeth. Tearing in teeth after chewing or cold drinks. Staph. 5.

Teeth. (*Miscellaneous.*) Drawing in right upper teeth all night. Bel. 5.

Teeth. Vomiting of food that had been eaten long before; of food in evening; then bitter taste and teeth on edge. Pul. 6.

Teeth. Persistent hæmorrhage after drawing teeth. Arn. M. Clin.

Teeth concave; edges seem sharp and hurt the tongue. Aloe 5.

Teeth. Violent toothache from taking cold, even in sound teeth from cold air. Caust. Clin.

Teeth. Neuralgic toothache; amelioration from clenching teeth tightly yet aggravated by slightly touching teeth in anæmic persons. China 5.

Teeth. Feeling in teeth as if spongy; fear of biting them together lest they fall out; on slightest sucking of teeth blood exuded from gums. Nit. Ac. 5.

Teeth. Mucous membrane of cheek easily gets between teeth so that he bites it when chewing. Nit. Ac. 5.

Teeth. Bleeding of teeth when cleaned. Carbo V. 5.

Teeth. Bleeding of gums on cleaning teeth and on pressure. Staph. 5.

Teeth. Carious teeth which crumble. Staph. Clin.

Teeth. Prickling, digging in lower back teeth, extending to ear. Caust. 5.

Teeth. Difficult dentition, with grinding of teeth, rolling the head, disagreeable breath, diarrhœa. Pod. Clin.

Teeth. Digging in upper back teeth; aggravated for a moment by biting teeth together and pressing upon them. China 5.

Teeth. Hollow teeth decay very rapidly; aching in hollow in evening on touch of tongue. Mezer. 5.

Teeth. Grinding of teeth in sleep. Ars. A. 5.

Teeth. Hollow teeth sensitive to touch, and if food remains in centres pain extending into root, and the gum becomes sore. Staph. 5.

Teeth. Toothache in hollow teeth, extending into head, aggravated by cold water. Ant. C. Clin.

Teeth. Neuralgic toothache from taking cold, involving healthy teeth, feeling as if they would be wrenched out; usually aggravated from cold air; especially worse immediately after eating. Nux Vom. Clin.

Teeth. Neuralgic toothache, pulsating, driving to madness; teeth feel heavy, as if filled with lead. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Teeth. Jerking in teeth in evening in bed, now in upper, now in lower back. Bry. 5.

Teeth. Facial neuralgia which seems to arise from the teeth; worse at night. Mezer. Clin.

Teeth. Sordes in the teeth in typhoid conditions. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Teeth. Sensitiveness of teeth to open air. Acon. 5.

Teeth yellow. Lyc. 5.

Teeth yellow, loose and painful on chewing. Nit. Ac. 5.

Teeth. Abscesses at roots of teeth. Sil. Clin.

Teething, with hot, inflamed gums. Acon. Clin.

Temple. Toothache shooting into the ear and temple; aggravated in open air or by cold. Staph. Clin.

Temple. Drawing toothache diffusing itself over temple; drawing in incisors; in left lower molars, then involving upper molars; as soon as it ceases there it begins in upper incisors. Kreas. Clin.

Temples. Toothache beginning in evening in bed, and at night driving him out of bed, extending to temples. Mag. C. 5.

Temporarily. Vomiting of the contents of the stomach, temporarily relieved by cold drinks; but as soon as these become warm the vomiting is renewed. Phos. Clin.

Tenacious. Tongue covered with a tenacious mucus as with a membrane. Pul. 3.

Tenacious. Mouth full of white tenacious mucus which must be expectorated frequently. Tabac 5.

Tenacious. Salivation, tenacious, difficult to expectorate. Merc. C. 5.

Tenacious. Dryness of tongue in morning on waking and in palate and lips, then much tenacious mucus. Pul. 3.

Tenacious. Salivation, sweet; tenacious; discharge of watery saliva also like waterbrash. Pul. 5.

Tenacious. Salivation, at times slimy and tenacious. Camph. 5.

Tenacious. Salivation, with tension in submaxillary region, which was sensitive to touch; saliva dries on palate and lips to a tenacious mucus. Lyc. 5.

Tenacious. Vomiting constant of tenacious, purulent and bloody mucus. Nit. Ac. 6.

Tenacious. Sensation, as if roof of palate were covered with tenacious mucus and were swollen. Pul. 5.

Tendency to flatulent distention of abdomen and stomach. Calc. 3. Clin.

Ten p. m. Rumbling in abdomen—between 6 and 10 p. m., with movement of flatus and aching, then emission of flatus; offensive. China 7.

Tender. Pain in stomach; epigastrium tender; oppression and distress. Secale 1.

Tender. Gums purple, red, and detached from teeth; red and tender, with swelling of glands beneath jaw; spongy and ulcerated. Merc. C. 5.

Tender. Aphthous sore mouth; the ulcers bleed on eating, or on touch; mouth very tender in nursing children; hot with thirst and vomiting. Borax Clin.

Tender. Gums tender, and disposed to bleed. Arg. N. 5.

Tenderness. Nausea and vomiting of pregnancy, with tenderness over the stomach and profuse ropy saliva. Iris Clin.

Tenderness. Ulcer in the stomach; burning pain; amelioration from vomiting; tenderness; flushes of heat rising into the head. Sang. Clin.

Tenderness. Neuralgia of the stomach of the most violent character, with extreme tenderness. Bel. Clin.

Tense. Stomach and abdomen tense after a moderate meal; clothes seem too tight. Nit. Ac. 1.

Tension in abdomen and incarceration of flatus. Lyc. 7.

Tension. Flatulence here and there in hypochondria; even in back and region of ribs and in chest, causing tension and bubbling; amelioration from empty eructations. Lyc. 7.

Tension. Cramp in stomach; in pit; in epigastrium; also with tension. Ant. T. 1.

Tension in region of stomach in forenoon, relieved by moving about. Pul. 1.

Tension. Epigastric region sensitive in morning; worse towards evening; to pressure; with enlargement of liver; with tension. Phos. 1.

Tension in stomach and hypochondria; beneath stomach, as if everything were too tight; with soreness on chest. Lyc. 1.

Tension across pit of stomach; he must loosen his clothes and cannot sit. Hep. 1.

Tension. Distention of hypochondria; worse in sides, pit of stomach and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. Ign. 1.

Tension in abdomen in afternoon from accumulated flatus, but it passed copiously and easily. Carbo V. 7.



**TENSION.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****THIRST.**

Tension, oppression, and fulness of stomach. Carbo V. 1.

Tension. Flatulence, with tension of abdomen. Coloc. 7.

Tension. Salivation, with tension in submaxillary region, which was sensitive to touch; saliva dries on palate and lips to a tenacious mucus. Lyc. 5.

Terrible distress in the stomach and abdomen, with burning accompanied by vomiting. Secale Clin.

**Thick. Saliva white, thick frothy and and sticky.** Can. Ind. 5.

Thick, white, pasty coat of tongue. Ant. T. 3.

Thick. Vomiting of great quantities of blood, at times even bright red; usually dark and thick. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Thickly-coated. Gastric catarrh, with nausea, thickly-coated tongue, etc. Chel. Clin.

Things. Appetite increased for various things but does not know exactly what; hunger but want of appetite; food tastes natural, yet is disagreeable in mouth; indifference to eating and drinking only while eating; appetite and natural taste to food returned. China 2.

Thinking. Aversion to animal food when thinking of it; to salt food. Graph. 2.

Thinks. Emptiness in stomach, with nausea as soon as she thinks of food she would like. Sep. 1.

**Thirst. (Beer.) Thirst at night; for beer during heat; for cold water.** Acon. 1.

Thirst during the heat; worse in the morning; especially for beer; for alcoholic drinks. Pul. 2.

Thirst from dryness in mouth; for water or beer. Rhus Tox. 2.

Thirst, but nausea soon after drinking; for milk; for beer during chill, with shivering; for small beer after morning sweat. Nux Vom. 2.

Thirst for beer. Petr. 2.

Thirst for acids; longing for beer. Kali B. 2.

Thirst. (*Dyspepsia.*) Chronic dyspepsia; repugnance to hot or warm food; thirst; bloated abdomen. Calc. C. Clin.

Thirst. Gastric symptoms are generally characterized by absence of thirst and longing for sweets; general relief after eating. Sabad. Clin.

Thirst. Dyspepsia after eating; thirst; pain in stomach; relieved for a short time by raising wind; when fasting, the pain goes to the spine, feeling as if one ought to raise flatus and could not. Calc. P. 7.

Thirst. Dyspepsia, characterized by regurgitation of food, more or less nausea and vomiting, loss of appetite and thirst, bitter taste, vertigo on rising up, chilliness, and, above all, constant aggravations from eating fat substances. Pul. Clin.

Thirst. (*Evening.*) No thirst all day, but it occurs in evening as face and hands become warm. Cycl. 2.

**Thirst. (Great Thirst.) Constant thirst for cold water, the smallest quantity of which could not be retained.** Ars. A. 2.

Thirst in evening for something very cold. Natr. S. 2.

Thirst in evening; towards evening. Mag. C. 2.

Thirst in evening after fever, with hunger; then, after eating, coldness and rumbling in abdomen, after shivering through skin, after chill during sweat on back and forehead. China 2.

Thirst in evening; at night with dryness of lips. Ant. C. 2.

Thirst for cold drinks in evening without heat. Bism. 2.

**Thirst unquenchable. Natr. M. 2.**

Thirst. Nausea, with bilious taste; with salivation and closure of jaws; with great thirst and with frothing from mouth; with weakness. Ver. Alb. 3.

**Thirst unquenchable; with dryness of mouth and throat; with burning and tingling of tongue.** Secale 2.

**Thirst excessive; she must drink much at once, and the drink does not distress her; with necessity to drink much cold water; with internal, but not external heat.** Bry. 2.

**Thirst, but drinking did not refresh him; he drinks much, but little at a time; with dryness of mouth, and a peculiar, thick, white saliva.** Ars. Alb. 2.

Thirst for cold water; for large quantities of cold water. Merc. C. 2.

Thirst. Vomiting of pregnancy, with constant salivation; feeling of a lump in throat; soreness in pit of stomach; great thirst; relieved by drinking hot water. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Thirst unquenchable. Phos. 2.

Thirst unquenchable. Plumb. 2.

Thirst unquenchable. Colch. 2.

Thirst. Unquenchable thirst. Crotal. H. 2.

Thirst. Vomiting of mucus only; of food, then general chill, then heat, with great thirst. Cina 6.

Thirst unquenchable for cold water. Bel. 2.

Thirst. Ravenous hunger and great thirst, particularly longing for eggs and for indigestible things; chalk, coal, etc. Calc. C. Clin.

Thirst. Continual nausea; with vomiting, or efforts to vomit; with perspiration on forehead; great prostration and trembling; usually without thirst, or vomiting of tough, slimy matter, with great thirst and disgust for food. Ant. T. Clin.

Thirst great in afternoon. Natr. C. 2.

**Thirst. (Mouth.) Dryness of mouth in morning; with insipidity and stickiness of palate; with thirst.** Sul. 5.

**Thirst. Dryness of mouth and of palate, with thirst for water.** Ver. Alb. 5.

**Thirst. Dry feeling in mouth with thirst, but he drinks little at a time.** Ars. A. 5.

Thirst. Mouth and lips dry, without thirst. Can. Ind. 2.

Thirst. Dry mouth without thirst in evening so that tongue sticks to palate, also back of mouth and throat in morning on waking; dry at night, with slimy feeling; dry and the saliva seems like cotton. Nux Mos. 5.

Thirst. Dryness of mouth, at night with thirst; of lining of cheeks, lips, tongue which look burnt; roof of mouth and pharynx. Bel. 5.

Thirst. Nausea, with burning in mouth, spitting of saliva and general chill, without heat or thirst. Kreas. 6.

Thirst. Dryness of mouth without thirst. Lyc. 5.

Thirst. Dryness of mouth after midnight, as if tongue stuck to palate, without thirst. Nux Vom. 5.

Thirst. Dryness of mouth in morning, without thirst, as after alcoholic stimulants the previous evening. Nux Vom. 5.

Thirst. Dryness of mouth, without thirst, with swollen, hot lips. Nit. Ac. 5.

Thirst. Saliva and mucus so thick that mouth was dry and he was inclined to drink, but had no real thirst. Nux Mos. 5.

Thirst. Dryness of mouth without thirst. Sil. 5.

Thirst. Dry mouth with thirst. Arn. M. 2.

Thirst. Aphthous sore mouth; the ulcers bleed on eating, or on touch; mouth very tender in nursing children, hot, with thirst and vomiting. Borax Clin.

Thirst, with dry lips and dry mouth. Lyc. 2.

Thirst. Dryness of mouth with thirst. Rhus Tox. 5.

**Thirst. (Stomach.) Sudden satiety at noon after a little roast lamb, with thirst, heaviness in stomach and distention in abdomen.** Lyc. 2.

Thirst at noon, with full feeling in stomach. Sul. 3.

Thirst with burning pain in throat and stomach. Canth. 1.

Thirst. Extremely valuable remedy for catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thirst, white coated tongue, nausea and vomiting; aggravation from warm drinks which are vomited. Bry. Clin.

Thirst. Pulsation in pit of stomach in morning then ebullition in chest like palpitation, then internal heat of face and body without redness or thirst but with sweat. Sep. 1.

**Thirst. (Tongue.) Dryness of tongue and mouth as if it would stick to palate, without thirst.** Nux Mos. 3.

Thirst. Tongue coated white in evening, without heat or thirst. Bism. 3.

Thirst. Tongue dry without a yellowish coat without thirst. Cocc. 3.

Thirst, with dry tongue and skin. Lach. 2.

Thirst. Burning pain in tongue at night, with thirst. Sul. 3.

**Thirst. (Miscellaneous.) Dryness of throat, with thirst for cold water.** Can. Ind. 2.

Thirst, with chill. Ign. 2.

Thirst, during sweat, for cold drinks. Ver. Alb. 2.

Thirst not relieved by drinking water. Stram. 2.

Thirst. Colic before stool; before passage of flatus, with thirst. China 7.

Thirst day and night. Merc. S. 2.



**THIRST.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****TIP.**

Thirst. Anorexia, without bad taste or thirst; always feels full. Ferr. 2.

Thirst is a general accompaniment of Natrum Mur. symptoms; there are generally sour eructations, heartburn, especially waterbrash, sometimes vomiting of food. Natr. M. Clin.

Thirst for sour drinks. Stram. 2.

Thirst, worse at night. Tabac. 2.

Thirst. Vomiting of pregnancy; the nausea and vomiting are frequently associated with soreness at the pit of the stomach and sometimes with thirst. Kreas. Clin.

Thirst in afternoon, with heat in palms. Zinc. 2.

Thirst. Appetite great for apples, with thirst for cool water. Ant. T. 2.

Three. Overloaded feeling in stomach, until three hours after eating; oppression after eating. Amm. C. 1.

Three a. m. Tearing in teeth about 3 a. m. as if an exposed nerve were paining from cold air; worse lying on painless side; better by lying on painful cheek; relieved momentarily by cold water. Bry. 5.

Throat. Dryness of throat, with thirst for cold water. Can. Ind. 2.

Throat. Dry mouth without thirst in evening so that tongue sticks to palate also back of mouth and throat in morning on waking, dry at night, with slimy feeling; dry and the saliva seems like cotton. Nux Mos. 5.

Throat. Bad taste in morning though food and drink have a natural taste; better after eating; low down in throat on hawking. Nux Vom. 3.

Throat. Dry tongue and dry throat, interfering with speech, and retracted, hanging from the child's mouth; swollen, cracked and difficult to move. Bel. 3.

Throat. Burning pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after dinner, with salivation, extending into throat; into mouth; soreness on waking. Kali B. 1.

Throat. Thirst unquenchable; with dryness of mouth and throat; with burning and tingling of tongue. Secale 2.

Throat. Taste sweet to bread; salty on lips; slimy; putrid in throat as of bad eggs on moving tongue; metallic. Merc. S. 3.

Throat. Tongue coated white; yellowish-white; ulceration of tongue and gums, with sore throat; dry tongue; dry at tip as if burnt; painful. Psor. 3.

Throat. Longing for acids, with flatulent dyspepsia, soreness over the abdomen and liver, blisters in the mouth, and especially with a feeling of something twisting about the stomach and rising into the throat. Sep. Clin.

Throat. Ravenous appetite, with emptiness in stomach; with loss of appetite in palate and throat. Rhus Tox. 2.

Throat. Gastric disorder; shooting from pit of the stomach into chest and throat; with flatulence. Rumex Clin.

Throat. Dryness of lips, mouth and throat. Bry. Clin.

Throat. Nausea in throat. Mezer. 6.

Throat. Vomiting, with burning nausea, rising to throat; relieved by drinking cold water. Cupr. 6.

Throat. Mouth and throat swollen and bright red, with pain and burning in mouth, throat, and stomach. Nit. Ac. 5.

Throat. Discomfort in pit of stomach, ascending to throat, choking him and stopping his breath. Nux Vom. 1.

Throat. Pain in teeth, aggravated by drawing in air with open mouth; with stitches in one row of teeth, now in an upper, now in a lower molar; then in other teeth towards the front; aggravated by eating; at noon and evening; with red, hot spots on cheek and throat; with complaining mood, full of reproaches and despondency. Nux Vom. 5.

Throat. Nausea, with general relaxation; with burning; scratching in throat. Arn. M. 6.

Throat. Dryness of tongue and in mouth and throat and in morning, roughness. Sep. 3.

Throat. Burning in stomach, extending into throat, after every meal. Calc. C. 1.

Throat. Scraping in mouth and in throat. Bel. 5.

Throat. Thirst, with burning pain in throat and stomach. Canth. 1.

Throat. Gnawing in stomach, as if from acids, rising into throat. Hep. 1.

Throat. Bitter taste in back of throat, with natural taste to food. Hep. 3.

Throat. Pain in the stomach; tightness in epigastrium as if a ball extended to throat, where it caused suffocation, preventing speaking and swallowing; with anxiety. Plumb. 1.

Throat. Ulceration of the mouth, with great fetor; the ulcers spread rapidly like mercurial ulcers, but when touched they have sharp, splinter-like pains; these ulcers extend into the throat and simulate diphtheria. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Throat. Vomiting of pregnancy, with constant salivation; feeling of a lump in throat; soreness in pit of stomach; great thirst; relieved by drinking hot water. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Throat. Taste sweetish, and in throat putrid taste. Ars. A. 3.

Throat. Taste and coolness in mouth and throat as from peppermint; biting taste in throat as from peppermint; as from heat rising from oesophagus into mouth. Ver. Alb. 3.

Throat. Burning corrosive pain in stomach when walking, extending to pit of throat. Sabad. 1.

Throat. Sour eructations after a meal, with burning in throat. Sil. 7.

Throat. Burning in mouth and in throat. Tabac. 5.

Throat-pit. Weight in pit of stomach; in epigastrium after eating; with upward pressure to throat-pit; every empty swallowing carried it downward, but it immediately returned. Rumex 1.

Throbbing. Boring and throbbing in teeth. Sul. 5.

Throbbing. Atonic dyspepsia, with continual throbbing; occipital headache and trembling, fluttering feeling below the epigastrium towards the umbilicus; tongue very red and small; feels swollen. Crotal. H. Clin.

Throbbing pain in teeth, only when eating; in root of last hollow molar in evening. Kali C. 5.

Throbbing in epigastric region, sensitive to touch. Kali C. 1.

Throbbing pain in third upper molar which is beginning to decay. Kreas. 5.

Throbbing. Aching in teeth during menses with throbbing in gums; worse in a hollow molar which pains as if elongated and swollen; then swelling of gums and cheeks. Sep. 5.

Throbbing. Swelling of gums with sore pain; with dark redness and painful throbbing as if beginning to suppurate. Sep. 5.

Throbbing. Aching and throbbing in stomach; amelioration from eructations; with pain from the jar of walking. Sep. 1.

Through. Cramp in the region of the stomach and abdomen or very violent cutting pain going through to back, as if transfixed and preventing the slightest motion. Cupr. Clin.

Through. Violent pain in region of stomach, goes through to back and right shoulder blade or over towards the liver. Chel. Clin.

Throwing. Retching and throwing up phlegm. Aethu. 6.

Tickling sticking in right lower molars. Staph. 5.

Tight. Distention and hardness of abdomen, with intolerance of tight clothing. Calc. C. 7.

Tight. Distention of abdomen as from incarceration of flatus; intolerance of anything tight about hypochondria. Graph. 1.

Tight. Tension in stomach and hypochondria; beneath stomach, as if everything were too tight; with soreness on chest. Lyc. 1.

Tight. Stomach and abdomen tense after a moderate meal; clothes seem too tight. Nit. Ac. 1.

Tightness. Pain in epigastric region as from overloading the stomach after eating; in pit after drinking, causing tightness of breath with distention of abdomen. Nux Vom. 1.

Tightness. Pain in stomach; tightness in epigastrium, feeling as if a ball ascended to throat, where it caused suffocation, preventing speaking and swallowing; with anxiety. Plumb. 1.

Time. Thirst, but drinking did not refresh him; he drinks much, but little at a time; with dryness of mouth, and a peculiar, thick, white saliva. Ars. Alb. 2.

Tingling. Thirst unquenchable; with dryness of mouth and throat; with burning and tingling of tongue. Secale 2.

Tip. (Burning.) Burning on tip of tongue. Sabad. 3.



## TIP.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## TONGUE.

Tip of tongue sore, with burning, little blisters. Calc. P. 3.

Tip. Stitches at tip of tongue, with soreness; burning and dryness. Agar. 3.

Tip. Burning pain in tip of tongue, as from soreness; aggravation from taking anything warm into mouth. Calc. C. 3.

Tip. Heat, with rawness and dryness of tip of tongue. Carbo V. 3.

Tip. Burning on anterior surface of tongue; on tip; scalded sensation. Coloc. 3.

Tip. Burning on tip of tongue as if raw or covered with blisters. Kali C. 3.

Tip. Burning pain on tip of tongue, with blisters; with sensitiveness so that she could hardly eat; relieved by taking anything cold; burning as from highly seasoned food. Natr. S. 3.

Tip. Tongue furred, burning on tip as if covered with blisters. Natr. S. 3.

Tip. Burning about tip of tongue as if full of cracks. Natr. C. 3.

Tip. Mouth and tip of tongue feel sore and scalded. Sabad. 5.

Tip. (*Sore.*) Vesicles on tip of tongue. Lyc. 3.

Tip. Burning blisters on lower side of tongue and tip. Graph. 3.

Tip. Painful blister on side of tip of tongue. Pul. 3.

Tip. Pimples on tip of tongue. Natr. C. 3.

Tip. Painful pimple on tip of tongue; soreness. Kali C. 3.

Tip. Painful vesicles on tip of tongue. Caust. 3.

Tip. Aphthæ on tip of tongue. Bry. 3.

Tip. Burning vesicles on tip of tongue. Acon. 3.

Tip. (*Miscellaneous.*) Tongue coated, sometimes with red edges with a streak in middle and redness of tip; brown and dry. Ars. A. 3.

Tip. Red tip of tongue with pain; and prominent papillæ. Arg. N. 3.

Tip. Tongue dry, provoking drinking; dry sensation at tip. Rhus Tox. 5.

Tip. Sensation of a hair on fore part of tongue; on tip extending into trachea, where it caused crawling, so that he must cough. Sil. 3.

Tip. Tongue coated white; yellowish-white; ulceration of tongue and gums, with sore throat; dry tongue; dry at tip as if burnt; painful. Psor. 3.

Tip. Biting in top of tongue. Pul. 3.

Tobacco. Aversion to food; to the usual food, drinking, tobacco and coffee; to the food just eaten; worse if she does not lie down; to the odor of food. Nux Vom. 2.

Tobacco. Neuralgic toothache, aggravated by cold air resulting from the use of tobacco. Sep. Clin.

Tobacco. Aversion to coffee and tobacco. Lyc. 2.

Tobacco. Smoking tobacco is not relished; aversion to food, to sour things, to meat. Sul. 2.

Tobacco. Dyspepsia, resulting from the use of tea and tobacco. Abies N. Clin.

Tobacco. Dyspepsia from chewing tobacco, without vomiting or diarrhoea. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Tobacco-smoke. Taste bitter, even to tobacco-smoke, to everything; amelioration after eating; to bread on swallowing, although it tasted good while chewing. China 3.

Tobacco-smokers. Irritable heart of tea and coffee drinkers, and of tobacco smokers. Agar. Clin.

Tobacco-smoking. Aversion to tobacco-smoking. Ign. 2.

Tobacco-smoking. Hiccough from tobacco-smoking. Ign. 7.

Tongue. (*Biting.*) Biting of tongue when chewing. Nit. Ac. 3.

Tongue. Biting in tip of tongue. Pul. 3.

Tongue. (*Black.*) Tongue black with red edges; swollen. Merc. S. 3.

Tongue dry and black in late stage of typhoid fever. Carbo V. Clin.

Tongue. (*Blisters.*) Burning blisters on lower side of tongue and tip. Graph. 3.

Tongue. Blisters on tongue, with burning pain on touch; painful pimples on sides. Nit. Ac. 3.

Tongue. Blisters on tongue, with burning pain on eating. Natr. M. 3.

Tongue. Tip of tongue sore, with burning, little blisters. Calc. P. 3.

Tongue. Mucous membrane of tongue red and covered with blisters. Canth. 3.

Tongue. Painful blisters in mouth and on tongue. Ars. A. 5.

Tongue. Burning vesicles on tip of tongue. Acon. 3.

Tongue. Painful blister along centre of tongue. Canth. 3.

Tongue. Part of tongue and back of mouth excoriated; part covered with blisters. Canth. 3.

Tongue. Red blisters on tongue, as if skin were eroded; with pain on every motion of tongue and on touch of anything salt or sour. Borax 3.

Tongue. Blisters on tongue, coated yellowish-white at root. Rhus Tox. 3.

Tongue. Painful blister on side of tip of tongue. Pul. 3.

Tongue. Blisters on tongue. Zinc. 3.

Tongue. (*Burning.*) Thirst unquenchable; with dryness of mouth and throat; with burning and tingling of tongue. Secale 2.

Tongue. Burning on anterior surface of tongue; on tip; scalded sensation. Coloc. 3.

Tongue. Burning on tip of tongue as if raw or covered with blisters. Kali C. 3.

Tongue. Burnt feeling on tongue; crawling sensation. Plat. 3.

Tongue. Burning pain on tip of tongue, with blisters; with sensitiveness so that she could hardly eat; relieved by taking anything cold; burning as from highly seasoned food. Natr. S. 3.

Tongue furred; burning on tip as if covered with blisters. Natr. S. 2.

Tongue. Burning on tongue and on fore part of mouth, with salivation. Mezer. 3.

Tongue. Sensation in middle of tongue as if it had been burnt and were insensible at night and in morning. Pul. 3.

Tongue. Burning about tip of tongue as if full of cracks. Natr. C. 3.

Tongue. Burnt feeling on tongue. Sang. 2.

Tongue. Burning on tip of tongue. Sabad. 3.

Tongue. Burning pain in tongue at night, with thirst. Sul. 3.

Tongue. (*Cold.*) Coldness of tongue. Ver. Alb. 3.

Tongue cold, speech feeble, broken, hoarse. Camph. 3.

Tongue cold, mouth cold, breath cold. Camph. Clin.

Tongue. (*Dryness.*) Dryness of tongue and mouth as if it would stick to palate; without thirst. Nux Mos. 3.

Tongue. Dryness of tongue, relieved for a moment by drinking, then worse, so that tongue sticks to palate. Bry. 3.

Tongue. Dryness of mouth, at night, with thirst; of lining of cheeks, lips, tongue, which look burnt; roof of mouth and pharynx. Bel. 5.

Tongue. Dry tongue and dry throat, interfering with speech, and retracted; hanging from the child's mouth; swollen, cracked, and difficult to move. Bel. 3.

Tongue. Dryness of tongue in morning on waking and in palate and lips, then much tenacious mucus. Pul. 3.

Tongue. Dry mouth, without thirst, in evening, so that tongue sticks to palate; also back of mouth and throat in morning on waking; dry at night, with slimy feeling; dry, and the saliva seems like cotton. Nux Mos. 5.

Tongue dry, provoking drinking; dry sensation at tip. Rhus Tox. 3.

Tongue. Heat, with rawness and dryness of tip of tongue. Carbo V. 3.

Tongue. Dry mouth and tongue; dry and burning. Merc. C. 5.

Tongue. Thirst, with dry tongue and skin. Lach. 2.

Tongue. Dry tongue in middle; brown; white; red; black. Phos. 3.

Tongue. Excessive dryness of the mouth and tongue in sleep; always wakes with dry mouth and tongue. Nux Mos. Clin.

Tongue and mouth dry and pasty. Nux Mos. 3.

Tongue. Dryness and stiffness of tongue and of hard palate. Natr. M. 3.

Tongue. Dryness of tongue, and in mouth and throat, and in morning roughness. Sep. 3.

Tongue. Dryness of tongue in morning on waking and in palate. Sul. 3.

Tongue. Taste bitter before and after eating, bitter on palate, with dryness of tongue. Carbo V. 3.

Tongue is dry, red and cracked in fever. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Tongue. Dryness of tongue with inability to talk. Ver. Alb. 3.

Tongue. (*Red.*) Deep redness of tongue; of papillæ; with swelling. Bel. 3.

Tongue coated; sometimes with red edges, with a streak in middle and redness of tip; brown and dry. Ars. A. 3.

Tongue smooth, red and cracked; red and dry. Kali B. 2.



## TONGUE.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## TONGUE.

**Tongue.** Red tip of tongue with pain, and prominent papillæ. Arg. N. 3.  
**Tongue** red on margins; brown coat down centre; white; dry. Plumb. 3.  
**Tongue** is usually red, dry, and tremulous, or the tip is red and the centre brown; sometimes there is a red stripe through the centre. Lach. Clin.  
**Tongue.** Atonic dyspepsia, with continual throbbing, occipital headache and trembling; fluttering feeling below the epigastrium, towards the umbilicus; tongue very red and small. Crotal. H. Clin.  
**Tongue.** Red tongue, with blackish coat, covered with grayish-white crust; moist; edges red; pale, dirty yellow posteriorly and along edges; white anteriorly. Merc. C. 3.  
**Tongue** swollen and coated; red at edges. Canth. 3.  
**Tongue** red and dry in the middle, or red in streaks, with great prostration. Ant. T. Clin.  
**Tongue** scarlet, papillæ swollen, arch of palate and uvula swollen and dark red. Caust. 3.  
**Tongue** bluish, red and dry; also white. Ars. A. 3.  
**Tongue.** (*Swollen.*) **Tongue swollen.** Acon. 3.  
**Tongue** swollen, red and sore. Crotal. H. 3.  
**Tongue** swollen and showing imprint of teeth in scallops, which looked ulcerated, and its movement difficult and painful; covered with foul ulcers; oozing of blood; the ulcers make swallowing difficult; with painful, ulcerated margin. Merc. S. 3.  
**Tongue** is almost always swollen, flabby, taking the imprint of the teeth; sometimes watery, as if cedematous; sometimes covered with whitish fur. Merc. S. Clin.  
**Tongue** swollen and inflamed, so that it could not be protruded; and white. Merc. C. 3.  
**Tongue** often feels swollen with the fever. Acon. Clin.  
**Tongue** swollen and stiff; dryness on palate; white color and redness. Stram. 3.  
**Tongue** swollen and covered with blisters on each side. Lach. 2.  
**Tongue.** Swelling of tongue with dryness and blackish along median line. Phos. 3.  
**Tongue.** (*Miscellaneous.*) **Mouth and tongue** feel scalded. Iris 5.  
**Tongue.** Soreness of tongue with redness of apex. Rhus Tox. 3.  
**Tongue.** Mouth and tip of tongue feel sore and scalded. Sabad. 5.  
**Tongue** feels sore, as if full of blisters. Sabad. 3.  
**Tongue** sensitive even to soft food which causes biting. Nit. Ac. 3.  
**Tongue.** Stitches at tip of tongue, with soreness; burning and dryness. Agar. 3.  
**Tongue.** Sticking in root of tongue when not swallowing. Nit. Ac. 3.  
**Tongue.** (*Ulcers.*) Whitish painful ulcer on under side of tongue. Graph. 3.  
**Tongue.** Painful ulcer on tongue. Kali B. 3.

**Tongue.** Inflammation and ulceration of the tongue and mouth; sometimes with hard lumps in the tongue, always with easy bleeding; tendency to slough. Mur. Ac. Clin.  
**Tongue.** Ulceration of the sides of the tongue, with tough stringy mucus. Nit. Ac. Clin.  
**Tongue.** Blisters and soreness in mouth, ulcers, and on gum and tongue, in which food and drink caused biting. Natr. M. 5.  
**Tongue.** (*White.*) Slimy taste in morning, with nausea, foul; clammy; insipid; as of bad meat; with nausea, disgusting in morning, with white tongue. Pul. 3.  
**Tongue** coated white. Bry. 3.  
**Tongue** coated white. Ant. C. 5.  
**Tongue** coated white; yellowish-white; ulceration of tongue and gums, with sore throat, dry tongue; dry at tip as if burnt; painful. Psor. 3.  
**Tongue** white; blisters with pain, as if burnt. Sep. 3.  
**Tongue** coated mostly whitish-yellow; worse in the middle and posteriorly. Sabad. 3.  
**Tongue** white, coated white in morning with much viscid mucus in mouth. Pod. 3.  
**Tongue.** Gastric catarrh, with thickly white-coated tongue, dry mouth, nausea; especially when the distress or regurgitation of food takes place a long time after a meal. Pul. Clin.  
**Tongue** white; painful blisters. Nux Vom. 3.  
**Tongue.** Mouth, fauces and tongue covered with a white membrane that could be torn off easily. Nit. Ac. 5.  
**Tongue** white. Petr. 3.  
**Tongue** coated white. Lyc. 3.  
**Tongue.** Gastric catarrh from injudicious eating or drinking, with white coated tongue or sometimes with perfectly clean tongue. Ipe. Clin.  
**Tongue** coated white and dry at edges. Cocc. 3.  
**Tongue** coated white in evening, without heat or thirst. Bism. 3.  
**Tongue.** Cholera infantum, with tongue thickly coated white; vomiting, etc. Bism. Clin.  
**Tongue.** Catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thickly coated white tongue; nausea; vomiting after taste of the food. Ant. C. Clin.  
**Tongue** coated white. Agar. 3.  
**Tongue.** Thick, white, pasty coat of tongue. Ant. T. 3.  
**Tongue.** Loathing of food; nausea; and even vomiting with white coated tongue. Ant. C. Clin.  
**Tongue** coated white. Carbo V. 3.  
**Tongue** coated white. Calc. C. 3.  
**Tongue** heavily coated white in gastric derangements. Bry. Clin.  
**Tongue** thickly coated white. Ant. C. Clin.  
**Tongue** coated white. Arn. M. 3.  
**Tongue** clean; white. Secale 3.  
**Tongue.** (*Yellow.*) **Tongue** coated yellow, with red margin showing imprint of teeth; yellow, white, slimy; dryness. Chel. 3.

**Tongue.** Extremely valuable remedy for catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thirst, white-coated tongue, nausea and vomiting; aggravation from warm drinks, which are vomited. Bry. Clin.  
**Tongue** chalky white; red in middle; yellow. Phos. 3.  
**Tongue** coated yellow. Rumex 3.  
**Tongue** coated yellow as a rule, though sometimes white in the morning. Nit. Ac. Clin.  
**Tongue** yellow, whitish-yellow. Kali B. 3.  
**Tongue** dry with a yellowish coat, without thirst. Cocc. 3.  
**Tongue.** Inflammation of the stomach, with swelling of the liver; vomiting of blood and mucus; yellow tongue. Phos. Clin.  
**Tongue.** Disturbances of digestion and of the function of the liver; the tongue is yellow and shows the print of the teeth around the margin. Chel. Clin.  
**Tongue** coated yellow along centre; coated first white, with reddish papillæ here and there; then a yellowish-brown coat in centre, the edges being red and shining; dry on waking and feeling burnt. Bapt. 3.  
**Tongue.** Yellowish-brown mucous coat of tongue. Carbo V. 3.  
**Tongue** yellow, dirty white crust; painful swelling posteriorly on side; burning stitches; dryness. China 3.  
**Tongue.** (*Miscellaneous.*) **Stammering; speech** difficult on account of trembling of mouth and tongue. Merc. S. 3.  
**Tongue.** Vesicles on tip of tongue. Lyc. 3.  
**Tongue** covered with a tenacious mucus as with a membrane. Pul. 3.  
**Tongue.** Teeth loose and black; denuded of gums, with nightly pain in teeth, jaws and head, and painful on touch of tongue. Merc. S. 5.  
**Tongue** coated and showing impress of teeth on edges; coated white with whitish swollen gums that bleed on touch. Merc. S. 3.  
**Tongue.** Dryness of mouth after midnight, as if tongue stuck to palate, without thirst; with much saliva in fauces. Nux Vom. 5.  
**Tongue.** Eructations of bitter and sour liquid at night; bitter when fasting; sour all day; sour as far as tongue; of water after eating. Nux Vom. 7.  
**Tongue.** Taste sweet to bread; salty on lips; slimy; putrid in throat as of bad eggs on moving tongue; metallic. Merc. S. 3.  
**Tongue.** Metallic taste, with loss of appetite; metallic at root of tongue. Cocc. 3.  
**Tongue.** Sensation of a hair on fore part of tongue; on tip extending into trachea where it caused crawling so that he must cough. Sil. 3.  
**Tongue.** Hard elevation on right anterior border of tongue and on moving tongue shooting on it; smarting on right side. Sul. 3.  
**Tongue.** Bitter taste at root of tongue. Cocc. 3.



## TONGUE.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## TOUCH.

Tongue heavy when talking; speech difficult and lisping; unable to articulate any sound. Nux Vom. 3.

Tongue. Gums, mouth, tongue and palate slimy, with raw and sore feeling as from something acrid. Nux Vom. 5.

Tongue. Hollow teeth decay very rapidly; aching in hollow in evening on touch of tongue. Mezer. 5.

Tongue. Papillæ very long on dorsum, of tongue, with a brown patch. Kali B. 3.

Tongue. Teeth concave; edges seem sharp, and hurt the tongue. Aloe 5.

Tongue. Neuralgic, splinter-like pains in tongue, with salivation. Agar. Clin.

Tongue. Motion of tongue painful. Ant. T. 3.

Tongue. Aching in a hollow tooth, aggravated at night, and on touching the tooth with the tongue; pain as if the nerve were scratched. Ant. C. 5.

Tongue. Sensitiveness of tongue, with rawness. Carbo V. 3.

Tongue. Pain beneath tongue when swallowing on left side, behind hyoid bone. Calc. C. 3.

Tongue. Taste, nauseous; metallic; sweetish-sour on back of tongue; bitter. Bism. 3.

Tongue. Disorders of digestion, with pain between the shoulders and heavily furred tongue. Pul. Clin.

Tongue. Interstitial inflammation of the substance of the tongue. Merc. S. Clin.

Tongue. Speech difficult; slow; weak; with feeling on every motion of the tongue, as if there were resistance to overcome. Secale 3.

Tongue. General dryness and heat of mouth, with catarrh of the pharynx; mapped tongue. Natr. M. Clin.

Tongue. Aphthæ on tip of tongue. Bry. 3.

Tongue. Canker sores on the tongue and aphthæ in the mouth. Lach. Clin.

Tongue. Crawling in tongue, with pain. Secale 3.

Tongue. Gastric catarrh, with nausea, thickly-coated tongue, etc. Chel. Clin.

Tongue. Gastric catarrh, with vomiting of glairy mucus; tongue thickly coated. Kali B. Clin.

Tongue. Epithelioma of the tongue; the edges of a bluish-red color. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Tongue dark and with most of mouth and fauces covered with a grayish-white membrane. Mur. Ac. 3.

Tongue. Dirty grayish-green coat at root of tongue. Natr. S. Clin.

Tongue. Gray patches on edges of tongue, and a dirty yellow coat on upper surface. Merc. S. 3.

Tongue. Pimples on tip of tongue. Natr. C. 3.

Tongue. Laxity of mouth, with heaviness of tongue. Lyc. 5.

Tongue. White, aphthous pustules on inside of lips and cheeks and on tongue. Hep. 5.

Tongue. Paralysis of the tongue; it can not be protruded; it catches in the teeth. Lach. Clin.

Tongue. Painful pimple on tip of tongue; soreness. Kali C. 3.

Tongue. Paralysis of the tongue, with indistinct speech. Plumb. Clin.

Tongue. Trembling of tongue; partial paralysis; it cannot be put out. Plumb. 3.

Tongue. Vesicles on tongue and mouth. Natr. M. Clin.

Tongue. Painful vesicles on tip of tongue. Caust. 3.

Tonsils. Deep crimson color in mouth from posterior third of palate, as far down as could be seen, with enlargement of tonsils. Bel. 5.

Tooth. Aching of teeth only when eating; as if something got into a hollow tooth. Kali C. 5.

Tooth. Aching of teeth when chewing and on touch; with sensitiveness in a sound tooth; when eating, as if too long; drawing; relieved by warm drinks. Lyc. 5.

Tooth. Pain in a hollow tooth in evening, which became elongated and loose, then also in other teeth; pain partly sticking and partly crawling. Rhus Tox. 5.

Tooth. Boring in teeth after dinner; as if something got into tooth. Kali C. 5.

Tooth. Aching in a hollow tooth, aggravated at night, and on touching the tooth with the tongue; pain as if the nerve were scratched. Ant. C. 5.

Tooth. Inflammation at root of a tooth, with pain which is aggravated at night from cold. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Tooth. Abscess at the root of the tooth, with external swelling; dental fistula. Petr. Clin.

Tooth. Teeth loose; stitches in an indefinite tooth with drawing. Nux Vom. 5.

Tooth. Pustule above a hollow tooth like a dental fistula; painful soreness on chewing. Petr. 5.

Tooth. Painful gumboil on outer side of gums, with pain in a hollow tooth and with swelling of cheek and whole left side of face as far as below eye, where there was an œdematous swelling. Borax 5.

Tooth. Persistent hæmorrhage after drawing a tooth. Phos. Clin.

Toothache. (Neuralgic.) Neuralgic toothache. Acon. Clin.

Toothache. Neuralgic toothache, pulsating, driving to madness; teeth feel heavy as if filled with lead. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Toothache. Neuralgic toothache, aggravated by cold air resulting from the use of tobacco. Sep. Clin.

Toothache. Neuralgic toothache. Sabad. Clin.

Toothache. Neuralgic toothache ceasing entirely in the open air; aggravation in a warm room; always relieved when walking about. Pul. Clin.

Toothache. Neuralgic toothache from taking cold, involving healthy teeth, feeling as if they would be wrenched out; usually aggravated from cold air; especially worse immediately after eating. Nux Vom. Clin.

Toothache. Neuralgic toothache, aggravated by the warmth of the bed; amelioration from cold drinks. Mag. C. Clin.

Toothache. Neuralgic toothache; amelioration from clenching teeth tightly, yet aggravated by slightly touching teeth in anæmic persons. China 5.

Toothache. Neuralgic toothache, aggravated in open air. Agar Clin.

Toothache. (Pregnancy.) Toothache in pregnant women. Nux Mos. Clin.

Toothache in pregnancy temporarily relieved by holding cold water in the mouth; always aggravated in the evening until midnight. Pul. Clin.

Toothache in pregnant women, excited by cold or a draught of air. Calc. C. Clin.

Toothache after menstruating. Calc. C. 5.

Toothache. Menstrual toothache. Staph. Clin.

Toothache. (Miscellaneous.) Toothache, when cold air or drinks enter the mouth. Calc. C. 5.

Toothache in evening as soon as she gets into bed. Amm. C. 5.

Toothache. Violent toothache from taking cold, even in sound teeth from cold air. Caust. Clin.

Toothache shooting into the ear and temple; aggravated in open air or by cold. Staph. Clin.

Toothache after filling. Arn. M. Clin.

Toothache. Hard pressure frequently relieves the toothache which may be aggravated by light pressure. Staph. Clin.

Toothache. Tearing toothache extending to head; amelioration from warmth. Nux Vom. Clin.

Toothache, with swollen, bleeding gums; gums sometimes dark purplish. Lach. Clin.

Toothache of a sticking, tearing character extending into the head. Kali C. Clin.

Toothache beginning in evening in bed, and at night driving him out of bed; extending to temples. Mag. C. 5.

Toothache. Drawing toothache diffusing itself over temple; drawing in incisors; in left lower molars, then involving upper molars; as soon as it ceases there it begins in upper incisors. Kreas. 5.

Toothache. Teeth seemed too long, with toothache which seemed to originate from the swelling of submaxillary gland. Camph. 5.

Toothache relieved by holding cold water in the mouth. Natr. S. Clin.

Toothache aggravated from cold; amelioration from warmth. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Toothache, extending into head, aggravated by cold water. Ant. C. Clin.

Touch. (Gums.) Sore pain in gums on touch and on chewing. Merc. S. 5.

Touch. Gums bleeding from slightest touch; spongy and soft; ulcerated; suppurating. Merc. S. 5.

Touch. (Mouth.) Superficial ulcers in mouth, with burning pain on touch. Natr. C. 3.



**TOUCH.****REPERTORY OF PART I.****ULCERATED.**

**Touch.** Tongue coated and showing impress of teeth on edges; coated white, with whitish, swollen gums, that bleed on touch. *Merc. S. 3.*

**Touch.** Gums swollen, bleeding, painful on touch. *Ars. A. 5.*

**Touch.** Bleeding of gums on slightest touch. *Zinc. 5.*

**Touch.** Blisters on tongue, with burning pain on touch; painful pimples on sides. *Nit. Ac. 3.*

**Touch.** Aphthous sore mouth, the ulcers bleed on eating, or on touch; mouth very tender in nursing children; hot, with thirst and vomiting. *Borax Clin.*

**Touch.** (*Stomach.*) Sensation, as if a stone lay in stomach after eating, making him fretful with pain in epigastric region on touch. *Bry. 1.*

**Touch.** Pain in epigastric region on touch. *Calc. C. 1.*

**Touch.** Sensitiveness to touch in region of stomach. *Bel. 1.*

**Touch.** Pain in pit of stomach, with sensitiveness to touch. *Carbo V. 1.*

**Touch.** Gastric derangements, with great sensitiveness of epigastrium to touch and vomiting of food. *Bry. Clin.*

**Touch.** Throbbing in epigastric region, with sensitiveness to touch. *Kali C. 1.*

**Touch.** Acid dyspepsia; the region of the stomach becomes distended and extremely sensitive to touch. *Lyc. Clin.*

**Touch.** Cardialgia and indigestion, great soreness of the pit of the stomach to touch, and intolerance of the clothes. *Lach. Clin.*

**Touch.** Sensitiveness of the stomach to pressure; of epigastric region to touch. *Lyc. 1.*

**Touch.** Pain in epigastrium in morning on touch; at noon; a few hours after eating; with nausea and dullness of head in evening; towards evening; and in abdomen, with painful vomiting and diarrhoea. *Phos. 1.*

**Touch.** Sensitiveness of stomach to touch. *Acon. 1.*

**Touch.** Distention of stomach, with pain on touch; also in pit; constrictive; pinching. *Nux Vom. 1.*

**Touch.** Pain in pit of stomach, with sensitiveness to touch. *Natr. M. 1.*

**Touch.** Pain in stomach after breakfast and dinner; painfulness to touch. *Natr. C. 1.*

**Touch.** Pain beneath stomach when lying; in epigastric region on touch; after eating. *Sul. 1.*

**Touch.** Pain in pit of stomach on pressure after a meal and on touch; sore internally. *Sep. 1.*

**Touch.** (*Teeth.*) Teeth loose and black, denuded of gums, with nightly pain in teeth, jaws and head and painful on touch of tongue. *Merc. S. 5.*

**Touch.** Looseness and prominence of one tooth in morning, with pain in gum on touch. *Ars. A. 5.*

**Touch.** Hollow teeth decay very rapidly; aching in hollow in evening on touch of tongue. *Mezer. 5.*

**Touch.** Most violent retching and vomiting of food or of whatever is taken into the stomach; the ejecta are always very profuse, and the vomiting is attended with cold sweat, great prostration, burning in the stomach and great sensitiveness to touch. *Ver. Alb. Clin.*

**Touch.** Aching of teeth when chewing and on touch; with sensitiveness in a sound tooth; when eating, as if too long; drawing; relieved by warm drinks. *Lyc. 5.*

**Touch.** Hollow teeth, sensitive to touch, and if food remains in centres, pain extending into root, and the gum becomes sore. *Staph. 5.*

**Touch.** Salivation, with tension in sub-maxillary region, which was sensitive to touch; saliva dries on palate and lips to a tenacious mucus. *Lyc. 5.*

**Touched.** Ulceration of the mouth, with great fetor; the ulcers spread rapidly, like mercurial ulcers, but when touched they have sharp, splinter-like pains; these ulcers extend into the throat, and simulate diphtheria. *Nit. Ac. Clin.*

**Touches.** Vomiting of all nourishment as soon as it touches the stomach. *Ars. A. 6.*

**Touching.** Neuralgic toothache; amelioration from clenching teeth tightly, yet aggravated by slightly touching teeth in anæmic persons. *China 5.*

**Tough.** Bad taste, bad odors in the mouth, and accumulation of tough mucus. *Chel. Clin.*

**Tough.** Ulceration of the sides of the tongue, with tough, stringy mucus. *Nit. Ac. Clin.*

**Tough.** Adhesion of tough mucus to posterior wall of soft palate, necessitating hawking. *Psor. 5.*

**Trachea.** Sensation of a hair on fore part of tongue; on tip extending into trachea, where it caused crawling, so that he must cough. *Sil. 3.*

**Transfixed.** Cramp in the region of the stomach and abdomen or very violent cutting pain, going through to back, as if transfixed, and preventing the slightest motion. *Cupr. Clin.*

**Transversely.** Pressure in pit of stomach, as if a lump were in it, after a moderate supper, transversely across. *Calc. C. 1.*

**Transversely.** Burning in pit of stomach on pressure, with pain; burning pressure, extending transversely at intervals; aggravated by pressure. *Mezer. 1.*

**Trembling.** Stammering; speech difficult on account of trembling of mouth and tongue. *Merc. S. 3.*

**Trembling.** Nausea in morning during menstruation, with weakness and trembling during the day. *Graph. 6.*

**Trembling.** Continual nausea; with vomiting, or efforts to vomit; with perspiration on forehead, great prostration, and trembling; usually without thirst, or vomiting of tough, slimy matter, with great thirst and disgust for food. *Ant. T. Clin.*

**Trembling of tongue;** partial paralysis; it cannot be put out. *Plumb. 3.*

**Trembling.** Ravenous appetite before supper; with loss of appetite and trembling in limbs; then coldness over whole body; with heat in chest, so that it was difficult to fall asleep. *Sil. 2.*

**Trembling.** Atonic dyspepsia, with continual throbbing; occipital headache and trembling, fluttering feeling below the epigastrium towards the umbilicus; tongue very red and small, feels swollen. *Crotal. H. Clin.*

**Trembling.** Vomiting, with headache and trembling of hands; with frequent stools, also with weakness; with anguish; then constant involuntary watery stools. *Ant. T. 6.*

**Tremor.** Periodical pain in pit of stomach at night, with tremor. *Bel. 1.*

**Tremulous.** Nausea in forenoon with weakness, anxiety and tremulous sensation through whole body. *Plat. 6.*

**Turned.** Sensation as if something in epigastric region turned over. *Nux Vom. 1.*

**Twisted.** Cutting pain in abdomen, with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulence here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus the more difficult to pass. *Ver. Alb. 7.*

**Twisting.** Longing for acids, with flatulent dyspepsia, soreness over the abdomen and liver, blisters in the mouth and especially with a feeling of something twisting about the stomach and rising into the throat. *Sep. Clin.*

**Typhoid.** Sordes in the teeth in typhoid conditions. *Mur. Ac. Clin.*

**Typhoid.** Tongue dry and black in late stage of typhoid fever. *Carbo V. Clin.*

**Ulcer.** Aphthæ in mouth, bluish-red and spongy; the ulcer spreads without penetrating into flesh; stomatitis. *Merc. S. 5.*

**Ulcer.** Whitish painful ulcer on under side of tongue. *Graph. 3.*

**Ulcer.** Painful ulcer on tongue; *Kali B. 3.*

**Ulcer.** Gastric ulcer, with burning and great uneasiness in stomach; temporarily relieved by eating; hence constant desire to eat. *Mezer. Clin.*

**Ulcer in the stomach;** burning pain; amelioration from vomiting; tenderness; flushes of heat rising into the head. *Sang. Clin.*

**Ulcerated.** Gums bleeding from slightest touch; spongy and soft; ulcerated; suppurating. *Merc. S. 5.*

**Ulcerated.** Tongue swollen and showing imprint of teeth in scallops which looked ulcerated and its movement difficult and painful; covered with foul ulcers; oozing of blood; the ulcers made swallowing difficult; with painful ulcerated margin. *Merc. S. 3.*

**Ulcerated.** Gums loosened from teeth; spongy and partly destroyed; spongy and covered with a pultaceous exudation and ulcerated. *Merc. S. 5.*

**Ulcerated.** Mouth swollen, palate and pharynx ulcerated. *Sulf. Ac. 5.*



## ULCERATED.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## VERTIGO.

Ulcerated. Gums purple, red and detached from teeth; red and tender, with swelling of glands beneath jaw; spongy and ulcerated. Merc. C. 5.

Ulcerated. Gums and mouth are sore, ulcerated; breath fetid; salivation; ulcerations, with red areola. Bapt. Clin.

Ulcerated. Gums sore; ulcerated; bleeding. Sep. 5.

Ulceration. Tongue coated white; yellowish-white; ulceration of tongue and gums, with sore throat; **dry tongue**; dry at tip as if burnt; painful. Psor. 3.

Ulceration of stomach; severe cardialgia, as from a stone in stomach. Arg. N. Clin.

Ulceration. **Pain**; stinging ulceration in stomach. Arg. N. 1.

Ulceration. Dyspepsia, especially associated with nausea and vomiting; of drunkards; with ulceration of the stomach; with soreness of a small spot in the stomach. Kali B. Clin.

Ulceration. Vomiting of blood, with ulceration of stomach. Crotal. H. Clin.

Ulceration of mouth and gums, with fetid odor. Nux Vom. Clin.

Ulceration of the sides of the tongue, with tough, stringy mucus. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Ulceration. Violent gastro-enteritis, even ulceration and various diseases of the stomach, cancerous, etc. Ars. A. Clin.

Ulceration of the mouth, with great dryness and burning heat. Ars. A. Clin.

Ulceration of right gum. Psor. 5.

Ulceration of the mouth, with great fetor; the ulcers spread rapidly like mercurial ulcers, but when touched they have sharp splinter-like pains; these ulcers extend into the throat and simulate diphtheria. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Ulceration. Inflammation and ulceration of the tongue and mouth; sometimes with hard lumps in the tongue always with easy bleeding; tendency to slough. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Ulcers. Tongue swollen and showing imprint of teeth in scallops which looked ulcerated and its movement difficult and painful; covered with foul ulcers; oozing of blood; the ulcers made swallowing difficult; with painful ulcerated margin. Merc. S. 3.

Ulcers on inside of cheeks, with sticking on uvula, palate, fauces and, as far as could be seen, covered with yellowish-gray membrane; red, swollen, painful and offensive. Nit. Ac. 5.

Ulcers. Gastric ulcers. Phos. Clin.

Ulcers in the stomach supposed to be malignant and incurable have been cured or greatly relieved by this drug; always with extreme burning and distress as if the whole stomach were raw; at times with vomiting of blood. Mezer. Clin.

Ulcers. Blisters and soreness in mouth, ulcers, and on gum and tongue, in which food and drink caused biting. Natr. M. 5.

Ulcers and pustules on the gums and mouth. Merc. S. Clin.

Ulcers. Aphthous sore mouth; the ulcers bleed on eating, or on touch; month very tender in nursing children; hot, with thirst and vomiting. Borax Clin.

Ulcers. Superficial ulcers in mouth; with burning pain on touch. Natr. C. 3.

Ulcers on the gums, with sensitiveness, so that he could not eat. Phos. 5.

Ulcers. Ulceration of the mouth, with great fetor; the ulcers spread rapidly like mercurial ulcers, but when touched they have sharp, splinter-like pains; these ulcers extend into the throat and simulate diphtheria. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Umbilicus. Atonic dyspepsia, with continual throbbing, occipital headache, and trembling; fluttering feeling below the epigastrium, towards the umbilicus; tongue very red and small; feels swollen. Crotal. H. Clin.

Umbilicus. Gastralgia relieved by eating, but the colic lower down in the abdomen comes on immediately after eating; worse below umbilicus. Graph. Clin.

Umbilicus. Tearing around umbilicus, with flatulence. Natr. S. 7.

Undigested. Eructations as when undigested food remains in stomach. Caust. 7.

Undigested. Indigestion especially in children from taking milk, which passes undigested. Mag. M. Clin.

Uneasiness, starting from pit of stomach, then eructations of food and acids. Kali C. 1.

Uneasiness of stomach at 7 a. m. Sep. 1.

Uncovering. **Sticking gnawing in gums, worse towards evening and by warmth of bed; amelioration from uncovering, a draft of cold open air.** Pul. 5.

Uneasiness. Nausea after dinner and supper, with uneasiness and qualms in epigastric region, as after eating too much fat; in throat and palate on eating a little. Cycl. 6.

Unintelligible. **Stammering; speech difficult and unintelligible.** Stram. 3.

Unnatural hunger; the child wants a great variety of things; refuses ordinary food. Cina Clin.

Unquenchable. **Thirst unquenchable.** Natr. M. 2.

Unquenchable. **Thirst unquenchable; with dryness of mouth and throat; with burning and tingling of tongue.** Secale 2.

Unquenchable. Thirst unquenchable. Phos. 2.

Unquenchable thirst. Crotal. H. 2.

Unquenchable. Thirst unquenchable. Plumb. 2.

Unquenchable. Thirst unquenchable. Coleh. 2.

Unsatisfactory, abrupt, offensive flatus, not without exertion of abdominal muscles. Ign. 7.

Unusual hunger at 4 p. m. Calc. P. 2.

Upper. **Periodic pain in teeth always after waking; after eating, and from warm and cold drinks; often extending through upper jaw to ear, with jerking, tearing, sticking.** Lach. 5.

Upper. Pain in teeth, aggravated by drawing in air with open mouth; with stitches in one row of teeth, now in an upper, now in a lower molar, then in other teeth towards the front, aggravated by eating, at noon and evening; with red, hot spots on cheek and throat, with complaining mood, full of reproaches and despondency. Nux Vom. 5.

Upper. Painful looseness of incisors; stitches on biting on them, in upper back, extending upward; in lower back, extending downward. Caust. 5.

Upper. Jerking in teeth in evening in bed; now in upper, now in lower back. Bry. 5.

Upper. Jerking, tearing in left upper back teeth. China 5.

Upper. Drawing toothache, diffusing itself over temple; drawing in incisors; in left lower molars; then involving upper molars; as soon as it ceases there it begins in upper incisors. Kreas. Clin.

Upper. Throbbing pain in third upper molar, which is beginning to decay. Kreas. 5.

Upper incisors seem too long and sensitive. Mag. M. 5.

Upward. Offensive gases passed upward and downward. Arn. M. Clin.

Urethra. Colic, as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; **amelioration from rest when sitting and lying.** Nux Vom. 7.

Urging to vomit; nothing but saliva results. Kreas. 6.

Uterine. Numerous gastric complications of uterine complaint. Pod. Clin.

Uvula. **Ulcers on inside of cheeks, with sticking on uvula, palate, fauces, and as far as could be seen covered with yellowish-gray membrane; red, swollen, painful and offensive.** Nit. Ac. 5.

Uvula. Aphthæ of mouth and cheek, with burning; relaxed uvula. Natr. M. Clin.

Uvula. Tongue scarlet, papillæ swollen, arch of palate and uvula swollen and dark red. Caust. 3.

Valuable remedy for the desire of alcoholic drinks. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Valuable for decaying teeth in pregnancy. Staph. Clin.

Variety. Indigestion, with aversion to the ordinary diet and longing for a great variety of indigestible articles. Ign. Clin.

Vertigo. Nausea, on motion, with relaxed sensation in stomach; **paroxysmal as in seasickness with vertigo and cold sweat**; amounting almost to faintness; amelioration in open air. Tabac. 6.

Vertigo. Dyspepsia characterized by regurgitation of food, more or less nausea and vomiting, loss of appetite and thirst, bitter taste, vertigo on rising up, chilliness, and, above all, constant aggravation from eating fat substances. Pul. Clin.



## VERTIGO.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## VOMITING.

Vertigo. Nausea incessant so that it takes away the breath; all day without vomiting; sudden on walking; with salivation; sudden heat of face and vertigo. Petr. 6.

Vertigo. Gastro-duodenal catarrh, with headache, vertigo, bitter taste, nausea and vomiting; soreness of the stomach and abdomen. Nux Vom. Clin.

Vertigo. Frequent colic, only slightly ameliorated by evacuating gas; attacks come at night, associated with feeling of emptiness; nausea, vertigo. Cocc. Clin.

Vertigo. Nausea associated with vertigo; aggravated by taking anything into the stomach, with faintness. Cocc. Clin.

Vesicles on tip of tongue. Lyc. 3.

Vesicles. Burning vesicles on tip of tongue. Acon. 3.

Vesicles. Painful vesicles on tip of tongue. Caust. 3.

Vesicles on tongue and mouth. Natr. M. Clin.

Vinegar. Desire for vinegar. Hep. 2.

Vinegar. Craving hunger; desire for vinegar. Sep. 2.

Vinegary. Taste vinegary all day after drinking milk; sour in morning till after breakfast, with sour eructations. Sul. 3.

Violent. (*Eructations.*) Eructations violent, empty. Coloc. 7.

Violent eructations mostly of air; empty eructations. Ver. Alb. 7.

Violent. Eructations after eating; incomplete, violent. Natr. M. 7.

Violent. (*Stomach.*) Violent hunger; hunger in stomach, with undisturbed appetite. Ver. Alb. 2.

Violent pain in region of stomach; goes through to back and right shoulder blade, or over towards the liver. Chel. Clin.

Violent gastralgia, with distention of abdomen; belching of wind and regurgitation of liquid. Asaf. Clin.

Violent gastro-enteritis, even ulceration and various diseases of the stomach; cancerous, etc. Ars. A. Clin.

Violent attacks of gastralgia, with retching and vomiting of food and bile from the repression of gout. Colch. Clin.

Violent. (*Vomiting.*) Vomiting of blood; sudden violent; cold sweat. Secale Clin.

Violent vomiting of food; stomach unable to retain anything. Crotal. H. 6.

Violent vomiting, unless he bent himself and lay still. Colch. 7.

Violent sudden vomiting of water, with copious, greenish, diarrhoea and colic. Cupr. 6.

Violent. Most violent retching of food or of whatever is taken into the stomach; the ejecta are always very profuse and the vomiting is attended with cold sweat, great prostration, burning in the stomach, and great sensitiveness to touch. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Violent vomiting. Petr. 6.

Violent stomatitis, with large aphthous patches, with burning pain. Merc. C. Clin.

Violent toothache from taking cold, even in sound teeth from cold air. Caust. Clin.

Viscid. Tongue white; coated white in morning, with much viscid mucus in mouth. Pod. 3.

Vision. Nausea, with heartburn; with grumbling and gurgling in hypochondria; with chilliness; with obscuration of vision and pallor. Pul. 6.

Vomit. Sensation in stomach, as if one had eaten too much; food rises into mouth as if one would vomit. Pul. 1.

Vomit. Black vomit in yellow fever and sometimes in the vomiting of pregnancy. Lach. Clin.

Vomit. Urging to vomit; nothing but saliva results. Kreas. 6.

Vomit. Nausea on sitting up, with efforts to vomit. Robina 6.

Vomit. Pain in pit of stomach all forenoon, relieved by eructations; with necessity to vomit. Graph. 1.

Vomit. Spasmodic efforts to vomit associated with great distress in the stomach; aggravated from eating. Nux Vom. Clin.

Vomit. Indigestion characterized by extreme distress in the stomach immediately after eating; feeling as if the stomach knotted up at times; with bitter eructations or with sour or putrid taste in the mouth; nearly always associated with nausea and efforts to vomit. Nux Vom. Clin.

Vomit. Persistent efforts to vomit food. Nux Vom. Clin.

Vomit. Hot eructations; violent efforts to vomit. Pod. Clin.

Vomit. Nausea after each meal, worse during and after dinner, with troublesome efforts to vomit. Arg. N. 6.

Vomit. Craving for various things, but when they are brought to him, especially if he smells them, he is seized with extreme aversion and becomes nauseated and may even vomit. Colch. Clin.

Vomited. Extremely valuable remedy for catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thirst, white coated tongue, nausea and vomiting; aggravation from warm drinks which are vomited. Bry. Clin.

Vomited. Distress in stomach from milk; it is vomited curdled. Sul. 1.

Vomiting. (*Bilious.*) Bilious vomiting. Natr. S. Clin.

Vomiting. Bilious vomiting; inability to lie on right side, with dark green vomiting. Crotal. H. Clin.

Vomiting of bile in morning, after long, violent retching. Hep. 6.

Vomiting. (*Black.*) Black vomit in yellow fever, and sometimes in the vomiting of pregnancy. Lach. Clin.

Vomiting. Periodic vomiting of brown or black liquid, with violent cramps. Plumb. Clin.

Vomiting substances which tinge the clothes black. Arg. N. 6.

Vomiting. (*Blood.*) Vomiting of food; of blood mixed with dark acid matter; with bile and mucus; black acid liquid, like coffee-grounds; offensive. Phos. 6.

Vomiting is generally free, consisting largely of mucus, sometimes of blood. Ipe. Clin.

Vomiting of blood, with ulceration of stomach. Crotal. H. Clin.

Vomiting of blood; sudden; violent; cold sweat. Secale Clin.

Vomiting constant of tenacious, purulent and bloody mucus. Nit. Ac. 6.

Vomiting. Inflammation of the stomach, with swelling of the liver; vomiting of blood and mucus; yellow tongue. Phos. Clin.

Vomiting of great quantities of blood, at times even bright red; usually dark and thick. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Vomiting. Scirrhus indurations of pyloric orifice of the stomach, with vomiting of blood, burning and extreme flatulence. Lyc. Clin.

Vomiting. Obstinate vomiting of blood; extremities cold; countenance hippocratic; pulse feeble; the ejecta sometimes black, tar-like. Ipe. Clin.

Vomiting. (*Diarrhoea.*) Vomiting and diarrhoea ten times, with pale sunken face, covered with cold sweat; forcible, violent; of slimy acid liquid with food. Ver. Alb. 6.

Vomiting. Retching; vomiting; with diarrhoea and colic. Arg. N. 6.

Vomiting, with watery diarrhoea. Colch. 7.

Vomiting. Colic of the most violent character, aggravated by hard pressure; sometimes with nausea and vomiting; sometimes with diarrhoea; sometimes with discharge of great quantities of gas; pains often extend into chest and pelvis. Coloc. Clin.

Vomiting. Nausea at noon, when his appetite is nearly satisfied; at night, with vomiting and frequent stools; after dinner; with pressure in pit of stomach; then aching in forehead. Ant. T. 6.

Vomiting. Pain in epigastrium in morning on touch; at noon; a few hours after eating; with nausea and dullness of head in evening; towards evening and in abdomen, with painful vomiting and diarrhoea. Phos. 1.

Vomiting. (*Drinking.*) Vomiting every time after drinking. Ars. A. 6.

Vomiting after eating and drinking. Bel. 6.

Vomiting, with burning nausea rising to throat; relieved by drinking cold water. Cupr. 6.

Vomiting. Frequent vomiting after drinking. Cupr. 6.

Vomiting of the contents of the stomach, temporarily relieved by cold drinks; but as soon as these become warm the vomiting is renewed. Phos. Clin.

Vomiting. Dyspepsia especially associated with nausea and vomiting; of drunkards; with ulceration of the stomach; with soreness of a small spot in the stomach. Kali B. Clin.



## VOMITING.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## VOMITING.

Vomiting. (*Dyspepsia*.) Dyspepsia from chewing tobacco without vomiting or diarrhoea. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Vomiting. Gastric derangements with nausea, not relieved by vomiting. Sang. Clin.

Vomiting. Chronic dyspepsia; solid food causes excruciating pain and sometimes vomiting. Lyc. Clin.

Vomiting. Dyspepsia resulting from malt liquors, with flatulency; oppression after eating; nausea and vomiting of mucus. Kali B. Clin.

Vomiting. Acid dyspepsia, with sour vomiting, coming on an hour or so after eating. Kali B. Clin.

Vomiting. Dyspepsia, with severe burning distress in the stomach, vomiting of food, headache, etc. Iris Clin.

Vomiting. Atonic dyspepsia with amenorrhœa; the nausea and vomiting generally relieved by eating and lying down. Sep. Clin.

Vomiting. Acid dyspepsia, with bloated abdomen; sour or putrid eructations; sometimes nausea and vomiting. Sep. Clin.

Vomiting. Dyspepsia, with vomiting of food and drink and craving for stimulants; vomiting of drunkards. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Vomiting. Dyspepsia characterized by regurgitation of food, more or less nausea and vomiting, loss of appetite and thirst, bitter taste, vertigo on rising up, chilliness and above all constant aggravations from eating fat substances. Pul. Clin.

Vomiting. (*Food*.) Vomiting of all nourishment as soon as it touches the stomach. Ars. A. 6.

Vomiting of everything swallowed. Ipe. 6.

Vomiting constant of food; of everything taken into the stomach; fecal; with colic and constipation; blackish; of brownish liquid streaked with blood. Plumb. 6.

Vomiting of food that had been eaten long before; of food in evening; then bitter taste and teeth on edge. Pul. 6.

Vomiting. Morning nausea, amelioration after eating; on waking, towards evening and at night; on washing mouth before breakfast; on waking, with blackness before eyes; in evening, weakness even to faintness, with melancholy; easily startled, then vomiting of food, then retching. Sep. 6.

Vomiting incessant of solid food, but not of drinks. Bry. 6.

Vomiting of food after midnight, then aversion to food and dread of open air. Ferr. 6.

Vomiting. Attacks of nausea and vomiting, either of water or food. Kreas. Clin.

Vomiting of food several hours after a meal. Kreas. Clin.

Vomiting. Thirst is a general accompaniment of Natrum Mur. symptoms; there are generally sour eructations, heartburn, especially waterbrash, sometimes vomiting of food. Natr. M. Clin.

Vomiting of food and bile; even to vomiting after a meal, with salivation; during menstruation. Lyc. 6.

Vomiting. Periodic attacks of vomiting of food. Plumb. Clin.

Vomiting violent of all food, drink and medicine; of blood; of coffee- or chocolate-colored matter. Secale 6.

Vomiting. Gastritis, with violent vomiting, even of food. Bel. Clin.

Vomiting of food in evening; of food eaten at noon. Sulf. 6.

Vomiting; cannot keep any food in the stomach. Bel. Clin.

Vomiting of food, thin mucus and green bile. Ars. A. 6.

Vomiting. Gastralgia of nursing women, with excessive flatulence, sour and rancid belching; vomiting of food. Carbo V. Clin.

Vomiting. Gastric derangements, with great sensitiveness of epigastrium to touch and vomiting of food. Bry. Clin.

Vomiting of mucus only; of food, then general chill, then heat with great thirst. Cina 6.

Vomiting. Violent vomiting of food; stomach unable to retain anything. Crotal. H. 6.

Vomiting. Violent attacks of gastralgia, with retching and vomiting of food and bile from repression of gout. Colch. Clin.

Vomiting of food immediately after eating. Ferr. 6.

Vomiting. Most violent retching of food or of whatever is taken into the stomach; the ejecta are always very profuse and the vomiting is attended with cold sweat, great prostration, burning in the stomach and great sensitiveness to touch. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Vomiting of all food. Graph. 6.

Vomiting. (*Green*.) Vomiting of green mucus, with cold sweat. Ver. Alb. 6.

Vomiting incessant, green bilious matter streaked with blood. Merc. C. 6.

Vomiting. Pain at cardiac orifice, aggravated by swallowing bread, which seems to remain there, gradually extending over abdomen, with vomiting first of green then of blackish substance. Phos. 1.

Vomiting. Distress at the stomach, with retching and vomiting (especially of green substances). Acon. Clin.

Vomiting of beer; of green, bitter mucus. Mezer. 6.

Vomiting; after each drink; bilious, dark grumous liquid; greenish-gray, watery, green masses, mucus. Acon. 6.

Vomiting. Difficult vomiting of the beverage and of yellow-green mucus and water with bitter taste in mouth which remained a long time. Ars. A. 6.

Vomiting of hot, frothy mucus; of contents of stomach; then of bile; of thick dark green bile mixed with dark coagulated blood about every hour. Pod. 6.

Vomiting. Nausea and vomiting of pregnancy, with tenderness over the stomach and profuse ropy saliva. Iris Clin.

Vomiting. (*Pregnancy*.) Persistent nausea and vomiting of pregnancy; with deadly nausea; pale face, coldness of the stomach gall-stone colic. Tabac. Clin.

Vomiting of pregnancy; chronic catarrh of the stomach. Sulf. Clin.

Vomiting of pregnancy; with intolerance of the smell of coffee, vomiting when lying on right side. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Vomiting of pregnancy, with constant salivation; feeling of a lump in throat; soreness in pit of stomach; great thirst relieved by drinking hot water. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Vomiting during pregnancy, straining her so that blood comes up. Sep. 6.

Vomiting. Nausea and vomiting of pregnancy. Nux Mos. Clin.

Vomiting of pregnancy; the nausea and vomiting are frequently associated with soreness at the pit of the stomach and sometimes with thirst. Kreas. Clin.

Vomiting. Nausea and vomiting of pregnancy. Petr. Clin.

Vomiting of pregnancy. Phos. Clin.

Vomiting of pregnancy. Nux Vom. Clin.

Vomiting of pregnancy; especially vomiting of food in the evening or at night. Pul. Clin.

Vomiting. Nausea and vomiting of pregnancy. Cocc. Clin.

Vomiting. Nausea and vomiting are more frequently the result of nervous irritability than of inflammation of the stomach; so that the drug has often relieved the distressing symptoms of pregnancy. Ipe. Clin.

Vomiting of pregnancy, with a characteristic sensation of emptiness in the stomach. Sep. Clin.

Vomiting. (*Sour*.) Vomiting of sour fluid. Robina 6.

Vomiting of sour water at night. Calc. C. 6.

Vomiting violent; easy, of sour liquid; watery; sometimes insipid; sometimes bitter in morning, even before breakfast. Tabac. 6.

Vomiting violent of sour mucus in forenoon; of sour smelling and sour tasting mucus, towards evening, with headache like a tearing around lower part of skull; hæmatemesis. Nux Vom. 6.

Vomiting of sour fluid. Iris 6.

Vomiting of sweet mucus; sour vomiting. Psor. 6.

Vomiting. Acid dyspepsia, sour vomiting and sour eructations. Caust. Clin.

Vomiting. Sore month; aphthæ occurring during protracted diseases, especially in children; with marasmus; with salivation; sour vomiting, stools like chopped eggs. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Vomiting. Nausea, not relieved by vomiting of salty, sour water; with waterbrash. Natr. S. 6.

Vomiting. (*Miscellaneous*.) Griping and pressure in stomach, then vomiting. Cupr. 1.

Vomiting with apprehensiveness of death. Ars. A. 6.

Vomiting. Appetite lost and whatever she eats goes against her, even to vomiting. Lyc. 2.



## VOMITING.

Vomiting brings no relief. *Ars. A. 6.*  
 Vomiting. Nausea incessant, so that it takes away the breath; all day without vomiting; sudden on walking, with salivation; sudden heat of face and vertigo. *Petr. 6.*  
 Vomiting, with headache and trembling of hands; with frequent stools, also with weakness; with anguish; then constant involuntary watery stools. *Ant. T. 6.*  
 Vomiting. Obstinate vomiting always on waking in morning on the slightest movement. *Cupr. Clin.*  
 Vomiting. Violent vomiting unless he bent himself and lay still. *Colch. 7.*  
 Vomiting. Cholera infantum, with tongue thickly coated white; vomiting, etc. *Bism. Clin.*  
 Vomiting. Nausea in morning on waking, with vomiting; worse from slightest motion. *Bry. 6.*  
 Vomiting. Nausea in morning, without vomiting. *Carbo V. 6.*  
 Vomiting, with cold sweat; great exhaustion. *Camph. Clin.*  
 Vomiting. Extreme pressure and contraction in the stomach, followed by vomiting. *Secale Clin.*  
 Vomiting. Terrible distress in the stomach and abdomen, with burning accompanied by vomiting. *Secale Clin.*  
 Vomiting. Nausea, not relieved by vomiting; with salivation, chill and heat. *Sang. 6.*  
 Vomiting. Violent vomiting. *Petr. 6.*  
 Vomiting. Loathing of food; nausea; and even vomiting, with white-coated tongue. *Ant. C. Clin.*  
 Vomiting. Gastro-duodenal catarrh, with headache; vertigo, bitter taste, nausea and vomiting; soreness of the stomach and abdomen. *Nux Vom. Clin.*  
 Vomiting. Gastralgia, with profuse sweat of the face; nausea and vomiting. *Pul. Clin.*  
 Vomiting. Catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thickly coated white tongue; nausea; vomiting after-taste of the food. *Ant. C. Clin.*  
 Vomiting. Gastralgia; aggravation from light and amelioration from hard pressure; transiently relieved by vomiting. *Nux Vom. Clin.*  
 Vomiting. Gastritis in chronic alcoholism, with constant nausea and vomiting. *Crotal. H. Clin.*  
 Vomiting. Extremely valuable remedy for catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thirst; white-coated tongue, nausea and vomiting; aggravation from warm drinks, which are vomited. *Bry. Clin.*  
 Vomiting. Ulcer in the stomach; burning pain; amelioration from vomiting; tenderness; flushes of heat rising into the head. *Sang. Clin.*  
 Vomiting. Bilious colic; almost incessant vomiting of extremely acrid substances, with soreness over the liver. *Iris Clin.*  
 Vomiting. Persistent vomiting of infants. *Kreas. Clin.*

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

Vomiting. Intensely acid vomiting; this symptom has been relieved even when associated with cancer of the stomach. *Robina Clin.*  
 Vomiting. Ulcers in the stomach, supposed to be malignant and incurable, have been cured or greatly relieved by this drug; always with extreme burning and distress, as if the whole stomach were raw; at times with vomiting of blood. *Mezer. Clin.*  
 Vomiting. Nausea, with debility and scanty vomiting of coffee-grounds fluid. *Secale 6.*  
 Vomiting. Nausea and vomiting from riding in the cars. *Cocc. Clin.*  
 Vomiting of a pinkish, glairy fluid. *Kali B. 6.*  
 Vomiting of milk (in young children), especially of curdled milk. *Aethu. Clin.*  
 Vomiting. Gastric catarrh, with vomiting of glairy mucus; tongue thickly coated. *Kali B. Clin.*  
 Vomiting. Nausea and vomiting every morning; chronic. *Nux Vom. Clin.*  
 Vomiting at night with sticking, drawing pain in back, extending towards scapulæ. *Pul. 6.*  
 Vomiting. Continual nausea; with vomiting or efforts to vomit; with perspiration on forehead; great prostration and trembling; usually without thirst, or vomiting of tough, slimy matter, with great thirst, and disgust for food. *Ant. T. Clin.*  
 Vomiting of sweetish water in morning; fasting; of food. *Kreas. 6.*  
 Vomiting. Violent, sudden vomiting of water, with copious, greenish diarrhoea and colic. *Cupr. 6.*  
 Vomiting of round worms; feeling of worms in pharynx. *Sabad. Clin.*  
 Vomiting of a yellow, bitter, serous fluid. *Coloc. 6.*  
 Vomiting. Aphthous sore mouth; the ulcers bleed on eating, or on touch; mouth very tender in nursing children, hot, with thirst and vomiting. *Borax Clin.*  
 Vomits. After nursing, the child vomits its milk in little white curds, and refuses to nurse afterwards. *Ant. C. Clin.*  
 Wagon. Nausea in morning so that she can scarcely rise, in afternoon after every drink mostly in mouth when riding in a wagon; if he became cold or took cold causing salivation. *Cocc. 6.*  
 Wakes. Excessive dryness of the mouth and tongue in sleep; always wakes with dry mouth and tongue. *Nux Mos. Clin.*  
 Waking. (*Mouth.*) Mouth slimy in morning on waking, with headache. *Bel. 5.*  
 Waking. Morning nausea, amelioration after eating; on waking; towards evening and at night; on washing mouth before breakfast; on waking; with blackness before eyes in evening; weakness even to faintness; with melancholy; easily startled; then vomiting of food, then retching. *Sep. 6.*

## WALKING.

Waking. Dry mouth without thirst in evening so that tongue sticks to palate also back of mouth and throat in morning on waking; dry at night, with slimy feeling; dry and the saliva seems like cotton. *Nux Mos. 5.*  
 Waking. Dryness in mouth on waking and in nose. *Phos. 5.*  
 Waking. (*Nausea.*) Nausea all day in morning with accumulation of water in mouth; in morning on waking; she could not eat breakfast; with cutting in upper abdomen and diarrhoea. *Petr. 6.*  
 Waking. Nausea in morning on waking, with vomiting; worse from slightest motion. *Bry. 6.*  
 Waking. (*Taste.*) Bitter, bilious taste when fasting, though food has a good taste; better in morning on waking. *Sul. 3.*  
 Waking. Taste bitter, waking her at night, with dryness in mouth. *Rhus Tox. 3.*  
 Waking. Taste metallic, coppery in morning on waking. *Sul. 3.*  
 Waking. Different kinds of foul taste unpleasant in morning; mouth dry and slimy; sour in morning on waking; bitter; bitterish-sour. *Sep. 3.*  
 Waking. (*Tongue.*) Dryness of tongue in morning on waking and in palate and lips; then much tenacious mucus. *Pul. 3.*  
 Waking. Tongue coated yellow along centre; coated, first white, with reddish papillæ here and there; then a yellowish-brown coat in centre, the edges being red and shining; dry on waking and feeling burnt. *Bapt. 3.*  
 Waking. Dryness of tongue in morning on waking and in palate. *Sul. 3.*  
 Waking. (*Miscellaneous.*) Distention of abdomen by flatulence, waking about midnight, causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief; new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. *Cocc. 7.*  
 Waking. Periodic pain in teeth always after waking; after eating and from warm and cold drinks; often extending through upper jaw to ear, with jerking, tearing sticking. *Lach. 5.*  
 Waking. Burning pain in pit of stomach in afternoon after dinner, with salivation, extending into throat, into mouth; soreness on waking. *Kali B. 1.*  
 Waking. Obstinate vomiting always on waking in morning on the slightest movement. *Cupr. Clin.*  
 Waking. Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about painfully; worse in upper abdomen. *Pul. 7.*  
 Waking. Heaviness in stomach as from a stone in morning on waking. *Pul. 1.*  
 Waking. Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning; then cutting in abdomen, and nausea in morning after eating a little; with return of a metallic, herby taste; with weight and heat, as from a stone in epigastrium; aggravation from walking; amelioration from sitting. *Nux Vom. 1.*



## WALKING.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## WATER.

Waking. Heartburn in evening after supper; on waking in middle of night; after dinner. Kali B. 1.

Waking. Sticking in teeth extending into ear, waking him at night. Sul. 5.

Walking. Morning nausea; amelioration after eating; on waking, towards evening and at night; on washing mouth before breakfast; on waking; with blackness before eyes in evening; weakness even to faintness; with melancholy; easily startled; then vomiting of food; then retching. Sep. 6.

Walking. Nausea incessant, so that it takes away the breath; all day without vomiting; sudden on walking; with salivation; sudden heat of face and vertigo. Petr. 6.

Walking. Aching and throbbing in stomach; amelioration from eructations; with pain from the jar of walking. Sep. 1.

Walking. Burning corrosive pain in stomach when walking; extending to pit of throat. Sabad. 1.

Walking. Acidity of stomach when lying on back and when walking, with burning. Carbo V. 1.

Walking. Pain in stomach after eating a little; when walking, as if it hung loose. Hep. 1.

Walking. Neuralgic toothache ceasing entirely in the open air; aggravation in a warm room; always relieved when walking about. Pul. Clin.

Wants. Unnatural hunger; the child wants a great variety of things; refuses ordinary food. Cina Clin.

Warm. (*Stomach.*) Vomiting of the contents of the stomach temporarily relieved by cold drinks; but as soon as these become warm the vomiting is renewed. Phos. Clin.

Warm. Extremely valuable remedy for catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thirst, white-coated tongue, nausea and vomiting; aggravation from warm drinks, which are vomited. Bry. Clin.

Warm streaming of blood from pit of stomach into head. Calc. C. 1.

Warm. Chronic dyspepsia; repugnance to hot or warm food; thirst; bloated abdomen. Calc. C. Clin.

Warm. Gastralgia, coming on some hours after eating; relieved by warm milk; aggravated by cold drinks. Graph. Clin.

Warm. (*Teeth.*) Periodic pain in teeth always after waking, after eating, and from warm and cold drinks; often extending through upper jaw to ear, with jerking, tearing, sticking. Lach. 5.

Warm. Jerking pain in teeth, worse in morning; better when cold water taken into mouth becomes warm. Pul. 5.

Warm. Aching in teeth as soon as anything warm is taken into the mouth. Pul. 5.

Warm. Aching of teeth when chewing and on touch; with sensitiveness in a sound tooth when eating as if too long; drawing relieved by warm drinks. Lyc. 5.

Warm. Aching of teeth on taking anything warm into mouth. Bry. 5.

Warm. Sticking in teeth on taking cold or warm into mouth. Nit. Ac. 5.

Warm. Neuralgic toothache ceasing entirely in the open air; aggravation in a warm room; always relieved when walking about. Pul. Clin.

Warm. (*Miscellaneous.*) No thirst all day, but it occurs in evening as face and hands become warm. Cycl. 2.

Warm. Open blister on inside of right cheek felt during dinner, with burning pain in it from warm food. Natr. M. 5.

Warm. Burning pain in tip of tongue as from soreness, aggravation from taking anything warm into mouth. Calc. C. 3.

Warmth. (*Teeth.*) Tearing toothache extending to head; amelioration from warmth. Nux Vom. Clin.

Warmth. Toothache aggravated from cold, amelioration from warmth. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Warmth. Tearing, sticking in teeth on eating, extending into muscles of neck. Aggravation from warmth. Bry. 5.

Warmth. Dental periostitis, with great soreness and elongation of the teeth; pain aggravated at night from warmth of bed; teeth loose; salivation offensive. Merc. S. Clin.

Warmth. Neuralgic toothache aggravated by the warmth of the bed; amelioration from cold drinks. Mag. C. Clin.

Warmth. (*Miscellaneous.*) Sticking gnawing in gums worse towards evening and by warmth of bed, amelioration from uncovering, a draught of cold, open air. Pul. 5.

Warmth. Great distention of the abdomen not relieved by warmth. Pul. Clin.

Warmth. Pain all day in stomach, relieved by lying and warmth of bed, returning on rising. Graph. 1.

Washing. Morning nausea amelioration after eating; on waking towards evening and at night; on washing mouth before breakfast; on waking with blackness before eyes in evening; weakness even to faintness; with melancholy easily startled; then vomiting of food then retching. Sep. 6.

Water. (*Eructations.*) Eructations of bitter and sour liquid at night; bitter when fasting; sour all day; sour as far as tongue; of water after eating. Nux Vom. 7.

Water. Eructations of wind after drinking water; frequently empty, with discomfort in stomach. Bism. 7.

Water. Eructations of water, with nausea. Mag. M. 7.

Water. Eructations in morning; with water after midnight; sour eructations. Kali C. 7.

Water. (*Nausea.*) Nausea, caused by milk when he had eaten almost enough; amelioration if he once ceased eating, with flow of sour water into mouth. Calc. C. 6.

Water. Nausea all day, in morning, with accumulation of water in mouth; in morning on waking; she could not eat breakfast; with cutting in upper abdomen and diarrhoea. Petr. 6.

Water. Nausea, not relieved by vomiting of salty, sour water; with waterbrash. Natr. S. 6.

Water. Nausea, with constant spitting of insipid water. Sabad. 6.

Water. (*Teeth.*) Jerking pain in teeth; worse in morning; better when cold water taken into mouth becomes warm. Pul. 5.

Water. Tearing in teeth about 3 a. m., as if an exposed nerve were paining from cold air; worse lying on painless side; better by lying on painful cheek; relieved momentarily by cold water. Bry. 5.

Water. Toothache, relieved by holding cold water in the mouth. Natr. S. Clin.

Water. Toothache in pregnancy, temporarily relieved by holding cold water in the mouth; always aggravated in the evening until midnight. Pul. Clin.

Water. Toothache in hollow teeth, extending into head, aggravated by cold water. Ant. C. Clin.

Water. (*Thirst.*) Dryness of mouth and of palate, with thirst of water. Ver. Alb. 5.

Water. Constant thirst for cold water, the smallest quantity of which could not be retained. Ars. A. 2.

Water. Dryness of throat, with thirst for cold water. Can. Ind. 2.

Water. Taste bitter, relieved by frequent drinking of cold water, with nausea. Bry. 3.

Water. Thirst not relieved by drinking water. Stram. 2.

Water. Thirst at night; for beer during heat; for cold water. Acon. 1.

Water. Thirst excessive; she must drink much at once, and the drink does not distress her; with necessity to drink much cold water; with internal, but not external heat. Bry. 2.

Water. Appetite great for apples, with thirst for cool water. Ant. T. 2.

Water. Thirst for cold water, for large quantities of cold water. Merc. C. 2.

Water. Thirst from dryness in mouth; for water or beer. Rhus Tox. 2.

Water. Thirst unquenchable for cold water. Bel. 2.

Water. (*Vomiting.*) Vomiting of sour water at night. Calc. C. 6.

Water. Vomiting of pregnancy, with constant salivation; feeling of a lump in throat; soreness in pit of stomach great thirst; relieved by drinking hot water. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Water. Difficult vomiting of the beverage, and of yellow-green mucus and water, with bitter taste in the mouth, which remained a long time. Ars. A. 6.

Water. Violent sudden vomiting of water, with copious, greenish diarrhoea and colic. Cupr. 6.

Water. Vomiting, with burning nausea, rising to throat; relieved by drinking cold water. Cupr. 6.



**WATER.**

Water. Attacks of nausea and vomiting, either of water or food. Kreas. Clin.

Water. Vomiting of sweetish water in morning, fasting; of food. Kreas. 6.

Water. (*Miscellaneous.*) Feeling as if stomach were full of water. Kali. C. 1.

Water. Gums sensitive to cold water; sore. Sil. 5.

Water. Colic from cold water, aggravated by heat. Staph. Clin.

Water. Salivation, collection of bitter water obliging constant expectoration. Chel. 5.

Water. Inflammation of mouth and of gums, with discharge of clear water. Merc. C. 5.

Water. Hæmorrhage from stomach; temporarily relieved by drinking cold water. Phos. Clin.

Waterbrash. Salivation, running from mouth like waterbrash. Ver. Alb. 5.

Waterbrash. Sour eructations, the taste of which does not remain in the mouth, but the acid gnaws in the stomach; waterbrash. Lyc. 7.

Waterbrash. Nausea in epigastric region, aggravated by eating and drinking; with waterbrash and disagreeable risings. Pul. 6.

Waterbrash. Salivation sweet; tenacious; discharge of watery saliva also like waterbrash. Pul. 5.

Waterbrash. Nausea, not relieved by vomiting of salty, sour water; with waterbrash. Natr. S. 6.

Waterbrash. Thirst is a general accompaniment of Natrum Mur. symptoms; there are generally sour eructations, heartburn, especially waterbrash, sometimes vomiting of food. Natr. M. Clin.

Waterbrash. Nausea at night during menses, with retching and waterbrash; during suppression of menses, with good appetite; when he wishes to eat; when eating so that food was repulsive. Pul. 6.

Waterbrash. Burning and waterbrash in epigastrium after belching. Calc. P. 1.

Waterbrash. Chronic gastritis, with burning pain and waterbrash. Lyc. Clin.

Waterbrash. Eructations sour in afternoon; empty; waterbrash. Natr. C. 7.

Watery saliva runs from mouth in sleep. Phos. 5.

Watery. Salivation sweet; tenacious; discharge of watery saliva, also like waterbrash. Pul. 5.

Watery. Vomiting with watery diarrhoea. Colch. 7.

Watery. Tongue is almost always swollen, flabby, taking the imprint of the teeth; sometimes watery as if oedematous; sometimes covered with whitish fur. Merc. S. Clin.

Weak. Indigestion, with bloating, sour eructations, heartburn, and a weak feeling, or a feeling of a lump in the pit of the stomach; or a feeling of pulsation after eating; there are generally pressure, belching of gas, bloating and soreness. Kali. C. Clin.

Weak. Speech difficult, and weak, and slow. Phos. 3.

**REPERTORY OF PART I.**

Weak. Regurgitation of food, hiccough, empty retching, weak, empty feeling; has to eat at night even; especially attended with sighing; gastric symptoms generally ameliorated after eating. Ign. Clin.

Weak. Speech difficult; slow; weak; with feeling on every motion of the tongue as if there were resistance to be overcome. Secale 3.

Weak. Difficult dentition; child is weak, cold, pulse soft, bores the head into the pillow; tends to squint, cries out in sleep and particularly has restless feet. Zinc. Clin.

Weakened digestion after Mercury. Lach. Clin.

Weakness. Peculiar weakness in pit of stomach and epigastric region. Ign. 1.

Weakness. Gnawing in stomach, relieved after supper; with weakness. Sep. 1.

Weakness. Morning nausea amelioration after eating; on waking, towards evening and at night; on washing mouth before breakfast; on waking, with blackness before eyes; in evening weakness even to faintness, with melancholy, easily startled, then vomiting of food, then retching. Sep. 6.

Weakness. Nausea, with bilious taste, with salivation and closure of jaws; with great thirst and with frothing from mouth; with weakness. Ver. Alb. 6.

Weakness and faintness in stomach at 11 a. m., with need to eat. Sul. Clin.

Weakness. Empty feeling; weakness in epigastric region. Pod. 1.

Weakness. Indigestion; constant squeezing pain in the stomach after eating; can only eat once a day on account of the distress; backache; weakness. Robina Clin.

Weakness. Difficult speech, like a weakness of organs of speech coming from hypochondria. Natr. M. 3.

Weakness and sinking in stomach. Natr. M. Clin.

Weakness. Nausea in forenoon, with weakness, anxiety and tremulous sensation through whole body. Plat. 6.

Weakness. Pressure in stomach, with weakness in knees. Lach. 1.

Weakness. Nausea in morning during menstruation, with weakness and trembling during the day. Graph. 6.

Weakness. Vomiting, with headache and trembling of hands; with frequent stools, also with with weakness; with anguish; then constant, involuntary, watery stools. Ant. T. 6.

Weariness. Hunger great, with weariness of life. Nit. Ac. 2.

Weariness. Appetite great towards noon, and after eating weariness and sleepiness. Natr. M. 2.

Weather. Gastric troubles, always aggravated during hot weather. Phos. Clin.

Weight. Excruciating gastralgia, pains as from knives or burning, or constricting, or associated with great external weight. Phos. Clin.

Weight in stomach, after eating, as from a stone. Ars. Alb. 1.

**WHITE.**

Weight. Scraped sensation in pit of stomach in morning; then cutting in abdomen and nausea in morning after eating a little, with return of a metallic, herby taste; with weight and heat, as from a stone in epigastrium; aggravation from walking, amelioration from sitting. Nux Vom. 1.

Weight in pit of stomach; in epigastrium after eating; with upward pressure to throat-pit; every empty swallowing carried it downward, but it immediately returned. Rumex 1.

Weight. Acid dyspepsia, with constant weight in the stomach; eructations of sour liquid. Robina Clin.

White. (*Tongue.*) Tongue coated white. Ant. C. 5.

White. Tongue coated white. Bry. 3.

White. Tongue coated and showing impress of teeth on edges; coated white, with whitish, swollen gums that bleed on touch. Merc. S. 3.

White. Slimy taste in morning; with nausea; foul; clammy; insipid; as of bad meat; with nausea; disgusting in morning, with white tongue. Pul. 3.

White. Tongue coated white; yellowish-white; ulceration of tongue and gums with sore throat; dry tongue; dry at tip, as if burnt; painful. Psor. 3.

White. Tongue coated yellow, with red margin showing imprint of teeth; yellow, white, slimy; dryness. Chel. 3.

White. Tongue swollen and stiff; dryness on palate; white color and redness. Stram. 3.

White. Tongue clean; white. Secale 3.

White. Tongue white; blisters, with pain as if burnt. Sep. 3.

White. Tongue white; coated white in morning with much viscid mucus in mouth. Pod. 3.

White. Gastric catarrh, with thickly white coated tongue, dry mouth, nausea; especially when the distress or regurgitation of food takes place a long time after a meal. Pul. Clin.

White. Tongue chalky; white; red in middle; yellow. Phos. 3.

White. Tongue coated yellow as a rule though sometimes white in the morning. Nit. Ac. Clin.

White. Tongue white. Petr. 3.

White. Tongue white; painful blisters. Nux Vom. 3.

White. Tongue red on margins; brown coat down centre; white; dry. Plumb. 3.

White. Dry tongue in middle; brown; white; red; black. Phos. 3.

White. Tongue coated white. Lyc. 3.

White. Tongue swollen and inflamed so that it could not be protruded; and white. Merc. C. 3.

White. Gastric catarrh from injudicious eating or drinking, with white coated tongue or sometimes with perfectly clean tongue. Ipe. Clin.

White. Tongue coated yellow along centre, coated first white, with reddish papillæ here and there; then a yellowish-brown coat in centre, the edges being red and shining; dry or waking and feeling burnt. Bapt. 3.



## WHITE.

## REPERTORY OF PART I.

## ZYCOMA.

White. Tongue coated white and dry at edges. Cocc. 3.

White. Tongue coated white in evening, without heat or thirst. Bism. 3.

White. Cholera infantum, with tongue thickly coated white; vomiting, etc. Bism. Clin.

White. Tongue coated white. Arn. M. 3.

White. Tongue coated white. Carbo V. 3.

White. Tongue bluish, red and dry, also white. Ars. A. 3.

White. Tongue coated white. Calc. C. 3.

White. Thick, white, pasty coat of tongue. Ant. T. 3.

White. Tongue coated white. Agar. 3.

White. Tongue heavily coated white in gastric derangements. Bry. Clin.

White. Extremely valuable remedy for catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thirst, white coated tongue, nausea and vomiting; aggravation from warm drinks, which are vomited. Bry. Clin.

White. Catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, with thickly-coated white tongue; nausea; vomiting after-taste of the food. Ant. C. Clin.

White. Loathing of food; nausea, and even vomiting, with white-coated tongue. Ant. C. Clin.

White. Tongue thickly coated white. Ant. C. Clin.

White. Tongue yellow, dirty white crust, painful swelling posteriorly on side; burning stitches; dryness. China 3.

White. (*Miscellaneous*.) Saliva white, thick, frothy and sticky. Can. Ind. 5.

White. Mouth full of white, tenacious mucus, which must be expectorated frequently. Tabac. 5.

White. Thirst, but drinking did not refresh him; he drinks much, but little at a time; with dryness of mouth, and a peculiar, thick white saliva. Ars. Alb. 2.

White. Gums red, bright red margin; red and swollen, and livid and covered with thin, white patches, easily removed from a non-ulcerating surface. Merc. S. 5.

White. After nursing, the child vomits its milk in little white curds, and refuses to nurse afterwards. Ant. C. Clin.

White. Gums bleed; white. Crotal. H. 5.

White aphthous pustules on inside of lips and cheeks and on tongue. Hep. 5.

White. Mouth, fauces and tongue covered with a white membrane that could be torn off easily. Nit. Ac. 5.

Whitish. Tongue coated and showing impress of teeth on edges; coated white, with whitish swollen gums that bleed on touch. Merc. S. 3.

Whitish. Tongue is almost always swollen, flabby, taking the imprint of the teeth; sometimes watery as if œdematous; sometimes covered with whitish fur. Merc. S. Clin.

Whitish, painful ulcer on under side of tongue. Graph. 3.

Whitish-yellow. Tongue coated mostly whitish-yellow, worse in the middle and posteriorly. Sabad. 3.

Whitish-yellow. Tongue yellow, whitish yellow. Kali B. 3.

Wind. Eructations of wind after drinking water; frequently empty; with discomfort in stomach. Bism. 7.

Wind. Dyspepsia after eating; thirst; pain in stomach; relieved for a short time by raising wind; when fasting, the pain goes to the spine, feeling as if one ought to raise flatus and could not. Calc. P. 7.

Wind. Violent gastralgia, with distention of abdomen; belching of wind and regurgitation of liquid. Asaf. Clin.

Wind. Eructations of sour, bitter wind, relieving pain in epigastrium. Diosc. 1.

Wind. Cramping pain in pit of stomach, then eructations of wind, then hic-cough and emission of flatus. Diosc. 1.

Wine. Nausea aggravated by a sip of wine, with headache. Zinc. 6.

Wine. Desire for wine. Bry. 2.

Wine. Appetite lost for wine and brandy to which he is accustomed. Merc. S. 2.

Wine. Aversion to the sweetness of sugar; to wine and brandy which they took to excite their appetites. Zinc. 2.

Wine. Nausea, after a glass of wine; with convulsions; with diarrhœa. Ant. C. 6.

Wish. Desires things immediately, but when offered, does not wish them. Bry. 2.

Women. Gastralgia of nursing women, with excessive flatulence, sour and rancid belching; vomiting of food. Carbo V. Clin.

Women. Dyspepsia with hypochondriac mood, especially at the climacteric of women, or as the result of overwrought brain or sexual excess. Sep. Clin.

Women. Sore mouth of nursing infants, and of nursing women. Bapt. Clin.

Work. Appetite entirely lost, and after eating a little, loud belching and inability to work. China Clin.

Worm. Sensation as if a worm were moving in stomach. Cocc. 1.

Worms. Vomiting of round worms; feeling of worms in pharynx. Sabad. Clin.

Worse. Dryness of tongue, relieved for a moment by drinking, then worse, so that tongue sticks to palate. Bry. 3.

Wrenched. Neuralgic toothache from taking cold, involving healthy teeth, feeling as if they would be wrenched out; usually aggravated from cold air; especially worse immediately after eating. Nux Vom. Clin.

Yawning. Jerking pain in left lower hollow molar, with frequent yawning. Kreas. 5.

Yawning. Feeling as if stomach would burst after yawning, with sensation as if œsophagus were spasmodically closed; hence ineffectual effort to eructate; relieved by empty eructations. Arg. N. 7.

Yellow. (*Tongue*.) Tongue coated yellow, with red margin, showing imprint of teeth; yellow, white slimy; dryness. Chel. 3.

Yellow. Tongue coated yellow. Rumex 3.

Yellow. Tongue coated yellow, as a rule, though sometimes white in the morning. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Yellow. Gray patches on edges of tongue, and a dirty yellow coat on upper surface. Merc. S. 3.

Yellow. Tongue yellow, whitish-yellow. Kali B. 3.

Yellow. Tongue yellow, dirty white crust; painful swelling posteriorly on side; burning stitches; dryness. China 3.

Yellow. Tongue chalky; white; red in middle; yellow. Phos. 3.

Yellow. Tongue coated yellow along centre; coated first white, with reddish papillæ here and there; then a yellowish-brown coat in centre, the edges being red and shining; dry on waking, feeling burnt. Bapt. 3.

Yellow. Inflammation of the stomach, with swelling of the liver; vomiting of blood and mucus; yellow tongue. Phos. Clin.

Yellow. Red tongue, with blackish coat, covered with grayish-white crust; moist; edges red; pale dirty yellow posteriorly and along edges; white anteriorly. Merc. C. 3.

Yellow. Disturbances of digestion and of the function of the liver; the tongue is yellow and shows the print of the teeth around the margin. Chel. Clin.

Yellow. (*Miscellaneous*.) Vomiting of a yellow, bitter serous fluid. Coloc. 6.

Yellow. Black vomit in yellow fever and sometimes in the vomiting of pregnancy. Lach. Clin.

Yellow. Teeth yellow, loose and painful on chewing. Nit. Ac. 5.

Yellow. Teeth yellow. Lyc. 5.

Yellowish. Tongue dry without a yellowish coat, without thirst. Cocc. 3.

Yellowish-brown. Tongue coated yellow along centre; coated first white, with reddish papillæ here and there; then a yellowish-brown coat in centre, the edges being red and shining; dry on waking and feeling burnt. Bapt. 3.

Yellowish-brown mucous coat of tongue. Carbo V. 3.

Yellowish-gray. Ulcers on inside of cheeks, with sticking on uvula, palate, fauces, and, as far as could be seen, covered with yellowish-gray membrane; red, swollen, painful and offensive. Nit. Ac. 5.

Yellow-green. Difficult vomiting of the beverage and of yellow-green mucus and water, with bitter taste in mouth, which remained a long time. Ars. A. 6.

Yellowish-white. Tongue coated white; yellowish-white; ulceration of tongue and gums, with sore throat; dry tongue; dry at tip, as if burnt; painful. Psor. 3.

Yellowish-white. Blisters on tongue; coated yellowish-white at root. Rhus Tox. 3.

Zygoma. Tearing in diseased root in both rows, extending in zygoma, with bruised pain in both right jaws on pressure and on chewing. Caust. 5.



PART II.

MATERIA MEDICA AND THERAPEUTICS

OF

Stool, Rectum, Anus, Abdomen, Hypochondria, Umbilicus  
and Hypogastrium.



| Drug.           | 1 | Stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 2 | Rectum.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 3 | Anus.                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
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| Acon.           |   | Watery diarrhoea; stool green white, with red urine.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |   | Pain in rectum. Tenesmus, urging to stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |   | Shootings and pressure in anus. Painful contractions in anus. Bleeding hæmorrhoids; burning and heat in hæmorrhoidal vessels.                                                                                                     |   | Anxiety great; fear, apprehension, whining. Sensitiveness of the ears to every noise. Great sensibility of olfactory nerves. Expression of agony. Taste bitter. Thirst for cold water. Sensitiveness of larynx to inspired air; hoarseness. Cough dry and hoarse; ringing. Stitches in chest on inspiration. Palpitation and anxiety of heart. Pulse contracted, full, strong, rapid.              |
| Æscul.<br>Hipp. |   | Large and hard stool voided with great difficulty, followed by severe pains in anus, with feeling as if a portion of the anus was protruded; with severe backache in lumbar region.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |   | Burning in rectum after stool. Dryness in rectum, with heat; feels as if it were filled with small sticks. Feeling in rectum as if mucous membrane were thick and obstructed stool, and as if rectum would protrude if the effort were continued. Fullness, itching, soreness and dryness of rectum.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |   | Burning, fullness, itching, pressure and soreness in anus. Prolapsus; prolapsed feeling after stool; prolapsed feeling with backache. Urging to stool. Ineffectual attempts at stool.                                             |   | Aching in forehead, temples, vertex and occiput. Aching in small of back, sacrum and hips; aggravated by walking and stooping.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Agaric.         |   | Diarrhoea watery, with violent pinching and emission of much flatus. Dysenteric flux. Very hard stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |   | Urging to stool in rectum.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |   | Hæmorrhoids, with burning.                                                                                                                                                                                                        |   | Ill humor, with disinclination to answer questions. Drawing in bone from both sides of forehead as far as root of nose. Redness, burning and itching of ears, as if they had been frozen. Twitching face. Tearing; pinching; sprain; bruised; aching; drawing; burning pain in chest. Palpitation of heart. Aching along spine and limbs; along spinal cord when stooping, with soreness on touch. |
| Aloe.           |   | Liquid stool; diarrhoea in morning on rising; yellow, with distention and dull pain under ribs. Yellow, pappy, pasty stool. Brownish, small, slimy, half-fluid stool. Small, yellowish, shining stool at 9 a. m., with sputtering flatus; with dread lest feces and urine escaped together; while he would force out yet he held back. Thin stool after waking at three o'clock. Involuntary stool with passage of flatus falling out without exertion, almost unnoticed. Stool during micturition; also at 5 a. m., with micturition; in morning after rising; after breakfast. |   | Sensation of heat and burning in the rectum. Heaviness in rectum. Dragging down in rectum during menses, with full sensation in pelvis. Fear lest stool should escape with flatus; feeling as if thin stool would escape on passing urine; with the stool always a feeling as if more were at hand. Tenesmus, as if more stool would follow, which must be held back on account of soreness of anus, yet on account of this pain he does not dare to draw the anus together. Urging to stool, with passage of urine. Urging to stool after eating; when rising from lying; sudden in morning on rising; ineffectual; also with emission of flatus. |   | Sticking, cutting in anus after stool. Burning in anus after stool; after emission of hot flatus. Fullness in anus with pressing out. Hæmorrhoids swollen and sore. Weakness of sphincter ani, so that cleanliness was difficult. |   | Disinclination to mental labor. Aching in supraorbital region, above forehead, with heaviness in eyes and nausea. Compelled to make the eyes small.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Alum.           |   | Stool hard, in shape of laurel berries; difficult; with cutting in anus, as if too narrow, then a stream of blood, followed by soreness in anus along rectum. Evacuation of a small quantity of hard feces, with pressure and a sense of excoriation in the rectum. Stool scanty, difficult.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |   | Rectum seems paralyzed. Dried and constricted feeling in rectum during stool. Pressure and sense of excoriation in rectum after a small, hard stool. Tenesmus during diarrhoea.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |   | Excoriated feeling after a stool, attended with a contraction of rectum and constriction of anus. Pressure in anus during stool, with pain.                                                                                       |   | Dryness of throat in evening, inducing frequent clearing. Vomiting with the dry, hacking cough. Heaviness and staggering of lower extremities. Sleepiness.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 6 Hypochondria.                                                                                                                                                                                        | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
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| <p>Swelling of abdomen which is painful to touch, Burning in abdomen. Sensitiveness of abdomen to touch. Stitches; griping in abdomen, with swelling.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <p>Stitches in hepatic region hindering deep breathing. Pain in hepatic region, obstructing the breathing. Constriction in hepatic region; worse in the right, preventing deep breathing.</p>          | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Burning in the umbilical region.</p> <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Pain in hypogastrium as from a flatulent purgative. Sensitiveness of hypogastrium to touch.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                           | <p>Early stage of peritonitis and enteritis, with severe agonizing pain, tossing about, high fever. Violent colic from cold. Inflammatory symptoms in the hepatic region. Inflammation or engorgement of the pelvic viscera. Violent pain in rectum, with chill and fever, inflammation, tenesmus and bloody discharges. Bleeding piles, with heat and sharp stitches, blood bright. Diarrhœa, stools green, watery, after a chill or fright. Diarrhœa from checked perspiration during heat of summer, with cold nights.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <p>Emission of fetid flatus. Soreness of abdomen on touch.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <p>Stitches in right hypochondrium. Constant dull aching in right lower lobe of liver. Soreness, fullness, distress in right hypochondrium.</p>                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <p>Liver troubles, associated with engorged portal circulation, especially in large hæmorrhoids. Protruding purple piles, with severe pains in the sacrum and small of back and fullness in the region of the liver. Chronic diarrhœa; first part hard and black, then evacuation yellow, thin or brown, mushy or white, accompanied by severe lumbar and sacral pains.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <p>Distention of abdomen with rumbling. Emission of much inodorous flatus. Cutting, griping pain in abdomen. Sense of writhing in the abdomen.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <p>Stitches in liver under left short ribs. Pain in hypochondria, with soreness.</p>                                                                                                                   | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Stitches in umbilical region. Pinching below umbilicus.</p> <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Stitching, griping, drawing pain in hypogastrium.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p>Obstinate constipation, following diarrhœa in old spirit drinkers, who are full of nervous symptoms, as loss of appetite, insomnia, scirrhotic liver. Diarrhœa in wet weather, mostly mornings after rising, and eating, with much rumbling; stools thin, yellow, fecal slimy. Congested, enlarged liver; sensation of pain and drawing in right hypochondrium, as if the liver had increased in weight and dragged at its ligaments</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <p>Distention of abdomen with motion of flatus. Emission of flatus after every meal; on attempting to go to stool; burning and offensive. Offensive flatus with stool; frequent and loud, easy with inclination as for soft stool; griping in abdomen before stool; also during and after stool. Pain in muscles of abdomen when rising from lying, with pressing to stool as from taking cold. Weak feeling in abdomen, as if diarrhœa would occur.</p> | <p>Pain in hypochondria, aggravated by standing, so that he stoops; towards morning with distention; pain in forehead and diarrhœa. Uneasiness in region of liver with heat, pressure and tension.</p> | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Soreness in abdomen, especially in sides and down sides of umbilicus on touch with pain.</p> <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Gurgling in hypogastrium at night, with sudden urging to stool. Sensation of a plug between symphysis pubis and os coccygis, with urging to stool. Heaviness in the hypogastrium. Determination of blood to large intestines.</p> | <p>Hæmorrhoids protrude like a bunch of grapes; greatly relieved by bathing with cold water. Hæmorrhoids from a suppressed cutaneous eruption. Engorgement of the hæmorrhoidal veins is one of the most constant effects of Aloes. Diarrhœa driving out of bed very early in the morning; want of confidence in spineter ani; worse immediately after eating; aggravated in mornings in hot, damp weather. Hospital diarrhœa. Constipation of persons who live to eat, with heavy pressure in the lower part of the abdomen. Constipation of old people with abdominal plethora; suitable to hypochondriacs, and to bookworms. Involuntary, unnoticed, hard stool. Chronic dysentery, with the abdominal symptoms of flatulence, and the burning in anus and rectum; discharge of jelly-like lumps.</p> |
| <p>Sticking pressive pain in the region of the abdominal ring as if a hernia would press out there, with tension as far as the side of the abdomen.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <p>Diarrhœa on alternate days. Inactivity of rectum; even a soft and t in stool requires great straining. Constipation is the rule in cases requiring Alumina: the rectum is inactive; the stools are hard; often associated with soreness of the rectum and anus, which bleed readily. Constipation of children, with dry and inflamed rectum and bleeding.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |



| Drug.          | 1 | Stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 2 | Rectum.                                                                                                                                      | 3 | Anus.                                                             | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
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| Am.<br>Mur.    |   | Stools contain glassy, tough mucus; covered with mucus. Green, slimy diarrhoea. <b>Hard</b> , crumbling, scanty stool; covered with mucus.                                                                                                   |   | Itching soreness in rectum, with pustules by the side of it. Burning in rectum during and after soft stools.                                 |   | Burning in anus during soft stool. Stinging, tearing in perineum. |   | Clear water running from nose and corroding lips; sneezing frequently. Pain in thighs when sitting down. Chilliness evenings after lying down and as often as she wakes; without thirst.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Anacar         |   | Urging to stool after a meal; more in upper part of intestines.                                                                                                                                                                              |   | Tenesmus, but he cannot expel anything and the rectum seems plugged up. Frequent tenesmus during the day, without ability to expel anything. |   |                                                                   |   | Memory weak. Anxiety, as if pursued, with suspicion of everything around him. Pressure in vertex as from a plug.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Anti.<br>Crud. |   | Stool natural at first; then several small, loose evacuations; then small, hard evacuations, with violent, straining in rectum and anus till all are passed. Constipation; stool hard and difficult.                                         |   | Sore pain in rectum during stool, as if an ulcer had been torn apart, with discharge of mucus.                                               |   | Itching in anus.                                                  |   | Sulky; peevish. Aching of head after bathing in the river. Tongue coated white. Eructation of a fluid tasting of the ingesta. Voice lost.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Anti.<br>Tart. |   | Copious alvine evacuations. Offensive diarrhoeic stools. Diarrhoea and vomiting.                                                                                                                                                             |   |                                                                                                                                              |   |                                                                   |   | Trembling. Face pale and sunken. Anxious nausea. Rattling of mucus in chest. Pulse rapid weak and trembling. Sleepiness.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Apis.          |   | Frequent yellow, watery stool, with griping. Stool soft; mixed with serum, orange colored, loose in morning and urgent. Copious diarrhoea with vomiting, then watery and fetid stools. Copious blackish-brown, green and whitish stools.     |   |                                                                                                                                              |   | Sensation of rawness in anus, with diarrhoea.                     |   | Vertigo with headache. Eyelids swollen, red, oedematous. Sensation as if he could not breathe again; suffocation. Foot and toes feel swollen and stiff. Furuncles and large swellings of every description. Sleepiness. Fever without thirst.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Argen.<br>Met. |   | Stool after dinner very dry and like sand, but passed without trouble.                                                                                                                                                                       |   | Frequent and successful desire for stool in the lower part of the rectum, with expulsion of a small quantity of soft stool.                  |   |                                                                   |   | Weakness, aching in left temple, pinching in right. Mucus in throat viscid, gray, jelly-like, in morning easily hawked up. Rawness, roughness and soreness of throat. Crushed pain in right testicle. Cough with easy expectoration, like boiled starch.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Argen.<br>Nit. |   | Stool brown, liquid, fetid, copious. Scanty watery stool about midnight with flatulent colic and noisy flatulence during stool. Stool of green mucus with retching, vomiting of mucus and intolerance of lacing around hypochondria; bloody. |   | Sudden waking at 6 a. m., with copious yellow, half-liquid stool, with urging in rectum.                                                     |   | Itching in anus.                                                  |   | Trembling and tremulous sensation. Headache relieved by binding head tightly. Gray spots and bodies in shape of serpents moving before vision. Canthi blood red, with swelling of curuncula lachrymalis. Red tip of tongue with pain. Dark redness of uvula and fauces, with thick, tenacious mucus. Sensation of a splinter in throat when swallowing, with rawness and soreness. Painful swelling of pit of stomach. Burning and heaviness in chest. Anxiety and palpitation of heart. Sleeplessness. |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 6 Hypochondria.                  | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                                                                                                           | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
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|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                  | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Pain below umbilicus at 4 p. m., then usual stool.</p>                                                                             | <p>Constipation, with hard, crumbly stool, or the feces are covered with glairy mucus, and are accompanied by a discharge of a quantity of mucus and much flatus. Chronic diarrhoea during menstruation; green mucous stools; sometimes diarrhoea alternates with constipation. Colliquative diarrhoea of phthisis abdominalis. Chronic congestion of the liver, with depression of spirits; stitching and burning in right hypochondrium.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <p>Rumbling in abdomen.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                  | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Thrust as from a blunt tool in right umbilical region. Pain around the navel as if a blunt plug were squeezed into intestines,</p> | <p>Frequent tenesmus for many days, without being able to pass anything; great urgent desire for stool, but on sitting down the desire immediately passes off without an evacuation. Stools very sluggish; the rectum seems plugged up; the attempt to have a stool causes distress in the abdomen. Inclination to swear.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <p>Distention of abdomen.</p> <p>Abdominal meteorism. Cutting with heaviness across lower abdomen; ineffectual retchings, then ineffectual tendency to diarrhoea; difficult vomiting; trembling in abdomen and bending together, then two diarrhoeic stools, the last like water. Sensation in abdomen as if full of stones after long sitting at work, though it does not feel hard.</p> |                                  |                                                                                                                                                         | <p>Alternating diarrhoea and constipation, especially in old people. Constipation during childbed. Children's stools white, dry with hard lumps of curd. Diarrhoea after nursing, from overheating, after cold bathing. Diarrhoea from vinegar or other acids. Diarrhoea of pregnant women. Haemorrhoids, with oozing of yellow mucus; constipated during hot weather.</p> <p>Diarrhoea slimy, and of the appearance of yeast; cadaverous smell. Diarrhoea of drunkards, or in pneumonia. Stools grass green, slimy, with vomiting; colic. Violent colic, as if the bowels would be cut to pieces. Shifting of flatus, with sharp cutting colic, with nausea.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <p>Distention of abdomen. Pain in abdomen aggravated by pressure, touch and horizontal position, with sensitiveness. Soreness of abdomen in morning when sneezing or on pressure.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                  |                                                                                                                                                         | <p>Abdominal dropsy, sometimes with diarrhoea and vomiting. Bruised feeling in the abdominal walls, which are extremely tender, even when the abdomen is not swollen. Painless diarrhoea, especially mornings, greenish-yellow watery mucus, profuse and full of bright red lumps. Diarrhoea during typhoid or scarlatina. Chronic constipation; feeling in anus as if it were stuffed full; large hard difficult stools, only once or twice a week. Small protruding varices, which sting, burn and smart intolerably. Stools sometimes involuntary on every motion; this symptom indicates Apis in diarrhoea and cholera infantum. Dysentery, with a low type of fever; bloody, almost painless stools. Chronic diarrhoea; cannot urinate without having a stool or the stools become dark and fetid; worse after eating. Piles after confinement, with sharp stinging pain. Ascarides, with delirium, screaming.</p> |
| <p>Cutting in abdomen. Loud rumbling in the left side of abdomen, like the croaking of frogs.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                  | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Bruised pain in groin over left hip and on left side of pelvis.</p>                                                             | <p>Sore feeling, extending to the whole abdomen, aggravated by riding in a carriage.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <p>Distention of abdomen after supper, with heaviness, anxiety and emission of flatus. Pain in abdomen at night, waking from uneasy slumber, then sixteen evacuations of greenish, fetid mucus, with noisy emission of flatus. Stitches like electric sparks through left side of abdomen, especially during a sudden transition from rest to motion.</p>                                 | <p>Pain in the hypochondria.</p> |                                                                                                                                                         | <p>Nervous diarrhoea from emotions, from apprehension, as when ready to go to church, theatre, etc. Diarrhoea of green mucus like chopped spinach usually with great flatulence. Evacuation of shreds of mucus or of undigested food, with enormous distention of abdomen; stools excessively offensive. Dysentery, with bloody, slimy stools, with symptoms of ulceration of the rectum; Chronic dysentery. Diarrhoea immediately after drinking. Diarrhoea from eating sugar or sweets, of which there is a great fondness. Cirrhosis of the liver from malarial cachexia.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |



| Drug.              | 1 | Stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 2 | Rectum.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 3 | Anus.                                                                                                                                                  | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
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| <b>Arnica.</b>     |   | Diarrhoea at night, with cutting in intestines; stool like brown yeast. Constipation. Stool frequent, with necessity to lie down after every stool; small; consisting of mucus. Involuntary stool at night in sleep.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |   | Tenesmus; then copious thin or pap-like, sour-smelling stool with relief. Sensation of rumbling in the rectum.                                                                                                                |   |                                                                                                                                                        |   | Sensitiveness of whole body; bruised pain over whole body. Stinging, confusion, heaviness, aching of head. Breath fetid. Eructations bitter and like rotten eggs. Paralytic pain in all joints during motion.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Arsen. Alb.</b> |   | Stool watery; of blood and water; contained acrid water; greenish. Violent stool, watery black fluid; burning in anus after uneasiness and pain in abdomen. Diarrhoea with coldness of extremities, with vomiting and prostration; with tearing and cutting in abdomen; stool dark, bloody-colored; black mucus; offensive; yellow; with tenesmus and burning pain in rectum and anus. Constipation with pain in abdomen. Expulsion of pieces of mucus, with tenesmus and cutting in anus as from blind hæmorrhoids. Stools black, acrid, putrid; excoriated skin about anus. Small stool after colic with tenesmus, first of dark green feces, then of dark green mucus. |   | Painful, spasmodic protrusion of rectum. Burning in rectum after stool, with weakness and trembling in all limbs. Urging to stool, ineffectual; tenesmus, as in dysentery, with burning pain and pressure in rectum and anus. |   | Hæmorrhoids blind, painful, with slow, hot prickings; hæmorrhoidal tenesmus, causing burning pain. The evacuations excoriated the skin about the anus. |   | Great restlessness, with anxiety and unquenchable thirst; extreme weakness; delirium at night, with restlessness. Despairs and imagines he must die. Disposition to suicide. Burning, corrosive lachrymation, making cheeks sore, also lids. Watery and excoriating discharge from nose. Face swollen, sunken, pale yellow; cachetic expression of countenance. Tongue brown and redness of tip, dry. Dry feeling in mouth with thirst, but he drinks little at a time. Loathing of food. Vomiting every time after drinking; of all nourishment as soon as it touches the stomach. Micturition involuntary, scanty, burning. Short, anxious breathing. Palpitation of heart. Pulse rapid, weak and irregular. |
| <b>Asaf.</b>       |   | Stool profuse, thick, papescent, brown, offensive, relieving symptoms of abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |   | Pain in perineum as if something dull pressed out there.                                                                                                                                                                      |   |                                                                                                                                                        |   | Pressive pain in head from within outward. Hysterical rising in throat as if a ball or large body ascended from stomach to œsophagus. Spasmodic tightness in chest as if lungs could not be expanded fully.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Bapt.</b>       |   | Diarrhoea in morning; stool papescent, with much mucus but no real pain. Constipation, with fullness of abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |   |                                                                                                                                                        |   | Restlessness; does not sleep quietly. Indescribable sick feeling over whole body. Vertigo, with weak feeling over whole body, especially of lower limbs, with weak knees. Redness of tonsils and soft palate.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 6 Hypochondria.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
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| <p>Distention of abdomen, with frequent urging to stool, though more than ever constipated; tympanitic. Flatulence offensive, smelling like rotten eggs. Cutting in abdomen. Stitches in sides of abdomen during cough. Thrusts from one side of the abdomen to the other.</p> <p><b>Abdomen swollen and painful.</b> Stitches in abdomen, extending into the vagina, tearing, cutting. <b>Pain in abdomen; better after stool, with unbearable anxiety,</b> so that he rolled about the floor and despaired of his life. <b>Burning pain in abdomen,</b> increased to sharp pain on pressure. Anxiety, with pain in abdomen, so violent that he grasped bystanders, and again pushed them from him; frequently jumped out of bed and sat on the chamber, or ran about.</p> <p>Distention of abdomen, with griping and emission of flatus. Pain in the upper portion of the abdomen, as from taking cold, and as if diarrhoea would ensue, with ravenous hunger. Intermittent griping pain in abdomen. Aching in flanks on drawing in abdominal muscles.</p> <p>Distention and rumbling in abdomen.</p> | <p>Stitches below last ribs; below right ribs. <b>Stitches under left false ribs when standing, intercepting, breathing.</b> Pressure below last ribs. Constriction at level of attachment of diaphragm.</p> <p>Pain over region of liver, aggravated by pressure. Spleen hypertrophied.</p> | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Intermittent tearing in left half of pubic eminence. Deep-seated digging pain within hips on both sides, as in dysentery, with nausea and drowsiness.</p> <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Pain about umbilicus, causing him to bend forward; aggravation from touch; attempting to raise himself or to lie on back, and cried that his intestines were burning.</p> <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Pinching, increasing to cutting pain in hypogastrium in morning before, during, and after diarrhoea.</p> | <p>Constipation; no urging; inactivity of rectum; stool insufficient, hard; much straining, with headache. Diarrhoea, with great prostration; stools involuntary during sleep; brown; fermented, with fetid breath and loathing of food. Involuntary putrid stools in typhoid. Haemorrhages from bowels in typhoid; dark, venous. Dysentery of a low type. Prolapsus ani from overstraining and violent riding; aggravation from standing. Diffuse, subacute gastro-enteritis of a low type; offensive gases passed upwards and downwards, and general soreness, as if bruised.</p> <p>Diarrhoea of malarial origin, or after chilling the stomach with cold substances; stools generally dark, scanty, watery or mucous; sometimes bloody. Stools may be brown or black; burning; putrid; brought on by eating or drinking, or aggravated after midnight; preceded by most violent, burning and cutting pains, and followed by extreme exhaustion. Haemorrhoids, bluish, swollen, inflamed, protruding, bleeding from least touch; with stitching burning pains from cold, from ice cream and ice water in hot weather. Haemorrhoids of drunkards. Metro-peritonitis with nausea, vomiting; profound prostration; cold sweat; brown tongue, burning pain. Ulceration of the bowels. Enlarged spleen. Enlarged liver. Dropsy of abdomen. Pain in hepatic region, increased on pressure; stitches in right hypochondrium, extending to gastric region.</p> |
| <p>Distention of abdomen, with griping and emission of flatus. Pain in the upper portion of the abdomen, as from taking cold, and as if diarrhoea would ensue, with ravenous hunger. Intermittent griping pain in abdomen. Aching in flanks on drawing in abdominal muscles.</p> <p>Distention and rumbling in abdomen.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <p>Pain over region of liver, aggravated by pressure. Spleen hypertrophied.</p> <p>Pain in region of gall-bladder, aggravated by walking; in liver extending from right lateral ligament to gall-bladder.</p>                                                                                | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Pain in umbilical region.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <p>Painful diarrhoea; watery, liquid stools of the most disgusting smell; discharges profuse; greenish; blackish-brown; papescent; stool and breath equally offensive.</p> <p>Constipation, with torpor of the liver and haemorrhoids; stool very small, resembles sheep's dung, passed only by very great straining. Diarrhoea in low types of malarial fever; evacuations horribly offensive; thin; fecal, usually dark. Dysentery; discharges bloody; some tenesmus, but not painful. Sensitiveness of the right iliac region.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |



| Drug.  | 1 | Stool.                                                                                                                                                                      | 2 | Rectum.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 3 | Anus.                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
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| Bell.  |   | Urging to stool, which is thin, frequent but ineffectual, or with a scanty, hard stool. Stool involuntary.                                                                  |   | Squeezing, constrictive pain in lowermost intestines alternately with shoots or jerks in direction of perineum. Tenesmus; a constant pressing and urging toward anus and genitals, alternating with painful contractions of anus. Straining to stool, then scanty diarrhoea, then increased straining. |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                         |   | Irritability and acuteness of sense of taste, smell, touch, sight, hearing. Delirium, with heat, springing out of bed, laughing, constant talking, injected and protruding eyes, dilated pupils. Abhorrence of liquids. Jerking pain in head, aggravated by walking quickly. Stabbing pain from one temple to the other. Swelling and redness of face, especially about eyes. Urine retained passed by drops. Badly smelling hæmorrhage from the uterus. Painful dryness of larynx. Pulse full and frequent. Starting in otherwise quiet sleep; feeling as if falling deep down. Dry, hot, and scarlet skin. |
| Berb.  |   | Constipation.                                                                                                                                                               |   | Long-continued sensation in rectum after stool, as if one had just been to stool or had just recovered from a pain in anus. Urging in rectum to stool.                                                                                                                                                 |   | Burning pain in anus during, before and after stool. Tearings extending around anus, with smarting. Burning pain in anus as if parts around it were sore. Crawling, burning, itching in and about anus. |   | Drawing pain in bladder in one or other side, extending into female urethra; after arising in lumbar region and extending along ureter. Urine becomes turbid and deposits a thick mucous and bright red mealy sediment. Burning, soreness, and smarting in vagina. Sticking pains in loins, especially outward, so that it extends around abdomen in front, or to region of hips. Stitches from kidneys into bladder. Pressive or tensive pain across small of back, with stiffness and lameness.                                                                                                            |
| Borax. |   | Stool light yellow, soft, three times a day, with weakness. Diarrhoea six times from morning till 2 p. m., without pain. Green stool preceded by crying; frequent and easy. |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                         |   | Anxious expression of face during the downward motion; when laying her down she would start and throw up her hands as if afraid of falling. Mouth of an infant very hot; child often cries before the urine passes. Leucorrhœa like the white of an egg. Stitches with every cough. An infant cries out of sleep and anxiously grasps its mother as if frightened by a dream.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                               | 6 Hypochondria.                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
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| <p>Tumefaction of abdomen, with tenderness to touch. Pain in a spot in abdomen, as if seized with nails; a griping, clutching, clawing. Pain in abdomen, as if sore and raw, tenderness on pressure.</p> | <p>Stitches in region of gall-bladder; aggravation from pressure. Stitches in left hepatic region near border of false ribs, about three inches from linea alba; aggravation from pressure extending into region of stomach.</p> | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Feeling of distention of abdomen, with constrictive pain below umbilicus; the latter comes in jerks, obliging bending double. Feeling immediately below umbilicus as if intestines pressed outward, aggravated by standing.</p> <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Cutting pain in hypogastrium, now here, now there. Tensive pain in morning on getting out of bed, especially in region of os pubis, with feeling as if hypogastrium were spasmodically constricted; sometimes as if distended; pains generally increasing and decreasing. Pressure in morning in hypogastrium as if everything would be forced out towards organs of generation, with distention of abdomen, then contraction of abdomen, then discharge of white mucus from vagina.</p> | <p>Diarrhœa, aggravated by motion; straining to stool. Bleeding piles; spasmodic constriction of sphincter ani, with great forcing and great sensitiveness. Mucous membrane of the anus is swollen, and everted in dysentery, with excessive tenderness. Acute pain in hepatic region; worse from pressure, breathing, coughing and lying on the right side. Peritonitis and metro-peritonitis. Abdominal affections, characterized by extreme sensitiveness to touch; intolerance of even the clothing. Gall-stone colic. Jaundice. Diarrhœa of green mucus and blood. Dysentery, especially in children.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <p>Flatulence in abdomen after every meal. Pinching in abdomen with diarrhœa. Pain in abdomen as if diarrhœa would result.</p>                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Pain to side of umbilicus corresponding to a place in front of kidneys and rather to side, mostly sticking; often extending to lumbar region or to groins, liver, spleen or stomach.</p> <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Varicose veins near right ring. Stitches at origin of Ponpart's ligament at left ilium, extending down, then shooting outward into left side of female urethra. Sticking deep in one or other ilium an inch or an inch and a half from the spine, extending obliquely inward toward small of back.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <p>Constipation from constriction of anus, hard stool like sheep's dung; passed only after hard straining. Fistula recti, with bilious symptoms aggravated when sitting. Diarrhœa, painless clay-colored, with burning and smarting in anus; sallow complexion. Hæmorrhoids, with itching and burning, particularly after stool. Pressure and stitches in hepatic region; colic from gall-stones. Sharp pinching pains in liver, which come suddenly and with great severity. Hepatic diseases, with indigestion, eructations, salivation, heartburn, vomiting of food.</p> <p>Diarrhœa, just after breakfast; the passage at first formed; then loose with burning in anus. Diarrhœa; stools painless; at first frothy, thin and brown; later cadaverous smelling, containing bits of yellow feces. Diarrhœa in nursing infants; offensive preceded by colic; stools mucous with aphthous sore mouth.</p> |



| Drugs.         | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 3                                                                                                                                                                         | 4                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
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|                | Stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Rectum.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Anus.                                                                                                                                                                     | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Bry.           | Stool pasty, with burning in anus; offensive in afternoon, then burning in anus, with much flatus; then hard portions, then again soft, so that he believed he would scarcely finish the evacuation. Diarrhœa in morning, then burning in anus; aggravation at night, preceded by cutting in abdomen, then prickling and burning in anus; stool smelling like old cheese. Obstinate constipation; stool dry and difficult, with confusion of head. Stool unsatisfactory after much straining, which caused rush of blood to head and confusion of head. | Burning in rectum, with evacuation of stool and urine; stools dry and large, then copious, pasty stools, with relief of all symptoms except the confusion of head.                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                           | Delirious. Anxiety apprehension for the future. Ill humor; everything puts him out of humor. Headache beginning in morning on first opening and moving eyes. Vertigo in morning on rising, as if head were turning in a circle. Face red, hot, soft; puffiness. Tongue white. Taste bitter. Thirst excessive; she must drink much at once. Sensation as if a stone lay in stomach after eating. Urine red, almost brown. Stitches in sternum on coughing, with necessity to hold the chest with the hands. Hot swelling of instep; dreams about his household affairs. |
| Calc.<br>Carb. | Stool undigested. Stool intermitting, frequent, at first hard, then pasty, then liquid; white; offensive, like bad eggs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Protrusion of rectum. Cramp in rectum all the forenoon; a griping and sticking, with anxiety, so that she must walk about. Heaviness in lower part of rectum. Crawling in rectum as from pin-worms. Burning in rectum in morning after a copious stool. | Swollen hæmorrhoids protrude and cause pain during a stool, which is not hard; hæmorrhage. Burning in anus during stool.                                                  | Epileptic attacks. Anxiety of mind, with palpitation. Rush of blood to head, with heat. Vertigo on suddenly turning head. Swelling of submaxillary glands. Ravenous hunger, with swelling of epigastric region. Leucorrhœa like milk. Menstruation too early. Painless hoarseness. Cough at night, with sweetish, mucous expectoration. Respiration short on going up the slightest ascent. Sore pain in chest, with sensitiveness to touch and on inspiration. Sweat mornings; during the day on slightest exertion.                                                  |
| Calc.<br>Phos. | Diarrhœa from juicy fruit or cider. Diarrhœa during first dentition with much wind; after vexation; containing white points or flakes like pus; offensive; with much flatulence.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Sore feeling in anus; worse outside; with stitching, burning and throbbing.                                                                                               | Rheumatic pain in neck after draught of air, with stiffness and dullness of head. Taste bitter in morning, with headache. Sinking sensation in epigastrium. Burning in stomach and waterbrash.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Camph.         | Stool blackish, involuntary.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                           | Restlessness. Anxiety. Face pale and anxious.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Canth.         | Diarrhœa, with burning in anus, consisting of blood and mucus. White, tough mucus, with the stool like scrapings from the intestines, with streaks of blood; copious.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Tenesmus.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Passage of pure blood from anus and from urethra. Burning in anus after diarrhœa. Pain in perineum, seeming to arise from neck of bladder rather than from root of penis. | Pain in bladder, with frequent urging and intolerable tenesmus. Burning in urethra; micturition painful, in drops. Cutting in urethra before, during and after micturition; urine bloody.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Capsi.         | Small, frequent passages, consisting of mucus, at times mingled with blood and causing tenesmus, preceded by flatulent colic in hypogastrium. Diarrhœa, then empty tenesmus; mucus diarrhœa with tenesmus; small stool, consisting of only mucus.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Tenesmus. Urging to stool after drinking, but only a little mucus passed. Feeling in rectum as if he would have diarrhœa as soon as he drank anything, but only a little passed every time.                                                             | Hæmorrhoids, with itching at times. Burning, biting, stinging in anus, with diarrhœa-like stool. Burning pain in anus.                                                    | Aching as if the skull would burst on coughing. Swelling on bone behind the ear; painful to touch. Cough expels an offensive breath from lungs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 6 Hypochondria.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                                                                                                                                                              | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
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| <p>Distention of abdomen after eating, with motions and colic, then continued constipation and feeling as if something lay in abdomen. Sudden cutting in abdomen, relieved after profuse pasty stools, with digging, compelling him to bend double. Griping in abdomen, with constriction, soreness and dragging downward and outward. Twitching in left side of abdomen between navel and left flank as if in muscles of wall, then sticking deep in left side of back. <b>Offensive flatus.</b></p> | <p>Pain in right hypochondrium, with sensitiveness; the latter aggravated by hard pressure and deep inspiration. Tensive pain in hepatic region; in right, below false ribs, aggravated on deep inspiration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Griping in umbilical region, with pinching as after taking cold.</p>                                                                                                                  | <p>Constipation of lying-in women. Stools hard, dark brown or black; dry, as if burnt. Diarrhoea from suddenly checked perspiration in hot weather; from cold drinks, vegetables, stewed fruits, drinking milk. Peri-hepatitis, with sharp stitches in right hypochondrium; aggravation from any motion better when lying on right side; liver seems swollen; sore to touch. Typhilitis. Peritonitis.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <p>Distention of abdomen, with hardness. Rumbling in abdomen. Cramps in abdomen; aggravation in evening and night, with coldness in thighs. Drawing tension in abdomen.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <p>Intolerance of tight clothing in hypochondria. Feeling below hypochondria, as if laced with trembling and throbbing in epigastric region. Stitches in right hypochondrium during and after stooping. Pressure in hypochondrium on every step. Drawing pain in posterior part extending towards back like tearings. Drawing pain in right hypochondrium, extending towards symphysis pubis. Tension and pressure in hepatic region, as if enlarged even to bursting.</p> | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Swelling of inguinal glands. Pressure in hypogastrium on physical exertion.</p>                                                                                                    | <p>Stools, at first hard, then mushy, finally fluid, smelling like rotten eggs, involuntary, fermented; sour smelling diarrhoea, alternating with constipation. Stools looking like lumps of chalk in children during dentition; hard, undigested; bleeding from anus after stool. Chronic diarrhoea, which does not weaken the patient. Diarrhoea of undigested stools; sour odor; large in quantity. Ascariides in chronic diarrhoea, with great appetite and distention of stomach. Cholera infantum, with vomiting of sour food, or curdled lumps. Enlargement of liver, which is sore, with jaundice. Gall-stone colic, terrible darting pain; intolerance of garments about the waist. Flatulent distention of abdomen, with great increase of fat; abdominal dropsy. Umbilical hernia.</p> |
| <p>Fetid flatus, with cutting, pinching, then diarrhoea, with pain in abdomen on every attempt to eat.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Soreness and pain around navel.</p>                                                                                                                                                   | <p>Hard stool, with depression of mind, causing headache and vertigo in old people. Diarrhoea; stools green; sometimes slimy, white and mushy; hot and watery; very offensive. Protruding piles, aching, itching and sore. Fistula ani. Cholera infantum; great desire for indigestible things, like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken; flabby; emaciation; stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <p>Heat in upper and lower abdomen. Coldness in upper and lower abdomen. Constrictive pain below short ribs, extending into lumbar vertebræ.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p>Diarrhoea, with great prostration and collapse at the very commencement of the disease; cutting pains with a loose discharge of dark brown or black feces, like coffee grounds, rice-water stools. Asiatic cholera, with sudden suppression of the discharges and collapse (the remedy should be stopped when the patient perspires). Cholera infantum; sudden vomiting and diarrhoea; with coldness of body.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <p>Distention of abdomen; tympanitic and tender. Cutting in abdomen towards evening, during stool, after the stool, shivering. Burning along alimentary canal.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <p>Incarceration of flatus under short ribs.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p>Diarrhoea, like scrapings of intestines; reddish mucus or bloody; flaky, with extreme burning at anus during stool. Dysenteric, bloody stools, with intolerable burning tenesmus, with chill, as if water were poured over one. Acute dysentery, with unquenchable thirst; even the lips, mouth and throat, feel raw and burning; tendency to collapse; cold hands and feet.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <p>Feeling in abdomen as if distended even to bursting, causing suffocation. Tension in abdomen, especially in epigastric region, between pit of stomach and navel; aggravation from motion, with tension in lower part of back. Tensive pain, extending to chest, as from distention of abdomen.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Colic, with cutting, twisting about navel and passage of tough mucus like diarrhoea, at times, mixed with black blood; after every stool thirst, and after every drink shivering.</p> | <p>Mucous diarrhoea, with tenesmus; stools frequent, small; burning in rectum and bladder; bloody, shaggy, greenish frothy; worse at night. Dysentery in moist weather; aggravation from any current of air; violent tenesmus of rectum and bladder. Hemorrhoids, with excessive burning as from pepper; throbbing soreness, with drawing pain in back.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |



| Drug.            | 1 Stool.                                                                                                                                                                      | 2 Rectum.                                                                                                                                                                                      | 3 Anus.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 4 Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
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| Carbo.<br>An.    | Stool soft, scanty and delayed, with passage of blood during stool.                                                                                                           | Hæmorrhoids swell very much, with burning pain on walking.                                                                                                                                     | Oozing of sticky, odorless moisture from anus, with soreness and burning. Sticky, odorless moisture behind scrotum.                                                                                                                                                                               | Desire to be alone; she is sad and reflective and avoids conversation. Bleeding of nose mornings, preceded by vertigo. Weakness of ankle when walking. Offensive sweat at night, which colors the linen yellow; exhausting.                                                                                                                                                    |
| Carbo<br>Veg.    | Stool enveloped by filamentous, yellowish mucus; this mucus is entirely bloody in last portions of feces.                                                                     | Stitches in rectum during stool. Gnawing in rectum when not at stool. Crawling in rectum and complaints of ascarides. Ineffectual urging; tenesmus; only wind passes, with pressure in rectum. | Bleeding of anus during stool. Glutinous, musty exudation at night; acrid, corrosive moisture from anus. Passage of mucus from anus, with urging. Stitches towards anus, with soreness and burning after stool. Soreness of perineum, with painful itching when touched; at night, with moisture. | Vision of black, floating spots. Bleeding of nose several times daily, preceded and accompanied by pallor of the face. Roughness of larynx, with deep, rough voice, without pain in throat. Burning in chest as from glowing coals. The hat pressed upon the head like a heavy weight, and the sensation, even after taking it off, as if the head were bound up with a cloth. |
| Carbol.<br>Acid. |                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Tightness, as if a rubber band were stretched from one temple to another. Vesicles on hands and all over body, with itching; relieved by rubbing, but leaving a burning pain.                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Card.<br>Mar.    | Stool hard and difficult, brown and knotty.                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Urine cloudy, without sediment; golden. Stitches in region of seventh rib when stooping; afterwards the pain spreads all over front of chest and made movement of arms, walking and stooping almost impossible.                                                                                                                                                                |
| Caust.           | Diarrhœa; stool passes better when standing.                                                                                                                                  | Frequent, sudden, pressing-piercing pain in rectum. Pressure in rectum all day, with frequent, ineffectual urging. Itching in rectum and in genitals, with sticking.                           | Hæmorrhoids, with sore pain; unendurable on walking or reflecting; swollen, with itching-sticking and much moisture; hard, stinging-burning; painful when touched. Itching in anus, with pain in perineum.                                                                                        | Inability to lie still a moment at night. Peevish. Sensation as from sand in eyes. Heaviness of upper lid as if he could not raise it easily. Muscles of larynx do not perform their function and inability to speak a loud word; worse in evening, with scraping in throat. Dry cough, with a sore streak down trachea, where it pains on every paroxysm of cough.            |
| Cham.            | Diarrhœa nightly, with colic, so that she must bend double; hot, smelling like rotten eggs; green, watery, painless, consisting of feces and mucus; white, slimy, with colic. |                                                                                                                                                                                                | Blind hæmorrhoids; bleeding; with itching pain in anus.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Whining restlessness. Piteous moaning of a child. Peevishness; impatience. One cheek red, the other pale. Profuse discharge of clotted blood from uterus, with labor pains. The child can only be carried when carried on the arm. Throbbing in attacks in one-half of brain.                                                                                                  |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 6 Hypochondria.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
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| <p>Distention of abdomen with motions and passage of offensive flatus; much trouble from flatulence.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Tearing transversely across pubis and then through pudenda, as far as anus. Pain in right hypogastrium, as if something would be squeezed through. Sticking in groin; feeling after sitting down as if a large heavy body were lying there; better after pressure, by passage of flatus.</p> | <p>Constipation; stool very hard; passed with much difficulty and streaked with blood. Oozing of a thin, inodorous fluid from the rectum: weak digestion, especially in nursing women.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <p>Distention of abdomen after dinner with rumbling of flatus, griping. Flatulence and distention of abdomen from things which usually digested easily. <b>Offensive flatus</b>, and at last moist flatus, with dragging towards sacrum and thence towards abdomen. Dragging or griping in abdomen after stool. Feeling in abdomen as if it would burst if he eats or drinks. Tension in abdomen in afternoon from accumulated flatus, but it passes copiously and easily. Heaviness in abdomen; sensation as if it hung down heavily, obliging her to walk bent.</p> | <p>Pain in hypochondria on touch; in region of liver; bruised pain. Tension in liver region as if it were too short there on waking from midday nap. Hypochondrium oppressed by clothing which was unendurable.</p>                              | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Accumulation of flatus in left upper abdomen more towards back with pinching here and there under short ribs in hypogastrium. Pinching pain in hypogastrium.</p>                                                                                                                             | <p>Diarrhoea from chilling the stomach with ice water; from rancid fat; stools putrid; cadaverous smelling. Painful diarrhoea of old people; even soft stools passed with difficulty. Frequent involuntary stools of putrid, cadaverous odor; burning pains, deep in abdomen; feces escape with flatus; collapse; pulse weak and intermittent. Hemorrhoids protruding; large, bluish, suppurating and offensive, with burning pains in anus. Hepatic region very sensitive and painful to touch; right lobe of liver painful; stitching, burning pains; clothing unendurable. Colic worse when riding in the cars or carriage; amelioration from emission of flatus. Diarrhoea brown, yellow or slimy; putrid odor with low types of fever; coldness of extremities; tendency to collapse.</p> |
| <p>Distention of abdomen, with rumbling and rolling.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p>Pain in right hypochondrium, and in both iliac regions.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <p>Diarrhoea from bad drainage; from drinking impure water; stools black, or thick like glue passed in thin strips like tape. Dysentery of bloody mucus, like scrapings of the intestines; involuntary; putrid; dark. Great, flatulent distention of abdomen, and accumulation of flatus.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <p>Inflated feeling in right side of abdomen, with pain in hepatic region on pressure.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p>Shooting pain in hepatic region, with moist skin. Pain in right hypochondrium between right ribs and hip when driving; aggravation from pressure. Full feeling in hypochondrium. Tension in liver when lying on left side, with pressure.</p> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <p>Cachexia of miners, working deep under ground; portal hyperemia; gall-stones; catarrh of the biliary ducts. Dropsical diseases, depending on organic affections of liver; jaundice with dull headache; constipation; foul tongue. Constipation, alternating with diarrhoea.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <p>Loud, offensive flatus all the afternoon. Cutting in abdomen on appearance of menses; aggravation from motion, with tearing in back and small of back; during menstruation with diarrhoea. Pain in abdomen in morning.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <p>Stitches in hepatic region in afternoon.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Pain above left hip as if it would burst there on coughing.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p>Chronic diarrhoea in dyspeptics and consumptives, which is caused whenever taking fresh meat; fat foods; acids; sweets. Constipation; fruitless urging to stool; dryness of rectum; knotty stool, shining as if greased; very small in size; passes easier when standing. Hemorrhoids, accompanied with obstinate constipation; swollen, itching, stinging, burning and painful when touched. Pruritus of anus and fistula.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <p>Distention of abdomen after eating, with emission of flatus. Sticking in abdomen as from flatulence, extending into chest. Cutting in abdomen rather than sticking, with salivation before menses, with drawing in thighs.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <p>Intermittent pain, with flatulence in hypochondria and stitches through chest.</p>                                                                                                                                                            | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Griping tearing in region of navel and lower down in sides with pain in small of back as if broken.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                         | <p>Mucous diarrhoea in summer, often caused by checked perspiration. Green, slimy stools; mucous; chopped; white and yellow mucus; often of a changeable color; often undigested; often like chopped eggs and spinach; foul odor, especially in children during teething or after taking cold. Hepatitis after vexation, or taking cold; dull aching pains in liver. Flatulent colic. Colic, especially after anger, with red cheeks and hot perspiration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |



| Drug.          | 1 | Stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 2 | Rectum.                                                                                               | 3 | Anus.                                                           | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
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| Cheli.<br>Maj. |   | Stool pasty; bright yellow; copious, with much mucus, and light gray.                                                                                                                                         |   | Burning and cutting in rectum, with constriction in anus, alternating with itching in anus; crawling. |   | Pain in anus, caused by stool; contracted feeling during stool. |   | Dirty yellow color of whites of eyes. Face yellow; worse on the nose and cheeks; the usual redness of the cheeks has a mixture of dark yellow. Tongue yellow. Taste bitter. Urine dark yellow; turbid when passed, dark brownish-red, like brown beer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| China.         |   | Diarrhoea, after eating, of undigested feces; also passed in several pieces; then ineffectual urging, with biting, burning pain in anus and colic before and after every stool. Stool white, with dark urine. |   | Pressure in rectum.                                                                                   |   |                                                                 |   | Sensitiveness of all nerves, with general weakness. Pain in head as if skull would burst; brain beats in waves against the skull. Ringing in ears. Bitter taste. Indifference to eating and drinking. Cough, caused by laughing. Tensive pain in sacrum as from a heavy load or after long stooping. Sensation in leg as if garters were too tight, and leg would go to sleep and be numb. Sweat in sleep, generally as soon as he is covered, except where he lies upon cheek. |
| Cina.          |   | Watery diarrhoea.                                                                                                                                                                                             |   |                                                                                                       |   |                                                                 |   | Cannot be quieted by any persuasions; proof against all caresses. Sickly look about the eyes, with pallor of face; the child bores into the nose until the blood comes. Great hunger soon after a meal; desires many and different things.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Coccul.        |   | Stool thin, fluid, frequent, whitish-yellow.                                                                                                                                                                  |   |                                                                                                       |   | Contractive pain in anus in afternoon, preventing sitting.      |   | Aching of head, with nausea. Vertigo on rising up in bed, with nausea; with dullness in forehead as if a board were across forehead. Metallic taste, with loss of appetite; aversion to food. Nausea when riding in a wagon. Menstruation too early, with distention of abdomen. Feet and hands alternately asleep. Trembling of hands when eating. Knees threaten to sink from weakness; he totters when walking and threatens to fall on one side.                            |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 6 Hypochondria.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
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| <p>Distention of abdomen, with tension and hardness. Cutting in abdomen after eating; jerk-like.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <p>Pain through hypochondria and in right scapula, in region of liver and spleen. Pain in hepatic region, in margins of ribs on pressure. Pain in hepatic region, extending downward and across umbilical region as if constricted by a string. Sense of distention in right hypochondrium.</p> | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Spasmodic retraction in umbilical region, with nausea. Griping in umbilical region then cutting in abdomen and across right lumbar region, extending to back. Constriction transversely across umbilical region as by a string; in afternoon till 6; above navel.</p> <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Cramp-like pain above pubis in afternoon with frequent urging to urinate. Tensive spasmodic pain in inguinal regions, extending from upper and outer part downward and inward. Constriction in hypogastrium before passage of turbid urine.</p> | <p>Alternation of diarrhoea and constipation; stool like sheep's dung. Diarrhoea, without pain or urging; stools brown; watery; white; watery; green mucus; thin, pasty, bright yellow or light gray like rice water. Chronic diarrhoea, with hepatic troubles. Enlargement of the liver; pain under angle of right shoulder blade, or with jaundice; yellow tongue; bitter taste. Jaundice, with clear urine; offensive; tongue white; stools dark.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <p>Distention of abdomen after eating, after a moderate supper, with griping here and there; sharp pain as from flatulent food and much drink. Fermentation in abdomen from fruit. Rumbling in abdomen between 6 and 10 p. m., with movement of flatus and aching, then emission of flatus; offensive. Griping in abdomen with pain on passage of flatus. Colic before stool, before passage of flatus, with thirst; flatulent. Fullness in upper abdomen after eating; the food remains long. Internal coldness in abdomen after every swallow of drink, renewed on every inspiration.</p> | <p>Swelling of liver. Intermittent pressure in hepatic region while standing, relieved by bending forward; with pain on touch, as if suppurating.</p>                                                                                                                                           | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Sticking in left side of abdomen, below umbilicus, on walking rapidly, and afterwards colic in umbilical region, with shivering.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <p>Constipation, with vertigo, heat in head and tinnitus aurium. Large accumulation of feces, especially after continued purging, with difficulty to pass them even when soft, from inactivity of rectum. Diarrhoea comes on gradually; stools more and more watery, pale, pinkish, with rapid emaciation. Diarrhoea particularly after meals; at night; painless; early in morning; in hot weather; from eating fruit; from drinking sour beer; after severe acute diseases; after loss of fluids. Stools profuse, putrid, corrosive, loose, brownish, frothy, black, offensive, undigested, white, cadaverous-smelling; worse at night. Dysentery in marshy districts, with intermittent symptoms. Enlarged spleen which is painful; the pains are acute and sticking. Gall-stone colic. Jaundice in nursing children.</p> |
| <p>Pinching or cramp-like pressure transversely across abdomen in region of pit of stomach after eating.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Twisting about navel, with pain on pressure.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p>Diarrhoea, with discharge of lumbrici and ascarides; involuntary, greenish, slimy or white. Diarrhoea of white mucus in little pieces like popcorn. Passes worms, both round and thread worms. Abdomen swollen hard; sore above navel, where there is a great deal of colic, sometimes relieved by pressure.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <p>Distention of abdomen by flatulence, waking about midnight, causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief; new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. Griping in upper abdomen taking away the breath. Pinching constriction in upper abdomen after eating, extending to left side of abdomen and chest.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Painful inclination to inguinal hernia, worse when rising from a seat. Internal feeling in groins as if stuffed; aggravation from stepping forward, when it seems as if the thickness pushed forward and everything would fall out. Paralytic pain in right ring as if something would force its way through when sitting; amelioration from rising.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                   | <p>Constipation; hard stool every other day or every three or four days. Flatulent colic, only slightly relieved by evacuating gas; worse at night. Excessive flatulent distention of abdomen and dysmenorrhoea. Hernias, both umbilical and inguinal. Flatulent colic in pregnancy. Diarrhoea brought on by riding in cars or carriages; aggravation from drinking cold water, with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |



| Drug.           | 1 | Stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 2 | Rectum.                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 3 | Anus.                                                                                                    | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
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| Colch.          |   | Stool contained many white shreds. Dysentery; stools slimy and bloody, with tenesmus. Diarrhœa copious, yellowish and offensive, containing pieces of white membrane, orange yellow, slimy, with bright yellow flakes without feces.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |   | Tenesmus; with only a little feces at first; then transparent, bilious, membranous mucus, with relief of colic; amelioration from frequent passage of flatus; urging to stool, which is unsatisfactory. |   | Spasms of sphincter ani, with chilliness running up back; then urging to stool; then insufficient stool. |   | Exhaustion. Appetite for different things, but as soon as he sees them or, still more, smells them he shudders from nausea and cannot eat. Paralytic pain in the arm so that he cannot hold the lightest thing firmly.                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Coloc.          |   | Stool fluid after eating, with discharge of flatus and colic all the afternoon; better from warmth of bed. Stool thin, frothy, saffron-yellow, musty, smelling almost like burnt blotting paper; copious, with discharge of much mucus. Urging to a copious, yellowish-brown, partly thin, sourish, offensive stool; then transient relief of colic; then two abundant stools in quick succession, first pappy, then fluid, with ulcerative pain in bowels. Constipation; stool hard, only occurring once in two or three days, hard as if he were passing stones. |   | Urging in rectum to stool, with sensation in anus and lower part of rectum, as if weakened by diarrhœa. Ineffectual urging frequent, then stool in single, stony pieces.                                |   | Discharge of blood from anus daily, with sticking and burning in small of back and in anus.              |   | Frequent urging to urinate. Inclination to painful cramp in muscles of all sorts. General weakness, with bruised sensation in small of back.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Coni.<br>Mac.   |   | Diarrhœa watery, frequent, with many empty eructations and copious urine. Watery diarrhœa, mixed with hard parts; involuntary in sleep.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |   | Heat in lower part of rectum during stool.                                                                                                                                                              |   | Sticking in anus when not at stool.                                                                      |   | Inability to sustain mental effort. Weakness of vision, with dazzling vertigo and general debility. Dry spot in larynx, where there is crawling, with almost constant irritation to dry cough, almost only on first lying down during the day or evening; he must sit up and cough it out, after which he has rest. Hardness of right breast, with pain on touch and nightly sticking in it; sticking in left mamma. |
| Crocus.         |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                         |   | Intermittent sticking near left side of anus. Crawling in anus as of threadworms.                        |   | Sensation of something living and jumping about in pit of stomach, abdomen, arms and other parts. Epistaxis of tenacious, thick, black blood. Metrorrhagia on slightest movement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Crotal.<br>Hor. |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                         |   |                                                                                                          |   | Weakness; tired by slight exertion. Eyes yellow. Tongue swollen. Yellow color of whole body.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 6 Hypochondria.                                                                                       | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
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| <p>Distention of abdomen as if she had eaten too much. Emission of offensive flatus in evening.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <p>Diarrhoea in hot, damp weather in the fall; vomiting and purging of rice-water stools varying in color; green, yellow, reddish, variegated; slime and feces mixed. Painless cholera morbus. with deathly nausea, weakness and prostration; aggravation from the smell or sight of food. Dysentery; bloody stool, with deathly nausea from smelling cooking; watery stool; jelly-like mucus, with scrapings from intestines. Autumnal dysentery. Typhlitis; extreme distention of abdomen, with icy coldness in stomach.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <p>Distention and pain in abdomen, with tension. Croaking in abdomen as from frogs. Rumbling in abdomen, with deep-seated pulsations. Discharge of offensive flatus after dinner; amelioration after stool, with movements in hypogastrium. Incarcerated flatus with tension, sticking, drawing, tearing in whole abdomen. Pinching in abdomen as if bowels were pressed inward; amelioration from pressure and bending inward; with cutting extending towards pubic region, so severe below navel that facial muscles were distorted and eyes drawn together, as if squeezed between stones. Griping in abdomen, worse below navel, obliging him to bend over; amelioration after a thin stool, with discharge of flatus upward and downward. Cutting in abdomen like an electric shock. Paroxysmal pain in abdomen, obliging him to bend forward. Griping in abdomen so that he could neither lie nor sit, and could only walk bent over; amelioration from violent motion and rolling about.</p> | <p>Sticking, cutting pain in hepatic region.</p>                                                      | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Sticking in umbilical region in a spot, obliging him to bend up; worse from lifting, extending towards loins and spine. Cutting in umbilical region after eating, with tenesmus. Griping in umbilical region, worse from eating fruit, with cutting, and general chill. Pain in umbilical region emanating from navel; amelioration by frequent discharge of flatus.</p> | <p>Constipation produced by cheese; better from smoking; frequent urging to stool, without any evacuation, which appears an hour later in single pieces of stony hardness. Diarrhoea as the result of anger or from fruit, with colic. Dysentery bloody and mucous, with great straining and burning of anus, temporarily ceasing after stool and by warmth in bed; aggravation after eating or drinking. Lead colic; cutting in abdomen as from knives; constricting, spasmodic pains; pinching, griping sensation, as if the bowels were squeezed between stones. The patient doubles up or seeks relief by pressing the belly against the bedpost or any hard object, or by lying on belly. Colic caused by suppressed perspiration, as from drinking ice water when heated.</p> |
| <p>Swelling of abdomen, with trembling. Cutting in abdomen before emission of flatus. Griping in abdomen before discharge of leucorrhœa.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <p>Sticking in hepatic region, intermittent tearing. Constriction of hypochondria as from a band.</p> | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Contractive pain in hypogastrium like after-pains, with urging to stool.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <p>Hard swellings of the liver. Enlarged mesenteric glands and tumors in the abdomen. Chronic diarrhoea of old people, with tremulous weakness; discharges sometimes involuntary. Obstinate constipation, especially if it sometimes alternates with diarrhoea, the stool followed by tremulous weakness. Chronic dysentery; slime mixed with greenish substances and containing bloody specks.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <p>Sensation in abdomen internally; in sides as if something living were jumping about.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                       | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Sensation as if something living were moving about deep in lower abdomen.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <p>Swelling of abdomen.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <p>Intolerance of clothing in epigastric region and beneath hypochondria.</p>                         | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Burning pain in hypogastrium, extending to sacrum.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <p>Abdominal troubles, with extreme tenderness; cannot bear the touch of her clothes. Perityphlitis, with high fever, great tenderness over the appendix and hardness. Jaundice, with hæmorrhage from the nose; tenderness of the liver. Chronic hæmorrhage from the bowels.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |



| Drug.       | 1 Stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 2 Rectum.                                                                                                                                                    | 3 Anus.                                                                               | 4 Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
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| Croton Tig. | Stools sudden, pasty, dirty, green, offensive, forcible. Diarrhoea watery, yellowish and painless; forcible. Stool pasty, light-brown, after urging; then rumbling and gurgling in left side of abdomen; after an hour a second soft stool; mucus urgent, grayish-green and dirty brown, forcible.                                                                                                  | Constant urging in rectum.                                                                                                                                   | Pain in anus as if a plug were forced outwards. Dragging in anus as before diarrhoea. | Vesicles on scrotum, with corrosive itching. Sensation as if he could not get air enough into air cells.                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Cupr.       | Diarrhoea violent, painful, green, with cutting and tenesmus.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                       | Cramps and pains in stomach and in bowels. Pressure in stomach, with intermittent, contractive pains. Griping and pressure in stomach, then vomiting. Cough, with interrupted, almost suppressed respiration. Cramps in lower extremities, worse in calves.                                             |
| Diosc.      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                              | Hæmorrhoids, like red cherries, protrude after stool, with pain in anus.              | Cramping pain in pit of stomach; then eructations of wind; then hic-cough and emissions of flatus. Sharp pain in epigastrium. Distress in stomach in morning, with burning; had to unfasten the clothes.                                                                                                |
| Dulc.       | Yellow, watery diarrhoea, with tearing cutting before stool, as after taking cold. Thin stool afternoons, with flatulence.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Desire for stool in rectum in evening, with griping in hypogastrium; then large, moist, at last thin, sour stool, after which he was relieved but felt weak. |                                                                                       | Pain in small of back as after long stooping. Nettlerash over whole body, without fever.                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Fer-rum.    | Stool watery, with flatulence, and frequent; more frequent after taking food or water. Diarrhoea frequent and sudden, without pain or smell; watery.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                       | Weakness. Hammering and beating in head so that she must lie down. Rush of blood to head and flushes of heat in face. Anorexia; dislike for all food; vomiting of food after midnight. Cough; expectorations scanty, with streaks of blood. Dyspnœa and oppression of chest as from pressure of a hand. |
| Gambo.      | Stool yellow and green, diarrhoea, mixed with mucus, preceded by cutting around umbilicus. Diarrhoea, with discharge of green mucus, preceded by pinching in abdomen. Diarrhoea, with pinching around umbilicus; sometimes with discharge of flatus; stool watery, profuse, with colic and tenesmus; fecal, forcible. Constipation; hard, insufficient stool, with urging and protrusion of rectum. | Diarrhoea, with burning pain and tenesmus of rectum.                                                                                                         | Protrusion of anus.                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 6 Hypochondria.                                                                               | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
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| <p>Distention of abdomen. <b>Swashing</b> in abdomen as of water. Gurgling rumbling in abdomen, worse on the left side. Flatulence in abdomen, then urging; stools sudden, thin, small, with flatus.</p>                                                                                                                      |                                                                                               | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Pain on pressure on umbilicus; pain is felt down to anus, where there is constant protrusion.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p>Gripping colic, writhing around navel; better from hot milk; worse after eating or nursing. Diarrhoea coming on suddenly; faint feeling before, during and after stool; worse from fruits and sweetmeats during summer; every movement of the body renews the discharges.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <p>Abdomen tense, hot and tender to touch. Spasmodic motions of muscles of abdomen; contracted and sore to touch. Intermittent colic in abdomen.</p>                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <p>Horrible colics, with tendency to collapse; convulsive vomiting; hiccough. Neuralgia of the abdominal viscera. Cholera or choleraic stools not copious, with desire for warm food and drinks, and horrible cramps in stomach and abdomen. Cramps in abdomen; intussusception of the bowels; abdomen drawn in.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <p>Rumbling in abdomen, with gripping and emission of much flatus; offensive. Cutting all through abdomen in morning; aggravated by walking. Twisting in all parts of abdomen; worse in lower; constantly changing. Pain in abdomen, with frequent cutting in stomach and small intestines, with emission of much flatus.</p> | <p>Sharp pain in left hypochondrium. Heavy grinding in region of liver, worse in evening.</p> | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Gripping below umbilicus. Cramping pain above umbilicus. Pain in umbilical region in morning, with profuse, thin yellow stool, not relieving the pain, with frequent cutting through all small intestines. <b>Distress in umbilical region and hypogastric regions, with intermittent cutting in stomach and small intestines.</b></p> <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Gripping in left inguinal region, extending to testicles.</p> | <p>Violent flatulent colic, generally relieved by walking about, aggravated by lying down at night; pains are generally cutting-twisting; amelioration from pressure; generally radiate from the abdomen to the back into chest and arms. Colic from the passage of gall-stones; pain shooting into chest and arms, with terrible eructations. Colic from passage of gravel from kidneys; pains shoot up into kidneys and down into testicles and legs, with cold, clammy sweat. Hæmorrhoids, with darting pain shooting to liver; look like bunches of grapes, with great pain and distress. Flatulent colic relieved by stretching the body out or walking.</p> |
| <p>Colic in abdomen as after taking cold; as before diarrhoea; before stools, with rumbling and pain in small of back.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                               | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Sticking in region of umbilicus.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <p>Diarrhoea alternating with rheumatism; stools sour smelling when the weather suddenly changes from warm to cold; damp weather. Dysentery from cold, damp weather; rectum protrudes; stools very slimy.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <p>Soreness in abdomen as if beaten, or as after purgatives, on touch and on coughing.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <p>Bleeding piles, with itching and gnawing. Ascariæ, with itching; unnatural appetite; flushed face. Diarrhoea containing undigested food; painless; recurring when eating or drinking. Chronic diarrhoea, gushing, watery; worse at night, with coldness of body and great prostration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <p>Rumbling in abdomen, with inflation and accumulation of flatus.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                               | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Inflation and tension, with pinching in umbilical region; with frequent emission of flatus.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p>Diarrhoea; stool preceded by excessive cutting about the navel and expelled all at once after considerable urging, and followed by a feeling of great relief. Diarrhoea, particularly of old people; chronic.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |



| Drug.        | 1 | Stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 2 | Rectum.                                                                                                                                                           | 3 | Anus.                                                                                                  | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
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| Graph.       |   | Diarrhœa, almost without pain, then prostration. Stool hard, with urging and sticking in anus; lumpy, with threads of mucus, dark, half digested, of intolerable odor. Stool thin, like a round worm, with much white mucus; also blood. |   | Prolapsus of rectum, without urging, as if anus were paralyzed. Urging in rectum; stool not hard, but difficult on account of inactivity of rectum.               |   | Burning hæmorrhoids. Itching, smarting, sore pain in anus on wiping. Single, cutting stitches in anus. |   | Weakness of whole body. Sadness, with thoughts of nothing but death; despondency; inclination to weep. Aching of head as if numb. Scales on scalp, causing itching and becoming a scurf. Inflammation of margins of lids. Moist and sore places behind both ears. Smell acute; she cannot tolerate flowers. Lips and nostrils sore and cracked as from cold. Burning blisters on lower side and tip of tongue. Aversion to animal food and sweet things. Leucorrhœa, profuse, of white mucus. Skin hard and cracked on hands. |
| Gratiol.     |   | Stool watery; feces yellow; frequent diarrhœa of yellow-greenish water, forcible, of green, frothy water. Watery feces frequent, with soreness in anus; bright yellow fluid, feces twice, then chilliness; three stools of yellow water. |   |                                                                                                                                                                   |   |                                                                                                        |   | Coldness in stomach and feeling as if full of water. Pain in stomach, with nausea and general discomfort.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Hel.<br>Nig. |   | Stool of only clear, tenacious, colorless mucus. Stool white, gelatinous, like frog's spawn; frequent, with pressure. Constipation.                                                                                                      |   |                                                                                                                                                                   |   |                                                                                                        |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Hepar.       |   | Stool soft, difficult, scanty, with much urging; clay-colored.                                                                                                                                                                           |   | Urging in rectum, but large intestines are wanting in peristaltic action and can not expel soft feces; only a part can be forced out by aid of abdominal muscles. |   |                                                                                                        |   | Pain in one-half of brain as from a nail or plug. Sticking in throat, as from a splinter, on swallowing; extending towards ear on yawning. Bladder weak; urine drops down vertically and he must wait before urine flows. Paroxysmal cough if slightest portion of body becomes cold, with sensitiveness of nervous system. Skin unhealthy; slight injuries suppurate. Sensitiveness to open air. Constant offensive exhalations from body. Sweat on slightest motion.                                                        |
| Hydras       |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |   |                                                                                                                                                                   |   |                                                                                                        |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Hyosc.       |   | Diarrhœa; involuntary in bed.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |   | Frequent desire in rectum for stool.                                                                                                                              |   |                                                                                                        |   | Delirium and restlessness; foolish laughter. Unconsciousness. Small objects seem very large. Constriction of throat impairing swallowing. Frequent hiccough. Incessant cough when lying; dry. Sleeplessness on account of exhilaration. Startings out of sleep.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 6 Hypochondria.                                                                                                           | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
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| <p>Distention of abdomen as from incarceration of flatus. Distention of abdomen on eating, with heaviness of head; with rush of blood to head, vertigo and confusion; intolerance of anything tight about hypochondria. Rumbling and griping in abdomen always before emission of flatus.</p> | <p>Pain in upper abdomen as if everything would be torn to pieces during menstruation. Burning in left hypochondrium.</p> | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Sudden flatulence in hypogastrium, passing painfully towards ring. Swollen glands in right groin, with sensitiveness.</p>                                                                                                      | <p>Chronic diarrhœa; stools brown fluid, mixed with undigested food and of an intolerable fetor. Piles, with pain on sitting down or on taking a wide step, as if split with a knife, with violent itching and very sore to touch. Induration of the liver. Constipation; accumulation of large masses of feces, which are covered with mucus; the anus is fissured, the cracks bleed and ulcerate. Colic immediately after eating; pain below the navel as if the intestines were torn.</p>                  |
| <p>Distention of abdomen, with rumbling. Colic; scanty urine, with pallor; sunken features and staggering; pupils dilated, lips bluish, face covered with clammy sweat, pulse thready.</p>                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <p>Diarrhœa; watery, green, frothy, gushing out with force, resulting from drinking excessive quantities of water. Diarrhœa is generally painless, associated with cold feeling in abdomen, but sometimes with cramps.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <p>Abdomen distended and tense, with rumbling and cutting.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <p>Sticking in hepatic region.</p>                                                                                        | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Paroxysmal clawing in umbilical region from sides of abdomen towards middle and sometimes to pit of stomach, causing nausea, with anxious heat of cheeks.</p> <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Suppuration of inguinal glands; buboes.</p> | <p>Colic, with sensation of coldness in abdomen. Diarrhœa during pregnancy, during dentition, during meningitis; tuberculosa. Diarrhœa; stools of jelly-like mucus, like frog's-spawn, generally with tenesmus; sometimes profuse, watery, alternating with constipation. Abdominal dropsy.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <p>Intermittent, acute pain in liver region, extending to scapulæ.</p>                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <p>Chronic diarrhœa after the abuse of Mercury or Quinine; light yellow fecal, papæscant, sour stool, with undigested food. Hemorrhoids from engorgement of the liver; hæmorrhage from rectum, with soft stool. Chronic engorgement of liver; cirrhosis; soreness and stitches in liver when walking; hepatic abscess. Bowels very inactive; the soft stools are evacuated slowly and with effort. Diarrhœa; stools white, sour, undigested, or sometimes mucous, yellow, or green, and of decayed odor.</p>  |
| <p>Pinching in muscles of abdomen when sitting as if he had fallen upon them; strained pain; sensitiveness of walls.</p>                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                           | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Sticking in umbilical region during inspiration.</p> <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Hypogastric region distended and sensitive. Cutting low down in hypogastric region.</p>                                                              | <p>Gastro-duodenal catarrh. Liver torpid, skin yellow, stools light colored; jaundice. Gallstone colic, with jaundice. Chronic catarrhal inflammation of the bowels, with mucus discharge or feces covered with mucus. Chronic constipation; especially valuable after purgatives. Constipation following parturition, with hæmorrhoids and headache.</p> <p>Yellow, watery diarrhœa, nearly odorless, involuntary, passed in bed unconsciously, especially during sleep; a typhoid state, with delirium.</p> |



| Drug.     | 1 | Stool.                                                                                                                                            | 2 | Rectum.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 3 | Anus.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
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| Ignatia.  |   | Diarrhoea frequent, thin, involuntary with flatus; small.                                                                                         |   | Prolapsus of rectum from moderate exertion of stool. Spasmodic tension in rectum all day. Frequent cutting deep in rectum, pain sharp; pain as from blind piles; contraction and soreness. Crawling in rectum as from thread worms. Itching in rectum in evening in bed. Urging more in upper intestines; stool soft and insufficient, anxious urging; inability to evacuate feces without danger of eversion and prolapsus of rectum. Ineffectual urging in rectum in evening, with protrusion of rectum. |   | Blind piles with pressure and soreness in anus and rectum, painful when sitting and standing, less when walking, worse after taking fresh air. Coarse sticking in anus extending deep into rectum. Sore pain in anus without reference to stool; pain as from blind piles. |   | Sensitiveness, delicate conscientiousness inconstant, impatient, irritable, changeable mood; anger at slight blame or contradiction, and this makes him angry with himself. Sticking in throat when not swallowing; the more he swallows the more it disappears. Aversion to tobacco smoking. Peculiar weakness in pit of stomach. Frequent micturition of watery urine. Jerkings in extremities on falling asleep. |
| Iodum.    |   | Diarrhoea soft, frequent, whitish.                                                                                                                |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |   | Burning in anus in evening.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |   | Emaciation. Difficult almost wheezing respiration. Salivation, Ravenous hunger. Hoarse, croupy cough.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Ipecac.   |   | Diarrhoea as if fermented, frequent, of greenish mucus. Bloody stool.                                                                             |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |   | Salivation and obliged to swallow constantly. Nausea with empty eructations; vomiting. Rattling in bronchi during respiration. Suffocative cough whereby the child becomes stiff and blue in the face. Dyspnoea with wheezing and weight and anxiety about præcordia.                                                                                                                                               |
| Iris Ver. |   | Stools frequent, watery, with burning in anus; disposition to strain and bear down. Watery stool through the day; yellow, painless with rumbling. |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |   | Burning in anus after stool; sore in morning as if points were sticking in it. Distress in anus as if prolapsed.                                                                                                                                                           |   | Mouth and tongue feel scalded; profuse saliva. Aching of head in morning after being in cold air and on quick motion; worse in forehead and vertex as if top of head would come off.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Jatro.    |   | Stool watery, spurting from him. Thin stool, preceded and followed by rumbling and at times noise as if a bottle were emptied.                    |   | Urging in rectum sudden, with noise as of liquids in abdomen, worse on left side.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |   | Cramps in evening and twitchings; calves were twisted around to shins. Acrid feeling in throat, gradually extending to stomach. Vomiting easy of much watery, albuminous substance, with watery diarrhoea.                                                                                                                                                                                                          |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 6 Hypochondria.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                     | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
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| <p>Rumbling and noises in abdomen, with discharge of flatus; unsatisfactory; abrupt; offensive; not without exertion of abdominal muscles. Drawing, griping in abdomen, with pressure in rectum, nausea, weakness in pit of stomach and pallor of face; throbbing.</p> | <p>Distention of hypochondria; worse in sides, pit of stomach and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. Intermittent pain in region of spleen and pit of stomach.</p>                                                             | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Sticking above and to left of umbilicus.</p> | <p>Periodical abdominal spasms in sensitive and hysterical women. Constipation in consequence of cold or from carriage riding. Procidentia recti during stool. Painless diarrhoea, with rumbling of wind; worse at night from fright or other emotions. Contractive, sore pain in rectum from blind hæmorrhoids one or two hours after stool; stools large or soft, but passed with difficulty. Hæmorrhoids, with bleeding during and after stool. Pruritus ani. Excessive flatulence, especially in hysterical subjects. Fissures of the anus without constipation, acute pains shooting upwards. Prolapsus ani, with sharp, stabbing pains shooting upwards. Alternations of diarrhoea and constipation.</p> |
| <p>Pain in abdomen between pit of stomach and umbilicus.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <p>Inflammation of the liver, with pain, swelling, hardness, constant fever, dry tongue, restlessness, small, rapid pulse, and on rising from bed faintness. Left hypochondrium hard and acutely painful to pressure. Pressure in right hypochondrium, with pain on touch.</p> |                                                                   | <p>Constipation, with ineffectual urging; better after drinking milk; stools hard, knotty, dark colored; constipation alternating with diarrhoea. Chronic diarrhoea of an exhausting character; stools whitish, whey-like, watery, foamy, mucus; worse in morning. Cirrhotic liver; can be felt as emaciation progresses; clay-colored stools; tenderness over the region of the liver, especially after the abuse of Mercury. Enlargement of the spleen, with salivation. Mesenteric disease; glandular enlargement; emaciation; irregular stool; enormous appetite. Fatty diarrhoea from disease of the pancreas.</p>                                                                                        |
| <p>Clawing griping in abdomen as if grasped by a hand so that each outstretched finger pressed sharply upon intestines; better from rest; worse from motion.</p>                                                                                                       | <p>Pinching in hypochondria and region of pit of stomach.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Cutting about umbilicus, with shivering.</p> | <p>Flatulent colic from acids, with frequent loose stools; cutting, almost constantly, running from left to right. Diarrhoea; stool as green as grass; fermented; putrid; continuous nausea. Autumnal diarrhoea; chronic diarrhoea of miasmatic origin in combination with milk diet. Dysenteries during the autumn, with violent colic and tenesmus; stools almost black and fermented, like frothy molasses.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <p>Griping in abdomen; amelioration after discharge of flatus; in evening and night; relieved by bending forward.</p>                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                   | <p>Autumnal, bilious diarrhoea; exhaustion and debility from the start. Diarrhoea, with burning in rectum and anus after a stool; severe rumbling of gas; watery discharges mixed with mucus, preceded by soft and more substantial stools. Dysentery when the patient is cold; skin blue; stools of bloody mucus. Flatulent colic and constipation, especially in children. Derangements of the liver, with yellow eyes and skin, nausea and headache. Soreness over the region of the liver, with cutting pains and vomiting of bile. Constipation, especially with recurring sick headaches.</p>                                                                                                            |
| <p>Abdomen distended and soft. Noise in abdomen as if a full bottle were emptied, in evening, continuing, after a thin stool, at 10 p. m.</p>                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                   | <p>Watery, profuse diarrhoea, gushing out like a torrent; abdomen swollen and tender to the touch; sometimes associated with coldness of the body and unquenchable thirst.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |



| Drugs.        | 1 | Stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 2 | Rectum.                                                                                                                       | 3 | Anus.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
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| Kali<br>Bich. |   | Dysenteric attacks for several successive years; frequent bloody stools, with gnawing at navel, then ineffectual straining. Stool of brown, frothy water, with tenesmus, pain in abdomen and nausea; then sudden, complete rest. Liquid, involuntary stool; then burning in anus and griping in intestines. Diarrhœa; profuse, constant, involuntary, of mucus and blood. Constipation; stool hard; then burning and pressure in anus; scanty. Bloody and painful stool; scanty, round and burning in anus. |   |                                                                                                                               |   | Burning pain in anus after stool, in forenoon, with pressure. Sensation of a plug in anus in afternoon when sitting; fullness of hæmorrhoidal vessels.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |   | Septum of nose ulcerated away. Purulent inflammation of whole nasal mucous membrane. Dryness of nose, with pain in root. Plugs form in nose. Tongue smooth, red and cracked. Hawking of much tenacious mucus in throat in morning; gelatinous. Burning pain in pit of stomach. Hoarseness and rough voice. Cough, with expectoration of white mucus, as tough as pitch, and which could be drawn out in strings down to feet.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Kali<br>Carb. |   | Stool soft and insufficient. Constipation during menstruation; stool like sheep dung; painful and difficult; insufficient; after much pressure.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |   | Burning and griping in rectum after stool. Ineffectual urging, with feeling as if rectum were too weak to evacuate the stool. |   | Hæmorrhoids swollen, bleeding during natural stool. Hæmorrhoids swollen and protrude with a hard stool; protrude during diarrhœa, with stitching and burning for many hours. Inflammation of hæmorrhoids; stitches; sore pain during cough; pain when walking. Stitches in anus, with tearing, cutting and burning. Biting, sore sensation in and around anus after stool, with itching and soreness. |   | Inclined to take cold; symptoms of taking cold from every draught of air; dread of open air. Pains recur at 2 or 3 a. m. Swelling of upper lids, between brows, like a sack. Sticking in pharynx as from a fish bone; hawking of tenacious mucus in back part of throat in morning, which can neither be completely swallowed nor hawked up. External sensitiveness of epigastric region. Feeling in stomach as if full of water. Sticking in left chest on deep breathing, in right on inspiration. Sleepless after 1 or 2 a. m.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Lach.         |   | Diarrhœa; stool watery, frequent, with burning in anus; sudden about midnight, with urging; very offensive; ammoniacal. Diarrhœa; stool soft and bright yellow; pasty; of the odor of putrefying snakes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |   | Protrusion of rectum after stool; then painful constriction of anus.                                                          |   | Stool lies close to anus without passing and without injury. Beating, throbbing in anus as with hammers. Spasmodic pain in anus before and after stool. Burning in anus during and after stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                       |   | Intolerance of slightest touch; it almost puts him into a rage. Weakness in morning on rising; he would constantly sink down from weakness. Physical and mental weakness. Vertigo in morning on waking, worse on closing eyes. Pain in forehead above eyes, extending to root of nose. Vision dim with black flickering. Sensitiveness of throat to external pressure, even to touch of the linen; suffocative sensation. Sensation as if crumb stuck in throat. Soreness with pain in left side of throat, with feeling in pit of throat as if something were swollen and would suffocate him. Swallowing difficult; more of liquids than of solids. Dry, hacking cough from touching throat. Cramplike pain in præcordial region, causing palpitation with anxiety. Sore spots on skin become fungoid, dark red to brownish. |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 6 Hypochondria.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
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| <p>Distention of abdomen, with rumbling after stool; after breakfast; with griping, then a second thin stool; then retraction of anus and nausea. Emission of offensive flatus. Pain in abdomen, with diarrhœa; sore to pressure.</p> <p>Distention of abdomen after eating a little. Emission of flatus. Incarcerated flatus. Cutting in abdomen during menses, obliging him to sit bent over, pressing with both hands, or to lean far back, as before diarrhœa. Pain in the abdominal muscles, on touch; throbbing. Coldness in abdomen during menses, as if a cold fluid passed through the intestines.</p> <p>Distention and sensitiveness of abdomen, so that she must wear the clothes about stomach very loose; even in bed she must pull up the night dress; she dare not lay the arm across the abdomen.</p> | <p>Sticking in right hypochondrium after dinner; in hepatic and right inguinal regions, in a spot in hepatic region; sore pain on touch; pinching; sticking; tearing. Pain in liver when walking, changing to heaviness; cutting, drawing, burning pain in liver.</p> | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Abdomen hard, with pain in umbilical region on touch. Cutting about umbilicus.</p> <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Cutting in hypogastrium, as if everything would be torn to pieces deep down, then higher up; sticking. Dragging in hypogastrium towards groins during stool; in groins; amelioration from emission of flatus with sensitiveness to touch. Weight in hypogastrium aggravated by walking. Feeling of tension in hypogastrium when sitting, and walking, with heaviness.</p> | <p>Habitual constipation; stools scanty, knotty; followed by burning and painful retraction of rectum and anus. Watery, gushing diarrhœa in the morning; stools brownish, frothy, jelly-like, lumpy. Chronic diarrhœa, off and on; aggravation from lager beer. Periodical return of dysentery in spring or early part of summer; stools blackish, watery, bloody, jelly-like; stringy discharges, with tenesmus during and after stool. Pain in right hypochondrium, especially when limited to a small spot; dull pain or stitches in liver; clay-colored stool. Duodenal catarrh, sometimes with jaundice; white stools. Gastro-enteritis, with bilious or bloody vomiting.</p> <p>Colic, as if intestinal canal were full of water. Constipation, frequent and unsuccessful desire for stool; insufficient; inactivity of bowels; retarded stool from inactivity of rectum. Chronic diarrhœa in cachectic dyspeptic persons; stools light-gray or brownish; corrosive; sometimes painless, with rumbling in bowels; colicky pains during and before stool, and burning in anus after. Hæmorrhoids, with sensation as if a red-hot poker were being thrust up the rectum; relieved by sitting in cold water. Hæmorrhoids, complicating fistula and especially in persons suffering from lung troubles. Swelling and abscess in liver, with stitching pains in right side, commencing in back and going through and up into the chest. Dropsical effusions and even peritonitis, always with sharp pains; great aggravation from cold air and in the early morning.</p> <p>Constipation; stools enormously large and painful, leaving the sphincters nearly paralyzed, and slow to close, with a feeling of inability to draw up the partially prolapsed anus, especially in those who have abused alcohol or narcotics. Diarrhœa in spring, when warm weather sets in; stools very offensive; undigested, watery, chocolate-colored, consisting of decomposed blood, looking like charred straw. Piles protruding and strangulated, or with stitches upward at each cough or sneeze. Enlarged liver of drunkards, with inflammation and abscess; jaundice; tenderness on pressure. Extremely valuable in typhlitis, and in the late stage of peritonitis. Hæmorrhage from the bowels in typhoid fever, consisting of decomposed blood. Fistula in the anus, with sensation of beating, as of little hammers.</p> |



| Drug.       | 1 | Stool.                                                                                                           | 2 | Rectum.                                                                                                                                                                                 | 3 | Anus.                                                                                                                                                                                            | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
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| Lauro.      |   | Diarrhœa twice in morning, with tenesmus; in afternoon; frequent, of thin, greenish mucus.                       |   |                                                                                                                                                                                         |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                  |   | Cough from tickling in throat, in paroxysms, with whistling sound and with dry feeling in throat. Despondent. Feeling as if ice lay on vertex.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Leptan      |   | Stool profuse, black, fetid, running out in a stream; at first hard, black and lumpy, then mushy.                |   |                                                                                                                                                                                         |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                  |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Lilium Tig. |   | Diarrhœa every morning on rising, with griping in abdomen and rasping in anus and rectum; burning. Constipation. |   | Pressure on rectum and on bladder; then pressure downward in abdomen and anus when at stool.                                                                                            |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                  |   | Hurried feeling as of imperative duties and inability to perform them. Depression of spirits. Frequent desire to urinate during the day, with scanty discharge, and irritation and smarting in urethra during micturition. Feeling as if all pelvic contents would press out through vagina if not prevented by pressure of the hand or by sitting down. Sharp and quick pain in left chest, with fluttering of heart.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Lycop.      |   | Stool, first part lumpy, second soft. Hard stool.                                                                |   | Contraction of rectum so that it protrudes during hard stool. Discharge of blood from rectum during stool; during soft stool. Cramps in rectum, like labor pains, and in small of back. |   | Hæmorrhoids swollen, protruding, burning, sticking; protruding during soft stool; painful on touch; painful when sitting. Anus painfully closed. Burning in anus, with frequent stools; itching. |   | Aggravation of all symptoms at 4 p. m.; better at 8 p. m. Speaks wrong words and syllables; confusion about everyday things. Throbbing in head after every paroxysm of cough. Ulceration and redness of eyelids; styes. Blinded by the evening light; sees nothing upon the table. Nose stopped at night so that he could not get his breath. Face yellowish-gray. Contracted feeling in throat; nothing goes down; tight feeling on swallowing; food and drink regurgitate through nose. Appetite after eating, though stomach and abdomen are full and tense; sudden satiety. Sour eructations, the taste of which does not remain in the mouth, but the acid gnaws in the stomach; waterbrash; hiccough. Pain in stomach in afternoon after eating a little; digestion slow. Urine contains red sediment; red sand. Tickling cough as from sulphur fumes. |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                  | 6 Hypochondria.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
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| <p>Rumbling in abdomen, with coldness. Sensation in abdomen, extending into small of back, as if something fell down.</p>                                                                   | <p>Distention in hepatic region, with pain as if suppurating, and as if an ulcer would burst. Sticking in liver in right hypochondrium, with burning and pain on touch; then burning, extending backward. Paralytic, bruised pain in liver on inspiration, extending to shoulder. Beating and bubbling in liver, as in a sore finger; burning.</p> <p>Aching in liver, extending to spine; worse in region of gall-bladder, with rumbling in abdomen, and aching in umbilical region. Aching, burning in gall-bladder; chilliness along spine, with urging to stool; better after a profuse black stool.</p> | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Distress in umbilicus, with burning in back part of liver, and in spine.</p> <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Rumbling in hypogastric region in morning, with distress, and a soft, profuse, black, fetid stool; then pain in abdomen.</p>                                                                                                          | <p>Diarrhœa; stools involuntary, green, mucous or mushy; undigested, with cutting in abdomen before; tenesmus during and burning after stool; worse after cold food; pains worse after eating and drinking. Involuntary stools in bed from paralysis of sphincter ani. Diarrhœa of green mucus, with suffocative spells about the heart. Wasting away of liver; nutmeg liver.</p> <p>Camp diarrhœa, chronic, from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane, with aching and burning in hepatic region; worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. Diarrhœa, with urging and inability to retain the stool; gurgling in abdomen, as of water; after stool sharp pains around navel; weak feeling in abdomen and rectum; faintness. Pain in region of gall-bladder, extending to spine, with chilliness and diarrhœa.</p>                                                                                                            |
| <p>Distention of abdomen.</p>                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Bearing down pains in hypogastrium worse when walking, with weight low down in vagina, with constant desire for stool, but with every effort at stool only urine was discharged. Sensation in hypogastrium, as if a hard body pressed backward and downward against rectum and anus; the desire for stool aggravated when standing.</p> | <p>Diarrhœa; stools dark-brown, semi-liquid, bilious, offensive; aggravation in morning and forenoon; with tenesmus of bladder and rectum during stool; preceded by constant dragging and bearing down. Acrid smarting; burning sensation at the anus and up the rectum after stool, as if a hot spray were projected over the parts. Dysentery; stools bloody, mucous, every half hour, with constant urging and much backache.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <p>Distention of abdomen after eating, with tension; amelioration from emission of flatus. Flatulent distention of abdomen after stool. Tension in abdomen and incarceration of flatus.</p> | <p>Flatulence here and there in hypochondria, even in back in region of ribs and chest; causing tension and bubbling; amelioration from empty eructations. Bruised pain in right hypochondrium, worse from touch on breathing. Unpleasant and distended feeling in hepatic region if she eats to satiety. Weight in left hypochondrium, when walking, sitting and lying, not affecting breathing. Sharp pressure on a spot in middle of upper abdomen.</p>                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <p>Flatulent colic; the incarcerated flatus causes much pain, as it cannot pass; colicky pains on the right side of the abdomen, extending into the bladder; cutting pains across abdomen from right to left. Constipation; torpor of bowels; feces hard, scanty, passed with difficulty from constriction of the sphincter ani, and feeling as if much remained behind. Constipation in elderly people of the higher classes, suffering from retarded defecation, with abdominal plethora. Diarrhœa, with excessive accumulation of flatus; stools thin, brown or pale; fecal, mixed with hard lumps; thin, yellow, shaggy, reddish, mucous, undigested. Chronic dysentery; urgent straining with shuddering and sense of insufficient evacuation. Bleeding piles, which contain an amount of blood; a far greater quantity of blood than the size of the vein would warrant. Cirrhosis of liver, with ascites, especially in drunkards, gin liver, chronic hepatitis, with tendency to abscess.</p> |



| Drug.          | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 2                                                                                                                                                          | 3                                                                                                                           | 4                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
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|                | Stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Rectum.                                                                                                                                                    | Anus.                                                                                                                       | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Mag.<br>Carb.  | Stool of greenish water, with distention of abdomen; frequent; liquid; always preceded by griping; worse on right side. Diarrhœa frequent, with cutting and pressure; stools green, frothy, mucous. Constipation; stool every second day.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Sticking in rectum, waking her at 4 a. m.; sticking again next morning after waking.                                                                       |                                                                                                                             | Appetite for fruit and acid things in general; relish for meat. Menses more profuse at night than by day.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Mag.<br>Mur.   | Stool hard, like sheep dung, and difficult; nodular, with pain in rectum; crumbly as if burnt. Hard stool and covered with streaks of blood; knotty, enveloped in thick mucus; then a soft one enveloped in mucus.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                            | Hæmorrhoids; pain during normal stool. Smarting in anus after hard stool; burning after usual stool.                        | Headache relieved by pressing head with both hands. Micturition only by exertion of abdominal muscles. Menses passed in black clots.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Mercur         | Diarrhœa in evening; at night; with cutting and pressure in rectum; with streaks of blood; stools of green mucus, with burning and protrusion of anus; with cutting and griping. Stool soft, brownish, easy; floating on water. Constipation; stool hard, green, slimy, acrid, excoriating anus; whitish-gray. Bloody stools, with painful, acrid sensation in anus. Stool scanty, with much dragging, burning-biting, causing distress in anus. Stool of bloody mucus, with cutting in abdomen and tenesmus. | Evacuation of large, round worms. Constant, ineffectual urging, with tenesmus in rectum.                                                                   | Protruding, painful, sore hæmorrhoids, with ineffectual urging. Prolapsus of anus. Burning pain in anus, with soft stools.  | Trembling of hands and tongue; weakness. Hurried talking; slow in answering questions; memory weak. Vision dim; intolerance of firelight or daylight. Offensive odor from nose as in violent coryza. Face earthy-colored, puffy; teeth decayed and became loose in succession. Bleeding of gums from slightest touch. Tongue black with red edges, showing impress of teeth on edges; coated white. Speech stammering. Salivary glands swollen and painful. Salivation. Taste sweet to bread; metallic taste. Suppuration of tonsils, with sticking in fauces on swallowing. Constant desire to urinate, but little is passed. Greenish discharge from urethra. Stitching in right chest on stooping and coughing. Cold hands and feet. Sweat at night or on motion; oily; offensive. |
| Mercur<br>Cor. | Diarrhœa; stools scanty, chiefly of blood and mucus, with constant desire; offensive, slimy, blackish. Stool of blood and mucus, with pain and tenesmus; frequent, day and night, with cutting in abdomen and almost ineffectual tenesmus. Stool preceded by cold pain low down in pelvis; feces mixed with mucus and dark, clotted blood, followed by tenesmus. Constipation; stools of tenacious feces, with great tenesmus.                                                                                | Oozing of corrosive ichor from rectum. Tenesmus, but nothing passes except mucus, tinged with blood. Frequent, ineffectual urging in rectum, causing pain. | Burning in anus during stool.                                                                                               | Lips black, swollen and tender. Gums bleed easily; swollen and spongy. Salivation. Taste bitter; salty. Swelling of the throat, threatening suffocation. Micturition by drops and painful. Painful glandular swellings about nipples. Sticking through chest. Sleepiness. Lying on back with knees bent up.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Mezer.         | Diarrhœa constant, with pain in abdomen. Constipation; stool of brown feces, containing white, shining grains.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Stitches in rectum.                                                                                                                                        | Biting, sore pain in anus on walking and burning in rectum. Itching in region of anus during day and evening, before sleep. | Hypochondriac. Pain in head on slightest touch. Scalp covered with thick, leather-like crust, under which thick and white pus collects here and there, and hair is glued together. Jerking of muscles of left upper eyelid. Inflammatory redness of the face; the eruption is fat and moist. Teeth feel too long and blunt. Burning in pharynx and fauces. Itching and burning vesicles around ulcers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 6 Hypochondria.                                                                                                                                                              | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                                                                                                                                               | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
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| <p>Distention of abdomen at night, relieved by emission of flatus; rumbling all day, with gurgling movements, and cutting. Cutting before stool, with griping. Griping in abdomen, with rumbling, then thin green diarrhoea, without tenesmus. Pain in abdomen during menstruation.</p> |                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                             | <p>Constipation; ineffectual urging to stool, with small discharges, or only flatus passes; stool only every second day. Diarrhoea; stool like scum of a frog pond, green, frothy; white masses like lumps of tallow floating on the green; sour smelling; undigested, containing curds. Dysentery, of bloody mucus, mixed with the green, watery stool.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <p>Incarceration of flatus. Incessant emission of flatus. Drawing pain in abdomen at night.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                         | <p><b>Burning and tensive sticking in right hypochondrium; worse from pressure; sharp drawing in hepatic region. Cutting in a spot in left hypochondrium in morning.</b></p> |                                                                                                                                                                                             | <p>Constipation; bowels obstructed from induration of feces, which are so dry that they crumble as they pass the anus; like sheep's dung, covered with blood and mucus. Diarrhoea of anaemic and hysterical women, mostly during night; stools greenish, pasty, with tenesmus and cutting in abdomen. Enlarged liver of children who are puny in their growth and rachitic. Cirrhosis of liver. Enlargement and congestion of the liver; jaundice; yellow color of the face and eyes; gray stools; swelling of feet and legs. Haemorrhoids, with constipation.</p>                                                                                                                                        |
| <p>Distention of abdomen from gas; and hardness. Griping in abdomen, with constant desire for stool; but little is evacuated. Pain in abdomen, caused by evening air, with diarrhoea, as from a stone. Intestines sore, as if pressed, so that he cannot sleep on right side.</p>       | <p>Chronic atrophy of liver, with emaciation and dessication of body; sticking in region of liver, so that he could not breathe nor eructate.</p>                            | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.—Swelling of inguinal glands, with circumscribed redness; with pain on pressure, and from long walking and standing; obliged to lie down. Boring in right groin.</b></p> | <p>Colic from cold evening air; from worms; colic, which only passes off by lying down. Diarrhoea; watery, slimy, frothy, green, bloody or bilious stools, with greenish scum floating on top of water; violent urging before; tenesmus during; a never get-done feeling, with tenesmus and urging after. Dysentery; excoriating discharges; abdomen externally cold to touch; stools bloody; green mucous, like stirred eggs; worse at night; pains increased after stool. Haemorrhoids large, bleeding, which suppurate. Liver enlarged and often indurated; jaundiced hue of skin and conjunctiva; liver sore to touch; stools clay-colored; catarrhal enteritis; perityphlitis; subacute colitis.</p> |
| <p>Bruised sensation; worse in caecal region, and along transverse colon, on moderate pressure.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                     | <p>Sticking in hepatic region.</p>                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                             | <p>Dysentery; almost constant cutting pains in abdomen, with ineffectual pressing, straining and tenesmus; discharges of bloody slime day and night; severe pains in rectum continue after stool. Catarrhal inflammation of the bowels, with extreme pain in the rectum.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <p>Rumbling in abdomen, with noises. Emissions of flatus, loud, short and interrupted; offensive; worse before stool. Burning in abdomen.</p>                                                                                                                                           | <p>Stitches in region of left short ribs. Pain in region of spleen.</p>                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                             | <p>Constipation; stool hard, slow; with chill before and after stool; in knots and balls; sluggish bowels; suitable to old gentlemen who have seen much of life. Chronic diarrhoea, with a psoric anamnesis; stool brown, fecal, fermented, offensive.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |



| Drug.           | 1 | Stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 2 | Rectum.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 3 | Anus.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
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| Mur.<br>Acid.   |   | Diarrhœa; then burning in anus; stool watery, passed unnoticed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |   | Prolapsus of rectum, as if everted, when urinating. Smarting in rectum and in anus, with soft stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |   | Swollen hæmorrhoids, with burning, sore pain; blue hæmorrhoids, with pain on pressure. Burning in anus after stool, with itching.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |   | Weakness; pulse rapid and feeble.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Nat.<br>Carb.   |   | Stools spotted with blood. Constipation; stools like sheep dung after great straining and burning, with balls of mucus like peas; difficult stools, not hard.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |   | Incarcerated flatus in rectum. Burning in rectum after stool. Urging in rectum so that he could scarcely reach the closet, then thin, forcible, spurt-<br>ing stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |   | Discharge of blood from anus during stool. Itching of anus.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |   | Melancholy, sad, apprehensive. Much nasal mucus passes through mouth. Violent hawking of thick mucus from throat, that constantly collects again.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Nat.<br>Mur.    |   | Diarrhœa; stool watery; soft; difficult from inactivity of rectum. Constipation; stool hard and crumbly, and unsatisfactory; difficult; with pain as if rectum would burst, then bleeding of hæmorrhoidal vessels and pain in rectum, with frequent micturition.                                                                                                                                                                                                          |   | Protrusion of rectum, with itching in evening in bed. Contracted sensation in rectum during stool; stool difficult, hard, causing tearing in anus so that it bleeds and pains as if sore. Sensation of a foreign substance in rectum or rough, hard feces, with constant looseness of bowels.                                                                                                                                                                                          |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |   | Emaciation; weakness. Weeping mood; the more he was consoled the more he was affected; sad and preferred to be alone. Aching of head as if it would burst, with heavy and pressive pain above eyes. Sensation as if sand were in the eyes in morning. Eyes give out on writing or reading letters, and stitches run together. Blisters on tongue; taste bitter. Involuntary micturition, with cutting after. Palpitation of heart, with intermittent beating of pulse. Itching eruption on margin of hair at nape of neck.                                                                                                                   |
| Nat.<br>Sulph.  |   | Diarrhœa; stool fluid, yellow in morning, with full feeling in abdomen and emission of flatus. Knotty stools.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |   | Stitches in chest with cough; relief from sitting up and holding her chest with both hands. Brick-red sediment in urine with burning during micturition.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Nitric<br>Acid. |   | Diarrhœa frequent; twice in morning; with tenesmus. Constipation; painless; stools hard masses, scanty, enveloped in mucus, with pricking, cutting in anus. Stool bloody, with tenesmus and painful; dysenteric; much black, offensive blood; pseudo-membrane; painful and frequent, with fever and headache. Stools offensive, with offensive flatus; frequent; of only mucus; at times with cutting and urging. Difficult stools, with straining and burning in rectum. |   | Fissures more in rectum than in anus after stool. Stitches in rectum during and after stool, with spasmodic constriction in anus. Pain in rectum during stool as if something would be torn asunder. Scraping, sticking, cutting in rectum and anus during stool, with dragging. Itching, burning in rectum at night, on waking, and in morning, with pinching, extending to perineum. Inactivity of rectum and inability to evacuate feces; constant, ineffectual desire after stool. |   | Hæmorrhoids, with swelling; protruding, painless. discharging blood with every stool; with pricking in rectum; burning; painful. Discharge of bright red blood from anus with stool. Moisture and itching in anus, with soreness; moist between anus and nates when walking. Constriction of anus, with itching, burning all day, worse after urinating; with hard stool. |   | Emaciation; weakness so that he was almost constantly obliged to lie down. Vexed at trifles; despondent; easily excited; much affected by peevishness. Feeling of head as if in a vise, from ear to ear, over vertex; as if tightly bound. Falling of hair. Double vision; obscured when reading. Stopped coryza, with stoppage of nose. Ulcers in corners of lips, with scabs. Blisters on tongue, with burning pain on touch. Ulcers on inside of cheeks, with sticking. Sticking in throat, with difficult swallowing. Sweat in morning. Sweat on soles, causing soreness of toes and balls of feet, with sticking as if walking on pins. |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 6 Hypochondria.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                                                                                                                                                               | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
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|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <p>Diarrhœa, with much wind; stools profuse, dark green, brown, gelatinous; worse after eating; from fruit; from lager beer; from abuse of opium, with intolerable itching of anus during typhoid fever. Dysenteric stools; blood and slime separated. Piles suddenly in children, with great sensitiveness; prolapsus ani while urinating; piles after confinement. Hæmorrhoids, aggravated by cold water; amelioration from warmth; with prolapsus of rectum, accompanied by sticking and biting. Diarrhœa in typhoid; offensive; or, in old people, who sink down in bed.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <p>Distention of abdomen worse after eating. Incarcerated flatus, with griping in abdomen after eating.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <p>Sticking in right hypochondrium in forenoon, then griping in hypogastrium, with sticking in region of spleen.</p>                                                                                                                                          | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Swelling in inguinal glands; painful; and of axillary glands. Pain in hypogastrium, extending to genitals, as if everything in abdomen would fall out and menses would come on.</p> | <p>Flatulent colic, with constriction around stomach and navel; incarcerated flatus; passes sour smelling or fetid flatus. Constipation in sad, desponding, and hypochondriac persons; frequent urging, but insufficient stool, though the feces are not hard; worse from starchy and vegetable food. Diarrhœa during hot summer and after milk; stools watery, gray; worse during day, and after eating, with discharge passing with a gush; much fetid flatus is passed with the stool.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <p>Rumbling in abdomen all the forenoon, with gurgling, then four pasty stools with emission of flatus. Griping in abdomen, as in diarrhœa, after stool. Flatulent pain in abdomen like labor-pains.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Pain in hypogastrium, in ring, when coughing, extending into testicles as if spermatic cords would be torn to pieces.</p>                                                           | <p>Obstinate constipation; difficult expulsion of feces fissuring the anus, with flow of blood; a ripping-up sensation in the anus after stool. Inactivity of rectum; stools hard. Diarrhœa chronic; gushing, black, greenish, gray, bloody, watery stools. Hæmorrhoids painful, stinging, with protrusion of rectum; smarting and burning; oozing of glutinous moisture. Herpetic eruption about anus. Ascarides.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <p>Collection of flatus in abdomen without evacuation of it, with pain; flatus rolls about and becomes incarcerated here and there. Rolling and rumbling in abdomen, with sudden pinches, as after a purgative, then diarrhœa. Pain in abdomen before breakfast, flatulent, relieved by difficult emission of flatus and lying on right side. Rumbling in upper part of abdomen in evening, then fetid flatus.</p> | <p>Stitches in hypochondria when walking in open air, also with tension in right hypochondrium as if hepatic region would burst open at 4 p. m.; on deep breathing while sitting. Hepatic region sensitive when walking, with pain on touch at 1:30 p. m.</p> | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Tearing around umbilicus, with flatulence.</p>                                                                                                                                         | <p>Constipation; stool hard, knotty, streaked with blood, preceded and accompanied by smarting at the anus. Difficult expulsion of soft stool. Chronic diarrhœa worse some time after rising and moving about; after a protracted spell of damp cold weather, or from living in damp houses. Diarrhœa, with violent colic and rumbling before stool; then yellowish-green stools; profuse emission of fetid flatus. Irritable liver; jaundice from vexation; from excessive study or mental work; congestion of liver, with soreness and sharp sticking pains; aggravation from lying on left side. Lead colic. Syphilitis.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <p>Rumbling in abdomen, with uneasiness and emission of flatus. Cutting in abdomen in morning in bed; griping at night with pain before stool.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <p>Sticking in hepatic region, aggravation from motion, with tension.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                     | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Swelling of inguinal glands, suppurative, with pain on walking; the whole limb seems paralyzed and muscles tense.</p>                                                               | <p>Constipation; desire for stool, but little passes; feels as it stayed in the rectum and could not be expelled; ineffectual urging, with sharp splinter-like cutting pains. Diarrhœa, with cutting pressing pains before and during stools, with drawing pain in rectum after stool, continuing for hours; stools green, slimy, with flakes of false membranes, undigested, putrid, fetid sour-smelling. Diphtheritic dysentery; burning in rectum, with ineffectual urging; stools bloody; tenesmus. Old pendulous hæmorrhoids that cease to bleed, but become painful to the touch, especially in warm weather. Bleeding of hæmorrhoids, blood bright red, not clotted; bleed after every stool. Liver enormously enlarged; jaundice, with clay-colored stools; chronic derangements of liver. Fissure of the anus, with constant oozing of fetid moisture, with raw smarting, as if cut with a knife.</p> |



| Drug.       | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 4                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
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|             | Stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Rectum.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Anus.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Nux<br>Mos. | Stool soft but difficult; indolent; also with sensation as if a part remained.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Strange feeling over whole system with almost irresistible sleepiness. Changeable, one moment laughing the next crying. Absence of mind; inability to think; memory lost. Dryness of tongue and mouth as if it would stick to palate, without thirst. Sleepiness; eyes close constantly; falls asleep on sitting down.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Nux<br>Vom. | Diarrhœa in morning after rising; stool dark; aggravation in morning and after dinner; scanty and corrosive, with griping. Constipation, as from constriction of intestines; as from inactivity of rectum; stool hard, then sticking as from hæmorrhoids. Stools whitish, mixed with tenacious mucus and streaks of blood. | Sharp pain in rectum after stool and after eating; aggravation from exerting the mind or studying; in morning before stool. Constriction in rectum during stool, with discharge of bright blood; after stool, with sensation as if some could not be evacuated; after eating, with tearing-sticking sensation in rectum, as if stool were incomplete. Anxious urging in rectum, frequent; ineffectual after the usual stool, with griping; and stool when passed was soft. | Blind hæmorrhoids, with burning and sticking in rectum. Discharge of blood from anus with the stool. Jerking in anus when not at stool. Burning-smarting in anus some hours after stool, with cutting as in a sore; biting in evening, with sore pain; itching in anus, with sore pain as from hæmorrhoids on margin; becoming a smarting and sore pain as from blind piles. | Takes cold from the slightest draught. Quarrelsome, even to violence. Ill humor, intolerance of noise or talking; intolerance of strong odors or bright light. Hypochondriac. Dread of literary work. Aching of head in morning in bed. Heaviness of head in morning; intoxicating confusion; dullness. Photophobia. Coryza in morning; sneezing, with scraping in throat. Sour taste. Rawness of throat that provokes cough. Scraping in throat as after heartburn. Aversion to food, drinking, tobacco and coffee. Eructations of bitter and sour liquid. Nausea in morning, with chilliness and faintness. Scraped sensation in pit of stomach. Sensation as from a stone in epigastrium. Frequent ineffectual urging to micturition. Menses too early, with cramps. Dry cough from midnight till daybreak. Scraping in chest, causing cough. Pain in back in morning. Wakes between 2 and 3 a. m. |
| Olean.      | Stool, undigested, of food eaten the previous evening; involuntary.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Burning in anus when not at stool, and before and after stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Gnawing, itching, biting of scalp at night as from lice; after scratching, smarting as if scratched raw. Ravenous hunger.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Opium.      | Diarrhœa; stool whitish, frequent, also causing burning in anus. Constipation, stool hard and dark brown, in small pieces with loss of appetite; stool gray and crumbly and unsatisfactory. Stool offensive, involuntary, delayed.                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Spasmodic closure of anus.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Fear of impending death. Delirium. Insensibility, with apoplectic respiration. Vertigo. Pupils contracted, face flushed. Urine retained; expulsive power of bladder weakened. Respiration long and sighing; deep and frequent sighing. Stertorous respiration. Pulse slow. Sleepiness, with inability to sleep, but during the night restless sleep with much sweat.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 6 Hypochondria.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
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| <p>Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen, with movements as if he would have colic.</p> <p>Twitching of muscles of abdomen. Flatulent distention of abdomen after eating, after drinking. Rumbling in abdomen in morning, with gurgling; also in bed, with spasmodic and griping, flatulent colic and heat in palms and soles. Flatulence in abdomen, rising and becoming incarcerated under short ribs. Stitches in abdomen, with griping, tearing, drawing, extending to chest. Pain in abdomen, then discharge of dark mucus, causing biting, burning in anus as before diarrhoea from taking cold; in morning on slightest uncovering during sweat. Pain in abdomen as if everything were sore, on every step, as from incarcerated flatus; flatulent after stool, as if intestines here and there were pressed by stones. Bruised pain in muscles of abdomen on motion and on touch. Constriction and weight in abdomen, with sensation as if everything would fall down, obliging him to walk carefully. Griping in upper abdomen when she wishes to go to stool. Flatulent colic in evening after lying down.</p> | <p>Tearing in hepatic region as if stones would cut their way out, with diarrhoea always preceded by an agreeable sensation in the stomach.</p> <p>Sticking in hepatic region, with constriction. Throbbing in and below hepatic region as if an ulcer would form.</p> | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Griping about umbilicus on eating, with pinching. Pain below umbilicus, as from a stone, taking away the breath after dinner.</p> <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Development of a tendency to inguinal hernia. Cutting pain in hypogastrium mornings, with nausea, sweetish, disgusting taste, weakness and sleepiness; cutting rising to upper abdomen where it amounted to griping. Pinching in hypogastrium in morning, with fermenting; rumbling, then watery diarrhoea. Pain in ring in morning in bed as if a hernia would become incarcerated. Pain in pubic region, extending towards anus. Colic in hypogastrium as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning with urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest, when sitting and lying. Forcing down in hypogastrium towards genitals. Weakness in ring as if a hernia would form.</p> | <p>Colic immediately after eating, and worse after drinking; amelioration from hot, wet cloths; abdomen enormously distended. Constipation for days; no desire; no urging; the rectum becomes filled and seems entirely paralyzed. Exhausting diarrhoea; stools slimy, like chopped eggs, thin, yellow, profuse and putrid; undigested, with cutting and urging during stool. Atrophic nutmeg liver, which is swollen; enlargement of liver and spleen after intermittent fever.</p> <p>Colic from indigestion, with waterbrash; worse after coffee, brandy or overeating; flatulent, with pressure upward, causing dyspnoea. Constipation; large, hard, difficult stools; frequent urging without effect; sensation as if much remained after stool; the action of bowels irregular and spasmodic. Alternate constipation and diarrhoea. Diarrhoea from abuse of intoxicating drinks or high living; stool frequent, small, corrosive, offensive; then brownish-green, fecal. Dysentery; stool small, slimy, bloody, with urging; tenesmus ceasing after stool; stools like pitch and blood. Piles blind or flowing. Irregular piles, with stitching, burning or itching of the anus. Hepatic affections in good livers; in alcoholic excesses, and after allopathic dosing; liver swollen hard and sensitive to pressure of clothing. Jaundice, provoked by violent anger; abuse of Quinine, with attacks of faintness. Incarcerated hernia; numerous cases of apparently irreducible hernia have been reported as cured by this drug.</p> |
| <p>Rumbling of abdomen, with emission of flatus of the odor of bad eggs.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p>Diarrhoea; stool involuntary when emitting flatus; stools thin, yellow and fecal, with emission of fetid flatus, like rotten eggs. Diarrhoea of phthisis.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <p>Distention of abdomen, but no power to expel its contents, Abdomen tympanitic, hard and sensitive to touch, with rumbling. Cutting griping in abdomen with constipation. Colic, with spasmodic closure of anus and difficult emission of flatus, with tension and grumbling. Intestines sluggish, so that the strongest purgatives lose their power.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Tension in hypogastrium, with pain on touch.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <p>Colic, with pressure downward upon rectum and bladder. Painters' colic. Constipation of long standing; no urging; stools composed of a few hard, round, dark balls; rectum inactive. Diarrhoea after fright or sudden joy; offensive, involuntary, watery, frothy, dark stools. Constipation from inertia of the bowels, especially of the rectum, with no inclination for stool. Constipation, resulting from unwise enemas of water and soap. Chronic catarrh and ulceration of the ilio-cæcal region. Constipation; fecal stools completely enveloped in mucus. Cholera infantum, with involuntary, offensive stools. Diarrhoea during typhoid, with bloated abdomen. Intestinal obstruction with fecal vomiting and violent colic.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |



| Drug.        | 1 Stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 2 Rectum.                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 3 Anus.                                                                                                         | 4 Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
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| Petrol.      | Diarrhœa; stool profuse; mucous; of much bloody mucus; violent; involuntary; frequent; with weakness.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Weakness of rectum.                                                                                                                                                                                       | Burning pain in region of anus; itching of anus; pressure of anus.                                              | Imagines that some one is lying near him. Pressure and leaden heaviness in occiput. Nausea all day; in morning, with accumulation of water in mouth; incessant. Finger tips rough, cracked and sticking; cutting in them.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Phos. Acid.  | Diarrhœa; stool thin, whitish-gray, involuntary, pasty, bright-yellow, with sensation as if he would emit flatus; not prostrating.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                 | Weakness in morning, with apathy. Quiet, indifferent; speaks unwillingly. Ideas lost and mind weak; he cannot collect his thoughts in proper order. Roaring in ears, with difficult hearing. Cough dry from tickling in chest, just above pit of stomach. Dreams lascivious, with emissions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Phos.        | Diarrhœa profuse, bloody, containing mucous membrane and clots of blood. Stool soft, with lumps of white mucus; pasty; at an unusual time; light; clay-colored, with urging and inactivity of rectum. Stool involuntary on least motion; mucus, mixed with blood and slime; involuntary the moment that it entered rectum. Constipation, with sensitiveness above Ponpart's ligament and hardness low down in left iliac region; afterwards almost dysentery, of watery stools, mixed with whitish-yellow and cheesy masses and tenesmus. Constipation; stool small, dark, and difficult, apparently from inactivity of rectum. Stool gray, whitish-gray, green, bloody, difficult. | Sticking in rectum, with smarting during a stool that was not hard. Burning in rectum and anus after soft stool, with exhaustion. Urging in rectum on rising, before stool, which shot out as from a gun. | Hæmorrhage from anus of pure blood during stool. Itching and biting in anus.                                    | Mucus membrane pale. Emaciation. Much bleeding of small wounds. Weakness all day, with oppression; with depression and no desire to attend to ordinary business. Disinclination to mental or physical exertion. Apathy; unwilling to talk. Inability to think. Vertigo, with heaviness and pain in head. Vision dim; sees better by shading the eyes with the hand. Vision of black, floating points. Swelling of nose and painful to touch. Vomiting of food; of blood. Pressure as from a hard substance above pit of stomach. Menstruation too early and scanty. Hoarseness; inability to speak aloud. Cough from tickling in throat. Cough, with oppression of chest; expectoration of blood and mucus. Dyspnœa. Soreness of lungs, with difficulty in taking a full breath. Palpitation of heart. Sleepiness during the day, even before dinner; sleeplessness before midnight. Sweat over whole body in morning in bed, on slight exertion. |
| Phytol. Dec. | Stool of blood, mucus and what looked like scrapings of inner surface of intestines.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Neuralgic pain in anus and lower part of rectum, shooting along perineum to middle of penis; worse at midnight. | Tip of tongue red; pain in root on swallowing. Soreness and dryness of throat; fauces congested and dark; tonsils swollen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Platin.      | Stool indurated as if burnt, preceded and followed by pressure; constipation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Urging in rectum, with scanty stool passed in pieces after pressure, with painful weakness and tight sensation in the abdominal muscles.                                                                  | Crawling tenesmus in anus, as in diarrhœa, every evening before sleep.                                          | Arrogant; proud; contemptuous; pitiful; looking down on people usually venerated with a kind of casting them off. Great dread of death, which she believed to be near. Intermittent, cramp-like, drawing constriction in head. Fermentation in epigastric region. Menses too early and profuse; blood clotted. Numbness of coccyx when sitting.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 6 Hypochondria.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                                                                                                              | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
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| <p>Distention of abdomen with rumbling; cutting, with diarrhoea as from taking cold; with pressure; with retching.</p> <p>Distention of abdomen, relieved by emission of flatus; griping.</p>                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                            | <p>Colic; sensation of coldness, weakness and faintness; better from bending double. Diarrhoea always in daytime, never at night, but has stools early in the morning; hunger immediately after stool, from weak empty feeling in bowels; stools profuse, gushing, mucous; yellowish-brown, with colic. Chronic diarrhoea. Dysenteric diarrhoea, consisting of bloody mucus, followed by much pressing; weak and dizzy after stool. Piles and fissures at the anus, with great itching; scurf on borders of anus.</p> <p>Diarrhoea, lasting a long time, apparently without any weakening effect; stools white, gray, copious, painless, involuntary, with discharge of undigested substances. Diarrhoea, with constant rumbling and gurgling in abdomen; stools dark, yellow, undigested, very offensive; stools of yellow water, with meal-like sediment; worse night and morning after eating. General tympanitis, with enlarged spleen.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <p>Distention of abdomen; tympanitic. Emission of flatus. Griping in abdomen then stool, with constriction in rectum. Emptiness and weak feeling in abdomen, coldness. Weakness in abdomen and in back so that she must lie down.</p> | <p>Enlargement of spleen, with pain. Enlargement of liver. Incarceration of flatus in hypochondria with oppression of chest. Pain in hepatic region on pressure; sensitiveness, worse when lying on right side, with pain on touch. Painful pulsation in right hypochondrium.</p> | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Pressure downward in hypogastrium towards genitals, as during menstruation. Painful drawing in groins, as before menstruation.</p> | <p>Flatulent colic deep in the abdomen, worse when lying. Tympanitis mostly about the cæcum and transverse colon. Inveterate constipation, with disappointing calls, the trouble being in the rectum; feces slender, long, narrow, dry, tough and hard, like a dog's, and voided with difficulty. Diarrhoea; involuntary stool when coughing; suitable to old persons; to scrofulous and phthisical patients. Morning diarrhoea, with green painless, but exhausting stools; watery, pouring away as from a hydrant, with lumps of white mucus, or little grains like tallow. Diarrhoea; stools green or bloody, the anus remaining constantly open. Ulceration of rectum. Chronic diarrhoea, with gradual loss of strength; fetid stool and flatus smelling like lime, which has been used to purify gas of sulphur. Bleeding piles; blood flows with each stool in a small stream. Hyperæmia; at first enlargement, fatty degeneration, and finally atrophy of the liver, with jaundice and dropsy; waxy liver, dependent upon long lasting bone disease. Fatty liver, in consequence of cardiac troubles. Acute yellow atrophy of liver. Cirrhosis of the liver. Paralysis of the sphincter ani; the anus is always open. Desire for stool whenever she lies on left side.</p> |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                            | <p>Habitual costiveness, especially of old people; sensation as if the bowels would not move, without the aid of laxatives; continual inclination, but often passes only fetid flatus.</p> <p>Painter's colic; pain in umbilical region, extending through to the back. Constipation of emigrants or while traveling. Constipation from lead poisoning; frequent desire, but small evacuations, with great effort. Obstinate constipation, with feeling of a load in rectum, which cannot be evacuated; stools seem to stick to the anus like putty. Diarrhoea; stool adheres to rectum and anus like soft clay; tenacious; glutinous.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |



| Drug.         | 1 Stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 2 Rectum.                                                                                                                                 | 3 Anus.                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 4 Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
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| Plumb.        | Diarrhœa alternating with constipation. Stool blackish, scanty, like sheep dung; painful, only once in eight or ten days, or green, in balls, often hard.                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                           | Anus drawn up, with constriction.                                                                                                                                                                                               | Emaciation; anæmia; restlessness; weakness; faintness. Face sallow and pale. Gums blue along margins; breath fetid; taste sweetish. Appetite lost; hiccough; nausea. Vomiting constant of food. Micturition difficult; urine scanty and dark; evacuated by drops; albuminous urine. Neuralgic pains in muscular part of thighs, worse in evening and at night; paroxysmal, so that he cries out. Skin yellow. Sleeplessness. Dry skin.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Podo.<br>Pel. | Diarrhœa in morning and through forenoon; then natural stool in evening immediately after eating and drinking; alternating with constipation. Diarrhœa in morning, with heat and pain in anus; stool liquid, yellow, green, frequent.                                                                              | Aggravation of internal piles, with protrusion of rectum after stool; sometimes prolapsed for days, owing to the swelling and congestion. |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Hollow sensation in epigastrium. Pain in uterus and right ovary. Sleepiness in daytime; worse in forenoon. Tongue coated white in morning, with much viscid mucus in mouth. Vomiting of hot, frothy mucus; of contents of stomach, then of bile; of thick, dark green bile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Psor.         | Diarrhœa; stool fluid, dark brown, foul-smelling, preceded by colic; green, bilious diarrhœa, mixed with mucus.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Fear; anxiety; melancholy. Discharge of fetid pus from ears. Swelling of upper lip. Great hunger. Eructations tasting like rotten eggs. Cough, with expectoration of green mucus nearly like matter. Weakness of joints as if they would not hold together. Sweat on walking, with consequent debility.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Puls.         | Diarrhœa of green mucus, as green as bile, once or twice at night, with movements in intestines before every stool; at first green, then slimy; not exhausting, without colic. Stool soft, mixed with mucus; frequent. Constipation; stool white, of only yellow-white mucus, mixed with blood; with pain in back. | Sticking in rectum as from incarcerated flatus. Desire in rectum as if diarrhœa would occur. Pressure in rectum after stool.              | Blind hæmorrhoids with itching; in morning preceded by pain in small of back; in evening, till 9 p. m., with sore pain in anus; worse from motion; painful; protruding. Bleeding from anus during stool; sore pain after stool. | Longs for fresh air. Hypochondriac moroseness; weeping. Headache, extending into eyes in evening, as from eating too much. Vertigo in morning on rising, forcing him to lie down again. Burning and itching in eyes; inflammation of margin of lids; agglutination in morning. Dimness of vision; transient blackness during menses. Pain in ears as from something forcing outwards; hearing difficult. Stoppage of nose in evening on going to bed, and blowing out of a thick, yellow, opaque mucus in the morning. Tongue covered with a tenacious mucus as with a membrane. Mouth and pharynx dry; taste bitter; bilious after eating and smoking, though food has a natural taste. Disgusting taste in morning, with white tongue; foul, clammy, insipid. Eructations tasting of food; tasting of rancid tallow after eating cakes. Nausea worse after eating and drinking, with waterbrash and disagreeable risings. Pain in stomach an hour after eating; scraping like heartburn; gnawing. Micturition involuntary at night in bed. Drawing pain in spermatic cords; testicles swollen. Leucorrhœa like milk. Menses suppressed. Constant cough in evening after lying down, with expectoration of yellow mucus. Varicose veins. |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 6 Hypochondria.                      | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
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| <p>Retraction of abdomen, with hardness and pain in umbilicus, radiating to lumbar region and iliac fossæ, with hard knots over its surface. Abdominal colic radiating to all parts of the body; sensitiveness of abdomen to touch. Paroxysmal tearing in abdomen; worse at umbilicus. Intermittent boring in abdomen, often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder, lower limbs.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                      | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Umbilicus seems to adhere to spine. Shooting from umbilical region to other parts of abdomen; amelioration from pressure; so violent at times that he was almost wild; tossed about, pressed his fist into his abdomen; said he must go to stool.</p> | <p>Colic: intense paroxysms of a shooting character; abdomen hard as a stone and drawn into the spine, as if by a string; knots in recti muscles. Constipation; stools consisting of small, hard, black balls. Diarrhœa between midnight and morning, with sensation as of something pulling at the navel; stools watery, dark, offensive, profuse, involuntary, or mucous and bloody. Dysentery; burning in anus during stool, and long-lasting, severe tenesmus afterwards; fruitless efforts to stool, which is bloody, watery and offensive. Cirrhosis of the liver; first enlarged and then contracted; hepatic region sensitive to pressure, continuing darting pain. Neuralgia of the rectum. Chronic inflammation of the liver with constipation; vomiting of green mucus. Jaundice, with nausea and vomiting. Incarcerated hernia.</p>                                                                                                                                                      |
| <p>Pain in abdomen, with coldness; then heat and warm sweat; heat, with inclination to stool; pain in transverse colon at 3 a. m.; then diarrhœa. Faintness, with sensation of emptiness in abdomen after stool.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p>Colic, originating in a depressed or excessive bilious secretion. Lead colic. Infantile constipation after an attack of diarrhœa; stools hard, crumbly, clayey. Constipation in persons of sedentary habits from atony of lower intestines; stools hard, dry, crumble when passing, with great straining and causing prolapse of rectum. Chronic diarrhœa, especially during early hours of morning, stool watery, with meal-like sediment; yellow; pasty; black; mucous and blood-streaked; involuntary; very offensive, like carrion. Piles, with prolapsus ani and long-standing diarrhœa. Chronic dysentery; discharges like meat washings; severe tenesmus; burning pain deep in rectum. Chronic inflammation of the liver, associated with jaundice. Gall-stone colic, with jaundice and twisting pain. Duodenitis, with jaundice; ulceration of the duodenum.</p>                                                                                                                          |
| <p>Abdomen bloated after eating; amelioration from emission of flatus with nausea.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <p>Sticking in region of spleen.</p> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p>Constipation; torpor of rectum, even a soft stool is voided with difficulty. Diarrhœa; stools horribly offensive; nearly painless; involuntary, dark brown; black, watery or green mucus. Chronic hepatitis; stinging sharp pains in liver and in spleen.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <p>Distention of abdomen after eating, with intermittent colic and rumbling; flatulent. Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening, or colic; worse in evening in bed, with gurgling, griping and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another. Cutting in abdomen in morning, with emission of flatus; as from flatulence in evening before eating. Drawing, tensive pains in abdomen, like liver pains. Pain in abdomen in evening after drinking; after stool; on touch; with diarrhœa. Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about painfully; worse in upper abdomen. Flatulent pain in evening after a meal; here and there after midnight; not relieved by emission of flatus. Heaviness in abdomen like a stone just before menses, during menses and in sacrum, with inclination of lower limbs to fall asleep when sitting. Chilliness in abdomen, extending around to lower part of back. Drawing tensive pains in upper abdomen, extending through spermatic cord into testicles, which hang low down.</p> |                                      | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Cutting low down in abdomen, penetrating into pelvis; worse from retracting walls of abdomen, with urging to stool. Constriction in hypogastrium, as from a stone, extending to bladder.</p>                                                       | <p>Colic from cold, from getting feet wet, from fruits, ices, pastry; flatulent colic in evening after supper, or at night. Chronic constipation from irregular menstruation; inactivity of intestines, whether stool is hard or soft; alternation of constipation and diarrhœa. Diarrhœa; stool sour; green, bloody; one stool fetid, the other odorless; one containing fecal matter, the other blood; no two stools alike; caused by eating pork or fat food; from fruit, ice cream, tobacco, cold drinks. Dysentery; discharges white, slimy, clear, yellow, red or green slime, blood and mucus. Painful protruding piles, with itching and sticking. Intestinal catarrh in children; colic about the navel and diarrhœa. Colic during pregnancy or from suppressed menstruation; menstrual colic. Intestinal catarrh, with much burning in the bowels; stools covered with mucus. Diarrhœa, from fright; worse from being in a warm room; preceded by colic and pain in the small of back.</p> |



| Drug.          | 1 | Stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 2 | Rectum.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 3 | Anus. | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
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| Ratan.         |   | Stool liquid and brownish; frothy, profuse, forcible; several times a day; yellowish; mostly in morning.                                                                                                                                                                   |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |   |       |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Rheum          |   | Diarrhœa; stool semi-liquid, forcible, frequent, followed by tenesmus and burning in anus; brown, frequent, followed by tenesmus, pain in back and burning in rectum. Diarrhœa; stools pasty, sour-smelling; then shivering, then urging, with constriction in intestines. |   | Desire in rectum for stool after a meal; desire increased when moving about; then thin, offensive stool, with colic; then ineffectual tenesmus; later another stool; after rising from stool, the urging, which had gradually subsided, returned more violent than ever. |   |       |   | Desire for various kinds of food, but he cannot eat much, because they become repulsive. Heaviness of whole body. Child impatiently desires many things, and cries.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Rhus<br>Tox.   |   | Diarrhœa; stool liquid; with mucus, red and yellow, gelatinous, tinged with blood, preceded by lassitude.                                                                                                                                                                  |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |   |       |   | Soreness in every muscle, relieved by exercise. Restlessness at night. Sadness and weeping without knowing why; apprehension at night. Restless mood. Vertigo on rising. Redness of eyes in morning, with agglutination. Soreness of tongue, with redness at apex; dryness. Desire for cold milk. Tickling and irritation behind upper half of sternum. Bruised feeling in sacrum. Rheumatic pains in all extremities, relieved by motion. Erysipelatous inflammation of face and neck. Restless sleep after midnight. Cough whenever he puts his hands out of bed. Anxious dreams of his business. |
| Ruta.          |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |   | Tearing stitches in rectum when sitting. Frequent urging in rectum, with prolapsus and emission of flatus; stooping and, still more, crouching down caused protrusion.                                                                                                   |   |       |   | Bruised pain in all parts on which he lies. Vision weak as if eyes were strained. Pain in spine as if beaten.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Secale<br>Cor. |   | Diarrhœa; stool thin, olive-green, exhausting, pernicious, offensive, frequent, brown, slimy, next day fetid and dark.                                                                                                                                                     |   | Paralysis of rectum; anus wide open; hæmorrhage from bowels.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |   |       |   | Restlessness, debility, anxiety, with fear of death. Eyes sunken and surrounded by a blue margin; staring. Bleeding of nose. Face drawn; sunken; pale in morning and collapsed; anxious. Appetite unnatural, even when dying from exhausting stools. Thirst unquenchable. Inflammation of uterus; hæmorrhage; cessation of lochia; expulsive pains. Expectoration of blood during violent efforts to breathe. Pulse rapid, small, contracted, often intermittent. Extremities pale, cold and wrinkled.                                                                                              |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 6 Hypochondria.                                                                                                                              | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                                                                                                                                         | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
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| <p>Distention of abdomen beginning at stomach; abdomen hard as if filled with air, without pain; she cannot bear pressure on stomach; worse in hypogastrium. Flatulence; no flatus emitted upward or downward.</p>                  |                                                                                                                                              | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Griping about umbilicus.</p>                                                                                                                                     | <p>Chronic diarrhœa; green liquid stools, always mucous and bloody; no emission of flatus for six days. Diarrhœa; stools thin, brown, yellowish, frothy; forcibly expelled with colic and prominence of intestines, like pads here and there, all over the abdomen during the pains.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <p>Cutting in abdomen after dinner; relieved by bending over; aggravation from standing. Griping in abdomen, with ineffectual urging to stool; pain before and during stool; better after stool; aggravation from eating plums.</p> |                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                       | <p>Diarrhœa, with colicky pains around navel before or during stool; stools sour, liquid, slimy; fecal; mixed with green slime. Cholera infantum; stools whitish, curdy, turning green in the diaper on exposure to air; sour smell of whole body, especially during teething.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <p>Distention of abdomen all day after eating; fermentation. Griping and jerking in abdomen, with pain, which is better after stool.</p>                                                                                            | <p>Pressive drawing forward in left hypochondrium, with anxiety and nausea in chest. Griping in upper abdomen after eating and drinking.</p> | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Swelling of inguinal glands. Pain in region of ascending colon on rising after stool; in region of right quadratus lumborum muscles on rising from lying.</p> | <p>Colic, compelling one to walk bent; relieved by bending double and walking about, or by lying on the abdomen. Diarrhœa; stools jelly-like, dark, yellow, red, watery, with lumps of transparent mucus; bloody water, like washings of beef. Dysentery; stools watery, mucous, and bloody, with tearing down the thighs and much tenesmus. Fissures of the anus, with periodical profuse bleeding from the anus; pain in small of back, as if bruised; sore blind hæmorrhoids protruding after stool. Peritonitis and enteritis, with restlessness; dry, red tongue. Typhlitis; painful swelling of the whole right side of abdomen; aggravation from lying on left side; better when lying on the back, and by gentle pressure.</p> |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <p>Gnawing in hepatic region.</p>                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                       | <p>Prolapsus of the rectum. Pruritis of the rectum.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <p>Distention of abdomen; tympanitic; coldness also in back.</p>                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                              | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Pain in hypogastrium.</p>                                                                                                                                     | <p>Interminable diarrhœa in summer, which resists everything, especially in scrofulous children; stools putrid, fetid, watery, yellowish or greenish, discharged rapidly with great force. Inflammation and gangrene of the liver; enlargement; acute pains in hepatic region. Dysentery; particularly valuable in the collapsed stage; stools involuntary, grumous; with these conditions it has saved many apparently hopeless cases. Asiatic cholera, particularly with the icy coldness and intolerance of being covered.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                      |



| Drug.   | 1 | Stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 2 | Rectum.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 3 | Anus.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
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| Sepia.  |   | Diarrhœa after boiled milk. Constipation; stool hard and difficult, mixed with mucus; and knotty, whitish, scanty, brownish, difficult, but not hard; bloody.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |   | Prolapsus of rectum, with weak feeling in evening in bed; itching, burning all day; passes only wind and mucus, with sensation of a plug in rectum.                                                                                                                                      |   | Hæmorrhoids bleeding when walking. Protruding hæmorrhoids during stool; when walking; painful. Congestion of anus after dinner; expulsion of ascarides; sticking; soreness; burning, itching.                                                                                             |   | Apathy; irritability; indolence. Tearing from left temple to upper part of left side of head. Falling out of hair. Pain in right eye as from sand. Face yellow, also whites of eyes; yellow spots and yellow saddle across upper part of cheeks and nose. Herpetic eruption on lips. Morning nausea relieved after eating. Gnawing in stomach, better after supper, with weakness. Emptiness in stomach, with nausea as soon as she thinks of food she would like. Pressure on bladder and frequent micturition and tension in hypogastrium. Urging to micturition, with bearing down in pelvis. Urine thick, slimy, offensive, depositing a yellow, pasty sediment; turbid and clay-colored, with reddish sediment. Leucorrhœa yellow, acrid, like milk, only by day, with burning pain and excoriation. Prolapsus of uterus; congestion; pressure as if everything would issue through vulva; she must cross her limbs to prevent protrusion of vagina yet nothing protrudes. Hacking cough in evening after lying down; spasmodic. Itching on bends of elbows. Cold feet towards evening and in morning, with headache. |
| Silica. |   | Diarrhœa; stools frequent, scanty, pasty, exhausting, offensive as carrion. Constipation in spite of frequent straining; on following days hard, difficult unsatisfactory stool. Constipation; stool that has protuded slips back again, after urging and straining till abdominal walls are sore. Constipation; stool hard, with burning in anus; lumpy, scanty, offensive, difficult, light-colored. Natural stool, with pressure and straining; with mucus. |   | Stinging, cutting in rectum. Jerking, almost sticking pain in rectum, with burning, stinging, itching during stool. Constant, ineffectual desire, but discharge of only mucus from rectum, with chilliness of body. Stool remains long in rectum, as if there were no power to expel it. |   | Hæmorrhoids sensitive; though protruding but little, protrude during stool; return with difficulty, and with bloody mucus from rectum. Boring, cramp-like pain in anus, extending into rectum and testicles. Constriction of anus during stool; with tension and burning after dry stool. |   | Emaciation; weakness; restlessness. Bruised pain in whole body. Symptoms mostly occur at time of new moon. Sensitive to noise and anxious therefrom; peevishness. Bruised pain above eyes; aggravated on opening eyes. Tearing in vertex as if it would burst, relieved by binding head tightly. Tearing in occipital protuberances, extending upwards and forward over sides of head; pain relieved by warm wrapping of head. Soreness of scalp to touch. Sensitiveness of ears to loud sounds. Swelling in region of right lachrymal gland. Sensation of a hair on fore part of tongue. Cough, with thick, yellow, lumpy expectoration. Right breast hard, painful and swollen at nipple. Stiffness of nape of neck, with headache. Fingernails rough and yellow. Weakness of lower extremities. Carrion-like odor of feet every evening, without sweat. Small wounds heal with difficulty and easily suppurate. Restless sleep. Sweat at night on head; offensive; with loss of appetite and prostration.                                                                                                               |
| Staph.  |   | Diarrhœa; a thin stool passes unconsciously, with sensation as if flatus would pass.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |   | Sore pain in rectum after stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |   | Itching of anus when sitting.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |   | Peevish in morning; he wishes to throw away everything which he takes in his hands. Burning of skin after scratching. Weakness in limbs; pain as if bruised, and as if there were no strength in them.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 6 Hypochondria.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
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| <p>Distention of abdomen after dinner, with rumbling noises. Soreness in abdomen as if menses would appear, with drawing, tension, heaviness, during motion; emptiness after stool. Weakness in abdomen after two hard stools, with loss of appetite.</p>      | <p>Sticking in hepatic region; sore pain; full sensation. Pain in left hypochondrium; relieved when lying. Pain in right hypochondrium contractive; worse in morning; then constriction in stomach, extending to chest; amelioration from eructations.</p> | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Pain across hypogastrium at night on lying down; amelioration from micturition. Pain in pelvis, beginning in sacrum and passing forward and down to right knee at 7.30 a. m.; relieved by pressing against something hard; the pelvic pain relieved by crossing the limbs. Pressing downward in hypogastrium during menses; better in knee-elbow position, which caused eructations and sleep. Pressure in hypogastrium as if contents would issue through genitals. Pressure in hypogastrium as if bladder would fall out over os pubis; partially relieved by hard pressure; the pelvic distress always felt at night on waking. Singular feeling in pelvic region at 4 p. m. A weakness about small of back, pubic bones, and around anus a dragging.</p> | <p>Colic, with great distention and sensitiveness of abdomen, recurring towards evening. Constipation; an all-gone feeling in rectum; inability to expel feces, or to strain at stool, with sensation of a ball in rectum. Constipation of females, with pain and pressure in iliac regions, from uterine and abdominal congestion during pregnancy. Prolapsus recti. Chronic debilitating diarrhoea, with almost constant oozing from anus; stools jelly-like, green or bloody, fetid or sour, expelled quickly; worse after taking boiled milk. Weakness of the sphincter; piles come down from any exertion as walking or standing; she supports the anus by pressure with her hand to prevent protrusion of the parts. Functional derangement of liver, often preceded by migraine; constant aching pain in right side of abdomen. Enlargement of the liver, with heaviness in the hepatic region.</p> |
| <p><b>Abdomen tense and hard;</b> tense and hot, with rumbling, grumbling and constant diarrhoea. Distention of abdomen, and, after eating, tension with weight; with pain in place of a hernia. Emission of offensive flatus, with rumbling and gurgling.</p> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Inguinal glands as large as peas; painful to touch. Cutting in hypogastrium, with incarceration of flatus, pain at every step.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <p>Colic; pains in lower abdomen from worms. Constipation; stool large, hard lumps which remain long in rectum, and when feces are nearly expelled, they suddenly recede into the rectum; even a soft stool is expelled with much difficulty. Constipation of women before and during menses. Diarrhoea; frequent desire for stool, with chilliness and nausea; stools offensive, painless, fluid, scanty, putrid; with biting, burning sensation in anus. Haemorrhoids intensely painful; boring, cramping, from anus to rectum and testicles; protrude during stool, become incarcerated and suppurate. Fistula in ano. Abscess of liver; throbbing, ulcerative pain in hepatic region; worse from touch or walking; hardness; distention of liver. Fissure of anus, with very great irritability.</p>                                                                                                   |
| <p>Twisting, griping here and there in abdomen.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Hard pressure in right side, beneath umbilicus.</p> <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Incarceration of flatus in hypogastrium. Drawing, burning in hypogastrium, extending from right ring, as if in spermatic cord, into right testicle.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <p>Colic; crampy pains following a fit of anger or following operations about the abdomen, after lithotomy. Constipation; stool retarded on account of lack of peristaltic action; hard, scanty, stool, with cutting and burning in anus. Diarrhoea; stools yellowish, slimy, cutting pain before and after, with itching of anus when sitting. Piles, with enlarged prostate gland; itching. Pain in back and through the whole pelvis. Diarrhoea; evacuation hot, odor of rotten eggs; aggravation from drinking cold water. Atony of the stomach and abdomen; feeling as if they hung down relaxed.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |



| Drug.            | 1 | Stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 2 | Rectum.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 3 | Anus.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
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| Sulfur.          |   | Diarrhœa; stool semi-fluid, soft and frequent in morning; pappy, yellowish, green, copious, fetid. Diarrhœa; stools frequent in evening; involuntary when sneezing or laughing; half fluid, half lumpy, mixed with gas and noisy flatus; in morning, afternoon and evening, always soon after eating. Involuntary diarrhœa during emission of flatus; bilious, with sensation as if weight would pass. Constipation; stool hard and difficult; only every two, three or four days. Constipation; stool at times scanty, unsatisfactory. Stool tough, gluey, fetid; so urgent that some escaped permaturely yet not diarrhœa after getting up; slimy. |   | Sticking in rectum, taking away the breath; worse in evening. Cutting in rectum during normal stool. Throbbing pain in rectum all day after stool; also burning pain during the hard stool; and in anus. Crawling in rectum in evening when sitting, with biting as from worms; itching during the day. Straining in rectum before, during and after stool; fullness; sensation after as if something remained; pressure during soft stool. Tenesmus in morning after waking, then a copious fluid stool. Frequent, ineffectual urging in rectum. |   | Hæmorrhoids moist; even after a natural stool, increased congestion of hæmorrhoidal vessels, with sticking; with burning pain on walking and on touch. Anus red, inflamed, and covered with red veins; with burning during stool. Discharge of moisture from anus, with sore feeling and itching around it; involuntary, of viscid, slimy, fluid, causing soreness; of thread worms during stool. Sticking in anus during the day. Itching around anus at border, with sore feeling. Burning in anus after a thin stool; after a soft formed stool. |   | Emaciation. Ill humor, with restlessness; with lachrymose mood; no desire to talk; fault-finding; out of sorts with everything; quarrelsome; impatient. Anxiety in evening, preventing sleep. Aching of head in morning after rising; in evening, and till late at night; pain tensive, jerking, hammering; fullness of head as if filled with blood; vertigo on stooping; on walking in open air. Pressure on top of brain. Hair falls out in morning on combing. Redness of eyes during the day, with itching in evening; burning and easily fatigued when reading. Face pale. Pasty taste in morning; bitter; bilious when fasting. Ravenous hunger if he does not eat; headache. Sour eructations. Frequent micturition; scanty. Menses too late. Sticking in left side. Palpitation of heart at night in bed. Pulse rapid. Groups of black comedones on forehead. Hands hard and dry. Itching all over body, now here now there, with pain after scratching; burning. Irresistible sleepiness during the day; sleeplessness all night. Offensive sweat in axillæ. |
| Sulfur.<br>Acid. |   | Diarrhœa; stool partly liquid, partly solid; offensive, with much thin mucus and streaks of blood. Stool soft, then empty feeling in abdomen; saffron-yellow; stringy and slimy; chopped. Stool yellowish-white, frequent, green.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |   | Hæmorrhoids; itching, with burning and sticking. Pressure in anus during and after a pasty stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |   | Weakness. Aphthæ in mouth; breath offensive. Swelling of uvula at root of palate; swallowing difficult.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Thuja<br>Occ.    |   | Diarrhœa; stool watery, painless.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |   | Stitches in rectum in direction of a line from anus to small of back.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |   | Swelling of hæmorrhoidal veins, with discharge of bloody slime by day and night. Sticking in anus at 1 p. m.; when sitting, extending into region of left iliac bone. Hæmorrhoidal pressure in anus, with burning when seated; on touch. Soreness in anus after a slimy discharge, as if skin were cracked, with constriction. Burning pain in perineum, and an inch from anus a tubercle, which became moist and smarted on walking.                                                                                                               |   | Loathing of life; ill humor; sadness. Aching in bed as if pierced by a nail. Ulceration half an inch within nose, where there is a scab. Tip of tongue painful to touch. Red growth like condylomata on inner surface of prepuce. Wart-like excrescences on skin. Sleepiness in day; sleeplessness at night.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 6 Hypochondria.                                                                                                                                    | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
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| <p>Distention of abdomen in morning in bed, relieved by emission of flatus smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; also at night; after eating, with heaviness. Rumbling in abdomen at night, with diarrhoea; gurgling. Flatulence; emission of flatus worse in evening and night; offensive, smelling of sulphuretted hydrogen. Griping in abdomen before and during stool; after stool. Tympanitic distention of abdomen not relieved by emission of flatus. Bruised pain in abdominal muscles on touch. Pressure in abdomen downward, at night waking her; with tension of muscles, so that he could not easily straighten up, as from incarcerated flatus. Abdomen sensitive so that the clothes press disagreeably.</p> | <p>Sticking pain in hepatic region, with burning when sitting bent over; on touch; bile increased. Sticking in hypochondria on deep breathing.</p> | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Griping, tense pain in umbilical region, extending towards stomach in afternoon and evening; relieved by emission of flatus. Pain across umbilicus preventing sleep; pinching, when sitting, below umbilicus, recurring every half hour, with pressure on bladder as if it were forced upon groins.</p> <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Incipient hernia forced downward, with a bruised pain and cannot be reduced with the hand. Cutting in hypogastrium in morning, with a thin stool. Griping in hypogastrium during menses with pain in small of back and general chilliness. Intermittent griping in hypogastrium so that she could scarcely walk after entering the house, preceded by rumbling in abdomen and emission of flatus.</p> | <p>Colic after eating and drinking, obliging one to bend double; worse from sweet things. Habitual constipation, especially in hæmorrhoidal and hypochondriac people. Hard, insufficient, difficult stool, with fullness, heat, and itching at anus; like sheep's dung, hard and black, as if burnt. Diarrhoea in the morning, driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery; brown; fecal; green; mucous, bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour; fetid; putrid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. Hæmorrhoids blind or flowing dark blood; lancinating pain from the anus upward, especially after stool; painless piles. Swelling and hardness of the liver; stitches. Incarcerated flatulence in left side. Abdominal dropsy. Peritonitis. Colitis, with soreness along transverse colon, aggravated by bending forward.</p> |
| <p>Weak feeling in abdomen as if menses would come on.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p>Diarrhoea of drunkards on their last legs; great debility and nervous prostration; a sensation of trembling all over the body; stools lemon-colored chopped, frothy, mucous, stringy, offensive, watery, with burning in rectum during stool. Cholera infantum; stools saffron yellow, chopped, offensive; watery; child smells sour, despite the most careful washing. Piles feel damp, painful to touch, itch violently; needle-like pains at anus. Enlarged spleen, which is painful on coughing. Diarrhoea; stool like chopped eggs of yellow mucous; sometimes frothy, extremely fetid; aggravation from eating oysters.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <p>Distention of abdomen after eating; flatulent, with rumbling and emission of flatus.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                    | <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Swelling of inguinal glands, with sticking and cutting. Movement in hypogastrium as if something living, like a pushing of muscles by the arm of a child, without pain. Sudden bounding as of something alive in right iliac region.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <p>Hæmorrhoidal colic. Obstinate constipation; inactivity or intussusception; stools hard, thick, and knotty balls; with pain in anus when passing, as if it would fly to pieces. Diarrhoea daily after breakfast, from vaccination; stools pale yellow, watery or oily and greasy, forcibly expelled, gurgling like water from a bung-hole. Warts about anus. Fistula in anus. Excessive perspiration on perineum.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |



| Drug.          | 1 | Stool.                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 2 | Rectum. | 3                                                | Anus. | 4 | Concomitants.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|----------------|---|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|---------|--------------------------------------------------|-------|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Verat.<br>Alb. |   | Diarrhoea, with profuse sweat; with desire for eating and drinking; stool frequent and painful; watery, involuntary. Constipation on account of hardness and large size of stool; copious, frequent, with shivering. |   |         |                                                  |       |   | Anxiety, with cold sweat on forehead, and vomiting. Raging; inconsolable over a fancied misfortune; face sunken and expression anxious; pale. Salivation running from mouth like waterbrash. Hunger violent; appetite for fruit. Thirst during sweat for cold drinks. Vomiting of green mucus, with cold sweat. Deep hollow cough, always with three or four shocks. Tightness of chest, with difficult respiration. Palpitation of heart. Skin of whole body pale, cold. Cold sweat on forehead with the evacuation. |
| Zinc.<br>Met.  |   | Constipation; stool small, hard; often crumbling, with pressure and clawing in anus; unsatisfactory. Constipation; stool large in size, with great effort of abdominal muscles.                                      |   |         | Crawling, itching, burning in anus during stool. |       |   | Dullness of mind and thoughtlessness. Aching of head after a glass of accustomed wine. Heaviness and dullness in occiput. Pain in eyes as from sand; worse in evening and at night. Burning in eyes and lids, with dryness and pressure. Nausea aggravated by a sip of wine, with headache. Dry cough before and during menses. Weariness in nape of neck when writing in evening. Uneasiness in lower extremities at night. Jerking through whole body in sleep at night.                                            |



| 5 Abdomen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 6 Hypochondria.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 7 Umbilicus and Hypogastrium.                                                                                                                                                                                                | Clinical.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>Cutting pain in abdomen, with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulent here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus, the more difficult it is to pass.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Griping in umbilical region; at times above, at times below navel; in afternoon soon after eating, as from flatus.</p> <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Cutting, sticking in hypogastrium soon after eating.</p> | <p>Cholera infantum; stool from the least movement of the body, thin and painless, gushing, profuse, watery, flaky, inodorous, faintness at stool, or immediately after. Colic forcing patient to bend double, he must walk about for relief; abdomen swollen, sensitive; no flatus up or down; after a cold, from fruits or vegetables; cold feeling in abdomen. Chronic constipation, inertia of rectum; stools very large and very hard. Diarrhœa frequent, profuse, greenish, white, watery stools, with flakes; severe pinching colic before stool, from emotions, as fright. Hyperæmia of liver, with great pressure in hepatic region, alternating with vomiting or diarrhœa.</p>                                                                          |
| <p>Distention of abdomen, with gurgling rumbling, rolling in morning in bed, with grumbling and flatulent pain; worse in evening. Cutting in abdomen, then leucorrhœa, with griping at various times; sometimes when yawning after breakfast or with cutting after dinner. Pain in abdomen after a light meal, with tympanitis. Gurgling in upper abdomen after eating. Griping tearing in upper abdomen and in side of chest after dinner, aggravated by walking and standing; amelioration when the body and mind are at rest.</p> | <p>Cramp-like pain in hypochondria, alternating with oppression of chest and difficult breathing. Sticking in hepatic region; sometimes also in hip, with burning or biting externally. Intermittent pinching; sticking in region of spleen.</p> | <p><b>UMBILICUS.</b>—Sticking, griping pain in umbilical region, as from an internal induration in a spot beneath navel.</p> <p><b>HYPOGASTRIUM.</b>—Pain in pubic region.</p>                                               | <p>Flatulent colic; worse from wine, with retraction of the abdomen; hot, moist, fetid, flatus, passing off without relief. Constipation; stool dry, brittle, granular, which is passed only after prolonged effort. Nervous diarrhœa from depression of the nerve centres; stools loose, papescent, enveloped in bright red foamy blood, preceded by colic, with burning at the anus during and after stool. Chronic dysentery; stools frequent, small, pitch-like or thin, with pale blood; involuntary. Violent itching or tingling at anus, as from worms. Enlargement of liver; feeling as of a hard tumor in region of umbilicus, with cramplike pain in hepatic region. Enlarged indurated liver, which is sore; reflex symptoms from floating kidney.</p> |







PART II.

# REPERTORY

OF

Stool, Rectum, Anus, Abdomen, Hypochondria, Umbilicus,  
and Hypogastrium, Etc.



# REPERTORY OF PART II.

## ABDOMEN.

**Abdomen. (*Burning.*)** Burning in abdomen. Acon. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Burning pain in abdomen, increased to sharp pain on pressure. Ars. A. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Burning in abdomen. Mezer. 5.  
**Abdomen. (*Coldness.*)** Diarrhœa, with coldness of extremities; with vomiting and prostration; with tearing and cutting in abdomen; stool dark, bloody-colored, black, mucous; offensive, yellow, with tenesmus and burning pain in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 1.  
**Abdomen.** Coldness in abdomen during menses, as if a cold fluid passed through intestines. Kali C. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Coldness in upper and lower abdomen. Camph. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Internal coldness in abdomen after every swallow of drink, renewed on every inspiration. China 5.  
**Abdomen.** Dysentery; excoriating discharges; abdomen externally cold to touch; stools bloody, green, mucous, like stirred eggs; worse at night; pains increased after stool. Merc. Clin.  
**Abdomen.** Diarrhœa is generally painless, associated with cold feeling in abdomen, but sometimes with cramps. Grat. Clin.  
**Abdomen. (*Colic.*)** Intermittent colic in abdomen. Cupr. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Colic in abdomen, as after taking cold, as before diarrhœa, before stools; with rumbling and pain in small of back. Dulc. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Colic, with sensation of coldness in abdomen. Hell. Clin.  
**Abdomen. (*Cramps.*)** Cramps in abdomen; aggravation in evening and night, with coldness in thighs. Calc. C. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Cramps in abdomen; intussusception of the bowels; abdomen drawn in. Cupr. Clin.  
**Abdomen.** Cholera or choleraic stools, not copious, with desire for warm food and drinks, and horrible cramps in stomach and abdomen. Cupr. Clin.  
**Abdomen. (*Cutting.*)** Cutting in abdomen. Arg. M. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Cutting, griping pain in abdomen. Agar. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Stool of blood and mucus, with pain and tenesmus frequent day and night, with cutting in abdomen and almost ineffectual tenesmus. Merc. C. 1.

**Abdomen.** Cutting pain in abdomen, with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulent here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus the more difficult it is to pass. Ver. Alb. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Cutting low down in abdomen, penetrating into pelvis; worse from retracting walls of abdomen, with urging to stool. Puls. 7.  
**Abdomen.** Cutting in abdomen, then leucorrhœa, with griping at various times, sometimes when yawning, after breakfast, or with cutting after dinner. Zinc. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Cutting in abdomen during menses; obliging him to sit bent over, pressing with both hands, or to lean far back; as before diarrhœa. Kali C. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Diarrhœa in morning, then burning in anus; aggravation at night, preceded by cutting in abdomen, then prickling and burning in anus; stool smelling like old cheese. Bry. 1.  
**Abdomen.** Cutting in abdomen like an electric shock. Coloc. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Cutting in abdomen rather than sticking, with salivation before menses; with drawing in thighs. Cham. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Cutting in abdomen after eating; jerk-like. Chel. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Griping in umbilical region, then cutting in abdomen across right lumbar region, extending to back. Chel. 7.  
**Abdomen.** Cutting in abdomen on appearance of menses; aggravation from motion, with tearing in back and small of back; during menstruation, with diarrhœa. Caust. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Cutting in abdomen. Arn. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Sudden cutting in abdomen relieved after profuse pasty stools, with digging, compelling him to bend double. Bry. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Cutting, with heaviness across lower abdomen; ineffectual retchings, then ineffectual tendency to diarrhœa; difficult vomiting, trembling in abdomen and bending together; then two diarrhœic stools, the last like water. Ant. T. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Cutting in abdomen towards evening during stool; after the stool, shivering. Canth. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Cutting all through abdomen in morning, aggravated by walking. Diosc. 5.

## ABDOMEN.

**Abdomen.** Cutting in abdomen in morning, with emission of flatus as from flatulence in evening before eating. Puls. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Cutting in abdomen in morning in bed; griping at night, with pain before stool. Nit. Ac. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Cutting pain in hypogastrium mornings, with nausea, sweetish, disgusting taste, weakness and sleepiness; cutting rising to upper abdomen, where it amounted to griping. Nux V. 7.  
**Abdomen.** Cutting in abdomen after dinner, relieved by bending over; aggravation from standing. Rheum 5.  
**Abdomen.** Cutting in abdomen before emission of flatus. Con. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Stool of bloody mucus, with cutting in abdomen and tenesmus. Merc. 1.  
**Abdomen.** Lead colic; cutting in abdomen, as from knives constricting spasmodic pains; pinching, griping, sensation, as if the bowels were squeezed between stones; the patient doubles up or seeks relief by pressing the belly against the bed post or any hard object, or by lying on belly. Coloc. Clin.  
**Abdomen.** Diarrhœa, stools involuntary, green mucous or mushy undigested, with cutting in abdomen before; tenesmus during, and burning after stool; worse after eating and drinking. Laur. Clin.  
**Abdomen.** Diarrhœa of anæmic and hysterical women, mostly during night; stools greenish, pasty, with tenesmus and cutting in abdomen. Mag. M. Clin.  
**Abdomen. (*Distention.*)** Distention of abdomen, with motion of flatus. Aloe 5.  
**Abdomen.** Distention of abdomen, but no power to expel its contents. Op. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Distention of abdomen after eating, with tension; amelioration from emission of flatus. Lyc. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Distention of abdomen from gas and hardness. Merc. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Flatulent distention of abdomen after stool. Lyc. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Distention of abdomen, as from incarceration of flatus. Graph. 5.  
**Abdomen.** Distention of abdomen by flatulence; waking about midnight; causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief; new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. Cocc. 5.



## ABDOMEN.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## ABDOMEN.

- Abdomen. Distention and sensitiveness of abdomen, so that she must wear the clothes about stomach very loose; even in bed she must pull up the night dress. She dares not lay the arm across the abdomen. Lach. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen with hardness. Calc. C. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen, with rumbling. Agar. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen after eating a little. Kali C. 5.
- Abdomen distended and tense, with rumbling and cutting. Hep. 5.
- Abdomen. Stool of greenish water, with distention of abdomen, frequent, liquid; always preceded by griping; worse on right side. Mag. C. 1.
- Abdomen. Flatulent distention of abdomen after eating; after drinking. Nux V. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen, relieved by emission of flatus; griping. Phos. Ac. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen after dinner, with rumbling of flatus; griping. Carbo V. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention and pain in abdomen, with tension. Coloc. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen in morning in bed, relieved by emission of flatus smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; also at night; after eating, with heaviness. Sulf. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen. Crot. Tig. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen as if she had eaten too much. Colch. 5.
- Abdomen distended and soft. Jatr. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen, with tension and hardness. Chel. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen after eating, with emission of flatus. Cham. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen after eating; after a moderate supper, with griping; here and there sharp pain as from flatulent food and much drink. China 5.
- Abdomen. Flatulence and distention of abdomen from things which usually digested easily. Carbo V. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen, with rumbling and rolling. Carbol. Ac. 5.
- Abdomen. Tensive pain, extending to chest, as from distention of abdomen. Caps. 5.
- Abdomen. Feeling in abdomen as if distended even to bursting, causing suffocation. Caps. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen, with motions and passage of offensive flatus; much trouble with flatulence. Carbo An. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen, with frequent urging to stool, though more than ever constipated; tympanitic. Arn. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen after eating, with motions and colic; then continued constipation and feeling as if something lay in abdomen. Bry. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen after supper, with heaviness, anxiety and emission of flatus. Arg. N. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen, tympanitic and tender. Canth. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen. Apis 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen. Ant. Cr. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention and rumbling in abdomen. Bapt. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen, with griping and emission of flatus. Asaf. 5.
- Abdomen. Pressure in morning in hypogastrium as if everything would be forced out towards organs of generation, with distention of abdomen; then contraction of abdomen; then discharge of white mucus from vagina. Bell. 7.
- Abdomen. Feeling of distention of abdomen, with constrictive pain below umbilicus; the latter comes in jerks and obliging bending double. Bell. 7.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen, with gurgling, rumbling, rolling; in morning in bed, with grumbling and flatulent pain; worse in evening. Zinc. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen, with rumbling after stool; after breakfast, with griping; then a second thin stool; then retraction of anus and nausea. Kali B. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen, with rumbling. Hell. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen and, after eating, tension, with weight; with pain in place of a hernia. Sil. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen; tympanitic; coldness also in back. Secale 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen after dinner, with rumbling noises. Sep. 2.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen on eating, with heaviness of head; with rush of blood to head, vertigo and confusion; intolerance of anything tight about hypochondria. Graph. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen all day after eating; fermentation. Rhus Tox. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen at night; relieved by emission of flatus; rumbling all day, with gurgling, movements and cutting. Mag. C. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen. Lil. Tig. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen, with rumbling; cutting, with diarrhoea, as from taking cold; with pressure; with retching. Petr. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen; tympanitic. Phos. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen; worse after eating. Natr. C. 5.
- Abdomen. Tympanitic distention of abdomen not relieved by emission of flatus. Sulf. 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen after eating; flatulent, with rumbling and emission of flatus. Thuja 5.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen after eating, with intermittent colic and rumbling; flatulent. Puls. 5.
- Abdomen. Great flatulent distention of abdomen and accumulation of flatus. Carbol. Ac. Clin.
- Abdomen. Distention of abdomen, beginning at stomach; abdomen hard, as if filled with air, without pain; she cannot bear pressure on stomach; worse in hypogastrium. Ratan. 5.
- Abdomen. Evacuation of shreds of mucus or of undigested food, with enormous distention of abdomen; stools excessively offensive. Arg. N. Clin.
- Abdomen. Diarrhoea during typhoid, with bloated abdomen. Op. Clin.
- Abdomen. Typhlitis; extreme distention of abdomen, with icy coldness in stomach. Colch. Clin.
- Abdomen. Excessive flatulent distention of abdomen and dysmenorrhoea. Cocc. Clin.
- Abdomen. Colic, with great distention and sensitiveness of abdomen recurring towards evening. Sep. Clin.
- Abdomen. Colic immediately after eating, and worse after drinking; amelioration from hot, wet cloths; abdomen enormously distended. Nux Mos. Clin.
- Abdomen. Flatulent distention of abdomen, with great increase of fat; abdominal dropsy. Calc. C. Clin.
- Abdomen. (*Emptiness.*) Faintness, with sensation of emptiness in abdomen after stool. Pod. 5.
- Abdomen. Stool soft, then empty feeling in abdomen; saffron-yellow, stringy and slimy; chopped. Sulf. Ac. 1.
- Abdomen. Emptiness and weak feeling in abdomen; coldness. Phos. 5.
- Abdomen. (*Flatulence.*) Flatulence in abdomen, then urging; stools sudden, thin, small, with flatus. Crot. Tig. 5.
- Abdomen. Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about painfully; worse in upper abdomen. Puls. 5.
- Abdomen. Accumulation of flatus in left upper abdomen, more towards back, with pinching here and there under short ribs in hypogastrium. Carbo V. 7.
- Abdomen. Flatulence in abdomen after every meal. Borax 5.
- Abdomen. Flatulent pain in abdomen like labor pains. Natr. M. 5.
- Abdomen. Collection of flatus in abdomen without evacuation of it, with pain; flatus rolls about and becomes incarcerated here and there. Natr. S. 5.
- Abdomen. Flatulence in abdomen rising and becoming incarcerated under short ribs. Nux V. 5.
- Abdomen. Flatulent colic deep in the abdomen; worse when lying. Phos. Clin.
- Abdomen. (*Griping.*) Griping in abdomen before and during stool; after stool. Sulf. 5.
- Abdomen. Griping in upper abdomen, taking away the breath. Cocc. 5.
- Abdomen. Cutting in abdomen, with constipation. Op. 5.
- Abdomen. Griping in abdomen; worse below navel, obliging him to bend over; amelioration after a thin stool, with discharge of flatus upward and downward. Coloc. 5.



## ABDOMEN.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## ABDOMEN.

Abdomen. Griping in abdomen, with rumbling; then thin, green diarrhœa without tenesmus. *Mag. C. 5.*

Abdomen. Stool pasty, light-brown after urging, then rumbling and gurgling in left side of abdomen; after an hour a second stool, mucous, urgent, grayish-green and dirty brown; forcible. *Crot. Tig. 1.*

Abdomen. Drawing griping in abdomen, with pressure in rectum, nausea, weakness in pit of stomach, and pallor of feces; throbbing. *Ign. 5.*

Abdomen. Rumbling and griping in abdomen always before emission of flatus. *Graph. 5.*

Abdomen. Clawing, griping in abdomen, as if grasped by a hand, so that each outstretched finger pressed sharply upon intestines; better from rest; worse from motion. *Ipec. 5.*

Abdomen. Griping in abdomen; amelioration after discharge of flatus in evening, and night, relieved by bending forward. *Iris V. 5.*

Abdomen. Griping in abdomen, with ineffectual urging to stool; pain before and during stool; better after stool; aggravation from eating plums. *Rheum 5.*

Abdomen. Griping in upper abdomen after eating and drinking. *Rhus Tox. 6.*

Abdomen. Griping and jerking in abdomen, with pain, which is better after stool. *Rhus Tox. 5.*

Abdomen. Griping in abdomen before discharge of leucorrhœa. *Con. 5.*

Abdomen. Griping in abdomen, with constant desire for stool, but little is evacuated. *Merc. 5.*

Abdomen. Diarrhœa every morning on rising, with griping in abdomen and rasping in anus and rectum; burning. *Lil. Tig. 1.*

Abdomen. Griping in upper abdomen when she wishes to go to stool. *Nux V. 5.*

Abdomen. Griping in abdomen, then stool, with constriction in rectum. *Phos. 5.*

Abdomen. Incarcerated flatus, with griping in abdomen after eating. *Natr. C. 5.*

Abdomen. Griping in abdomen, as in diarrhœa, after stool. *Natr. M. 5.*

Abdomen. Griping, tearing in upper abdomen and in side of chest after dinner; aggravated by walking and standing; amelioration when the body and mind are at rest. *Zinc. 5.*

Abdomen. Pain in a spot in abdomen as if seized with nails; a griping, clutching, clawing. *Bell. 5.*

Abdomen. Intermittent, griping pain in abdomen. *Asaf. 5.*

Abdomen. Griping in abdomen before stool; also during and after stool. *Aloe 5.*

Abdomen. Stitches; griping in abdomen with swelling. *Acon. 5.*

Abdomen. Griping in abdomen, with pain on passage of flatus. *China 5.*

Abdomen. Twisting, griping here and there in rectum. *Staph. 5.*

Abdomen. Griping in abdomen, with constriction; soreness, and dragging downward and outward. *Bry. 5.*

Abdomen. Griping in abdomen, so that he could neither lie nor sit, and could only walk bent over; amelioration from violent motion and rolling about. *Coloc. 5.*

Abdomen. (*Gurgling.*) Gurgling in upper abdomen after eating. *Zinc. 5.*

Abdomen. Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen, with movements as if he would have colic. *Nux Mos. 5.*

Abdomen. Diarrhœa, with urging and inability to retain the stool; gurgling in abdomen, as of water; after stool sharp pain around navel; weak feeling in abdomen and rectum; faintness. *Lept. Clin.*

Abdomen. Diarrhœa, with constant rumbling and gurgling in abdomen; stools of dark yellow, undigested, very offensive; stools of yellow water, with meal-like sediment; worse night and morning after eating. *Phos. Ac. Clin.*

Abdomen. (*Pain.*) Pain in abdomen at night, waking from uneasy slumber; then sixteen evacuations of greenish, fetid mucus, with noisy emission of flatus. *Arg. N. 5.*

Abdomen. Pain in abdomen as if sore and raw; tenderness on pressure. *Bell. 5.*

Abdomen. Pain in abdomen, aggravated by pressure, touch and horizontal position; with sensitiveness. *Apis 5.*

Abdomen. Paroxysmal pain in abdomen, obliging him to bend forward. *Coloc. 5.*

Abdomen. Stool of brown, frothy water, with tenesmus, pain in abdomen and nausea; then sudden, complete rest. *Kali B. 1.*

Abdomen. Pain in abdomen, better after stool; with unbearable anxiety, so that he rolled about the floor and despaired of his life. *Ars. A. 5.*

Abdomen. Pain in abdomen, then discharge of dark mucus, causing biting, burning in anus, as before diarrhœa from taking cold; in morning on slightest uncovering during sweat. *Nux V. 5.*

Abdomen. Constipation, with pain in abdomen. *Ars. A. 1.*

Abdomen. Violent stool; watery, black fluid, burning in anus; after uneasiness and pain in the abdomen. *Ars. A. 1.*

Abdomen. Pain in upper abdomen as if everything would be torn to pieces during menstruation. *Graph. 6.*

Abdomen. Pain in abdomen, between pit of stomach and umbilicus. *Iod. 5.*

Abdomen. Diarrhœa constant, with pain in abdomen. *Mezer. 1.*

Abdomen. Pain in abdomen, caused by evening air, with diarrhœa, as from a stone. *Merc. 5.*

Abdomen. Pain in abdomen during menstruation. *Mag. C. 5.*

Abdomen. Drawing pain in abdomen at night. *Mag. M. 5.*

Abdomen. Rumbling in hypogastric region in morning, with distress and a soft, profuse, black, fetid stool; then pain in abdomen. *Lept. 7.*

Abdomen. Pain in abdomen, as if everything were sore; on every step as from incarcerated flatus; flatulent after stool, as if intestines here and there were pressed by stones. *Nux V. 5.*

Abdomen. Bruised pain in muscles of abdomen on motion and on touch. *Nux V. 5.*

Abdomen. Pain in abdomen before breakfast, flatulent; relieved by difficult emission of flatus and lying on right side. *Natr. S. 5.*

Abdomen. Pain in abdomen after a light meal, with tympanitis. *Zinc. 5.*

Abdomen. Pain in abdomen, with coldness, then heat and warm sweat; heat, with inclination to stool; pain in transverse colon at 3 a. m.; then diarrhœa. *Pod. 5.*

Abdomen. Pain in abdomen in evening after drinking; after stool, on touch with diarrhœa. *Puls. 5.*

Abdomen. Pain in abdomen, with frequent cutting in stomach and small intestines, with emission of much flatus. *Diosc. 5.*

Abdomen. Pain in the upper portion of the abdomen, as from taking cold, and as if diarrhœa would ensue, with ravenous hunger. *Asaf. 5.*

Abdomen. Pain in muscles of abdomen when rising from lying, with pressing to stool as from taking cold. *Aloe 5.*

Abdomen. Anxiety, with pain in abdomen, so violent that he grasped bystanders, and again pushed them from him; frequently jumped out of bed, and sat on the chamber or ran about. *Ars. A. 5.*

Abdomen. Fetid flatus, with cutting, pinching, then diarrhœa, with pain in abdomen on every attempt to eat. *Calc. Ph. 5.*

Abdomen. Pain in abdomen, as if diarrhœa would result. *Borax 5.*

Abdomen. Pain in abdomen in morning. *Caut. 5.*

Abdomen. Pain in hypogastrium, extending to genitals, as if everything in abdomen would fall out, and menses would come on. *Natr. C. 7.*

Abdomen. Pain in abdomen, with diarrhœa; sore to pressure. *Kali B. 5.*

Abdomen. Functional derangement of liver often preceded by migraine; constant aching pain in right side of abdomen. *Sep. Clin.*

Abdomen. Colic; pains in lower abdomen from worms. *Sil. Clin.*

Abdomen. Dysentery almost constant; cutting pains in abdomen, with ineffectual pressing, straining and tenesmus; discharges of bloody slime day and night; severe pains in rectum continue after stool. *Merc. C. Clin.*

Abdomen. Flatulent colic; the incarcerated flatus causes much pain, as it cannot pass; colicky pains on the right side of the abdomen, extending into the bladder; cutting pains across abdomen from right to left. *Lyc. Clin.*

Abdomen. Pinching in abdomen, with diarrhœa. *Borax 5.*



**ABDOMEN.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****ABDOMEN.**

Abdomen. Frequent involuntary stools of putrid, cadaverous odor; burning pains deep in abdomen; feces escape with flatus; collapse; pulse weak and intermittent. Carbo V. Clin.

Abdomen. (*Pinching.*) Pinching in abdomen as if bowels were pressed inwards; amelioration from pressure and bending inward, with cutting extending towards pubic region; so severe below navel that facial muscles were distorted and eyes drawn together as if squeezed between stones. Coloc. 5.

Abdomen. Diarrhoea, with discharge of green mucus, preceded by pinching in abdomen. Gamb. 1.

Abdomen. Pinching or cramp-like pressure transversely across abdomen, in region of pit of stomach, after eating. Cina 5.

Abdomen. Pinching constriction in upper abdomen after eating, extending to left side of abdomen and chest. Cocc. 5.

Abdomen. Pinching in muscles of abdomen when sitting, as if he had fallen upon them, strained, pain, sensitiveness of walls. Hyos. 5.

Abdomen. (*Pressure.*) Pressure in abdomen downward, at night waking her; with tension of muscles, so that he could not easily straighten up; as from incarcerated flatus. Sulf. 5.

Abdomen. Pressure on rectum and on bladder; then pressure downward in abdomen and anus when at stool. Lil. Fig. 2.

Abdomen. Sharp pressure on a spot in middle of upper abdomen. Lyc. 6.

Abdomen. Constipation of persons who live to eat, with heavy pressure in the lower part of the abdomen. Aloe Clin.

Abdomen. (*Rumbling.*) Rumbling in abdomen at night, with diarrhoea; gurgling. Sulf. 5.

Abdomen. Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening, or colic worse in evening in bed, with gurgling, griping, and moving of flatus, from one part of intestines to another. Puls. 5.

Abdomen. Rumbling in abdomen with griping and emission of much flatus, offensive. Diosc. 5.

Abdomen. Aching in liver extending to spine, worse in region of gall-bladder, with rumbling in abdomen, and aching in umbilical region. Lept. 6.

Abdomen. Rumbling in abdomen, with coldness. Laur. 5.

Abdomen. Rumbling in abdomen, with noises. Mezer. 5.

Abdomen. Rumbling and noises in abdomen, with discharge of flatus; unsatisfactory, abrupt, offensive, not without exertion of abdominal muscles. Ign. 5.

Abdomen. Rumbling in abdomen, with inflation and accumulation of flatus. Gamb. 5.

Abdomen. Rumbling in abdomen, with deep-seated pulsations. Coloc. 5.

Abdomen. Loud rumbling in the left side of abdomen like the croaking of frogs. Arg. M. 5.

Abdomen. Rumbling in abdomen between six and ten p. m., with movement of flatus and aching, then emission of flatus; offensive. China 5.

Abdomen. Rumbling in abdomen. Calc. C. 5.

Abdomen. Rumbling in abdomen. Anac. 5.

Abdomen. Gurgling rumbling in abdomen; worse on the left side. Crot. Fig. 5.

Abdomen. Rumbling in abdomen, with uneasiness and emission of flatus. Nit. Ac. 5.

Abdomen. Rumbling in abdomen in morning, with gurgling; also in bed with spasmodic and griping flatulent colic, and heat in palms and soles. Nux V. 5.

Abdomen. Rumbling of abdomen with emission of flatus of the odor of bad eggs. Olean. 5.

Abdomen. Rumbling in abdomen all the afternoon, with gurgling; then four pasty stools, with emission of flatus. Natr. M. 5.

Abdomen. Rolling and rumbling in abdomen, with sudden pinches, as after a purgative; then diarrhoea. Natr. S. 5.

Abdomen. Rumbling in upper part of abdomen in evening; then fetid flatus. Natr. S. 5.

Abdomen. Intermittent griping in hypogastrium so that she could scarcely walk after entering the house, preceded by rumbling in abdomen and emission of flatus. Sulf. 7.

Abdomen. (*Sensitiveness.*) Sensitiveness of abdomen to touch. Acon. 5.

Abdomen. Abdominal colic, radiating to all parts of the body; sensitiveness of abdomen to touch. Plumb. 5.

Abdomen sensitive, so that the clothes press disagreeably. Sulf. 5.

Abdomen. (*Soreness.*) Soreness of abdomen in morning when sneezing or on pressure. Apis 5.

Abdomen. Soreness in abdomen as if menses would appear, with drawing; tension; heaviness during motion; emptiness after stool. Sep. 5.

Abdomen. Soreness of abdomen on touch. Esc. 5.

Abdomen. Sore feeling, extending to the whole abdomen; aggravated by riding in a carriage. Arg. M. Clin.

Abdomen. Soreness in abdomen, especially in sides and down sides of umbilicus, on touch, with pain. Aloe 7.

Abdomen. Soreness in abdomen as if beaten, or as after purgatives, on touch and on coughing. Ferr. 5.

Abdomen. (*Swelling.*) Swelling of abdomen, which is painful to touch. Acon. 5.

Abdomen swollen and painful. Ars. A. 5.

Abdomen. Swelling of abdomen, with trembling. Con. 5.

Abdomen. Swelling of abdomen. Crotal. H. 5.

Abdomen. Typhlitis, painful swelling of the whole right side of abdomen; aggravation from lying on left side; better when lying on the back and by gentle pressure. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Abdomen. Watery, profuse diarrhoea, gushing out like a torrent; abdomen swollen and tender to the touch; sometimes associated with coldness of the body and unquenchable thirst. Jatr. Clin.

Abdomen. Colic, forcing patient to bend double; he must walk about for relief; abdomen swollen, sensitive; no flatus up or down; after a cold; from fruits or vegetables; cold feeling in abdomen. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Abdomen. (*Stitches.*) Stitches in abdomen, with griping, tearing, drawing extending to chest. Nux V. 5.

Abdomen. Stitches in sides of abdomen during cough. Arn. 5.

Abdomen. Stitches like electric sparks through left side of abdomen, especially during a sudden transition from rest to motion. Arg. N. 5.

Abdomen. Stitches in abdomen, extending into the vagina, tearing, cutting. Ars. A. 5.

Abdomen. (*Tension.*) Tension in abdomen and incarceration of flatus. Lyc. 5.

Abdomen. Drawing, tensive pains in upper abdomen, extending through spermatic cord into testicles which hang low down. Puls. 5.

Abdomen tense, hot and tender to touch. Cupr. 5.

Abdomen tense and hard; tense and hot with rumbling, grumbling, and constant diarrhoea. Sil. 5.

Abdomen. Incarcerated flatus, with tension, sticking, drawing, tearing in whole abdomen. Coloc. 5.

Abdomen. Tension in abdomen, especially in epigastric region, between pit of stomach and navel; aggravation from motion, with tension in lower part of back. Caps. 5.

Abdomen. Tension in abdomen in afternoon from accumulated flatus, but it passed copiously and easily. Carbo V. 5.

Abdomen. Sticking-pressive pain in the region of the abdominal ring, as if a hernia would press out there, with tension as far as the side of the abdomen. Alum. 5.

Abdomen. Drawing tension in abdomen. Calc. C. 5.

Abdomen. (*Weakness.*) Weak feeling in abdomen as if diarrhoea would occur. Aloe 5.

Abdomen. Weak feeling in abdomen as if menses would come on. Sulf. Ac. 5.

Abdomen. Weakness in abdomen and in back, so that she must lie down. Phos. 5.

Abdomen. Weakness in abdomen after two hard stools, with loss of appetite. Sep. 2.

Abdomen. (*Miscellaneous.*) Bruised feeling in the abdominal walls, which are extremely tender even when the abdomen is not swollen. Apis Clin.

Abdomen bloated after eating; amelioration from emission of flatus with nausea. Psor. 5.

Abdomen. Atony of the stomach and abdomen; feeling as if they hung down relaxed. Staph. Clin.



**ABDOMEN.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****ABDOMINAL.**

Abdomen. Intermittent boring in abdomen often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder, lower limbs. Plumb. 5.

Abdomen. Chilliness in abdomen, extending around to lower part of back. Puls. 5.

Abdomen. Paroxysmal clawing in umbilical region, from sides of abdomen towards middle and sometimes to pit of stomach, causing nausea, with anxious heat of cheeks. Hep. 7.

Abdomen. Croaking in abdomen as of frogs. Coloc. 5.

Abdomen. Drawing, tensive pains in abdomen, like liver pains. Puls. 5.

Abdomen. Dragging or griping in abdomen after stool. Carbo V. 5.

Abdomen. Dropsy of abdomen. Ars. A. Clin.

Abdomen. Stools very sluggish; the rectum seems plugged up; the attempt to have a stool causes distress in the abdomen. Anac. Clin.

Abdomen. Fermentation in abdomen from fruit. China 5.

Abdomen. Feeling in abdomen as if it would burst if he eats or drinks. Carbo V. 5.

Abdomen. Diarrhœa; stool fluid, yellow; in morning, with full feeling in abdomen and emission of flatus. Natr. S. 1.

Abdomen. Constipation, with fullness of abdomen. Bapt. 1.

Abdomen. Fullness in upper abdomen; after eating the food remains long. China 5.

Abdomen. Heaviness in abdomen like a stone just before menses, during menses and in sacrum, with inclination of lower limb to fall asleep when sitting. Puls. 5.

Abdomen swollen hard sore above navel, where there is a great deal of colic, sometimes relieved by pressure. Cina Clin.

Abdomen. Colic; intense paroxysms of a shooting character; abdomen hard as a stone, and drawn into the spine as if by a string; knots in recti muscles. Plumb. Clin.

Abdomen hard with pain in umbilical region on touch. Kali C. 7.

Abdomen. Heat in upper and lower abdomen. Camph. 5.

Abdomen. Heaviness in abdomen; sensation as if it hung down heavily, obliging her to walk bent. Carbo V. 5.

Abdomen. Inflated feeling in right side of abdomen, with pain in hepatic region on pressure. Carduus M. 5.

Abdomen. Sensation in abdomen internally in sides, as if something living were jumping about. Crocus 5.

Abdomen. Sensation, as if something living were moving about deep in lower abdomen. Crocus 7.

Abdomen. Urging in rectum, sudden, with noise as of liquids in abdomen; worse on left side. Jatr. 2.

Abdomen. Spasmodic motions of muscles of abdomen; contracted and sore to touch. Cupr. 5.

Abdomen. Colic, compelling one to walk bent; relieved by bending double and walking about, or by lying on the abdomen. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Abdomen. Noise in abdomen as if a full bottle were emptied in evening, continuing after a thin stool at 10 p. m. Jatr. 5.

Abdomen. Colic; crampy pains following a fit of anger, or following operations about the abdomen after lithotomy. Staph. Clin.

Abdomen. Flatulent colic; worse from wine, with retraction of the abdomen; hot, moist, fetid flatus passing off without relief. Zinc. Clin.

Abdomen. Retraction of abdomen, with hardness and pain in umbilicus, radiating to lumbar region and iliac fossæ, with hard knots over its surface. Plumb. 5.

Abdomen. Shooting from umbilical region to other parts of abdomen; amelioration from pressure, so violent at times that he was almost wild; tossed about, pressed his fist into his abdomen, said he must go to stool. Plumb. 7.

Abdomen. Swashing in abdomen as of water. Crot. Tig. 5.

Abdomen. Sensation in abdomen extending into small of back as if something fell down. Laur. 5.

Abdomen. Diarrhœa, brought on by riding in cars or carriage; aggravated by drinking cold water; with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool. Cocc. Clin.

Abdomen. Sensation in abdomen as if full of stones after long sitting at work, though it does not feel hard. Ant. T. 5.

Abdomen. Sticking in abdomen, as from flatulence, extending into chest. Cham. 5.

Abdomen. Sticking in left side of abdomen, below umbilicus, on walking rapidly and afterwards. China 7.

Abdomen. Cholera infantum; great desire for indigestible things like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken, flabby; emaciation; stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Abdomen. Tumefaction of abdomen, with tenderness to touch. Bell. 5.

Abdomen. Thrusts from one side of the abdomen to the other. Arn. 5.

Abdomen. Paroxysmal tearing in abdomen; worse at umbilicus. Plumb. 5.

Abdomen tympanitic, hard and sensitive to touch, with rumbling. Op. 5.

Abdomen. Enlarged mesenteric glands and tumors in the abdomen. Con. Clin.

Abdomen. Twisting in all parts of abdomen, worse in lower; constantly changing. Diosc. 5.

Abdomen. Twitching in left side of abdomen between navel and left flank, as if in muscles of wall, then sticking deep in left side of back. Bry. 5.

Abdomen. Twitching of muscles of abdomen. Nux V. 5.

Abdomen. Sense of writhing in the abdomen. Agar. 5.

Abdomen. Constriction and weight in abdomen, with sensation as if everything would fall down, obliging him to walk carefully. Nux V. 5.

Abdomen. Offensive flatus, and at last moist flatus, with dragging towards sacrum, and thence towards abdomen. Carbo V. 5.

Abdomen. Diarrhœa; stools thin, brown, yellowish, frothy, forcibly expelled, with colic and prominence of intestines like pads, here and there all over the abdomen during the pains. Ratan. Clin.

Abdomen. Stools profuse; thick, papaceous, brown, offensive, relieving symptoms of abdomen. Asaf. 1.

Abdomen. Violent flatulent colic generally relieved by walking about; aggravated by lying down at night; pains are generally cutting, twisting; amelioration from pressure; generally radiate from the abdomen to the back into the chest and arms. Diosc. Clin.

Abdominal (Muscles.) Bruised pain in abdominal muscles on touch. Sulf. 5.

Abdominal. Urging in rectum, but large intestines are wanting in peristaltic action and cannot expel soft feces; only a part can be forced out by aid of abdominal muscles. Hep. 2.

Abdominal. Urging in rectum, with scanty stool passed in pieces after pressure, with painful weakness, and tight sensation in the abdominal muscles. Plat. 2.

Abdominal. Aching in flanks on drawing in abdominal muscles. Asaf. 5.

Abdominal. Rumbling and noises in abdomen, with discharge of flatus, unsatisfactory, abrupt, offensive, not without exertion of abdominal muscles. Ign. 5.

Abdominal. Constipation; stool large in size, with great effort of abdominal muscles. Zinc. 1.

Abdominal. Pain in abdominal muscles on touch; throbbing. Kali C. 5.

Abdominal. (Miscellaneous.) Constipation; stool that has protruded slips back again, after urging and straining till abdominal walls are sore. Sil. 1.

Abdominal colic radiating to all parts of body; sensitiveness of abdomen to touch. Plumb. 5.

Abdominal. Sticking pressive pain in the region of the abdominal ring as if a hernia would press out there, with tension as far as the side of the abdomen. Alum. 5.

Abdominal troubles, with extreme tenderness; cannot bear the touch of her clothes. Crotal. H. Clin.

Abdominal. Neuralgia of the abdominal viscera. Cupr. Clin.

Abdominal. Chronic dysentery, with the abdominal symptoms of flatulence and the burning in anus and rectum; discharge of jelly-like lumps. Aloe Clin.



## ABDOMINAL.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## ACUTE.

Abdominal. Periodical abdominal spasms in sensitive and hysterical women. Ign. Clin.

Abdominal. Constipation of old people, with abdominal plethora; suitable to hypochondriacs and to bookworms. Aloe Clin.

Abdominal. Constipation in elderly people of the higher class suffering from retarded defecation, with abdominal plethora. Lyc. Clin.

Abdominal dropsy. Hell. Clin.

Abdominal dropsy, sometimes with diarrhoea and vomiting. Apis Clin.

Abdominal dropsy. Sulf. Clin.

Abdominal. Bruised feeling in the abdominal walls, which are extremely tender even when the abdomen is not swollen. Apis Clin.

Abdominal meteorism. Ant. T. 5.

Abdominal. Constipation of females, with pain and pressure in iliac regions, from uterine and abdominal congestion during pregnancy. Sep. Clin.

Abdominal affections, characterized by extreme sensitiveness to touch; intolerance of even the clothing. Bell. Clin.

Abdominalis. Colliquative diarrhoea of phthisis abdominalis. Amm. Mur. Clin.

Above. Cramping pain above umbilicus. Diosc. 7.

Above. Gripping in umbilical region at times above, at times below navel, in afternoon soon after eating, as from flatus. Ver. Alb. 7.

Abrupt. Rumbling and noises in abdomen, with discharge of flatus; unsatisfactory, abrupt, offensive; not without exertion of abdominal muscles. Ign. 5.

Abscess. Enlarged liver of drunkards, with inflammation and abscess; jaundice; tenderness on pressure. Lach. Clin.

Abscess. Cirrhosis of liver, with ascites, especially in drunkards, gin-liver, chronic hepatitis, with tendency to abscess. Lyc. Clin.

Abscess of liver; throbbing, ulcerative pain in hepatic region, worse from touch or walking; hardness; distention of liver. Sil. Clin.

Abscess. Chronic engorgement of the liver; cirrhosis, soreness and stitches in the liver when walking; hepatic abscess. Hep. Clin.

Abscess. Swelling and abscess in liver, with stitching pains in right side, commencing in back and going through and up into the chest. Kali C. Clin.

Abuse. Diarrhoea, with much wind; stools profuse, dark green, brown, gelatinous, worse after eating; from fruit, from lager beer, from abuse of opium, with intolerable itching of anus during typhoid fever. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Abuse. Diarrhoea from abuse of intoxicating drinks or high living; stool frequent, small, corrosive; offensive, thin, brownish-green, fecal. Nux V. Clin.

Abuse. Jaundice provoked by violent anger, abuse of Quinine, with attacks of faintness. Nux V. Clin.

Abuse. Cirrhotic liver can be felt as emaciation progresses; clay-colored stools; tenderness over the region of the liver, especially after the abuse of Mercury. Iod. Clin.

Abused. Constipation; stools enormously large and painful, leaving the sphincters nearly paralyzed and slow to close, with a feeling of inability to draw up the partially prolapsed anus, especially in those who have abused alcohol or narcotics. Lach. Clin.

Accompanied. Constipation; stool hard, knotty, streaked with blood, preceded and accompanied by smarting at the anus. Natr. S. Clin.

Accumulation. Great flatulent distention of abdomen and accumulation of flatus. Carbol. Ac. Clin.

Accumulation of flatus in left upper abdomen, more towards back, with pinching here and there under short ribs, in hypogastrium. Carbo V. 7.

Accumulation. Rumbling in abdomen, with inflation and accumulation of flatus. Gamb. 5.

Accumulation. Constipation; accumulation of large masses of feces, which are covered with mucus; the anus is fissured, the cracks bleed and ulcerate. Graph. Clin.

Accumulation. Constipation with vertigo, heat in head and tinnitus aurium; large accumulation of feces, especially after continued purging, with difficulty to pass them, even when soft, from inactivity of rectum. China Clin.

Accumulation. Diarrhoea with excessive accumulation of flatus; stools thin, brown or pale; fecal, mixed with hard lumps, thin, yellow, shaggy, reddish, mucous, undigested. Lyc. Clin.

Aching in liver extending to spine, worse in region of gall-bladder, with rumbling in abdomen and aching in umbilical region. Lept. 6.

Aching. Constant dull aching in right lower lobe of liver. Æsc. 6.

Aching burning in gall-bladder, chilliness along spine, with urging to stool; better after a profuse black stool. Lept. 6.

Aching. Hepatitis after vexation or taking cold; dull aching pains in liver. Cham. Clin.

Aching. Camp diarrhoea; chronic, from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane, with aching and burning in hepatic region; worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. Lept. Clin.

Aching. Functional derangement of liver, often preceded by migraine; constant aching pain in right side of abdomen. Sep. Clin.

Aching. Protruding piles, aching, itching and sore. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Aching in flanks on drawing in abdominal muscles. Asaf. 5.

Aching. Rumbling in abdomen between 6 and 10 p. m., with movement of flatus and aching, then emission of flatus; offensive. China 5.

Acids. Chronic diarrhoea in dyspeptics, and consumptives, which is caused whenever taking fresh meat, fat foods, acids, sweets. Caust. Clin.

Acids. Diarrhoea from vinegar or other acids. Ant. Cr. Clin.

Acids. Flatulent colic from acids, with frequent loose stools, cutting almost constantly, running from left to right. Ipec. Clin.

Acrid. Stools black, acrid, putrid; excoriated skin about anus. Ars. A. 1.

Acrid. Stool watery, of blood and water, contained acrid water; greenish. Ars. A. 1.

Acrid smarting, burning sensation at the anus, and up the rectum after stool, as if a hot spray were projected over the parts. Lil. Tig. Clin.

Acrid. Constipation; stool hard, green, slimy, acrid, excoriating anus; whitish gray. Merc. 1.

Acrid. Glutinous exudation at night; acrid, corrosive moisture from anus. Carbo V. 3.

Acrid. Bloody stools, with painful, acrid sensation in anus. Merc. 1.

Across. Constriction transversely across umbilical region as by a string, in afternoon till 6, above navel. Chel. 7.

Across. Pain in hepatic region, extending downward and across umbilical region, as if constricted by a string. Chel. 6.

Across. Tearing transversely across pubis, and then through pudenda as far as anus. Carbo An. 7.

Across. Gripping in umbilical region, then cutting in abdomen across right lumbar region, extending to back. Chel. 7.

Across. Pain across hypogastrium at night on lying down; amelioration from micturition. Sep. 7.

Across. Pinching or cramp-like pressure transversely across abdomen, in region of pit of stomach, after eating. Cina 5.

Action. Urging in rectum, but large intestines are wanting in peristaltic action and cannot expel soft feces; only a part can be forced out by aid of abdominal muscles. Hep. 2.

Action. Constipation; stool retarded on account of lack of peristaltic action; hard, scanty stool, with cutting and burning in anus. Staph. Clin.

Acute, yellow atrophy of the liver. Phos. Clin.

Acute. Inflammation and gangrene of the liver; enlargement; acute pains in hepatic region. Secale Clin.

Acute pain in hepatic region; worse from pressure, breathing, coughing, and lying on the right side. Bell. Clin.

Acute. Intermittent acute pain in liver region, extending to scapulæ. Hydras. 6.

Acute. Fissures of the anus, without constipation; acute pains shooting upwards. Ign. Clin.



## ACUTE.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## AFTER.

Acute. Enlarged spleen, which is painless; the pains are acute and sticking. China Clin.

Acute dysentery with unquenchable thirst, even the lips, mouth and throat feel raw and burning; tendency to collapse; cold hands and feet. Canth. Clin.

Acutely. Left hypochondrium hard and acutely painful to pressure. Iod. 6.

Adhere. Umbilicus seems to adhere to spine. Plumb. 7.

Adheres. Diarrhœa; stool adheres to rectum and anus like soft clay; tenacious, glutinous. Plat. Clin.

After. (*Breakfast.*) Cutting in abdomen; then leucorrhœa, with griping at various times, sometimes when yawning after breakfast, or with cutting after dinner. Zinc. 5.

After. Diarrhœa daily after breakfast from vaccination; stool pale yellow, watery, or oily and greasy, forcibly expelled, gurgling like water from a bung-hole. Thuja Clin.

After. Diarrhœa just after breakfast; the passage at first formed, then loose, with burning in anus. Borax Clin.

After. (*Dinner.*) Diarrhœa in morning after rising; stool dark; aggravation in morning and after dinner; scanty and corrosive, with griping. Nux V. 1.

After. Distention of abdomen after dinner, with rumbling of flatus; griping. Carbo V. 5.

After. Distention of abdomen after dinner, with rumbling noises. Sep. 2.

After. Cutting in abdomen after dinner relieved by bending over; aggravation from standing. Rheum 5.

After. Congestion of anus after dinner; expulsion of ascarides; sticking soreness, burning, itching. Sep. 3.

After. Sticking in right hypochondrium after dinner in hepatic and right inguinal regions; in a spot in hepatic region; sore pain on touch; pinching, sticking, tearing. Kali C. 6.

After. Pain below umbilicus, as from a stone, taking away the breath, after dinner. Nux V. 7.

After. Griping, tearing in upper abdomen and in side of chest after dinner; aggravated by walking and standing; amelioration when the body and mind are at rest. Zinc. 5.

After. Stool after dinner very dry and like sand, but passed without trouble. Arg. M. 1.

After. Discharge of offensive flatus after dinner; amelioration after stool, with movements in hypogastrium. Coloc. 5.

After. (*Drinking.*) Urging to stool after drinking, but only a little mucus passed. Caps. 2.

After. Internal coldness in abdomen after every swallow of drink; renewed on every inspiration. China 5.

After. Constipation with ineffectual urging; amelioration after drinking milk; stools hard, knotty, dark colored; constipation alternating with diarrhœa. Iod. Clin.

After. Diarrhœa immediately after drinking. Arg. N. Clin.

After. (*Eating.*) Distention of abdomen after eating a little. Kali C. 5.

After. Distention of abdomen after eating, with tension; amelioration from emission of flatus. Lyc. 5.

After. Stool fluid after eating, with discharge of flatus, and colic all the afternoon; better from warmth of bed. Coloc. 1.

After. Diarrhœa in morning and through forenoon; the natural stool in evening immediately after eating and drinking; alternating with constipation. Pod. 1.

After. Flatulent distention of abdomen after eating; after drinking. Nux V. 5.

After. Diarrhœa after eating; of undigested feces also passed in several pieces, then ineffectual urging, with biting, burning pain in anus, and colic before and after every stool. China 1.

After. Distention of abdomen in morning in bed relieved by emission of flatus smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; also at night; after eating, with heaviness. Sulf. 5.

After. Distention of abdomen all day after eating; fermentation. Rhus Tox. 5.

After. Griping in upper abdomen after eating and drinking. Rhus Tox. 6.

After. Distention of abdomen, and after eating tension, with weight; with pain in place of a hernia. Sil. 5.

After. Distention of abdomen worse after eating. Natr. C. 5.

After. Incarcerated flatus, with griping in abdomen after eating. Natr. C. 5.

After. Distention of abdomen after eating; flatulent, with rumbling and emission of flatus. Thuja 5.

After. Abdomen bloated after eating; amelioration from emission of flatus, with nausea. Psor. 5.

After. Distention of abdomen after eating, with intermittent colic and rumbling; flatulent. Puls. 5.

After. Gurgling in upper abdomen after eating. Zinc. 5.

After. Griping in umbilical region, at times above, at times below navel; in afternoon soon after eating, as from flatus. Ver. Alb. 7.

After. Urging to stool after eating; when rising from lying; sudden in morning on rising; ineffectual; also with emission of flatus. Aloe 2.

After. Distention of abdomen after eating, with motions and colic, then continued constipation and feeling as if something lay in abdomen. Bry. 5.

After. Fullness in upper abdomen after eating; the food remains long. China 5.

After. Distention of abdomen after eating; after a moderate supper, with griping; here and there sharp pain as from flatulent food and much drink. China 5.

After. Cutting in abdomen after eating; jerk-like. Chel. 5.

After. Distention of abdomen after eating, with emission of flatus. Cham. 5.

After. Pinching or cramp-like pressure transversely across abdomen, in region of pit of stomach, after eating. Cina 5.

After. Cutting in umbilical region after eating, with tenesmus. Coloc. 7.

After. Pinching constriction in upper abdomen after eating, extending to left side of abdomen and chest. Cocc. 5.

After. Colic immediately after eating; pain below the navel as if intestines were torn. Graph. Clin.

After. Colic immediately after eating, and worse after drinking; amelioration from hot, wet cloths; abdomen enormously distended. Nux Mos. Clin.

After. Diarrhœa, with constant rumbling and gurgling in abdomen; stools dark yellow, undigested, very offensive; stools of yellow water, with meal-like sediment; worse night and morning after eating. Phos. Ac. Clin.

After. Colic after eating and drinking, obliging one to bend double; worse from sweet things. Sulf. Clin.

After. Diarrhœa driving out of bed very early in the morning; want of confidence in sphincter ani; worse immediately after eating; aggravated in mornings in hot, damp weather. Aloe Clin.

After. Chronic diarrhœa; cannot urinate without having a stool, or the stools become dark and fetid; worse after eating. Apis Clin.

After. Griping colic; writhing around navel; better from hot milk, worse after eating or nursing. Croton Tig. Clin.

After. (*Meals.*) Emission of flatus after every meal; on attempting to go to stool; burning and offensive. Aloe 5.

After. Hemorrhoids like red cherries protrude after meals, with sore pain in anus. Diosc. 3.

After. Urging to stool after a meal, more in upper part of intestines. Anac. 1.

After. Pain in abdomen after a light meal with tympanitis. Zinc. 5.

After. Flatulence in abdomen after every meal. Borax 5.

After. Desire in rectum for stool after a meal; desire increased when moving about; then thin offensive stool with colic, then ineffectual tenesmus; later another stool; after rising from stool the urging which had gradually subsided, returned more violent than ever. Rheum 2.

After. Flatulent pain in evening after a meal; here and there after midnight; not relieved by emission of flatus. Puls. 5.

After. (*Stool.*) Griping in abdomen before and during stool; after stool. Sulf. 5.

After. Faintness, with sensation of emptiness in abdomen after stool. Pod. 5.

After. Pressure and sense of excoriation in rectum after a small, hard stool. Alum. 2.

After. Burning in rectum after stool. Æsc. 2.



## AFTER.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## AFTER.

After. Stitches in rectum during and after stool, with spasmodic constriction in anus. Nit. Ac. 2.

After. Sharp pain in rectum after stool and after eating; aggravation from exerting the mind or studying; in morning before stool. Nux V. 2.

After. Constriction in rectum during stool, with discharge of bright blood; after stool, with sensation as if some could not be evacuated; after eating, with tearing sticking. Nux V. 2.

After. Anxious urging in rectum; frequent; ineffectual, after the usual stool, with griping, and stool when passed was soft. Nux V. 2.

After. Flatulent distention of abdomen after stool. Lyc. 5.

After. Burning in anus after a thin stool; after a soft formed stool. Sulf. 3.

After. Straining in rectum before, during and after stool; fullness; sensation after as if something remained; pressure during. Sulf. 2.

After. Constipation of anus during stool, with tension and burning after dry stool. Sil. 3.

After. Constipation; stool that has protruded slips back again after urging and straining till abdominal walls are sore. Sil. 1.

After. Griping in abdomen worse below navel, obliging him to bend over, amelioration after a thin stool, with discharge of flatus upward and downward. Coloc. 5.

After. Colic, with cutting, twisting about navel and passage of tough mucus like diarrhoea, at times mixed with black blood; after every stool thirst, and after every drink shivering. Caps. 7.

After. Pain in abdomen, better after stool, with unbearable anxiety, so that he rolled about the floor and despaired of his life. Ars. A. 5.

After. Burning in anus after stool, sore in morning, as if points were sticking in it. Iris V. 3.

After. Soreness in abdomen, as if menses would appear, with drawing, tension heaviness during motion; emptiness after stool. Sep. 5.

After. Desire for stool in rectum in evening, with griping in hypogastrium; then large moist, at last thin sour stool, after which he was relieved, but felt weak. Dulc. 2.

After. Soreness in anus after a slimy discharge, as if skin were cracked, with constriction. Thuja 3.

After. Aggravation of internal piles, with protrusion of rectum, after stool sometimes prolapsed for days, owing to the swelling and congestion. Pod. 2.

After. Griping and jerking in abdomen, with pain which is better after stool. Rhus Tox. 5.

After. Pain in region of ascending colon on rising after stool; in region of right quadratus lumborum muscles on rising from lying. Rhus Tox. 7.

After. Sore pain in rectum after stool. Staph. 2.

After. Weakness in abdomen after two hard stools, with loss of appetite. Sep. 2.

After. Biting sore sensation in and around anus after stool, with itching and soreness. Kali C. 3.

After. Burning in anus during and after stool. Lach. 3.

After. Protrusion of rectum after stool, then painful constriction of anus. Lach. 2.

After. Spasmodic pain in anus before and after stool. Lach. 3.

After. Burning and griping in rectum after stool. Kali C. 2.

After. Distention of abdomen, with rumbling, after stool; after breakfast, with griping; then a second thin stool, then retraction of anus and nausea. Kali B. 5.

After. Burning pain in anus after stool; in forenoon with pressure. Kali B. 3.

After. Noise in abdomen as if a full bottle were emptied in evening, continuing after a thin stool at 10 p. m. Jatr. 5.

After. Burning in anus after stool, with itching. Mur. Ac. 3.

After. Smarting in anus after hard stool; burning after usual stool. Mag. M. 3.

After. Aching burning in gall-bladder; chilliness along spine, with urging to stool; better after a profuse, black stool. Lept. 6.

After. Burning in anus when not at stool, and before and after stool. Olean. 3.

After. Burning smarting in anus some hours after stool, with cutting as in sore; biting in evening, with sore pain. Nux V. 3.

After. Burning in rectum and anus after soft stool, with exhaustion. Phos. 2.

After. Pain in abdomen as if everything were sore; on every step, as from incarcerated flatus; flatulent after stool, as if intestines here and there were pressed by stones. Nux V. 5.

After. Constipation; stools like sheep dung, after great straining and burning, with balls of mucus like peas; difficult stools not hard. Natr. C. 1.

After. Burning in rectum after stool. Natr. C. 2.

After. Griping in abdomen, as in diarrhoea, after stool. Natr. M. 5.

After. Bleeding from anus during stool; sore pain after stool. Puls. 3.

After. Fissures more in rectum than in anus after stool. Nit. Ac. 2.

After. Inactivity of rectum and inability to evacuate feces; constant ineffectual desire after stool. Nit. Ac. 2.

After. Pressure in anus during and after a pasty stool. Sulf. Ac. 3.

After. Pressure in rectum after stool. Puls. 2.

After. Excoriated feeling after a stool, attended with a contraction of rectum and constriction of anus. Alum. 3.

After. Stool frequent, with necessity to lie down after every stool; small; consisting of mucus. Arn. 1.

After. Griping in abdomen before stool; also during and after stool. Aloe 5.

After. Burning in rectum during and after soft stools. Amm. Mur. 2.

After. Sticking cutting in anus after stool. Aloe 3.

After. Burning in anus after stool; after emission of hot flatus. Aloe 3.

After. Prolapsus; prolapsed feeling after stool; prolapsed feeling with backache. Esc. 3.

After. Burning pain in anus during, before and after stool. Berb. 3.

After. Cutting in abdomen towards evening during stool; after the stool, shivering. Canth. 5.

After. Sudden cutting in abdomen relieved after profuse pasty stools, with digging, compelling him to bend double. Bry. 5.

After. Stitches towards anus, with soreness and burning after stool. Carbo V. 3.

After. Burning in rectum in morning after a copious stool. Calc. C. 2.

After. Dragging or griping in abdomen after stool. Carbo V. 5.

After. Throbbing pain in rectum all day, after stool; also burning pain during the hard stool and in anus. Sulf. 2.

After. Burning in rectum after stool, with weakness and trembling in all limbs. Ars. A. 2.

After. Diarrhoea; watery, slimy, frothy, green, bloody or bilious stools, with greenish scum floating on top of water; violent urging after. Merc. Clin.

After. Chronic diarrhoea in cachetic, dyspeptic persons; stools light gray or brownish; corrosive, sometimes painless, with rumbling in bowels, colicky pains during and before stool and burning in anus after. Kali C. Clin.

After. Diarrhoea; stool yellowish, slimy; cutting pain before and after, with itching of anus when sitting. Staph. Clin.

After. Cholera infantum; stool from the least movement of the body; thin and painless; gushing, profuse, watery, flaky, inodorous; faintness at stool or immediately after. Ver. Alb. Clin.

After. Fissures of the anus, with periodical, profuse bleeding from the anus; pain in small of back as if bruised; sore, blind hæmorrhoids protruding after stool. Rhus Tox. Clin.

After. Periodical return of dysentery in spring or early part of summer; stools blackish, watery, bloody, jelly-like; stringy discharges, with tenesmus during and after stool. Kali B. Clin.

After. Diarrhoea, with burning in rectum and anus; after a stool severe rumbling of gas, watery discharges, mixed with mucus, preceded by soft and more substantial stools. Iris V. Clin.

After. Contractive, sore pain in rectum from blind hæmorrhoids one or two hours after stool; stools large or soft, but passed with difficulty. Ign. Clin.

After. Constipation; stool hard, slow, with chill before and after stool; in knots and balls; sluggish bowels; suitable to old gentlemen who have seen much of life. Mezer. Clin.



## AFTER.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## AFTER.

After. Hæmorrhoids, with bleeding during and after stool. Ign. Clin.

After. Dysentery; almost constant, cutting pains in abdomen, with ineffectual pressing, straining and tenesmus; discharges of bloody slime day and night; severe pains in rectum continue after stool. Merc. C. Clin.

After. Acrid, smarting, burning sensation at the anus and up the rectum after stool as if a hot spray were projected over the parts. Lil. Tig. Clin.

After. Dysentery; excoriating discharges; abdomen externally cold to touch; stools bloody, green, mucous, like stirred eggs; worse at night; pains increased after stool. Merc. Clin.

After. Diarrhœa, with urging and inability to retain the stool; gurgling in abdomen, as of water; after stool sharp pains around navel; weak feeling in abdomen and rectum; faintness. Lept. Clin.

After. Diarrhœa; stools involuntary, green, mucous or mushy; undigested, with cutting in abdomen before, tenesmus during, and burning after stool, worse after eating and drinking. Laur. Clin.

After. Bleeding of hæmorrhoids; blood bright red, not clotted; bleed after every stool. Nit. Ac. Clin.

After. Diarrhœa, with cutting, pressing, pains before and during stool, with drawing pain in rectum after stool, continuing for hours; stools green, slimy, with flakes of false membranes, undigested, putrid, fetid, sour smelling. Nit. Ac. Clin.

After. Diarrhœa always in daytime, never at night; but has stools early in the morning; hunger immediately after stool from weak, empty feeling in bowels; stools profuse, gushing mucous, yellowish-brown, with colic. Petr. Clin.

After. Dysenteric diarrhœa, consisting of bloody mucus, followed by much pressing; weak and dizzy after stool. Petr. Clin.

After. Dysentery; stool small, slimy, bloody, with urging; tenesmus ceasing after stool; stools like pitch and blood. Nux V. Clin.

After. Constipation; large, hard, difficult stools; frequent urging without effect; sensation as if much remained after stool; the action of the bowels irregular and spasmodic. Nux V. Clin.

After. Obstinate constipation, difficult expulsion of feces fissuring the anus, with flow of blood; a ripping-up sensation in the anus after stool. Natr. M. Clin.

After. Hæmorrhoids blind or flowing, dark blood; lancinating pain from the anus upward, especially after stool; painless piles. Sulf. Clin.

After. Stools looking like lumps of chalk in children during dentition; hard, undigested; bleeding from anus after stools. Calc. C. Clin.

After. Hæmorrhoids, with itching and burning, particularly after stool. Berb. Clin.

After. Nervous diarrhœa from depression of the nerve centres; stools loose, papescent, enveloped in bright red, foamy blood, preceded by colic, with burning at the anus during and after stool. Zinc. Clin.

After. Long continued sensation in rectum after stool, as if one had just been to stool or had just recovered from a pain in anus. Berb. Clin.

After. Diarrhœa brought on by riding in cars or carriage; aggravated by drinking cold water, with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool. Cocc. Clin.

After. Dysentery, bloody and mucous, with great straining and burning in anus, temporarily ceasing after stool and by warmth of bed; aggravation after eating and drinking. Coloc. Clin.

After. Diarrhœa coming on suddenly; faint feeling before, during and after stool; worse from fruits and sweetmeats during summer; every movement of the body renews the discharges. Crot. Tig. Clin.

After. (*Miscellaneous.*) Stools watery, with flatulence, and frequent; more frequent after taking food or water. Ferr. 1.

After. Stool tough, gluey, fetid, so urgent that some escaped prematurely, yet not diarrhœa after getting up; slimy. Sulf. 1.

After. Tenesmus in morning after waking; then a copious fluid stool. Sulf. 2.

After. Blind piles, with pressure and soreness in anus and rectum; painful when sitting and standing; less when walking; worse after taking fresh air. Ign. 3.

After. Colic in abdomen, as after taking cold, as before diarrhœa, before stools, with rumbling and pain in small of back. Dule. 5.

After. Urging in rectum with scanty stool passed in pieces after pressure, with painful weakness; and tight sensation in the abdominal muscles. Plat. 2.

After. Stool during micturition, also at 5 a. m., with micturition; in morning after rising; after breakfast. Aloe 1.

After. Violent stool; watery, black fluid, burning in anus; after uneasiness and pain in the abdomen. Ars. A. 1.

After. Thin stool after waking at 3 o'clock. Aloe 1.

After. Griping in umbilical region, with pinching as after taking cold. Bry. 7.

After. Small stool after colic, with tenesmus, first of dark green feces, then of dark green mucus. Ars. A. 1.

After. Pain in abdomen in evening after drinking, after stool, on touch; with diarrhœa. Puls. 5.

After. Pinching, increasing to cutting; pain in the hypogastrium, in morning before, during and after diarrhœa. Ars. A. 7.

After. Rolling and rumbling in abdomen, with sudden pinches, as after a purgative; then diarrhœa. Natr. S. 5.

After. Burning in the anus after diarrhœa. Canth. 3.

After. Griping in abdomen; amelioration after discharge of flatus in evening and night; relieved by bending forward. Iris V. 5.

After. Flatulent colic in evening after lying down. Nux V. 5.

After. Stools may be black, brown, burning, putrid; brought on by eating or drinking, or aggravated after midnight; preceded by most violent, burning and cutting pains, and followed by exhaustions. Ars. A. 1.

After. Diarrhœa after boiled milk. Sep. 1.

After. Sticking in groin; feeling after sitting down, as if a large heavy body were lying there; better after pressure, by passage of flatus. Carbo An. 7.

After. Sensation in abdomen, as if full of stones after long sitting at work, though it does not feel hard. Ant. T. 5.

After. Distention of abdomen after supper, with heaviness, anxiety and emission of flatus. Arg. N. 5.

After. Stitches in right hypochondrium during and after stooping. Calc. C. 6.

After. Stool unsatisfactory after much straining, which caused rush of blood to head and confusion of head. Bry. 1.

After. Constriction of anus, with itching; burning all day; worse after urinating, with hard stool. Nit. Ac. 3.

After. Diarrhœa during first dentition, with much wind; after vexation; containing white points or flakes like pus; offensive, with much flatulence. Calc. Ph. 1.

After. Sticking in rectum, waking her at 4 a. m.; sticking again next morning after waking. Mag. C. 2.

After. Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about painfully; worse in upper abdomen. Puls. 5.

After. Hepatic affection in good livers; in alcoholic excesses and after allopathic dosing; liver swollen, hard and sensitive to pressure of clothing. Nux V. Clin.

After. Colic, especially after anger, with red cheeks and hot perspiration. Cham. Clin.

After. Diarrhœa of malarial origin or after chilling the stomach with cold substances; stools generally dark, scanty, watery or mucous, sometimes bloody. Ars. A. Clin.

After. Diarrhœa; stools green, watery, after a chill or fright. Acon. Clin.

After. Colic forcing patient to bend double; he must walk about for relief; abdomen swollen, sensitive; no flatus up or down; after a cold; from fruits or vegetables; cold feeling in abdomen. Ver. Alb. Clin.

After. Colic from indigestion, with water-brash; worse after coffee, brandy or overeating; flatulent, with pressure upward, causing dyspnoea. Nux V. Clin.



**AFTER.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****AGGRAVATED.**

After. Piles, suddenly in children, with great sensitiveness; prolapsus ani while urinating; piles after confinement. Mur. Ac. Clin.

After. Infantile constipation after an attack of diarrhœa; stool hard, crumbly, clayey. Pod. Clin.

After. Atrophic, nutmeg liver, which is swollen; enlargement of liver and spleen after intermittent fever. Nux Mos. Clin.

After. Diarrhœa, particularly after meals at night, painless; early in the morning, in hot weather; from eating fruit; from drinking sour beer; after severe, acute diseases; after loss of fluids. China Clin.

After. Diarrhœa after fright or sudden joy; offensive, involuntary, watery, frothy dark stools. Op. Clin.

After. Diarrhœa after nursing; from overheating; after cold bathing. Ant. Cr. Clin.

After. Chronic diarrhœa after the abuse of Mercury or Quinine; light yellow, fecal, papescent, sour stool, with undigested food. Hep. Clin.

After. Chronic debilitating diarrhœa, with almost constant oozing from anus; stools jelly-like, green or bloody, fetid or sour; expelled quickly; worse after taking boiled milk. Sep. Clin.

After. Constipation, with vertigo; heat head, and tinnitus aurium; large accumulation of feces, especially after continued purging, with difficulty to pass them, even when soft, from inactivity of rectum. China Clin.

After. Chronic constipation, especially valuable after purgatives. Hydras. Clin.

After. Chronic diarrhœa; worse some time after rising and moving about; after a protracted spell of damp, cold weather, or from living in damp houses. Natr. S. Clin.

After. Diarrhœa in wet weather, mostly mornings after rising and eating; with much rumbling; stools thin, yellow, fecal, slimy. Agar. Clin.

After. Hepatitis after vexation or taking cold; dull aching pains in liver. Cham. Clin.

After. Colic from cold, from getting feet wet, from fruits, ices, pastry; flatulent colic in evening after supper or at night. Puls. Clin.

After. Constipation from constriction of anus; hard stool, like sheep's dung, passed only after hard straining. Berb. Clin.

Afternoon. Gripping, tensive pain in umbilical region, extending towards stomach, in afternoon and evening; relieved by emission of flatus. Sulf. 7.

Afternoon. Stool pasty, with burning in anus; offensive; in afternoon; then burning in anus, with much flatus; then hard portions; then again soft, so that he believed he would scarcely finish the evacuation. Bry. 1.

Afternoon. Constriction, transversely across umbilical region as by a string, in afternoon till 6, above navel. Chel. 7.

Afternoon. Stool fluid after eating, with discharge of flatus and colic all the afternoon; better from warmth of bed. Coloc. 1.

Afternoons. Thin stool afternoons, with flatulence. Dulc. 1.

Afternoon. Sensation of a plug in anus in afternoon when sitting; fullness of hæmorrhoidal vessels. Kali B. 3.

Afternoon. Contractive pain in anus in afternoon, preventing sitting. Cocc. 3.

Afternoon. Tension in abdomen in afternoon from accumulated flatus, but it passed copiously and easily. Carbo V. 5.

Afternoon. Cramp-like pain above pubis in afternoon, with frequent urging to urinate. Chel. 7.

Afternoon. Stitches in hepatic region in afternoon. Caust. 6.

Afternoon. Diarrhœa twice in morning, with tenesmus in afternoon; frequent; of thin, greenish mucus. Laur. 1.

Afternoon. Gripping in umbilical region, at times above, at times below the navel, in afternoon, soon after eating, as from flatus. Ver. Alb. 7.

Afternoon. Loud, offensive flatus all the afternoon. Caust. 5.

Afternoon. Diarrhœa; stools frequent in evening; involuntary when sneezing or laughing; half fluid, half lumpy, mixed with gas and noisy flatus; in morning, afternoon and evening; always soon after eating. Sulf. 1.

After-pains. Contractive pain in hypogastrium like after-pains, with urging to stool. Con. 7.

Afterwards. Dysentery; burning in anus during stool and long-lasting, severe tenesmus afterwards; fruitless efforts to stool, which is bloody, watery and offensive. Plumb. Clin.

Aggravated. Pain in abdomen, aggravated by pressure, touch and horizontal position, with sensitiveness. Apis 5.

Aggravated. Constriction of anus, with itching, burning all day; worse after urinating, with hard stool. Nit. Ac. 3.

Aggravated. Pain in hypochondria aggravated by standing so that he stoops; towards morning, with distention, pain in forehead and diarrhœa. Aloe 6.

Aggravated. Feeling immediately below umbilicus as if intestines pressed outward; aggravated by standing. Bell. 7.

Aggravated. Sensation in hypogastrium as if a hard body pressed backward and downward against rectum and anus; the desire for stool aggravated when standing. Lil. Tig. 7.

Aggravated. Pain in right hypochondrium, with sensitiveness; the latter aggravated by hard pressure and deep inspiration. Bry 6.

Aggravated. Stools may be black, brown, burning, putrid; brought on by eating or drinking, or aggravated after midnight, preceded by most violent, burning and cutting pains and followed by extreme exhaustion. Ars. A. 1.

Aggravated. Pain over region of liver aggravated by pressure. Ars. A. 6.

Aggravated. Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about painfully; worse in upper abdomen. Puls. 5.

Aggravated. Pain in hepatic region on pressure; sensitiveness, worse when lying on right side, with pain on touch. Phos. 6.

Aggravated. Twisting in all parts of abdomen; worse in lower, constantly changing. Diosc. 5.

Aggravated. Cutting all through abdomen in morning; aggravated by walking. Diosc. 5.

Aggravated. Pain in region of gall-bladder aggravated by walking; in liver, extending from right lateral ligament to gall-bladder. Bapt. 6.

Aggravated. Gripping tearing in upper abdomen and in side of chest after dinner; aggravated by walking and standing; amelioration when the body and mind are at rest. Zinc. 5.

Aggravated. Weight in hypogastrium; aggravated by walking. Kali C. 7.

Aggravated. Distention of abdomen; beginning at stomach; abdomen hard as if filled with air, without pain; she cannot bear pressure on stomach; worse in hypogastrium. Ratan. 5.

Aggravated. Fistula recti, with bilious symptoms; aggravated when sitting. Berb. Clin.

Aggravated. Sore feeling, extending to the whole abdomen; aggravated by riding in a carriage. Arg. M. Clin.

Aggravated. Chronic diarrhœa; worse some time after rising and moving about; after a protracted spell of damp, cold weather or from living in damp houses. Natr. S. Clin.

Aggravated. Diarrhœa driving out of bed very early in the morning; want of confidence in spineter ani; worse immediately after eating; aggravated in mornings in hot, damp weather. Aloe Clin.

Aggravated. Colitis, with soreness along transverse colon; aggravated by bending forward. Sulf. Clin.

Aggravated. Diarrhœa; stools involuntary; green, mucous or mushy; undigested, with cutting in abdomen before, tenesmus during and burning after stool; worse after eating and drinking. Laur. Clin.

Aggravated. Colic immediately after eating, and worse after drinking; amelioration from hot, wet clothes; abdomen enormously distended. Nux Mos. Clin.

Aggravated. Violent flatulent colic, generally relieved by walking about; aggravated by lying down at night; pains are generally cutting, twisting; amelioration from pressure; generally radiate from the abdomen to the back into chest and arms. Diosc. Clin.

Aggravated. Hæmorrhoids, aggravated by cold water; amelioration from warmth, with prolapsus of rectum; accompanied by sticking and biting. Mur. Ac. Clin.



## ACCRAVATED.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## ACCRAVATION.

Aggravated. Diarrhœa; aggravated by motion; straining to stool. Bell. Clin.

Aggravation. (*Air.*) Blind piles, with pressure and soreness in anus and rectum; painful when sitting and standing; less when walking; worse after taking fresh air. Ign. 3.

Aggravation. Dropsical effusions and even peritonitis, always with sharp pains; great aggravation from cold air and in the early morning. Kali C. Clin.

Aggravation. Dysentery in moist weather; aggravation from any current of air; violent tenesmus of rectum and bladder. Caps. Clin.

Aggravation. (*After Eating.*) Distention of abdomen; worse after eating. Natr. C. 5.

Aggravation. Gripping colic writhing around navel; better from hot milk, worse after eating or nursing. Croton Tig. Clin.

Aggravation. Chronic diarrhœa; cannot urinate without having a stool, or the stools became dark and fetid; worse after eating. Apis Clin.

Aggravation. Dysentery bloody and mucous, with great straining and burning in anus; temporarily ceasing after stool and by warmth of bed; aggravation after eating and drinking. Coloc. Clin.

Aggravation. Diarrhœa, with much wind; stools profuse, dark-green, brown, gelatinous; worse after eating; from fruit, from lager beer, from abuse of Opium, with intolerable itching of anus during typhoid fever. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Aggravation. Diarrhœa, with constant rumbling and gurgling in abdomen; stools dark yellow, undigested, very offensive; stools of yellow water, with meal-like sediment; worse night and morning after eating. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Aggravation. Diarrhœa; stool like chopped eggs; of yellow mucus, sometimes frothy, extremely fetid; aggravation from eating oysters. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Aggravation. (*In Evening.*) Sticking in rectum, taking away the breath; worse in evening. Sulf. 2.

Aggravation. Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening; or colic worse in evening in bed, with gurgling, griping and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another. Puls. 5.

Aggravation. Flatulence; emission of flatus; worse in evening and night; offensive, smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen. Sulf. 5.

Aggravation. Heavy grinding in region of liver; worse in evening. Diosc. 6.

Aggravation. Distention of abdomen, with gurgling, rumbling, rolling in morning in bed, with grumbling and flatulent pain; worse in evening. Zinc. 5.

Aggravation. Cramps in abdomen; aggravation in evening and night, with coldness in thighs. Calc. C. 5.

Aggravation. Gurgling rumbling in abdomen; worse on the left side. Crot. Tig. 5.

Aggravation. (*Left Side.*) Urging in rectum sudden, with noise as of liquids in abdomen; worse on left side. Jatr. 2.

Aggravation. Irritable liver; jaundice from vexation; from excessive study or mental work; congestion of liver, with soreness and sharp-sticking pains; aggravation from lying on left side. Natr. S. Clin.

Aggravation. Typhlitis; painful swelling of the whole right side of abdomen; aggravation from lying on left side; better when lying on the back and by gentle pressure. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Aggravation. (*In Morning.*) Sharp pain in rectum after stool after eating; aggravation from exerting the mind or studying in morning before stool. Nux V. 2.

Aggravation. Diarrhœa in morning after rising; stool dark; aggravation in morning and after dinner; scanty and corrosive, with griping. Nux V. 1.

Aggravation. Pain in right hypochondrium; contractive; worse in morning; then constriction in stomach, extending to chest; amelioration from eructations. Sep. 6.

Aggravation. Chronic diarrhœa of an exhausting character; stools whitish, whey-like, watery, foamy, mucous, worse in the morning. Iod. Clin.

Aggravation. Diarrhœa; stools dark brown, semi-liquid, bilious, offensive; aggravation in morning and forenoon, with tenesmus of bladder and rectum during stool, preceded by constant dragging and bearing down. Lil. Tig. Clin.

Aggravation. (*Motion.*) Blind hæmorrhoids with itching in morning, preceded by pain in small of back in evening till 9 p. m., with sore pain in anus, worse from motion; painful, protruding. Puls. 3.

Aggravation. Sticking in hepatic region; aggravation from motion, with tension. Nit. Ac. 6.

Aggravation. Tension in abdomen, especially in epigastric region between pit of stomach and navel; aggravation from motion, with tension in lower part of back. Caps. 5.

Aggravated. Cutting in abdomen on appearance of menses; aggravation from motion, with tearing in back and small of back; during menstruation, with diarrhœa. Caust. 5.

Aggravation. Clawing griping in abdomen as if grasped by a hand so that each outstretched finger pressed sharply upon intestines; better from rest, worse from motion. Ipec. 5.

Aggravation. Peri-hepatitis, with sharp stitches in right hypochondrium; aggravation from any motion, better when lying on right side; liver seems swollen, sore to touch. Bry. Clin.

Aggravation. (*Night.*) Diarrhœa in morning, then burning in anus; aggravation at night, preceded by cutting in abdomen, then prickling and burning in anus; stool smelling like old cheese. Bry. 1.

Aggravation. Paroxysmal tearing in abdomen worse at night. Plumb. 5.

Aggravation. Neuralgic pain in anus and lower part of rectum, shooting along perineum to middle of penis; worse at midnight. Phytol. 3.

Aggravation. Chronic diarrhœa; gushing, watery; worse at night, with coldness of body and great prostration. Ferr. Clin.

Aggravation. Flatulent colic only slightly relieved by evacuating gas; worse at night. Cocc. Clin.

Aggravation. Stools profuse, putrid, corrosive, loose, brownish, frothy, black, offensive, undigested, white, cadaverous-smelling; worse at night. China Clin.

Aggravation. Mucous diarrhœa, with tenesmus; stools frequent; small; burning in rectum and bladder; bloody, shaggy, greenish, frothy; worse at night. Caps. Clin.

Aggravation. Dysentery; excoriating discharges; abdomen externally cold to touch; stools bloody, green, mucous like stirred eggs; worse at night; pains increased after stool. Merc. Clin.

Aggravation. Painless diarrhœa, with rumbling of wind; worse at night from fright or other emotions. Ign. Clin.

Aggravation. (*Pressure.*) Bruised sensation; worse in cæcal region and along transverse colon on moderate pressure. Merc. C. 5.

Aggravation. Burning and tensive sticking in right hypochondrium; worse from pressure; sharp drawing in hepatic region. Mag. M. 6.

Aggravation. Pain in right hypochondrium between right ribs and hip; when driving, aggravation from pressure. Card. M. 6.

Aggravation. Stitches in left hepatic region near border of false ribs, about three inches from linea alba; aggravation from pressure extending into region of stomach. Berb. 6.

Aggravation. Stitches in region of gall-bladder; aggravation from pressure. Berb. 6.

Aggravation. Acute pain in hepatic region; worse from pressure, breathing, coughing and lying on the right side. Bell. Clin.

Aggravation. (*Touch.*) Bruised pain in right hypochondrium; worse from touch on breathing. Lyc. 6.

Aggravation. Pain about umbilicus, causing him to bend forward; aggravation from touch, attempted to raise himself or to lie on back; and cried out that his intestines were burning. Ars. A. 7.

Aggravation. Abscess of liver; throbbing ulcerative pain in hepatic region; worse from touch or walking; hardness; distention of liver. Sil. Clin.

Aggravation. (*Miscellaneous.*) Gripping in umbilical region; worse from eating fruit, with cutting and general chill. Coloc. 7.



## ACCRAVATION.

Aggravation. Aching in liver, extending to spine; worse in region of gall-bladder, with rumbling in abdomen and aching in umbilical region. Lept. 6.

Aggravation. Colic in hypogastrium as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest, when sitting and lying. Nux V. 7.

Aggravation. Bearing-down pains in hypogastrium; worse when walking, with weight low down in vagina, with constant desire for stool but with every effort at stool only urine was discharged, Lil. Tig. 7.

Aggravation. Stool of greenish, water, with distention of abdomen; frequent, liquid, always preceded by griping; worse on right side. Mag. C. 1.

Aggravation. Cutting low down in abdomen, penetrating into pelvis; worse from retracting walls of abdomen, with urging to stool. Puls. 7.

Aggravation. Painful inclination to inguinal hernia; worse when rising from a seat. Cocc. 7.

Aggravation. Griping in abdomen, with ineffectual urging to stool; pain before and during stool; better after stool; aggravation from eating plums. Rheum 5.

Aggravation. Distention of hypochondria; worse in sides, pit of stomach and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. Ign. 6.

Aggravation. Sticking in umbilical region in a spot, obliging him to bend up; worse from lifting, extending towards loins and spine. Coloc. 7.

Aggravation. Constriction in hepatic region, worse in the right, preventing deep breathing. Acon. 6.

Aggravation. Internal feeling in groins as if stuffed; aggravation from stepping forward, when it seemed that the thickness pushed forward and everything would fall out. Cocc. 7.

Aggravation. Emissions of flatus, loud, short and interrupted; offensive; worse before stool. Mezer. 5.

Aggravation. Cutting in abdomen after dinner relieved by bending over; aggravation from standing. Rheum 5.

Aggravation of internal piles, with protrusion of rectum after stool; sometimes prolapsed for days, owing to the swelling and congestion. Pod. 2.

Aggravation. Diarrhoea coming on suddenly; faint feeling before, during and after stool; worse from fruits and sweetmeats during summer; every movement of the body renews the discharges. Crot. Tig. Clin.

Aggravation. Chronic diarrhoea off and on; aggravation from lager beer. Kali B. Clin.

Aggravation. Constipation in sad, desponding and hypochondriac persons; frequent urging but insufficient stool, though the feces are not hard; worse from starchy or vegetable food. Natr. C. Clin.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

Aggravation. Camp diarrhoea, chronic, from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane, with aching and burning in hepatic region; worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. Lept. Clin.

Aggravation. Colic from indigestion, with waterbrash; worse after coffee, brandy or overeating; flatulent, with pressure upward, causing dyspnoea. Nux V. Clin.

Aggravation. Diarrhoea brought on by riding in cars or carriage; aggravation from drinking cold water, with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool. Cocc. Clin.

Aggravation. Painless cholera morbus, with deathly nausea, weakness and prostration; aggravation from the smell or sight of food. Coleh. Clin.

Aggravation. Flatulent colic deep in the abdomen, worse when lying. Phos. Clin.

Aggravation. Chronic debilitating diarrhoea, with almost constant oozing from anus; stools jelly-like, green or bloody, fetid or sour; expelled quickly; worse after taking boiled milk. Sep. Clin.

Aggravation. Colic worse when riding in a car or carriage; amelioration from emission of flatus. Carbo V. Clin.

Aggravation. Colic after eating and drinking, obliging one to bend double; worse from sweet things. Sulf. Clin.

Aggravation. Prolapsus ani from overstraining and violent riding; aggravation from standing. Arn. Clin.

Aggravation. Flatulent colic; worse from wine, with retraction of the abdomen; hot, moist, fetid flatus; passing off without relief. Zinc. Clin.

Aggravation. Diarrhoea from fright; worse from being in a warm room; preceded by colic and pain in the small of back. Puls. Clin.

Agonizing. Early stage of peritonitis and enteritis, with severe agonizing pain; tossing about, high fever. Acon. Clin.

Agreeable. Tearing in hepatic region as if stones would cut their way out, with diarrhoea; always preceded by an agreeable sensation in the stomach. Nux Mos. 6.

Air. Blind piles, with pressure and soreness in anus and rectum; painful when sitting and standing; less when walking; worse after taking fresh air. Ign. 3.

Air. Pain in abdomen caused by evening air, with diarrhoea as from a stone. Merc. 5.

Air. Distention of abdomen, beginning at stomach; abdomen hard as if filled with air, without pain; she cannot bear pressure on stomach; worse in hypogastrium. Ratan. 5.

Air. Colic from cold evening air; from worms; colic, which only passes off by lying down. Merc. Clin.

## ALTERNATING.

Air. Stitches in hypochondria when walking in open air, also with tension in right hypochondrium as if hepatic region would burst open at 4 p. m.; on deep breathing while sitting. Natr. S. 6.

Air. Dysentery in moist weather; aggravation from any current of air; violent tenesmus of rectum and bladder. Caps. Clin.

Air. Cholera infantum; stools whitish, curdy, turning green on the diaper on exposure to air; sour smelling of whole body, especially during teething. Rheum Clin.

Air. Dropsical effusions, and even peritonitis, always with sharp pains; great aggravation from cold air, and in the early morning. Kali C. Clin.

Alcohol. Constipation, stools enormously large and painful, leaving the sphincters nearly paralyzed, and slow to close, with a feeling of inability to draw up the partially prolapsed anus, especially in those who have abused alcohol or narcotics. Lach. Clin.

Alcoholic. Hepatic affections in good livers; in alcoholic excesses, and, after allopathic dosing; liver swollen hard, and sensitive to pressure of clothing. Nux V. Clin.

Alike. Diarrhoea; stools sour, green, bloody; one stool fetid, the other odorless; one containing fecal matter, the other blood; no two stools alike; caused by eating pork or fat food; from fruit, ice cream, tobacco, cold drinks. Puls. Clin.

Alive. Sudden bounding, as of something alive in right iliac region. Thuja 7.

All-gone. Constipation; an all-gone feeling in rectum; inability to expel feces, or to strain at stool, with sensation of a ball in the rectum. Sep. Clin.

Allopathic. Hepatic affections in good livers; in alcoholic excesses and after allopathic dosing; liver swollen, hard and sensitive to pressure of clothing. Nux V. Clin.

Alternate constipation and diarrhoea. Nux V. Clin.

Alternate. Diarrhoea on alternate days. Alum. Clin.

Alternately. Squeezing, constrictive pain in lowermost intestines, alternately, with shoots or jerks in direction of perineum. Bell. 2.

Alternates. Obstinate constipation, especially if it alternates with diarrhoea, with stool followed by tremulous weakness. Con. Clin.

Alternates. Chronic diarrhoea during menstruation; green, mucous stools; sometimes diarrhoea alternates with constipation. Amm. Mur. Clin.

Alternating. Diarrhoea in morning and through forenoon; the natural stool in evening immediately after eating and drinking; alternating with constipation. Pod. 1.

Alternating. Cramp-like pain in hypochondria, alternating with oppression of chest and difficult breathing. Zinc. 6.



## ALTERNATING.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## AMELIORATION.

Alternating. Diarrhœa alternating with constipation. Plumb. 1.

Alternating. Tenesmus; a constant pressing and urging towards anus and genitals, alternating with painful contractions of anus. Bell. 2.

Alternating. Burning and cutting in rectum, with constriction in anus; with itching in anus; crawling. Chel. 2.

Alternating. Diarrhœa; stools of jelly-like mucus; like frog's spawn; generally with tenesmus; sometimes profuse, watery, alternating with constipation. Hell. Clin.

Alternating. Constipation, with ineffectual urging; amelioration after drinking milk; stools hard and knotty; dark-colored; constipation alternating with diarrhœa. Iod. Clin.

Alternating. Hyperæmia of liver, with great pressure in hepatic region; alternating with vomiting or diarrhœa. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Alternating diarrhœa and constipation, especially in old people. Ant. Cr. Clin.

Alternating. Stools at first hard then mushy, finally fluid; smelling like rotten eggs; involuntary, fermented, sour-smelling diarrhœa; alternating with constipation. Calc. C. Clin.

Alternating. Constipation; alternating with diarrhœa. Card. M. Clin.

Alternating. Diarrhœa alternating with rheumatism; stools sour-smelling when the weather suddenly changes from warm to cold; damp weather. Dulc. Clin.

Alternation of diarrhœa and constipation; stool like sheep's dung. Chel. Clin.

Alternation. Chronic constipation from irregular menstruation; inactivity of intestines whether stool is hard or soft; alternation of constipation and diarrhœa. Puls. Clin.

Alternations of diarrhœa and constipation. Ign. Clin.

Alvine. Copious alvine evacuations. Ant. T. 1.

Ameliorated. (*Emission of Flatus.*) Distention of abdomen, relieved by emission of flatus; griping. Phos. Ac. 5.

Ameliorated. Distention of abdomen in morning in bed, relieved by emission of flatus smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; also at night, after eating, with heaviness. Sulf. 5.

Ameliorated. Pain in abdomen before breakfast; flatulent, relieved by difficult emission of flatus and lying on side. Natr. S. 5.

Ameliorated. Distention of abdomen at night, relieved by emission of flatus; rumbling all day, with gurgling, movement and cutting. Mag. C. 5.

Ameliorated. Griping in abdomen; amelioration after discharge of flatus in evening and night, relieved by bending forward. Iris V. 5.

Ameliorated. Pressure in hypogastrium as if bladder would fall out over os pubis; partially relieved by hard pressure; the pelvic distress always felt at night on waking. Sep. 7.

Ameliorated. (*Miscellaneous.*) Pain in pelvis, beginning in sacrum and passing forward and down to right knee at 7:30 a. m., relieved by pressing against something hard; the pelvic pain relieved by crossing the limbs. Sep. 7.

Ameliorated. Cutting in abdomen after dinner, relieved by bending over; aggravation from standing. Rheum 5.

Ameliorated. Griping and jerking in abdomen with pain, which is better after stool. Rhus Tox. 5.

Ameliorated. Desire for stool in rectum in evening, with griping in hypogastrium; then large, moist, at last thin, sour stool, after which he was relieved, but felt weak. Dulc. 2.

Ameliorated. Violent flatulent colic, generally relieved by walking about; aggravated by lying down at night; pains are generally cutting, twisting; amelioration from pressure; generally radiate from the abdomen to the back into chest and anus. Diosc. Clin.

Ameliorated. Hæmorrhoids, with sensation as if a red-hot poker were being thrust up the rectum; relieved by sitting in cold water. Kali C. Clin.

Amelioration. (*Emission of Flatus.*) Distention of abdomen after eating, with tension; amelioration from emission of flatus. Lyc. 5.

Amelioration. Griping, tensive pain in umbilical region, extending towards stomach in afternoon and evening; relieved by emission of flatus. Sulf. 7.

Amelioration. Pain in umbilical region, emanating from navel; amelioration by frequent discharges of flatus. Coloc. 7.

Amelioration. Tenesmus, with only a little feces at first, then transparent, bilious, membranous mucus, with relief of colic; amelioration from frequent passage of flatus; urging to stool, which is unsatisfactory. Colch. 2.

Amelioration. Flatulent pain in evening after a meal; here and there, after midnight; not relieved by emission of flatus. Puls. 5.

Amelioration. Dragging in hypogastrium towards groins during stool; in groins; amelioration from emission of flatus; with sensitiveness to touch. Kali C. 7.

Amelioration. Griping in abdomen; amelioration after discharge of flatus in evening and night; relieved by bending forward. Iris V. 5.

Amelioration. Abdomen bloated after eating; amelioration from emission of flatus, with nausea. Psor. 5.

Amelioration. Sticking in groin; feeling after sitting down as if a large heavy body were lying there; better after pressure; by passage of flatus. Carbo An. 7.

Amelioration. Flatulent colic, only slightly relieved by evacuating gas; worse at night. Cocc. Clin.

Amelioration. Colic; worse when riding in a car or carriage; amelioration from emission of flatus. Carbo V. Clin.

Amelioration. (*Lying.*) Distention of abdomen by flatulence; waking about midnight; causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief; new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. Cocc. 5.

Amelioration. Colic in hypogastrium as if flatulence with cutting were forcing out of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. Nux V. 7.

Amelioration. Pain in left hypochondrium, relieved when lying. Sep. 6.

Amelioration. Typhlitis; painful swelling of the whole right side of abdomen; aggravation from lying on left side; better when lying on the back and by gentle pressure. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Amelioration. Peri-hepatitis, with sharp stitches in right hypochondrium; aggravation from any motion; better when lying on right side; liver seems swollen, sore to touch. Bry. Clin.

Amelioration. (*Stool.*) Pain in abdomen, better after stool, with unbearable anxiety, so that he rolled about the floor and despaired of his life. Ars. A. 5.

Amelioration. Griping in abdomen, worse below navel, obliging him to bend over; amelioration after a thin stool, with discharge of flatus upward and downward. Coloc. 5.

Amelioration. Aching burning in gall-bladder; chilliness along spine, with urging to stool; better after a profuse, black stool. Lept. 6.

Amelioration. Stools profuse, thick, papæscient, brown, offensive, relieving symptoms of abdomen. Asaf. 1.

Amelioration. Burning in rectum, with the evacuation of stool and urine; stools dry and large, then copious, pasty stools, with relief of all symptoms except the confusion of head. Bry. 2.

Amelioration. Sudden cutting in abdomen, relieved after profuse, pasty stools, with digging, compelling him to bend double. Bry. 5.

Amelioration. Tenesmus, then copious thin or pap-like, sour-smelling stool, with relief. Arn. 2.

Amelioration. Discharge of offensive flatus after dinner; amelioration after stool, with movements in hypogastrium. Coloc. 5.

Amelioration. Diarrhœa; stool preceded by excessive cutting around about the navel, and expelled all at once after considerable urging, and followed by a feeling of great relief. Gamb. Clin.

Amelioration. (*Miscellaneous.*) Flatulence here and there in hypochondria, even in back, in region of ribs and chest, causing tension and bubbling; amelioration from empty eructations. Lyc. 6.

Amelioration. Pressing downward in hypogastrium during menses; better in knee-elbow position, which caused eructations and sleep. Sep. 7.



## AMELIORATION.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## ANUS.

Amelioration. Dysentery, bloody and mucous, with great straining and burning of anus, temporarily ceasing after stool and by warmth of bed; aggravation after eating and drinking. Coloc. Clin.

Amelioration. Pinching in abdomen as if bowels were pressed inward; amelioration from pressure and bending inward, with cutting extending towards pubic region; so severe below navel that facial muscles were distorted and eyes drawn together as if squeezed between stones. Coloc. 5.

Amelioration. Pain in pelvis beginning in sacrum and passing forward and down to right knee at 7:30 a. m.; relieved by pressing against something hard; the pelvic pain relieved by crossing the limbs. Sep. 7.

Amelioration. Stool fluid after eating, with discharge of flatus and colic all the afternoon; better from warmth of bed. Coloc. 1.

Amelioration. Shooting from umbilical region to other parts of abdomen; amelioration from pressure; so violent at times that he was almost wild; tossed about, pressed his fist into his abdomen; said he must go to stool. Pumb. 7.

Amelioration. Pain in right hypochondrium, contractive, worse in morning; then constriction in stomach, extending to chest; amelioration from eructations. Sep. 6.

Amelioration. Pain across hypogastrium at night on lying down; amelioration from micturition. Sep. 7.

Amelioration. Clawing, griping in abdomen as if grasped by a hand so that each outstretched finger pressed sharply upon intestines; better from rest, worse from motion. Ipec. 5.

Amelioration. Griping, tearing in upper abdomen and in side of chest after dinner; aggravated by walking and standing; amelioration when the body and mind are at rest. Zinc. 5.

Amelioration. Paralytic pain in right ring, as if something would force its way through when sitting; amelioration from rising. Cocc. 7.

Amelioration. Intermittent pressure in hepatic region, while standing; relieved by bending forward, with pain on touch, as if suppurating. China 6.

Amelioration. Griping in abdomen, so that he could neither lie nor sit, and could only walk bent over; amelioration from violent motion and rolling about. Coloc. 5.

Amelioration. Abdomen swollen hard; sore above navel, where there is a great deal of colic; sometimes relieved by pressure. Cina Clin.

Amelioration. Hæmorrhoids protrude like a bunch of grapes; greatly relieved by bathing with cold water. Aloe Clin.

Amelioration. Constipation with ineffectual urging; amelioration after drinking milk; stool hard, knotty, dark-colored; constipation alternating with diarrhœa. Iod. Clin.

Amelioration. Flatulent colic; relieved by stretching the body out or walking. Diosc. Clin.

Amelioration. Hæmorrhoids aggravated by cold water; amelioration from warmth, with prolapsus of rectum, accompanied by sticking and biting. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Amelioration. Colic immediately after eating and worse after drinking; amelioration from hot, wet cloths; abdomen enormously distended. Nux Mos. Clin.

Amelioration. Griping colic; writhing around navel; better from hot milk; worse after eating or nursing. Croc. Tig. Clin.

Amelioration. Constipation produced by cheese; better from smoking; frequent urging to stool, without any evacuation, which appears an hour later in single pieces of stony hardness. Coloc. Clin.

Amelioration. Colic, forcing patient to bend double; he must walk about for relief; abdomen swollen; sensitive; no flatus up or down; after a cold; from fruits or vegetables; cold feeling in abdomen. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Amelioration. Colic, compelling one to walk bent; relieved by bending double and walking about or by lying on the abdomen. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Amelioration. Violent, flatulent colic, generally relieved by walking about, aggravated by lying down at night; pains are generally cutting, twisting; amelioration from pressure; generally radiate from the abdomen to the back, into the chest and arms. Diosc. Clin.

Amelioration. Colic; sensation of coldness, weakness and faintness, better from bending double. Petr. Clin.

Ammoniacal. Diarrhœa; stool watery, frequent, with burning in anus; sudden about midnight, with urging; very offensive; ammoniacal. Lach. 1.

Anæmic. Diarrhœa of anæmic and hysterical women, mostly during night; stools greenish, pasty, with tenesmus and cutting in abdomen. Mag. M. Clin.

Anamnesis. Chronic diarrhœa, with a psoric anamnesis; stool brown, fecal, fermented, offensive. Mezer. Clin.

Anger. Jaundice, provoked by violent anger, abuse of Quinine, with attacks of faintness. Nux V. Clin.

Anger. Colic, especially after anger, with red cheeks and hot perspiration. Cham. Clin.

Anger. Diarrhœa, as the result of anger or from fruit, with colic. Coloc. Clin.

Anger. Colic; crampy pains following a fit of anger or following operations about the abdomen, after lithotomy. Staph. Clin.

Angle. Enlargement of the liver; pain under angle of right shoulder blade or with jaundice; yellow tongue; bitter taste. Chel. Clin.

Ani. Prolapsus ani from over-straining and violent riding; aggravation from standing. Arn. Clin.

Ani. Spasms of sphincter ani, with chilliness running up back, then urging to stool, then insufficient stool. Coleh. 3.

Ani. Prolapsus ani, with sharp stabbing pains shooting upwards. Ign. Clin.

Ani. Piles, with prolapsus ani and long-standing diarrhœa. Pod. Clin.

Ani. Piles suddenly in children, with great sensitiveness; prolapsus ani while urinating; piles after confinement. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Ani. Paralysis of the sphincter ani; the anus is always open. Phos. Clin.

Ani. Involuntary stools in bed, from paralysis of sphincter ani. Laur. Clin.

Ani. Fistula ani. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Ani. Hæmorrhoids complicating fistula ani, especially in persons suffering from lung trouble. Kali C. Clin.

Ani. Pruritus ani. Ign. Clin.

Ani. Constipation; torpor of bowels, feces hard, scanty, passed with difficulty from constriction of sphincter ani and feeling as if much remained behind. Lyc. Clin.

Ano. Fistula in ano. Sil. Clin.

Anus. (Bleeding). Bleeding from anus during stool; sore pain after stool. Puls. 3.

Anus. Passage of pure blood from anus and from urethra. Canth. 3.

Anus. Hæmorrhage from anus of pure blood during stool. Phos. 3.

Anus. Bleeding of anus during stool. Carbo V. 3.

Anus. Discharges of bright red blood from anus, with stool. Nit. Ac. 3.

Anus. Discharge of blood from anus during stool. Natr. C. 3.

Anus. Stools looking like lumps of chalk in children during dentition; hard, undigested, bleeding from anus after stools. Calc. G. Clin.

Anus. (Burning.) Constipation; stool hard, with burning in anus; lumpy, scanty, offensive, difficult, light-colored. Sil. 1.

Anus. Burning in anus after a thin stool, after a soft formed stool. Sulf. 3.

Anus. Burning pain in anus, as if parts around it were sore. Berb. 3.

Anus. Burning fullness, itching, pressure and soreness in anus. Esc. 3.

Anus. Burning pain in anus. Caps. 3.

Anus. Pain in abdomen, then discharge of dark mucus, causing biting, burning in anus as before diarrhœa from taking cold; in morning on slightest uncovering during sweat. Nux V. 5.

Anus. Stools frequent watery, with burning in anus; disposition to strain and bear down. Iris V. 1.

Anus. Burning in anus after stool; sore in morning as if points were sticking in it. Iris V. 3.

Anus. Diarrhœa in evening, at night, with cutting and pressure in rectum, with streaks of blood; stools of green mucus, with burning and protrusion of anus; with cutting and griping. Merc. 1.

Anus. Violent stool; watery black fluid, burning in anus; after uneasiness and pain in the abdomen. Ars. A. 1.



## ANUS.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## ANUS.

- Anus. Diarrhœa, with burning in anus; consisting of blood and mucus. Canth. 1.
- Anus. Stool pasty, with burning in anus; offensive in afternoon, then burning in anus, with much flatus; then hard portions, then again soft, so that he believed he would scarcely finish the evacuation. Bry. 1.
- Anus. Diarrhœa in morning, then burning in anus; aggravation at night, preceded by cutting in abdomen, then pricking and burning in anus; stool smelling like old cheese. Bry. 1.
- Anus. Diarrhœa, with coldness of extremities, with vomiting and prostration, with tearing and cutting in abdomen; stool dark, bloody-colored, black, mucous, offensive, yellow, with tenesmus and burning pain in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 1.
- Anus. Diarrhœa, after eating, of undigested feces; also passed in several pieces; then ineffectual urging, with biting burning pain in anus, and colic before and after every stool. China 1.
- Anus. Hæmorrhoidal pressure in anus, with burning when seated, on touch. Thuja 3.
- Anus. Burning pain in region of anus; itching of anus; pressure of anus. Petr. 3.
- Anus. Urging to stool; ineffectual tenesmus, as in dysentery, with burning pain and pressure in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 2.
- Anus. Burning pain in anus during, before and after stool. Berb. 3.
- Anus. Diarrhœa every morning on rising, with griping in abdomen and rasping in anus and rectum; burning. Lil. Tig. 1.
- Anus. Diarrhœa; stool watery, frequent, with burning in anus; sudden about midnight with urging; very offensive; ammoniacal. Lach. 1.
- Anus. Diarrhœa; stool semi-liquid forcible, frequent; followed by tenesmus and burning in anus; brown, frequent, followed by tenesmus, pain in back and burning in rectum. Rheum 1.
- Anus. Crawling, itching, burning in anus during stool. Zinc. 3.
- Anus. Throbbing pain in rectum all day after stool; also burning pain during the hard stool and in anus. Sulf. 2.
- Anus. Burning in anus during and after stool. Lach. 3.
- Anus. Bloody and painful stool; scanty, round and burning in anus. Kali B. 1.
- Anus. Burning pain in anus after stool in forenoon, with pressure. Kali B. 3.
- Anus. Constipation; stool hard, then burning and pressure in anus; scanty. Kali B. 1.
- Anus. Liquid, involuntary stool, then burning in anus and griping in intestines. Kali B. 1.
- Anus. Burning in anus in evening. Iod. 3.
- Anus red, inflamed and covered with red veins, with burning during stool. Sulf. 3.
- Anus. Burning in anus after stool, with itching. Mur. Ac. 3.
- Anus. Diarrhœa, then burning in anus; stool watery, passed unnoticed. Mur. Ac. 1.
- Anus. Burning in anus during stool. Merc. C. 3.
- Anus. Burning pain in anus, with soft stool. Merc. 3.
- Anus. Burning in anus, with frequent stools; itching. Lyc. 3.
- Anus. Burning smarting in anus some hours after stool, with cutting as in a sore; biting in evening, with sore pain. Nux V. 3.
- Anus. Diarrhœa; stool whitish, frequent; also causing burning in anus. Op. 1.
- Anus. Burning in anus when not at stool and before and after stool. Olean. 3.
- Anus. Burning in rectum and anus after soft stool, with exhaustion. Phos. 2.
- Anus. Burning in anus during soft stool. Amm. Mur. 3.
- Anus. Burning in anus after stool; after emission of hot flatus. Aloe 3.
- Anus. Burning in anus after diarrhœa. Canth. 3.
- Anus. Burning in anus during stool. Calc. C. 3.
- Anus. Burning, biting, stinging in anus, with diarrhœa-like stool. Caps. 3.
- Anus. Constipation; stool retarded on account of lack of peristaltic action; hard, scanty stool, with cutting and burning in anus. Staph. Clin.
- Anus. Hæmorrhoids protruding, large, bluish, suppurating and offensive, with burning pains in anus. Carbo V. Clin.
- Anus. Diarrhœa painless, clay-colored, with burning and smarting in anus; sallow complexion. Berb. Clin.
- Anus. Dysentery; bloody and mucous, with great straining and burning of anus; temporarily ceasing after stool and by warmth of bed; aggravation after eating and drinking. Coloc. Clin.
- Anus. Acrid, smarting, burning sensation at the anus and up the rectum after stool, as if a hot spray were projected over the parts. Lil. Tig. Clin.
- Anus. Nervous diarrhœa from depression of the nerve centres; stool loose, papescent, enveloped in bright red, foamy blood, preceded by colic, with burning at the anus during and after stool. Zinc. Clin.
- Anus. Diarrhœa; frequent desire for stool, with chilliness and nausea, stools offensive, painless, fluid, scanty, putrid, with biting, burning sensation in anus. Sil. Clin.
- Anus. Dysentery; burning in anus during stool and long-lasting severe tenesmus afterwards; fruitless efforts to stool, which is bloody, watery and offensive. Plumb. Clin.
- Anus. Chronic dysentery, with the abdominal symptoms of flatulence and the burning in anus and rectum; discharge of jelly-like lumps. Aloe Clin.
- Anus. Diarrhœa, with burning in rectum and anus after a stool; severe rumbling of gas, watery discharges mixed with mucus, preceded by soft and more substantial stools. Iris V. Clin.
- Anus. Chronic diarrhœa in cachetic dyspeptic persons; stools light gray or brownish, corrosive, sometimes painless, with rumbling in bowels; colicky pains during and before stool, and burning in anus after. Kali C. Clin.
- Anus. Habitual constipation; stools scanty, knotty, followed by burning and painful retraction of rectum and anus. Kali B. Clin.
- Anus. Diarrhœa, like scrapings of intestines, reddish, mucous or bloody, flaky, with extreme burning in anus during stool. Canth. Clin.
- Anus. Diarrhœa just after breakfast; the passage at first formed, then loose, with burning in anus. Borax Clin.
- Anus. (*Constriction.*) Constriction of anus during stool, with tension and burning after dry stool. Sil. 3.
- Anus. Stitches in rectum during and after stool, with spasmodic constriction in anus. Nit. Ac. 2.
- Anus. Burning and cutting in rectum, with constriction in anus; with itching in anus; crawling. Chel. 2.
- Anus. Protrusion of rectum after stool, then painful constriction of anus. Lach. 2.
- Anus. Constriction of anus, with itching, burning all day, worse after urinating, with hard stool. Nit. Ac. 3.
- Anus drawn up with constriction. Plumb. 3.
- Anus. Excoriated feeling after a stool, attended with a contraction of rectum and constriction of anus. Alum. 3.
- Anus. Constipation from constriction of anus; hard stool like sheep's dung passed only after hard straining. Berb. Clin.
- Anus. (*Excoriated.*) Evacuations excoriated the skin about the anus. Ars. A. 3.
- Anus. Stools black, acrid, putrid; excoriated skin about anus. Ars. A. 1.
- Anus. Constipation; stool hard, green, slimy, acrid, excoriating anus, whitish-gray. Merc. 1.
- Anus. Bloody stools with painful, acrid sensation in anus. Merc. 1.
- Anus. Glutinous exudation at night; acrid, corrosive moisture from anus. Carbo V. 3.
- Anus. (*Fissures.*) Fissures more in rectum than in anus after stool. Nit. Ac. 2.
- Anus. Piles and fissures at the anus, with great itching; scurf on borders of anus. Petr. Clin.
- Anus. Obstinate constipation; difficult expulsion of feces, fissuring the anus, with flow of blood; a ripping-up sensation in the anus after stool. Natr. M. Clin.
- Anus. Fissure of anus, with very great irritability. Sil. Clin.
- Anus. Fissures of the anus, with periodical profuse bleeding from the anus; pain in small of back, as if bruised; sore, blind, hæmorrhoids protruding after stool. Rhus Tox. Clin.
- Anus. Fisure of the anus with constant oozing of fetid moisture, with raw smarting, as if cut with a knife. Nit. Ac. Clin.



## ANUS.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## ANUS.

Anus. Fissures of the anus, without constipation; acute pains shooting upwards. Ign. Clin.

Anus. Constipation; accumulation of large masses of feces, which are covered with mucus; the anus is fissured, the cracks bleed and ulcerate. Graph. Clin.

Anus. (*Fistula*.) Fistula in the anus, with sensation of beating, as of little hammers. Lach. Clin.

Anus. Fistula in anus. Thuja Clin.

Anus. (*Itching*.) Itching around anus at border, with sore feeling. Sulf. 3.

Anus. Crawling, burning, itching, in and about anus. Berb. 3.

Anus. Blind hæmorrhoids bleeding, with itching pain in anus. Cham. 3.

Anus. Biting, sore sensation in and around anus after stool, with itching and soreness. Kali C. 3.

Anus. Watery feces, frequent, with soreness in anus; bright yellow fluid feces twice, then chilliness; three stools of yellow water. Grat. 1.

Anus. Moisture and itching in anus, with soreness; moist between anus and nates when walking. Nit. Ac. 3.

Anus. Itching of anus when sitting. Staph. 3.

Anus. Itching in region of anus during day and evening before sleep. Mezer. 3.

Anus. Itching in anus, with sore pain as from hæmorrhoids on margin; becoming a smarting and sore pain as from blind piles. Nux V. 3.

Anus. Itching and biting in anus. Phos. 3.

Anus. Itching of anus. Natr. C. 3.

Anus. Itching in anus. Arg. N. 3.

Anus. Itching in anus. Ant. Cr. 3.

Anus. Itching in anus, with pain in perineum. Caust. 3.

Anus. Irregular piles, with stitching, burning or itching of the anus. Nux V. Clin.

Anus. Pruritus in anus and fistula. Caust. Clin.

Anus. Diarrhœa, with much wind; stools profuse, dark green, brown, gelatinous, worse after eating; from fruit, from lager beer, from abuse of Opium, with intolerable itching of anus during typhoid fever. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Anus. Hard, insufficient, difficult stool, with fullness, heat and itching at anus; like sheep's dung; hard and black, as if burnt. Sulf. Clin.

Anus. Violent itching or tingling at anus from worms. Zinc. Clin.

Anus. Diarrhœa; stool yellowish, slimy; cutting pain before and after, with itching of anus when sitting. Staph. Clin.

Anus. Constipation, painless; stools hard masses, scanty, enveloped in mucus, with pinching cutting in anus. Nit. Ac. 1.

Anus. Pain in anus as if a plug were forced outwards. Crot. Tig. 3.

Anus. Spasmodic pain in anus before and after stool. Lach. 3.

Anus. Pain in pubic region, extending towards anus. Nux V. 7.

Anus. (*Pain*.) Diarrhœa in morning, with heat and pain in anus; stool liquid, yellow, green, frequent. Pod. 1.

Anus. Contractive pain in anus in afternoon, preventing sitting. Cocc. 3.

Anus. Painful contractions in anus. Acon. 3.

Anus. Boring, cramp-like pain in anus, extending into rectum and testicles. Sil. 3.

Anus. Pain in anus, caused by stool; contracted feeling during stool. Chel. 3.

Anus. Neuralgic pain in anus and lower part of rectum, shooting along perineum to middle of penis; worse at midnight. Phytol. 3.

Anus. Piles feel damp, painful to touch, itch violently; needle-like pains at anus. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Anus. Obstinate constipation; inactivity or intussusception; stools hard, thick and knotty balls, with pain in anus when passing, as if it would fly to pieces. Thuja Clin.

Anus. Long continued sensation in rectum after stool, as if one had just been to stool or had just recovered from a pain in anus. Berb. Clin.

Anus. Hæmorrhoids intensely painful; boring, cramping from anus to rectum and testicles; protrude during stool, become incarcerated and suppurate. Sil. Clin.

Anus. (*Paralysis*.) Urging in rectum to stool, with sensation in anus and lower part of rectum as if weakened by diarrhœa. Coloc. 2.

Anus. Paralysis of rectum; anus wide open; hæmorrhage from bowels. Secale 2.

Anus. Paralysis of the sphincter ani; the anus is always open. Phos. Clin.

Anus. (*Pressure in Anus*.) Pressure on rectum and on bladder, then pressure downward in abdomen and anus when at stool. Lil. Tig. 2.

Anus. Blind piles, with pressure and soreness in anus and rectum; painful when sitting and standing; less when walking; worse after taking fresh air. Ign. 3.

Anus. Constipation; stool small, hard; often crumbling, with pressure and clawing in anus; unsatisfactory. Zinc. 1.

Anus. Pressure in anus during stool, with pain. Alum. 3.

Anus. Shootings and pressure in anus. Acon. 3.

Anus. Pressure in anus during and after a pasty stool. Sulf. Ac. 3.

Anus. Weakness of the sphincter; piles come down from any exertion, as walking or standing; she supports the anus by pressure with her hand to prevent protrusion of the parts. Sep. Clin.

Anus. Constipation; stools enormously large and painful, leaving the sphincters nearly paralyzed and slow to close, with a feeling of inability to draw up the partially prolapsed anus, especially in those who have abused alcohol or narcotics. Lach. Clin.

Anus. (*Prolapsus*.) Prolapsus of rectum without urging, as if anus were paralyzed. Graph. 2.

Anus. Prolapsus of anus. Merc. 3.

Anus. Distress in anus, as if prolapsed. Iris V. 3.

Anus. (*Protrusion of Anus*.) Pain on pressure on umbilicus; pain is felt down to anus where there is constant protrusion. Crot. Tig. 7.

Anus. Protusion of anus. Gamb. 3.

Anus. Large and hard stool voided with great difficulty, followed by severe pains in anus, with feeling as if a portion of the anus was protruded; with severe backache in lumbar region. Æsc. 1.

Anus. (*Smarting*.) Smarting in anus after hard stool; burning after usual stool. Mag. M. 3.

Anus. Smarting in rectum and anus, with soft stool. Mur. Ac. 2.

Anus. Constipation; stool hard, knotty, streaked with blood, preceded and accompanied by smarting at the anus. Natr. S. Clin.

Anus. (*Soreness*.) Itching, smarting; sore pain in anus on wiping. Graph. 3.

Anus. Sore pain in anus without reference to stool; pain as from blind piles. Ign. 3.

Anus. Blind hæmorrhoids with itching in morning, preceded by pain in small of back in evening till 9 p. m., with sore pain in anus; worse from motion; painful, protruding. Puls. 3.

Anus. Stool hard, in shape of laurel berries; difficult, with cutting in anus, as if too narrow; then a stream of blood, followed by soreness in anus along rectum. Alum. 1.

Anus. Soreness in anus after a slimy discharge, as if skin were cracked, with constriction. Thuja 3.

Anus. Tenesmus, as if more stool would follow, which must be held back on account of soreness of anus, yet on account of this pain he does not dare to draw the anus together. Aloe 2.

Anus. Sore feeling in anus; worse outside, with stitching, burning, and throbbing. Calc. Ph. 3.

Anus. Hæmorrhoids, like red cherries, protrude after meals, with sore pain in anus. Diosc. 3.

Anus. Oozing of sticky, odorless moisture from anus, with soreness and burning. Carbo An. 2.

Anus. Discharge of moisture from anus, with sore feeling and itching around it; involuntary, of viscid, slimy fluid, causing soreness; of threadworms during stool. Sulf. 3.

Anus. Biting, sore pain in anus on walking, and burning in rectum. Mezer. 3.

Anus. Constipation is the rule in cases requiring Alumina; the rectum is inactive; stools are hard; often associated with soreness of the rectum and anus, which bleed readily. Alum. Clin.

Anus. (*Sticking*.) Stool hard, with urging and sticking in anus; lumpy, with threads of mucus; dark, half-digested, of intolerable odor. Graph. 1.



## ANUS.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## AROUND.

**Anus.** Coarse sticking in anus, extending deep into rectum. Ign. 3.

**Anus.** Congestion of anus after dinner; expulsion of ascarides; sticking, soreness, burning, itching. Sep. 3.

**Anus.** Discharge of blood from anus daily, with sticking and burning in small of back and in anus. Coloc. 3.

**Anus.** Intermittent sticking in left side of anus. Crocus 3.

**Anus.** Sticking in anus when not at stool. Con. 3.

**Anus.** Sticking in anus at 1 p. m., when sitting, extending into region of left iliac bone. Thuja 3.

**Anus.** Scraping, sticking, cutting in rectum and anus during stool, with dragging. Nit. Ac. 2.

**Anus.** Sticking in anus during the day. Sul. 3.

**Anus.** Sticking cutting in anus after stool. Aloe 3.

**Anus.** (*Tearing.*) Contracted sensation in rectum during stool; stool difficult, hard, causing tearing in anus so that it bleeds and pains as if sore. Natr. M. 2.

**Anus.** Tearings, extending around anus, with smarting. Berb. 3.

**Anus.** Tearing transversely across pubis and then through pudenda as far as anus. Carbo An. 7.

**Anus.** (*Tenesmus.*) Passage of mucus from anus, with urging. Carbo V. 3.

**Anus.** Tenesmus; a constant pressing and urging towards anus and genitals, alternating with painful contractions of anus. Bell. 2.

**Anus.** Crawling tenesmus in anus, as in diarrhœa, every evening before sleep. Plat. 3.

**Anus.** Expulsion of pieces of mucus, with tenesmus and cutting in anus as from blind hæmorrhoids. Ars. A. 1.

**Anus.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Sensation of rawness in anus, with diarrhœa. Apis 3.

**Anus** painfully closed. Lyc. 3.

**Anus.** Beating, throbbing in anus as with hammers. Lach. 3.

**Anus.** Colic in hypogastrium as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. Nux V. 7.

**Anus.** Colic, with spasmodic closure of anus and difficult emission of flatus, with tension and grumbling. Op. 5.

**Anus.** Stitches in rectum in direction of a line from anus to small of back. Thuja 3.

**Anus.** Stitches towards anus, with soreness and burning after stool. Carbo V. 3.

**Anus.** Stitches in anus, with tearing, cutting and burning. Kali C. 3.

**Anus.** Spasmodic closure of anus. Op. 3.

**Anus.** Jerking in anus when not at stool. Nux V. 3.

**Anus.** Stool natural at first; then several small loose evacuations; then small hard evacuations, with violent straining in rectum and anus, till all are passed. Ant. Cr. 1.

**Anus.** Dragging in anus as before diarrhœa. Crot. Tig. 3.

**Anus.** Singular feeling in pelvic region at 4 p. m., a weakness about small of back, pubic bones, and around anus a dragging. Sep. 7.

**Anus.** Sensation of a plug in anus in afternoon when sitting; fullness of hæmorrhoidal vessels. Kali B. 3.

**Anus.** Fullness in anus, with pressing out. Aloe 3.

**Anus.** Burning pain in perineum, and an inch from anus a tubercle, which became moist and smarted on walking. Thuja 3.

**Anus.** Stool lies close to anus without passing and without injury. Lach. 3.

**Anus.** Crawling in anus as of thread worms. Crocus 3.

**Anus.** Sensation in hypogastrium as if a hard body pressed backward and downward against rectum and anus; the desire for stool aggravated when standing. Lil. Tig. 7.

**Anus.** Distention of abdomen, with rumbling after stool; after breakfast, with griping, then a second thin stool, then retraction of anus and nausea. Kali B. 5.

**Anus.** Warts about anus. Thuja Clin.

**Anus.** Herpetic eruption about anus. Natr. M. Clin.

**Anus.** Hæmorrhoids blind or flowing dark blood; lancinating pain from the anus upward, especially after stool; painless piles. Sulf. Clin.

**Anus.** Diarrhœa; stools green or bloody, the anus remaining constantly open. Phos. Clin.

**Anus.** Constipation; bowels obstructed from induration of feces, which are so dry that they crumble as they pass the anus; like sheep's dung, covered with blood and mucus. Mag. M. Clin.

**Anus.** Chronic constipation; feeling in anus as if stuffed full; large, hard, difficult stools only once or twice a week. Apis Clin.

**Anus.** Obstinate constipation, with feeling of a load in rectum, which cannot be evacuated; stools seem to stick to the anus like putty. Plat. Clin.

**Anus.** Mucous membrane of the anus is swollen and everted in dysentery, with excessive tenderness. Bell. Clin.

**Anus.** Diarrhœa; stool adheres to rectum and anus like soft clay; tenacious; glutinous. Plat. Clin.

**Anus.** Chronic, debilitating diarrhœa, with almost constant oozing from anus; stools jelly-like, green or bloody, fetid or sour, expelled quickly; worse after taking boiled milk. Sep. Clin.

**Anxiety.** Pain in abdomen; better after stool, with unbearable anxiety, so that he rolled about the floor and despaired of his life. Ars. A. 5.

**Anxiety.** Pressive drawing forward in left hypochondrium, with anxiety and nausea in chest. Rhus Tox. 6.

**Anxiety.** Cramp in rectum all the forenoon; a griping and sticking with anxiety, so that she must walk about. Calc. C. 2.

**Anxiety.** Distention of abdomen after supper, with heaviness and emission of flatus. Arg. N. 5.

**Anxiety,** with pain in abdomen so violent that he grasped bystanders, and again pushed them from him; frequently jumped out of bed and sat on the chamber or ran about. Ars. A. 5.

**Anxious urging in rectum; frequent, ineffectual after the usual stool, with griping, and stool when passed was soft.** Nux V. 2.

**Anxious.** Urging more in upper intestines, stool soft and insufficient, anxious urging, inability to evacuate feces without danger of eversion and prolapsus of rectum. Ign. 2.

**Aphthous.** Diarrhœa in nursing infants, offensive, preceded by colic; stools mucous, with aphthous sore mouth. Borax Clin.

**Appendix.** Peri-typhlitis, with high fever, great tenderness over the appendix and hardness. Crotal. H. Clin.

**Appetite.** Constipation; stool hard and dark brown, in small pieces, with loss of appetite; stool gray and crumbly and unsatisfactory. Op. 1.

**Appetite.** Weakness in abdomen after two hard stools, with loss of appetite. Sep. 2.

**Appetite.** Obstinate constipation following diarrhœa in old spirit drinkers, who are full of nervous symptoms, as loss of appetite, insomnia, scirrhotic liver. Agar. Clin.

**Appetite.** Ascarides, with itching, unnatural appetite, flushed face. Ferr. Clin.

**Appetite.** Ascarides in chronic diarrhœa, with great appetite and distention of stomach. Calc. C. Clin.

**Appetite.** Mesenteric disease; glandular enlargement, emaciation, irregular stool, enormous appetite. Iod. Clin.

**Apprehension.** Nervous diarrhœa; from emotion; from apprehension, as when ready to go to church, theatre, etc. Arg. N. Clin.

**Arm.** Distention and sensitiveness of abdomen, so that she must wear the clothes about stomach very loose; even in bed she must pull up the night dress; she dare not lay the arm across the abdomen. Lach. 5.

**Arm.** Movement in hypogastrium as if something living, like a pushing of muscles by the arm of a child, without pain. Thuja 7.

**Arms.** Colic from the passage of gallstones; pain shooting into chest and arms, with terrible eructations. Diosc. Clin.

**Arms.** Violent, flatulent colic; generally relieved by walking about, aggravated by lying down at night; pains are generally cutting, twisting; amelioration from pressure; generally radiate from the abdomen to the back into the chest and arms. Diosc. Clin.

**Around.** Stool of green mucus, with retching; vomiting of mucus and intolerance of lacing around hypochondria; bloody. Arg. N. 1.



## AROUND.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## BACK.

Around. Tearings, extending around anus, with smarting. *Berb.* 3.

Ascarides. Congestion of anus after dinner; expulsion of ascarides; sticking, soreness, burning, itching. *Sep.* 3.

Ascarides. Crawling in rectum and complaints of ascarides. *Carbo V.* 2.

Ascarides, with itching; unnatural appetite; flushed face. *Ferr.* Clin.

Ascarides. Hepatic eruption about anus. *Nat. M.* Clin.

Ascarides, with delirium, screaming. *Apis* Clin.

Ascarides, in chronic diarrhoea, with great appetite and distention of stomach. *Calc. C.* Clin.

Ascarides. Diarrhoea, with discharge of lumbrici and ascarides; involuntary, greenish, slimy or white. *Cina* Clin.

Ascites. Cirrhosis of liver with ascites, especially in drunkard's gin-liver; chronic hepatitis, with tendency to abscess. *Lyc.* Clin.

Asiatic cholera, with sudden suppression of the discharges and collapse. *Camph.* Clin.

Asiatic cholera, particularly with the icy coldness and intolerance of being covered. *Secale* Clin.

Asleep. Heaviness in abdomen, like a stone just before menses, during menses in sacrum, with inclination of lower limbs to fall asleep when sitting. *Puls.* 5.

Atony. Constipation in persons of sedentary habits, from atony of lower intestines; stools hard, dry, crumble when passing, with great straining and causing prolapsus of rectum. *Pod.* Clin.

Atony of the stomach and abdomen; feeling as if they hung down, relaxed. *Staph.* Clin.

Atrophic nutmeg liver, which is swollen; enlargement of liver and spleen after intermittent fever. *Nux Mos.* Clin.

Atrophy. Acute, yellow atrophy of the liver. *Phos.* Clin.

Atrophy. Hyperæmia; at first enlargement, fatty degeneration, and finally atrophy of the liver, with jaundice and dropsy. *Phos.* Clin.

Atrophy. Chronic atrophy of liver with emaciation and desiccation of body; sticking in region of liver, so that he could not breathe nor eructate. *Merc.* 6.

Attachments. Constriction at level of attachments of diaphragm. *Arn.* 6.

Attack. Infantile constipation after an attack of diarrhoea; stools hard, crumbly, clayey. *Pod.* Clin.

Attacks. Jaundice, provoked by violent anger, abuse of Quinine, with attacks of faintness. *Nux V.* Clin.

Attacks. Dysenteric attacks for several successive years; frequent bloody stools, with gnawing at navel; then ineffectual straining. *Kali B.* 1.

Attempt. Stools very sluggish, the rectum seems plugged up; the attempt to have a stool causes distress in the abdomen. *Anac.* Clin.

Attempts. Ineffectual attempts at stool. *Æsc.* 3.

Autumn. Dysenteries during the autumn, with violent colic and tenesmus; stools almost black and fermented, like frothy molasses. *Ipec.* Clin.

Autumnal diarrhoea; chronic diarrhoea, of miasmatic origin, in combination with milk diet. *Ipec.* Clin.

Autumnal, bilious diarrhoea; exhaustion and debility from the start. *Iris V.* Clin.

Autumnal dysentery. *Colch.* Clin.

Axillary. Swelling of inguinal glands; painful; and of axillary glands. *Natr. C.* 7.

Back. Colic in abdomen, as after taking cold, as before diarrhoea, before stools, with rumbling and pain in small of back. *Dulc.* 5.

Back. Blind hæmorrhoids with itching in morning, preceded by pain in small of back; in evening till 9 p. m., with sore pain in anus, worse from motion; painful; protruding. *Puls.* 3.

Back. Cramps in rectum like labor pains and in small of back. *Lyc.* 2.

Back. Discharge of blood from anus daily, with sticking and burning in small of back and in anus. *Coloc.* 3.

Back. Drawing pain in posterior part of abdomen, extending towards back, like tearings. *Calc. C.* 6.

Back. Cutting in abdomen on appearance of menses; aggravation from motion with tearing in back and small of back, during menstruation with diarrhoea. *Caust.* 5.

Back. Diarrhoea; stool semi-liquid, forcible, frequent, followed by tenesmus and burning in anus; brown, frequent, followed by tenesmus; pain in back and burning in rectum. *Rheum.* 1.

Back. Constipation; stool white, of only yellow-white mucus, mixed with blood, with pain in back. *Puls.* 1.

Back. Twitching in left side of abdomen between navel and left side of flank, as if in muscles of wall, then sticking deep in left side of back. *Bry.* 5.

Back. Sticking deep in one or other ilium an inch or an inch and a half from the spine, extending obliquely inwards towards small of back. *Berb.* 7.

Back. Stitches in rectum in direction of a line from anus to small of back. *Thuja.* 3.

Back. Gripping tearing in region of navel and lower down in sides, with pain in small of back, as if broken. *Cham.* 7.

Back. Violent flatulent colic, generally relieved by walking about, aggravated by lying down at night; pains are generally cutting, twisting; amelioration from pressure, generally radiate from the abdomen to the back into the chest and arms. *Diosc.* Clin.

Back. Hæmorrhoids with excessive burning, as from pepper; throbbing soreness with drawing pain in back. *Caps.* Clin.

Back. Fissure of the anus with periodical profuse bleeding from the anus; pain in small of back as if bruised; sore blind hæmorrhoids protruding after stool. *Rhus Tox.* Clin.

Back. Protruding purple piles with severe pains in the sacrum and small of back, and fullness in the region of the liver. *Æsc.* Clin.

Back. Piles with enlarged prostate gland; intense pain in back and through the whole pelvis. *Staph.* Clin.

Back. Diarrhoea from fright; worse from being in a warm room; preceded by colic and pain in the small of back. *Puls.* Clin.

Back. Painters' colic; pain in umbilical region, extending through to the back. *Plat.* Clin.

Back. Swelling and abscess in liver with stitching pains in right side, commencing in back and going through and up into the chest. *Kali C.* Clin.

Back. (*Miscellaneous.*) Chilliness in abdomen, extending around to lower part of back. *Puls.* 5.

Back. Constipation; stool that has protruded slips back again after urging and straining until abdominal walls are sore. *Sil.* 1.

Back. Flatulence here and there in hypochondria, even in back in region of ribs and chest, causing tension and bubbling; amelioration from empty eructations. *Lyc.* 6.

Back. Cutting in abdomen during menses; obliging him to sit bent over, pressing with both hands or to lean far back, as before diarrhoea. *Kali C.* 5.

Back. Gripping in umbilical region, then cutting in abdomen across right lumbar region extending to back. *Chel.* 7.

Back. Accumulation of flatus in left upper abdomen, more towards back, with pinching here and there under short ribs, in hypogastrium. *Carbo V.* 7.

Back. Weakness in abdomen and in back so that she must lie down. *Phos.* 5.

Back. Intermittent boring in abdomen often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder, lower limbs. *Plumb.* 5.

Back. Distention of abdomen; tympanitic; coldness also in back. *Secale.* 5.

Back. Sensation in abdomen, extending into small of back, as if something fell down. *Laur.* 5.

Back. Spasms of sphincter ani, with chilliness running up back, then urging to stool, then insufficient stool. *Colch.* 3.

Back. Distention of hypochondria, worse in sides, pit of stomach, and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. *Ign.* 6.

Back. Tension in abdomen, especially in epigastric region, between pit of stomach and navel; aggravation from motion, with tension in lower part of back. *Caps.* 5.

Back. Pain about umbilicus, causing him to bend forward; aggravation from touch, attempting to raise himself or to lie on back, and cried out that his intestines were burning. *Ars. A.* 7.



## BACK.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## BEFORE.

Back. Singular feeling in pelvic region at 4 p. m.; a weakness about small of back, pubic bones, and around anus a dragging. Sep. 7.

Back. Typhlitis; painful swelling of the whole right side of abdomen; aggravation from lying on left side; better when lying on the back and by gentle pressure. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Backache. Prolapsus; prolapsed feeling after stool; prolapsed feeling with backache. Esc. 3.

Backache. Large and hard stool, voided with great difficulty, followed by severe pains in anus, with feeling as if a portion of the anus was protruded; with severe backache in lumbar region. Esc. 1.

Backache. Dysentery; stools bloody, mucous, every half-hour, with constant urging and much backache. Lil. Tig. Clin.

Backward. Sticking in liver, in right hypochondrium, with burning and pain on touch, then burning extending backward. Laur. 6.

Bad. Stool intermitting, frequent; at first hard, then pasty, then liquid, white, offensive, like bad eggs. Calc. C. 1.

Bad. Rumbling of abdomen, with emission of flatus of the odor of bad eggs. Olean. 5.

Bad. Diarrhœa from bad drainage; from drinking impure water; stools black, or thick like glue; passed in thin strips like tape. Carbol. Ac. Clin.

Ball. Constipation; an all-gone feeling in rectum, inability to expel feces or to strain at stool, with sensation of a ball in rectum. Sep. Clin.

Balls. Constipation; stool blackish, scanty like sheep dung, painful, only once in eight or ten days; or green in balls often hard. Plumb. 1.

Balls. Obstinate constipation; inactivity or intussusception; stools hard, thick and knotty balls, with pain in anus when passing, as if it would fly to pieces. Thuja Clin.

Balls. Constipation; stools like sheep dung, after great straining and burning, with balls of mucus like peas; difficult stools, not hard. Natr. C. 1.

Balls. Constipation; stools consisting of small, hard, black balls. Plumb. Clin.

Balls. Constipation of long standing; no urging; stools composed of a few hard, round, dark balls, rectum inactive. Op. Clin.

Balls. Constipation; stool hard, slow, with chill before and after stool; in knots and balls; sluggish bowels; suitable to old gentlemen who have seen much of life. Mezer. Clin.

Band. Constriction of hypochondria as from a band. Con. 6.

Bathing. Diarrhœa after nursing; from overheating after cold bathing. Ant. Cr. Clin.

Bathing. Hæmorrhoids protrude like a bunch of grapes; greatly relieved by bathing with cold water. Aloe Clin.

Bear. Stools frequent, watery, with burning in anus; disposition to strain and bear down. Iris V. 1.

Bear. Distention of abdomen beginning at stomach; abdomen hard as if filled with air, without pain; she cannot bear pressure on stomach, worse in hypogastrium. Ratan. 5.

Bear. Abdominal troubles, with extreme tenderness; cannot bear the touch of her clothes. Crotal. H. Clin.

Bearing-down pains in hypogastrium, worse when walking, with weight low down in vagina; with constant desire for stool, but with every effort at stool only urine was discharged. Lil. Tig. 7.

Bearing-down. Diarrhœa; stools dark-brown, semi-liquid, bilious, offensive; aggravation in morning and forenoon, with tenesmus of bladder and rectum during stool, preceded by constant dragging and bearing-down. Lil. Tig. Clin.

Beaten. Soreness in abdomen as if beaten, or as after purgatives on touch and on coughing. Ferr. 5.

Beating, throbbing in anus as with hammers. Lach. 3.

Beating and bubbling in liver as in a sore finger; burning. Laur. 6.

Beating. Fistula in the anus with sensation of beating, as of little hammers. Lach. Clin.

Bed. Distention and sensitiveness of abdomen so that she must wear the clothes about stomach very loose; even in bed she must pull up the night dress; she dares not lay the arm across the abdomen. Lach. 5.

Bed. Diarrhœa involuntary in bed. Hyos. 1.

Bed. Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening, or colic, worse in evening; in bed with gurgling, griping and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another. Puls. 5.

Bed. Pain in ring in morning in bed as if a hernia would become incarcerated. Nux V. 7.

Bed. Distention of abdomen in morning in bed, relieved by emission of flatus smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen, also at night; after eating with heaviness. Sulf. 5.

Bed. Stool fluid after eating, with discharge of flatus and colic all the afternoon; better from warmth of bed. Coloc. 1.

Bed. Inflammation of the liver, with pain, swelling, hardness, constant fever, dry tongue, restlessness, small rapid pulse, and on rising from bed faintness. Iod. 6.

Bed. Rumbling in abdomen in morning, with gurgling, also in bed with spasmodic and griping flatulent colic and heat in palms and soles. Nux V. 5.

Bed. Distention of abdomen, with gurgling, rumbling, rolling; in morning in bed, with grumbling and flatulent pain; worse in evening. Zinc. 5.

Bed. Prolapsus of rectum, with weak feeling in evening in bed; itching, burning all day; passes only wind and mucus, with sensation of a plug in rectum. Sep. 2.

Bed. Protrusion of rectum with itching in evening in bed. Natr. M. 2.

Bed. Cutting in abdomen in morning, in bed; griping at night, with pain before stool. Nit. Ac. 5.

Bed. Itching in rectum in evening in bed. Ign. 2.

Bed. Tensive pain in morning on getting out of bed, especially in region of os pubis, with feeling as if hypogastrium were spasmodically constricted, sometimes as if distended; pains generally increasing and decreasing. Bell. 7.

Bed. Anxiety, with pain in abdomen, so violent that he grasped bystanders and again push them from him; frequently jumped out of bed and sat on the chamber or ran about. Ars. A. 5.

Bed. Dysentery, bloody and mucous, with great straining and burning in anus; temporarily ceasing after stool and by warmth of bed; aggravation after eating and drinking. Coloc. Clin.

Bed. Diarrhœa in the morning, driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery; brown; fecal; green; mucous; bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour; fetid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. Sulf. Clin.

Bed. Diarrhœa, driving out of bed very early in the morning; want of confidence in sphincter ani; worse immediately after eating; aggravated in mornings in hot, damp weather. Aloe Clin.

Bed. Diarrhœa in typhoid; offensive; or in old people who sink down in bed. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Bed. Yellow, watery diarrhœa; nearly odorless; involuntary; passed in bed unconsciously, especially during sleep; a typhoid state, with delirium. Hyos. Clin.

Bed. Involuntary stools in bed from paralysis of sphincter ani. Laur. Clin.

Bed post. Lead colic; cutting in abdomen as from knives; constricting spasmodic pains; pinching, griping sensation as if the bowels were squeezed between stones; the patient doubles up or seeks relief by pressing the belly against the bed post or any hard object, or by lying on belly. Coloc. Clin.

Beef. Diarrhœa; stools jelly-like, dark yellow, red, watery, with lumps of transparent mucus; bloody water like washings of beef. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Beer. Diarrhœa particularly after meals at night; painless, early in the morning, in hot weather; from eating fruit; from drinking sour beer; after severe, acute diseases; after loss of fluids. China Clin.

Before. (Before Stool.) Griping in abdomen before and during stool; after stool. Sulf. 5.

Before. Yellow watery diarrhœa, with tearing cutting before stool, as after taking cold. Dulc. 1.

Before. Straining in rectum before, during and after stool; fullness; sensation after as if something remained; pressure during soft stool. Sulf. 2.



**BEFORE.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****BENDING.**

**Before.** Sharp pain in rectum after stool, after eating; aggravation from exerting the mind or studying in morning before stool. *Nux V. 2.*

**Before.** Cutting in abdomen during menses; obliging him to sit bent over, pressing with both hands, or to lean far back, as before diarrhoea. *Kali C. 5.*

**Before.** Colic in abdomen as after taking cold, as before diarrhoea; before stools, with rumbling and pain in small of back. *Dulc. 5.*

**Before.** Pain in abdomen, then discharge of dark mucus, causing biting; burning in anus as before diarrhoea, from taking cold; in morning on slightest uncovering during sweat. *Nux V. 5.*

**Before.** Diarrhoea of green mucus, as green as bile, once or twice at night, with movements in intestines, before every stool; at first green, then slimy; not exhausting; without colic. *Puls. 1.*

**Before.** Diarrhoea, after eating; of undigested feces, also passed in several pieces; then ineffectual urging, with biting, burning pain in anus and colic before and after every stool. *China 1.*

**Before.** Dragging in anus, as before diarrhoea. *Crot. Tig. 3.*

**Before.** Pinching increasing to cutting pain in hypogastrium in morning before, during, and after diarrhoea. *Ars. A. 7.*

**Before.** Crawling tenesmus in anus as in diarrhoea every evening before sleep. *Plat. 3.*

**Before.** Emissions of flatus loud, short and interrupted; offensive worse before stool. *Mezer. 5.*

**Before.** Burning pain in anus during, before and after stool. *Berb. 3.*

**Before.** Gripping in abdomen before stool, also during and after stool. *Aloe 5.*

**Before.** Gripping in abdomen with ineffectual urging to stool; pain before and during stool; better after stool; aggravation from eating plums. *Rheum 5.*

**Before.** Cutting in abdomen in morning in bed; gripping at night, with pain before stool. *Nit. Ac. 5.*

**Before.** Urging in rectum on rising, before stool, which shot out as from a gun. *Phos. 2.*

**Before.** Burning in anus when not at stool, and before and after stool. *Olean. 3.*

**Before.** Cutting before stool, with gripping. *Mag. C. 5.*

**Before.** Spasmodic pain in anus before and after stool. *Lach. 3.*

**Before.** Diarrhoea; stools involuntary, green, mucous or mushy; undigested, with cutting in abdomen before; tenesmus during and burning after stool; worse after eating and drinking. *Laur. Clin.*

**Before.** Diarrhoea, with cutting pressing pains before and during stool, with drawing pain in rectum after stool, continuing for hours; stools green, slimy, with flakes of false membranes; undigested, putrid; fetid; sour-smelling. *Nit. Ac. Clin.*

**Before.** Chronic diarrhoea in cachectic, dyspeptic persons; stools light gray or brownish; corrosive, sometimes painless, with rumbling in bowels; colicky pains during and before stool and burning in anus after. *Kali C. Clin.*

**Before.** Diarrhoea, coming on suddenly; faint feeling before, during and after stool; worse from fruits and sweetmeats during summer; every movement of the body renews the discharges. *Crot. Tig. Clin.*

**Before.** Constipation; stool hard, slow, with chill before and after stool; in knots and balls; sluggish bowels; suitable to old gentlemen who have seen much of life. *Mezer. Clin.*

**Before.** Diarrhoea, with colicky pains around navel before or during stool; stools sour, liquid, slimy, fecal, mixed with green slime. *Rheum Clin.*

**Before.** Diarrhoea; frequent, profuse, greenish-white, watery stools, with flakes; severe pinching colic before stool, from emotions, as fright. *Ver. Alb. Clin.*

**Before.** Diarrhoea, with violent colic and rumbling before stool, then yellowish-green stools; profuse emission of fetid flatus. *Nat. S. Clin.*

**Before.** Diarrhoea; stool yellowish, slimy; cutting pain before and after, with itching of anus when sitting. *Staph. Clin.*

**Before.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Heaviness in abdomen, like a stone, just before menses, during menses, and in sacrum, with inclination of lower limbs to fall asleep when sitting. *Puls. 5.*

**Before.** Painful drawing in groins, as before menstruation. *Plat. 7.*

**Before.** Pain in abdomen before breakfast; flatulent, relieved by difficult emission of flatus and lying on side. *Natr. S. 5.*

**Before.** Cutting in abdomen before emission of flatus. *Con. 5.*

**Before.** Rumbling and gripping in abdomen, always emission of flatus. *Graph. 5.*

**Before.** Colic before stool before passage of flatus, with thirst; flatulent. *China 5.*

**Before.** Itching in region of anus during day and evening before sleep. *Mezer. 3.*

**Before.** Gripping in abdomen before discharge of leucorrhoea. *Con. 5.*

**Before.** Cutting in abdomen in morning, with emission of flatus as from flatulence in evening before eating. *Puls. 5.*

**Before.** Constipation of women before and during menses. *Sil. Clin.*

**Before.** Diarrhoea; watery, slimy, frothy, green, bloody or bilious stools, with greenish scum floating on top of water; violent urging before tenesmus, and urging after. *Merc. Clin.*

**Below.** Gripping in umbilical region at times above, at times below navel, in afternoon soon after eating, as from flatus. *Ver. Alb. 7.*

**Below.** Pressure below last ribs. *Arn. 6.*

**Below.** Gripping below umbilicus. *Diose. 7.*

**Below.** Pain below umbilicus at 4 p. m., then unusual stool. *Amm. Mur. 7.*

**Below.** Pinching below umbilicus. *Agar. 7.*

**Below.** Stitches below last ribs; below right ribs. *Arn. 6.*

**Belly.** Lead colic; cutting in abdomen as from knives; constricting, spasmodic pains; pinching, gripping sensation as if the bowels were squeezed between stones; the patient doubles up or seeks relief by pressing the belly against the bed post or any hard object or by lying on belly. *Coloc. Clin.*

**Bend.** Paroxysmal pain in abdomen, obliging him to bend forward. *Coloc. 5.*

**Bend.** Diarrhoea nightly, with colic, so that she must bend double; hot; smelling like rotten eggs; green, watery; painless, consisting of feces and mucus; white; slimy; with colic. *Cham 1.*

**Bend.** Gripping in abdomen; worse below navel, obliging him to bend over; amelioration after a thin stool, with discharge of flatus, upward and downward. *Coloc. 5.*

**Bend.** Pain about umbilicus, causing him to bend forward; aggravation from touch, attempting to raise himself or to lie on back, and cried out that his intestines were burning. *Ars. A. 7.*

**Bend.** Sudden cutting in abdomen, relieved after profuse, pasty stools, with digging, compelling him to bend double. *Bry. 5.*

**Bend.** Sticking in umbilical region in a spot, obliging him to bend up; worse from lifting, extending towards loins and spine. *Coloc. 7.*

**Bend.** Colic, forcing patient to bend double; he must walk about for relief; abdomen swollen, sensitive; no flatus up or down; after a cold; from fruits or vegetables; cold feeling in abdomen. *Ver. Alb. Clin.*

**Bend.** Colic after eating and drinking, obliging one to bend double; worse from sweet things. *Sulf. Clin.*

**Bending.** Pinching in abdomen as if bowels were pressed inwards; amelioration from pressure and bending inward; with cutting extending towards pubic region, so severe below navel that facial muscles were distorted and eyes drawn together as if squeezed between stones. *Coloc. 5.*

**Bending.** Intermittent pressure in hepatic region while standing, relieved by bending forward, with pain on touch as if suppurating. *China 6.*

**Bending.** Feeling of distention of abdomen, with constrictive pain below umbilicus; the latter comes in jerks, obliging bending double. *Bell. 7.*

**Bending.** Cutting in abdomen after dinner, relieved by bending over; aggravation from standing. *Rheum 5.*

**Bending.** Gripping in abdomen; amelioration after discharge of flatus in evening and night; relieved by bending forward. *Iris V. 5.*



**BENDING.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****BLACK.**

**Bending.** Cutting, with heaviness across lower abdomen; ineffectual retchings, then ineffectual tendency to diarrhoea; difficult vomiting, trembling in abdomen and bending together; then two diarrhoeic stools, the last like water. Ant. T. 5.

**Bending.** Colic, compelling one to walk bent; relieved by bending double and walking about, or by lying on the abdomen. Rhus Tox. Clin.

**Bending.** Colic; sensation of coldness, weakness and faintness; better from bending double. Petr. Clin.

**Bending.** Colitis, with soreness along transverse colon, aggravated by bending forward. Sulf. Clin.

**Bent.** Sticking pain in hepatic region, with burning when sitting bent over; bile increased. Sulf. 6.

**Bent.** Cutting in abdomen during menses, obliging him to sit bent over, pressing with both hands, or to lean far back; as before diarrhoea. Kali C. 5.

**Bent.** Colic in hypogastrium, as if flatulence with cutting were forcing out bladder, beginning of urethra perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. Nux V. 7.

**Bent.** Heaviness in abdomen; sensation as if it hung down heavily, obliging her to walk bent. Carbo V. 5.

**Bent.** Griping in abdomen, so that he could neither lie nor sit, and could only walk bent over; amelioration from violent motion and rolling about. Coloc. 5.

**Bent.** Colic, compelling one to walk bent, relieved by bending double and walking about or by lying on the abdomen. Rhus Tox. Clin.

**Berries.** Stool hard, in shape of laurel berries; difficult, with cutting in anus as if too narrow; then a stream of blood, followed by soreness in anus along rectum. Alum. 1.

**Between.** Pinching in abdomen as if bowels were pressed inwards; amelioration from pressure and bending inward; with cutting extending towards pubic region, so severe below navel that facial muscles were distorted and eyes drawn together as if squeezed between stones. Coloc. 5.

**Between.** Lead colic; cutting in abdomen as from knives; constricting, spasmodic pains; pinching, griping sensation as if the bowels were squeezed between stones; the patient doubles up or seeks relief by pressing the belly against the bed post or any hard object, or by lying on belly. Coloc. Clin.

**Bile.** Diarrhoea of green mucus, as green as bile, once or twice at night, with movements in intestines before every stool; at first green, then slimy; not exhausting; without colic. Puls. 1.

**Bile.** Sticking pain in hepatic region, with burning, when sitting bent over; on touch; bile increased. Sulf. 6.

**Bile.** Soreness over the region of the liver, with cutting pains and vomiting of bile. Iris V. Clin.

**Biliary ducts.** Cachexia of miners working deep underground; portal hyperaemia, gall-stones, catarrh of the biliary ducts. Card. M. Clin.

**Bilious.** Tenesmus, with only a little feces at first; then transparent, bilious, membranous, mucous, with relief of colic; amelioration from frequent passage of flatus; urging to stool, which is unsatisfactory. Colch. 2.

**Bilious.** Diarrhoea; stool fluid, dark brown, foul-smelling, preceded by colic; green, bilious diarrhoea mixed with mucus. Psor. 1.

**Bilious.** Involuntary diarrhoea during emission of flatus; bilious, with sensation as if weight would pass. Sulf. 1.

**Bilious.** Colic originating in a depressed or excessive bilious secretion. Pod. Clin.

**Bilious.** Fistula recti with bilious symptoms, aggravated when sitting. Berb. Clin.

**Bilious.** Gastro-enteritis with bilious or bloody vomiting. Kali B. Clin.

**Bilious.** Diarrhoea; stools dark brown, semi-liquid, bilious; offensive aggravation in morning and forenoon, with tenesmus of bladder and rectum during stool, preceded by constant dragging and bearing down. Lil. Tig. Clin.

**Bilious.** Diarrhoea; watery, slimy, frothy, green, bloody or bilious stools, with greenish scum floating on top of water; violent urging before tenesmus and urging after. Merc. Clin.

**Bilious.** Autumnal bilious diarrhoea; exhaustion and debility from the start. Iris V. Clin.

**Biting.** Crawling in rectum in evening when sitting, with biting as from worms; itching during the day. Sulf. 2.

**Biting.** Pain in abdomen, then discharge of dark mucus, causing biting burning in anus, as before diarrhoea from taking cold; in morning on slightest uncovering during sweat. Nux V. 5.

**Biting.** Diarrhoea after eating, of undigested feces, also passed in several pieces; then ineffectual urging, with biting, burning pain in anus and colic before and after every stool. China 1.

**Biting.** Sticking in hepatic region, sometimes also in hip, with burning or biting externally. Zinc. 6.

**Biting.** Burning smarting in anus some hours after stool, with cutting as in sore; biting in evening, with sore pain. Nux V. 3.

**Biting.** Burning, biting, stinging in anus, with diarrhoea-like stool. Caps. 3.

**Biting.** Itching and biting in anus. Phos. 3.

**Biting.** Diarrhoea; frequent desire for stool, with chilliness and nausea; stools offensive, painless, fluid, scanty, putrid, with biting, burning sensation in anus. Sil. Clin.

**Biting.** Haemorrhoids aggravated by cold water; amelioration from warmth, with prolapsus of rectum, accompanied by sticking and biting. Mur. Ac. Clin.

**Biting** sore sensation in and around anus after stool, with itching and soreness. Kali C. 3.

**Bitter.** Enlargement of the liver; pain under angle of right shoulder blade, or with jaundice; yellow tongue; bitter taste. Chel. Clin.

**Black.** (Stools.) Stools black, acrid, putrid; excoriated skin about anus. Ars. A. 1.

**Black.** Diarrhoea with coldness of extremities, with vomiting and prostration; with tearing and cutting in abdomen; stool dark, bloody-colored; black mucus; offensive; yellow; with tenesmus and burning pain in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 1.

**Black.** Colic with cutting, twisting about navel, and passage of tough mucus like diarrhoea; at times mixed with black blood; after every stool thirst and after every drink shivering. Caps. 7.

**Black.** Stool profuse, black, fetid, running out in a stream; at first hard, black and lumpy, then mushy. Lept. 1.

**Black.** Violent stool, watery, black fluid, burning in anus; after uneasiness and pain in the abdomen. Ars. A. 1.

**Black.** Aching, burning in gall-bladder, chilliness along spine with urging to stool; better after a profuse black stool. Lept. 6.

**Black.** Rumbling in the hypogastric region in morning, with distress and a soft, profuse, black, fetid stool, then pain in abdomen. Lept. 7.

**Black.** Stools may be brown or black, burning, putrid, brought on by eating or drinking, or aggravated after midnight, preceded by most violent, burning and cutting pains, and followed by extreme exhaustion. Ars. A. 1.

**Black.** Diarrhoea, with great prostration and collapse at the very commencement of the disease; cutting pains, with a loose discharge of dark brown or black feces like coffee grounds; rice water stools. Camph. Clin.

**Black.** Stool bloody, with tenesmus and painful; dysenteric; much black offensive blood; pseudo-membrane; painful and frequent, with fever and headache. Nit. Ac. Clin.

**Black.** Diarrhoea; stool horribly offensive, nearly painless; involuntary, dark brown, black watery or green mucus. Psor. Clin.

**Black.** Constipation; stools consisting of small hard, black balls. Plumb. Clin.

**Black.** Hard, insufficient, difficult stool, with fullness, heat and itching at anus; like sheep's dung; hard and black, as if burnt. Sulf. Clin.

**Black.** Camp diarrhoea, chronic from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane, with aching and burning in hepatic region, worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. Lept. Clin.

**Black.** Chronic diarrhoea; first part hard and black, then evacuation, yellow, thin or brown; mushy or white, accompanied by severe lumbar and sacral pains. Æsc. Clin.



**BLACK.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****BLIND.**

**Black.** Chronic diarrhœa, especially during early hours of morning; stool watery, with meal-like sediment; yellow, pasty, black, mucous and blood-streaked; involuntary; very offensive, like carrion. *Pod. Clin.*

**Black.** Stools hard, dark-brown or black; dry, as if burnt. *Bry. Clin.*

**Black.** Diarrhœa from bad drainage, from drinking impure water; stools black or thick, like glue, passed in thin strips like tape. *Carbol. Ac. Clin.*

**Black.** Stools profuse, putrid, corrosive, loose, brownish, frothy, black, offensive, undigested, white, cadaverous-smelling; worse at night. *China Clin.*

**Black.** Dysenteries during the autumn, with violent colic and tenesmus; stools almost black and fermented, like frothy molasses. *Ipec. Clin.*

**Black.** Diarrhœa, chronic; gushing, black, greenish, gray, bloody, watery stools. *Natr. M. Clin.*

**Blackish.** Diarrhœa; stools scanty, chiefly of blood and mucus, with constant desire; offensive, slimy, blackish. *Merc. C. 1.*

**Blackish.** Constipation; stool blackish, scanty, like sheep dung; painful; only once in eight or ten days; or green, in balls, often hard. *Plumb. 1.*

**Blackish.** Stool blackish; involuntary. *Camph. 1.*

**Blackish.** Periodical return of dysentery in spring or early part of summer; stools blackish, watery, bloody, jelly-like; stringy discharges, with tenesmus during and after stool. *Kali B. Clin.*

**Blackish-brown.** Copious blackish-brown, green and whitish stools. *Apis 1.*

**Blackish-brown.** Painful diarrhœa; watery, liquid stools of the most disgusting smell; discharges profuse, greenish, blackish-brown, papescent; stool and breath equally offensive. *Asaf. Clin.*

**Bladder.** Constriction in hypogastrium, as from a stone, extending to bladder. *Puls. 7.*

**Bladder.** Pressure on rectum and on bladder; then pressure downward in abdomen and anus when at stool. *Lil. Tig. 2.*

**Bladder.** Colic in hypogastrium, as if flatulence with cutting were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. *Nux V. 7.*

**Bladder.** Pressure in hypogastrium as if bladder would fall out over os pubis; partially relieved by hard pressure; the pelvic distress always felt at night on waking. *Sep. 7.*

**Bladder.** Pain across umbilicus, preventing sleep; pinching when sitting, below umbilicus, recurring every half hour, with pressure on bladder as if it were forced on groins. *Sulf. 7.*

**Bladder.** Pain in perineum, seeming to arise from neck of bladder rather than from root of penis. *Canth. 3.*

**Bladder.** Intermittent boring in abdomen, often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder, lower limbs. *Plumb. 5.*

**Bladder.** Flatulent colic; the incarcerated flatus causes much pain, as it cannot pass; colicky pains on the right side of the abdomen, extending into the bladder; cutting pains across abdomen from right to left. *Lyc. Clin.*

**Bladder.** Colic, with pressure downward upon rectum and bladder. *Op. Clin.*

**Bladder.** Mucous diarrhœa with tenesmus; stools frequent; small; burning in rectum and bladder; bloody; shaggy; greenish, frothy, worse at night. *Caps. Clin.*

**Bladder.** Diarrhœa; stools dark brown; semi-liquid, bilious, offensive; aggravation in morning and forenoon, with tenesmus of bladder and rectum during stool, preceded by constant dragging and bearing down. *Lil. Tig. Clin.*

**Bladder.** Dysentery in moist weather; aggravation from any current of air; Violent tenesmus of rectum and bladder. *Caps. Clin.*

**Bleed.** Constipation; accumulation of large masses of feces, which are covered with mucus; the anus is fissured, the cracks bleed and ulcerate. *Graph. Clin.*

**Bleed.** Bleeding of hæmorrhoids, blood bright red, not clotted; bleed after every stool. *Nit. Ac. Clin.*

**Bleed.** Old pendulous hæmorrhoids that cease to bleed, but become painful to the touch, especially in warm weather. *Nit. Ac. Clin.*

**Bleed.** Constipation is the rule in cases requiring Alumina; the rectum is inactive; the stools are hard; often associated with soreness of the rectum and anus, which bleed readily. *Alum. Clin.*

**Bleeding.** (*Hæmorrhoids.*) Constipation; stool hard and crumbly and unsatisfactory; difficult, with pain as if rectum would burst, then bleeding of hæmorrhoidal vessels and pain in rectum with frequent micturition. *Natr. M. 1.*

**Bleeding of anus during stool.** *Carbo V. 3.*

**Bleeding.** Stools looking like lumps of chalk in children during dentition; hard indigested; bleeding from anus after stool. *Calc. C. Clin.*

**Bleeding from anus during stool; sore pain after stool.** *Puls. 3.*

**Bleeding.** Blind hæmorrhoids; bleeding, with itching pain in anus. *Cham. 3.*

**Bleeding hæmorrhoids; burning and heat in hæmorrhoidal vessels.** *Acon. 3.*

**Bleeding.** Hæmorrhoids swollen, bleeding during natural stool. *Kali C. 3.*

**Bleeding.** Hæmorrhoids bleeding when walking. *Sep. 3.*

**Bleeding of hæmorrhoids; blood bright red, not clotted; bleed after every stool.** *Nit. Ac. Clin.*

**Bleeding.** Hæmorrhoids large, bleeding, which suppurate. *Merc. Clin.*

**Bleeding.** Constipation of children, with dry and inflamed rectum and bleeding. *Alum. Clin.*

**Bleeding.** Fissures of the anus with periodical profuse bleeding from the anus; pain in small of back as if bruised; sore blind hæmorrhoids protruding after stool. *Rhus Tox. Clin.*

**Bleeding.** Hæmorrhoids, with bleeding during and after stool. *Ign. Clin.*

**Bleeding.** Hæmorrhoids bluish, swollen, inflamed, protruding, bleeding from least touch, with stitching, burning pains from cold, from ice cream and ice water in hot weather. *Ars. A. Clin.*

**Bleeding.** (*Bleeding Piles.*) Bleeding piles, with itching and gnawing. *Ferr. Clin.*

**Bleeding piles, with heat and sharp stitches; blood bright.** *Acon. Clin.*

**Bleeding piles; spasmodic constriction of sphincter ani, with great forcing and great sensitiveness.** *Bell. Clin.*

**Bleeding piles; blood flows with each stool in a small stream.** *Phos. Clin.*

**Bleeding piles which contain an amount of blood; a far greater quantity of blood than the size of the vein would warrant.** *Lyc. Clin.*

**Bleeds.** Contracted sensation in rectum during stool; stool difficult, hard, causing tearing in anus, so that it bleeds and pains as if sore. *Natr. M. 2.*

**Blind.** Frequent cutting deep in rectum; pain sharp; pain as from blind piles, contraction and soreness. *Ign. 2.*

**Blind.** Sore pain in anus without reference to stool; pain as from blind piles. *Ign. 3.*

**Blind hæmorrhoids, with burning and sticking in rectum.** *Nux V. 3.*

**Blind piles with pressure and soreness in anus and rectum; painful when sitting and standing; less when walking; worse after taking fresh air.** *Ign. 3.*

**Blind hæmorrhoids, with itching in morning, preceded by pain in small of back in evening till 9 p. m., with sore pain in anus; worse from motion; painful, protruding.** *Puls. 3.*

**Blind hæmorrhoids; bleeding with itching pain in anus.** *Cham. 3.*

**Blind.** Itching in anus with sore pain, as from hæmorrhoids on margin becoming a smarting and sore pain, as from blind piles. *Nux V. 3.*

**Blind.** Hæmorrhoids, blind, painful, with slow hot prickings; hæmorrhoidal tenesmus, causing burning pain. *Ars. A. 3.*

**Blind.** Expulsion of pieces of mucus, with tenesmus and cutting in anus, as from blind hæmorrhoids. *Ars. A. 1.*

**Blind.** Fissure of the anus with periodical profuse bleeding from the anus; pain in small of back, as if bruised; sore blind hæmorrhoids protruding after stool. *Rhus Tox. Clin.*

**Blind.** Hæmorrhoids blind or flowing dark blood; lancinating pain from the anus upward, especially after stool; painless piles. *Sulf. Clin.*

**Blind.** Piles blind or flowing. *Nux V. Clin.*



**BLIND.**

- Blind. Contractive sore pain in rectum from blind hæmorrhoids, one or two hours after stool; stools large or soft, but passed with difficulty. Ign. Clin.
- Bloated. Abdomen bloated after eating; amelioration from emission of flatus, with nausea. Psor. 5.
- Bloated. Diarrhœa during typhoid, with bloated abdomen. Op. Clin.
- Blood. (*From Anus.*) Discharge of blood from anus during stool. Natr. C. 3.
- Blood. Diarrhœa profuse, constant, involuntary; of mucus and blood. Kali B. 1.
- Blood. Hæmorrhage from anus of pure blood during stool. Phos. 3.
- Blood. Discharge of bright red blood from anus with stool. Nit. Ac. 3.
- Blood. Discharge of blood from anus daily, with sticking and burning in small of back and in anus. Coloc. 3.
- Blood. Passage of pure blood from anus and from urethra. Canth. 3.
- Blood. Obstinate constipation; difficult expulsion of feces fissuring the anus, with flow of blood; a ripping-up sensation in the anus after stool. Natr. M. Clin.
- Blood. (*Hæmorrhoids.*) Hæmorrhoids blind or flowing dark blood; lancinating pain from the anus upward, especially after stool; painless piles. Sulf. Clin.
- Blood. Bleeding piles; blood flows with each stool in a small stream. Phos. Clin.
- Blood. Bleeding piles which contain an amount of blood; a far greater quantity of blood than the size of the vein would warrant. Lyc. Clin.
- Blood. Bleeding piles, with heat and sharp stitches; blood bright. Acon. Clin.
- Blood. Bleeding of hæmorrhoids; blood bright red, not clotted; bleed after every stool. Nit. Act. Clin.
- Blood. (*Stools.*) Stool of blood and mucus, with pain and tenesmus; frequent day and night, with cutting in abdomen and almost ineffectual tenesmus. Merc. C. 1.
- Blood. Constriction in rectum during stool, with discharge of bright blood; after stool, with sensation as if some could not be evacuated; after eating, with tearing, sticking. Nux. V. 2.
- Blood. Diarrhœa; stools scanty, chiefly of blood and mucus, with constant desire; offensive, slimy, blackish. Merc. C. 1.
- Blood. Stools spotted with blood. Natr. C. 1.
- Blood. Tenesmus, but nothing passes except mucus tinged with blood. Merc. C. 2.
- Blood. Stool involuntary on least motion; mucus mixed with blood and slime; involuntary the moment it entered the rectum. Phos. 1.
- Blood. Diarrhœa in evening, at night; with cutting and pressure in rectum; with streaks of blood; stools of green mucus, with burning and protrusion of anus; with cutting and griping. Merc. 1.
- Blood. Hæmorrhoids, with swelling; protruding, painless, discharging blood with every stool; with prickling in rectum, burning, painful. Nit. Ac. 3.

**REPERTORY OF PART II.**

- Blood. Diarrhœa, with burning in anus, consisting of blood and mucus. Canth. 1.
- Blood. Small, frequent passages consisting of mucus at times mingled with blood, and causing tenesmus, preceded by flatulent colic in hypogastrium. Caps. 1.
- Blood. Colic, with cutting twisting about navel and passage of tough mucus like diarrhœa, at times mixed with black blood; after every stool thirst, and after every drink shivering. Caps. 7.
- Blood. Stool hard, in shape of laurel berries; difficult; with cutting in anus as if too narrow; then a stream of blood followed by soreness in anus along rectum. Alum. 1.
- Blood. Diarrhœa; stool liquid, with mucus, red and yellow, gelatinous, tinged with blood, preceded by lassitude. Rhus Tox. 1.
- Blood. Constipation; stool white, of only yellow-white mucus mixed with blood, with pain in back. Puls. 1.
- Blood. Stool watery, of blood and water; contained acrid water; greenish. Ars. A. 1.
- Blood. Stool soft, scanty and delayed, with passage of blood during stool. Carbo An. 1.
- Blood. Diarrhœa; stool partly liquid, partly solid; offensive, with much thin mucus and streaks of blood. Sulf. Ac. 1.
- Blood. White, tough mucus, with the stool like scrapings from the intestines, with streaks of blood; copious. Canth. 1.
- Blood. Hard stool and covered with streaks of blood; knotty, enveloped in thick mucus, then a soft one enveloped in mucus. Mag. M. 1.
- Blood. Stool preceded by cold; pain low down in pelvis; feces mixed with mucus and dark clotted blood, followed by tenesmus. Merc. C. 1.
- Blood. Diarrhœa profuse, bloody, containing mucous membrane and clots of blood. Phos. 1.
- Blood. Stool thin, like a round worm, with much white mucus, also blood. Graph. 1.
- Blood. Stool whitish, mixed with tenacious mucus and streaks of blood. Nux V. 1.
- Blood. Stool of blood, mucus, and what looked like scrapings of inner surface of intestines. Phytol. 1.
- Blood. Hæmorrhage from the bowels in typhoid fever, consisting of decomposed blood. Lach. Clin.
- Blood. Diarrhœa in spring, when warm weather sets in; stools very offensive, undigested, watery, chocolate-colored, consisting of decomposed blood, looking like charred straw. Lach. Clin.
- Blood. Constipation; stool very hard, passed with much difficulty, and streaked with blood. Carbo An. Clin.
- Blood. Constipation; bowels obstructed from induration of feces, which are so dry that they crumble as they pass the anus; like sheep's dung, covered with blood and mucus. Mag. M. Clin.

**BLOODY.**

- Blood. Diarrhœa of green mucus and blood. Bell. Clin.
- Blood. Stool bloody, with tenesmus, and painful; dysenteric; much black, offensive blood; pseudo membrane; painful and frequent, with fever and headache. Nit. Ac. Clin.
- Blood. Constipation; stool hard, knotty, streaked with blood, preceded and accompanied by smarting at the anus. Natr. S. Clin.
- Blood. Dysentery; discharges white, slimy, clear, yellow, red or green slime, blood and mucus. Puls. Clin.
- Blood. Discharge of blood from rectum during stool; during soft stool. Lyc. 2.
- Blood. Nervous diarrhœa from depression of the nerve centres; stools loose, papescent, enveloped in bright red, foamy blood, preceded by colic, with burning at the anus during and after stool. Zinc. Clin.
- Blood. Dysenteric stools; blood and slime separated. Mur. Ac. Clin.
- Blood. Diarrhœa; stools sour, green, bloody; one stool fetid, the other odorless; one containing fecal matter, the other blood; no two stools alike; caused by eating pork or fat food; from fruit, ice cream, tobacco, cold drinks. Puls. Clin.
- Blood. Dysentery; stool small, slimy, bloody, with urging; tenesmus ceasing after stool; stools like pitch and blood. Nux V. Clin.
- Blood. Chronic dysentery; stools frequent, small, pitch-like, with pale blood; involuntary. Zinc. Clin.
- Blood. (*Miscellaneous.*) Stool unsatisfactory after much straining, which caused rush of blood to head and confusion of head. Bry. 1.
- Blood. Determination of blood to large intestines. Aloe 7.
- Blood. Distention of abdomen on eating, with heaviness of head; with rush of blood to head, vertigo and confusion; intolerance of anything tight about hypochondria. Graph. 5.
- Blood-streaked. Chronic diarrhœa, especially during early hours of morning; stool watery, with meal-like sediment; yellow, pasty, black; mucous and blood-streaked; involuntary; very offensive. Pod. Clin.
- Bloody. (*Bloody Stool.*) Stool gray, whitish-gray, green, bloody, difficult. Phos. 1.
- Bloody. Diarrhœa; stool profuse, mucous, of much bloody mucus; violent, involuntary, frequent, with weakness. Petr. 1.
- Bloody. Diarrhœa profuse, bloody, containing mucous membrane and clots of blood. Phos. 1.
- Bloody. Stool of bloody mucus, with cutting in abdomen and tenesmus. Merc. 1.
- Bloody. Dysenteric attacks for several successive years; frequent bloody stools with gnawing at navel, then ineffectual straining. Kali B. 1.
- Bloody. Dysentery; stools slimy and bloody, with tenesmus. Coleh. 1.



**BLOODY.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****BODY.**

Bloody. Stool enveloped by filamentous yellowish mucus; this mucus is entirely bloody in last portions of feces. Carbo V. 1.

Bloody stools with painful acrid sensation in anus. Merc. 1.

Bloody and painful stool; scanty, round and burning in anus. Kali B. 1.

Bloody stool. Ipec. 1.

Bloody. Dysentery, with bloody, slimy stools, with symptoms of ulceration of the rectum; chronic dysentery. Arg. N. Clin.

Bloody. Dysenteric, bloody stools with intolerable burning tenesmus; with chill as if water were poured over one. Canth. Clin.

Bloody. Diarrhœa like scrapings of intestines; reddish mucous or bloody, flaky, with extreme burning in anus during stool. Canth. Clin.

Bloody. Dysentery with a low type of fever; bloody, almost painless stools. Apis Clin.

Bloody. Dysentery; discharges bloody; some tenesmus but not painful. Bapt. Clin.

Bloody. Diarrhœa of malarial origin or after chilling the stomach with cold substances; stools generally dark, scanty, watery, or mucous. Ars. A. Clin.

Bloody. Dysentery; bloody stool with deathly nausea, from smelling cooking; watery stool, jelly-like mucus with scrapings from intestines. Coleh. Clin.

Blue. Dysentery when the patient is cold; skin blue; stools of bloody mucus. Iris V. Clin.

Bloody. Chronic dysentery; slime mixed with greenish substances and containing bloody specks. Con. Clin.

Bloody. Mucous diarrhœa with tenesmus; stools frequent; small; burning in rectum and bladder; bloody; shaggy; greenish; frothy; worse at night. Caps. Clin.

Bloody. Dysentery of bloody mucus, like scrapings of the intestines, involuntary, putrid, dark. Carbol. Ac. Clin.

Bloody. Dysentery, bloody and mucous, with great straining and burning of anus, temporarily ceasing after stool and by warmth of bed; aggravation after eating or drinking. Coloc. Clin.

Bloody. Periodical return of dysentery in spring or early part of summer; stools blackish, watery, bloody, jelly-like; stringy discharges with tenesmus during and after stool. Kali B. Clin.

Bloody. Diarrhœa in the morning, driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery, brown; fecal; green mucous; bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour; fetid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. Sulf. Clin.

Bloody. Dysentery; almost constant cutting pains in abdomen, with ineffectual pressing, straining and tenesmus; discharges of bloody slime day and night; severe pains in rectum continue after stool. Merc. C. Clin.

Bloody. Diarrhœa; watery, slimy, frothy, green, bloody or bilious stools, with greenish seum floating on top of the water; violent urging before tenesmus and urging after. Merc. Clin.

Bloody. Dysentery when the patient is cold; skin blue, stools of bloody mucus. Iris V. Clin.

Bloody. Dysentery of bloody mucus, mixed with the green watery stool. Mag. C. Clin.

Bloody. Dysentery; stools bloody, mucus, every half-hour, with constant urging and much backache. Lil. Tig. Clin.

Bloody. Diphtheritic dysentery; burning in rectum, with ineffectual urging; stools bloody; tenesmus. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Bloody. Dysentery; stool, small, slimy, bloody, with urging; tenesmus, ceasing after stool; stools like pitch and blood. Nux V. Clin.

Bloody. Stool bloody, with tenesmus, and painful; dysenteric; much black offensive blood; pseudo-membrane; painful and frequent, with fever and headache. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Bloody. Diarrhœa, chronic; gushing, black, greenish, gray, bloody, watery stools. Natr. M. Clin.

Bloody. Dysenteric diarrhœa, consisting of bloody mucus, followed by much pressing; weak and dizzy after stool. Petr. Clin.

Bloody. Diarrhœa; stools green or bloody, the anus remaining constantly open. Phos. Clin.

Bloody. Chronic, debilitating diarrhœa, with almost constant oozing from anus; stools jelly-like, green or bloody, fetid or sour, expelled quickly; worse after taking boiled milk. Sep. Clin.

Bloody. Diarrhœa between midnight and morning, with sensation as of something pulling at the navel; stools watery, dark, offensive, profuse, involuntary, or mucous and bloody. Plumb. Clin.

Bloody. Dysentery; burning in anus during stool, and long-lasting, severe tenesmus afterwards; fruitless efforts to stool, which is bloody, watery and offensive. Plumb. Clin.

Bloody. Chronic diarrhœa; green, liquid stools, always mucus and bloody; no emission of flatus for six days. Ratan. Clin.

Bloody. Dysentery; stools watery, mucous and bloody, with tearing down the thighs and much tenesmus. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Bloody. Diarrhœa; stool sour, green, bloody; one stool fetid, the other odorless; one containing fecal matter, the other blood; no two stools alike; caused by eating pork or fat food; from fruit, ice cream, tobacco, cold drinks. Puls. Clin.

Bloody. **Hæmorrhoids sensitive**, though protruding but little; protrude during stool; return with difficulty and with bloody mucus from rectum. Sil. 3.

Bloody. Diarrhœa; stools jelly-like, dark yellow, red, watery, with lumps of transparent mucus; bloody water like washings of beef. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Bloody. (*Miscellaneous*.) Stool of green mucus, with retching; vomiting of mucus and intolerance of lacing around hypochondria; bloody. Arg. N. 1.

Bloody. Dysentery; excoriating discharges; abdomen externally cold to touch; stools bloody, green, mucous, like stirred eggs; worse at night; pains increased after stool. Merc. Clin.

Bloody. Violent pain in rectum, with chill and fever, inflammation, tenesmus and bloody discharges. Acon. Clin.

Bloody. Swelling of hæmorrhoidal veins, with discharge of bloody slime by day and night. Thuja 3.

Bloody. Gastro-enteritis, with bilious or bloody vomiting. Kali B. Clin.

Bloody-colored. Diarrhœa, with coldness of extremities, with vomiting and prostration; with tearing and cutting in abdomen; stool dark, bloody-colored, black mucus; offensive, yellow, with tenesmus and burning pain in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 1.

Blotting paper. Stool thin, frothy, saffron-yellow, musty, smelling almost like burnt blotting paper; copious, with discharge of much mucus. Coloc. 1.

Bluish. Colic; scanty urine, with pallor, sunken features and staggering, pupils dilated, lips bluish, face covered with clammy sweat; pulse thready. Hell. 5.

Bluish. Hæmorrhoids protruding; large bluish suppurating and offensive, with burning pains in anus. Carbo V. Clin.

Bluish. Hæmorrhoids; bluish, swollen, inflamed, protruding, bleeding from least touch, with stitching, burning, pains from cold, from ice cream and ice water in hot weather. Ars. A. Clin.

Blunt. Pain around the navel as if a blunt plug were squeezed into intestines. Anac. 7.

Blunt. Thrust as from a blunt tool in right umbilical region. Anac. 7.

Body. Constant ineffectual desire, but discharge of only mucus from rectum, with chilliness of body. Sil. 1.

Body. Abdominal colic, radiating to all parts of body; sensitiveness of abdomen to touch. Plumb. 5.

Body. Sticking in groin; feeling after sitting down, as if a large heavy body were lying there; better after pressure; by passage of flatus. Carbo An. 7.

Body. Sensation in hypogastrium, as if a hard body pressed backward and downward against rectum and anus; the desire for stool aggravated when standing. Lil. Tig. 7.

Body. Chronic diarrhœa; gushing, watery; worse at night, with coldness of body and great prostration. Ferr. Clin.



**BODY.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****BREATH.**

Body. Gripping, tearing in upper abdomen and in side of chest after dinner; aggravated by walking and standing; amelioration when the body and mind are at rest. Zinc. 5.

Body. Flatulent colic, relieved by stretching the body out or walking. Diosc. Clin.

Body. Watery, profuse diarrhoea, gushing out like a torrent; abdomen swollen and tender to the touch; sometimes associated with coldness of the body and unquenchable thirst. Jatr. Clin.

Body. Diarrhoea of drunkards on their last legs; great debility and nervous prostration; a sensation of trembling all over the body; stools lemon colored, chopped, frothy, mucous, stringy, offensive, watery, with burning in rectum during stool. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Body. Cholera infantum; stool from the least movement of the body; thin and painless; gushing, profuse, watery, flaky, inodorous; faintness at stool or immediately after. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Body. Cholera infantum; stools whitish, curdy, turning green on the diaper on exposure to air; sour smelling of whole body, especially during teething. Rheum Clin.

Boiled. Diarrhoea after boiled milk. Sep. 1.

Boiled. Chronic, debilitating diarrhoea, with almost constant oozing from anus; stools jelly-like, green or bloody, fetid or sour; expelled quickly; worse after taking boiled milk. Sep. Clin.

Bone. Sticking in anus at 1 p. m., when sitting, extending into region of left iliac bone. Thuja 3.

Bone. Waxy liver, dependent upon long-lasting bone disease. Phos. Clin.

Bones. Singular feeling in pelvic region at 4 p. m.; a weakness about small of back, pubic bones and around anus, a dragging. Sep. 7.

Bookworms. Constipation of old people, with abdominal plethora; suitable to hypochondriacs and to bookworms. Aloe Clin.

Border. Stitches in left hepatic region, near border of false ribs, about three inches from linea alba; aggravation from pressure, extending into region of stomach. Berb. 6.

Borders. Piles and fissures at the anus, with great itching; scurf on borders of anus. Petr. Clin.

Boring in right groin. Merc. 7.

Boring, cramp-like pain in anus, extending into rectum and testicles. Sil. 3.

Boring. Intermittent boring in abdomen, often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder, lower limbs. Plumb. 5.

Boring. Haemorrhoids intensely painful; boring, cramping from anus to rectum and testicles; protrude during stool; become incarcerated and suppurate. Sil. Clin.

Bottle. Noise in abdomen as if a full bottle were emptied; in evening, continuing, after a thin stool, at 10 p. m. Jatr. 5.

Bottle. Thin stool, preceded and followed by rumbling, and at times noise as if a bottle were emptied. Jatr. 1.

Bounding. Sudden bounding, as of something alive in right iliac region. Thuja 7.

Bowels. (*Inactivity of Bowels.*) Constipation; frequent and unsuccessful desire for stool; insufficient; inactivity of bowels; retarded stool from inactivity of rectum. Kali C. Clin.

Bowels. Constipation from inertia of the bowels, especially of the rectum, with no inclination for stool. Op. Clin.

Bowels very inactive; the soft stools are evacuated slowly and with effort. Hep. Clin.

Bowels. Constipation; torpor of bowels: feces hard, scanty, passed with difficulty; from constriction of sphincter ani and feeling as if much remained behind. Lyc. Clin.

Bowels. Constipation; stools hard, slow, with chill before and after stool; in knots and balls; sluggish bowels; suitable to old gentlemen who have seen much of life. Mezer. Clin.

Bowels. Habitual costiveness, especially of old people; sensation as if the bowels would not move without the aid of laxatives; continual inclination, but often passes only fetid flatus. Phytol. Clin.

Bowels. (*Hæmorrhage from Bowels.*) Paralysis of rectum; anus wide open; hæmorrhage from bowels. Secale 2.

Bowels. Hæmorrhage from bowels in typhoid, dark, venous. Arn. Clin.

Bowels. Chronic hæmorrhage from the bowels. Crotal. H. Clin.

Bowels. Hæmorrhage from the bowels in typhoid fever, consisting of decomposed blood. Laeh. Clin.

Bowels. (*Miscellaneous.*) Pinching in abdomen as if bowels were pressed inwards; amelioration from pressure and bending inward with cutting, extending towards pubic region; so severe below navel that facial muscles were distorted and eyes drawn together as if squeezed between stones. Coloc. 5.

Bowels. Sensation of a foreign substance in rectum or rough, hard feces, with constant looseness of bowels. Natr. M. 2.

Bowels. Urging to a copious, yellowish-brown partly thin, sourish, offensive stool; then transient relief of colic, then two abundant stools in quick succession; first pappy, then fluid, with ulcerative pain in bowels. Coloc. 1.

Bowels. Ulceration of the bowels. Ars. A. Clin.

Bowels. Constipation; bowels obstructed from induration of feces which are so dry that they crumble as they pass the anus; like sheep's dung, covered with blood and mucus. Mag. M. Clin.

Bowels. Chronic catarrhal inflammation of the bowels, with mucus discharge or feces covered with mucus. Hydras. Clin.

Bowels. Catarrhal inflammation of the bowels, with extreme pain in the rectum. Merc. C. Clin.

Bowels. Constipation; large, hard, difficult stools; frequent urging, without effect; sensation as if much remained after stool; then action of the bowels irregular and spasmodic. Nux V. Clin.

Bowels. Chronic diarrhoea in cachectic, dyspeptic persons; stools light-gray or brownish; corrosive; sometimes painless; with rumbling in bowels, colicky pains during and before stool, and burning in anus after. Kali C. Clin.

Bowels. Violent colic, as if the bowels would be cut to pieces. Ant. T. Clin.

Bowels. Intestinal catarrh with much burning in the bowels; stools covered with mucus. Puls. Clin.

Bowels. Cramps in abdomen; intussusception of the bowels; abdomen drawn in. Cupr. Clin.

Bowels. Lead colic; cutting in abdomen as from knives, constricting spasmodic pains; pinching, gripping sensation, as if the bowels were squeezed between stones; the patient doubles up or seeks relief by pressing the belly against the bed post or any hard object, or by lying on belly. Coloc. Clin.

Bowels. Diarrhoea, always in daytime; never at night, but has stools early in the morning; hunger immediately after stool, from weak, empty feeling in bowels; stools profuse, gushing, mucus, yellowish-brown, with colic. Petr. Clin.

Brandy. Colic from indigestion, with waterbrash; worse after coffee, brandy or overeating; flatulent, with pressure upward, causing dyspnoea. Nux V. Clin.

Breakfast. Cutting in abdomen, then leucorrhoea, with gripping at various times; sometimes when yawning; after breakfast, or with cutting after dinner. Zinc. 5.

Breakfast. Stool during micturition, also at 5 a. m., with micturition; in morning after rising; after breakfast. Aloe 1.

Breakfast. Pain in abdomen before breakfast, flatulent; relieved by difficult emission of flatus and lying on side. Natr. S. 5.

Breakfast. Distention of abdomen, with rumbling after stool, after breakfast, with gripping; then a second thin stool, then retraction of anus and nausea. Kali B. 5.

Breakfast. Diarrhoea just after breakfast; the passage at first formed, then loose, with burning in anus. Borax Clin.

Breakfast. Diarrhoea daily after breakfast from vaccination; stool pale yellow, watery, or oily and greasy; forcibly expelled; gurgling like water from a bung-hole. Thuja Clin.

Breath. Sticking in rectum, taking away the breath; worse in evening. Sulf. 2.

Breath. Pain below umbilicus as from a stone, taking away the breath; after dinner. Nux V. 7.



## BREATH.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## BROWNISH.

**Breath.** Gripping in upper abdomen, taking away the breath. *Cocc. 5.*

**Breath.** Painful diarrhœa; watery, liquid stools of the most disgusting smell; discharges profuse, greenish, blackish-brown, papescent; stool and breath equally offensive. *Asaf. Clin.*

**Breath.** Diarrhœa, with great prostration; stools involuntary during sleep; brown, fermented, with fetid breath and loathing of food. *Arn. Clin.*

**Breathe.** Distention of hypochondria; worse in sides, pit of stomach, and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. *Ign. 6.*

**Breathe.** Chronic atrophy of liver, with emaciation and desiccation of body; sticking in region of liver, so that he could not breathe nor eructate. *Merc. 6.*

**Breathing.** Weight in left hypochondrium when walking, sitting, and lying; not affecting breathing. *Lyc. 6.*

**Breathing.** Bruised pain in right hypochondrium; worse from touch on breathing. *Lyc. 6.*

**Breathing.** Stitches under left false ribs when standing, intercepting breathing. *Arn. 6.*

**Breathing.** Stitches in hypochondrium when walking in open air, also with tension in right hypochondrium as if hepatic region would burst open; at 4 p. m.; on deep breathing while sitting. *Natr. S. 6.*

**Breathing.** Cramp-like pain in hypochondria alternating with oppression of chest and difficult breathing. *Zinc. 6.*

**Breathing.** Stitches in hepatic region, hindering deep breathing. *Acon. 6.*

**Breathing.** Sticking in hypochondria on deep breathing. *Sulf. 6.*

**Breathing.** Pain in hepatic region, obstructing the breathing. *Acon. 6.*

**Breathing.** Constriction in hepatic region, worse in the right, preventing deep breathing. *Acon. 6.*

**Breathing.** Acute pain in hepatic region; worse from pressure, breathing, coughing and lying on the right side. *Bell. Clin.*

**Bright.** Constriction in rectum during stool, with discharge of bright blood; after stool, with sensation as if some could not be evacuated; after eating, with tearing, sticking. *Nux. V. 2.*

**Bright.** Diarrhœa; stool thin, whitish, gray, involuntary, pasty, bright yellow, with sensation as if he would emit flatus; not prostrating. *Phos. Ac. 1.*

**Bright.** Bleeding of hemorrhoids; blood bright red, not clotted; bleed after every stool. *Nit. Ac. Clin.*

**Bright.** Painless diarrhœa, especially mornings; greenish, watery, mucous, profuse and full of bright red lumps. *Apis Clin.*

**Bright.** Bleeding piles, with heat and sharp stitches; blood bright. *Acon. Clin.*

**Bright yellow.** Diarrhœa; stool soft and bright yellow; pasty, of the odor of putrefying snakes. *Lach. 1.*

**Bright.** Nervous diarrhœa from depression of the nerve centres; stools loose, papescent, enveloped in bright red foamy blood, preceded by colic, with burning at the anus during and after stool. *Zinc. Clin.*

**Brittle.** Constipation; stool dry, brittle, granular, which is passed only after prolonged effort. *Zinc. Clin.*

**Broken.** Gripping tearing in region of navel and lower down in sides, with pain in small of back as if broken. *Cham. 7.*

**Brown.** (*Stools.*) Diarrhœa at night, with cutting in intestines; stool like brown yeast. *Arn. 1.*

**Brown.** Diarrhœa; stool fluid, dark brown, foul-smelling, preceded by colic; green bilious diarrhœa, mixed with mucus. *Psor. 1.*

**Brown.** Stool of brown, frothy water with tenesmus, pain in abdomen and nausea, then sudden complete rest. *Kali B. 1.*

**Brown.** Constipation; stool hard and dark brown in small pieces, with loss of appetite; stool gray and crumbly and unsatisfactory. *Op. 1.*

**Brown.** Diarrhœa; stool thin, olive-green, exhausting, pernicious, offensive, frequent, brown, slimy; next day fetid and dark. *Secale 1.*

**Brown.** Stool pasty, light brown after urging; then rumbling and gurgling in left side of abdomen; after an hour a second stool; mucous, urgent, grayish-green and dirty brown; forcible. *Crot. Fig. 1.*

**Brown.** Stools may be brown or black, burning; putrid; brought on by eating or drinking, or aggravated after midnight; preceded by most violent, burning and cutting pains, and followed by extreme exhaustion. *Ars. A. 1.*

**Brown.** Stool hard and difficult, brown and knotty. *Card. M. 1.*

**Brown.** Diarrhœa; stool semi-liquid, forcible, frequent, followed by tenesmus and burning in anus; brown, frequent, followed by tenesmus, pain in back and burning in rectum. *Rheum. 1.*

**Brown.** Stool brown, liquid, fetid, copious. *Arg. N. 1.*

**Brown.** Constipation; stool of brown feces, containing white, shining grains. *Mezer. 1.*

**Brown.** Stool profuse, thick, papescent, brown, offensive, relieving symptoms of abdomen. *Asaf. 1.*

**Brown.** Diarrhœa; stool horribly offensive, nearly painless, involuntary, dark brown, black, watery or green mucus. *Psor. Clin.*

**Brown.** Diarrhœa, with great prostration; stools involuntary during sleep; brown, fermented, with fetid breath and loathing of food. *Arn. Clin.*

**Brown.** Diarrhœa; stools painless, at first frothy, thin and brown, later cadaverous-smelling, containing bits of yellow feces. *Borax Clin.*

**Brown.** Chronic diarrhœa; stools brown, fluid, mixed with undigested food and of an intolerable fetor. *Graph. Clin.*

**Brown.** Diarrhœa without pain or urging; stools brown, watery, white, watery, green, mucous, thin, pasty, bright yellow or light gray, like rice water. *Chel. Clin.*

**Brown.** Metro-peritonitis, with nausea, vomiting, profound prostration, cold sweat, brown tongue, burning pain. *Ars. A. Clin.*

**Brown.** Diarrhœa; brown, yellow or slimy; putrid odor, with low types of fever; coldness of extremities; tendency to collapse. *Carbo V. Clin.*

**Brown.** Chronic diarrhœa, with a psoric anamnesis; stool brown, fecal, fermented, offensive. *Mezer. Clin.*

**Brown.** Diarrhœa, with excessive accumulation of flatus; stools thin, brown or pale; fecal, mixed with lumps, thin, yellow, shaggy, reddish mucus, undigested. *Lyc. Clin.*

**Brown.** Diarrhœa, with much wind; stools profuse, dark green, brown, gelatinous; worse after eating; from fruit; from lager beer; from abuse of Opium; with intolerable itching of anus during typhoid fever. *Mur. Ac. Clin.*

**Brown.** Diarrhœa; stools thin, brown, yellowish, frothy, forcibly expelled, with colic and prominence of intestines, like pads here and there, all over the abdomen during the pains. *Ratan. Clin.*

**Brown.** Diarrhœa in the morning, driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery; brown; fecal; green; mucous; bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour; fetid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. *Sulf. Clin.*

**Brown.** Chronic diarrhœa; first part hard and black, then evacuation yellow; thin or brown; mushy or white, accompanied by severe lumbar and sacral pains. *Æsc. C. Clin.*

**Brown.** Diarrhœa always in daytime; never at night, but has stools early in the morning; hunger immediately after stool from weak, empty feeling in bowels; stools profuse, gushing, mucous, yellowish-brown, with colic. *Petr. Clin.*

**Brownish.** (*Stools.*) Constipation; stool hard and difficult, mixed with mucus and knotty; whitish, scanty, brownish, difficult, but not hard. *Sep. 1.*

**Brownish.** Stool soft, brownish, easy; floating on water. *Merc. 1.*

**Brownish.** small, slimy, half-fluid stool. *Aloe 1.*

**Brownish.** Stool liquid and brownish; frothy, profuse, forcible, several times a day; yellowish, mostly in morning. *Ratan. 1.*

**Brownish.** Watery, gushing diarrhœa in the morning; stools brownish, frothy, jelly-like, lumpy. *Kali B. Clin.*

**Brownish.** Chronic diarrhœa in cachectic, dyspeptic persons; stools light gray or brownish, corrosive, sometimes painless, with rumbling in bowels, colicky pains during and before stool, and burning in anus after. *Kali C. Clin.*



**BROWNISH.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****BURNING.**

**Brownish.** Stools profuse, putrid, corrosive, loose, brownish, frothy, black, offensive, undigested, white, cadaverous-smelling; worse at night. *China Clin.*

**Brownish-green.** Diarrhœa from abuse of intoxicating drinks or high living; stools frequent, small, corrosive, offensive, thin, brownish-green, fecal. *Nux V. Clin.*

**Bruised pain in right hypochondrium;** worse from touch on breathing. *Lyc. 6.*

**Bruised pain in abdominal muscles on touch.** *Sulf. 5.*

**Bruised sensation; worse in cæcal region and along transverse colon on moderate pressure.** *Merc. C. 5.*

**Bruised.** Paralytic bruised pain in liver on inspiration, extending to shoulder. *Laur. 6.*

**Bruised.** Pain in hypochondria on touch, in region of liver; bruised pain. *Carbo V. 6.*

**Bruised.** Incipient hernia forced downward, with a bruised pain, and cannot be reduced with the hand. *Sulf. 7.*

**Bruised pain in groin over left hip, and on left side of pelvis.** *Arg. M. 7.*

**Bruised pain in muscles of abdomen on motion and on touch.** *Nux V. 5.*

**Bruised feeling in the abdominal walls** which are extremely tender, even when the abdomen is not swollen. *Apis Clin.*

**Bruised.** Diffuse subacute gastro-enteritis of a low type; offensive gases passed upwards and downwards; general soreness as if bruised. *Arn. Clin.*

**Bruised.** Fissure of the anus, with periodical profuse bleeding from the anus; pain in small of back as if bruised; sore, blind hæmorrhoids protruding after stool. *Rhus Tox. Clin.*

**Buboes.** Suppuration of inguinal glands; buboes. *Hep. 7.*

**Bubbling.** Flatulence here and there in hypochondria, even in back in region of ribs and chest, causing tension and bubbling; amelioration from empty eructations. *Lyc. 6.*

**Bubbling.** Beating and bubbling in liver as in a sore finger; burning. *Laur. 6.*

**Bunch.** Hæmorrhoids protrude like a bunch of grapes; greatly relieved by bathing with cold water. *Aloe Clin.*

**Bunches.** Hæmorrhoids with darting pain shooting to liver; look like bunches of grapes, with great pain and distress. *Diosc. Clin.*

**Bunghole.** Diarrhœa daily, after breakfast, from vaccination; stools pale yellow, watery, oily and greasy, forcibly expelled; gurgling like water from a bunghole. *Thuja Clin.*

**Burn.** Small protruding varices, which sting, burn and smart intolerably. *Apis Clin.*

**Burning.** (*Abdomen.*) Burning in abdomen. *Acon. 5.*

**Burning pain in abdomen,** increased to sharp pain on pressure. *Ars. A. 5.*

**Burning.** (*Anus.*) Constipation; stool hard, with burning in anus, lumpy, scanty, offensive, difficult, light colored. *Sil. 1.*

**Burning.** Pain about umbilicus causing him to bend forward; aggravation from touch; attempting to raise himself or to lie on back and cried out that his intestines were burning. *Ars. A. 7.*

**Burning in abdomen.** *Mezer. 5.*

**Burning.** Frequent, involuntary stools of putrid, cadaverous odor; burning pains deep in abdomen; feces escape, with flatus; collapse; pulse weak and intermittent. *Carbo V. Clin.*

**Burning.** Diarrhœa; stools involuntary, green, mucous or mushy, undigested, with cutting in abdomen before, tenesmus during and burning after stool; worse after eating and drinking. *Laur. Clin.*

**Burning.** Intestinal catarrh, with much burning in the bowels; stools covered with mucus. *Puls. Clin.*

**Burning.** Constriction of anus during stool, with tension and burning after dry stool. *Sil. 3.*

**Burning pain in anus as if parts around it were sore.** *Berb. 3.*

**Burning, fullness, itching, pressure and soreness in anus.** *Æsc. 3.*

**Burning in anus after a thin stool, after a soft formed stool.** *Sulf. 3.*

**Burning pain in anus.** *Caps. 3.*

**Burning.** Stools frequent, watery, with burning in anus; disposition to strain and bear down. *Iris V. 1.*

**Burning in anus after stool; sore in morning as if points were sticking in it.** *Iris V. 3.*

**Burning.** Diarrhœa in evening, at night; with cutting and pressure in rectum; with streaks of blood; stools of green mucus, with burning and protrusion of anus; with cutting and griping. *Merc. 1.*

**Burning.** Stool pasty, with burning in anus; offensive in afternoon; then burning in anus, with much flatus; then hard portions, then again soft, so that he believed he would scarcely finish the evacuation. *Bry. 1.*

**Burning.** Violent stool; watery black fluid; burning in anus; after uneasiness and pain in the abdomen. *Ars. A. 1.*

**Burning.** Pain in abdomen; then discharge of dark mucus, causing biting burning in anus, as before diarrhœa from taking cold; in morning on slightest uncovering during sweat. *Nux V. 5.*

**Burning.** Diarrhœa, with burning in anus, consisting of blood and mucus. *Canth. 1.*

**Burning.** Diarrhœa after eating; of undigested feces, also passed in several pieces; then ineffectual urging, with biting burning pain in anus and colic before and after every stool. *China 1.*

**Burning.** Diarrhœa in morning; then burning in anus; aggravation at night, preceded by cutting in abdomen; then prickling and burning in anus; stool smelling like old cheese. *Bry. 1.*

**Burning in anus during stool.** *Calc. C. 3.*

**Burning.** Discharge of blood from anus daily, with sticking and burning in small of back and in anus. *Coloc. 3.*

**Burning.** Oozing of sticky, odorless moisture from anus, with soreness and burning. *Carbo An. 2.*

**Burning.** Sore feeling in anus, worse outside, with stitching, burning and throbbing. *Calc. Ph. 3.*

**Burning in anus during soft stool.** *Amm. Mur. 3.*

**Burning in anus after diarrhœa.** *Canth. 3.*

**Burning, biting, stinging in anus with diarrhœa-like stool.** *Caps. 3.*

**Burning in anus during and after stool.** *Lach. 3.*

**Burning.** Constipation; stool hard, then burning and pressure in anus; scanty. *Kali B. 1.*

**Burning.** Liquid, involuntary stool, then burning in anus and griping in intestines. *Kali B. 1.*

**Burning pain in region of anus; itching of anus; pressure of anus.** *Petr. 3.*

**Burning in anus when not at stool and before and after stool.** *Olean. 3.*

**Burning.** Diarrhœa; stool whitish, frequent, also causing burning in anus. *Op. 1.*

**Burning in anus in evening.** *Iod. 3.*

**Burning.** Biting, sore pain in anus on walking, and burning in rectum. *Mezer. 3.*

**Burning.** Diarrhœa, then burning in anus; stool watery, passed unnoticed. *Mur. Ac. 1.*

**Burning in anus during stool.** *Merc. C. 3.*

**Burning pain in anus, with soft stool.** *Merc. 3.*

**Burning.** Diarrhœa; stool watery, frequent, with burning in anus; sudden about midnight, with urging; very offensive; ammoniacal. *Lach. 1.*

**Burning.** Anus red, inflamed and covered with red veins, with burning during stool. *Sulf. 3.*

**Burning.** Smarting in anus after hard stool; burning after usual stool. *Mag. M. 3.*

**Burning.** Stitches towards anus, with soreness and burning after stool. *Carbo V. 3.*

**Burning.** Crawling, itching, burning in anus during stool. *Zinc. 3.*

**Burning.** Constriction of anus, with itching, burning all day; worse after urinating, with hard stool. *Nit. Ac. 3.*

**Burning.** Congestion of anus after dinner; expulsion of ascarides; sticking, soreness, burning, itching. *Sep. 3.*

**Burning.** Stitches in anus, with tearing, cutting and burning. *Kali C. 3.*

**Burning, smarting in anus some hours after stool, with cutting as in a sore; biting in evening, with sore pain.** *Nux V. 3.*

**Burning in anus with frequent stools; itching.** *Lyc. 3.*

**Burning in anus after stool; after emission of hot flatus.** *Aloe 3.*

**Burning pain in anus during, before and after stool.** *Berb. 3.*

**Burning.** Bloody and painful stool; scanty, round and burning in anus. *Kali B. 1.*



**BURNING.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****BURNING.**

- Burning. Throbbing pain in rectum all day after stool, also burning pain during the hard stool and in anus. Sulf. 2.
- Burning. Crawling, burning, itching in and about anus. Berb. 3.
- Burning pain in anus after stool in forenoon, with pressure. Kali B. 3.
- Burning in anus after stool, with itching. Mur. Ac. 3.
- Burning. Hæmorrhoids protruding, large, bluish, suppurating and offensive, with burning pains in anus. Carbo V. Clin.
- Burning. Chronic dysentery with the abdominal symptoms of flatulence and the burning in anus and rectum; discharge of jelly-like lumps. Aloe Clin.
- Burning. Nervous diarrhœa from depression of the nerve centres; stools loose, papescent, enveloped in bright, red, foamy blood, preceded by colic, with burning at the anus during and after stool. Zinc. Clin.
- Burning. Dysentery; burning in anus during stool and long-lasting, severe tenesmus afterwards; fruitless efforts to stool, which is bloody, watery, and offensive. Plumb. Clin.
- Burning. Chronic diarrhœa in cachectic, dyspeptic persons; stools light gray or brownish, corrosive, sometimes painless, with rumbling in bowels, colicky pains during and before stool and burning in anus after. Kali C. Clin.
- Burning. Diarrhœa just after breakfast; the passage at first formed then loose, with burning in anus. Borax Clin.
- Burning. Irregular piles, with stitching, burning, or itching of the anus. Nux V. Clin.
- Burning. Diarrhœa like scrapings of intestines; reddish, mucous, or bloody, flaky, with extreme burning in anus during stool. Canth. Clin.
- Burning. Dysentery, bloody and mucous, with great straining and burning of anus, temporarily ceasing after stool and by warmth of bed; aggravation after eating and drinking. Coloc. Clin.
- Burning. Diarrhœa; frequent desire for stool, with chilliness and nausea; stool offensive, painless, fluid, scanty, putrid, with biting, burning sensation in anus. Sil. Clin.
- Burning. Constipation; stool retarded on account of lack of peristaltic action; hard, scanty stool, with cutting and burning in anus. Staph. Clin.
- Burning. Acrid, smarting, burning sensation at the anus and up the rectum after stool, as if a hot spray were projected over the parts. Lil. Tig. Clin.
- Burning. Diarrhœa of drunkards on their last legs; great debility and nervous prostration; a sensation of trembling all over the body; stools lemon-colored, chopped, frothy, mucous, stringy, offensive, watery, with burning in rectum. Sulf. Ac. Clin.
- Burning. (*Hæmorrhoids.*) Hæmorrhoids with burning. Agar. 3.
- Burning. Chronic dysentery; discharge like meat washings, severe tenesmus, burning pain deep in rectum. Pod. Clin.
- Burning. Diphtheritic dysentery; burning in rectum, with ineffectual urging; stools bloody; tenesmus. Nit. Ac. Clin.
- Burning. Habitual constipation; stools scanty, knotty, followed by burning and painful retraction of rectum and anus. Kali B. Clin.
- Burning. Mucous diarrhœa, with tenesmus; stools frequent; small; burning in rectum and bladder; bloody, shaggy, greenish, frothy; worse at night. Caps. Clin.
- Burning. Diarrhœa, with burning in rectum and anus after a stool; severe rumbling of gas, watery discharges, mixed with mucus, preceded by soft and more substantial stools. Iris V. Clin.
- Burning. Hæmorrhoids, with swelling; protruding, painless, discharging blood with every stool; with pricking in rectum, burning, painful. Nit. Ac. 3.
- Burning. Hæmorrhoids moist, even after a natural stool; increased congestion of hæmorrhoidal vessel with sticking; with burning pain on walking and on touch. Sulf. 3.
- Burning. Hæmorrhoids swollen, protruding, burning, sticking; protruding during soft stool; painful on touch; painful when sitting. Lyc. 3.
- Burning. Swollen hæmorrhoids, with burning sore pain; blue hæmorrhoids, with pain on pressure. Mur. Ac. 3.
- Burning. Hæmorrhoids swell very much, with burning pain on walking. Carbo An. 2.
- Burning. Hæmorrhoids swollen and protrude with a hard stool; protrude during diarrhœa with stitching and burning for many hours. Kali C. 3.
- Burning. Bleeding hæmorrhoids; burning and heat in hæmorrhoidal vessels. Acon. 3.
- Burning. Hæmorrhoidal pressure in anus with burning when seated; on touch. Thuja 3.
- Burning. Hæmorrhoids blind; painful, with slow hot prickings; hæmorrhoidal tenesmus, causing burning pain. Ars. A. 3.
- Burning hæmorrhoids. Graph. 3.
- Burning. Hæmorrhoids itching, with burning and sticking. Sulf. Ac. 3.
- Burning. Hæmorrhoids bluish, swollen, inflamed, protruding, bleeding from least touch; with stitching, burning pains from cold, from ice cream, and ice water in hot weather. Ars. A. Clin.
- Burning. Hæmorrhoids; painful stinging, with protrusion of rectum, smarting and burning; oozing of glutinous moisture. Natr. M. Clin.
- Burning. Hæmorrhoids with itching and burning, particularly after stool. Berb. Clin.
- Burning. Sticking pain in hepatic region with burning when sitting bent over; on touch; bile increased. Sulf. 6.
- Burning. Hæmorrhoids, with excessive burning, as from pepper; throbbing soreness with drawing pain in back. Caps. Clin.
- Burning. Hæmorrhoids, accompanied with obstinate constipation; swollen, itching, stinging, burning and painful when touched. Caust. Clin.
- Burning. (*Right Hypochondrium.*) Burning and tensive sticking in right hypochondrium; worse from pressure; sharp drawing in hepatic region. Mag. M. 6.
- Burning. Sticking in hepatic region, sometimes also in hip, with burning or biting externally. Zinc. 6.
- Burning. Beating and bubbling in liver as in a sore finger; burning. Laur. 6.
- Burning. Pain in liver when walking, changing to heaviness; cutting; drawing, burning pain in liver. Kali C. 6.
- Burning. Aching burning in gall-bladder, chilliness along spine; with urging to stool, better after a profuse black stool. Lept. 6.
- Burning. Distress in umbilicus with burning in back part of liver and in spine. Lept. 7.
- Burning. Sticking in liver, in right hypochondrium, with burning and pain on touch, then burning extending backward. Laur. 6.
- Burning. Hepatic region very sensitive and painful to touch; right lobe of liver painful; stitching, burning pains; clothing unendurable. Carbo V. Clin.
- Burning. Chronic congestion of the liver, with depression of spirits; stitching and burning in right hypochondrium. Amm. Mur. Clin.
- Burning. Camp diarrhœa, chronic from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane, with aching and burning in hepatic region; worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. Lept. Clin.
- Burning. (*Hypogastrium.*) Drawing pain in hypogastrium, extending from right ring, as if in spermatic cord, into right testicle. Staph. 7.
- Burning pain in hypogastrium extending to sacrum. Crotal. H. 7.
- Burning. Metro-peritonitis, with nausea, vomiting, profound prostration, cold sweat, brown tongue, burning pain. Ars. A. Clin.
- Burning. (*Rectum.*) Sensation of heat and burning in the rectum. Aloe 2.
- Burning in rectum after stool. Esc. 2.
- Burning. Itching burning in rectum at night on waking and in morning, with pinching extending to perineum. Nit. Ac. 2.
- Burning. Diarrhœa, with coldness of extremities; with vomiting and prostration; with tearing and cutting in abdomen; stool dark, bloody colored; black mucus; offensive; yellow; with tenesmus and burning pain in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 1.
- Burning in rectum during and after soft stools. Amm. Mur. 2.
- Burning in rectum in morning after a copious stool. Calc. C. 2.



**BURNING.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****CATARRH.**

**Burning.** Blind hæmorrhoids, with burning and sticking in rectum. Nux V. 3.

**Burning** in rectum, with the evacuation of stool and urine; stools dry and large, then copious pasty stools, with relief of all symptoms except the confusion of head. Bry. 2.

**Burning** in rectum after stool. Natr. C. 2.

**Burning.** Difficult stools, with straining and burning in rectum. Nit. Ac. 1.

**Burning.** Diarrhœa, with burning pain and tenesmus of rectum. Gamb. 2.

**Burning** in rectum and anus after soft stool, with exhaustion. Phos. 2.

**Burning** and cutting in rectum, with contraction in anus; alternating with itching in anus; crawling. Chel. 2.

**Burning.** Prolapsus of rectum, with weak feeling in evening in bed; itching, burning all day; passes only wind and mucus, with sensation of a plug in rectum. Sep. 2.

**Burning.** Diarrhœa; stool semi-liquid forcible, frequent, followed by tenesmus and burning in anus; brown, frequently followed by tenesmus, pain in back and burning in rectum. Rheum 1.

**Burning.** Diarrhœa every morning on rising, with griping in abdomen, and rasping in anus and rectum; burning. Lil. Tig. 1.

**Burning** in rectum after stool, with weakness and trembling in all limbs. Ars. A. 2.

**Burning.** Jerking, almost sticking pain in rectum; with burning, stinging, itching, during stool. Sil. 2.

**Burning.** Urging to stool; ineffectual; tenesmus as in dysentery, with burning pain and pressure in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 2.

**Burning** and griping in rectum after stool. Kali C. 2.

**Burning.** (*Miscellaneous.*) **Burning** in the umbilical region. Acon. 6.

**Burning.** Emission of flatus after every meal; on attempting to go to stool; burning and offensive. Aloe 5.

**Burning.** Constipation; stools like sheep-dung after great straining and burning, with balls of mucus like peas; difficult stool not hard. Natr. C. 1.

**Burning** along alimentary canal. Canth. 5.

**Burning** pain in perineum, and an inch from anus a tubercle which became moist and smarted on walking. Thuja 3.

**Burning.** Stools may be black, brown, burning, putrid; brought on by eating or drinking, or aggravated after midnight; preceded by most violent, burning and cutting pains, and followed by extreme exhaustion. Ars. A. 1.

**Burning** in left hypochondrium. Graph. 6.

**Burning.** Dysenteric, bloody stools, with intolerable burning; tenesmus; with chill, as if water were poured over one. Canth. Clin.

**Burning.** Diarrhœa; painless, clay-colored, with burning and smarting; sallow complexion. Berb. Clin.

**Burning.** Acute dysentery, with unquenchable thirst; even the lips, mouth and throat feel raw and burning; tendency to collapse; cold hands and feet. Canth. Clin.

**Burnt.** Stool like sheep-dung and difficult; nodular, with pain in rectum; crumbly as if burnt. Mag. M. 1.

**Burnt.** Stool indurated as if burnt, preceded and followed by pressure; constipation. Plat. 1.

**Burnt.** Stool thin, frothy, saffron-yellow; musty, smelling almost like burnt blotting paper; copious, with discharge of much mucus. Coloc. 1.

**Burnt.** Stools hard, dark brown or black; dry as if burnt. Bry. Clin.

**Burnt.** Hard, insufficient, difficult stool, with fullness, heat and itching at anus; like sheep's dung; hard and black, as if burnt. Sulf. Clin.

**Burst.** Constipation; stool hard and crumbly and unsatisfactory; difficult; with pain as if rectum would burst, then bleeding of hæmorrhoidal vessels and pain in rectum with frequent micturition. Natr. M. 1.

**Burst.** Pain above left hip as if it would burst there on coughing. Caust. 7.

**Back.** (*Pain in Back.*) **Griping** in hypogastrium during menses, with pain in small of back and general chilliness. Sulf. 7.

**Burst.** Stitches in hypochondria when walking in open air, also with tension in right hypochondrium as if hepatic region would burst open at 4 p. m.; on deep breathing while sitting. Natr. S. 6.

**Burst.** Feeling in abdomen as if it would burst if he eats or drinks. Carbo V. 5.

**Burst.** Distention in hepatic region, with pain as if suppurating, and as if an ulcer would burst. Laur. 6.

**Bursting.** Feeling in abdomen as if distended even to bursting, causing suffocation. Caps. 5.

**Bystanders.** Anxiety, with pain in abdomen, so violent that he grasped bystanders and again pushed them from him; frequently jumped out of bed and sat on the chamber or ran about. Ars. A. 5.

**Cachexia.** Cirrhosis of the liver from malarial cachexia. Arg. N. Clin.

**Cachexia** of miners working deep under ground; portal hyperæmia, gallstones, catarrh of the biliary ducts. Card. M. Clin.

**Cachetic.** Chronic diarrhœa in cachectic, dyspeptic persons; stools light gray or brownish; corrosive, sometimes painless, with rumbling in bowels, colicky pains during and before stool and burning in anus after. Kali C. Clin.

**Cadaverous.** Diarrhœa slimy and of the appearance of yeast; cadaverous smell. Ant. T. Clin.

**Cadaverous.** Frequent involuntary stools of putrid, cadaverous odor; burning pains deep in abdomen; feces escape with flatus; collapse; pulse weak and intermittent. Carbo V. Clin.

**Cadaverous-smelling.** Diarrhœa; stools painless, at first frothy, thin and brown, later cadaverous-smelling, containing bits of yellow feces. Borax Clin.

**Cadaverous-smelling.** Diarrhœa from chilling the stomach with ice water; rancid, fat; stools putrid, cadaverous-smelling. Carbo V. Clin.

**Cadaverous-smelling.** Stools profuse, putrid, corrosive, loose, brownish, frothy, black, offensive, undigested, white, cadaverous-smelling; worse at night. China Clin.

**Cæcal.** Bruised sensation, worse in cæcal region and along transverse colon on moderate pressure. Merc. C. 5.

**Cæcum.** Tympanitis mostly about the cæcum and transverse colon. Phos. Clin.

**Calls.** Inveterate constipation with disappointing calls, the trouble being in the rectum; feces slender, long, narrow, dry, tough and hard like a dogs, and voided with difficulty. Phos. Clin.

**Canal.** Colic as if intestinal canal were full of water. Kali C. Clin.

**Camp diarrhœa;** chronic from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane, with aching and burning in hepatic region, worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. Lept. Clin.

**Cardiac.** Fatty liver in consequence of cardiac troubles. Phos. Clin.

**Carriage.** Colic worse when riding in a car or carriage; amelioration from emission of flatus. Carbo V. Clin.

**Carriage.** Sore feeling extending to the whole abdomen, aggravated by riding in a carriage. Arg. M. Clin.

**Carriage.** Constipation in consequence of cold or from carriage riding. Ign. Clin.

**Carriage.** Diarrhœa brought on by riding in cars or carriage; aggravation from drinking cold water, with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool. Cocc. Clin.

**Carrion.** Diarrhœa; stools frequent, scanty, pasty, exhausting, offensive as carrion. Sil. 1.

**Carrion.** Chronic diarrhœa, especially during early hours of morning; stool watery; with meal-like sediment; yellow, pasty, black; mucous and blood-streaked; involuntary; very offensive. Pod. Clin.

**Cars.** Colic; worse when riding in a car or carriage; amelioration from emission of flatus. Carbo V. Clin.

**Cars.** Diarrhœa brought on by riding in cars or carriage; aggravation from drinking cold water, with flatulent distention; colic, feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool. Cocc. Clin.

**Catarrh.** Intestinal catarrh in children; colic about the navel and diarrhœa. Puls. Clin.



## BACK.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## BEFORE.

Catarrh. Chronic catarrh and ulceration of the ileo-cæcal region. Op. Clin.

Catarrh. Cachexia of miners working deep under ground; portal hyperæmia, gall-stones, catarrh of the biliary ducts. Card. M. Clin.

Catarrh. Intestinal catarrh, with much burning in the bowels; stools covered with mucus. Puls. Clin.

Catarrh. Duodenal catarrh; sometimes with jaundice; white stools. Kali B. Clin.

Catarrh. Gastro-duodenal catarrh. Hydr. Clin.

Catarrhal inflammation of the bowels, with extreme pain in the rectum. Merc. C. Clin.

Catarrhal enteritis; peri-typhlitis; sub-acute colitis. Merc. Clin.

Catarrhal. Chronic catarrhal inflammation of the bowels, with mucous discharge or feces covered with mucus. Hydras. Clin.

Chalk. Stools looking like lumps of chalk in children during dentition; hard, undigested, bleeding from anus after stool. Calc. C. Clin.

Chamber. Anxiety, with pain in abdomen so violent that he grasped bystanders and again pushed them from him; frequently jumped out of bed and sat on the chamber or ran about. Ars. A. 5.

Charred. Diarrhœa in spring when warm weather sets in; stools very offensive, undigested, watery, chocolate-colored, consisting of decomposed blood looking like charred straw. Lach. Clin.

Change. Diarrhœa in morning, driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery; brown; fecal; green; mucous; bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour; fetid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. Sulf. Clin.

Changeable. Green slimy stools, mucous; chopped white and yellow mucus; often of a changeable color; often undigested; often like chopped eggs and spinach; foul odor especially in children during teething or after taking cold. Cham. Clin.

Changing. Twisting in all parts of abdomen, worse in lower, constantly changing. Diosc. 5.

Changes. Diarrhœa, alternating with rheumatism; stools sour-smelling, when the weather suddenly changes from warm to cold damp weather. Dule. Clin.

Checked. Diarrhœa from checked perspiration during heat of summer with cold nights. Acon. Clin.

Checked. Mucous diarrhœa in summer often caused by checked perspiration. Cham. Clin.

Checked. Diarrhœa, from suddenly checked perspiration in hot weather; from cold drinks, vegetables, stewed fruits, drinking milk. Bry. Clin.

Cheeks. Colic, especially after anger, with red cheeks and hot perspiration. Cham. Clin.

Cheeks. Paroxysmal clawing in umbilical region from side of abdomen towards middle and sometimes to pit of stomach, causing nausea, with anxious heat of cheeks. Hep. 7.

Cheese. Diarrhœa in morning; then burning in anus; aggravation at night, preceded by cutting in abdomen; then prickling and burning in anus; stool smelling like old cheese. Bry. 1.

Cheese. Constipation, produced by cheese; better from smoking; frequent urging to stool, without any evacuation, which appears an hour later in single pieces of stony hardness. Coloc. Clin.

Cheesy. Constipation, with sensitiveness above Ponperts' ligament and hardness, low down in left iliac region; afterwards almost dysentery of watery stools, mixed with whitish yellow and cheesy masses and tenesmus. Phos. 1.

Cherries. Hæmorrhoids, like red cherries, protrude after meals, with pain in anus. Diosc. 3.

Chest. Flatulence here and there in hypochondria, even in back in region of ribs and chest, causing tension and bubbling; amelioration from empty eructations. Lye. 6.

Chest. Cramp-like pain in hypochondria, alternating with oppression of chest and difficult breathing. Zinc. 6.

Chest. Incarceration of flatus in hypochondria, with oppression of chest. Phos. 6.

Chest. Pain in right hypochondrium; contractive, worse in morning; then constriction in stomach extending to chest; amelioration from eructations. Sep. 6.

Chest. Pressive, drawing forward in left hypochondrium, with anxiety and nausea in chest. Rhus Tox. 6.

Chest. Pinching constriction in upper abdomen after eating, extending to left side of abdomen and chest. Cocc. 5.

Chest. Intermittent boring in abdomen, often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder, lower limbs. Plumb. 5.

Chest. Stitches in abdomen with griping, tearing, drawing, extending to chest. Nux V. 5.

Chest. Intermittent pain, with flatulence in hypochondria and stitches through chest. Cham. 6.

Chest. Griping, tearing in upper abdomen and in side of chest after dinner; aggravated by walking and standing; amelioration when the body and mind are at rest. Zinc. 5.

Chest. Sticking in abdomen as from flatulence, extending into chest. Cham. 5.

Chest. Tensive pain, extending to chest, as from distention of abdomen. Caps. 5.

Chest. Swelling and abscess in liver, with stitching pains in right side, commencing in back and going through and up into the chest. Kali C. Clin.

Chest. Violent, flatulent colic, generally relieved by walking about, aggravated by lying down at night; pains are generally cutting, twisting; amelioration from pressure; generally radiate from the abdomen to the back into the chest and arms. Diosc. Clin.

Chest. Colic from the passage of gall-stones; pain shooting into chest and arms, with terrible eructations. Diosc. Clin.

Child. Movement in hypogastrium as if something living, like a pushing of muscles by the arm of a child, without pain. Thuja 7.

Child. Cholera infantum; stools saffron-yellow, chopped, offensive, watery; child smells sour despite the most careful washing. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Child-bed. Constipation during child-bed. Ant. Cr. Clin.

Children. Intestinal catarrh in children; colic about the navel and diarrhœa. Puls. Clin.

Children. Dysentery, especially in children. Bell. Clin.

Children. Interminable diarrhœa in summer, which resists everything, especially in scrofulous children; stools putrid, fetid, watery, yellowish or greenish, discharged rapidly with great force. Secale Clin.

Children. Flatulent colic and constipation, especially in children. Iris V. Clin.

Children. Constipation of children, with dry and inflamed rectum and bleeding. Alum. Clin.

Children. Enlarged liver of children who are puny in their growth and rachitic. Mag. M. Clin.

Children. Jaundice in nursing children. China Clin.

Children. Stools looking like lumps of chalk in children during dentition; hard, undigested; bleeding from anus after stool. Calc. C. Clin.

Children. Piles suddenly in children, with great sensitiveness; prolapsus ani while urinating; piles after confinement. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Children. Green, slimy stools, mucous; chopped white and yellow mucus; often of a changeable color, often undigested, often like chopped eggs and spinach; foul odor, especially in children during teething or after taking cold. Cham. Clin.

Children's stools white, dry, with hard lumps of curd. Ant. C. Clin.

Chill. Griping in umbilical region; worse from eating fruit, with cutting and general chill. Coloc. 7.

Chill. Dysenteric bloody stools, with intolerable burning tenesmus, with chill as if water were poured over one. Canth. Clin.

Chill. Violent pain in rectum, with chill and fever, inflammation, tenesmus and bloody discharges. Acon. Clin.

Chill. Constipation; stool hard, slow with chill before and after stool; in knots and balls; sluggish bowels; suitable to old gentlemen who have seen much of life. Mezer. Clin.



## CHILL.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## CHRONIC.

Chill. Diarrhœa; stools green, watery after a chill or fright. Acon. Clin.

Chilliness in abdomen extending around to lower part of back. Puls. 5.

Chilliness. Griping in hypogastrium during menses with pain in small of back and general chilliness. Sulf. 7.

Chilliness. Constant ineffectual desire, but discharge of only mucus from rectum, with chilliness of body. Sil. 1.

Chilliness. Watery feces, frequent, with soreness in anus; bright yellow fluid feces twice, then chilliness; three stools of yellow water. Grat. 1.

Chilliness. Spasms of sphincter ani with chilliness running up back, then urging to stool, then insufficient stool. Colch. 3.

Chilliness. Diarrhœa; frequent desire for stool, with chilliness and nausea; stools offensive, painless, fluid, scanty, putrid, with biting, burning sensation in anus. Sil. Clin.

Chilliness. Aching, burning in gall-bladder; chilliness along spine, with urging to stool; better after a profuse black stool. Lept. 6.

Chilliness. Pain in region of gall-bladder, extending to spine, with chilliness and diarrhœa. Lept. Clin.

Chilling. Diarrhœa from chilling the stomach with ice water; from rancid fat; stools putrid, cadaverous-smelling. Carbo V. Clin.

Chilling. Diarrhœa of malarial origin, or after chilling the stomach with cold substances; stools generally dark, scanty, watery, or mucous; sometimes bloody. Ars. A. Clin.

Chocolate-colored. Diarrhœa in spring when warm weather sets in; stools very offensive, undigested, watery, chocolate-colored; consisting of decomposed blood, looking like charred straw. Lach. Clin.

Cholera. Asiatic cholera, with sudden suppression of the discharges, and collapse. Camph. Clin.

Cholera. Asiatic cholera, particularly with the icy coldness and intolerance of being covered. Secale Clin.

Cholera or choleraic stools, not copious, with desire for warm food and drinks, and horrible cramps in stomach and abdomen. Cupr. Clin.

Choleraic. Cholera or choleraic stools, not copious, with desire for warm food and drinks, and horrible cramps in stomach and abdomen. Cupr. Clin.

Cholera infantum. Stools sometimes involuntary on every motion; this symptom indicates Apis in diarrhœa and cholera infantum. Apis Clin.

Cholera infantum; sudden vomiting and diarrhœa, with coldness of body. Camph. Clin.

Cholera infantum, with vomiting of sour food or curdled lumps. Calc. C. Clin.

Cholera infantum, with involuntary, offensive stools. Op. Clin.

Cholera infantum; stool from the least movement of the body; thin and painless, gushing, profuse, watery, flaky, inodorous; faintness at stool or immediately after. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Cholera infantum; stools saffron-yellow, chopped, offensive, watery; child smells sour, despite the most careful washing. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Cholera infantum; stools whitish, curdy, turning green on diaper on exposure to air; sour smell of whole body; especially during teething. Rheum Clin.

Cholera infantum; great desire for indigestible things, like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken, flabby; emaciation; stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Cholera morbus. Painless cholera morbus with deathly nausea, weakness and prostration; aggravation from the smell or sight of food. Colch. Clin.

Chopped. Stool soft, then empty feeling in abdomen; saffron-yellow; stringy and slimy; chopped. Sulf. Ac. 1.

Chopped. Diarrhœa; stool like chopped eggs, of yellow mucus, sometimes frothy, extremely fetid; aggravation from eating oysters. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Chopped. Exhausting diarrhœa; stools slimy, like chopped eggs, thin, yellow, profuse and putrid; undigested, with cutting and urging during stool. Nux Mos. Clin.

Chopped. Green, slimy stools; mucous; chopped, white and yellow mucus; often of a changeable color, often undigested, often like chopped eggs and spinach; foul odor, especially in children during teething or after taking cold. Cham. Clin.

Chopped. Diarrhœa of green mucus, like chopped spinach, usually with great flatulence. Arg. N. Clin.

Chopped. Diarrhœa of drunkards on their last legs; great debility and nervous prostration; a sensation of trembling all over the body; stools lemon-colored, chopped, frothy, mucous, stringy, offensive, watery, with burning in rectum during stool. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Chopped. Cholera infantum; stools saffron-yellow, chopped, offensive, watery; child smells sour despite the most careful washing. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Chronic. (*Constipation.*) Chronic constipation; feeling in anus as if it were stuffed full; large, hard, difficult stools, only once or twice a week. Apis Clin.

Chronic constipation, especially valuable after purgatives. Hydras. Clin.

Chronic constipation from irregular menstruation; inactivity of intestines, whether stool is hard or soft; alternation of constipation and diarrhœa. Puls. Clin.

Chronic constipation; inertia of rectum; stools very large and very hard. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Chronic. (*Diarrhœa.*) Chronic diarrhœa; green liquid stools, always mucous and bloody; no emission of flatus for six days. Ratan. Clin.

Chronic. Ascarides in chronic diarrhœa, with great appetite and distention of stomach. Calc. C. Clin.

Chronic diarrhœa in cachectic, dyspeptic persons; stools light gray or brownish; corrosive; sometimes painless, with rumbling in bowels; colicky pains during and before stool, and burning in anus after. Kali C. Clin.

Chronic diarrhœa which does not weaken the patient. Calc. C. Clin.

Chronic diarrhœa in dyspeptics and consumptives which is caused whenever taking fresh meat, fat foods, acids, sweets. Caust. Clin.

Chronic diarrhœa with hepatic troubles. Chel. Clin.

Chronic diarrhœa of old people, with tremulous weakness; discharges sometimes involuntary. Con. Clin.

Chronic diarrhœa, gushing, watery; worse at night, with coldness of body and great prostration. Ferr. Clin.

Chronic diarrhœa after the abuse of Mercury or Quinine; light yellow, fecal, papescent, sour stool, with undigested food. Hep. Clin.

Chronic diarrhœa; stools brown, fluid, mixed with undigested food and of an intolerable fetor. Graph. Clin.

Chronic diarrhœa, worse some time after rising and moving about; after a protracted spell of damp, cold weather or from living in damp houses. Natr. S. Clin.

Chronic. Diarrhœa, chronic; gushing, black, greenish, gray, bloody, watery stools. Natr. M. Clin.

Chronic diarrhœa, with gradual loss of strength; fetid stool and flatus smelling like lime which has been used to purify gas of sulphur. Phos. Clin.

Chronic diarrhœa. Petr. Clin.

Chronic diarrhœa, especially during early hours of morning; stool watery, with meal-like sediment; yellow, pasty, black; mucous and blood-streaked; involuntary; very offensive, like carrion. Pod. Clin.

Chronic debilitating diarrhœa, with almost constant oozing from anus; stools jelly-like, green or bloody, fetid or sour, expelled quickly; worse after taking boiled milk. Sep. Clin.

Chronic diarrhœa off and on; aggravation from lager beer. Kali B. Clin.

Chronic. Autumnal diarrhœa; chronic diarrhœa of miasmatic origin in combination with milk diet. Ipec. Clin.

Chronic diarrhœa with a psoric anamnesis; stool brown, fecal, fermented, offensive. Mezer. Clin.

Chronic. Camp diarrhœa; chronic from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane, with aching and burning in hepatic region; worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. Lept. Clin.

Chronic diarrhœa during menstruation; green mucous stools; sometimes diarrhœa alternates with constipation. Amm. Mur. Clin.

Chronic diarrhœa; first part hard and black, then evacuation yellow, thin or brown; mushy or white, accompanied by severe lumbar and sacral pains. Æsc. Clin.



## CHRONIC.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## CLOTTED.

Chronic diarrhœa; cannot urinate without having a stool, or the stools become dark and fetid; worse after eating. Apis Clin.

Chronic diarrhœa of an exhausting character; stools whitish, whey-like watery, foamy, mucous; worse in the morning. Iod. Clin.

Chronic. Diarrhœa, particularly of old people; chronic. Gamb. Clin.

Chronic. (*Dysentery.*) Chronic dysentery with the abdominal symptoms of flatulence and the burning in anus and rectum; discharge of jelly-like lumps. Aloe Clin.

Chronic. Dysentery with bloody, slimy stools, with symptoms of ulceration of the rectum; chronic dysentery. Arg. N. Clin.

Chronic dysentery; slime mixed with greenish substances and containing bloody specks. Con. Clin.

Chronic dysentery; urgent straining, with shuddering and sense of insufficient evacuation. Lyc. Clin.

Chronic dysentery; discharges like meat washings; severe tenesmus; burning pain deep in rectum. Pod. Clin.

Chronic dysentery; stools frequent, small, pitch-like or thin, with pale blood; involuntary. Zinc. Clin.

Chronic. (*Liver Trouble.*) Liver enormously enlarged; jaundice with clay-colored stools; chronic derangement of liver. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Chronic congestion of the liver, with depression of spirits; stitching and burning in right hypochondrium. Amm. Mur. Clin.

Chronic engorgement of the liver; cirrhosis; soreness and stitches in the liver when walking; hepatic abscess. Hep. Clin.

Chronic. Cirrhosis of liver, with ascites, especially in drunkard's gin-liver; chronic, hepatitis, with tendency to abscess. Lyc. Clin.

Chronic atrophy of liver, with emaciation and desiccation of body; sticking in region of liver, so that he could not breathe nor eructate. Merc. 6.

Chronic inflammation of the liver, with constipation; vomiting of green mucus. Plumb. Clin.

Chronic inflammation of the liver, associated with jaundice. Pod. Clin.

Chronic hepatitis; stinging sharp pains in liver and in spleen. Psor. Clin.

Chronic. (*Miscellaneous.*) Chronic hæmorrhage from the bowels. Crotal. H. Clin.

Chronic catarrhal inflammation of the bowels, with mucous discharge or feces covered with mucus. Hydras. Clin.

Chronic catarrh and ulceration of the ileo-cæcal region. Op. Clin.

Church. Nervous diarrhœa from emotions; from apprehension, as when ready to go to church, theatre, etc. Arg. N. Clin.

Cider. Diarrhœa from juicy fruit or cider. Calc. Ph. 1.

**Circumscribed.** Swelling of inguinal glands, with circumscribed redness; with pain or pressure, and from long walking and standing; obliged to lie down. Merc. 7.

Cirrhosis of the liver from malarial cachexia. Arg. N. Clin.

Cirrhosis of liver. Mag. M. Clin.

Cirrhosis of liver with ascites, especially in drunkard's gin-liver; chronic hepatitis, with tendency to abscess. Lyc. Clin.

Cirrhosis of the liver. Phos. Clin.

Cirrhosis of the liver; first enlarged and then contracted; hepatic region sensitive to pressure, continuing darting pain. Plumb. Clin.

Cirrhosis. Chronic engorgement of the liver; cirrhosis, soreness and stitches in the liver when walking; hepatic abscess. Hep. Clin.

Cirrhotic liver; can be felt as emaciation progresses; clay-colored stools; tenderness over the region of the liver, especially after the abuse of Mercury. Iod. Clin.

Clammy. Colic; scanty urine, with pallor, sunken features and staggering; pupils dilated, lips bluish, face covered with clammy sweat; pulse thready. Hell. 5.

Clammy. Cold from passage of gravel from kidneys; pains shoot up into kidneys and down into testicles and legs, with cold, clammy sweat. Diosc. Clin.

Clawing. **Constipation; stool small, hard;** often crumbling, with pressure and clawing in anus; unsatisfactory. Zinc. 1.

Clawing, griping in abdomen, as if grasped by a hand, so that each outstretched finger pressed sharply upon intestines, better from rest, worse from motion. Ipec. 5.

Clawing. Paroxysmal clawing in umbilical region, from sides of abdomen towards middle, and sometimes to pit of stomach, causing nausea, with anxious heat of cheeks. Hep. 7.

Clawing. Pain in a spot in abdomen, as if seized with nails; a griping clutching clawing. Bell. 5.

Clay. Diarrhœa; stool adheres to rectum and anus like soft clay; tenacious; glutinous. Plat. Clin.

**Clay-colored. Stool soft, difficult, scanty, with much urging; clay-colored.** Hep. 1.

Clay-colored. **Stool soft, with lumps of white mucus;** pasty; at an unusual time; lumpy; light clay-colored, with urging and inactivity of rectum. Phos. 1.

Clay-colored. Cirrhotic liver; can be felt as emaciation progresses; clay-colored stools, tenesmus over the region of the liver, especially after the abuse of Mercury. Iod. Clin.

Clay-colored. Pain in right hypochondrium, especially when limited to a small spot; dull pain or stitches in liver; clay-colored stool. Kali B. Clin.

Clay-colored. Liver enormously enlarged; jaundice, with clay-colored stools; chronic derangements of liver. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Clay-colored. Liver enlarged and often indurated; jaundiced hue of skin and conjunctiva; liversore to touch; stools clay-colored. Merc. Clin.

Clay-colored. Diarrhœa painless, clay-colored, with burning and smarting; sallow complexion. Berb. Clin.

Clayey. Infantile constipation after an attack of diarrhœa; stools hard, crumbly, clayey. Pod. Clin.

Cleanliness. Weakness of sphincter ani so that cleanliness was difficult. Aloe 3.

**Clear. Stool of only clear, tenacious, colorless mucus.** Hell. 1.

Clear. Dysentery; discharges white, slimy, clear, yellow, red, or green slime, blood and mucus. Puls. Clin.

**Closed. Anus painfully closed.** Lyc. 3.

Closet. Urging in rectum so that he could scarcely reach the closet, then thin, forcible, spurting stool. Natr. C. 2.

Closure. Colic, with spasmodic closure of anus and difficult emission of flatus, with tension and grumbling. Op. 5.

Closure. Spasmodic closure of anus. Op. 3.

**Clothes. Distention and sensitiveness of abdomen so that she must wear the clothes about stomach very loose; even in bed she must pull up the night dress; she dare not lay the arm across the abdomen.** Lach. 5.

Clothes. Abdomen sensitive so that the clothes press disagreeably. Sulf. 5.

Clothes. Abdominal troubles, with extreme tenderness; cannot bear the touch of her clothes. Crotal. H. Clin.

**Clothing. Intolerance of tight clothing in hypochondria.** Calc. C. 6.

Clothing. Intolerance of clothing in epigastric region and beneath hypochondria. Crotal. H. 5.

Clothing. Hypochondrium oppressed by clothing, which was unendurable. Carbo V. 6.

Clothing. Abdominal affections characterized by extreme sensitiveness to touch; intolerance of even the clothing. Bell. Clin.

Clothing. Hepatic region very sensitive and painful to touch; right lobe of liver painful; stitching, burning pains; unendurable. Carbo V. Clin.

Clothing. Hepatic affections in good livers; in alcoholic excesses and after allopathic dosing; liver swollen, hard and sensitive to pressure of clothing. Nux V. Clin.

Cloths. Colic immediately after eating; and worse after drinking; amelioration from hot wet cloths; abdomen enormously distended. Nux Mos. Clin.

Clots. Diarrhœa profuse, bloody, containing mucous membrane and clots of blood. Phos. 1.

Clotted. Stool preceded by cold; pain low down in pelvis; feces mixed with mucus and dark clotted blood followed by tenesmus. Merc. C. 1.



**CLOTTED.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****COLDNESS.**

**Clotted.** Bleeding of hemorrhoids; blood bright red, not clotted; bleed after every stool. Nit. Ac. Clin.

**Clutching.** Pain in a spot in abdomen as if seized with nails; a griping, clutching, clawing. Bell. 5.

**Coarse sticking in anus extending deep into rectum.** Ign. 3.

**Coccygis.** Sensation of a plug between symphysis pubis and os coccygis, with urging to stool. Aloe 7.

**Coffee.** Colic from indigestion with water-brash; worse after coffee, brandy or overeating; flatulent, with pressure upward, causing dyspnoea. Nux V. Clin.

**Coffee-grounds.** Diarrhoea with great prostration and collapse at the very commencement of the disease; cutting pains with a loose discharge of dark brown or black feces like coffee-grounds; rice-water stools. Camph. Clin.

**Colic. (Abdomen.)** Coldness in abdomen during menses, as if a cold fluid passed through intestines. Kali C. 5.

**Cold.** Stool preceded by cold pain low down in pelvis; feces mixed with mucus and dark clotted blood, followed by tenesmus. Merc. C. 1.

**Cold.** Diarrhoea is generally painless, associated with cold feeling in abdomen, but sometimes with cramps. Grat. Clin.

**Cold.** Dysentery; excoriating discharges; abdomen externally cold to touch; stools bloody, green, mucous, like stirred eggs; worse at night; pains increased after stool. Merc. Clin.

**Cold.** Colic forcing patient to bend double; he must walk about for relief; abdomen swollen, sensitive; no flatus up or down; after a cold; from fruits or vegetables; cold feeling in abdomen. Ver. Alb. Clin.

**Cold. (Bathing.)** Diarrhoea after nursing; from overheating; after cold bathing. Ant. Cr. Clin.

**Cold.** Hemorrhoids protrude like a bunch of grapes; greatly relieved by bathing with cold water. Aloe Clin.

**Cold.** Hemorrhoids, with sensation as if a red-hot poker were being thrust up the rectum; relieved by sitting in cold water. Kali C. Clin.

**Cold. (Food and Drink.)** Diarrhoea of malarial origin, or after chilling the stomach with cold substances; stools generally dark, scanty, watery or mucous, sometimes bloody. Ars. A. Clin.

**Cold.** Camp diarrhoea; chronic; from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane, with aching and burning in hepatic region; worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. Lept. Clin.

**Cold.** Diarrhoea; stools, sour, green, bloody; one stool fetid, the other odorless; one containing fecal matter, the other blood; no two stools alike; caused by eating pork or fat food; from fruit, ice cream, tobacco, cold drinks. Puls. Clin.

**Cold.** Diarrhoea, from suddenly checked perspiration in hot weather; from cold drinks, vegetables, stewed fruits, drinking milk. Bry. Clin.

**Cold.** Hemorrhoids, aggravated by cold water; amelioration from warmth; with prolapsus of rectum, accompanied by sticking and biting. Mur. Ac. Clin.

**Cold.** Diarrhoea, brought on by riding in cars or carriage; aggravation from drinking cold water, with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool. Cocc. Clin.

**Cold. (Taking Cold.)** Yellow, watery, diarrhoea, with tearing cutting before stool, as after taking cold. Dulc. 1.

**Cold.** Pain in abdomen, then discharge of dark mucus, causing biting in anus as before diarrhoea from taking cold; in morning on slightest uncovering during sweat. Nux V. 5.

**Cold.** Colic in abdomen, as after taking cold, as before diarrhoea; before stools, with rumbling and pain in small of back. Dulc. 5.

**Cold.** Pain in the upper portion of the abdomen, as from taking cold, and as if diarrhoea would ensue, with ravenous hunger. Asaf. 5.

**Cold.** Pain in muscles of abdomen when rising from lying, with pressing to stool, as from taking cold. Aloe 5.

**Cold.** Griping in umbilical region, with pinching, as after taking cold. Bry. 7.

**Cold.** Distention of abdomen, with rumbling; cutting with diarrhoea, as from taking cold, with pressure; with retching. Petr. 5.

**Cold.** Hepatitis after vexation or taking cold; dull aching pains in liver. Cham. Clin.

**Cold.** Green slimy stools, mucous; chopped white and yellow mucus; often of a changeable color, often undigested, often like chopped eggs and spinach; foul odor, especially in children during teething, or from taking cold. Cham. Clin.

**Cold. (Miscellaneous.)** Metro-peritonitis, with nausea, vomiting, profound prostration, cold sweat, brown tongue, burning pain. Ars. A. Clin.

**Cold.** Chronic diarrhoea, worse some time after rising and moving about; after a protracted spell of damp cold weather or from living in damp houses. Natr. S. Clin.

**Cold.** Diarrhoea alternating with rheumatism; stools sour-smelling when the weather suddenly changes from warm to cold; damp weather. Dulc. Clin.

**Cold.** Dysentery from cold, damp weather; rectum protrudes; stools very slimy. Dulc. Clin.

**Cold.** Colic from cold evening air; from worms; colic which only passes off by lying down. Merc. Clin.

**Cold.** Cold from passage of gravel from kidneys; pains shoot up into kidneys and down into testicles and legs, with cold, clammy sweat. Diose. Clin.

**Cold.** Dropsical effusions and even peritonitis, always with sharp pains; great aggravation from cold air and in the early morning. Kali C. Clin.

**Cold.** Hemorrhoids bluish, swollen, inflamed, protruding; bleeding from least touch, with stitching, burning pains from cold; from ice cream and ice water in hot weather. Ars. A. Clin.

**Cold.** Dysentery when the patient is cold; skin blue; stools of bloody mucus. Iris V. Clin.

**Cold.** Acute dysentery with unquenchable thirst; even the lips, mouth, and throat feel raw and burning; tendency to collapse; cold hands and feet. Canth. Clin.

**Cold.** Colic from cold; from getting wet; from fruits, ices, pastry; flatulent colic in evening after supper or at night. Puls. Clin.

**Cold.** Violent colic from cold. Acon. Clin.

**Cold.** Diarrhoea from checked perspiration during heat of summer with cold nights. Acon. Clin.

**Cold.** Constipation, in consequence of cold or from carriage riding. Ign. Clin.

**Coldness. (Abdomen.)** Emptiness and weak feeling in abdomen; coldness. Phos. 5.

**Coldness** in upper and lower abdomen. Camph. 5.

**Coldness.** Internal coldness in abdomen after every swallow of drink; renewed on every inspiration. China 5.

**Coldness.** Rumbling in abdomen, with coldness. Laur. 5.

**Coldness** in abdomen during menses, as if a cold fluid passed through intestines. Kali C. 5.

**Coldness.** Pain in abdomen, with coldness; then heat and warm sweat; heat with inclination to stool; pain in transverse colon at 3 a. m., then diarrhoea. Pod. 5.

**Coldness. (Body.)** Chronic diarrhoea, gushing, watery; worse at night, with coldness of body and great prostration. Ferr. Clin.

**Coldness.** Colic, with sensation of coldness in abdomen. Hell. Clin.

**Coldness.** Cholera infantum; sudden vomiting and diarrhoea, with coldness of body. Camph. Clin.

**Coldness.** Colic; sensation of coldness, weakness and faintness, better from bending double. Petr. Clin.

**Coldness.** Watery, profuse diarrhoea, gushing out like a torrent; abdomen swollen and tender to the touch; sometimes associated with coldness of the body and unquenchable thirst. Jatr. Clin.

**Coldness. (Miscellaneous.)** Diarrhoea, with coldness of extremities; with vomiting and prostration; with tearing and cutting in abdomen; stool dark; bloody-colored; black mucus; offensive; yellow, with tenesmus and burning pain in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 1.

**Coldness.** Cramps in abdomen; aggravation in evening and night, with coldness in thighs. Calc. C. 5.



**COLDNESS.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****COLIC.**

Coldness. Distention of abdomen; tympanitic; coldness also in back. *Secale* 5.

Coldness. Asiatic cholera, particularly with the icy coldness and intolerance of being covered. *Secale* Clin.

Coldness. Diarrhœa; brown, yellow or slimy, putrid odor, with low types of fever; coldness of extremities; tendency to collapse. *Carbo V.* Clin.

Coldness. Typhlitis; extreme distention of abdomen, with icy coldness in stomach. *Colch.* Clin.

Colic. (*Abdominal.*) Intermittent colic in abdomen. *Cupr.* 5.

Colic in abdomen, as after taking cold; as before diarrhœa; before stools, with rumbling and pain in small of back. *Dulc.* 5.

Colic. Abdominal colic radiating to all parts of body; sensitiveness of abdomen to touch. *Plumb.* 5.

Colic. Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen, with movements as if he would have colic. *Nux Mos.* 5.

Colic. Distention of abdomen after eating, with motions and colic; then continued constipation and feeling as if something lay in abdomen. *Bry.* 5.

Colic. Diarrhœa; stools thin, brown, yellowish, frothy, forcibly expelled, with colic and prominence of intestines like pads here and there, all over the abdomen during the pains. *Ratan.* Clin.

Colic; pains in lower abdomen from worms. *Sil.* Clin.

Colic; intense paroxysms of a shooting character; abdomen hard as a stone, and drawn into the spine as if by a string; knots in recti muscles. *Plumb.* Clin.

Colic, with sensation of coldness in abdomen. *Hell.* Clin.

Colic, with great distention and sensitiveness of abdomen, recurring towards evening. *Sep.* Clin.

Colic. Abdomen swollen; hard sore above navel, where there is a great deal of colic; sometimes relieved by pressure. *Cina* Clin.

Colic. Diarrhœa, brought on by riding in cars or carriage; aggravation from drinking cold water; with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool. *Cocc.* Clin.

Colic. (*From Anger.*) Diarrhœa, as the result of anger or from fruit, with colic. *Coloc.* Clin.

Colic, especially after anger, with red cheeks and hot perspiration. *Cham.* Clin.

Colic; crampy pains, following a fit of anger or following operations about the abdomen after lithotomy. *Staph.* Clin.

Colic from cold evening air; from worms; colic, which only passes off by lying down. *Merc.* Clin.

Colic from cold; from getting feet wet; from fruits, ices, pastry; flatulent colic in evening after supper or at night. *Puls.* Clin.

Colic. (*From Cold.*) Violent colic from cold. *Acon.* Clin.

Colic, forcing patient to bend double; he must walk about for relief; abdomen swollen, sensitive; no flatus up or down; after a cold; from fruits or vegetables; cold feeling in abdomen. *Ver. Alb.* Clin.

Colic. (*Flatulent.*) Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening, or colic worse in evening in bed, with gurgling, griping and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another. *Puls.* 5.

Colic, Scanty, watery stool about midnight, with flatulent colic and noisy flatulence during stool. *Arg. N.* 1.

Colic in hypogastrium as if flatulence with cutting were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. *Nux V.* 7.

Colic. Small, frequent passages, consisting of mucus, at times mingled with blood and causing tenesmus, preceded by flatulent colic in hypogastrium. *Caps.* 1.

Colic. Tenesmus, with only a little feces at first; then transparent, bilious, membranous mucus, with relief of colic; amelioration from frequent passages of flatus; urging to stool, which is unsatisfactory. *Colch.* 2.

Colic. Stool fluid after eating, with discharge of flatus and colic all the afternoon; better from warmth of bed. *Coloc.* 1.

Colic, with spasmodic closure of anus and difficult emission of flatus; with tension and grumbling. *Op.* 5.

Colic. Flatulent colic in evening after lying down. *Nux V.* 5.

Colic. Distention of abdomen after eating, with intermittent colic and rumbling; flatulent. *Puls.* 5.

Colic. Rumbling in abdomen in morning, with gurgling; also in bed, with spasmodic and griping, flatulent colic and heat in palms and soles. *Nux V.* 5.

Colic before stool, before passage of flatus, with thirst; flatulent. *China* 5.

Colic from indigestion, with waterbrash; worse after coffee, brandy or over-eating; flatulent, with pressure upward, causing dyspnoea. *Nux V.* Clin.

Colic. Shifting of flatus, with sharp cutting colic, with nausea. *Ant. T.* Clin.

Colic. Flatulent colic and constipation, especially in children. *Iris V.* Clin.

Colic. Flatulent colic from acids, with frequent loose stools, cutting almost constantly running from left to right. *Ipec.* Clin.

Colic. Diarrhœa, with violent colic and rumbling before stool, then yellowish-green stools; profuse emission of fetid flatus. *Natr. S.* Clin.

Colic. Flatulent colic only slightly relieved by evacuating gas; worse at night. *Cocc.* Clin.

Colic. Flatulent colic in pregnancy. *Cocc.* Clin.

Colic. Flatulent colic, with constriction around stomach and navel; incarcerated flatus; passes sour-smelling or fetid flatus. *Natr. C.* Clin.

Colic. Flatulent colic; worse from wine, with retraction of the abdomen; hot, moist, fetid flatus, passing off without relief. *Zinc.* Clin.

Colic. Flatulent colic; relieved by stretching the body out or walking. *Diosc.* Clin.

Colic. Flatulent colic. *Cham.* Clin.

Colic. Flatulent colic deep in the abdomen; worse when lying. *Phos.* Clin.

Colic. Violent, flatulent colic, generally relieved by walking about; aggravated by lying down at night; pains are generally cutting, twisting; amelioration from pressure; generally radiate from the abdomen to the back, into chest and arms. *Diosc.* Clin.

Colic. Flatulent colic; the incarcerated flatus causes much pain as it cannot pass; colicky pains on the right side of the abdomen, extending into the bladder; cutting pains across abdomen, from right to left. *Lyc.* Clin.

Colic. (*Gall-stone.*) Gall-stone colic, with jaundice. *Hydras.* Clin.

Colic. Gall-stone colic; terrible, darting pains; intolerance of garments about the waist. *Cale. C.* Clin.

Colic. Pressure and stitches in hepatic region; colic from gall-stones. *Berb.* Clin.

Colic. Gall-stone colic, with jaundice and twisting pain. *Pod.* Clin.

Colic from the passage of gall-stones; pain shooting into chest and anus, with terrible eructations. *Diosc.* Clin.

Colic. Gall-stone colic. *China* Clin.

Colic. (*Lead.*) Lead colic. *Natr. S.* Clin.

Colic. Painter's colic. *Op.* Clin.

Colic. Painter's colic; pain in umbilical region extending through to the back. *Plat.* Clin.

Colic. (*Stool.*) Diarrhœa; stool fluid, dark brown, foul-smelling, preceded by colic; green bilious diarrhœa mixed with mucus. *Psor.* 1.

Colic. Diarrhœa nightly, with colic so that she must bend double; hot, smelling like rotten eggs; green, watery, painless, consisting of feces and mucus; white; slimy; with colic. *Cham.* 1.

Colic. Diarrhœa of green mucus, as green as bile, once or twice at night, with movements in intestines before every stool; at first green, then slimy; not exhausting; without colic. *Puls.* 1.

Colic. Diarrhœa after eating; of undigested feces also passed in several pieces, then ineffectual urging with biting burning pain in anus, and colic before and after every stool. *China* 1.

Colic. Desire in rectum for stool after a meal; desire increased when moving about, then thin, oppressive stool with colic, then ineffectual tenesmus, later another stool; after rising from stool the urging which had gradually subsided returned more than ever. *Rheum* 2.



## COLIC.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## COLORLESS.

Colic. Lead colic; cutting in abdomen as from knives; constricting spasmodic pains; pinching, griping sensation as if the bowels were squeezed between stones; the patient doubles up or seeks relief by pressing the belly against the bed post or any hard object or by lying on belly. Coloc. Clin.

Colic. Urging to a copious yellowish-brown, partly thin, sourish, offensive stool; then transient relief of colic; then two abundant stools in quick succession; first pappy, then fluid, with ulcerative pain in bowels. Coloc. 1.

Colic. Small stool after colic, with tenesmus; first of dark green feces, then of green mucus. Ars. A. 1.

Colic. Diarrhœa always in daytime, never at night; but has stools early in the morning; hunger immediately after stool from weak, empty feeling in bowels; stools profuse, gushing, mucous, yellowish-brown, with colic. Petr. Clin.

Colic. Dysenteries during the autumn, with violent colic and tenesmus; stools almost black, and fermented like frothy molasses. Ipec. Clin.

Colic. Diarrhœa from fright; worse from being in a warm room, preceded by colic and pain in the small of the back. Puls. Clin.

Colic. Diarrhœa; frequent, profuse, greenish, white, watery, stools with flakes; severe pinching colic before stool; from emotions, as fright. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Colic. Stools grass-green, slimy, with vomiting; colic. Ant. T. Clin.

Colic. Nervous diarrhœa, from depression of the nerve centres; stools loose, papescent, enveloped in bright red, foamy blood, preceded by colic, with burning at the anus during and after stool. Zinc. Clin.

Colic. Diarrhœa in nursing infants; offensive, preceded by colic; stools mucous, with aphthous sore mouth. Borax Clin.

Colic. (*Umbilicus*.) Colic with cutting, twisting about navel, and passage of tough mucus like diarrhœa; at times mixed with black blood; after every stool, thirst, and after every drink shivering. Caps. 7.

Colic in umbilical region with shivering. China 7.

Colic. Diarrhœa with pinching around umbilicus, sometimes with discharge of flatus; stool watery, profuse, with colic and tenesmus; fecal; forcible. Gamb. 1.

Colic immediately after eating; pain below the navel, as if intestines were torn. Graph. Clin.

Colic. Griping colic writhing around navel; better from hot milk; worse after eating or nursing. Crot. Tig. Clin.

Colic, scanty urine, with pallor, sunken features and staggering; pupils dilated; lips bluish, face covered with clammy sweat; pulse thready. Hell. 5.

Colic. (*Miscellaneous*.) Intestinal obstruction with fecal vomiting and violent colic. Op. Clin.

Colic. Intestinal catarrh in children; colic about the navel and diarrhœa. Puls. Clin.

Colic. Violent colic as if the bowels would be cut to pieces. Ant. T. Clin.

Colic, as if intestinal canal were full of water. Kali C. Clin.

Colic during pregnancy or from suppressed menstruation; menstrual colic. Puls. Clin.

Colic immediately after eating and worse after drinking; amelioration from hot wet cloths; abdomen enormously distended. Nux Mos. Clin.

Colic; sensation of coldness, weakness and faintness; better from bending double. Petr. Clin.

Colic, worse when riding in a car or carriage; amelioration from emission of flatus. Carbo V. Clin.

Colic. Hemorrhoidal colic. Thuja Clin.

Colic, compelling one to walk bent; relieved by bending double and walking about, or by lying on the abdomen. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Colic originating in a depressed or excessive bilious secretion. Pod. Clin.

Colic caused by suppressed perspiration as from drinking ice water when heated. Coloc. Clin.

Colic from passage of gravel from kidneys; pains shoot up into kidneys and down into testicles and legs, with cold, clammy sweat. Diosc. Clin.

Colic after eating and drinking, obliging one to bend double; worse from sweet things. Sulf. Clin.

Colic with pressure downward upon rectum and bladder. Op. Clin.

Colicky. Chronic diarrhœa in cachectic, dyspeptic persons; stools light gray or brownish, corrosive, sometimes painless, with rumbling in bowels, colicky pains during and before stool and burning in anus after. Kali C. Clin.

Colicky. Flatulent colic; the incarcerated flatus causes much pain, as it cannot pass; colicky pains on the right side of the abdomen, extending into the bladder; cutting pains across abdomen, from right to left. Lye. Clin.

Colicky. Diarrhœa, with colicky pains around navel, before or during stool; stools sour, liquid, slimy, fecal, mixed with green slime. Rheum Clin.

Colics. Horrible colics, with tendency to collapse; convulsive vomiting; hiccough. Cupr. Clin.

Colitis, with soreness along transverse colon; aggravated by bending forward. Sulf. Clin.

Colitis. Catarrhal enteritis; peri-typhlitis; subacute colitis. Merc. Clin.

Collapse. Asiatic cholera, with sudden suppression of the discharges and collapse. Camph. Clin.

Collapse. Acute dysentery, with unquenchable thirst; even the lips, mouth and throat feel raw and burning; tendency to collapse; cold hands and feet. Canth. Clin.

Collapse. Diarrhœa, with great prostration and collapse at the very commencement of the disease; cutting pains, with a loose discharge of dark brown or black feces, like coffee-grounds; rice water stools. Camph. Clin.

Collapse. Frequent, involuntary stools of putrid, cadaverous odor; burning pains deep in abdomen; feces escape with flatus; collapse; pulse weak and intermittent. Carbo V. Clin.

Collapse. Diarrhœa; brown, yellow or slimy; putrid odor, with low types of fever; coldness of extremities, tendency to collapse. Carbo V. Clin.

Collapse. Horrible colics, with tendency to collapse; convulsive vomiting; hiccough. Cupr. Clin.

Collapsed. Dysentery; particularly valuable in the collapsed stage; stools involuntary, grumous; with these conditions it has saved many apparently hopeless cases. Secale Clin.

Collected. Distention of abdomen by flatulence; waking about midnight, causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief; new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. Cocc. 5.

Collection of flatus in abdomen without evacuation of it, with pain; flatus rolls about and becomes incarcerated here and there. Natr. S. 5.

Colliquative diarrhœa of phthisis abdominalis. Amm. Mur. Clin.

Colon. Bruised sensation; worse in cæcal region, and along transverse colon on moderate pressure. Merc. C. 5.

Colon. Pain in abdomen, with coldness; then heat and warm sweat; heat with inclination to stool; pain in transverse colon at 3 a. m., then diarrhœa. Pod. 5.

Colon. Pain in region of ascending colon on rising after stool; in region of right quadratus lumborum muscles on rising from lying. Rhus Tox. 7.

Colon. Tympanitis, mostly about the cæcum and transverse colon. Phos. Clin.

Colon. Colitis with soreness along transverse colon; aggravated by bending forward. Sulf. Clin.

Color. Enlargement and congestion of the liver; jaundice; yellow color of the face and eyes; gray stools swelling of feet and legs. Mag. M. Clin.

Color. Green slimy stools, mucous; chopped white and yellow mucus; often of a changeable color; often undigested; often like chopped eggs and spinach; foul odor especially in children during teething or after taking cold. Cham. Clin.

Color. Diarrhœa in the morning, driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery; brown; fecal; green; mucous; bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour; fetid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. Sulf. Clin.

Colorless. Stool of only clear, tenacious, colorless mucus. Hell. 1.



## COMPLETE.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## CONSTIPATION.

Complete. Stool of brown, frothy water, with tenesmus; pain in abdomen and nausea, then sudden complete rest. Kali B. 1.

Complexion. Diarrhoea painless, clay-colored with burning and smarting, sallow complexion. Berb. Clin.

Confidence. Diarrhoea driving out of bed very early in the morning; want of confidence in sphincter ani; worse immediately after eating; aggravated in mornings in hot, damp weather. Aloe Clin.

Confinement. Piles after confinement, with sharp, stinging pain. Apis Clin.

Confinement. Piles suddenly in children, with great sensitiveness; prolapsus ani while urinating; piles after confinement. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Confusion. Obstinate constipation; stool dry and difficult, with confusion of head. Bry. 1.

Confusion. Distention of abdomen on eating, with heaviness of head; with rush of blood to head, vertigo and confusion; intolerance of anything tight about hypochondria. Graph. 5.

Confusion. Burning in rectum with the evacuation of stool and urine; stools dry and large, then copious pasty stools, with the relief of all symptoms except the confusion of head. Bry. 2.

Confusion. Stool unsatisfactory after much straining, which caused rush of blood to head and confusion of head. Bry. 1.

Congested, enlarged liver; sensation of pain and drawing in right hypochondrium, as if the liver had increased in weight and dragged at its ligaments. Agar. Clin.

Congestion. Hæmorrhoids moist, even after a natural stool; increased congestion of hæmorrhoidal vessels, with sticking; with burning pain on walking and on touch. Sulf. 3.

Congestion. Aggravation of internal piles, with protrusion of rectum after stool; sometimes prolapsed for days, owing to the swelling and congestion. Pod. 2.

Congestion of anus after dinner; expulsion of ascarides; sticking, soreness, burning, itching. Sep. 3.

Congestion. Constipation of females, with pain and pressure in iliac regions from uterine and abdominal congestion during pregnancy. Sep. Clin.

Congestion. Irritable liver; jaundice from vexation; from excessive study or mental work; congestion of liver, with soreness and sharp, sticking pains; aggravation from lying on left side. Natr. S. Clin.

Congestion. Enlargement and congestion of the liver; jaundice; yellow color of the face and eyes; gray stools; swelling of feet and legs. Mag. M. Clin.

Congestion. Chronic congestion of the liver, with depression of spirits; stitching and burning in right hypochondrium. Amm. Mur. Clin.

Conjunctiva. Liver enlarged and often indurated; jaundiced hue of skin and conjunctiva; liver sore to touch; stools clay-colored. Merc. Clin.

Constant, ineffectual urging, with tenesmus in rectum. Merc. 2.

Constant urging in rectum. Crot. Tig. 2.

Constant, ineffectual desire, but discharge of only mucus from rectum, with chilliness of body. Sil. 1.

Constant. Abdomen tense and hard; tense and hot, with rumbling, grumbling and constant diarrhoea. Sil. 5.

Constant dull aching in right lower lobe of liver. Æsc. 6.

Constant. Diarrhoea constant, with pain in abdomen. Mezer. 1.

Constant. Diarrhoea profuse, constant, involuntary, of mucus and blood. Kali B. 1.

Constant. Chronic debilitating diarrhoea, with almost constant oozing from anus; stools jelly-like, green or bloody, fetid or sour, expelled quickly; worse after taking boiled milk. Sep. Clin.

Constant. Functional derangement of liver often preceded by migraine; constant aching pain in right side of abdomen. Sep. Clin.

Constipated. Distention of abdomen with frequent urging to stool, though more than ever constipated; tympanitic. Arn. 5.

Constipated. Hæmorrhoids, with oozing of yellow mucus; constipated during hot weather. Ant. Cr. Clin.

Constipation. (*Alternating with Diarrhoea.*) Diarrhoea in morning and through forenoon; the natural stool in evening; immediately after eating and drinking; alternating with constipation. Pod. 1.

Constipation. Diarrhoea alternating with constipation. Plumb. 1.

Constipation. Alternating diarrhoea and constipation, especially in old people. Ant. Cr. Clin.

Constipation. Stools at first hard, then mushy, finally fluid; smelling like rotten eggs; involuntary fermented, sour-smelling diarrhoea, alternating with constipation. Calc. C. Clin.

Constipation. Alternations of diarrhoea and constipation. Ign. Clin.

Constipation alternating with diarrhoea. Card. M. Clin.

Constipation. Alternate constipation and diarrhoea. Nux V. Clin.

Constipation. Alternation of diarrhoea and constipation; stool like sheep's-dung. Chel. Clin.

Constipation. Obstinate constipation, especially if it alternates with diarrhoea, with stool, followed by tremulous weakness. Con. Clin.

Constipation. Diarrhoea; stools of jelly-like mucous like frogs' spawn, generally with tenesmus; sometimes profuse, watery, alternating with constipation. Hell. Clin.

Constipation, with ineffectual urging; amelioration after drinking milk; stools hard, knotty, dark colored; constipation alternating with diarrhoea. Iod. Clin.

Constipation. Chronic diarrhoea during menstruation; green mucous stools; sometimes diarrhoea alternates with constipation. Amm. Mur. Clin.

Constipation. (*Hard Stool.*) Constipation; stool hard, with burning in anus, lumpy, scanty, offensive, difficult, light colored. Sil. 1.

Constipation, on account of hardness and large size of stool; copious; frequent; with shivering. Ver. Alb. 1.

Constipation, in spite of frequent straining; on following days hard, difficult, unsatisfactory stool. Sil. 1.

Constipation; stool hard and dark brown, in small pieces, with loss of appetite; stool gray and crumbly and unsatisfactory. Op. 1.

Constipation; stool hard and crumbly and unsatisfactory; difficult; with pain as if rectum would burst, then bleeding of hæmorrhoidal vessels and pain in rectum, with frequent micturition. Natr. M. 1.

Constipation; stool blackish, scanty, like sheep-dung, painful, only once in eight or ten days, or green, in balls; often hard. Plumb. 1.

Constipation, painless; stools hard masses, scanty, enveloped in mucus, with pricking, cutting in anus. Nit. Ac. 1.

Constipation; stool small, hard; often crumbling, with pressure and clawing in anus; unsatisfactory. Zinc. 1.

Constipation; stool hard, green, slimy, acrid, excoriating anus; whitish-gray. Merc. 1.

Constipation. Stool indurated, as if burnt, preceded and followed by pressure; constipation. Plat. 1.

Constipation; stool hard and difficult, mixed with mucus and knotty; whitish; scanty; brownish; difficult, but not hard. Sep. 1.

Constipation; stool hard and difficult; only every two, three or four days. Sulf. 1.

Constipation; stool hard, only occurring once in two or three days; hard as if he were passing stones. Coloc. 1.

Constipation; hard, insufficient stool, with urging and protrusion of rectum. Gamb. 1.

Constipation; stool hard and difficult. Ant. Cr. 1.

Constipation in persons of sedentary habits, from atony of lower intestines; stools hard, dry; crumble when passing, with great straining and causing prolapse of rectum. Pod. Clin.

Constipation; torpor of bowels; feces hard, scanty; passed with difficulty, from constriction of sphincter ani, and feeling as if much remained behind. Lye. Clin.

Constipation; large, hard, difficult stools; frequent urging without effect; sensation as if much remained after stool; the action of the bowels irregular and spasmodic. Nux V. Clin.

Constipation; stool hard, slow, with chill before and after stool; in knots and balls; sluggish bowels; suitable to old gentlemen who have seen much of life. Mezer. Clin.



## CONSTIPATION.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## CONSTIPATION.

Constipation; hard stool every other day or every three or four days. Cocc. Clin.

Constipation; bowels obstructed from induration of feces, which are so dry that they crumble as they pass the anus; like sheep's dung, covered with blood and mucus. Mag. M. Clin.

Constipation. Chronic constipation; feeling in anus as if stuffed full; large, hard, difficult stools only once or twice a week. Apis Clin.

Constipation; stool hard, knotty, streaked with blood, preceded and accompanied by smarting at the anus. Natr. S. Clin.

Constipation, with hard, crumbly stool, or the feces are covered with glairy mucus, and are accompanied by a discharge of a quantity of mucus and much flatus. Amm. Mur. Clin.

Constipation produced by cheese; better from smoking; frequent urging to stool, without any evacuation, which appears an hour later in single pieces of stony hardness. Coloc. Clin.

Constipation; stools, consisting of small hard, black, balls Plumb. Clin.

Constipation; stool very hard, passed with much difficulty, and streaked with blood. Carbo An. Clin.

Constipation from constriction of anus; hard stools like sheep's-dung, passed only after hard straining. Berb. Clin.

**Constipation. (Inactivity of Rectum.)** Constipation; stool that has protruded slips back again, after urging and straining till abdominal walls are sore. Sil 1.

Constipation; stool small, dark and difficult, apparently from inactivity of rectum. Phos. 1.

Constipation, as from constriction of intestines; as from inactivity of rectum; stool hard, then sticking as from hemorrhoids. Nux V. 1.

Constipation; stool large, hard lumps which remain long in rectum, and when feces are nearly expelled they suddenly recede into the rectum; even a soft stool is expelled with much difficulty. Sil. Clin.

Constipation; desire for stool but little passes; feels as if it stayed in the rectum and could not be expelled; ineffectual urging with sharp, splinter-like, cutting pains. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Constipation; no urging; inactivity of rectum; stool insufficient, hard; much straining, with headache. Arn. Clin.

Constipation of long standing; no urging; stools composed of a few hard, round, dark balls; rectum inactive. Op. Clin.

Constipation from inertia of the bowels, especially of the rectum, with no inclination for stool. Op. Clin.

Constipation with vertigo, heat in head, and tinnitus aurium; large accumulation of feces, especially after continued purging, with difficulty to pass them, even when soft, from inactivity of rectum. China Clin.

Constipation. Chronic constipation; inertia of rectum; stools very large and very hard. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Constipation. Obstinate constipation; inactivity or intussusception; stools hard, thick, and knotty balls, with pain in anus when passing, as if it would fly to pieces. Thuja Clin.

Constipation for days; no desire; no urging; the rectum becomes filled and seems entirely paralyzed. Nux Mos. Clin.

Constipation; an all-gone feeling in rectum; inability to expel feces or to strain at stool, with sensation as of a ball in rectum. Sep. Clin.

Constipation is the rule in cases requiring Alumina; the rectum is inactive; the stools are hard; often associated with soreness of the rectum and anus, which bleed readily. Alum. Clin.

Constipation; torpor of rectum; even a soft stool is voided with difficulty. Psor. Clin.

Constipation. Inveterate constipation, with disappointing calls, the trouble being in the rectum; feces slender, long, narrow, dry, tough and hard, like a dog's, and voided with difficulty. Phos. Clin.

Constipation; stool retarded on account of lack of peristaltic action; hard, scanty stool, with cutting and burning in anus. Staph. Clin.

Constipation; frequent and unsuccessful desire for stool; insufficient; inactivity of bowels; retarded stool from inactivity of rectum. Kali C. Clin.

Constipation. (Infantile.) Infantile constipation after an attack of diarrhoea; stools hard, crumbly and clayey. Pod. Clin.

Constipation of children, with dry and inflamed rectum and bleeding. Alum. Clin.

Constipation. Flatulent colic and constipation, especially in children. Iris V. Clin.

Constipation. (Large Stool.) Constipation; stool large in size, with great effort of abdominal muscles. Zinc. 1.

Constipation; stools enormously large and painful, leaving the sphincters nearly paralyzed and slow to close, with a feeling of inability to draw up the partially prolapsed anus, especially in those who have abused alcohol or narcotics. Lach. Clin.

Constipation; accumulation of large masses of feces, which are covered with mucus; the anus is fissured; the cracks bleed and ulcerate. Graph. Clin.

Constipation. (During Menstruation.) Chronic constipation from irregular menstruation; inactivity of intestines whether stool is hard or soft; alternation of constipation and diarrhoea. Puls. Clin.

Constipation during menstruation; stool like sheep-dung, painful and difficult; insufficient, after much pressure. Kali C. 1.

Constipation of women before and during menses. Sil. Clin.

**Constipation. (Obstinate.)** Obstinate constipation; stool dry and difficult, with confusion of head. Bry. I.

Constipation. Hemorrhoids accompanied with obstinate constipation; swollen, itching, stinging, burning and painful when touched. Caust. Clin.

Constipation. Obstinate constipation; difficult expulsion of feces, fissuring the anus, with flow of blood; a ripped-up sensation in the anus after stool. Natr. M. Clin.

Constipation. Obstinate constipation following diarrhoea in old spirit-drinkers who are full of nervous symptoms, as loss of appetite, insomnia, scirrhotic liver. Agar. Clin.

Constipation. Obstinate constipation, with feeling of a load in rectum which cannot be evacuated; stools seem to stick to the anus like putty. Plat. Clin.

**Constipation. (Scanty Stool.)** Constipation; stool at times scanty, unsatisfactory. Sulf. 1.

Constipation; stool hard, then burning and pressure in anus; scanty. Kali B. 1.

Constipation from lead poisoning; frequent desire but small evacuations with great effort. Plat. Clin.

Constipation, with torpor of the liver and hemorrhoids; stool very small, resembles sheep's-dung; passed only by very great straining. Bapt. Clin.

Constipation. Habitual constipation; stools scanty, knotty, followed by burning and painful retraction of rectum and anus. Kali C. Clin.

Constipation; fruitless urging to stool; dryness of rectum; knotty stool, shining as if greased, very small in size, passes easier when standing. Caust. Clin.

Constipation; ineffectual urging to stool with small discharges, or only flatus passes; stool only every second day. Mag. C. Clin.

**Constipation. (Miscellaneous.)** Cutting, gripping in abdomen with constipation. Op. 5.

Constipation, with sensitiveness above Ponpart's ligament and hardness low down in left iliac region; afterwards almost dysentery of water; stools mixed with whitish-yellow and cheesy masses and tenesmus. Phos. 1.

Constipation; stools of tenacious feces, with great tenesmus. Merc. C. 1.

Constipation, with pain in abdomen. Ars. A. 1.

Constipation. Distention of abdomen after eating, with motions and colic, then continued constipation and feeling as if something lay in abdomen. Bry. 5.

Constipation; stool every second day. Mag. C. 1.

Constipation; stool white; of only yellow-white mucus, mixed with blood, with pain in back. Puls. 1.

Constipation; stools like sheep dung, after great straining and burning, with balls of mucus like peas; difficult stools, not hard. Natr. C. 1.

Constipation, with fullness of abdomen. Bapt. 1.

Constipation; stool of brown feces, containing white, shining grains. Mezer. 1.



## CONSTIPATION.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## CONTRACTIONS.

Constipation during child-bed. Ant. Cr. Clin.

Constipation of females, with pain and pressure in iliac regions, from uterine and abdominal congestion during pregnancy. Sep. Clin.

Constipation of lying-in women. Bry. Clin.

Constipation, following parturition, with hæmorrhoids and headache. Hydras. Clin.

Constipation. Habitual constipation, especially in hæmorrhoidal and hypochondriac people. Sulf. Clin.

Constipation. Chronic constipation, especially valuable after purgatives. Hydras. Clin.

Constipation; stool dry, brittle, granular, which is passed only after prolonged effort. Zinc. Clin.

Constipation in sad, desponding and hypochondriac persons; frequent urging, but insufficient stool, through the feces are not hard; worse from starchy or vegetable food. Natr. C. Clin.

Constipation of persons who live to eat, with heavy pressure in the lower part of the abdomen. Aloe Clin.

Constipation of old people, with abdominal plethora; suitable to hypochondriacs and to bookworms. Aloe Clin.

Constipation in elderly people of the higher class, suffering from retarded defecation with abdominal plethora. Lyc. Clin.

Constipation of emigrants or while travelling. Plat. Clin.

Constipation, resulting from unwise enemas of water and soap. Op. Clin.

Constipation. Dropsical diseases, depending on organic affections of liver; jaundice, with dull headache; constipation; foul tongue. Card. M. Clin.

Constipation. Lil. Tig. 1.

Constipation. Fissures of the anus, without constipation, acute pains shooting upwards. Ign. Clin.

Constipation in consequence of cold or from carriage riding. Ign. Clin.

Constipation. Hæmorrhoids, with constipation. Mag. M. Clin.

Constipation; fecal stools, completely enveloped in mucus. Op. Clin.

Constipation, especially with recurring sick headaches. Iris V. Clin.

Constipation. Chronic inflammation of the liver, with constipation; vomiting of green mucus. Plumb. Clin.

Constricted. Pain in hepatic region, extending downward and across umbilical region, as if constricted by a string. Chel. 6.

Constricted. Dried and constricted feeling in rectum during stool. Alum. 2.

Constricted. Tensive pain in morning on getting out of bed, especially in region of os pubis, with feeling as if hypogastrium were spasmodically constricted; sometimes as if distended; pains generally increasing and decreasing. Bell. 7.

Constricting. Lead colic; cutting in abdomen as from knives; constricting, spasmodic pains; pinching, griping pain as if the bowels were squeezed between stones; the patient doubles up or seeks relief by pressing the belly against the bed post or any hard object, or by lying on belly. Coloc. Clin.

Constriction. (*Abdomen.*) Griping in abdomen with constriction; soreness and dragging downward and outward. Bry. 5.

Constriction and weight in abdomen, with sensation as if everything would fall down, obliging him to walk carefully. Nux V. 5.

Constriction. Pinching constriction in upper abdomen after eating, extending to left side of abdomen and chest. Cocc. 5.

Constriction at level of attachments of diaphragm. Arn. 6.

Constriction. (*Anus.*) Stitches in rectum during and after stool, with spasmodic constriction in anus. Nit. Ac. 2.

Constriction of anus during stool, with tension and burning after dry stool. Sil. 3.

Constriction. Soreness in anus after a slimy discharge, as if skin were cracked, with constriction. Thuja 3.

Constriction of anus, with itching, burning all day; worse after urinating, with hard stool. Nit. Ac. 3.

Constriction. Burning and cutting in rectum, with constriction in anus; with itching in anus; crawling. Chel. 2.

Constriction. Excoriated feeling after a stool, attended with a contraction of rectum and constriction of anus. Alum. 3.

Constriction. Protrusion of rectum after stool, then painful constriction of anus. Lach. 2.

Constriction. Anus drawn up with constriction. Plumb. 3.

Constriction. Bleeding piles; spasmodic constriction of sphincter ani, with great forcing and great sensitiveness. Bell. Clin.

Constriction. Constipation from constriction of anus; hard stool like sheep's dung, passed only after hard straining. Berb. Clin.

Constriction. Constipation; torpor of bowels; feces hard, scanty, passed with difficulty from constriction of sphincter ani, and feeling as if much remained behind. Lyc. Clin.

Constriction. (*Hypochondrium.*) Sticking in hepatic region, with constriction. Nux V. 6.

Constriction in hepatic region, worse in the right, preventing deep breathing. Acon. 6.

Constriction of hypochondria, as from a band. Con. 6.

Constriction. Pain in right hypochondrium, contractive, worse in morning; then constriction in stomach, extending to chest; amelioration from eructations. Sep. 6.

Constriction. (*Hypogastrium.*) Constriction in hypogastrium, as from a stone, extending to bladder. Puls. 7.

Constriction transversely across umbilical region, as by a string; in afternoon till 6, above navel. Chel. 7.

Constriction in hypogastrium before passage of turbid urine. Chel. 7.

Constriction. Flatulent colic, with constriction around stomach and navel; incarcerated flatus; passes sour-smelling or fetid flatus. Natr. C. Clin.

Constriction. (*Miscellaneous.*) Diarrhœa; stools pasty, sour-smelling; then shivering, then urging, with constriction in intestines. Rheum 1.

Constriction in rectum during stool, with discharge of bright blood; after stool, with sensation as if some could not be evacuated; after eating, with tearing, sticking. Nux V. 2.

Constriction. Constipation, as from constriction of intestines; as from inactivity of rectum; stool hard, then sticking, as from hæmorrhoids. Nux V. 1.

Constriction. Griping in abdomen; then stool, with constriction in rectum. Phos. 5.

Constrictive pain below short ribs, extending into lumbar vertebræ. Camph. 5.

Constrictive. Feeling of distention of abdomen, with constrictive pain below umbilicus; the latter comes in jerks, obliging bending double. Bell. 7.

Constrictive. Squeezing, constrictive pain in lowermost intestines, alternately, with shoots or jerks in direction of perineum. Bell. 2.

Consumptives. Chronic diarrhœa in dyspeptics and consumptives, which is caused whenever taking fresh meat, fat foods, acids, sweets. Caust. Clin.

Contents. Distention of abdomen, but no power to expel its contents. Op. 5.

Contents. Pressure in hypogastrium as if contents would issue through genitals. Sep. 7.

Continual. Habitual costiveness, especially of old people; sensation as if the bowels would not move without the aid of laxatives; continual inclination, but often passes only fetid flatus. Phytol. Clin.

Contracted sensation in rectum during stool; stool difficult, hard, causing tearing in anus, so that it bleeds and pains as if sore. Natr. M. 2.

Contracted. Spasmodic motions of muscles of abdomen; contracted and sore to touch. Cupr. 5.

Contracted. Pain in anus caused by stool; contracted feeling during stool. Chel. 3.

Contracted. Cirrhosis of the liver; first enlarged and then contracted; hepatic region sensitive to pressure; continuing darting pain. Plumb. Clin.

Contraction of rectum so that it protrudes during hard stool. Lyc. 2.

Contraction. Frequent cutting deep in rectum; pain; sharp pain as from blind piles; contraction and soreness. Ign. 2.

Contractions. Painful contractions in anus. Acon. 3.

Contractions. Tenesmus; a constant pressing and urging towards anus and genitals, alternating with painful contractions of anus. Bell. 2.



## CONTRACTION.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## CRAMP-LIKE.

Contraction. Excoriated feeling after a stool, attended with a contraction of rectum and constriction of anus. Alum. 3.

Contraction. Pressure in morning in hypogastrium as if everything would be forced out towards organs of generation, with distention of abdomen, then contraction of abdomen; then discharge of white mucus from vagina. Bell. 7.

Contractive pain in anus, in afternoon, preventing sitting. Cocc. 3.

Contractive pain in hypogastrium like after-pains, with urging to stool. Con. 7.

Contractive sore pain in rectum from blind hæmorrhoids, one or two hours after stool; stools large or soft but passed with difficulty. Ign. Clin.

Contractive. Pain in right hypochondrium, contractive; worse in morning, then constriction in stomach extending to chest; amelioration from eructations. Sep. 6.

Convulsive. Horrible colics with tendency to collapse; convulsive vomiting; hicough. Cupr. Clin.

Cooking. Dysentery, bloody stool with deathly nausea from smelling cooking; watery stool; jelly-like mucus, with scrapings from intestines. Coleh. Clin.

Copious. (Stool.) Constipation on account of hardness and large size of stool; copious; frequent, with shivering. Ver. Alb. 1.

Copious. Diarrhœa; stool semi-fluid and frequent in morning; pappy, yellowish, green, copious, fetid. Sulf. 1.

Copious. Tenesmus in morning after waking; then a copious fluid stool. Sulf. 2.

Copious. Stool pasty, bright yellow, copious with much mucus and light gray. Chel. 1.

Copious. Stool thin, frothy, saffron-yellow, musty; smelling almost like burnt blotting-paper; copious, with discharge of much mucus. Coloc. 1.

Copious. Urging to a copious yellowish-brown, partly thin, sourish, offensive stool; then transient relief of colic; then two abundant stools in quick succession; first pappy, then fluid, with ulcerative pain in bowels. Coloc. 1.

Copious. Cholera or choleraic stools, not copious, with desire for warm food and drinks and horrible cramps in stomach and abdomen. Cupr. Clin.

Copious. Diarrhœa; lasting a long time, apparently without any weakening effect; stool white, gray, copious, painless, involuntary, with discharge of undigested substances. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Copious. Burning in rectum, with the evacuation of stool and urine; stools dry and large; then copious, pasty stools, with relief of all symptoms, except the confusion of head. Bry. 2.

Copious. Burning in rectum, in morning, after a copious stool. Calc. C. 2.

Copious blackish-brown, green and whitish stools. Apis 1.

Copious. White, tough mucus, with the stool like scrapings from the intestines, with streaks of blood; copious. Canth. 1.

Copious alvine evacuations. Ant. T. 1.

Copious diarrhœa, with vomiting; then watery and fetid stools. Apis 1.

Copious. Stool brown, liquid, fetid, copious. Arg. N. 1.

Copious. Tenesmus; then copious, thin or pap-like, sour-smelling stool, with relief. Arn. 2.

Copious. Sudden waking at 6 a. m., with copious, yellow, half-liquid stool, with urging in rectum. Arg. N. 1.

Copious. (Urine.) Diarrhœa; watery, frequent, with many empty eructations and copious urine. Con. 1.

Cord. Drawing, tensive pains in upper abdomen, extending through spermatic cord into testicles, which hang low down. Puls. 5.

Cord. Drawing burning in hypogastrium, extending from right ring, as if in spermatic cord, into right testicle. Staph. 7.

Cords. Pain in hypochondrium; in ring when coughing, extending into testicles, as if spermatic cords would be torn to pieces. Natr. M. 7.

Corrosive. Diarrhœa in morning after rising; stool dark; aggravation in morning and after dinner, scanty and corrosive, with griping. Nux. V. 1.

Corrosive. Glutinous exudation at night; acrid, corrosive moisture from anus. Carbo V. 3.

Corrosive. Oozing of corrosive ichor from rectum. Mere. C. 2.

Corrosive. Diarrhœa from abuse of intoxicating drinks or high living; stools frequent, small, corrosive, offensive, thin, brownish-green, fecal. Nux. V. Clin.

Corrosive. Stools profuse, putrid, corrosive, loose, brownish, frothy, black, offensive, undigested, white, cadaverous-smelling; worse at night. China Clin.

Corrosive. Chronic diarrhœa in cachectic, dyspeptic persons, stools light gray or brownish, corrosive, sometimes painless, with rumbling in bowels; colicky pains during and before stool and burning in anus after. Kali C. Clin.

Costiveness. Habitual costiveness, especially of old people; sensation as if the bowels would not move without the aid of laxatives; continual inclination but often passes only fetid flatus. Phytol. Clin.

Cough. Stitches in sides of abdomen during cough. Arn. 5.

Cough. Piles protruding and strangulated, or with stitches upward at each cough or sneeze. Iach. Clin.

Cough. Inflammation of hæmorrhoids; stitches; sore pain during cough; pain when walking. Kali C. 3.

Coughing. Pain above left hip as if it would burst there on coughing. Caust. 7.

Coughing. Enlarged spleen which is painful on coughing. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Coughing. Soreness in abdomen as if beaten, or as after purgatives, on touch and on coughing. Ferr. 5.

Coughing. Pain in hypogastrium; in ring when coughing, extending into testicles, as if spermatic cords would be torn to pieces. Natr. M. 7.

Coughing. Diarrhœa; involuntary stool when coughing; suitable to old persons; to scrofulous and phthisical patients. Phos. Clin.

Coughing. Acute pain in hepatic region; worse from pressure, breathing, coughing, and lying on the right side. Bell. Clin.

Covered. Hard, crumbling, scanty stool; covered with mucus. Amm. Mur. 1.

Covered. Stools contain glassy, tough mucus; covered with mucus. Amm. Mur. 1.

Covered. Hard stool and covered with streaks of blood; knotty, enveloped in thick mucus, then a soft one enveloped in mucus. Mag. M. 1.

Covered. Anus red, inflamed and covered with red veins, with burning during stool. Sulf. 3.

Covered. Asiatic cholera, particularly with the icy coldness and intolerance of being covered. Secale Clin.

Covered. Constipation; accumulation of large masses of feces, which are covered with mucus; the anus is fissured; the cracks bleed and ulcerate. Graph. Clin.

Covered. Intestinal catarrh, with much burning in the bowels; stools covered with mucus. Puls. Clin.

Covered. Constipation, with hard, crumbly stool, or the feces are covered with glairy mucus and are accompanied by a discharge of a quantity of mucus and much flatus. Amm. Mur. Clin.

Covered. Constipation; bowels obstructed from induration of feces, which are so dry that they crumble as they pass the anus; like sheep's dung, covered with blood and mucus. Mag. M. Clin.

Covered. Colic; scanty urine, with pallor, sunken features and staggering, pupils dilated, lips bluish, face covered with clammy sweat; pulse thready. Hell. 5.

Crying. Green stool, preceded by crying; frequent and easy. Borax 1.

Cracked. Soreness in anus after a slimy discharge, as if skin were cracked, with constriction. Thuja 3.

Cracks. Constipation; accumulation of large masses of feces, which are covered with mucus; the anus is fissured; the cracks bleed and ulcerate. Graph. Clin.

Cramp in rectum all the forenoon; a griping and sticking with anxiety, so that she must walk about. Calc. C. 2.

Cramping pain above umbilicus. Diosc. 7.

Cramping. Hæmorrhoids intensely painful; boring cramping from anus to rectum and testicles; protrude during stool, become incarcerated and suppurate. Sil. Clin.

Cramp-like. Boring, cramp-like pain in anus extending into rectum and testicles. Sil. 3.



**CRAMP-LIKE.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****CUTTING.**

Cramp-like. Pinching or cramp-like pressure transversely across abdomen in region of pit of stomach after eating. Cina 5.

Cramp-like pain in hypochondria alternating with oppression of chest and difficult breathing. Zinc. 6.

Cramp-like pain above pubis in afternoon, with frequent urging to urinate. Chel. 7.

Cramp-like. Enlargement of liver; feeling as of a hard tumor in region of umbilicus, with cramp-like pain in hepatic region. Zinc. Clin.

Cramps in abdomen; aggravation in evening and night, with coldness in thighs. Calc. C. 5.

Cramps in rectum like labor-pains, and in small of back. Lyc. 2.

Cramps in abdomen; intussusception of the bowels; abdomen drawn in. Cupr. Clin.

Cramps. Cholera or choleric stools, not copious, with desire for warm food and drinks, and horrible cramps in stomach and abdomen. Cupr. Clin.

Cramps. Diarrhœa is generally painless, associated with cold feeling in abdomen, but sometimes with cramps. Grat. Clin.

Crampy. Colic; crampy pains following a fit of anger or following operations about the abdomen, after lithotomy. Staph. Clin.

Crawling in rectum in evening when sitting, with biting as from worms; itching during the day. Sulf. 2.

Crawling, burning, itching in and about anus. Berb. 3.

Crawling tenesmus in anus as in diarrhœa every evening before sleep. Plat. 3.

Crawling, itching, burning in anus during stool. Zinc. 3.

Crawling in anus as of thread-worms. Crocus 3.

Crawling in rectum as from thread-worms. Ign. 2.

Crawling in rectum and complaints of ascarides. Carbo V. 1.

Crawling. Burning and cutting in rectum with constriction in anus; with itching in anus; crawling. Chel. 2.

Crawling in rectum as from pin worms. Calc. C. 2.

Cried. Pain about umbilicus, causing him to bend forward; aggravation from touch, attempting to raise himself or to lie on back, and cried out that his intestines were burning. Ars. A. 7.

Croaking in abdomen as of frogs. Coloc. 5.

Crossing. Pain in pelvis, beginning in sacrum and passing forward and down to right knee at 7:30 a. m.; relieved by pressing against something hard; the pelvic pain relieved by crossing the limbs. Sep. 7.

Crouching. Frequent urging in rectum, with prolapsus and emission of flatus; stooping, and still more crouching down, caused protrusion. Ruta 2.

Crumble. Constipation; bowels obstructed from induration of feces, which are so dry that they crumble as they pass the anus; like sheep's dung, covered with blood and mucus. Mag. M. Clin.

Crumble. Constipation in persons of sedentary habits from atony of lower intestines; stools hard, dry; crumble when passing, with great straining and causing prolapse of rectum. Pod. Clin.

Crumbling. Constipation; stool small, hard, often crumbling with pressure and clawing in anus; unsatisfactory. Zinc. 1.

Crumbling. Hard, crumbling, scanty, stool, covered with mucus. Amm. Mur. 1.

Crumbly. Stool hard, like sheep-dung, and difficult; nodular, with pain in rectum; crumbly, as if burnt. Mag. M. 1.

Crumbly. Constipation; stool hard and dark brown, in small pieces, with loss of appetite; stool gray and crumbly and unsatisfactory. Op. 1.

Crumbly. Constipation; stool hard and crumbly and unsatisfactory, difficult; with pain as if rectum would burst, then bleeding of hemorrhoidal vessels and pain in rectum, with frequent micturition. Natr. M. 1.

Crumbly. Infantile constipation after an attack of diarrhœa; stools hard, crumbly, clayey. Pod. Clin.

Crumbly. Constipation, with hard, crumbly stool, or the feces are covered with glairy mucus and are accompanied by a discharge of a quantity of mucus and much flatus. Amm. Mur. Clin.

Curd. Children's stools white, dry, with hard lumps of curd. Ant. Cr. Clin.

Curdled. Cholera infantum, with vomiting of sour food or curdled lumps. Calc. C. Clin.

Curds. Diarrhœa; stool like scum of a frog pond, green, frothy; white masses like lumps of tallow floating on the green; sour-smelling, undigested, containing curds. Mag. C. Clin.

Curdy. Cholera infantum; stools whitish, curdy, turning green on the diaper on exposure to air; sour smell of whole body especially during teething. Rheum Clin.

Cut. Tearing in hepatic region as if stones would cut their way out, with diarrhœa, always preceded by an agreeable sensation in the stomach. Nux Mos. 6.

Cut. Violent colic as if the bowels would be cut to pieces. Ant. T. Clin.

Cut. Fissure of the anus, with constant oozing of fetid moisture; with raw smarting, as if cut with a knife. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Cutaneous. Hemorrhoids from a suppressed cutaneous eruption. Aloe Clin.

Cutting. (Abdomen.) Pinching in abdomen as if bowels were pressed inwards; amelioration from pressure and bending inward, with cutting, extending towards pubic region; so severe below navel that facial muscles were distorted and eyes drawn together as if squeezed between stones. Coloc. 5.

Cutting in abdomen. Arg. M. 5.

Cutting, griping pain in abdomen. Agar. 5.

Cutting. Stool of blood and mucus, with pain and tenesmus, frequent day and night, with cutting in abdomen and almost ineffectual tenesmus. Merc. C. 1.

Cutting pain in abdomen with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulent here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus the more difficult it is to pass. Ver. Alb. 5.

Cutting. Distress in umbilical region and in hypogastric regions, with intermittent cutting in stomach and small intestines. Diosc. 7.

Cutting griping in abdomen with constipation. Op. 5.

Cutting. Abdomen distended and tense, with rumbling and cutting. Hep. 5.

Cutting in abdomen, then leucorrhœa, with griping at various times; sometimes when yawning after breakfast or with cutting after dinner. Zinc. 5.

Cutting. Diarrhœa at night, with cutting in intestines; stool like brown yeast. Arn. 1.

Cutting low down in abdomen, penetrating into pelvis; worse from retracting walls of abdomen, with urging to stool. Puls. 7.

Cutting. Diarrhœa, with coldness of extremities, with vomiting and prostration; with tearing and cutting in abdomen; stool dark; bloody-colored, black mucus; offensive, yellow, with tenesmus and burning pain in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 1.

Cutting in abdomen during menses, obliging him to sit bent over, pressing with both hands, or to lean far back; as before diarrhœa. Kali C. 5.

Cutting. Diarrhœa in morning; then burning in anus; aggravation at night, preceded by cutting in abdomen, then prickling and burning in anus; stool smelling like old cheese. Bry. 1.

Cutting in abdomen like an electric shock. Coloc. 5.

Cutting. Sudden cutting in abdomen, relieved after profuse pasty stools, with digging, compelling him to bend double. Bry. 5.

Cutting in abdomen, rather than sticking with salivation before menses, with drawing in thighs. Cham. 5.

Cutting. Distention of abdomen at night, relieved by emission of flatus; rumbling all day with gurgling, movements and cutting. Mag. C. 5.

Cutting in abdomen after dinner, relieved by bending over; aggravation from standing. Rheum 5.

Cutting. Stool of bloody mucus, with cutting in abdomen, and tenesmus. Merc. 1.

Cutting. Distention of abdomen with rumbling; cutting with diarrhœa, as from taking cold, with pressure; with retching. Petr. 5.

Cutting in abdomen in morning with emission of flatus, as from flatulence in evening before eating. Puls. 5.

Cutting all through abdomen in morning, aggravated by walking. Diosc. 5.



## CUTTING.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## CUTTING.

Cutting in abdomen in morning in bed; griping at night, with pain before stool. Nit. Ac. 5.

Cutting in abdomen before emission of flatus. Con. 5.

Cutting. Griping in umbilical region; then cutting in abdomen, across right lumbar region, extending to back. Chel. 7.

Cutting in abdomen after eating; jerk-like. Chel. 5.

Cutting in abdomen, towards evening, during stool; after stool shivering. Canth. 5.

Cutting. Fetid flatus, with cutting, pinching, then diarrhoea, with pain in abdomen on every attempt to eat. Calc. Ph. 5.

Cutting. Stitches in abdomen, extending into the vagina; tearing; cutting. Ars. A. 5.

Cutting in abdomen. Arn. 5.

Cutting. Pain in abdomen, with frequent cutting in stomach and small intestines; with emission of much flatus. Diosc. 5.

Cutting in abdomen on appearance of menses; aggravation from motion, with tearing in back and small of back; during menstruation, with diarrhoea. Caust. 5.

Cutting, with heaviness across lower abdomen; ineffectual retchings; then ineffectual tendency to diarrhoea; difficult vomiting; trembling in abdomen and bending together; then two diarrhoeic stools, the last like water. Ant. T. 5.

Cutting. Dysentery; almost constant cutting pains in abdomen, with ineffectual pressing, straining and tenesmus; discharges of bloody slime day and night; severe pains in rectum continue after stool. Merc. C. Clin.

Cutting. Diarrhoea; stools involuntary, green, mucous or mushy; undigested, with cutting in abdomen before, tenesmus during, and burning after stool; worse after eating and drinking. Laur. Clin.

Cutting. Lead colic; cutting in abdomen as from knives; constricting spasmodic pains; pinching, griping sensation, as if the bowels were squeezed between stones; the patient doubles up or seeks relief by pressing the belly against the bed post or any hard object, or by lying on belly. Coloc. Clin.

Cutting. Flatulent colic; the incarcerated flatus causes much pain, as it cannot pass; colicky pains on the right side of the abdomen, extending into the bladder; cutting pains across abdomen from right to left. Lye. Clin.

Cutting. Diarrhoea of anæmic and hysterical women, mostly during night; stools greenish, pasty, with tenesmus and cutting in abdomen. Mag. M. Clin.

Cutting. (*Anus*.) Stool hard, in shape of laurel berries; difficult, with cutting in anus, as if too narrow; then a stream of blood followed by soreness in anus along rectum. Alum. 1.

Cutting. Constipation painless, stools hard masses, scanty, enveloped in mucus, with pricking cutting in anus. Nit. Ac. 1.

Cutting. Expulsion of pieces of mucus, with tenesmus and cutting in anus as from blind hæmorrhoids. Ars. A. 1.

Cutting. Sticking cutting in anus after stool. Aloe 3.

Cutting. Burning smarting in anus some hours after stool, with cutting as in sore; biting in evening with sore pain, Nux V. 3.

Cutting. Stitches in anus, with tearing, cutting and burning. Kali C. 3.

Cutting. Constipation; stool retarded on account of lack of peristaltic action; hard, scanty stool, with cutting and burning in anus. Staph. Clin.

Cutting. (*Hypochondrium*.) Pain in liver when walking, changing to heaviness; cutting, drawing, burning pain in liver. Kali C. 6.

Cutting. Soreness over the region of the liver, with cutting pains and vomiting of bile. Iris V. Clin.

Cutting. Sticking cutting pain in hepatic region. Coloc. 6.

Cutting. (*Hypogastrium*.) Cutting pain in hypogastrium, now here now there. Bell. 7.

Cutting low down in hypogastric region. Hyos. 7.

Cutting in hypogastrium in morning with a thin stool. Sulf. 7.

Cutting. Colic in hypogastrium as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. Nux V. 7.

Cutting in hypogastrium, with incarceration of flatus; pain at every step. Sil. 7.

Cutting in hypogastrium, as if everything would be torn to pieces; deep down, then higher up; sticking. Kali C. 7.

Cutting pain in hypogastrium mornings, with nausea, sweetish, disgusting taste; weakness and sleepiness; cutting, rising to upper abdomen, where it amounted to griping. Nux V. 7.

Cutting. Pinching; increasing to cutting pain in hypogastrium in morning before, during and after diarrhoea. Ars. A. 7.

Cutting. (*Rectum*.) Stinging cutting in rectum. Sil. 2.

Cutting in rectum during normal stool. Sulf. 2.

Cutting. Frequent cutting deep in rectum; pain; sharp pain as from blind piles; contraction and soreness. Ign. 2.

Cutting. Diarrhoea in evening, at night, with cutting and pressure in rectum; with streaks of blood; stools of green mucus, with burning and protrusion of anus; with cutting and griping. Merc. 1.

Cutting. (*Umbilicus*.) Stool yellow and green; diarrhoea mixed with mucus, preceded by cutting around umbilicus. Gamb. 1.

Cutting. Burning and cutting in rectum, with constriction in anus, with itching in anus; crawling. Chel. 2.

Cutting. Single cutting stitches in rectum. Graph. 3.

Cutting. Scraping, sticking, cutting in rectum and anus during stool, with dragging. Nit. Ac. 2.

Cutting. Constipation; desire for stool, but little passes; feels as if it stayed in the rectum and could not be expelled; ineffectual urging, with sharp, splinter-like, cutting pains. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Cutting. Colic with cutting twisting about navel and passage of tough mucus like diarrhoea, at times mixed with black blood; after every stool thirst, and after every drink shivering. Caps. 7.

Cutting. Griping in umbilical region, worse from eating fruit, with cutting and general chill. Coloc. 7.

Cutting. Pain in umbilical region in morning, with profuse thin, yellow stool, not relieving the pain, with frequent cutting through all small intestines. Diosc. 7.

Cutting about umbilicus. Kali C. 7.

Cutting about umbilicus with shivering. Ipec. 7.

Cutting in umbilical region after eating with tenesmus. Coloc. 7.

Cutting. (*Miscellaneous*.) Yellow, watery diarrhoea, with tearing cutting before stool as after taking cold. Dule. 1.

Cutting. Diarrhoea frequent, with cutting and pressure; stools green, frothy, mucous. Mag. C. 1.

Cutting. Stools may be black, brown, burning, putrid, brought on by eating or drinking; aggravated after midnight, preceded by most violent, burning and cutting pains and followed by extreme exhaustion. Ars. A. 1.

Cutting. Swelling of inguinal glands, with sticking and cutting. Thuja 7.

Cutting. Diarrhoea; violent, painful, green, with cutting and tenesmus. Cupr. 1.

Cutting in a spot in left hypochondrium in morning. Mag. M. 6.

Cutting before stool, with griping. Mag. C. 5.

Cutting. Stools offensive, with offensive flatus; frequent, of only mucus; at times with cutting and urging. Nit. Ac. 1.

Cutting. Diarrhoea, with great prostration and collapse at the very commencement of the disease; cutting pains, with a loose discharge of dark brown or black feces, like coffee-grounds; rice-water stools. Camph. Clin.

Cutting. Diarrhoea, with cutting, pressing pains before and during stool; with drawing pain in rectum after stool, continuing for hours; stools green, slimy, with flakes of false membranes; undigested, putrid; fetid; sour-smelling. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Cutting. Diarrhoea; stool yellowish, slimy; cutting pain before and after, with itching of anus when sitting. Staph. Clin.



## CUTTING.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## DAY.

Cutting. Diarrhœa; stool preceded by excessive cutting around about the navel, and expelled all at once after considerable urging and followed by a feeling of great relief. Gamb. Clin.

Cutting. Shifting of flatus, with sharp, cutting colic; with nausea. Ant. T. Clin.

Cutting. Flatulent colic from acids with frequent loose stools; cutting, almost constantly running from left to right. Ipec. Clin.

Cutting. Exhausting diarrhœa; stools slimy, like chopped eggs, thin yellow, profuse and putrid; undigested, with cutting and urging during stool. Nux Mos. Clin.

Cutting. Violent, flatulent colic; generally relieved by walking about; aggravated by lying down at night; pains are generally cutting, twisting; amelioration from pressure; generally radiate from the abdomen to the back into chest and arms. Diosc. Clin.

Daily. Diarrhœa daily after breakfast, from vaccination; stool pale yellow, watery or oily and greasy, forcibly expelled, gurgling like water from a bung-hole. Thuja Clin.

Damp. Piles feel damp, painful to touch, itch violently; needle-like pains at anus. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Damp. Diarrhœa alternating with rheumatism; stools sour-smelling, when the weather suddenly changes from warm to cold; damp weather. Dule. Clin.

Damp. Chronic diarrhœa, worse sometime after rising and moving about; after a protracted spell of damp, cold weather or from living in damp houses. Natr. S. Clin.

Damp. Dysentery from cold, damp weather, rectum protrudes; stools very slimy. Dule. Clin.

Damp. Diarrhœa in hot, damp weather in the fall; vomiting and purging of rice-water stools, varying in color; green, yellow, reddish, variegated; slime and feces mixed. Colch. Clin.

Damp. Diarrhœa driving out of bed very early in the morning; want of confidence in sphincter ani; worse immediately after eating; aggravated in mornings in hot, damp weather. Aloe Clin.

Dark. (Stools.) Stool hard, with urging and sticking in anus; lumpy, with threads of mucus; dark, half-digested, of intolerable odor. Graph. 1.

Dark. Diarrhœa in morning after rising; stool dark; aggravation in morning and after dinner; scanty and corrosive with griping. Nux V. 1.

Dark. Diarrhœa; stool thin, olive-green, exhausting, pernicious, offensive, frequent, brown, slimy; next day fetid and dark. Secale 1.

Dark. Diarrhœa, with coldness of extremities, with vomiting and prostration; with tearing and cutting in abdomen; stool dark; bloody-colored, black mucus; offensive; yellow, with tenesmus and burning pain in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 1.

Dark. Constipation; stool small, dark and difficult, apparently from inactivity of rectum. Phos. 1.

Dark. Pain in abdomen; then discharge of dark mucus, causing biting, burning in anus as before diarrhœa from taking cold; in morning on slightest uncovering during sweat. Nux V. 5.

Dark. Stool, preceded by cold pain low down in pelvis; feces mixed with mucus and dark, clotted blood, followed by tenesmus. Merc. C. 1.

Diarrhœa after fright or sudden joy; offensive, involuntary, watery, frothy, dark stools. Op. Clin.

Dark. Constipation of long standing; no urging; stools composed of a few hard, round, dark balls; rectum inactive. Op. Clin.

Dark. Diarrhœa between midnight and morning, with sensation, as of something pulling at the navel; stool watery, dark, offensive, profuse, involuntary or mucous and bloody. Plumb. Clin.

Dark. Diarrhœa; of malarial origin, or after chilling the stomach with cold substances; stools generally dark, scanty, watery or mucous; sometimes bloody. Ars. A. Clin.

Dark. Jaundice, with clear urine, offensive, tongue white; stools dark. Chel. Clin.

Dark. Dysentery of bloody mucus, like scrapings of the intestines; involuntary; putrid; dark. Carbol. Ac. Clin.

Dark. Chronic diarrhœa; cannot urinate without having a stool, or the stools became dark and fetid; worse after eating. Apis Clin.

Dark. Diarrhœa, in low types of malarial fever; evacuations horribly offensive; thin, fecal, usually dark. Bapt. Clin.

Dark. (Miscellaneous.) Stool white, with dark urine. China 1.

Dark. Hæmorrhage from bowels in typhoid; dark, venous. Arn. Clin.

Dark brown. Diarrhœa; stool fluid, dark brown, foul-smelling, preceded by colic; green, bilious diarrhœa, mixed with mucus. Psor. 1.

Dark brown. Constipation; stool hard and dark brown, in small pieces, with loss of appetite; stool gray and crumbly and unsatisfactory. Op. 1.

Dark brown. Diarrhœa, with great prostration and collapse at the very commencement of the disease; cutting pains, with a loose discharge of dark brown or black feces, like coffee-grounds; rice-water stools. Camph. Clin.

Dark brown. Stools hard, dark brown or black; dry, as if burnt. Bry. Clin.

Dark brown. Diarrhœa; stools dark brown, semi-liquid, bilious, offensive; aggravation in morning and forenoon, with tenesmus of bladder and rectum during stool, preceded by constant dragging and bearing down. Lil. Tig. Clin.

Dark brown. Diarrhœa; stools horribly offensive, nearly painless, involuntary, dark brown, black, watery or green mucus. Psor. Clin.

Dark-colored. Constipation, with ineffectual urging; amelioration after drinking milk; stools hard, knotty, dark-colored; constipation alternating with diarrhœa. Iod. Clin.

Dark-green. Small stool after colic, with tenesmus, first of dark-green feces, then of dark-green mucus. Ars. A. 1.

Dark-green. Diarrhœa with much wind; stools profuse, dark green, brown, gelatinous; worse after eating; from fruit, from lager beer; from abuse of Opium, with intolerable itching of anus during typhoid fever. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Dark yellow. Diarrhœa; stools jelly-like, dark yellow, red, watery, with lumps of transparent mucus; bloody water like washings of beef. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Dark yellow. Diarrhœa, with constant rumbling and gurgling in abdomen; stools dark yellow, undigested, very offensive; stools of yellow water, with meal-like sediment; worse night and morning after eating. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Darting. Hæmorrhoids, with darting pain shooting to liver; look like bunches of grapes; with great pain and distress. Diosc. Clin.

Darting. Gall-stone colic; terrible darting pains; intolerance of garments about the waist. Calc. C. Clin.

Darting. Cirrhosis of the liver; first enlarged and then contracted; hepatic region sensitive to pressure; continuing darting pain. Plumb. Clin.

Day. Crawling in rectum in evening when sitting, with biting, as from worms; itching during the day. Sulf. 2.

Day. Stool of blood and mucus, with pain and tenesmus; frequent day and night, with cutting in abdomen and almost ineffectual tenesmus. Merc. C. 1.

Day. Itching in region of anus during day and evening before sleep. Mezer. 3.

Day. Sticking in anus during the day. Sul. 3.

Day. Constriction of anus, with itching, burning all day, worse after urinating, with hard stool. Nit. Ac. 3.

Day. Watery stool through the day; yellow, painless, with rumbling. Iris V. 1.

Day. Frequent tenesmus during the day without ability to expel anything. Anac. 2.

Day. Swelling of hæmorrhoidal veins, with discharge of bloody slime by day and night. Thuja 3.

Day. Distention of abdomen all day after eating; fermentation. Rhus Tox. 5.

Day. Constipation; stool every second day. Mag. C. 1.

Day. Distention of abdomen at night, relieved by emission of flatus; rumbling all day with gurgling; movements and cutting. Mag. C. 5.

Day. Dysentery; almost constant cutting pains in abdomen with ineffectual pressing, straining and tenesmus; discharges of bloody slime day and night; severe pains in rectum continue after stool. Merc. C. Clin.



## DAY.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## DESIRE.

Day. Constipation; hard stool every other day or every three or four days. Cocc. Clin.

Day. Constipation; ineffectual urging to stool, with small discharges or only flatus passes; stool only every second day. Mag. C. Clin.

Days. Constipation, in spite of frequent straining; or following days hard, difficult, unsatisfactory stool. Sil. 1.

Days. Constipation; stool blackish; scanty, like sheep-dung; painful; only once in eight or ten days, or green in balls, often hard. Plumb. 1.

Days. Constipation; stool hard and difficult; only every two, three or four days. Sulf. 1.

Days. Aggravation of internal piles, with protrusion of rectum after stool; sometimes prolapsed for days, owing to the swelling and congestion. Pod. 2.

Days. Chronic diarrhœa; green liquid stools, always mucous and bloody; no emission of flatus for six days. Ratan. Clin.

Days. Diarrhœa on alternate days. Alum. Clin.

Days. Constipation for days; no desire; no urging; the rectum becomes filled and seems entirely paralyzed. Nux Mos. Clin.

Daytime. Diarrhœa always in daytime, never at night, but has stools early in the morning; hunger immediately after stool from weak, empty feeling in bowels; stools profuse, gushing, mucous, yellowish brown, with colic. Petr. Clin.

Deathly. Painless cholera morbus, with deathly nausea, weakness and prostration; aggravation from the smell or sight of food. Colch. Clin.

Deathly. Dysentery; bloody stool, with deathly nausea from smelling cooking; watery stool; jelly-like mucus, with scrapings from intestines. Colch. Clin.

Debility. Autumnal, bilious diarrhœa; exhaustion and debility from the start. Iris V. Clin.

Debility. Diarrhœa of drunkards on their last legs; great debility and nervous prostration; a sensation of trembling all over the body; stools lemon-colored, chopped, frothy, mucous, stringy, offensive, watery, with burning in rectum during stool. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Decayed. Diarrhœa; stools white, sour, undigested; are sometimes mucous, yellow or green and of a decayed odor. Hep. Clin.

Decomposed. Diarrhœa in spring, when warm weather sets in; stools very offensive, undigested, watery, chocolate-colored, consisting of decomposed blood, looking like charred straw. Lach. Clin.

Decomposed. Hæmorrhage from the bowels in typhoid fever, consisting of decomposed blood. Lach. Clin.

Decreasing. Tensive pain in morning on getting out of bed, especially in region of os pubis, with feeling as if hypogastrium were spasmodically constricted; sometimes as if distended; pains generally increasing and decreasing. Bell. 7.

Deep. (*Breathing.*) Sticking in hypochondria on deep breathing. Sulf. 6.

Deep. Pain in right hypochondrium, with sensitiveness, the latter aggravated by hard pressure and deep inspiration. Bry. 6.

Deep. Tensive pain in hepatic region, in right, below false ribs; aggravated on deep inspiration. Bry. 6.

Deep. Constriction in hepatic region; worse in right, preventing deep breathing. Acon. 6.

Deep. Stitches in hepatic region, hindering deep breathing. Acon. 6.

Deep. Stitches in hypochondrium when walking in open air; also with tension in right hypochondrium as if hepatic region would burst open; at 4 p. m.; on deep breathing while sitting. Natr. S. 6.

Deep. (*In Rectum.*) Coarse sticking in anus, extending deep into rectum. Ign. 3.

Deep. Frequent cutting deep in rectum; pain sharp; pain as from blind piles; contraction and soreness. Ign. 2.

Deep. Chronic dysentery; discharges like meat washings; severe tenesmus; burning pain deep in rectum. Pod. Clin.

Deep. (*Miscellaneous.*) Cutting in hypogastrium as if everything would be torn to pieces; deep down, then higher up; sticking. Kali C. 7.

Deep-seated, digging pain within hips, on both sides, as in dysentery, with nausea and drowsiness. Arn. 7.

Defecation. Constipation in elderly people of the higher class suffering from retarded defecation, with abdominal plethora. Lyc. Clin.

Degeneration. Hyperæmia; at first enlargement, fatty degeneration, and finally atrophy of the liver, with jaundice and dropsy. Phos. Clin.

Delayed. Cutting pain in abdomen, with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulent here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus the more difficult it is to pass. Ver. Alb. 5.

Delayed. Stool offensive, involuntary, delayed. Op. 1.

Delirium. Ascarides, with delirium; screaming. Apis Clin.

Delirium. Yellow, watery diarrhœa; nearly odorless, involuntary, passed in bed unconsciously, especially during sleep; a typhoid state, with delirium. Hyos. Clin.

Dentition. Diarrhœa during first dentition, with much wind; after vexation; containing white points or flakes like pus; offensive, with much flatulence. Calc. Ph. 1.

Dentition. Stools looking like lumps of chalk, in children during dentition; hard, undigested; bleeding from anus after stool. Calc. C. Clin.

Dentition. Diarrhœa during pregnancy; during dentition; during meningitis; tuberculosa. Hell. Clin.

Depressed. Colic, originating in a depressed or excessive bilious attack. Pod. Clin.

Depression. Nervous diarrhœa, from depression of the nerve centres; stools loose, papescent, enveloped in bright red, foamy blood, preceded by colic, with burning at the anus during and after stool. Zinc. Clin.

Depression. Hard stool, with depression of mind, causing headache and vertigo in old people. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Depression. Chronic congestion of the liver, with depression of spirits; stitches and burning in right hypochondrium. Amm. Mur. Clin.

Derangement. Functional derangement of liver, often preceded by migraine; constant aching pain in right side of abdomen. Sep. Clin.

Derangements of the liver, with yellow eyes and skin; nausea and headache. Iris V. Clin.

Derangements. Liver enormous; enlarged; jaundice, with clay-colored stools; chronic derangements of liver. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Desiccation. Chronic atrophy of liver, with emaciation and desiccation of body; sticking in region of liver, so that he could not breathe nor eructate. Merc. 6.

Desire. (*Stool.*) Diarrhœa; stool scanty, chiefly of blood and mucus, with constant desire; offensive, slimy, blackish. Merc. C. 1.

Desire. Constant ineffectual desire, but discharge of only mucus from rectum, with chilliness of body. Sil. 1.

Desire. Bearing-down pains in hypogastrium, worse when walking, with weight low down in vagina; with constant desire for stool, but with every effort at stool only urine was discharged. Lil. Tig. 7.

Desire. Frequent desire in rectum for stool. Hyos. 2.

Desire. Frequent and successful desire for stool in the lower part of the rectum, with expulsion of a small quantity of soft stool. Arg. M. 2.

Desire. Inactivity of rectum and inability to evacuate feces; constant ineffectual desire after stool. Nit. Ac. 2.

Desire. Gripping in abdomen with constant desire for stool, but little is evacuated. Merc. 5.

Desire for stool in rectum in evening with gripping in hypogastrium, then large moist, at last thin, sour stool, after which he was relieved but felt weak. Dulc. 2.

Desire in rectum for stool after a meal; desire increased when moving about, then thin, offensive stool with colic; then ineffectual tenesmus, later another stool; after rising from stool the urging which had gradually subsided, returned more violent than ever. Rheum. 2.

Desire in rectum as if diarrhœa would occur. Puls. 2.



## DESIRE.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## DIARRHŒA.

Desire. Sensation in hypogastrium as if a hard body pressed backward and downward against rectum and anus; the desire for stool aggravated when standing. Lil. Tig. 7.

Desire. Constipation from lead poisoning; frequent desire, but small evacuations with great effort. Plat. Clin.

Desire. Constipation; frequent and unsuccessful desire for stool; insufficient; inactivity of bowels; retarded stool from inactivity of rectum. Kali C. Clin.

Desire. Diarrhœa; frequent desire for stool, with chilliness and nausea; stools offensive, painless, fluid, scanty, putrid, with biting, burning sensation in anus. Sil. Clin.

Desire for stool whenever she lies on left side. Phos. Clin.

Desire. Constipation for days; no desire, no urging; the rectum becomes filled and seems entirely paralyzed. Nux Mos. Clin.

Desire. Cholera infantum; great desire for indigestible things, like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken, flabby; emaciation; stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Desire. Constipation; desire for stool, but little passes; feels as if it stayed in the rectum and could not be expelled; ineffectual urging, with sharp, splinter-like, cutting pains. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Desire. Frequent tenesmus for many days without being able to pass anything; great urgent desire for stool, but on sitting down the desire immediately passes off without an evacuation. Anac. Clin.

Desire. (*Food.*) Diarrhœa with profuse sweat, with desire for eating and drinking; stool frequent and painful; watery; involuntary. Ver. Alb. 1.

Desire. Cholera or choleraic stools, not copious, with desire for warm food and drinks, and horrible cramps in stomach and abdomen. Cupr. Clin.

Despair. Pain in abdomen; better after stool, with unbearable anxiety, so that he rolled about the floor and despaired of his life. Ars. A. 5.

Despondency. Constipation in sad, desponding and hypochondriac persons; frequent urging but insufficient stool, though the feces are not hard; worse from starchy or vegetable food. Natr. C. Clin.

Determination of blood to large intestines. Aloe 7.

Development of a tendency to inguinal hernia. Nux V. 7.

Diaper. Cholera infantum; stools whitish, curdy, turning green on the diaper on exposure to air; sour smelling of whole body, especially during teething. Rheum Clin.

Diaphragm. Constriction at level of attachments of diaphragm. Arn. 6.

Diarrhœa containing undigested food; painless; recurring when eating or drinking. Ferr. Clin.

Diarrhœa. (*After Eating or Drinking.*) Diarrhœa after eating, of undigested feces; also passed in several pieces; then ineffectual urging, with biting, burning pain in anus and colic before and after every stool. China 1.

Diarrhœa. Feeling in rectum as if he would have diarrhœa as soon as he drank anything, but only a little passed every time. Caps. 2.

Diarrhœa immediately after drinking. Arg. N. Clin.

Diarrhœa with constant rumbling and gurgling in abdomen; stools dark yellow, undigested, very offensive; stools of yellow water, with meal-like sediment; worse night and morning after eating. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Diarrhœa; stool like chopped eggs; of yellow mucus sometimes frothy, extremely fetid; aggravation from eating oysters. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Diarrhœa just after breakfast; the passage at first formed then loose, with burning in anus. Borax Clin.

Diarrhœa watery, green, frothy, gushing out with force; resulting from drinking excessive quantities of water. Grat. Clin.

Diarrhœa. (*Alternating with Constipation.*) Diarrhœa alternating with constipation. Plumb. 1.

Diarrhœa. Alternating diarrhœa and constipation, especially in old people. Ant. Cr. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Alternations of diarrhœa and constipation. Ign. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Constipation with ineffectual urging; amelioration after drinking milk; stools hard, knotty, dark-colored; constipation alternating with diarrhœa. Iod. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Alternate constipation and diarrhœa. Nux V. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Constipation alternating with diarrhœa. Card. M. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Alternation of diarrhœa and constipation; stool like sheep's dung. Chel. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Obstinate constipation, especially if it alternates with diarrhœa; with stool, followed by tremulous weakness. Con. Clin.

Diarrhœa; stools of jelly-like mucus, like frog's spawn, generally with tenesmus; sometimes profuse, watery, alternating with constipation. Hell. Clin.

Diarrhœa. (*Blood.*) Diarrhœa; stool liquid, with mucus, red and yellow, gelatinous, tinged with blood, preceded by lassitude. Rhus Tox. 1.

Diarrhœa, profuse, bloody, containing mucous membrane and clots of blood. Phos. 1.

Diarrhœa; stools green or bloody, the anus remaining constantly open. Phos. Clin.

Diarrhœa; stools jelly-like, dark yellow, red, watery, with lumps of transparent mucus; bloody water, like washings of beef. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Diarrhœa alternating with rheumatism; stool sour-smelling; when the weather suddenly changes from warm to cold; damp weather. Dule. Clin.

Diarrhœa of green mucus and blood. Bell. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Dysenteric diarrhœa consisting of bloody mucus followed by much pressing; weak and dizzy after stool. Petr. Clin.

Diarrhœa; stool like scum of a frog pond, green, frothy; white masses like lumps of tallow floating on the green; sour-smelling, undigested, containing curds. Mag. C. Clin.

Diarrhœa. (*Chronic.*) Chronic diarrhœa of old people, with tremulous weakness; discharges sometimes involuntary. Con. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Ascarides in chronic diarrhœa, with great appetite and distention of stomach. Calc. C. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Chronic diarrhœa which does not weaken the patient. Calc. C. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Chronic diarrhœa; cannot urinate without having a stool, or the stools become dark and fetid; worse after eating. Apis Clin.

Diarrhœa. Chronic diarrhœa during menstruation; green, mucous stools; sometimes diarrhœa alternates with constipation. Amm. Mur. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Chronic diarrhœa; first part hard and black, then evacuation yellow, thin or brown; mushy or white, accompanied by severe lumbar and sacral pains. Æsc. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Chronic diarrhœa with a psoric anamnesis; stool brown, fecal, fermented, offensive. Mezer. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Chronic diarrhœa of an exhausting character; stools whitish whey-like, watery, foamy, mucous; worse in the morning. Iod. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Autumnal diarrhœa; chronic diarrhœa, of miasmatic origin, in combination with milk diet. Ipec. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Chronic diarrhœa off and on; aggravated from lager beer. Kali B. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Chronic diarrhœa. Petr. Clin.

Diarrhœa, chronic; gushing, black, greenish, gray, bloody, watery stools. Natr. M. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Chronic diarrhœa after the abuse of Mercury or Quinine; light yellow, fecal, papescent, sour stool, with undigested food. Hep. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Chronic diarrhœa; stools brown, fluid, mixed with undigested food and of an intolerable fetor. Graph. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Chronic diarrhœa, with hepatic troubles. Chel. Clin.

Diarrhœa, particularly of old people; chronic. Gamb. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Chronic diarrhœa; gushing, watery; worse at night, with coldness of body and great prostration. Ferr. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Camp diarrhœa; chronic; from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane, with aching and burning in hepatic region; worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. Lept. Clin.



## DIARRHŒA.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## DIARRHŒA.

Diarrhœa. Chronic constipation from irregular menstruation; inactivity of intestines, whether stool is hard or soft; alternation of constipation and diarrhœa. Puls. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Interminable diarrhœa in summer which resists everything, especially in scrofulous children; stools putrid, fetid, watery, yellowish or greenish, discharged rapidly with great force. Secale Clin.

Diarrhœa. Chronic diarrhœa in dyspeptics and consumptives which is caused whenever taking fresh meat, fat foods, acids, sweets. Caust. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Chronic diarrhœa; green, liquid stools, always mucous and bloody; no emission of flatus for six days. Ratan. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Chronic debilitating diarrhœa, with almost constant oozing from anus; stools jelly-like, green or bloody, fetid or sour, expelled quickly; worse after taking boiled milk. Sep. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Chronic diarrhœa, with gradual loss of strength; fetid stool and flatus smelling like lime which has been used to purify gas of sulphur. Phos. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Piles with prolapsus ani and long-standing diarrhœa. Pod. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Chronic diarrhœa, especially during early hours of morning; stool watery, with meal-like sediment; yellow, pasty, black; mucous and blood-streaked; involuntary; very offensive, like carrion. Pod. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Chronic diarrhœa, worse sometime after rising and moving about; after a protracted spell of damp cold weather or from living in damp houses. Natr. S. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Chronic diarrhœa in cachetic, dyspeptic persons; stools light gray or brownish, corrosive; sometimes painless, with rumbling in bowels; colicky pains during and before stool and burning in anus after. Kali C. Clin.

Diarrhœa from chilling the stomach with ice water; from rancid fat; stools putrid, cadaverous-smelling. Carbo V. Clin.

Diarrhœa; stool sour, green, bloody; one stool fetid, the other odorless; one containing fecal matter, the other blood; no two stools alike; caused by eating pork or fat food; from fruit; ice cream; tobacco; cold drinks. Puls. Clin.

Diarrhœa. (*Cold Food and Drink.*) Diarrhœa from suddenly checked perspiration in hot weather; from cold drinks, vegetables, stewed fruits, drinking milk. Bry. Clin.

Diarrhœa of malarial origin or after chilling the stomach with cold substances; stools generally dark, scanty, watery or mucous; sometimes bloody. Ars. A. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Pain in abdomen, with coldness, then heat and warm sweat; heat, with inclination to stool; pain in transverse colon at 3 a. m., then diarrhœa. Pod. 5.

Diarrhœa. (*Coldness.*) Diarrhœa, with coldness of extremities; with vomiting and prostration; with tearing and cutting in abdomen; stool dark, bloody colored; black mucus; offensive; yellow; with tenesmus and burning pain in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 1.

Diarrhœa; brown, yellow or slimy; putrid odor, with low types of fever; coldness of extremities; tendency to collapse. Carbo V. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Cholera infantum; vomiting and diarrhœa, with coldness of body. Camph. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Pain in region of gall-bladder, extending to spine, with chilliness and diarrhœa. Lept. Clin.

Diarrhœa; stools green, watery, after a chill or fright. Acon. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Watery, profuse diarrhœa gushing out like a torrent; abdomen swollen and tender to the touch; sometimes associated with coldness of the body and unquenchable thirst. Jatr. Clin.

Diarrhœa; frequent desire for stool, with chilliness and nausea; stools offensive, painless, fluid, scanty, putrid, with biting burning sensation in anus. Sil. Clin.

Diarrhœa. (*Drunkards.*) Diarrhœa of drunkards or in pneumonia. Ant. T. Clin.

Diarrhœa of drunkards on their last legs; great debility and nervous prostration; a sensation of trembling all over the body; stools lemon-colored, chopped, frothy, mucous, stringy, offensive, watery, with burning in rectum during stool. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Diarrhœa from abuse of intoxicating drinks or high living; stool frequent, small, corrosive, offensive, thin, brownish-green, fecal. Nux V. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Obstinate constipation following diarrhœa in old spirit-drinkers who are full of nervous symptoms, as loss of appetite, insomnia, scirrhotic liver. Agar. Clin.

Diarrhœa. (*Flatulent.*) Diarrhœa, watery, with violent pinching and emission of much flatus. Agar. 1.

Diarrhœa watery, frequent, with many empty eructations and copious urine. Con. 1.

Diarrhœa. Fetid flatus with cutting pinching; then diarrhœa, with pain in abdomen on every attempt to eat. Calc. Ph. 5.

Diarrhœa during first dentition, with much wind; after vexation; containing white points or flakes like pus; offensive, with much flatulence. Calc. Ph. 1.

Diarrhœa with excessive accumulation of flatus; stools thin, brown or pale; fecal, mixed with hard lumps, thin, yellow, shaggy, reddish, mucous, undigested. Lyc. Clin.

Diarrhœa with much wind; stools profuse, dark green, brown, gelatinous; worse after eating; from fruit; from lager beer; from abuse of Opium, with intolerable itching of anus during typhoid fever. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Diarrhœa with burning in rectum, and anus after a stool; severe rumbling of gas; watery discharges mixed with mucus, preceded by soft and more substantial stools. Iris V. Clin.

Diarrhœa of green mucus like chopped spinach, usually with great flatulence. Arg. N. Clin.

Diarrhœa, with violent colic and rumbling before stool, then yellowish-green stools; profuse emission of fetid flatus. Natr. S. Clin.

Diarrhœa brought on by riding in cars or carriage; aggravation from drinking cold water with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool. Cocc. Clin.

Diarrhœa. (*Involuntary.*) Diarrhœa, involuntary, in bed. Hyos. 1.

Diarrhœa, with profuse sweat; with desire for eating and drinking; stool frequent and painful; watery; involuntary. Ver. Alb. 1.

Diarrhœa; stool thin, whitish-gray, involuntary, pasty, bright yellow, with sensation as if he would emit flatus; not prostrating. Phos. Ac. 1.

Diarrhœa. Watery diarrhœa, mixed with hard parts; involuntary in sleep. Con. 1.

Diarrhœa; a thin stool passes unconsciously, with sensation as if flatus would pass. Staph. 1.

Diarrhœa; stool profuse, mucous; of much bloody mucus; violent; involuntary; frequent; with weakness. Petr. 1.

Diarrhœa, then burning in anus; stool watery, passed unnoticed. Mur. Ac. 1.

Diarrhœa; profuse, constant, involuntary, of mucus and blood. Kali B. 1.

Diarrhœa; frequent, thin, involuntary, with flatus; small. Ign. 1.

Diarrhœa. Involuntary diarrhœa during emissions of flatus; bilious, with sensation as if weight would pass. Sulf. 1.

Diarrhœa; stools frequent in evening, involuntary when sneezing or laughing, half fluid, half lumpy; mixed with gas and noisy flatus; in morning, afternoon and evening; always soon after eating. Sulf. 1.

Diarrhœa. Yellow watery diarrhœa, nearly odorless, involuntary, passed in bed unconsciously, especially during sleep; a typhoid state with delirium. Hyos. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Stools sometimes involuntary on every motion; this symptom indicates Apis in diarrhœa and cholera infantum. Apis Clin.

Diarrhœa with great prostration; stools involuntary during sleep; brown, fermented with fetid breath and loathing of food. Arn. Clin.

Diarrhœa; stool involuntary when emitting flatus; stools thin, yellow, fecal, with emission of fetid flatus like rotten eggs. Olean. Clin.

Diarrhœa lasting a long time, apparently without any weakening effect; stool white, gray, copious, painless, involuntary, with discharge of undigested substances. Phos. Ac. Clin.



## DIARRHŒA.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## DIARRHŒA.

Diarrhœa after fright or sudden joy; offensive, involuntary, watery, frothy, dark stools. Op. Clin.

Diarrhœa; involuntary stool when coughing; suitable to old persons; to scrofulous and phthisical patients. Phos. Clin.

Diarrhœa between midnight and morning, with sensation as of something pulling at the navel; stools watery, dark, offensive, profuse, involuntary or mucous and bloody. Plumb. Clin.

Diarrhœa; stool horribly offensive, nearly painless, involuntary, dark brown; black, watery, or green mucus. Psor. Clin.

Diarrhœa with discharge of lumbrici and ascarides; involuntary, greenish, slimy or white. Cina Clin.

Diarrhœa. Stools at first hard then mushy; finally fluid, smelling like rotten eggs; involuntary, fermented, sour-smelling; diarrhœa alternating with constipation. Calc. C. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Stools involuntary, green, mucous or mushy; undigested, with cutting in abdomen before, tenesmus during and burning after stool; worse after cold food; pains worse after eating and drinking. Laur. Clin.

Diarrhœa. (*Mornings.*) Diarrhœa; stool semi-fluid and frequent in morning, pappy, yellowish, green, copious, fetid. Sulf. 1.

Diarrhœa in morning, with heat and pain in anus; stool liquid, yellow, green, frequent. Pod. 1.

Diarrhœa. Stool tough, gluey, fetid, so urgent that some escaped prematurely, yet not diarrhœa, after getting up; slimy. Sulf. 1.

Diarrhœa in morning and through forenoon, then natural stool in evening, immediately after eating and drinking; alternating with constipation. Pod. 1.

Diarrhœa. Pain in abdomen then discharge of dark mucus, causing biting in anus, as before diarrhœa from taking cold; in morning, on slightest uncovering during sweat. Nux V. 5.

Diarrhœa in morning after rising; stool dark; aggravation in morning and after dinner; scanty and corrosive, with griping. Nux V. 1.

Diarrhœa in morning, then burning in anus; aggravation at night, preceded by cutting in abdomen, then prickling and burning in anus; stool smelling like old cheese. Bry. 1.

Diarrhœa. Pinching in hypogastrium in morning, with fermenting; rumbling, then watery diarrhœa. Nux V. 7.

Diarrhœa. Liquid stool, diarrhœa in morning on rising; yellow, with distention and dull pain under ribs. Aloe 1.

Diarrhœa twice in morning, with tenesmus in afternoon; frequent; of thin, greenish, mucus. Laur. 1.

Diarrhœa every morning on rising, with griping in abdomen and rasping in anus and rectum; burning. Lil. Tig. 1.

Diarrhœa in wet weather; mostly mornings after rising and eating; with much rumbling; stools thin, yellow, fecal, slimy. Agar. Clin.

Diarrhœa in morning; stool papescent, with much mucus, but no real pain. Bapt. 1.

Diarrhœa, frequent; twice in morning, with tenesmus. Nit. Ac. 1.

Diarrhœa; stool fluid, yellow, in morning, with full feeling in abdomen and emission of flatus. Natr. S. 1.

Diarrhœa; stools dark brown, semi-liquid, bilious, offensive; aggravation in morning and forenoon, with tenesmus of bladder and rectum during stool, preceded by constant dragging and bearing-down. Lil. Tig. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Watery, gushing diarrhœa in the morning; stools brownish, frothy, jelly-like, lumpy. Kali B. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Morning diarrhœa, with green, painless, but exhausting stools; watery; pouring away as from a hydrant; with lumps of white mucus or little grains like tallow. Phos. Clin.

Diarrhœa, driving out of bed very early in the morning; want of confidence in sphincter ani; worse immediately after eating; aggravated in mornings in hot, damp weather. Aloe Clin.

Diarrhœa, always in daytime, never at night, but has stools early in the morning; hunger immediately after stool from weak, empty feeling in bowels; stools profuse, gushing, mucous, yellowish brown, with colic. Petr. Clin.

Diarrhœa in the morning, driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery; brown; fecal; green; mucous; bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour; fetid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. Sulf. Clin.

Diarrhœa. (*Night.*) Rumbling in abdomen at night, with diarrhœa; gurgling. Sulf. 5.

Diarrhœa at night, with cutting in intestines; stool like brown yeast. Arn. 1.

Diarrhœa nightly, with colic so that she must bend double; hot, smelling like rotten eggs; green, watery, painless, consisting of feces and mucus; white, slimy, with colic. Cham. 1.

Diarrhœa of green mucus, as green as bile once or twice at night, with movements in intestines before every stool; at first green then slimy; not exhausting; without colic. Puls. 1.

Diarrhœa in evening, at night; with cutting and pressure in rectum; with streaks of blood; stools of green mucus, with burning and protrusion of anus; with cutting and griping. Merc. 1.

Diarrhœa; stool watery, frequent, with burning in anus; sudden about midnight, with urging; very offensive; ammoniacal. Lach. 1.

Diarrhœa of anæmic and hysterical women, mostly during night; stools greenish, pasty, with tenesmus and cutting in abdomen. Mag. M. Clin.

Diarrhœa. (*Offensive.*) Diarrhœa; stool thin, olive-green, exhausting, pernicious, offensive, frequent, brown, slimy; next day fetid and dark. Secale 1.

Diarrhœa; stools frequent, scanty, pasty, exhausting, offensive as carrion. Sil. 1.

Diarrhœa; stool soft and bright yellow; pasty, of the odor of putrefying snakes. Lach. 1.

Diarrhœa; copious, yellowish and offensive, containing pieces of white membrane; orange-yellow, slimy, with bright yellow flakes without feces. Colch. 1.

Diarrhœa; stool partly liquid, partly solid; offensive, with much thin mucus and streaks of blood. Sulf. Ac. 1.

Diarrhœa; stools white, sour, undigested; are sometimes mucous, yellow or green and of a decayed odor. Hep. Clin.

Diarrhœa in low types of malarial fever; evacuations horribly offensive, thin, fecal, usually dark. Bapt. Clin.

Diarrhœa slimy and of the appearance of yeast; cadaverous smell. Ant. T. Clin.

Diarrhœa; stools as green as grass; fermented; putrid; continuous nausea. Ipec. Clin.

Diarrhœa; evacuation hot, odor of rotten eggs; aggravation from drinking cold water. Staph. Clin.

Diarrhœa in spring when warm weather sets in; stools very offensive, undigested, watery, chocolate-colored, consisting of decomposed blood, looking like charred straw. Lach. Clin.

Diarrhœa; stools green, sometimes slimy, white and mushy, hot and watery, very offensive. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Diarrhœa. (*Painless.*) Diarrhœa watery, yellowish, and painless; forcible. Crot. Fig. 1.

Diarrhœa almost without pain, then prostration. Graph. 1.

Diarrhœa; stool watery, painless. Thuja 1.

Diarrhœa, six times from morning till 2 p. m., without pain. Borax 1.

Diarrhœa frequent and sudden, without pain or smell; watery. Ferr. 1.

Diarrhœa; stools painless; at first frothy, thin and brown, later cadaverous-smelling, containing bits of yellow feces. Borax Clin.

Diarrhœa; painless, clay-colored, with burning and smarting in anus; sallow complexion. Berb. Clin.

Diarrhœa is generally painless, associated with cold feeling in abdomen, but sometimes with cramps. Grat. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Painless diarrhœa, with rumbling of wind; worse at night, from fright or other emotions. Ign. Clin.

Diarrhœa. Painless diarrhœa, especially mornings; greenish, watery, mucous, profuse and full of bright red lumps. Apis Clin.

Diarrhœa without pain or urging; stools brown, watery, white, watery; green, mucous, thin, pasty, light yellow or light gray, like rice water. Chel. Clin.

Diarrhœa; particularly after meals at night; painless; early in the morning; in hot weather; from eating fruit, from drinking sour beer; after severe, acute diseases; after loss of fluids. China Clin.



## DIARRHŒA.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## DIARRHŒA.

**Diarrhœa.** (*Painful.*) Yellow, watery, diarrhœa, with tearing cutting before stool, as after taking cold. Dulc. 1.

**Diarrhœa.** Stool yellow and green; diarrhœa mixed with mucus, preceded by cutting around umbilicus. Gamb. 1.

**Diarrhœa.** Griping in abdomen, with rumbling; then thin, green diarrhœa without tenesmus. Mag. C. 5.

**Diarrhœa;** stool fluid, dark brown, foul-smelling, preceded by colic; green, bilious diarrhœa mixed with mucus. Psor. 1.

**Diarrhœa,** frequent, with cutting and pressure; stools green, frothy, mucous. Mag. C. 1.

**Diarrhœa** with burning in anus, consisting of blood and mucus. Canth. 1.

**Diarrhœa.** Colic in abdomen as after taking cold, as before diarrhœa; before stools, with rumbling and pain in small of back. Dulc. 5.

**Diarrhœa.** Diarrhœa; stool fluid, dark brown, foul-smelling, preceded by colic; green, bilious diarrhœa mixed with mucus. Psor. 1.

**Diarrhœa.** Colic, with cutting twisting about navel and passage of tough mucus, like diarrhœa, at times mixed with black blood; after every stool thirst, and after every drink shivering. Caps. 7.

**Diarrhœa.** Dragging in anus as before diarrhœa. Crot. Tig. 3.

**Diarrhœa.** Cutting in abdomen on appearance of menses; aggravation from motion, with tearing in back and small of back during menstruation, with diarrhœa. Caust. 5.

**Diarrhœa.** Burning in anus after diarrhœa. Canth. 3.

**Diarrhœa,** constant, with pain in abdomen. Mezer. 1.

**Diarrhœa.** Distention of abdomen, with rumbling; cutting, with diarrhœa as from taking cold, with pressure; with retching. Petr. 5.

**Diarrhœa.** Griping in abdomen, as in diarrhœa, after stool. Natr. M. 5.

**Diarrhœa.** Pain in abdomen caused by evening air, with diarrhœa as from a stone. Merc. 5.

**Diarrhœa.** Pinching, increasing to cutting pain in hypogastrium in morning, before, during and after diarrhœa. Ars. A. 7.

**Diarrhœa.** Pinching in abdomen with diarrhœa. Borax 5.

**Diarrhœa** with discharge of green mucus, preceded by pinching in abdomen. Gamb. 1.

**Diarrhœa.** Rolling and rumbling in abdomen, with sudden pinches as after a purgative; then diarrhœa. Natr. S. 5.

**Diarrhœa.** Pain in abdomen with diarrhœa; sore to pressure. Kali B. 5.

**Diarrhœa.** Pain in abdomen in evening after drinking, after stool, on touch, with diarrhœa. Puls. 5.

**Diarrhœa.** Tearing in hepatic region as if stones would cut their way out, with diarrhœa, always preceded by an agreeable sensation in the stomach. Nux Mos. 6.

**Diarrhœa.** Hæmorrhoids swollen and protrude with a hard stool; protrude during diarrhœa, with stiteling and burning for many hours. Kali C. 3.

**Diarrhœa.** Painful diarrhœa of old people, even soft stool passed with difficulty. Carbo V. Clin.

**Diarrhœa;** stools yellowish, slimy; cutting pain before and after, with itching of anus when sitting. Staph. Clin.

**Diarrhœa.** Painful diarrhœa; watery, liquid stools of the most disgusting smell; discharges profuse, greenish, blackish-brown; papescent; stool and breath equally offensive. Asaf. Clin.

**Diarrhœa,** with great prostration and collapse at the very commencement of the disease; cutting pains, with a loose discharge of dark brown or black feces, like coffee-grounds; rice-water stools. Camph. Clin.

**Diarrhœa,** like scrapings of intestines; reddish, mucous or bloody; flaky, with extreme burning in anus during stool. Canth. Clin.

**Diarrhœa** from fright; worse from being in a warm room; preceded by colic and pain in the small of back. Puls. Clin.

**Diarrhœa,** with colicky pains around navel before or during stool; stools sour, liquid, slimy, fecal, mixed with green slime. Rheum Clin.

**Diarrhœa;** frequent, profuse, greenish, white, watery stools, with flakes; severe, pinching colic before stool from emotions, as fright. Ver. Alb. Clin.

**Diarrhœa** in nursing infants; offensive; preceded by colic; stools mucus, with aphthous sore mouth. Borax Clin.

**Diarrhœa,** with cutting, pressing pains before and during stool; with drawing pain in rectum after stool, continuing for hours; stools green, slimy, with flakes of false membranes; undigested; putrid; fetid; sour-smelling. Nit. Ac. Clin.

**Diarrhœa** as the result of anger or from fruit, with colic. Coloc. Clin.

**Diarrhœa.** Nervous diarrhœa from depression of the nerve centres; stools loose, papescent enveloped in bright-red, foamy blood, preceded by colic, with burning at the anus during and after stool. Zinc. Clin.

**Diarrhœa.** Intestinal catarrh in children; colic about the navel and diarrhœa. Puls. Clin.

**Diarrhœa;** stools thin, brown, yellowish, frothy, forcibly expelled; with colic and prominence of intestines, like pads here and there all over the abdomen during the pains. Ratan. Clin.

**Diarrhœa.** (*Summer Diarrhœa.*) Mucous diarrhœa in summer, often caused by checked perspiration. Cham. Clin.

**Diarrhœa** during hot summer and after milk; stools watery, gray; worse during day and after eating; with discharge passing with a gush; much fetid flatus is passed with the stool. Natr. C. Clin.

**Diarrhœa** from checked perspiration during heat of summer with cold nights. Acon. Clin.

**Diarrhœa** coming on suddenly; faint feeling before, during and after stool, worse from fruits and sweetmeats during summer; every movement of the body renews the discharges. Crot. Tig. Clin.

**Diarrhœa.** (*Typhoid.*) Diarrhœa during typhoid or scarlatina. Apis Clin.

**Diarrhœa** during typhoid, with bloated abdomen. Op. Clin.

**Diarrhœa** in typhoid; offensive, or in old people who sink down in bed. Mur. Ac. Clin.

**Diarrhœa.** (*Tenesmus.*) Diarrhœa; stools scanty, chiefly of blood and mucus, with constant desire; offensive, slimy, blackish. Merc. C. 1.

**Diarrhœa;** stools pasty, sour-smelling; then shivering, then urging, with constriction in intestines. Rheum 1.

**Diarrhœa.** Crawling tenesmus in anus, as in diarrhœa, every evening before sleep. Plat. 3.

**Diarrhœa,** then empty tenesmus; mucous diarrhœa with tenesmus; small stool consisting of only mucus. Caps. 1.

**Diarrhœa.** Urging in rectum to stool, with sensation in anus and lower part of rectum, as if weakened by diarrhœa. Coloc. 2.

**Diarrhœa.** Tenesmus during diarrhœa. Alum. 2.

**Diarrhœa,** violent, painful, green, with cutting and tenesmus. Cupr. 1.

**Diarrhœa** with pinching around umbilicus, sometimes with discharge of flatus; stool watery, profuse, with colic and tenesmus; fecal; forcible. Gamb. 1.

**Diarrhœa,** with burning pain and tenesmus of rectum. Gamb. 2.

**Diarrhœa;** stool semi-liquid, forcible, frequent, followed by tenesmus and burning in anus; brown, frequent, followed by tenesmus, pain in back and burning in rectum. Rheum 1.

**Diarrhœa.** Mucous diarrhœa, with tenesmus; stools frequent, small; burning in rectum and bladder; bloody; shaggy; greenish; frothy; worse at night. Caps. Clin.

**Diarrhœa;** watery, slimy, frothy, green, bloody or bilious stools, with greenish scum floating on top of water; violent urging before tenesmus, during; a never-get-done feeling, with tenesmus and urging after. Merc. Clin.

**Diarrhœa;** stool preceded by excessive cutting around about the navel, and expelled all at once, after considerable urging, and followed by a feeling of great relief. Gamb. Clin.

**Diarrhœa,** with urging and inability to retain the stool; gurgling in abdomen as of water; after stool sharp pains around navel; weak feeling in abdomen and rectum; faintness. Lept. Clin.

**Diarrhœa.** Copious diarrhœa, with vomiting; then watery and fetid stools. Apis 1.



## DIARRHŒA.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## DIFFICULT.

- Diarrhœa. Exhausting diarrhœa; stools slimy, like chopped eggs, thin, yellow, profuse and putrid; undigested; with cutting and urging during stool. Nux Mos. Clin.
- Diarrhœa. (*Vomiting with Diarrhœa.*) Diarrhœa and vomiting. Ant. T. 1.
- Diarrhœa. Abdominal dropsy; sometimes with diarrhœa and vomiting. Apis Clin.
- Diarrhœa. Cutting, with heaviness across lower abdomen; ineffectual retchings, then ineffectual tendency to diarrhœa; difficult vomiting, trembling in abdomen and bending together; then two diarrhœic stools, the last like water. Ant T. 5.
- Diarrhœa in hot, damp weather in the fall; vomiting and purging of rice-water stools, varying in color; green, yellow, reddish, variegated, slime and feces mixed. Colch. Clin.
- Diarrhœa. (*Miscellaneous.*) Weak feeling in abdomen as if diarrhœa would occur. Aloe 5.
- Diarrhœa. Sensation of rawness in anus with diarrhœa. Apis 3.
- Diarrhœa. Stool watery; feces yellow; frequent diarrhœa of yellow-greenish water; forcible, of green, frothy water. Grat. 1.
- Diarrhœa as if fermented; frequent, of greenish mucus. Ipec. 1.
- Diarrhœa. Abdomen tense and hard; tense and hot, with rumbling, grumbling, and constant diarrhœa. Sil. 5.
- Diarrhœa. Cutting in abdomen during menses, obliging him to sit bent over, pressing with both hands, or to lean far back, as before diarrhœa. Kali C. 5.
- Diarrhœa; stool watery, soft; difficult from inactivity of the rectum. Natr. M. 1.
- Diarrhœa; stool passes better when standing. Caust. 1.
- Diarrhœa. Straining to stool, then scanty diarrhœa, then increased straining. Bell. 2.
- Diarrhœa from juicy fruit or cider. Calc. Ph. 1.
- Diarrhœa. Watery diarrhœa; stool green, white with red urine. Acon. 1.
- Diarrhœa after boiled milk. Sep. 1.
- Diarrhœa. Green, slimy, diarrhœa. Amm. Mur. 1.
- Diarrhœa soft, frequent, whitish. Iod. 1.
- Diarrhœa. Desire in rectum as if diarrhœa would occur. Puls. 2.
- Diarrhœa. Pain in abdomen as if diarrhœa would result. Borax 5.
- Diarrhœa. Pain in the upper portion of the abdomen as from taking cold, and as if diarrhœa would ensue, with ravenous hunger. Asaf. 5.
- Diarrhœa; stool whitish, frequent, also causing burning in anus. Op. 1.
- Diarrhœa of pregnant women. Ant. Cr. Clin.
- Diarrhœa during pregnancy, during dentition, during meningitis tuberculosa. Hell. Clin.
- Diarrhœa from vinegar or other acids. Ant. Cr. Clin.
- Diarrhœa. Hospital diarrhœa. Aloe Clin.
- Diarrhœa from eating sugar or sweets, of which there is a great fondness. Arg. N. Clin.
- Diarrhœa on alternate days. Alum. Clin.
- Diarrhœa. Fatty diarrhœa from disease of the pancreas. Iod. Clin.
- Diarrhœa; stool adheres to rectum and anus like soft clay; tenacious; glutinous. Plat. Clin.
- Diarrhœa, aggravated by motion; straining to stool. Bell. Clin.
- Diarrhœa after nursing; from overheating; after cold bathing. Ant. Cr. Clin.
- Diarrhœa of undigested stools; sour odor; large in quantity. Calc. C. Clin.
- Diarrhœa. Autumnal, bilious diarrhœa; exhaustion and debility from the start. Iris V. Clin.
- Diarrhœa of phthisis. Olean. Clin.
- Diarrhœa of white mucus, in little pieces, like popcorn. Cina Clin.
- Diarrhœa. Hyperæmia of liver, with great pressure in hepatic region, alternating with vomiting or diarrhœa. Ver. Alb. Clin.
- Diarrhœa. Colliquative diarrhœa of phthisis abdominalis. Amm. Mur. Clin.
- Diarrhœa. Nervous diarrhœa, from emotions; from apprehension, as when ready to go to church, theatre, etc. Arg. N. Clin.
- Diarrhœa of green mucus with suffocative spells about the heart. Laur. Clin.
- Diarrhœa comes on gradually, stools more and more watery, pale, pinkish, with rapid emaciation. China Clin.
- Diarrhœa from bad drainage; from drinking impure water; stools black, or thick like glue, passed in thin strips like tape. Carbol. Ac. Clin.
- Diarrhœa. Infantile constipation after an attack of diarrhœa; stools hard, crumbly, clayey. Pod. Clin.
- Diarrhœa daily after breakfast, from vaccination; stools pale-yellow, watery or oily and greasy, forcibly expelled, gurgling like water from a bunghole. Thuja Clin.
- Diarrhœic. Offensive diarrhœic stools. Ant. T. 1.
- Diet. Autumnal diarrhœa; chronic diarrhœa of miasmatic origin in combination with milk diet. Ipec. Clin.
- Difficult. (*Stool.*) Stool scanty, difficult. Alum. 1.
- Difficult. Constipation in spite of frequent straining; on following days hard, difficult, unsatisfactory stools. Sil. 1.
- Difficult. Contracted sensation in rectum during stool; stool difficult, hard, causing tearing in anus so that it bleeds and pains as if sore. Natr. M. 2.
- Difficult. Constipation; stool hard, with burning in anus, lumpy, scanty, offensive, difficult, light colored. Sil. 1.
- Difficult. Stool hard like sheep-dung and difficult; nodular, with pain in rectum; crumbly as if burnt. Mag. M. 1.
- Difficult. Stool soft, difficult, scanty, with much urging; clay-colored. Hep. 1.
- Difficult. Stool soft but difficult; indolent; also with sensation as if a part remained. Nux Mos. 1.
- Difficult. Stool gray, whitish-gray, green, bloody, difficult. Phos. 1.
- Difficult. Constipation; stool small, dark and difficult, apparently from inactivity of rectum. Phos. 1.
- Difficult. Stool hard, in the shape of laurel berries; difficult, with cutting in anus as if too narrow; then a stream of blood, followed by soreness in anus along rectum. Alum. 1.
- Difficult. Constipation; stool hard and crumbly and unsatisfactory, difficult; with pain as if rectum would burst, then bleeding of hæmorrhoidal vessels and pain in rectum, with frequent micturition. Natr. M. 1.
- Difficult stool with straining and burning in rectum. Nit. Ac. 1.
- Difficult. Constipation; stool hard and difficult, only every two, three or four days. Sulf. 1.
- Difficult. Urging in rectum; stool not hard, but difficult on account of inactivity of rectum. Graph. 2.
- Difficult. Constipation during menstruation; stool like sheep-dung; painful and difficult; insufficient, after much pressure. Kali C. 1.
- Difficult. Constipation; stool hard and difficult. Ant. Cr. 1.
- Difficult. Diarrhœa; stool watery, soft; difficult, from inactivity of the rectum. Natr. M. 1.
- Difficult. Constipation; stool hard and difficult, mixed with mucus and knotty; whitish, scanty, brownish, difficult but not hard. Sep. 1.
- Difficult. Constipation; large, hard, difficult stools; frequent urging without effect; sensation as if much remained after stool; the action of the bowels irregular and spasmodic. Nux V. Clin.
- Difficult. Obstinate constipation; difficult expulsion of feces, fissuring the anus, with flow of blood; a ripping-up sensation in the anus after stool. Natr. M. Clin.
- Difficult. Hard, insufficient, difficult stools, with fullness, heat and itching at anus; like sheep's-dung; hard and black, as if burnt. Sulf. Clin.
- Difficult. Chronic constipation; feeling in anus as if stuffed full; large, hard, difficult stools only once or twice a week. Apis Clin.
- Difficult expulsion of soft stool. Natr. S. Clin.
- Difficult. (*Miscellaneous.*) Cutting pain in abdomen, with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulent here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus the more difficult it is to pass. Ver. Alb. 5.
- Difficult. Colic, with spasmodic closure of anus and difficult emission of flatus; with tension and grumbling. Op. 5.
- Difficult. Pain in abdomen before breakfast, flatulent, relieved by difficult emission of flatus and lying on side. Natr. S. 5.
- Difficult. Cramp-like pain in hypochondria, alternating with oppression of chest and difficult breathing. Zinc. 6.



## DIFFICULTY.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## DISCHARGE.

**Difficulty.** **Hæmorrhoids sensitive**, though protruding but little; protrude during stool; return with difficulty and with bloody mucus from rectum. *Sil. 3.*

**Difficulty.** Large and hard stool, with great difficulty, followed by severe pains in anus, with feeling as if a portion of the anus was protruded; with severe backache in lumbar region. *Æsc. 1.*

**Difficulty.** Constipation; torpor of rectum; even a soft stool is voided with difficulty. *Psor. Clin.*

**Difficulty.** Inveterate constipation with disappointing calls, the trouble being in the rectum; feces slender, long, narrow, dry, tough and hard like a dog's, and voided with difficulty. *Phos. Clin.*

**Difficulty.** Contractive sore pain in rectum, from blind hæmorrhoids, one or two hours after stool; stools large or soft, but passed with difficulty. *Ign. Clin.*

**Difficulty.** Constipation; torpor of bowels; feces hard, scanty; passed with difficulty from constriction of sphincter ani, and feeling as if much remained behind. *Lyc. Clin.*

**Difficulty.** Constipation; stool large; hard lumps which remain long in rectum, and when feces are expelled they suddenly recede into the rectum; even a soft stool is expelled with much difficulty. *Sil. Clin.*

**Diffuse, subacute gastro-enteritis** of a low type; offensive gases passed upwards and downwards; general soreness as if bruised. *Arn. Clin.*

**Digested.** Flatulence and distention of abdomen from things which usually digested easily. *Carbo V. 5.*

**Digestion.** Oozing of a thin, inodorous fluid from the rectum; weak digestion, especially in nursing women. *Carbo An. Clin.*

**Digging.** Sudden cutting in abdomen, relieved after profuse pasty stools, with digging, compelling him to bend double. *Bry. 5.*

**Digging.** Deep seated digging pain within hips on both sides, as in dysentery, with nausea and drowsiness. *Arn. 7.*

**Dilated.** Colic; scanty urine, with pallor, sunken features and staggering; pupils dilated, lips bluish, face covered with clammy sweat; pulse thready. *Hell. 5.*

**Dinner.** (*Stool after Dinner.*) Diarrhœa in morning after rising; stool dark; aggravation in morning and after dinner; scanty and corrosive, with griping. *Nux V. 1.*

**Dinner.** Cutting in abdomen, then leucorrhœa with griping at various times, sometimes when yawning; after breakfast, or with cutting after dinner. *Zinc. 5.*

**Dinner.** Stool after dinner very dry and like sand, but passed without trouble. *Arg. M. 1.*

**Dinner.** Distention of abdomen after dinner, with rumbling noises. *Sep. 2.*

**Dinner.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Distention of abdomen after dinner, with rumbling of flatus; griping. *Carbo V. 5.*

**Dinner.** Pain below umbilicus as from a stone, taking away the breath, after dinner. *Nux V. 7.*

**Dinner.** Sticking in right hypochondrium after dinner; in hepatic and right inguinal regions; in a spot in hepatic region; sore pain on touch; pinching, sticking, tearing. *Kali C. 6.*

**Dinner.** Congestion of anus after dinner; expulsion of ascarides; sticking, soreness, burning, itching. *Sep. 3.*

**Dinner.** Discharge of offensive flatus after dinner; amelioration after stool with movements in hypogastrium. *Coloc. 5.*

**Dinner.** Cutting in abdomen after dinner, relieved by bending over; aggravation from standing. *Rheum 5.*

**Dinner.** Griping, tearing in upper abdomen and in side of chest after dinner; aggravated by walking and standing; amelioration when the body and mind are at rest. *Zinc. 5.*

**Diphtheritic dysentery;** burning in rectum, with ineffectual urging; stools bloody; tenesmus. *Nit. Ac. Clin.*

**Dirty.** Stools sudden, pasty, dirty, green, offensive, forcible. *Crot. Fig. 1.*

**Dirty.** Stool pasty, light-brown, after urging; then rumbling and gurgling in left side of abdomen; after an hour a second stool; mucous, urgent, grayish-green and dirty brown; forcible. *Crot. Fig. 1.*

**Disagreeably.** Abdomen sensitive, so that the clothes press disagreeably. *Sulf. 5.*

**Disappointing.** Inveterate constipation, with disappointing calls, the trouble being in the rectum; feces slender, long, narrow, dry, tough and hard like a dog's, and voided with difficulty. *Phos. Clin.*

**Discharge.** (*Blood.*) Constriction in rectum during stool, with discharge of bright blood after stool; with sensation as if some could not be evacuated; after eating, with tearing, sticking. *Nux V. 2.*

**Discharge** of blood from anus during stool. *Natr. C. 3.*

**Discharge** of blood from rectum during stool; during soft stool. *Lyc. 2.*

**Discharge.** Swelling of hæmorrhoidal veins, with discharge of bloody slime by day and night. *Thuja 3.*

**Discharge** of bright red blood from anus with stool. *Nit. Ac. 3.*

**Discharge** of blood from anus daily, with sticking and burning in small of back and in anus. *Coloc. 3.*

**Discharge.** (*Flatus.*) Pain in umbilical region, emanating from navel; amelioration by frequent discharge of flatus. *Coloc. 7.*

**Discharge.** Stool fluid after eating, with discharge of flatus and colic all the afternoon; better from warmth of bed. *Coloc. 1.*

**Discharge.** Griping in abdomen; worse below navel, obliging him to bend over; amelioration after a thin stool, with discharges of flatus upward and downward. *Coloc. 5.*

**Discharge** of offensive flatus after dinner; amelioration after stool, with movements in hypogastrium. *Coloc. 5.*

**Discharge.** Diarrhœa, with pinching around umbilicus; sometimes with discharge of flatus; stool watery, profuse, with colic and tenesmus; fecal, forcible. *Gamb. 1.*

**Discharge.** Griping in abdomen; amelioration after discharge of flatus in evening and night; relieved by bending forward. *Iris V. 5.*

**Discharge.** Rumbling and noises in abdomen, with discharge of flatus; unsatisfactory, abrupt, offensive, not without exertion of abdominal muscles. *Ign. 5.*

**Discharge.** Diarrhœa during hot summer and after milk; stools watery, gray; worse during day and after eating, with discharge passing with a gush; much fetid flatus is passed with the stool. *Natr. C. Clin.*

**Discharge.** (*Mucus.*) Constant ineffectual desire, but discharge of only mucus from rectum, with chilliness of body. *Sil. 1.*

**Discharge.** Pain in abdomen; then discharge of dark mucus, causing biting burning in anus, as before diarrhœa from taking cold; in morning on slightest uncovering during sweat. *Nux V. 5.*

**Discharge.** Diarrhœa, with discharge of green mucus, preceded by pinching in abdomen. *Gamb. 1.*

**Discharge.** Stool thin, frothy, saffron-yellow, musty; smelling almost like burnt blotting paper; copious, with discharge of much mucus. *Coloc. 1.*

**Discharge.** Sore pain in rectum during stool, as if an ulcer had been torn apart, with discharge of mucus. *Ant. Cr. 2.*

**Discharge.** Pressure in morning in hypogastrium, as if everything would be forced out towards organs of generation, with distention of abdomen; then contraction of abdomen; then discharge of white mucus from vagina. *Bell. 7.*

**Discharge.** Chronic catarrhal inflammation of the bowels, with mucous discharge or feces covered with mucus. *Hydras. Clin.*

**Discharge.** Constipation, with hard crumbly stool, or the feces are covered with glairy mucus, and are accompanied by a discharge of a quantity of mucus and much flatus. *Amm. Mur. Clin.*

**Discharge.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Griping in abdomen before discharge of leucorrhœa. *Con. 5.*

**Discharge** of moisture from anus with sore feeling and itching around it; involuntary, of viscid, slimy fluid, causing soreness; of thread-worms during stool. *Sulf. 3.*

**Discharge.** Diarrhœa, with great prostration and collapse at the very commencement of the disease; cutting pains with a loose discharge of dark brown or black feces like coffee-grounds; rice-water stools. *Camph. Clin.*



## DISCHARGE.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## DISTENTION.

Discharge. Soreness in anus after a slimy discharge, as if skin were cracked, with constriction. Thuja 3.

Discharge. Chronic dysentery, with the abdominal symptoms of flatulence and the burning in anus and rectum; discharge of jelly-like lumps. Aloe Clin.

Discharge. Diarrhœa lasting a long time, apparently without any weakening effect; stool white, gray, copious, painless, involuntary, with discharge of undigested substances. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Discharged. Interminable diarrhœa in summer, which resists everything, especially in scrofulous children; stools putrid, fetid, watery, yellowish or greenish; discharged rapidly with great force. Secale Clin.

Discharges. (*Bloody.*) Dysentery; discharges bloody; some tenesmus, but not painful. Bapt. Clin.

Discharges. Dysentery; discharges white, slimy, clear, yellow, red, or green slime, blood and mucus. Puls. Clin.

Discharges. Dysentery; almost constant cutting pains in abdomen, with ineffectual pressing, straining, and tenesmus; discharges of bloody slime, day and night; severe pains in rectum continue after stool. Merc. C. Clin.

Discharges. Violent pain in rectum, with chill and fever, inflammation, tenesmus and bloody discharges. Acon. Clin.

Discharges. Dysentery; excoriating discharges; abdomen externally cold to touch; stools bloody, green, mucous, like stirred eggs; worse at night; pains increase after stool. Merc. Clin.

Discharges. (*Miscellaneous.*) Chronic diarrhœa of old people, with tremulous weakness; discharges sometimes involuntary. Con. Clin.

Discharges. Diarrhœa, coming on suddenly; faint feeling before, during and after stool; worse from fruits and sweetmeats during summer; every movement of the body renews the discharges. Crot. Tig. Clin.

Discharges. Chronic dysentery; discharges like meat washings; severe tenesmus; burning pain deep in rectum. Pod. Clin.

Discharges. Constipation; ineffectual urging to stool, with small discharges or only flatus passes; stool only every second day. Mag. C. Clin.

Discharges. Asiatic cholera, with sudden suppression of the discharges and collapse. Camph. Clin.

Discharges. Painful diarrhœa; watery, liquid stools of the most disgusting smell; discharges profuse, greenish, blackish-brown; papescent; stool and breath equally offensive. Asaf. Clin.

Discharges. Periodical return of dysentery in spring or early part of summer; stools blackish, watery, bloody, jelly-like; stringy discharges, with tenesmus during and after stool. Kali B. Clin.

Discharges. Diarrhœa, with burning in rectum and anus after a stool; severe rumbling of gas; watery discharges mixed with mucus, preceded by soft and more substantial stools. Iris V. Clin.

Disease. Waxy liver dependent upon long-lasting bone disease. Phos. Clin.

Disgusting. Painful diarrhœa; watery, liquid stools of the most disgusting smell; discharges profuse, greenish, blackish-brown, papescent; stool and breath equally offensive. Asaf. Clin.

Disgusting. Cutting pain in hypogastrium mornings, with nausea, sweetish, disgusting taste, weakness and sleepiness; cutting rising to upper abdomen, where it amounted to griping. Nux V. 7.

Distended. (*Abdomen.*) Abdomen distended and tense, with rumbling and cutting. Hep. 5.

Distended. Abdomen distended and soft. Jatr. 5.

Distended. Feeling in abdomen as if distended even to bursting, causing suffocation. Caps. 5.

Distended. Colic immediately after eating, and worse after drinking; amelioration from hot, wet cloths; abdomen enormously distended. Nux Mos. Clin.

Distended. (*Miscellaneous.*) Unpleasant and distended feeling in hepatic region if she eats to satiety. Lyc. 6.

Distended. Hypogastric region distended and sensitive. Hyos. 7.

Distended. Tensive pain in morning on getting out of bed, especially in region of os pubis, with feeling as if hypogastrium were spasmodically constricted; sometimes as if distended; pains generally increasing and decreasing. Bell. 7.

Distention. (*Abdomen.*) Distention of abdomen after eating, with tension; amelioration from emission of flatus. Lyc. 5.

Distention of abdomen, with hardness. Calc. C. 5.

Distention and sensitiveness of abdomen, so that she must wear the clothes about stomach very loose; even in bed she must pull up the night dress; she dare not lay the arm across the abdomen. Lach. 5.

Distention of abdomen, but no power to expel its contents. Op. 5.

Distention. Flatulent distention of abdomen after stool. Lyc. 5.

Distention of abdomen from gas and hardness. Merc. 5.

Distention of abdomen as from incarceration of flatus. Graph. 5.

Distention of abdomen by flatulence, waking about midnight, causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief; new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. Cocc. 5.

Distention of abdomen, with rumbling. Agar. 5.

Distention of abdomen, with motion of flatus. Aloe 5.

Distention of abdomen, after eating a little. Kali C. 5.

Distention and pain in abdomen with tension. Coloc. 5.

Distention. Stool of greenish water, with distention of abdomen, frequent; liquid; always preceded by griping; worse on right side. Mag. C. 1.

Distention. Flatulent distention of abdomen after eating, after drinking. Nux V. 5.

Distention of abdomen, relieved by emission of flatus; griping. Phos. Ac. 5.

Distention of abdomen in morning in bed, relieved by emission of flatus, smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; also at night, after eating, with heaviness. Sulf. 5.

Distention of abdomen after dinner, with rumbling of flatus; griping. Carbo V. 5.

Distention of abdomen. Crot. Tig. 5.

Distention of abdomen; tympanitic and tender. Canth. 5.

Distention of abdomen. Apis 5.

Distention of abdomen; tympanitic; coldness also in back. Secale 5.

Distention of abdomen. Lil. Tig. 5.

Distention of abdomen, with tension and hardness. Chel. 5.

Distention of abdomen; tympanitic. Phos. 5.

Distention. Tensive pain, extending to chest, as from distention of abdomen. Caps. 5.

Distention. Feeling of distention of abdomen, with constrictive pain below umbilicus; the latter comes in jerks, obliging bending double. Bell. 7.

Distention of abdomen with rumbling; cutting with diarrhœa, as from taking cold; with pressure; with retching. Petr. 5.

Distention of abdomen, with frequent urging to stool, though more than ever constipated; tympanitic. Arn. 5.

Distention of abdomen after eating, with motions and colic; then continued constipation and feeling as if something lay in abdomen. Bry. 5.

Distention of hypochondria, worse in sides, pit of stomach, and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. Ign. 6.

Distention. Pressure in morning in hypogastrium, as if everything would be forced out towards organs of generation, with distention of abdomen, then contraction of abdomen, then discharge of white mucus from vagina. Bell. 7.

Distention of abdomen, with rumbling. Hell. 5.

Distention of abdomen. Ant. Cr. 5.

Distention. Tympanitic distention of abdomen, not relieved by emission of flatus. Sulf. 5.

Distention of abdomen at night, relieved by emission of flatus; rumbling all day, with gurgling, movements, and cutting. Mag. C. 5.

Distention. Flatulent and distention of abdomen from things which usually digested easily. Carbo V. 5.

Distention of abdomen, with rumbling and rolling. Carbol. Ac. 5.



## DISTENTION.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## DOWN.

Distention and rumbling in abdomen. Bapt. 5.

Distention of abdomen, with griping and emission of flatus. Asaf. 5.

Distention of abdomen, with motions and passage of offensive flatus; much trouble from flatulence. Carbo An. 5.

Distention of abdomen with gurgling, rumbling, rolling, in morning in bed; with grumbling and flatulent pain; worse in evening. Zinc. 5.

Distention of abdomen after dinner, with rumbling noises. Sep. 5.

Distention of abdomen, beginning at stomach; abdomen hard, as if filled with air, without pain; she cannot bear pressure on stomach; worse in hypogastrium. Ratan. 5.

Distention of abdomen after supper, with heaviness, anxiety and emission of flatus. Arg. N. 4.

Distention of abdomen; worse after eating. Natr. C. 5.

Distention of abdomen, and after eating tension, with weight; with pain in place of a hernia. Sil. 5.

Distention of abdomen all day after eating; fermentation. Rhus Tox. 5.

Distention of abdomen on eating, with heaviness of head; with rush of blood to head, vertigo and confusion; intolerance of anything tight about hypochondria. Graph. 5.

Distention of abdomen after eating; after a moderate supper, with griping here and there; sharp pain, as from flatulent food and much drink. China 5.

Distention of abdomen after eating, with emission of flatus. Cham. 5.

Distention of abdomen, as if she had eaten too much. Colch. 5.

Distention of abdomen after eating; flatulent, with rumbling and emission of flatus. Thuja 5.

Distention of abdomen after eating, with intermittent colic and rumbling; flatulent. Puls. 5.

Distention of abdomen with rumbling after stool; after breakfast with griping, then a second thin stool, then retraction of anus and nausea. Kali B. 5.

Distention. Typhlitis; extreme distention of abdomen, with icy coldness in stomach. Colch. Clin.

Distention. Evacuation of shreds of mucus or of undigested food, with enormous distention of abdomen; stools excessively offensive. Arg. N. Clin.

Distention. Colic, with great distention and sensitiveness of abdomen, recurring towards evening. Sep. Clin.

Distention. Excessive flatulent distention of abdomen and dysmenorrhœa. Cocc. Clin.

Distention. Great flatulent distention of abdomen and accumulation of flatus. Carbol. Ac. Clin.

Distention. Flatulent distention of abdomen, with great increase of fat; abdominal dropsy. Calc. C. Clin.

Distention. Abscess of liver; throbbing ulcerative pain in hepatic region, worse from touch on walking; hardness; distention of liver. Sil. Clin.

Distention. Diarrhœa brought on by riding in cars or carriage; aggravation from drinking cold water; with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool. Cocc. Clin.

Distention. (*Hypochondrium*.) Sense of distention in right hypochondrium. Chel. 6.

Distention in hepatic region with pain as if suppurating, and as if an ulcer would burst. Laur. 6.

Distention. (*Miscellaneous*.) Pain in hypochondria; aggravated by standing, so that he stoops; towards morning, with distention, pain in forehead and diarrhœa. Aloe 6.

Distention. Ascarides in chronic diarrhœa, with great appetite and distention of stomach. Calc. C. Clin.

Distention. Liquid stool; diarrhœa in morning on rising; yellow, with distention and dull pain under ribs. Aloe 1.

Distorted. Pinching in abdomen as if bowels were pressed inwards; amelioration from pressure and bending inward, with cutting extending towards pubic region, so severe below navel that facial muscles were distorted, and eyes drawn together, as if squeezed between stones. Coloc. 5.

Distress in umbilical region, and in hypogastric regions, with intermittent cutting in stomach and small intestines. Diosc. 7.

Distress in anus, as if prolapsed. Iris V. 3.

Distress. Soreness, fullness, distress in right hypochondrium. Æsc. 6.

Distress. Pressure in hypogastrium, as if bladder would fall out over os pubis; partially relieved by hard pressure; the pelvic distress always felt at night on waking. Sep. 7.

Distress in umbilicus, with burning in back part of liver and in spine. Lept. 7.

Distress. Rumbling in hypogastric region in morning, with distress, and a soft, profuse, black, fetid stool; then pain in abdomen. Lept. 7.

Distress. Hæmorrhoids, with darting pain shooting to liver; look like bunches of grapes, with great pain and distress. Diosc. Clin.

Distress. Stools very sluggish; the rectum seems plugged up; the attempt to have a stool causes distress in the abdomen. Anac. Clin.

Dizzy. Dysenteric diarrhœa, consisting of bloody mucus, followed by much pressing; weak and dizzy after stool. Petr. Clin.

Dog's. Inveterate constipation, with disappointing calls, the trouble being in the rectum; feces slender, long, narrow, dry, tough and hard, like a dog's, and voided with difficulty. Phos. Clin.

Dosing. Hepatic affections in good livers; in alcoholic excesses and after allopathic dosing; liver swollen, hard and sensitive to pressure of clothing. Nux V. Clin.

Double. Diarrhœa nightly, with colic, so that she must bend double; hot; smelling like rotten eggs; green; watery; painless; consisting of feces and mucus; white, slimy; with colic. Cham. 1.

Double. Sudden, cutting pain in abdomen; relieved after profuse, pasty stools; with digging, compelling him to bend double. Bry. 5.

Double. Feeling of distention of abdomen, with constrictive pain below umbilicus; the latter comes in jerks, obliging bending double. Bell. 7.

Double. Colic, forcing patient to bend double; he must walk about for relief; abdomen swollen, sensitive; no flatus up or down; after a cold; from fruits or vegetables; cold feeling in abdomen. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Double. Colic after eating and drinking, obliging one to bend double; worse from sweet things. Sulf. Clin.

Double. Colic; sensation of coldness, weakness and faintness; better from bending double. Petr. Clin.

Double. Colic, compelling one to walk bent, relieved by bending double and walking about, or by lying on the abdomen. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Down. (*Lying*.) Swelling of inguinal glands, with circumscribed redness; with pain on pressure, and from long walking and standing; obliged to lie down. Merc. 7.

Down. Stool frequent, with necessity to lie down after every stool; small; consisting of mucus. Arn. 1.

Down. Weakness in abdomen and in back, so that she must lie down. Phos. 5.

Down. Flatulent colic in evening, after lying down. Nux V. 5.

Down. Pain across hypogastrium at night on lying down; amelioration from micturition. Sep. 7.

Down. Colic from cold evening air; from worms; colic, which only passes off by lying down. Merc. Clin.

Down. Violent flatulent colic, generally relieved by walking about; aggravated by lying down at night; pains are generally cutting, twisting; amelioration from pressure; generally radiate from the abdomen to the back into chest and arms. Diosc. Clin.

Down. Piles, with pain on sitting down or taking a wide step, as if split with a knife; with violent pinching and very sore to touch. Graph. Clin.

Down. (*Miscellaneous*.) Drawing, tensive pains in upper abdomen, extending through spermatic cord into testicles, which hang low down, Puls. 5.

Down. Cutting low down in hypogastric region. Hyos. 7.

Down. Stools frequent, watery, with burning in anus; disposition to strain and bear down. Iris V. 1.



## DOWN.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## DRINKING.

Down. Sensation in abdomen, extending into small of back, as if something fell down. Laur. 5.

Down. Constriction and weight in abdomen, with sensation as if everything would fall down; obliging him to walk carefully. Nux V. 5.

Down. Stitches at origin of Ponpart's ligament at left ilium, extending down, then shooting outward into left side of female urethra. Berb. 7.

Down. Cutting in hypogastrium as if everything would be torn to pieces; deep down, then higher up; sticking. Kali C. 7.

Down. Heaviness in abdomen; sensation as if it hung down heavily, obliging her to walk bent. Carbo V. 5.

Down. Frequent urging in rectum, with prolapsus and emission of flatus; stooping and, still more, crouching down, caused protrusion. Ruta 2.

Down. Atony of the stomach and abdomen; feeling as if they hung down relaxed. Staph. Clin.

Down. Diarrhœa in typhoid; offensive; or in old people who sink down in bed. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Down. Frequent tenesmus for many days without being able to pass anything; great, urgent desire for stool, but on sitting down the desire immediately passes off without an evacuation. Anac. Clin.

Downward. Pressure in abdomen downward at night, waking her; with tension of muscles, so that he could not easily straighten up, as from incarcerated flatus. Sulf. 5.

Downward. Pressure downward in hypogastrium, towards genitals, as during menstruation. Plat. 7.

Downward. Pressing downward in hypogastrium during menses; better in knee-elbow position, which caused eructations and sleep. Sep. 7.

Downward. Flatulence; no flatus emitted upward and downward. Ratan. 5.

Downward. Griping in abdomen; worse below navel, obliging him to bend over; amelioration after a thin stool, with discharge of flatus upward and downward. Coloc. 5.

Downward. Pain in hepatic region, extending downward and across umbilical region, as if constricted by a string. Chel. 6.

Downward. Griping in abdomen with constriction, soreness and dragging downward and outward. Bry. 5.

Downward. Incipient hernia forced downward, with a bruised pain and cannot be reduced with the hand. Sulf. 7.

Downward. Colic, with pressure downward upon rectum and bladder. Op. Clin.

Dragged. Congested, enlarged liver; sensation of pain and drawing in right hypochondrium as if the liver had increased in weight and dragged at its ligaments. Agar. Clin.

Dragging. Offensive flatus and at last moist flatus, with dragging towards sacrum, and thence towards abdomen. Carbo V. 5.

Dragging down in rectum during menses with full sensation in pelvis. Aloe 2.

Dragging or griping in abdomen after stool. Carbo V. 5.

Dragging. Griping in abdomen with constriction, soreness, and dragging downward and outward. Bry. 5.

Dragging. Scraping, sticking, cutting in rectum and anus during stool, with dragging. Nit. Ac. 2.

Dragging in hypogastrium towards groins during stool; in groins; amelioration from emission of flatus; with sensitiveness to touch. Kali C. 7.

Dragging. Singular feeling in pelvic region at 4 p. m.; a weakness about small of back, pubic bones, and around anus a dragging. Sep. 7.

Dragging in anus, as before diarrhœa. Crot. Tig. 3.

Dragging. Diarrhœa; stools dark brown, semi-liquid, bilious, offensive; aggravation in morning and forenoon, with tenesmus of bladder and rectum during stool, preceded by constant dragging and bearing-down. Lil. Tig. Clin.

Drainage. Diarrhœa from bad drainage, from drinking impure water; stools black; or thick like glue, passed in thin strips like tape. Carbol. Ac. Clin.

Drank. Feeling in rectum, as if he would have diarrhœa as soon as he drank anything, but only a little passed every time. Caps. 2.

Draw. Tenesmus, as if more stool would follow, which must be held back on account of soreness of anus, yet on account of this pain he does not dare to draw the anus together. Aloe 2.

Draw. Constipation; stools enormously large and painful, leaving the sphincters nearly paralyzed and slow to close, with a feeling of inability to draw up the partially prolapsed anus, especially in those who have abused alcohol or narcotics. Lach. Clin.

Drawing. (*Abdomen.*) Drawing tensive pains in abdomen, like liver pains. Puls. 5.

Drawing tensive pains in upper abdomen, extending through spermatic cord into testicles, which hang low down. Puls. 5.

Drawing. Soreness in abdomen as if menses would appear, with drawing, tension, heaviness during motion; emptiness after stool. Sep. 5.

Drawing, griping in abdomen, with pressure in rectum, nausea, weakness in pit of stomach and pallor of face; throbbing. Ign. 5.

Drawing, tension in abdomen. Calc. C. 5.

Drawing pain in abdomen at night. Mag. M. 5.

Drawing. Stitches in abdomen, with griping, tearing, drawing, extending to chest. Nux V. 5.

Drawing. Aching in flanks on drawing in abdominal muscles. Asaf. 5.

Drawing. (*Right Hypochondrium.*) Burning and tensive sticking in right hypochondrium; worse from pressure; sharp, drawing in hepatic region. Mag. M. 6.

Drawing. Incarcerated flatus, with tension, sticking, drawing, tearing in whole abdomen. Coloc. 5.

Drawing. Pain in liver when walking, changing to heaviness; cutting, drawing, burning pain in liver. Kali C. 6.

Drawing pain in right hypochondrium, extending towards symphysis pubis. Calc. C. 6.

Drawing. Congested, enlarged liver; sensation of pain and drawing in right hypochondrium as if the liver had increased in weight and dragged at its ligaments. Agar. Clin.

Drawing. (*Miscellaneous.*) Stitching, griping, drawing, pain in hypogastrium. Agar. 7.

Drawing, burning in hypogastrium, extending from right ring, as if in spermatic cord, into right testicle. Staph. 7.

Drawing. Pressive drawing forward in left hypochondrium, with anxiety and nausea in chest. Rhus Tox. 6.

Drawing pain in posterior part, extending towards back like tearings. Calc. C. 6.

Drawing. Cutting in abdomen rather than sticking; with salivation before menses; with drawing in thighs. Cham. 5.

Drawing. Painful drawing in groins as before menstruation. Plat. 7.

Drawing. Tension in region of left anterior superior spine of ilium in evening, changing into drawing; extending to spine of ilium, to inguinal region and upper third of inner surface of thigh. Coloc. 7.

Drawing. Hæmorrhoids with excessive burning as from pepper; throbbing soreness with drawing pain in back. Caps. Clin.

Drawing. Diarrhœa with cutting, pressing pains before and during stool, with drawing pain in rectum after stool, continuing for hours; stools green, slimy, with flakes of false membranes; undigested, putrid, fetid, sour-smelling. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Drawn. Anus drawn up, with constriction. Plumb. 3.

Drawn. Cramps in abdomen; intussusception of the bowels. Cupr. Clin.

Drawn. Colic; intense paroxysms of a shooting character; abdomen hard as a stone, and drawn into the spine as if by a string; knots in recti muscles. Plumb. Clin.

Dread. Small, yellowish shining stool at 9 a. m., with sputtering flatus; with dread lest feces and urine escaped together; while he would force out, yet he held back. Aloe 1.

Dried and constricted feeling in rectum during stool. Alum. 2.

Drink. Colic, with cutting twisting about navel, and passage of tough mucous like diarrhœa, at times mixed with black blood; after every stool thirst, and after every drink shivering. Caps. 7.

Drinking. (*Colic after Drinking.*) Colic, after eating and drinking, obliging one to bend double; worse from sweet things. Sulf. Clin.



## DRINKING.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## DRYNESS.

Drinking. Colic, caused by suppressed perspiration, as from drinking ice water when heated. Coloc. Clin.

Drinking. Colic immediately after eating, and worse after drinking; amelioration from hot wet cloths; abdomen enormously distended. Nux Mos. Clin.

Drinking. (*Stools after Drinking.*) Diarrhœa in morning and through forenoon; the natural stool in evening; immediately after eating and drinking; alternating with constipation. Pod. 1.

Drinking. Stools may be black, brown, burning, putrid; brought on by eating or drinking, or aggravated after midnight, preceded by most violent burning and cutting pains, and followed by extreme exhaustion. Ars. A. 1.

Drinking. Diarrhœa immediately after drinking. Arg. N. Clin.

Drinking. Diarrhœa from suddenly checked perspiration in hot weather; from cold drinks, vegetables, stewed fruits; drinking milk. Bry. Clin.

Drinking. Diarrhœa, brought on by riding in cars or carriage; aggravation from drinking cold water, with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool. Cocc. Clin.

Drinking. Dysentery, bloody and mucous, with great straining and burning in anus; temporarily ceasing after stool and by warmth of bed; aggravation after eating and drinking. Coloc. Clin.

Drinking. Diarrhœa, particularly after meals at night; painless; early in the morning, in hot weather; from eating fruit; from drinking sour beer; after severe, acute diseases; after loss of fluids. China Clin.

Drinking. Diarrhœa containing undigested food; painless; recurring when eating or drinking. Ferr. Clin.

Drinking. Diarrhœa watery, green, frothy, gushing out with force; resulting from drinking excessive quantities of water. Grat. Clin.

Drinking. Diarrhœa from bad drainage; from drinking impure water; stools black, or thick, like glue, passed in thin strips, like tape. Carbol. Ac. Clin.

Drinking. Camp diarrhœa; chronic, from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane, with aching and burning in hepatic region; worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. Lept. Clin.

Drinking. Diarrhœa; stools involuntary, green, mucous, or mushy; undigested, with cutting in abdomen before, tenesmus during, and burning after stool; worse after eating and drinking. Laur. Clin.

Drinking. Diarrhœa with profuse sweat, with desire for eating and drinking; stool frequent and painful, watery; involuntary. Ver. Alb. 1.

Drinking. (*Miscellaneous.*) Flatulent distention of abdomen after eating; after drinking. Nux V. 5.

Drinking. Griping in upper abdomen after eating and drinking. Rhus Tox. 6.

Drinking. Pain in abdomen in evening after drinking, after stool, on touch, with diarrhœa. Puls. 5.

Drinking. Urging to stool after drinking, but only a little mucus passed. Caps. 2.

Drinking. Constipation with ineffectual urging; amelioration after drinking milk; stools hard, knotty, dark colored; constipation, alternating with diarrhœa. Iod. Clin.

Drinks. Feeling in abdomen as if it would burst if he eats or drinks. Carbo V. 5.

Drinks. Diarrhœa from abuse of intoxicating drinks or high living; stools frequent, small, corrosive, offensive, thin, brownish-green, fecal. Nux V. Clin.

Drinks. Diarrhœa from suddenly checked perspiration in hot weather; from cold drinks, vegetables, stewed fruits, drinking milk. Bry. Clin.

Drinks. Cholera or choleraic stools; not copious; with desire for warm food and drinks, and horrible cramps in stomach and abdomen. Cupr. Clin.

Drinks. Diarrhœa; stools sour, green, bloody; one stool fetid, the other odorless; one containing fecal matter, the other blood; no two stools alike; caused by eating pork or fat food; from fruit, ice cream, tobacco, cold drinks. Puls. Clin.

Driving. Pain in right hypochondrium, between right ribs and hip when driving; aggravation from pressure. Card. M. 6.

Driving. Diarrhœa, driving out of bed very early in the morning; want of confidence in sphincter ani; worse immediately after eating; aggravated in mornings in hot, damp weather. Aloe Clin.

Dropsical diseases, depending on organic affections of liver; jaundice, with dull headache; constipation; foul tongue. Card. M. Clin.

Dropsical effusions, and even peritonitis, always with sharp pains; great aggravation from cold air and in the early morning. Kali C. Clin.

Dropsy. Abdominal dropsy, sometimes with diarrhœa and vomiting. Apis Clin.

Dropsy. Abdominal dropsy. Sulf. Clin.

Dropsy. Dropsy of abdomen. Ars. A. Clin.

Dropsy. Abdominal dropsy. Hell. Clin.

Dropsy. Flatulent distention of abdomen, with great increase of fat; abdominal dropsy. Calc. C. Clin.

Dropsy. Hyperæmia; at first enlargement, fatty degeneration, and finally atrophy of the liver, with jaundice and dropsy. Phos. Clin.

Drowsiness. Deep-seated digging within hips on both sides, as in dysentery, with nausea and drowsiness. Arn. 7.

Drunkards. Hemorrhoids of drunkards. Ars. A. Clin.

Drunkards. Diarrhœa of drunkards or in pneumonia. Ant. T. Clin.

Drunkards. Enlarged liver of drunkards, with inflammation and abscess; jaundice, tenderness on pressure. Lach. Clin.

Drunkards. Cirrhosis of liver, with ascites, especially in drunkard's gin-liver; chronic hepatitis, with tendency to abscess. Lye. Clin.

Drunkards. Diarrhœa of drunkards on their last legs; great debility and nervous prostration; a sensation of trembling all over the body; stools lemon-colored, chopped, frothy mucous, stringy, offensive, watery, with burning in rectum during stool. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Dry. (*Stool.*) Constriction of anus during stool, with tension and burning after dry stool. Sil. 3.

Dry. Obstinate constipation; stool dry and difficult, with confusion of head. Bry. 1.

Dry. Stool after dinner very dry and like sand, but passed without trouble. Arg. M. 1.

Dry. Burning in rectum, with the evacuation of stool and urine; stools dry and large, then copious, pasty stools, with relief of all symptoms, except the confusion of head. Bry. 2.

Dry. Inflammation of the liver, with pain, swelling, hardness, constant fever, dry tongue, restlessness, small, rapid pulse, and on rising from bed faintness. Iod. 6.

Dry. Children's stools white, dry, with hard lumps of curd. Ant. Cr. Clin.

Dry. Constipation in persons of sedentary habits, from atony of lower intestines; stools hard, dry, crumble when passing, with great straining and causing prolapse of rectum. Pod. Clin.

Dry. Inveterate constipation, with disappointing calls, the trouble being in the rectum; feces slender, long, narrow, dry, tough and hard, like a dog's, and voided with difficulty. Phos. Clin.

Dry. Constipation; bowels obstructed from induration of feces, which are so dry that they crumble as they pass the anus; like sheep's-dung, covered with blood and mucus. Mag. M. Clin.

Dry. Stools hard, dark brown or black; dry, as if burnt. Bry. Clin.

Dry. Constipation of children, with dry and inflamed rectum and bleeding. Alum. Clin.

Dry. Constipation; stool dry, brittle, granular, which is passed only after prolonged effort. Zinc. Clin.

Dry. Peritonitis and enteritis, with restlessness; dry, red tongue. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Dryness in rectum with heat; feels as if it were filled with small sticks. Æsc. 2.

Dryness. Constipation; fruitless urging to stool; dryness of rectum; knotty stool, shining as if greased, very small in size; passes easier when standing. Caust. Clin.



**DRYNESS.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****DURING.**

Dryness. Fullness, itching, soreness and dryness of rectum. *Æsc.* 2.

Dull. Liquid stool; diarrhœa in morning on rising; yellow, with distention and dull pain under ribs. *Aloe* 1.

Dull. Pain in perineum as if something dull pressed out there. *Asaf.* 2.

Dull. Constant dull aching in right lower lobe of liver. *Æsc.* 6.

Dull. Hepatitis after vexation or taking cold; dull aching pains in liver. *Cham. Clin.*

Dull. Pain in right hypochondrium, especially when limited to a small spot; dull pain or stitches in liver; clay-colored stool. *Kali B. Clin.*

Dull. Dropsical diseases depending on organic affections of liver; jaundice, with dull headache; constipation; foul tongue. *Card. M. Clin.*

Duodenal catarrh, sometimes with jaundice; white stools. *Kali B. Clin.*

Duodenitis, with jaundice; ulceration of the duodenum. *Pod. Clin.*

Duodenum. Duodenitis, with jaundice; ulceration of the duodenum. *Pod. Clin.*

**During.** (*Menses.*) Gripping in hypogastrium during menses, with pain in small of back and general chilliness. *Sulf.* 7.

**During.** Pressure downward in hypogastrium towards genitals, as during menstruation. *Plat.* 7.

**During.** Pressing downward in hypogastrium during menses; better in knee-elbow position, which caused eructations and sleep. *Sep.* 7.

**During.** Cutting in abdomen during menses, obliging him to sit bent over, pressing with both hands, or to lean far back; as before diarrhœa. *Kali C.* 5.

**During.** Dragging down in rectum during menses, with full sensation in pelvis. *Aloe* 2.

**During.** Pain in abdomen during menstruation. *Mag. C.* 5.

**During.** Constipation during menstruation; stool like sheep-dung, painful, and difficult; insufficient after much pressure. *Kali C.* 1.

**During.** Cutting in abdomen on appearance of menses; aggravation from motion, with tearing in back and small of back during menstruation; with diarrhœa. *Caust.* 5.

**During.** Coldness in abdomen during menses, as if a cold fluid passed through intestines. *Kali C.* 5.

**During.** Constipation of women before and during menses. *Sil.* Clin.

**During.** Chronic diarrhœa during menstruation; green, mucous stools; sometimes diarrhœa alternates with constipation. *Amm. Mur.* Clin.

**During.** (*Stool.*) Contraction of rectum so that it protrudes during hard stool. *Lyc.* 2.

**During.** Protruding hæmorrhoids during stool; when walking, painful. *Sep.* 3.

**During.** Constriction of anus during stool, with tension and burning after dry stool. *Sil.* 3.

**During.** Pain in rectum during stool as if something would be torn asunder. *Nit. Ac.* 2.

**During.** Constriction in rectum during stool, with discharge of bright blood; after stool, with sensation as if some could not be evacuated; after eating, with tearing, sticking. *Nux V.* 2.

**During.** Straining in rectum before, during and after stool; fullness; sensation after as if something remained; pressure during soft stool. *Sulf.* 2.

**During.** Gripping in abdomen before and during stool. *Sulf.* 5.

**During.** Contracted sensation in rectum during stool; stool difficult, hard, causing tearing in anus so that it bleeds and pains as if sore. *Natr. M.* 2.

**During.** Cutting in rectum during normal stool. *Sulf.* 2.

**During.** Hæmorrhoids sensitive, though protruding but little; protruded during stool; return with difficulty and with bloody mucus from rectum. *Sil.* 3.

**During.** Stitches in rectum during and after stool, with spasmodic constriction in anus. *Nit. Ac.* 2.

**During.** Discharge of blood from rectum during stool; during soft stool. *Lyc.* 2.

**During.** Sticking in rectum, with smarting during a stool that was not hard. *Phos.* 2.

**During.** Hæmorrhage from anus of pure blood during stool. *Phos.* 3.

**During.** Discharge of blood from anus during stool. *Natr. C.* 3.

**During.** Dried and constricted feeling in rectum during stool. *Alum.* 2.

**During.** Tenesmus during diarrhœa. *Alum.* 2.

**During.** Burning in rectum during and after soft stool. *Amm. Mur.* 2.

**During.** Burning in anus during soft stools. *Amm. Mur.* 3.

**During.** Pressure in anus during stool, with pain. *Alum.* 3.

**During.** Bleeding of anus during stool. *Carbo V.* 3.

**During.** Stitches in rectum during stool. *Carbo V.* 2.

**During.** Pain in anus caused by stool; contracted feeling during stool. *Chel.* 3.

**During.** Heat in lower part of rectum during stool. *Con.* 2.

**During.** Pinching increasing to cutting pain in hypogastrium in morning before, during and after diarrhœa. *Ars. A.* 7.

**During.** Sore pain in rectum during stool as if an ulcer had been torn apart, with discharge of mucus. *Ant. Cr.* 2.

**During.** Pressure in anus during and after a pasty stool. *Sulf. Ac.* 3.

**During.** Scraping, sticking, cutting in rectum and anus during stool, with dragging. *Nit. Ac.* 2.

**During.** Bleeding from anus during stool; sore pain after stool. *Puls.* 3.

**During.** Crawling, itching, burning in anus during stool. *Zinc.* 3.

**During.** Throbbing pain in rectum all day; after stool; also burning pain during the hard stool and in anus. *Sulf.* 2.

**During.** Burning pain in anus during, before and after stool. *Berb.* 3.

**During.** Diarrhœa, with colicky pains around navel before or during stool; stools sour, liquid, slimy, fecal, mixed with green slime. *Rheum Clin.*

**During.** Gripping in abdomen before stool; also during and after stool. *Aloe* 5.

**During.** Jerking, almost sticking, pain in rectum, with burning, stinging, itching during stool. *Sil.* 2.

**During.** Burning in anus during stool. *Calc. C.* 3.

**During.** Cutting in abdomen towards evening, during stool; after the stool shivering. *Canth.* 5.

**During.** Anus red, inflamed and covered with red veins, with burning during stool. *Sulf.* 3.

**During.** Hæmorrhoids; pain during normal stool. *Mag. M.* 3.

**During.** Hæmorrhoids swollen, bleeding during natural stool. *Kali C.* 3.

**During.** Burning in anus during stool. *Merc. C.* 3.

**During.** Discharge of moisture from anus, with sore feeling and itching around it; involuntary; of viscid, slimy fluid, causing soreness; of thread worms during stool. *Sulf.* 3.

**During.** Burning in anus during and after stool. *Lach.* 3.

**During.** Dragging in hypogastrium towards groins during stool; in groins; amelioration from emission of flatus; with sensitiveness to touch. *Kali C.* 7.

**During.** Hæmorrhoids swollen, and protrude with a hard stool; protrude during diarrhœa, with stitching and burning for many hours. *Kali C.* 3.

**During.** Hæmorrhoids swollen, protruding, burning, sticking; protruding during soft stool; **painful on touch;** painful when sitting. *Lyc.* 3.

**During.** Diarrhœa like scrapings of intestines; reddish, mucous, or bloody; flaky, with extreme burning in anus during stool. *Canth. Clin.*

**During.** Gripping in abdomen, with ineffectual urging to stool; pain before and during stool; better after stool; aggravation from eating plums. *Rheum* 5.

**During.** Dysentery; burning in anus during stool, and long-lasting, severe tenesmus afterwards; fruitless efforts to stool, which is bloody, watery and offensive. *Plumb. Clin.*

**During.** Diarrhœa, coming on suddenly; faint feeling before, during, and after stool; worse from fruits and sweetmeats; during summer every movement of the body renews the discharges. *Crot. Tig. Clin.*

**During.** Periodical return of dysentery in spring or early part of summer; stools blackish, watery, bloody, jelly-like; stringy discharges, with tenesmus during and after stool. *Kali C. Clin.*

**During.** Hæmorrhoids, with bleeding during and after stool. *Ign. Clin.*

**During.** Procidencia recti during stool. *Ign. Clin.*



**DURING.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****DYSENTERY.**

**During.** Exhausting diarrhœa; stools slimy, like chopped eggs, thin, yellow, profuse and putrid; undigested, with cutting and urging during stool. Nux Mos. Clin.

**During.** Diarrhœa; stools dark brown, semi-liquid, bilious, offensive; aggravation in morning and forenoon, with tenesmus of bladder and rectum during stool, preceded by constant dragging and bearing down. Lil. Tig. Clin.

**During.** Diarrhœa; stools involuntary, green, mucous or mushy, undigested, with cutting in abdomen before, tenesmus during and burning after stool; worse after eating and drinking. Laur. Clin.

**During.** Diarrhœa, with cutting pressing pains before and during stool; with drawing pain in rectum after stool, continuing for hours; stools green, slimy, with flakes of false membranes; undigested, putrid; fetid; sour-smelling. Nit. Ac. Clin.

**During.** Chronic diarrhœa in cachectic, dyspeptic persons; stools light gray or brownish, corrosive, sometimes painless, with rumbling in bowels; colicky pains during and before stool and burning in anus after. Kali C. Clin.

**During.** Nervous diarrhœa from depression of the nerve centres; stools loose, papescent, enveloped in bright red, foamy blood, preceded by colic, with burning at the anus during and after stool. Zinc. Clin.

**During.** Hæmorrhoids intensely painful; boring, cramping from anus to rectum and testicles; protrude during stool, become incarcerated and suppurate. Sil. Clin.

**During.** Diarrhœa of drunkards on their last legs; great debility and nervous prostration; a sensation of trembling all over the body; stools lemon-colored, chopped, frothy, mucous, stringy, offensive, watery, with burning in rectum during stool. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

**During.** (*Typhoid.*) Diarrhœa during typhoid or scarlatina. Apis Clin.

**During.** Diarrhœa, with much wind; stools profuse, dark green, brown, gelatinous; worse after eating; from fruit; from lager beer; from abuse of Opium; with intolerable itching of anus during typhoid fever. Mur. Ac. Clin.

**During.** Diarrhœa during typhoid, with bloated abdomen. Op. Clin.

**During.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Crawling in rectum in evening when sitting, with biting as from worms; itching during the day. Sulf. 2.

**During.** Stool during micturition; also at 5 a. m., with micturition; in morning after rising; after breakfast. Aloe 1.

**During.** Soreness in abdomen as if menses would appear, with drawing, tension; heaviness during motion; emptiness after stool. Sep. 5.

**During.** Sticking in anus during the day. Sul. 3.

**During.** Pain in abdomen, then discharge of dark mucus, causing biting in anus; **as before diarrhœa from taking cold**; in morning on slightest uncovering during sweat. Nux V. 5.

**During.** Itching in region of anus during day and evening; before sleep. Mezer. 3.

**During.** Stitches in right hypochondrium during and after stooping. Calc. C. 6.

**During.** Sticking in umbilical region during inspiration. Hyos. 7.

**During.** Constipation during child-bed. Ant. Cr. Clin.

**During.** Hæmorrhoids, with oozing of yellow mucus; constipated during hot weather. Ant. Cr. Clin.

**During.** Colic during pregnancy or from suppressed menstruation; menstrual colic. Puls. Clin.

**During.** Constipation of females, with pain and pressure in iliac regions; from uterine and abdominal congestion during pregnancy. Sep. Clin.

**During.** Yellow, watery diarrhœa; nearly odorless; involuntary; passed in bed unconsciously, especially during sleep; a typhoid state, with delirium. Hyos. Clin.

**During.** Involuntary diarrhœa during emission of flatus; bilious; with sensation as if weight would pass. Sulf. 1.

**During.** Cholera infantum; stools whitish, curdy, turning green on the diaper on exposure to air; sour-smelling of whole body, especially during teething. Rheum Clin.

**During.** Chronic diarrhœa, especially during early hours of morning; stool watery, with meal-like sediment; yellow, pasty, black; mucous and blood-streaked; involuntary; very offensive, like carrion. Pod. Clin.

**During.** Diarrhœa; stools thin, brown, yellowish, frothy; forcibly expelled; with colic and prominence of intestines, like pads here and there all over the abdomen, during the pains. Ratan. Clin.

**During.** Diarrhœa of anæmic and hysterical women, mostly during night; stools greenish, pasty, with tenesmus and cutting in abdomen. Mag. M. Clin.

**During.** Diarrhœa during hot summer and after milk; stools watery, gray; worse during day and after eating; with discharge passing with a gush; much fetid flatus is passed with the stool. Natr. C. Clin.

**Dysenteric flux.** Agar. 1.

**Dysenteric attacks for several successive years; frequent bloody stools, with gnawing at navel, then ineffectual straining.** Kali B. 1.

**Dysenteric stools; blood and slime separated.** Mur. Ac. Clin.

**Dysenteric diarrhœa, consisting of bloody mucus, followed by much pressing; weak and dizzy after stool.** Petr. Clin.

**Dysenteric, bloody stools, with intolerable, burning tenesmus; with chill as if water were poured over one.** Canth. Clin.

**Dysenteric.** Stool bloody, with tenesmus and painful; dysenteric; much black, offensive blood; pseudo membrane; painful and frequent, with fever and headache. Nit. Ac. Clin.

**Dysenteries during the autumn, with violent colic and tenesmus; stools almost black and fermented, like frothy molasses.** Ipec. Clin.

**Dysentery. (Chronic.)** Chronic dysentery, with the abdominal symptoms of flatulence and the burning in anus and rectum; discharge of jelly-like lumps. Aloe Clin.

**Dysentery, with bloody, slimy stools; with symptoms of ulceration of the rectum; chronic dysentery.** Arg. N. Clin.

**Dysentery.** Chronic dysentery; slime, mixed with greenish substances and containing bloody specks. Con. Clin.

**Dysentery.** Chronic dysentery; discharges like meat washings; severe tenesmus; burning pain deep in rectum. Pod. Clin.

**Dysentery.** Chronic dysentery; stools frequent, small, pitch-like, with pale blood; involuntary. Zinc. Clin.

**Dysentery.** Chronic dysentery; urgent straining, with shuddering and sense of insufficient evacuation. Lyc. Clin.

**Dysentery. (Tenesmus.)** Urging to stool; ineffectual; tenesmus as in dysentery, with burning pain and pressure in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 2.

**Dysentery; stools slimy and bloody, with tenesmus.** Coleh. 1.

**Dysentery.** Diphtheritic dysentery; burning in rectum with ineffectual urging; stools bloody; tenesmus. Nit. Ac. Clin.

**Dysentery; discharges bloody, some tenesmus, but not painful.** Bapt. Clin.

**Dysentery; burning in anus during stool and long-lasting, severe tenesmus afterwards; fruitless efforts to stool, which is bloody, watery, and offensive.** Plumb. Clin.

**Dysentery; stools watery, mucous, and bloody, with tearing down the thighs and much tenesmus.** Rhus Tox. Clin.

**Dysentery in moist weather; aggravation from any current of air; violent tenesmus of rectum and bladder.** Caps. Clin.

**Dysentery.** Periodical return of dysentery in spring or early part of summer; stools blackish, watery, bloody, jelly-like; stringy discharges, with tenesmus during and after stool. Kali B. Clin.

**Dysentery; almost constant cutting pains in abdomen with ineffectual pressing, straining, and tenesmus; discharges of bloody slime day and night; severe pains in rectum continue after stool.** Merc. C. Clin.

**Dysentery. (Miscellaneous.)** Constipation; with sensitiveness above Ponpart's ligament and hardness low down in left iliac region; afterwards almost dysentery of watery stools, mixed with whitish-yellow and cheesy masses, and tenesmus. Phos. 1.



## DYSENTERY.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## EATING.

Dysentery. Deep-seated digging within hips on both sides as in dysentery, with nausea and drowsiness. Arn. 7.

Dysentery from cold, damp weather; rectum protrudes; stools very slimy. Dulc. Clin.

Dysentery, with a low type of fever; bloody, almost painless stools. Apis Clin.

Dysentery of a low type. Arn. Clin.

Dysentery in marshy districts, with intermittent symptoms. China Clin.

Dysentery, especially in children. Bell. Clin.

Dysentery. Autumnal dysentery. Colch. Clin.

Dysentery. Mucous membrane of the anus is swollen and everted in dysentery, with excessive tenderness. Bell. Clin.

Dysentery. Acute dysentery, with unquenchable thirst; even the lips, mouth and throat feel raw and burning; tendency to collapse; cold hands and feet. Canth. Clin.

Dysentery; particularly valuable in the collapsed stage; stools involuntary, grumous; with these conditions it has saved many apparently hopeless cases. Secale Clin.

Dysentery of bloody mucus, like scrapings of the intestines; involuntary; putrid; dark. Carbol. Ac. Clin.

Dysentery; bloody stool with deathly nausea from smelling cooking; watery stool, jelly-like mucus, with scrapings from intestines. Colch. Clin.

Dysentery, bloody and mucous, with great straining and burning of anus, temporarily ceasing after stool and by warmth of bed; aggravation after eating or drinking. Coloc. Clin.

Dysentery; discharges white, slimy, clear-yellow, red, or green slime, blood and mucus. Puls. Clin.

Dysentery when the patient is cold, skin blue; stools of bloody mucus. Iris V. Clin.

Dysentery; stools bloody, mucous, every half hour, with constant urging and much backache. Lil. Tig. Clin.

Dysentery; stool small, slimy, bloody, with urging; tenesmus ceasing after stool; stools like pitch and blood. Nux V. Clin.

Dysentery of bloody mucus mixed with the green, watery stool. Mag. C. Clin.

Dysentery; excoriating discharges; abdomen externally cold to touch; stools bloody, green, mucous; like stirred eggs; worse at night; pains increased after stool. Merc. Clin.

Dysmenorrhœa. Excessive flatulent distention of abdomen and dysmenorrhœa. Cocc. Clin.

Dyspeptic. Chronic diarrhœa in cachectic, dyspeptic persons; stools light-gray or brownish; corrosive, sometimes painless, with rumbling in bowels, colicky pains during and before stool and burning in anus after. Kali C. Clin.

Dyspeptics. Chronic diarrhœa in dyspeptics and consumptives, which is caused whenever taking fresh meat, fat foods, acids, sweets. Caust. Clin.

Dyspnœa. Colic from indigestion, with waterbrash; worse after coffee, brandy, or overeating; flatulent, with pressure upward, causing dyspnœa. Nux V. Clin.

Early stage of peritonitis and enteritis, with severe, agonizing pain; tossing about; high fever. Acon. Clin.

Early. Diarrhœa, driving out of bed very early in the morning; want of confidence in sphincter ani; worse immediately after eating; aggravated in mornings in hot, damp weather. Aloe Clin.

Early. Chronic diarrhœa, especially during early hours of morning; stool watery, with meal-like sediment; yellow, pasty, black; mucous and blood-streaked; involuntary; very offensive, like carrion. Pod. Clin.

Early. Diarrhœa always in daytime, never at night, but has stools early in the morning; hunger immediately after stool from weak, empty feeling in bowels; stools profuse, gushing, mucous, yellowish-brown, with colic. Petr. Clin.

Easy. Stool soft, brownish, easy, floating on water. Merc. 1.

Easy. Green stool, preceded by crying; frequent and easy. Borax 1.

Easy. Offensive flatus, with stool; frequent and loud; easy; with inclination as for soft stool. Aloe 5.

Eat. Fetid flatus, with cutting, pinching; then diarrhœa, with pain in abdomen on every attempt to eat. Calc. Ph. 5.

Eat. Constipation in persons who live to eat, with heavy pressure in the lower part of the abdomen. Aloe Clin.

Eaten. Stool undigested of food eaten the previous evening; involuntary. Olean. 1.

Eaten. Distention of abdomen as if she had eaten too much. Colch. 5.

Eating. (*Distention of Abdomen after Eating.*) Distention of abdomen after eating a little. Kali C. 5.

Eating. Distention of abdomen after eating, with tension; amelioration from emission of flatus. Lyc. 5.

Eating. Flatulent distention of abdomen after eating; after drinking. Nux V. 5.

Eating. Distention of abdomen in morning in bed, relieved by emission of flatus smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; also at night; after eating, with heaviness. Sulf. 5.

Eating. Distention of abdomen, and after eating tension, with weight; with pain in place of a hernia. Sil. 5.

Eating. Distention of abdomen all day after eating; fermentation. Rhus Tox. 5.

Eating. Distention of abdomen after eating, with intermittent colic and rumbling; flatulent. Puls. 5.

Eating. Distention of abdomen worse after eating. Natr. C. 5.

Eating. Distention of abdomen after eating, with emission of flatus. Cham. 5.

Eating. Distention of abdomen after eating; flatulent, with rumbling and emission of flatus. Thuja 5.

Eating. Distention of abdomen on eating, with heaviness of head; with rush of blood to head, vertigo and confusion; intolerance of anything tight about hypochondria. Graph. 5.

Eating. Distention of abdomen after eating; after a moderate supper, with griping here and there; sharp pain as from flatulent food and much drink. China 5.

Eating. Fullness in upper abdomen after eating; the food remains long. China 5.

Eating. Distention of abdomen after eating with motions and colic, then continued constipation and feeling as if something lay in abdomen. Bry. 5.

Eating. (*Stool after Eating.*) Stool fluid after eating, with discharge of flatus and colic, all the afternoon; better from warmth of bed. Coloc. 1.

Eating. Diarrhœa in morning and through forenoon; the natural stool in evening, immediately after eating and drinking; alternating with constipation. Pod. 1.

Eating. Diarrhœa after eating, of undigested feces, also passed in several pieces, then ineffectual urging with biting, burning pain in anus and colic before and after every stool. China 1.

Eating. Stools may be black, brown, burning, putrid; brought on by eating or drinking, or aggravated after midnight, preceded by most violent burning and cutting pains, and followed by extreme exhaustion. Ars. A. 1.

Eating. Urging to stool after eating, when rising from lying; sudden in morning on rising; ineffectual; also with emission of flatus. Aloe 2.

Eating. Diarrhœa driving out of bed very early in the morning; want of confidence in sphincter ani; worse immediately after eating; aggravated in morning, in hot, damp weather. Aloe Clin.

Eating. Chronic diarrhœa; cannot urinate without having a stool, or the stools became dark and fetid; worse after eating. Apis Clin.

Eating. Diarrhœa in wet weather; mostly mornings after rising and eating; with much rumbling; stools thin, yellow, fecal, slimy. Agar. Clin.

Eating. Diarrhœa, particularly after meals; at night; painless, early in the morning, in hot weather; from eating fruit; from drinking sour beer; after severe acute diseases; after loss of fluids. China Clin.

Eating. Dysentery bloody and mucous, with great straining and burning in anus, temporarily ceasing after stool and by warmth of bed; aggravation after eating and drinking. Coloc. Clin.

Eating. Diarrhœa with much wind; stools profuse, dark green, brown, gelatinous, worse after eating; from fruit, from lager beer, from abuse of Opium, with intolerable itching of anus during typhoid fever. Mur. Ac. Clin.



## EATING.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## EMIGRANTS.

Eating. Diarrhœa; stools involuntary, green, mucous or mushy; undigested, with cutting in abdomen before, tenes-during and burning after stool; worse after eating and drinking. Laur. Clin.

Eating. Diarrhœa; stools sour, green, bloody, one stool fetid, the other odorless; one containing fecal matter, the other blood; no two stools alike; caused by eating pork or fat food; from fruit, ice cream, tobacco, cold drinks. Puls. Clin.

Eating. Diarrhœa, with constant rumbling and gurgling in abdomen; stools dark yellow, undigested; very offensive; stools of yellow water, with meal-like sediment; worse night and morning after eating. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Eating. (*Pain after Eating.*) Sharp pain in rectum after stool and after eating; aggravation from exerting the mind or studying in morning before stool. Nux V. 2.

Eating. Constriction in rectum during stool, with discharge of bright blood; after stool, with sensation as if some could not be evacuated; after eating, with tearing, sticking. Nux V. 2.

Eating. Incarcerated flatus, with griping in abdomen after eating. Natr. C. 5.

Eating. Cutting in abdomen in morning, with emission of flatus as from flatulence in evening before eating. Puls. 5.

Eating. Cutting in umbilical region after eating, with tenesmus. Coloc. 7.

Eating. Cutting in abdomen after eating, jerk-like. Chel. 5.

Eating. Griping about umbilicus on eating, with pinching. Nux V. 7.

Eating. Griping in umbilical region, at times above at times below navel, in afternoon soon after eating, as from flatus. Ver. Alb. 7.

Eating. Pinching constriction in upper abdomen after eating, extending to left side of abdomen and chest. Cocc. 5.

Eating. Griping in upper abdomen after eating and drinking. Rhus Tox. 6.

Eating. Pinching or cramp-like pressure transversely across abdomen in region of pit of stomach after eating. Cina 5.

Eating. Griping in abdomen with ineffectual urging to stool; pain before and during stool; better after stool; aggravation from eating plums. Rheum 5.

Eating. Colic immediately after eating; pain below the navel, as if the intestines were torn. Graph. Clin.

Eating. Colic after eating and drinking, obliging one to bend double; worse from sweet things. Sulf. Clin.

Eating. Colic immediately after eating; and worse after drinking; amelioration from hot, wet cloths; abdomen enormously distended. Nux Mos. Clin.

Eating. Griping colic, writhing around navel; better from hot milk; worse after eating or nursing. Crot. Tig. Clin.

Eating. (*Miscellaneous.*) Diarrhœa with profuse sweat, with desire for eating and drinking; stool frequent and painful; watery; involuntary. Ver. Alb. 1.

Eating. Griping in umbilical region worse from eating fruit, with cutting and general chill. Coloc. 7.

Eating. Abdomen bloated after eating; amelioration from emission of flatus, with nausea. Psor. 5.

Eating. Gurgling in upper abdomen after eating. Zinc. 5.

Eating. Diarrhœa from eating sugar or sweets, of which there is a great fondness. Arg. N. Clin.

Eating. Diarrhœa containing undigested food; painless; recurring when eating or drinking. Ferr. Clin.

Eating. Diarrhœa; stool like chopped eggs; of yellow mucus; sometimes frothy; extremely fetid; aggravation from eating oysters. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Eats. Unpleasant and distended feeling in hepatic region if she eats to satiety. Lyc. 6.

Eats. Feeling in abdomen as if it would burst if he eats or drinks. Carbo V. 5.

Effect. Constipation; large, hard, difficult stools; frequent urging without effect; sensation as if much remained after stool; the action of the bowels irregular and spasmodic. Nux V. Clin.

Effort. Bearing-down pains in hypogastrium, worse when walking, with weight low down in vagina; with constant desire for stool, but with every effort at stool only urine was discharged. Lil. Tig. 7.

Effort. Constipation; stool large in size, with great effort of abdominal muscles. Zinc. 1.

Effort. Bowels very inactive; the soft stools are evacuated slowly and with effort. Hep. Clin.

Effort. Constipation; stool dry, brittle, granular, which is passed only after prolonged effort. Zinc. Clin.

Effort. Constipation from lead poisoning; frequent desire but small evacuations, with great effort. Plat. Clin.

Efforts. Dysentery; burning in anus during stool and long-lasting severe tenesmus afterwards; fruitless efforts to stool, which is bloody, watery and offensive. Plumb. Clin.

Effusions. Dropsical effusions and even peritonitis, always with sharp pains; great aggravation from cold air and in the early morning. Kali C. Clin.

Eggs. (*Stool like Rotten Eggs.*) Diarrhœa nightly, with colic so that she must bend double; hot; smelling like rotten eggs, green, watery; painless, consisting of feces and mucus; white, slimy, with colic. Cham. 1.

Eggs. Stool intermitting, frequent, at first hard, then pasty, then liquid; white, offensive, like bad eggs. Calc. C. 1.

Eggs. Diarrhœa; stool involuntary when emitting flatus; stool thin, yellow, fecal, with emission of fetid flatus like rotten eggs. Olean. Clin.

Eggs. Diarrhœa; evacuation hot; odor of rotten eggs; aggravation from drinking cold water. Staph. Clin.

Eggs. Stools at first hard, then mushy; finally fluid, smelling like rotten eggs; involuntary, fermented, sour-smelling diarrhœa, alternating with constipation. Calc. C. Clin.

Eggs. (*Stool like Chopped Eggs.*) Diarrhœa; stool like chopped eggs; of yellow mucus, sometimes frothy, extremely fetid; aggravation from eating oysters. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Eggs. Exhausting diarrhœa; stools slimy, like chopped eggs, thin, yellow, profuse and putrid; undigested, with cutting and urging during stool. Nux Mos. Clin.

Eggs. Green, slimy stools, mucous; chopped, white and yellow mucus; often of a changeable color; often undigested; often like chopped eggs and spinach; foul odor, especially in children during teething or after taking cold. Cham. Clin.

Eggs. (*Miscellaneous.*) Rumbling of abdomen with emission of flatus of the odor of bad eggs. Olean. 5.

Eggs. Flatulence offensive, smelling like rotten eggs. Arn. 5.

Eggs. Dysentery, excoriating discharges; abdomen externally cold to touch, stools bloody, green, mucous, like stirred eggs; worse at night; pains increased after stool. Merc. Clin.

Eight. Constipation; stool blackish, scanty, like sheep's-dung; painful, only once in eight or ten days, or green in balls; often hard. Plumb. 1.

Elderly. Constipation in elderly people of the higher class, suffering from retarded defecation with abdominal plethora. Lyc. Clin.

Electric. Cutting in abdomen like an electric shock. Coloc. 5.

Electric. Stitches like electric sparks through left side of abdomen, especially during a sudden transition from rest to motion. Arg. N. 5.

Emaciation. Diarrhœa comes on gradually; stools more and more watery; pale, pinkish, with rapid emaciation. China Clin.

Emaciation. Chronic atrophy of liver, with emaciation and desiccation of body; sticking in region of liver so that he could not breathe nor eructate. Merc. 6.

Emaciation. Mesenteric disease; glandular enlargement; emaciation; irregular stool; enormous appetite. Iod. Clin.

Emaciation. Cirrhotic liver can be felt as emaciation progresses; clay-colored stools; tenderness over the region of the liver, especially after the abuse of Mercury. Iod. Clin.

Emaciation. Cholera infantum; great desire for indigestible things, like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken, flabby; emaciation; stools green, undigested; offensive; forcibly expelled. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Emigrants. Constipation of emigrants or while travelling. Plat. Clin.



## EMINENCE.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## ENCORCEMENT.

Eminence. Intermittent tearing in left half of pubic eminence. Arn. 7.

**Emission.** (*Amelioration from Emission of Flatus.*) Distention of abdomen after eating, with tension; amelioration from emission of flatus. Lyc. 5.

**Emission.** Gripping, tensive pain in umbilical region, extending towards stomach in afternoon and evening; relieved by emission of flatus. Sulf. 7.

**Emission.** Distention of abdomen in morning in bed, relieved by emission of flatus smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; also at night; after eating, with heaviness. Sulf. 5.

**Emission.** Distention of abdomen; relieved by emission of flatus; gripping. Phos. Ac. 5.

**Emission.** Pain in abdomen before breakfast; flatulent, relieved by difficult emission of flatus, lying on side. Natr. S. 5.

**Emission.** Dragging in hypogastrium towards groins during stool; in groins; amelioration from emission of flatus; with sensitiveness to touch. Kali C. 7.

**Emission.** Abdomen bloated after eating; amelioration from emission of flatus, with nausea. Psor. 5.

**Emission.** Distention of abdomen at night, relieved by emission of flatus; rumbling all day, with gurgling, movements and cutting. Mag. C. 5.

**Emission.** Colic; worse when riding in a car or carriage; amelioration from emission of flatus. Carbo V. Clin.

**Emission.** (*Offensive Flatus.*) Flatulence; emission of flatus, worse in evening and night; offensive, smelling of sulphuretted hydrogen. Sulf. 5.

**Emission.** Rumbling in abdomen with gripping and emission of much flatus; offensive. Diosc. 5.

**Emission** of flatus after every meal; on attempting to go to stool; burning and offensive. Aloe 5.

**Emission.** Colic, with spasmodic closure of anus and difficult emission of flatus; with tension and grumbling. Op. 5.

**Emission** of offensive flatus. Kali B. 5.

**Emission** of fetid flatus. Æsc. 5.

**Emission** of offensive flatus in evening. Colch. 5.

**Emission.** Rumbling of abdomen with emission of flatus of the odor of bad eggs. Olean 5.

**Emissions** of flatus loud, short and interrupted; offensive; worse before stool. Mezer. 5.

**Emission.** Rumbling in abdomen between six and ten p. m., with movements of flatus and aching; then emission of flatus; offensive. China 5.

**Emission.** Diarrhœa, with violent colic and rumbling before stool; then yellowish-green stools; profuse emission of fetid flatus. Natr. S. Clin.

**Emission.** Diarrhœa; stool involuntary when emitting flatus; stools thin, yellow, fecal, with emission of fetid flatus like rotten eggs. Olean. Clin.

**Emission.** (*Flatus with Stool.*) Pain in abdomen at night, waking from uneasy slumber, then sixteen evacuations of greenish, fetid mucus, with noisy emission of flatus. Arg. N. 5.

**Emission.** Diarrhœa, watery, with violent pinching and emission of much flatus. Agar. 1.

**Emission.** Rumbling in abdomen all the forenoon, with gurgling, then four pasty stools, with emission of flatus. Natr. M. 5.

**Emission.** Diarrhœa; stool fluid, yellow in morning, with full feeling in abdomen and emission of flatus. Natr. S. 1.

**Emission.** Involuntary diarrhœa during emission of flatus; bilious, with sensation as if weight would pass. Sulf. 1.

**Emission.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Cutting pain in abdomen, with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulent here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus the more difficult it is to pass. Ver. Alb. 5.

**Emission** of much inodorous flatus. Agar. 5.

**Emission** of flatus. Phos. 5.

**Emission.** Incessant emission of flatus. Mag. M. 5.

**Emission** of flatus, with rumbling and gurgling. Sil. 3.

**Emission** of flatus. Kali C. 5.

**Emission.** Cutting in abdomen before emission of flatus. Con. 5.

**Emission.** Distention of abdomen, with gripping and emission of flatus. Asaf. 5.

**Emission.** Frequent urging in rectum, with prolapsus and emission of flatus; stooping, and, still more, crouching down caused protrusion. Ruta 2.

**Emission.** Tympanitic distention of abdomen not relieved by emission of flatus. Sulf. 5.

**Emission.** Rumbling and gripping in abdomen always before emission of flatus. Graph. 5.

**Emission.** Pain in abdomen, with frequent cutting in stomach and small intestines, with emission of much flatus. Diosc. 5.

**Emission.** Distention of abdomen after eating; flatulent, with rumbling and emission of flatus. Thuja 5.

**Emission.** Rumbling in abdomen, with uneasiness and emission of flatus. Nit. Ac. 5.

**Emission.** Burning in anus after stool; after emission of hot flatus. Aloe 3.

**Emission.** Flatulent pain in evening after a meal; here and there after midnight; not relieved by emission of flatus. Puls. 5.

**Emission.** Inflation and tension with pinching in umbilical region; with frequent emission of flatus. Gamb. 7.

**Emission.** Distention of abdomen after eating, with emission of flatus. Cham. 5.

**Emission.** Distention of abdomen after supper, with heaviness and emission of flatus. Arg. N. 5.

**Emission.** Cutting in abdomen in morning with emission of flatus, as from flatulence in evening before eating. Puls. 5.

**Emission.** Intermittent gripping in hypogastrium so that she could scarcely walk after entering the house, preceded by rumbling in abdomen and emission of flatus. Sulf. 7.

**Emission.** Urging to stool after eating; when rising from lying; sudden in morning on rising; ineffectual; also with emission of flatus. Aloe 2.

**Emission.** Chronic diarrhœa; green, liquid stools; always mucous and bloody; no emission of flatus for six days. Ratan. Clin.

**Emitted.** Flatulence; no flatus emitted upward or downward. Ratan. 5.

**Emitting.** Diarrhœa; stool involuntary when emitting flatus; stools thin, yellow, fecal, with emission of fetid flatus, like rotten eggs. Olean. Clin.

**Emotions.** Diarrhœa; frequent, profuse, greenish, white, watery stools, with flakes; severe, pinching colic before stool; from emotions, as fright. Ver. Alb. Clin.

**Emotions.** Painless diarrhœa, with rumbling of wind; worse at night; from fright or other emotions. Ign. Clin.

**Emotions.** Nervous diarrhœa, from emotions; from apprehension, as when ready to go to church, theatre, etc. Arg. N. Clin.

**Emptied.** Thin stool, preceded and followed by rumbling, and at times noise as if a bottle were emptied. Jatr. 1.

**Emptied.** Noise in abdomen, as if a full bottle were emptied, in evening; continuing after a thin stool at 10 p. m. Jatr. 5.

**Emptiness and weak feeling in abdomen; coldness.** Phos. 5.

**Emptiness.** Faintness, with sensation of emptiness in abdomen after stool. Pod. 5.

**Emptiness.** Soreness in abdomen as if menses would appear, with drawing; tension; heaviness during motion; emptiness after stool. Sep. 5.

**Empty.** Stool soft, then empty feeling in abdomen; saffron-yellow, stringy, and slimy; chopped. Sulf. Ac. 1.

**Empty.** Flatulence here and there in hypochondria, even in back; in region of ribs and chest, causing tension and bubbling; amelioration from empty eructations. Lyc. 6.

**Empty.** Diarrhœa, then empty tenesmus; mucous diarrhœa with tenesmus; small stool, consisting of only mucus. Caps. 1.

**Empty.** Diarrhœa; watery, frequent, with many empty eructations and copious urine. Con. 1.

**Empty.** Diarrhœa, always in day time never at night, but has stools early in the morning; hunger immediately after stool from weak empty feeling in bowels; stools profuse, gushing, mucous, yellowish-brown, with colic. Petr. Clin.

**Enemas.** Constipation resulting from unwise enemas of water and soap. Op. Clin.

**Engorged.** Liver troubles associated with engorged portal circulation, especially in large hæmorrhoids. Æsc. Clin.

**Engorgement.** Hæmorrhoids from engorgement of the liver; hæmorrhage from rectum with soft stool. Hep. Clin.



## ENCORCEMENT.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## EVACUATION.

Engorgement. Inflammation or engorgement of the pelvic viscera. Acon. Clin.

Engorgement of the hæmorrhoidal veins is one of the most constant effects of Aloes. Aloe Clin.

Engorgement. Chronic engorgement of the liver; cirrhosis, soreness and stitches in the liver when walking; hepatic abscess. Hep. Clin.

Enlarged. (*Liver.*) Tension and pressure in hepatic region as if enlarged even to bursting. Calc. C. 6.

Enlarged. Liver enormously enlarged; jaundice with clay-colored stools; chronic derangements of liver. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Enlarged indurated liver which is sore; reflex symptoms from floating kidney. Zinc. Clin.

Enlarged. Cirrhosis of the liver, first enlarged and then contracted; hepatic region sensitive to pressure; continuing darting pain. Plumb. Clin.

Enlarged liver of children who are puny in their growth and rachitic. Mag. M. Clin.

Enlarged liver. Ars. A. Clin.

Enlarged. Liver enlarged and often indurated; jaundiced hue of skin and conjunctiva; liver sore to touch; stools clay-colored. Merc. Clin.

Enlarged liver of drunkards, with inflammation and abscess; jaundice; tenderness on pressure. Lach. Clin.

Enlarged. Congested, enlarged liver; sensation of pain and drawing in right hypochondrium, as if the liver had increased in weight and dragged at its ligaments. Agar. Clin.

Enlarged. (*Spleen.*) Enlarged spleen. Ars. A. Clin.

Enlarged spleen, which is painful; the pains are acute and sticking. China Clin.

Enlarged. General tympanitis, with enlarged spleen. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Enlarged spleen, which is painful on coughing. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Enormous. (*Miscellaneous.*) Mesenteric disease; glandular enlargement; emaciation; irregular stool; enormous appetite. Iod. Clin.

Enlarged mesenteric glands and tumors in the abdomen. Con. Clin.

Enlarged. Piles, with enlarged prostate gland, intense pain in back and through the whole pelvis. Staph. Clin.

Enlargement. (*Liver.*) Enlargement of liver. Phos. 6.

Enlargement of the liver, with heaviness in the hepatic region. Sep. Clin.

Enlargement. Inflammation and gangrene of the liver; enlargement; acute pains in hepatic region. Secale Clin.

Enlargement of liver, which is sore with jaundice. Calc. C. Clin.

Enlargement of the liver; pain under angle of right shoulder blade or with jaundice; yellow tongue, bitter taste. Chel. Clin.

Enlargement of liver; feeling as of a hard tumor in region of umbilicus, with cramp-like pain in hepatic region. Zinc. Clin.

Enlargement and congestion of the liver; jaundice; yellow color of the face and eyes; gray stools; swelling of feet and legs. Mag. M. Clin.

Enlargement. Atrophic nutmeg liver, which is swollen; enlargement of liver and spleen after intermittent fever. Nux Mos. Clin.

Enlargement. Hyperæmia; at first enlargement, fatty degeneration, and finally atrophy of the liver, with jaundice and dropsy. Phos. Clin.

Enlargement. (*Miscellaneous.*) Enlargement of spleen, with pain. Phos. 6.

Enlargement of the spleen, with salivation. Iod. Clin.

Enlargement. Mesenteric disease; glandular enlargement; emaciation irregular stool, enormous appetite. Iod. Clin.

Enteritis. Catarrhal enteritis; perityphlitis; subacute colitis. Merc. Clin.

Enteritis. Early stage of peritonitis and enteritis, with severe, agonizing pain; tossing about; high fever. Acon. Clin.

Enteritis. Peritonitis and enteritis, with restlessness; dry, red tongue. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Enveloped. Constipation, painless; stools hard masses, scanty, enveloped in mucus, with pricking, cutting in anus. Nit. Ac. 1.

Enveloped. Hard stool and covered with streaks of blood; knotty, enveloped in thick mucus; then a soft one enveloped in mucus. Mag. M. 1.

Enveloped. Constipation; fecal stools completely enveloped in mucus. Op. Clin.

Enveloped. Nervous diarrhœa, from depression of the nerve centres; stools loose, papescent, enveloped in bright red, foamy blood, preceded by colic, with burning at anus during and after stool. Zinc. Clin.

Epigastric. Intolerance of clothing in epigastric region and beneath hypochondria. Crotal. H. 5.

Epigastric. Feeling below hypochondria as if laced, with trembling and throbbing in epigastric region. Calc. C. 6.

Epigastric. Tension in abdomen, especially in epigastric region, between pit of stomach and navel; aggravation from motion, with tension in lower part of back. Caps. 5.

Eructate. Chronic atrophy of liver, with emaciation and desiccation of body; sticking in region of liver, so that he could not breathe nor eructate. Merc. 6.

Eructations. Flatulence here and there in hypochondria, even in back, in region of ribs and chest, causing tension and bubbling; amelioration from empty eructations. Lyc. 6.

Eructations. Pressing downward in hypogastrium during menses; better in knee-elbow position, which caused eructations and sleep. Sep. 7.

Eructations. Colic from the passage of gall-stones; pain shooting into chest and arms with terrible eructations. Diosc. Clin.

Eructations. Diarrhœa; watery, frequent, with many empty eructations and copious urine. Con. 1.

Eructations. Pain in right hypochondrium; contractive; worse in morning; then constriction in stomach, extending to chest; amelioration from eructations. Sep. 6.

Eructations. Hepatic diseases with indigestion; eructations, salivation, heart-burn, vomiting of food. Berb. Clin.

Eruption. Herpetic eruption about anus. Natr. M. Clin.

Eruption. Hæmorrhoids from a suppressed cutaneous eruption. Aloe Clin.

Escape. Fear lest stool should escape, with flatus; feeling as if thin stool would escape on passing urine; with the stool always a feeling as if more were at hand. Aloe 2.

Escaped. Stool tough, gluey, fetid, so urgent that some escaped prematurely, yet not diarrhœa after getting up; slimy. Sulf. 1.

Escaped. Small; yellowish, shining stool at 9 a. m., with sputtering flatus; with dread lest feces and urine escaped together; while he would force out yet he held back. Aloe 1.

Evacuate. Inactivity of rectum and inability to evacuate feces; constant, ineffectual desire after stool. Nit. Ac. 2.

Evacuate. Ineffectual urging, with feeling as if rectum were too weak to evacuate the stool. Kali C. 2.

Evacuate. Urging more in upper intestines; stool soft and insufficient; anxious urging; inability to evacuate feces, without danger of eversion and prolapsus of rectum. Ign. 2.

Evacuated. Constriction in rectum during stool, with discharge of bright blood; after stool, with sensation as if some could not be evacuated; after eating, with tearing, sticking. Nux V. 2.

Evacuated. Gripping in abdomen, with constant desire for stool, but little is evacuated. Merc. 5.

Evacuated. Bowels very inactive; the soft stools are evacuated slowly and with effort. Hep. Clin.

Evacuated. Obstinate constipation, with feeling of a load in rectum which can not be evacuated; stools seem to stick to the anus like putty. Plat. Clin.

Evacuating. Flatulent colic, only slightly relieved by evacuating gas; worse at night. Cocc. Clin.

Evacuation. (*Stool.*) Evacuation of a small quantity of hard feces, with pressure and a sense of excoriation in the rectum. Alum. 1.

Evacuation. Stool pasty, with burning in anus; offensive in afternoon then burning in anus, with much flatus, then hard portions, then again soft so that he believed he would scarcely finish the evacuation. Bry. 1.

Evacuation. Burning in rectum with the evacuation of stool and urine; stools dry and large, then copious, pasty stools with relief of all symptoms except the confusion of head. Bry. 2.



## EVACUATION.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## EXCORIATING.

Evacuation of shreds of mucus or of undigested food with enormous distention of abdomen; stools excessively offensive. Arg. N. Clin.

Evacuation. Diarrhœa; evacuation hot, odor of rotten eggs; aggravation from drinking cold water. Staph. Clin.

Evacuation. Chronic dysentery; urgent straining with shuddering and sense of insufficient evacuation. Lyc. Clin.

Evacuation. Chronic diarrhœa; first part hard and black, then evacuation, yellow, thin, or brown; mushy or white, accompanied by severe lumbar and sacral pains. Æsc. Clin.

Evacuation. Frequent tenesmus for many days without being able to pass anything; great urgent desire for stool, but on sitting down the desire immediately passes off without an evacuation. Anac. Clin.

Evacuation. Constipation produced by cheese; better from smoking; frequent urging to stool without any evacuation, which appears an hour later in single pieces of stony hardness. Coloc. Clin.

Evacuation. (*Miscellaneous.*) Evacuation of large, round worms. Merc. 2.

Evacuation. Collection of flatus in abdomen without evacuation of it, with pain; flatus rolls about and becomes incarcerated here and there. Natr. S. 5.

Evacuations excoriated the skin about the anus. Ars. A. 3.

Evacuations. Pain in abdomen at night, waking from uneasy slumber; then sixteen evacuations of greenish, fetid mucus, with noisy emission of flatus. Arg. N. 5.

Evacuations. Copious alvine evacuations. Ant. T. 1.

Evacuations. Stool natural at first; then several small, loose evacuations, then small, hard evacuations with violent straining in rectum and anus till all are passed. Ant. Cr. I.

Evacuations. Constipation from lead poisoning; frequent desire but small evacuations with great effort. Plat. Clin.

Evacuations. Diarrhœa in low types of malarial fever; evacuations horribly offensive, thin, fecal, usually dark. Bapt. Clin.

Evening. (*Anus.*) Blind hæmorrhoids, with itching in morning, preceded by pain in small of back in evening till 9 p. m., with sore pain in anus, worse from motion; painful, protruding. Puls. 3.

Evening. Burning smarting in anus some hours after stool, with cutting as in sore; biting in evening with sore pain. Nux V. 3.

Evening. Burning in anus in evening. Iod. 3.

Evening. Itching in region of anus during day and evening; before sleep. Mezer. 3.

Evening. Crawling tenesmus in anus, as in diarrhœa, every evening before sleep. Plat. 3.

Evening. (*Flatus.*) Flatulence; emission of flatus, worse in evening and night; offensive, smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen. Sulf. 5.

Evening. Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening, or colic, worse in evening in bed, with gurgling, griping and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another. Puls. 5.

Evening. Flatulent colic in evening after lying down. Nux V. 5.

Evening. Rumbling in upper part of abdomen in evening, then fetid flatus. Natr. S. 5.

Evening. Emission of offensive flatus in evening. Colch. 5.

Evening. Flatulent pain in evening after a meal; here and there after midnight; not relieved by emission of flatus. Puls. 5.

Evening. Cutting in abdomen in morning, with emission of flatus, as from flatulence; in evening before eating. Puls. 5.

Evening. Distention of abdomen, with gurgling, rumbling, rolling in morning in bed, with grumbling and flatulent pain, worse in evening. Zinc. 5.

Evening. Colic, with great distention and sensitiveness of abdomen, recurring towards evening. Sep. Clin.

Evening. Colic from cold, from getting feet wet; from fruit, ices, pastry; flatulent colic in evening, after supper or at night. Puls. Clin.

Evening. (*Pain in Abdomen.*) Pain in abdomen in evening, after drinking, after stool, on touch; with diarrhœa. Puls. 5.

Evening. Griping in abdomen; amelioration after discharge of flatus in evening and night, relieved by bending forward. Iris V. 5.

Evening. Cutting in abdomen towards evening, during stool; after the stool shivering. Canth. 5.

Evening. Cramps in abdomen; aggravation in evening and night, with coldness in thighs. Calc. C. 5.

Evening. (*Stool.*) Diarrhœa in morning and through forenoon; the natural stool in evening, immediately after eating and drinking; alternating with constipation. Pod. 1.

Evening. Diarrhœa in evening, at night; with cutting and pressure in rectum; with streaks of blood; stools of green mucus, with burning and protrusion of anus; with cutting and griping. Merc. 1.

Evening. Diarrhœa; stool frequent in evening; involuntary when sneezing or laughing; half fluid, half lumpy, mixed with gas and noisy flatus; in morning, afternoon and evening always soon after eating. Sulf. 1.

Evening. (*Rectum.*) Ineffectual urging in rectum in evening, with protrusion of rectum. Ign. 2.

Evening. Sticking in rectum, taking away the breath; worse in evening. Sulf. 2.

Evening. Crawling in rectum in evening when sitting, with biting as from worms; itching during the day. Sulf. 2.

Evening. Itching in rectum in evening in bed. Ign. 2.

Evening. Protrusion of rectum, with itching in evening in bed. Natr. M. 2.

Evening. Desire for stool in rectum in evening, with griping in hypogastrium; then large moist, at last thin, sour stool, after which he was relieved but felt weak. Dulc. 2.

Evening. Prolapsus of rectum with weak feeling in evening in bed; itching burning all day; passes only wind and mucus, with sensation of a plug in rectum. Sep. 2.

Evening. (*Miscellaneous.*) Griping tensive pain in umbilical region extending towards stomach in afternoon and evening; relieved by emission of flatus. Sulf. 7.

Evening. Stool undigested of food eaten the previous evening, involuntary. Olean. 1.

Evening. Heavy grinding in region of liver; worse in evening. Diosc. 6.

Evening. Pain in abdomen, caused by evening air, with diarrhœa, as from a stone. Merc. 5.

Evening. Noise in abdomen, as if a full bottle were emptied, in evening, continuing after a thin stool at 10 p. m. Jatr. 5.

Evening. Colic from cold evening air; from worms; colic, which only passes off by lying down. Merc. Clin.

Eversion. Urging, more in upper intestines; stool soft and insufficient; anxious urging; inability to evacuate feces without danger of eversion and prolapsus of rectum. Ign. 2.

Everted. Prolapsus of rectum, as if everted, when urinating. Mur. Ac. 2.

Excesses. Hepatic affections in good livers; in alcoholic excesses and after allopathic dosing; liver swollen, hard and sensitive to pressure of clothing. Nux V. Clin.

Excessive perspiration on perineum. Thuja Clin.

Excessive. Colic, originating in a depressed or excessive bilious secretion. Pod. Clin.

Excessive flatulent distention of abdomen and dysmenorrhœa. Cocc. Clin.

Excessive flatulence, especially in hysterical subjects. Ign. Clin.

Excessive. Diarrhœa with excessive accumulation of flatus; stools thin, brown, or pale, fecal; mixed with hard lumps, thin, yellow, shaggy, reddish mucous, undigested. Lyc. Clin.

Exciting. Sharp pain in rectum after stool, after eating; aggravation from exerting the mind or studying in morning, before stool. Nux V. 2.

Excoriated. Stools black, acrid, putrid; excoriated skin about anus. Ars. A. 1.

Excoriated. Evacuations excoriated the skin about the anus, Ars. A. 3.

Excoriated feeling after a stool, attended with a contraction of rectum and constriction of anus. Alum. 3.

Excoriating. Constipation; stool hard, green, slimy, acrid, excoriating anus, whitish gray. Merc. 1.



## EXCORIATING.

- Excoriating.** Dysentery; excoriating discharges; abdomen externally cold to touch; stools bloody, green, mucous, like stirred eggs; worse at night; pains increased after stool. *Merc. Clin.*
- Excoriation.** Pressure and sense of excoriation in rectum after a small, hard stool. *Alum. 2.*
- Excoriation.** Evacuation of a small quantity of hard feces, with pressure and a sense of excoriation in the rectum. *Alum. 1.*
- Exertion.** Prolapsus of rectum from moderate exertion of stool. *Ign. 2.*
- Exertion.** Involuntary stool, with passage of flatus, falling out without exertion, almost unnoticed. *Aloe 1.*
- Exertion.** Pressure in hypogastrium on physical exertion. *Calc. C. 7.*
- Exertion.** Rumbling and noises in abdomen, with discharge of flatus; unsatisfactory, abrupt, offensive, not without exertion of abdominal muscles. *Ign. 5.*
- Exertion.** Weakness of the sphincter; piles come down from any exertion, as walking or standing; she supports the anus by pressure with her hand to prevent protrusion of the parts. *Sep. Clin.*
- Exhausting.** Diarrhœa; stool thin, olive-green, exhausting, pernicious, offensive, frequent, brown, slimy; next day fetid and dark. *Secale 1.*
- Exhausting.** Diarrhœa of green mucus, as green as bile, once or twice at night, with movements in intestines before every stool; at first green, then slimy; not exhausting; without colic. *Puls. 1.*
- Exhausting.** Diarrhœa; stools frequent, scanty, pasty, exhausting, offensive as carrion. *Sil. 1.*
- Exhausting.** Morning diarrhœa, with green, painless, but exhausting stools; watery; pouring away as from a hydrant; with lumps of white mucus or little grains, like tallow. *Phos. Clin.*
- Exhausting.** Chronic diarrhœa, of an exhausting character; stools whitish, whey-like, watery, foamy, mucous; worse in the morning. *Iod. Clin.*
- Exhausting diarrhœa;** stools slimy, like chopped eggs, thin, yellow, profuse and putrid; undigested, with cutting and urging during stool. *Nux Mos. Clin.*
- Exhaustion.** Stools may be black, brown, burning, putrid; brought on by eating or drinking or aggravated after midnight, preceeded by most violent, burning, and cutting pains, and followed by extreme exhaustion. *Ars. A. 1.*
- Exhaustion.** Burning in rectum and anus after soft stool, with exhaustion. *Phos. 2.*
- Exhaustion.** Autumnal bilious diarrhœa exhaustion and debility from the start. *Iris V. Clin.*
- Expel.** Distention of abdomen, but no power to expel its contents. *Op. 5.*
- Expel.** Stool remains long in rectum as if there were no power to expel it. *Sil. 2.*

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

- Expel.** Urging in rectum, but large intestines are wanting in peristaltic action and cannot expel soft feces; only a part can be forced out by aid of abdominal muscles. *Hep. 2.*
- Expel.** Tenesmus, but he cannot expel anything, and the rectum seems plugged up. *Anac. 2.*
- Expel.** Frequent tenesmus during the day without ability to expel anything. *Anac. 2.*
- Expel.** Constipation; an all-gone feeling in rectum; inability to expel feces or to strain at stool, with sensation of a ball in rectum. *Sep. Clin.*
- Expelled.** Chronic debilitating diarrhœa, with almost constant oozing from anus; stools jelly-like, green or bloody, fetid, or sour, expelled quickly; worse after taking boiled milk. *Sep. Clin.*
- Expelled.** Diarrhœa daily after breakfast from vaccination; stools pale yellow, watery, oily, and greasy, forcibly expelled; gurgling like water from a bung-hole. *Thuja Clin.*
- Expelled.** Diarrhœa; stools thin, brown, yellowish, frothy, forcibly expelled, with colic and prominence of intestines like pads here and there; all over the abdomen during the pains. *Ratan. Clin.*
- Expelled.** Constipation; stool large, hard lumps which remain long in rectum, and when feces are expelled they suddenly recede into the rectum; even a soft stool is expelled with much difficulty. *Sil. Clin.*
- Expelled.** Constipation; desire for stool but little passes; feels as if it stayed in the rectum and could not be expelled; ineffectual urging, with sharp splinter-like, cutting pains. *Nit. Ac. Clin.*
- Expelled.** Diarrhœa; stool preceded by excessive cutting around about the navel, and expelled all at once after considerable urging, and followed by a feeling of great relief. *Gamb. Clin.*
- Expelled.** Cholera infantum; great desire for indigested things like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken; flabby emaciation; stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. *Calc. C. Clin.*
- Exposure.** Cholera infantum; stools whitish, curdy, turning green on the diaper on exposure to air; sour smelling of whole body, especially during teething. *Rheum Clin.*
- Expulsion of pieces of mucus, with tenesmus and cutting in anus as from blind hæmorrhoids.** *Ars. A. 1.*
- Expulsion.** Frequent and successful desire for stool in lower part of the rectum, with expulsion of soft stool. *Arg. M. 2.*
- Expulsion.** Difficult expulsion of soft stool. *Natr. S. Clin.*
- Expulsion.** Diarrhœa in the morning, driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery; brown; fecal; green; mucous; bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour; fetid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. *Sulf. Clin.*

## EXTENDING.

- Expulsion.** Congestion of anus after dinner; expulsion of ascarides; sticking, soreness, burning, itching. *Sep. 3.*
- Expulsion.** Obstinate constipation; difficult expulsion of feces, fissuring the anus, with flow of blood; a ripping-up sensation in the anus after stool. *Natr. M. Clin.*
- Extending.** (*Extending to Back.*) Chilliness in abdomen, extending around to lower part of back. *Puls. 5.*
- Extending.** Aching in liver, extending to spine; worse in region of gall-bladder; with rumbling in abdomen and aching in umbilical region. *Lept. 6.*
- Extending.** Sensation in abdomen, extending into small of back, as if something fell down. *Laur. 5.*
- Extending.** Gripping in umbilical region, then cutting in abdomen across right lumbar region, extending to back. *Chel. 7.*
- Extending.** Drawing pain in posterior part extending towards back like tearings. *Calc. C. 6.*
- Extending.** Sticking deep in one or other ilium an inch or an inch and a half from the spine, extending obliquely inwards towards small of back. *Berb. 7.*
- Extending.** Intermittent boring in abdomen often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder, lower limbs. *Plumb. 5.*
- Extending.** Sticking in umbilical region, in a spot, obliging him to bend up; worse from lifting, extending towards loins and spine. *Coloc. 7.*
- Extending.** Painter's colic; pain in umbilical region extending through to the back. *Plat. Clin.*
- Extending.** Pain in region of gall-bladder extending to spine, with chilliness and diarrhœa. *Lept. Clin.*
- Extending.** (*Extending to Chest.*) Tensive pain extending to chest as from distention of abdomen. *Caps. 5.*
- Extending.** Pinching constriction in upper abdomen after eating, extending to left side of abdomen and chest. *Cocc. 5.*
- Extending.** Sticking in abdomen as from flatulence, extending into chest. *Cham. 5.*
- Extending.** Pain in right hypochondrium; contractive; worse in morning; then constriction in stomach, extending to chest; amelioration from eructations. *Sep. 6.*
- Extending.** Stitches in abdomen, with gripping, tearing, drawing, extending to chest. *Nux V. 5.*
- Extending.** (*Extending to Testicles.*) Drawing, tensive pains in upper abdomen, extending through spermatic cord into testicles, which hang low down. *Puls. 5.*
- Extending.** Pain in hypogastrium; in ring, when coughing, extending into testicles, as if spermatic cords would be torn to pieces. *Natr. M. 7.*
- Extending.** Drawing, burning in hypogastrium, extending from right ring, as if in spermatic cord, into right testicle. *Staph. 7.*



## EXTENDING.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## FALL.

Extending. Boring, cramp-like pains in anus, extending into rectum and testicles. Sil. 3.

Extending. Gripping in left inguinal, extending to testicles. Diosc. 7.

Extending. (*Miscellaneous.*) Coarse, sticking in anus, extending deep into rectum. Ign. 3.

Extending. Pinching in abdomen, as if bowels were pressed inwards; amelioration from pressure and bending inward, with cutting, extending towards pubic region, so severe below navel that facial muscles were distorted and eyes drawn together, as if squeezed between stones. Coloc. 5.

Extending. Constriction in hypogastrium, as from a stone, extending to bladder. Puls. 7.

Extending. Pain in hepatic region extending downward and across umbilical region, as if constricted by a string. Chel. 6.

Extending. Itching, burning in rectum at night on waking, and in morning, with pinching, extending to perineum. Nit. Ac. 2.

Extending. Tensive, spasmodic pain in inguinal regions, extending from upper and outer part downward and inward. Chel. 7.

Extending. Intermittent, acute pain in liver region, extending to scapulæ. Hydras. 6.

Extending. Paralytic, bruised pain in liver on inspiration, extending to shoulder. Laur. 6.

Extending. Tearings extending around anus, with smarting. Berb. 3.

Extending. Pain in pubic region, extending towards anus. Nux V. 7.

Extending. Burning pain in hypogastrium extending to sacrum. Crotal. H. 7.

Extending. Pain in hypogastrium, extending to genitals, as if everything in abdomen would fall out and menses would come on. Natr. C. 7.

Extending. Sticking in anus at 1 p. m., when sitting, extending into region of left iliac bone. Thuja 3.

Extending. Stitches in abdomen, extending into the vagina; tearing, cutting. Ars. A. 5.

Extending. Stitches at origin of Ponpart's ligament at left ilium, extending down then shooting outward into left side of female urethra. Berb. 7.

Extending. Constrictive pain below short ribs, extending into lumbar vertebræ. Camph. 5.

Extending. Pain to side of umbilicus corresponding to a place in front of kidneys and rather to side; mostly sticking; often extending to lumbar region or to groins, liver, spleen, or stomach. Berb. 7.

Extending. Drawing pain in right hypochondrium, extending towards symphysis pubis. Calc. C. 6.

Extending. Pain in region of gall-bladder, aggravated by walking; in liver, extending from right lateral ligament to gall-bladder. Bapt. 6.

Extending. Sticking in liver; in right hypochondrium, with burning and pain on touch, then burning extending backward. Laur. 6.

Extending. Tension in region of left anterior superior spine of ilium, in evening, changing into drawing, extending to spine of ilium, to inguinal region and upper third of inner surface of thigh. Coloc. 7.

Extending. Stitches in left hepatic region near border of false ribs, about three inches from linea alba; aggravation from pressure; extending into region of stomach. Berb. 6.

Extending. Pain in hepatic region, increased on pressure; stitches in right hypochondrium, extending to gastric region. Ars. A. Clin.

Extending. Sore feeling, extending to the whole abdomen; aggravated by riding in a carriage. Arg. M. Clin.

Extending. Flatulent colic; the incarcerated flatus causes much pain, as it cannot pass; colicky pains on the right side of the abdomen, extending into the bladder; cutting pain, across abdomen, from right to left. Lyc. Clin.

Externally. Sticking in hepatic region, sometimes also in hip, with burning or biting externally. Zinc. 6.

Externally. Dysentery; excoriating discharges; abdomen externally cold to touch; stools bloody, green, mucous, like stirred eggs; worse at night; pains increased after stool. Merc. Clin.

Extremely valuable in typhlitis and in the late stage of peritonitis. Lach. Clin.

Extremities. Diarrhœa, with coldness of extremities; with vomiting and prostration; with tearing and cutting in abdomen; stool dark, bloody-colored, black, mucus; offensive; yellow; with tenesmus and burning pain in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 1.

Extremities. Diarrhœa; brown, yellow or slimy; putrid odor; with low types of fever; coldness of extremities; tendency to collapse. Carbo V. Clin.

Exudation. Glutinous, musty exudation at night; acrid, corrosive moisture from anus. Carbo V. 3.

Eyes. Pinching in abdomen as if bowels were pressed inwards; amelioration from pressure and bending inward, with cutting, extending towards pubic region; so severe below navel that facial muscles were distorted and eyes drawn together as if squeezed between stones. Coloc. 5.

Eyes. Derangements of the liver, with yellow eyes and skin, nausea and headache. Iris V. Clin.

Eyes. Enlargement and congestion of the liver; jaundice; yellow color of the face and eyes; gray stools; swelling of feet and legs. Mag. M. Clin.

Face. Drawing, gripping in abdomen, with pressure in rectum; nausea; weakness in pit of stomach and pallor of face; throbbing. Ign. 5.

Face. Ascarides, with itching, unnatural appetite, flushed face. Ferr. Clin.

Face. Colic; scanty urine, with pallor, sunken features, and staggering; pupils dilated, lips bluish, face covered with clammy sweat; pulse thready. Hell. 5.

Face. Enlargement and congestion of the liver; jaundice; yellow color of the face and eyes; gray stools, swelling of feet and legs. Mag. M. Clin.

Facial. Pinching in abdomen as if bowels were pressed inwards; amelioration from pressure and bending inward, with cutting, extending towards pubic region; so severe below navel that facial muscles were distorted and eyes drawn together as if squeezed between stones. Coloc. 5.

Faint. Diarrhœa coming on suddenly; faint feeling before, during, and after stool; worse from fruits and sweetmeats during summer; every movement of the body renews the discharges. Crot. Tig. Clin.

Faintness, with sensation of emptiness in abdomen after stool. Pod. 5.

Faintness. Inflammation of the liver, with pain, swelling, hardness; constant fever, dry tongue, restlessness, small, rapid pulse, and on rising from bed faintness. Iod. 6.

Faintness. Colic; sensation of coldness, weakness and faintness; better from bending double. Petr. Clin.

Faintness. Jaundice provoked by violent anger, abuse of Quinine, with attacks of faintness. Nux V. Clin.

Faintness. Cholera infantum; stool from the least movement of the body, thin and painless, gushing, profuse, watery, flaky, inodorous; faintness at stool or immediately after. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Faintness. Diarrhœa, with urging and inability to retain the stool; gurgling in abdomen as of water; after stool sharp pains around navel; weak feeling in abdomen and rectum; faintness. Lept. Clin.

Fall. Heaviness in abdomen like a stone just before menses; during menses; in sacrum, with inclination of lower limbs to fall asleep when sitting. Puls. 5.

Fall. Pain in hypogastrium, extending to genitals, as if everything in abdomen would fall out and menses would come on. Natr. C. 7.

Fall. Internal feeling in groins as if stuffed; aggravation from stepping forward, when it seemed that the thickness would press forward and everything would fall out. Cocc. 7.

Fall. Constriction and weight in abdomen, with sensation as if everything would fall down, obliging him to walk carefully. Nux V. 5.

Fall. Pressure in hypogastrium as if bladder would fall out over os pubis; partially relieved by hard pressure; the pelvic distress always felt at night on waking. Sep. 7.

Fall. Diarrhœa in hot, damp weather in the fall; vomiting and purging of rice-water stools, varying in color, green, yellow, reddish, variegated; slime and feces mixed. Colch. Clin.



## FALLING.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## FECES.

**Falling.** Involuntary stool, with passage of flatus, falling out without exertion, almost unnoticed. Aloe 1.

**Fat.** Chronic diarrhoea in dyspeptics and consumptives, which is caused whenever taking fresh meat, fat foods; acids, sweets. Caust. Clin.

**Fat.** Flatulent distention of abdomen, with great increase of fat; abdominal dropsy. Calc. C. Clin.

**Fat.** Diarrhoea from chilling the stomach with ice water; from rancid fat; stools putrid, cadaverous-smelling. Carbo V. Clin.

**Fat.** Diarrhoea; stools sour, green, bloody; one stool fetid, the other odorless; one containing fecal matter, the other blood; no two stools alike; caused by eating pork or fat food; from fruit, ice cream, tobacco, cold drinks. Puls. Clin.

**Fatty liver,** in consequence of cardiac troubles. Phos. Clin.

**Fatty diarrhoea** from disease of the pancreas. Iod. Clin.

**Fatty.** Hyperæmia; at first enlargement, fatty degeneration and finally atrophy of the liver, with jaundice and dropsy. Phos. Clin.

**Fear** lest stool should escape with flatus; feeling as if thin stool would escape on passing urine; with the stool always a feeling as if more were at hand. Aloe 2.

**Features.** Colic; scanty urine, with pallor, sunken features, and staggering; pupils dilated, lips bluish, face covered with clammy sweat; pulse thready. Hell. 5.

**Fecal. (Stools.)** Constipation; fecal stools completely enveloped in mucus. Op. Clin.

**Fecal.** Chronic diarrhoea after the abuse of Mercury or Quinine; light yellow, fecal, papescent, sour stool with undigested food. Hep. Clin.

**Fecal.** Diarrhoea, with pinching around umbilicus; sometimes with discharge of flatus; stool watery, profuse, with colic and tenesmus; fecal; forcible. Gamb. 1.

**Fecal.** Diarrhoea in wet weather, mostly mornings after rising and eating; with much rumbling; stools thin, yellow, fecal, slimy. Agar. Clin.

**Fecal.** Diarrhoea in low types of malarial fever; evacuations horribly offensive; thin, fecal, usually dark. Bapt. Clin.

**Fecal.** Diarrhoea with excessive accumulation of flatus; stools thin, brown or pale, fecal, mixed with lumps, thin, yellow, shaggy, reddish, mucous, undigested. Lyc. Clin.

**Fecal.** Diarrhoea, with colicky pains around navel before and during stool; stools sour, liquid, slimy, fecal, mixed with green slime. Rheum Clin.

**Fecal.** Diarrhoea; stool involuntary when emitting flatus; stools thin, yellow, fecal, with emission of fetid flatus like rotten eggs. Olean. Clin.

**Fecal.** Diarrhoea from abuse of intoxicating drinks or high living; stools frequent, small, corrosive, offensive, thin, brownish-green, fecal. Nux V. Clin.

**Fecal.** Chronic diarrhoea with a psoric anamnesis; stool brown, fecal, fermented, offensive. Mezer. Clin.

**Fecal.** Diarrhoea in the morning, driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery brown; fecal; green; mucous; bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour; fetid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. Sulf. Clin.

**Fecal.** Diarrhoea; stools sour, green, bloody; one stool fetid, the other odorless; one containing fecal matter, the other blood; no two stools alike; caused by eating pork or fat food; from fruit, ice cream, tobacco, cold drinks. Puls. Clin.

**Fecal.** Camp diarrhoea; chronic, from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane, with aching and burning in hepatic region; worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. Lept. Clin.

**Fecal. (Vomiting.)** Intestinal obstruction, with fecal vomiting and violent colic. Op. Clin.

**Feces. (Constipation.)** Evacuation of a small quantity of hard feces, with pressure and a sense of excoriation in the rectum. Alum. 1.

**Feces.** Urging in rectum, but large intestines are wanting in peristaltic action and cannot expel soft feces; only a part can be forced out by aid of abdominal muscles. Hep. 2.

**Feces.** Constipation; stools of tenacious feces, with great tenesmus. Merc. C. 1.

**Feces.** Inactivity of rectum and inability to evacuate feces; constant, ineffectual desire after stool. Nit. Ac. 2.

**Feces.** Urging, more in upper intestines; stools soft and insufficient; anxious urging; inability to evacuate feces without danger of eversion and prolapsus of rectum. Ign. 2.

**Feces.** Constipation; stool of brown feces, containing white, shining grains. Mezer. 1.

**Feces.** Constipation in sad, desponding and hypochondriac persons; frequent urging, but insufficient stool, though the feces are not hard; worse from starchy or vegetable food. Natr. C. Clin.

**Feces.** Constipation; an all-gone feeling in rectum; inability to expel feces or to strain at stool, with sensation of a ball in rectum. Sep. Clin.

**Feces.** Inveterate constipation, with disappointing calls, the trouble being in the rectum; feces slender, long, narrow, dry, tough and hard, like a dog's, and voided with difficulty. Phos. Clin.

**Feces.** Constipation; accumulation of large masses of feces, which are covered with mucus; the anus is fissured, the cracks bleed and ulcerate. Graph. Clin.

**Feces.** Constipation, with hard, crumbly stool or the feces are covered with glairy mucus, and are accompanied by a discharge of a quantity of mucus and much flatus. Amm. Mur. Clin.

**Feces.** Constipation; torpor of bowels, feces hard, scanty, passed with difficulty from constriction of sphincter ani and feeling as if much remained behind. Lyc. Clin.

**Feces.** Constipation with vertigo; heat in head, and tinnitus aurium, large accumulation of feces, especially after continued purging, with difficulty to pass then even when soft, from inactivity of rectum. China Clin.

**Feces.** Obstinate constipation, difficult expulsion of feces, fissuring the anus, with flow of blood; a ripping-up sensation in the anus after stool. Natr. M. Clin.

**Feces.** Constipation; stool large, hard lumps, which remain long in rectum and when feces are expelled they suddenly recede into the rectum; even a soft stool is expelled with much difficulty. Sil. Clin.

**Feces.** Constipation; bowels obstructed from induration of feces, which are so dry that they crumble as they pass the anus; like sheep's-dung, covered with blood and mucus. Mag. M. Clin.

**Feces. (Diarrhoea.)** Stool watery; feces yellow; frequent diarrhoea of yellow-greenish water; forcible, of green, frothy water. Grat. 1.

**Feces.** Diarrhoea nightly with colic so that she must bend double; hot, smelling like rotten eggs, green, watery; painless, consisting of feces and mucus; white; slimy, with colic. Cham. 1.

**Feces.** Diarrhoea after eating, of undigested feces; also passed in several pieces; then ineffectual urging, with biting, burning pain in anus, and colic before and after every stool. China 1.

**Feces.** Tenesmus, with only a little feces at first, then transparent, bilious, membranous mucus, with relief of colic; amelioration from frequent passage of flatus; urging to stool, which is unsatisfactory. Colch. 2.

**Feces.** Stool preceded by cold pain low down in pelvis; feces mixed with mucus and dark, clotted blood, followed by tenesmus. Merc. C. 1.

**Feces.** Stool enveloped by filamentous, yellowish mucus; this mucus is entirely blood in last portions of feces. Carbo V. 1.

**Feces.** Small, yellowish, shining stool at 9 a. m., with sputtering flatus; with dread lest feces and urine escaped together; while he would force out yet he held back. Aloe 1.

**Feces.** Small stool after colic, with tenesmus; first of dark green feces, then of dark green mucus. Ars. A. 1.

**Feces.** Watery feces, frequent, with soreness in anus; bright yellow, fluid feces twice, then chilliness; three stools of yellow water. Grat. 1.

**Feces.** Diarrhoea, copious, yellowish and offensive, containing pieces of white membrane; orange-yellow, slimy, with bright yellow flakes, without feces. Colch. 1.

**Feces.** Sensation of a foreign substance in rectum, or rough, hard feces, with constant looseness of bowels. Natr. M. 2.



## FECES.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## FETID.

Feces. Diarrhœa; stools painless, at first frothy, thin, and brown, later cadaverous-smelling, containing bits of yellow feces. Borax Clin.

Feces. Chronic catarrhal inflammation of the bowels, with mucous discharge or feces covered with mucus. Hydras. Clin.

Feces. Diarrhœa in hot, damp weather in the fall; vomiting and purging of rice-water stools; varying in color; green, yellow, reddish, variegated; slime and feces mixed. Colch. Clin.

Feces. Frequent involuntary stools of putrid, cadaverous odor; burning pains deep in abdomen; feces escape with flatus; collapse; pulse weak and intermittent. Carbo V. Clin.

Feces. Diarrhœa, with great prostration and collapse at the very commencement of the disease; cutting pains with a loose discharge of dark brown, brown or black feces like coffee-grounds, rice-water stools. Camph. Clin.

Feel. Sensation in abdomen as if full of stones after long sitting at work, though it does not feel hard. Ant. T. 5.

Feeling. (*Abdomen.*) Emptiness and weak feeling in abdomen; coldness. Phos. 5.

Feeling. Stool soft, then empty feeling in abdomen; saffron-yellow, stringy and slimy; chopped. Sulf. Ac. 1.

Feeling. Fear lest stool should escape with flatus; feeling as if thin stool would escape on passing urine; with the stool always a feeling as if more were at hand. Aloe 2.

Feeling. Weak feeling in abdomen as if diarrhœa would occur. Aloe 5.

Feeling. Weak feeling in abdomen as if menses would come on. Sulf. Ac. 5.

Feeling of distention of abdomen, with constrictive pain below umbilicus; the latter comes in jerks, obliging bending double. Bell. 7.

Feeling in abdomen as if it would burst if he eats or drinks. Carbo V. 5.

Feeling below hypochondria as if laced, with trembling and throbbing in epigastric region. Calc. C. 6.

Feeling in abdomen as if distended even to bursting, causing suffocation. Caps. 5.

Feeling immediately below umbilicus as if intestines pressed outward; aggravated by standing. Bell. 7.

Feeling of tension in hypogastrium when sitting and walking, with heaviness. Kali. C. 7.

Feeling. Singular feeling in pelvic region at 4 p. m.; a weakness about small of back, pubic bones, and around anus a dragging. Sep. 7.

Feeling. Diarrhœa; stool fluid, yellow in morning, with full feeling in abdomen and emission of flatus. Natr. S. 1.

Feeling. Enlargement of liver; feeling as of a hard tumor in region of umbilicus, with cramp-like pain in hepatic region. Zinc. Clin.

Feeling. Atony of the stomach and abdomen; feeling as if they hung down, relaxed. Staph. Clin.

Feeling. Diarrhœa always in daytime, never at night, but has stools early in the morning; hunger immediately after stool from weak, empty feeling in bowels; stools profuse, gushing, mucous, yellowish-brown, with colic. Petr. Clin.

Feeling. (*Anus and Rectum.*) Itching around anus at border, with sore feeling. Sulf. 3.

Feeling. Unpleasant and distended feeling in hepatic region if she eats to satiety. Lyc. 6.

Feeling. Excoriated feeling after a stool, attended with a contraction of rectum and constriction of anus. Alum. 3.

Feeling. Discharge of moisture from anus, with sore feeling and itching around it; involuntary, of viscid, slimy fluid, causing soreness; of thread-worms during stool. Sulf. 3.

Feeling in rectum as if mucous membrane were thick and obstructed stool; and as if rectum would protrude if the effort were continued. Æsc. 2.

Feeling in rectum as if he would have diarrhœa; as soon as he drank anything, but only a little passed every time. Caps. 2.

Feeling. Dried and constricted feeling in rectum during stool. Alum. 2.

Feeling. Prolapsus of rectum, with weak feeling in evening in bed; itching, burning all day; passes only wind and mucus, with sensation of a plug in rectum. Sep. 2.

Feeling. Obstinate constipation, with feeling of a load in rectum which cannot be evacuated; stools seems to stick to the anus like putty. Plat. Clin.

Feet. Colic from cold; from getting feet wet; from fruit, ices, pastry; flatulent colic in evening after supper or at night. Puls. Clin.

Feet. Acute dysentery, with unquenchable thirst; even the lips, mouth and throat feel raw and burning; tendency to collapse; cold hands and feet. Canth. Clin.

Feet. Enlargement and congestion of the liver; jaundice; yellow color of the face and eyes; gray stools; swelling of feet and legs. Mag. M. Clin.

Fell. Sensation in abdomen, extending into small of back, as if something fell down. Laur. 5.

Felt. Pressure in hypogastrium as if bladder would fall out over os pubis, partially relieved by hard pressure; the pelvic distress always felt at night on waking. Sep. 7.

Females. Constipation of females, with pain and pressure in iliac regions from uterine and abdominal congestion during pregnancy. Sep. Clin.

Fermented. Diarrhœa, as if fermented; frequent, of greenish mucus. Ipec. 1.

Fermented. Diarrhœa; stools as green as grass; fermented; putrid; continuous nausea. Ipec. Clin.

Fermented. Chronic diarrhœa with a psoric anamnesis; stool brown, fecal, fermented, offensive. Mezer. Clin.

Fermented. Stools at first hard then mushy, finally fluid, smelling like rotten eggs; involuntary, fermented, sour-smelling; diarrhœa alternating with constipation. Calc. C. Clin.

Fermented. Dysenteries during the autumn with violent colic and tenesmus; stools almost black and fermented like frothy molasses. Ipec. Clin.

Fermented. Diarrhœa with great prostration; stools involuntary during sleep; brown, fermented, with fetid breath and loathing of food. Arn. Clin.

Fermentation in abdomen from fruit. China 5.

Fermentation. Distention of abdomen all day after eating; fermentation. Rhus Tox. 5.

Fermenting. Pinching in hypogastrium in morning, with fermenting, rumbling, then watery diarrhœa. Nux V. 7.

Fetid. (*Flatus.*) Emission of fetid flatus. Æsc. 5.

Fetid. Rumbling in upper part of abdomen in evening, then fetid flatus. Natr. S. 5.

Fetid flatus with cutting pinching; then diarrhœa with pain in abdomen on every attempt to eat. Calc. Ph. 5.

Fetid. Diarrhœa during hot summer and after milk; stools watery, gray; worse during day and after eating; with discharge passing with a gush; much fetid flatus is passed with the stool. Natr. C. Clin.

Fetid. Habitual costiveness, especially of old people; sensation as if the bowels would not move without the aid of laxatives; continued inclination, but often passes only fetid flatus. Phytol. Clin.

Fetid. Flatulent colic; worse from wine, with retraction of the abdomen; hot, moist, fetid flatus passing off without relief. Zinc. Clin.

Fetid. Flatulent colic with constriction around stomach and navel; incarcerated flatus; passes sour-smelling or fetid flatus. Natr. C. Clin.

Fetid. Diarrhœa; stool involuntary when emitting flatus; stools thin, yellow, fecal, with emission of fetid flatus like rotten eggs. Olean. Clin.

Fetid. (*Stool.*) Stool tough, gluey, fetid; so urgent that some escaped prematurely, yet not diarrhœa after getting up; slimy. Sulf. 1.

Fetid. Pain in abdomen at night; waking from uneasy slumber; then sixteen evacuations of greenish, fetid mucus, with noisy emission of flatus. Arg. N. 5.

Fetid. Diarrhœa; stool semi-fluid and frequent in morning; pappy, yellowish, green, copious, fetid. Sulf. 1.

Fetid. Diarrhœa; stool thin, olive-green, exhausting, pernicious, offensive, frequent, brown, slimy; next day fetid and dark. Secale 1.

Fetid. Stool profuse, black, fetid, running out in a stream; at first hard, black and lumpy, then mushy. Lept. 1.



**FETID.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****FLATULENCE.**

Fetid. Copious diarrhœa, with vomiting; then watery and fetid stools. Apis 1.  
Fetid. Stool brown, liquid, fetid, copious. Arg. N. 1.

Fetid. Rumbling in hypogastric region in morning, with distress and a soft, profuse, black, fetid stool; then pain in abdomen. Lept. 7.

Fetid. Diarrhœa, with cutting, pressing pain before and during stool; with drawing pain in rectum after stool, continuing for hours; stools green, slimy, with flakes of false membranes, undigested, putrid, fetid; sour-smelling. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Fetid. Chronic diarrhœa; cannot urinate without having a stool, or the stools became dark and fetid; worse after eating. Apis Clin.

Fetid. Diarrhœa; stool like chopped eggs, of yellow mucus; sometimes frothy, extremely fetid; aggravation from eating oysters. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Fetid. Interminable diarrhœa in summer, which resists everything, especially in scrofulous children; stools putrid, fetid, watery, yellowish, or greenish; discharged rapidly with great force. Secale Clin.

Fetid. Chronic diarrhœa with gradual loss of strength; fetid stool and flatus smelling like lime which has been used to purify gas of sulphur. Phos. Clin.

Fetid. Chronic debilitating diarrhœa with almost constant oozing from anus; stools jelly-like, green, or bloody, fetid or sour, expelled quickly; worse after taking boiled milk. Sep. Clin.

Fetid. Diarrhœa; stools sour, green, bloody; one stool fetid, the other odorless; one containing fecal matter, the other blood; no two stools alike; caused by eating pork or fat food; from fruit, ice cream, tobacco, cold drinks. Puls. Clin.

Fetid. Diarrhœa in the morning, driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery; brown; fecal; green; mucous; bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour; fetid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. Sulf. Clin.

Fetid. Diarrhœa brought on by riding in cars or carriage; aggravated by drinking cold water; with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool. Cocc. Clin.

Fetid. (*Miscellaneous*.) Diarrhœa, with great prostration; stools involuntary during sleep; brown, fermented; with fetid breath and loathing of food. Arn. Clin.

Fetid. Fissure of the anus, with constant oozing of fetid moisture; with raw smarting, as if cut with a knife. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Fetid. Chronic diarrhœa, stools brown fluid mixed with undigested food and of intolerable fetor. Graph. Clin.

Fever. Dysentery, with a low type of fever; bloody, almost painless stools. Apis Clin.

Fever. Inflammation of the liver, with pain, swelling, hardness, constant fever, dry tongue, restlessness; small, rapid pulse, and on rising from bed faintness. Iod. 6.

Fever. Violent pain in rectum, with chill and fever, inflammation, tenesmus and bloody discharges. Acon. Clin.

Fever. Early stage of peritonitis and enteritis, with severe, agonizing pain; tossing about; high fever. Acon. Clin.

Fever. Diarrhœa in low types of malarial fever; evacuations horribly offensive, thin, fecal, usually dark. Bapt. Clin.

Fever. Perityphlitis, with high fever, great tenderness over the appendix and hardness. Crotal. H. Clin.

Fever. Diarrhœa, brown, yellow or slimy, putrid odor, with low types of fever; coldness of extremities; tendency to collapse. Carbo V. Clin.

Fever. Atrophic, nutmeg liver, which is swollen; enlargement of liver and spleen after intermittent fever. Nux Mos. Clin.

Fever. Stool bloody, with tenesmus and painful; dysenteric; much black, offensive blood; pseudo membrane; painful and frequent, with fever and headache. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Filled. Dryness in rectum, with heat; feels as if it were filled with small sticks. Æsc. 2.

Filled. Distention of abdomen, beginning at stomach; abdomen hard as if filled with air, without pain; she cannot bear pressure on stomach; worse in hypogastrium. Ratan. 5.

Filled. Constipation for days; no desire; no urging; the rectum becomes filled and seems entirely paralyzed. Nux Mos. Clin.

Finger. Beating and bubbling in liver as in a sore finger; burning. Laur. 6.

Fissure of anus with very great irritability. Sil. Clin.

Fissure of the anus with constant oozing of fetid moisture; with raw smarting as if cut with a knife. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Fissured. Constipation; accumulation of large masses of feces, which are covered with mucus; the anus is fissured; the cracks bleed and ulcerate. Graph. Clin.

Fissures. Piles and fissures at the anus, with great itching; scurf on borders of anus. Petr. Clin.

Fissures of the anus, with periodical profuse bleeding from the anus; pain in small of back as if bruised; sore blind hæmorrhoids protruding after stool. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Fissures of the anus without constipation; acute pains, shooting upwards. Ign. Clin.

Fissuring. Obstinate constipation; difficult expulsion of feces, fissuring the anus, with flow of blood; a ripping-up sensation in the anus after stool. Natr. M. Clin.

Fist. Shooting from umbilical region to other parts of the abdomen; amelioration from pressure; so violent at times that he was almost wild; tossed about, pressed his fist into his abdomen, said he must go to stool. Plumb. 7.

Fistula in anus. Thuja Clin.

Fistula in ano. Sil. Clin.

Fistula ani. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Fistula. Pruritus in anus and fistula. Caust. Clin.

Fistula. Hæmorrhoids, complicating fistula ani, especially in persons suffering from lung trouble. Kali C. Clin.

Fistula in the anus, with sensation of beating as of little hammers. Lach. Clin.

Fistula recti, with bilious symptoms; aggravated when sitting. Berb. Clin.

Fit. Colic; crampy pains, following a fit of anger or following operations about the abdomen after lithotomy. Staph. Clin.

Five a. m. Stool during micturition, also at 5 a. m., with micturition; in morning after rising; after breakfast. Aloe 1.

Flabby. Cholera infantum, great desire for indigestible things like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken, flabby; emaciation; stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Flakes. Diarrhœa during first dentition, with much wind; after vexation; containing white points or flakes like pus; offensive, with much flatulence. Calc. Ph. 1.

Flakes. Diarrhœa copious, yellowish, and offensive, containing pieces of white membrane; orange-yellow, slimy, with bright yellow flakes, without feces. Colech. 1.

Flakes. Diarrhœa with cutting, pressing pains before and during stool, with drawing pain in rectum after stool, continuing for hours; stools green, slimy, with flakes of false membranes; undigested, putrid, fetid, sour-smelling. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Flakes. Diarrhœa; frequent, profuse, greenish, white, watery stools with flakes; severe pinching colic before stool, from emotions, as fright. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Flaky. Diarrhœa like scrapings of intestines, reddish, mucous, or bloody, flaky, with extreme burning in anus during stool. Canth. Clin.

Flaky. Cholera infantum; stool from the least movement of the body; thin and painless; gushing; profuse; watery, flaky, inodorous; faintness at stool or immediately after. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Flank. Twitching in left side of abdomen, between navel and left flank, as if in muscles of wall, then sticking deep in left side of back. Bry. 5.

Flanks. Aching in flanks on drawing in abdominal muscles. Asaf. 5.

Flatulence. Distention of abdomen by flatulence, waking about midnight, causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief; new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. Cocc. 5.

Flatulence here and there in hypochondria, even in back, in region of ribs and chest, causing tension and bubbling; amelioration from empty eructations. Lyc. 6.



## FLATULENCE.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## FLATUS.

Flatulence; no flatus emitted upward or downward. Ratan. 5.

Flatulence. Stools watery, with flatulence and frequent; more frequent after taking food or water. Ferr. 1.

Flatulence; emission of flatus, worse in evening and night; offensive, smelling of sulphuretted hydrogen. Sulf. 5.

Flatulence in abdomen, then urging; stools sudden, thin, small, with flatus. Croc. Tig. 5.

Flatulence. Colic in hypogastrium, as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. Nux V. 7.

Flatulence. Tearing around umbilicus, with flatulence. Natr. S. 7.

Flatulence. Thin stool afternoons with flatulence. Dulc. 1.

Flatulence. Sticking in abdomen as from flatulence, extending into chest. Cham. 5.

Flatulence in abdomen after every meal. Borax 5.

Flatulence. Distention of abdomen, with motions and passage of offensive flatus; much trouble from flatulence. Carbo An. 5.

Flatulence and distention of abdomen from things which usually digested easily. Carbo V. 5.

Flatulence. Cutting in abdomen in morning, with emission of flatus; as from flatulence in evening before eating. Puls. 5.

Flatulence. Sudden flatulence in hypogastrium, passing painfully towards ring. Graph. 7.

Flatulence. Intermittent pain with flatulence in hypochondria and stitches through chest. Cham. 6.

Flatulence in abdomen rising and becoming incarcerated under short ribs. Nux V. 5.

Flatulence. Diarrhœa during first dentition with much wind, after vexation; containing white points or flakes like pus; offensive, with much flatulence. Calc. Ph. 1.

Flatulence, offensive, smelling like rotten eggs. Arn. 5.

Flatulence. Incarcerated flatulence in left side. Sulf. Clin.

Flatulence. Excessive flatulence, especially in hysterical subjects. Ign. Clin.

Flatulence. Diarrhœa of green mucus, like chopped spinach, usually with great flatulence. Arg. N. Clin.

Flatulence. Chronic dysentery, with the abdominal symptoms of flatulence and the burning in anus and rectum; discharge of jelly-like lumps. Aloe Clin.

Flatulent. Scanty, watery stool about midnight, with flatulent colic and noisy flatulence during stool. Arg. N. 1.

Flatulent. Cutting pain in abdomen, with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulent here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus the more difficult it is to pass. Ver. Alb. 5.

Flatulent distention of abdomen after stool. Lyc. 5.

Flatulent distention of abdomen after eating; after drinking. Nux V. 5.

Flatulent. Small, frequent passage, consisting of mucus at times mingled with blood and causing tenesmus, preceded by flatulent colic in hypogastrium. Caps. 1.

Flatulent. Pain in hypogastrium, as from a flatulent purgative. Acon. 7.

Flatulent pain in abdomen like labor pains. Natr. M. 5.

Flatulent pain in evening after a meal; here and there after midnight, not relieved by emission of flatus. Puls. 5.

Flatulent. Pain in abdomen before breakfast; flatulent, relieved by difficult emission of flatus and lying on side. Natr. S. 5.

Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about painfully; worse in upper abdomen. Puls. 5.

Flatulent. Pain in abdomen as if everything were sore; on every step as from incarcerated flatus; flatulent after stool as if intestines here and there were pressed by stones. Nux V. 5.

Flatulent. Distention of abdomen after eating; after a moderate supper, with griping here and there; sharp pain as from flatulent food and much drink. China 5.

Flatulent. Distention of abdomen after eating; flatulent, with rumbling and emission of flatus. Thuja 5.

Flatulent. Distention of abdomen after eating, with intermittent colic and rumbling; flatulent. Puls. 5.

Flatulent. Distention of abdomen, with gurgling, rumbling, rolling in morning in bed; with grumbling and flatulent pain, worse in evening. Zinc. 5.

Flatulent. Colic before stool; before passage of flatus, with thirst; flatulent. China 5.

Flatulent colic in evening after lying down. Nux V. 5.

Flatulent. Rumbling in abdomen in morning, with gurgling; also in bed, with spasmodic and griping, flatulent colic, and heat in palms and soles. Nux V. 5.

Flatulent. Excessive, flatulent distention of abdomen and dysmenorrhœa. Cocc. Clin.

Flatulent. Great flatulent distention of abdomen and accumulation of flatus. Carbol. Ac. Clin.

Flatulent. Diarrhœa, brought on by riding in cars or carriage; aggravation from drinking cold water, with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid; yellow; painless; prolapsus recti after stool. Cocc. Clin.

Flatulent. Violent, flatulent colic, generally relieved by walking about; aggravated by lying down at night; pains are generally cutting, twisting; amelioration from pressure; generally radiate from the abdomen to the back into chest and arms. Diosc. Clin.

Flatulent distention of abdomen, with great increase of fat; abdominal dropsy. Calc. C. Clin.

Flatulent colic, relieved by stretching the body out or walking. Diosc. Clin.

Flatulent colic and constipation, especially in children. Iris V. Clin.

Flatulent colic from acids, with frequent, loose stools; cutting almost constantly, running from right to left. Ipec. Clin.

Flatulent colic. Cham. Clin.

Flatulent colic in pregnancy. Cocc. Clin.

Flatulent colic, only slightly relieved by evacuating gas; worse at night. Cocc. Clin.

Flatulent colic with constriction around stomach and navel; incarcerated flatus; passes sour-smelling or fetid flatus. Natr. C. Clin.

Flatulent. Colic from cold, from getting feet wet, from fruit, ices, pastry; flatulent colic in evening, after supper or at night. Puls. Clin.

Flatulent colic, worse from wine, with retraction of the abdomen; hot, moist, fetid flatus passing off without relief. Zinc. Clin.

Flatulent colic deep in the abdomen, worse when lying. Phos. Clin.

Flatulent. Colic from indigestion, with waterbrash; worse after coffee, brandy or overeating; flatulent, with pressure upward, causing dyspnœa. Nux V. Clin.

Flatulent colic; the incarcerated flatus causes much pain, as it cannot pass; colicky pains on the right side of the abdomen extending into the bladder; cutting pains across abdomen from right to left. Lyc. Clin.

Flatus. Emission of much inodorous flatus. Agar. 5.

Flatus. Involuntary stool, with passage of flatus, falling out without exertion; almost unnoticed. Aloe 1.

Flatus. Pain in abdomen at night; waking from uneasy slumber, then sixteen evacuations of greenish, fetid mucus, with noisy emission of flatus. Arg. N. 5.

Flatus. Flatulence; no flatus emitted upward or downward. Ratan. 5.

Flatus. Emission of flatus. Phos. 5.

Flatus. Fear lest stool should escape with flatus; feeling as if thin stool would escape on passing urine; with the stool always a feeling as if more were at hand. Aloe 2.

Flatus. Distention of abdomen with motion of flatus. Aloe 5.

Flatus. Distention of abdomen by flatulence, waking about midnight, causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief; new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. Cocc. 5.

Flatus. Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening, and colic; worse in evening, in bed, with gurgling, griping, and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another. Puls. 5.

Flatus. Distention of abdomen after eating, with tension; amelioration from emission of flatus. Lyc. 5.



## FLATUS.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## FLATUS.

- Flatus. Cutting pain in abdomen, with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulent here and there, the longer delayed the emission of flatus the more difficult it is to pass. Ver. Alb. 5.
- Flatus. Pressure in abdomen, downward at night, waking her, with tension of muscles; so that he could not straighten up; as from incarcerated flatus. Sulf. 5.
- Flatus. Tension in abdomen and incarceration of flatus. Lyc. 5.
- Flatus. Distention of abdomen, as from incarceration of flatus. Graph. 5.
- Flatus. Pain in umbilical region, emanating from navel; amelioration by frequent discharge of flatus. Coloc. 7.
- Flatus. Gripping, tensive pain in umbilical region, extending towards stomach, in afternoon and evening; relieved by emission of flatus. Sulf. 7.
- Flatus. Offensive flatus. Bry. 5.
- Flatus. Rumbling in abdomen, with gripping and emission of much flatus; offensive. Diosc. 5.
- Flatus. Flatulence; emission of flatus; worse in evening and night; offensive, smelling of sulphuretted hydrogen. Sulf. 5.
- Flatus. Distention of abdomen after dinner, with rumbling of flatus; gripping. Carbo V. 5.
- Flatus. Colic, with spasmodic closure of anus and difficult emission of flatus; with tension and grumbling. Op. 5.
- Flatus. Stool pasty with burning in anus; offensive in afternoon, then burning in anus, with much flatus, then hard portions, then again soft, so that he believed he would scarcely finish the evacuation. Bry. 1.
- Flatus. Flatulence in abdomen, then urging; stools sudden, thin, small, with flatus. Crot. Tig. 5.
- Flatus. Diarrhœa, watery, with violent pinching and emission of much flatus. Agar. 1.
- Flatus. Stool fluid after eating, with discharge of flatus and colic all the afternoon; better from warmth of bed. Coloc. 1.
- Flatus. Gripping in abdomen; worse below navel, obliging him to bend over; amelioration after a thin stool, with discharge of flatus upward and downward. Coloc. 5.
- Flatus. Offensive flatus, and at last moist flatus, with dragging towards sacrum and thence towards abdomen. Carbo V. 5.
- Flatus. Emission of flatus after every meal; on attempting to go to stool; burning and offensive. Aloe 5.
- Flatus. Distention of abdomen in morning in bed, relieved by emission of flatus smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; also at night; after eating, with heaviness. Sulf. 5.
- Flatus. Tenesmus, with only a little feces at first; then transparent, bilious, membranous mucous, with relief of colic; amelioration from frequent passage of flatus; urging to stool, which is unsatisfactory. Colch. 2.
- Flatus. Distention of abdomen relieved by emission of flatus; gripping. Phos. Ac. 5.
- Flatus. Diarrhœa; stool thin, whitish-gray, involuntary, pasty, bright yellow, with sensation as if he would emit flatus; not prostrating. Phos. Ac. 1.
- Flatus. Diarrhœa, with pinching around umbilicus; sometimes with discharge of flatus; stool watery, profuse, with colic and tenesmus; fecal; forcible. Gamb. 1.
- Flatus. Diarrhœa; frequent, thin, involuntary, with flatus; small. Ign. 1.
- Flatus. Rumbling in abdomen all the forenoon, with gurgling; then four pasty stools, with emission of flatus. Natr. M. 5.
- Flatus. Diarrhœa; stool fluid, yellow in morning, with full feeling in abdomen and emission of flatus. Natr. S. 1.
- Flatus. Diarrhœa; a thin stool passes unconsciously, with sensation as if flatus would pass. Staph. 1.
- Flatus. Involuntary diarrhœa during emission of flatus; bilious, with sensation as if weight would pass. Sulf. 1.
- Flatus. Diarrhœa; stools frequent in evening; involuntary when sneezing or laughing; half fluid, half lumpy, mixed with gas and noisy flatus; in morning, afternoon and evening; always soon after eating. Sulf. 1.
- Flatus. Emission of flatus, with rumbling and gurgling. Sil. 3.
- Flatus. Incessant emission of flatus. Mag. M. 5.
- Flatus. Emission of flatus. Kali C. 5.
- Flatus. Distention of abdomen after eating; flatulent, with rumbling and emission of flatus. Thuja 5.
- Flatus. Tension in abdomen in afternoon from accumulated flatus, but it passed copiously and easily. Carbo V. 5.
- Flatus. Cutting in abdomen in morning, with emission of flatus, as from flatulence in evening before eating. Puls. 5.
- Flatus. Burning in anus after stool; after emission of hot flatus. Aloe 3.
- Flatus. Rumbling and noises in abdomen, with discharge of flatus, unsatisfactory, abrupt, offensive, not without exertion of abdominal muscles. Ign. 5.
- Flatus. Accumulation of flatus in left upper abdomen, more towards back, with pinching here and there under short ribs, in hypogastrium. Carbo V. 7.
- Flatus. Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about painfully, worse in upper abdomen. Puls. 5.
- Flatus. Distention of abdomen with gripping and emission of flatus. Asaf. 5.
- Flatus. Distention of abdomen after supper, with heaviness and emission of flatus. Arg. N. 5.
- Flatus. Gripping in umbilical region, at times above, at times below the navel in afternoon, soon after eating, as from flatus. Ver. Alb. 7.
- Flatus. Rumbling and gripping in abdomen always before emission of flatus. Graph. 5.
- Flatus. Rumbling in abdomen, with uneasiness and emission of flatus. Nit. Ac. 5.
- Flatus. Inflation and tension, with pinching in umbilical region; with frequent emission of flatus. Gamb. 7.
- Flatus. Pain in abdomen, with frequent cutting in stomach and small intestines; with emission of much flatus. Diosc. 5.
- Flatus. Rumbling in abdomen, with inflation and accumulation of flatus. Gamb. 5.
- Flatus. Urging to stool after eating; when rising from lying; sudden in morning on rising; ineffectual; also with emission of flatus. Aloe 2.
- Flatus. Distention of abdomen after eating, with emission of flatus. Cham. 5.
- Flatus. Gripping in abdomen, with pain on passage of flatus. China 5.
- Flatus. Colic before stool, before passage of flatus, with thirst; flatulent. China 5.
- Flatus. Frequent urging in rectum, with prolapsus and emission of flatus; stooping, and, still more, crouching down caused protrusion. Ruta 2.
- Flatus. Cutting in abdomen before emission of flatus. Con. 5.
- Flatus. Intermittent gripping in hypogastrium, so that she could scarcely walk after entering the house, preceded by rumbling in abdomen and emission of flatus. Sulf. 7.
- Flatus. Small, yellowish, shining stool at 9 a. m., with sputtering flatus; with dread lest feces and urine escaped together; while he would force out yet he held back. Aloe 1.
- Flatus. Incarceration of flatus under short ribs. Canth. 6.
- Flatus. Incarceration of flatus in hypochondria, with oppression of chest. Phos. 6.
- Flatus. Incarceration of flatus. Mag. M. 5.
- Flatus. Incarceration of flatus in hypogastrium. Staph. 7.
- Flatus. Incarcerated flatus. Kali C. 5.
- Flatus. Sticking in rectum as from incarcerated flatus. Puls. 2.
- Flatus. Cutting in hypogastrium with incarceration of flatus; pain at every step. Sil. 7.
- Flatus. Incarcerated flatus with tension; sticking, drawing, tearing in whole abdomen. Coloc. 5.
- Flatus. Incarcerated flatus in rectum. Natr. C. 2.
- Flatus. Flatulent colic with constriction around stomach and navel; incarcerated flatus; passes sour-smelling or fetid flatus. Natr. C. Clin.
- Flatus. Incarcerated flatus with gripping in abdomen after eating. Natr. C. 5.
- Flatus. Collection of flatus in abdomen, without evacuation of it, with pain; flatus rolls about and becomes incarcerated here and there. Natr. S. 5.
- Flatus. Pain in abdomen as if everything were sore; on every step as from incarcerated flatus; flatulent after stool as if intestines here and there were pressed by stones. Nux V. 5.
- Flatus. Emissions of flatus loud, short, and interrupted; offensive; worse before stool. Mezer. 5.



**FLATUS.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****FLUID.**

Flatus. Stools offensive, with offensive flatus; frequent, of only mucus; at times with cutting and urging. Nit. Ac. 1.

Flatus. Emission of offensive flatus. Kali B. 5.

Flatus. Distention of abdomen with motions and passage of offensive flatus; much trouble from flatulence. Carbo An. 5.

Flatus. Fetid flatus with cutting, pinching, then diarrhœa with pain in abdomen on every attempt to eat. Calc. Ph. 5.

Flatus. Rumbling of abdomen with emission of flatus of the odor of bad eggs. Olean. 5.

Flatus. Emission of offensive flatus in evening. Colch. 5.

Flatus. Discharge of offensive flatus after dinner; amelioration after stool, with movements in hypogastrium. Coloc. 5.

Flatus. Loud, offensive flatus all the afternoon. Caust. 5.

Flatus. Emission of fetid flatus. Æsc. 5.

Flatus. Offensive flatus, with stool; frequent and loud; easy, with inclination as for soft stool. Aloe 5.

Flatus. Rumbling in upper part of abdomen in evening; then fetid flatus. Natr. S. 5.

Flatus. Rumbling in abdomen between 6 and 10 p. m., with movement of flatus and aching, then emission of flatus; offensive. China 5.

Flatus. Tympanitic distention of abdomen, not relieved by emission of flatus. Sulf. 5.

Flatus. Pain in abdomen before breakfast; flatulent; relieved by difficult emission of flatus and lying on side. Natr. S. 5.

Flatus. Abdomen bloated after eating; amelioration from emission of flatus, with nausea. Psor. 5.

Flatus. Sticking in groin; feeling after sitting down as if a large, heavy body were lying there; better after pressure; by passage of flatus. Carbo An. 7.

Flatus. Distention of abdomen at night, relieved by emission of flatus; rumbling all day, with gurgling; movements and cutting. Mag. C. 5.

Flatus. Flatulent pain in evening after a meal; here and there after midnight, not relieved by emission of flatus. Puls. 5.

Flatus. Gripping in abdomen; amelioration after discharge of flatus in evening and night, relieved by bending forward. Iris V. 5.

Flatus. Dragging in hypogastrium towards groins during stool; in groins; amelioration from emission of flatus; with sensitiveness to touch. Kali C. 7.

Flatus. Great flatulent distention of abdomen and accumulation of flatus. Carbol. Ac. Clin.

Flatus. Diarrhœa, with excessive accumulation of flatus; stools thin, brown or pale; fecal; mixed with hard lumps; thin, yellow, shaggy, reddish, mucous, undigested. Lyc. Clin.

Flatus. Shifting of flatus, with sharp cutting colic; with nausea. Ant. T. Clin.

Flatus. Chronic diarrhœa; green liquid stools, always mucous and bloody; no emission of flatus for six days. Ratan. Clin.

Flatus. Colic, forcing patient to bend double; he must walk about for relief; abdomen swollen, sensitive; no flatus up or down; after a cold; from fruits or vegetables; cold feeling in abdomen. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Flatus. Frequent involuntary stools of putrid, cadaverous odor; burning pains deep in abdomen; feces escape with flatus; collapse; pulse weak and intermittent. Carbo V. Clin.

Flatus. Constipation; ineffectual urging to stool with small discharges or only flatus passes; stool only every second day. Mag. C. Clin.

Flatus. Constipation, with hard, crumbly stool or the feces are covered with glairy mucus and are accompanied by a discharge of a quantity of mucus and much flatus. Amm. Mur. Clin.

Flatus. Diarrhœa during hot summer and after milk; stools watery, gray; worse during day and after eating; with discharge passing with a gush; much fetid flatus is passed with the stool. Natr. C. Clin.

Flatus. Diarrhœa; stool involuntary when emitting flatus; stools thin, yellow, fecal, with emission of fetid flatus like rotten eggs. Olean. Clin.

Flatus. Flatulent colic, worse from wine, with retraction of the abdomen; hot, moist, fetid flatus passing off without relief. Zinc. Clin.

Flatus. Chronic diarrhœa, with gradual loss of strength; fetid stool and flatus, smelling like lime which has been used to purify gas of sulphur. Phos. Clin.

Flatus. Habitual costiveness, especially of old people; sensation as if the bowels would not move without the aid of laxatives; continual inclination, but often passes only fetid flatus. Phytol. Clin.

Flatus. Diarrhœa, with violent colic and rumbling before stool, then yellowish-green stools; profuse emission of fetid flatus. Natr. S. Clin.

Flatus. Colic worse when riding in a car or carriage; amelioration from emission of flatus. Carbo V. Clin.

Flatus. Flatulent colic; the incarcerated flatus causes much pain, as it cannot pass; colicky pains on the right side of the abdomen, extending into the bladder; cutting pains across abdomen, from right to left. Lyc. Clin.

Floating. Stool soft, brownish, easy, floating on water. Merc. 1.

Floating. Enlarged, indurated liver, which is sore; reflex symptoms from floating kidney. Zinc. Clin.

Floating. Diarrhœa; watery, slimy, frothy, green, bloody or bilious stools, with greenish scum floating on top of water; violent urging before, tenesmus and urging after. Merc. Clin.

Floating. Diarrhœa; stool like scum of a frog pond; green, frothy; white masses, like lumps of tallow, floating on the green; sour-smelling; undigested; containing curds. Mag. C. Clin.

Flow. Obstinate constipation; difficult expulsion of feces, fissuring the anus, with flow of blood; a ripping-up sensation in the anus after stool. Natr. M. Clin.

Flowing. Piles, blind or flowing. Nux V. Clin.

Flowing. Hæmorrhoids, blind or flowing dark blood; lancinating pain from the anus upwards, especially after stool; painless piles. Sulf. Clin.

Fluid. Tenesmus in morning after waking; then a copious fluid stool. Sulf. 2.

Fluid. Diarrhœa; stool fluid, dark brown, foul-smelling, preceded by colic; green, bilious diarrhœa, mixed with mucus. Psor. 1.

Fluid. Stool fluid after eating, with discharge of flatus and colic all the afternoon; better from warmth of bed. Coloc. 1.

Fluid. Violent stool; watery, black, fluid, burning in anus; after uneasiness and pain in the abdomen. Ars. A. 1.

Fluid. Coldness in abdomen during menses as if a cold fluid passed through intestines. Kali C. 5.

Fluid. Discharge of moisture from anus, with sore feeling and itching around it; involuntary, of viscid, slimy fluid, causing soreness; of thread-worms during stool. Sulf. 3.

Fluid. Stool thin, fluid, frequent, whitish-yellow. Cocc. 1.

Fluid. Watery feces, frequent, with soreness in anus; bright yellow, fluid feces twice, then chilliness; three stools of yellow water. Grat. 1.

Fluid. Diarrhœa; stool fluid, yellow in morning, with full feeling in abdomen and emission of flatus. Natr. S. 1.

Fluid. Urging to a copious, yellowish-brown, partly thin, sourish, offensive stool; then transient relief of colic; then two abundant stools in quick succession; first pappy, then fluid, with ulcerative pain in bowels. Coloc. 1.

Fluid. Stools at first hard, then mushy; finally fluid, smelling like rotten eggs; involuntary, fermented, sour-smelling diarrhœa, alternating with constipation. Calc. C. Clin.

Fluid. Oozing of a thin, inodorous fluid from the rectum; weak digestion, especially in nursing women. Carbo An. Clin.

Fluid. Chronic diarrhœa; stools brown, fluid, mixed with undigested food and of an intolerable fetor. Graph. Clin.

Fluid. Camp diarrhœa; chronic, from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane, with aching and burning in hepatic region; worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. Lept. Clin.



## FLUID.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## FORCIBLY.

Fluid. Diarrhœa; frequent desire for stool with chilliness and nausea; stools offensive, painless, fluid, scanty, putrid, with biting, burning sensation in anus. Sil. Clin.

Fluids. Diarrhœa, particularly after meals at night, painless early in the morning, in hot weather; from eating fruit, from drinking sour beer; after severe acute diseases; after loss of fluids. China Clin.

Flushed. Ascarides with itching; unnatural appetite; flushed face. Ferr. Clin.

Flux. Dysenteric flux. Agar. 1.

Fly. Obstinate constipation; inactivity or intussusception; stools hard, thick and knotty balls, with pain in anus when passing, as if it would fly to pieces. Thuja Clin.

Foamy. Chronic diarrhœa of an exhausting character; stools whitish, whey-like watery, foamy mucous; worse in the morning. Iod. Clin.

Follow. Tenesmus, as if more stool would follow, which must be held back on account of soreness of anus, yet on account of this pain he does not dare to draw the anus together. Aloe 2.

Followed. Thin stool, preceded and followed by rumbling, and at times noises as if a bottle were emptied. Jatr. 1.

Followed. Stool hard, in shape of laurel berries; difficult; with cutting in anus as if too narrow; then a stream of blood, followed by soreness in anus along rectum. Alum. 1.

Followed. Stool indurated as if burnt, preceded and followed by pressure; constipation. Plat. 1.

Followed. Stools may be black, brown, burning, putrid; brought on by eating or drinking, or aggravated after midnight; preceded by most violent burning and cutting pains, and followed by extreme exhaustion. Ars. A. 1.

Followed. Stool, preceded by cold pain low down in pelvis; feces mixed with mucus and dark clotted blood, followed by tenesmus. Merc. C. 1.

Followed. Diarrhœa; stool preceded by excessive cutting around about the navel, and expelled all at once after considerable urging, and followed by a feeling of great relief. Gamb. Clin.

Followed. Dysenteric diarrhœa, consisting of bloody mucus, followed by much pressing; weak and dizzy after stool. Petr. Clin.

Followed. Diarrhœa; stool semi-liquid, forcible; frequently followed by tenesmus and burning in anus; brown, frequent, followed by tenesmus, pain in back and burning in rectum. Rheum 1.

Following. Constipation in spite of frequent straining, or following days hard, difficult, unsatisfactory stools. Sil. 1.

Following. Colic; crampy pains, following a fit of anger or following operations about the abdomen after lithotomy. Staph. Clin.

Following. Constipation, following parturition, with hæmorrhoids and headache. Hydras. Clin.

Follows. Diarrhœa in the morning, driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery; brown; fecal; green; mucous; bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour; fetid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. Sulf. Clin.

Food. Stools watery, with flatus and frequent; more frequent after taking food or water. Ferr. 1.

Food. Stool undigested of food eaten the previous evening; involuntary. Olean. 1.

Food. Fullness in upper abdomen; after eating the food remains long. China 5.

Food. Distention of abdomen after eating; after a moderate supper, with gripping here and there; sharp pain as from flatulent food and much drink. China 5.

Food. Cholera infantum, with vomiting of sour food or curdled lumps. Calc. C. Clin.

Food. Hepatic diseases, with indigestion, eructations, salivation, heartburn, vomiting of food. Berb. Clin.

Food. Painless cholera morbus, with deathly nausea, weakness and prostration; aggravation from the smell or sight of food. Colch. Clin.

Food. Cholera or choleraic stools, not copious, with desire for warm food and drinks and horrible cramps in stomach and abdomen. Cupr. Clin.

Food. Diarrhœa, with great prostration; stools involuntary during sleep; brown, fermented, with fetid breath and loathing of food. Arn. Clin.

Food. Constipation in sad, desponding, and hypochondriac persons; frequent purging but insufficient stool, though the feces are not hard; worse from starchy or vegetable food. Natr. C. Clin.

Food. Diarrhœa; stools sour, green, bloody; one stool fetid, the other odorless; one containing fecal matter, the other blood; no two stools alike; caused by eating pork or fat food, from fruit, ice cream, tobacco, cold drinks. Puls. Clin.

Food. Chronic diarrhœa after the abuse of Mercury or Quinine; light yellow, fecal, papescent, sour stool, with undigested food. Hep. Clin.

Food. Evacuation of shreds of mucus or of undigested food, with enormous distention of abdomen; stools excessively offensive. Arg. N. Clin.

Food. Diarrhœa, containing undigested food; painless, recurring when eating or drinking. Ferr. Clin.

Food. Chronic diarrhœa; stools brown, fluid, mixed with undigested food and of an intolerable fetor. Graph. Clin.

Food. Diarrhœa; stools involuntary, green, mucous or mushy; undigested, with cutting in abdomen before, tenesmus during and burning after stool; worse after eating and drinking. Laur. Clin.

Foods. Chronic diarrhœa in dyspeptics and consumptives, which is caused whenever taking fresh meat, fat foods, acids, sweets. Caust. Clin.

Force. Small, yellowish, shining stool at 9 a. m., with sputtering flatus; with dread lest feces and urine escaped together; while he would force out yet he held back. Aloe 1.

Force. Paralytic pain in right ring as if som thing would force its way through when sitting; amelioration from rising. Cocc. 7.

Force. Interminable diarrhœa in summer which resists everything, especially in scrofulous children; stools putrid, fetid, watery, yellowish or greenish; discharged rapidly with great force. Secale Clin.

Forced. Urging in rectum, but large intestines are wanting in peristaltic action, and cannot expel soft feces; only a part can be forced out by aid of abdominal muscles. Hep. 2.

Forced. Pain in anus as if a plug were forced outwards. Crot. Tig. 3.

Forced. Incipient hernia forced downward, with a bruised pain, and cannot be reduced with the hand. Sulf. 7.

Forced. Pressure in morning in hypogastrium as if everything would be forced out towards organs of generation, with distention of abdomen, then contraction of abdomen, then discharge of white mucus from vagina. Bell. 7.

Forceible. Stools sudden, pasty, dirty, green, offensive, forceible. Crot. Tig. 1.

Forceible. Stool watery, feces yellow; frequent diarrhœa of yellow, greenish water; forceible, of green, frothy water. Grat. 1.

Forceible. Diarrhœa watery, yellowish and painless; forceible. Crot. Tig. 1.

Forceible. Urging in rectum so that he could scarcely reach the closet, then thin, forceible, spurting stool. Natr. C. 2.

Forceible. Stool pasty, light brown, after urging, then rumbling and gurgling in left side of abdomen; after an hour a second soft stool; mucous, urgent, grayish-green and dirty brown; forceible. Crotal. Tig. 1.

Forceible. Diarrhœa, with pinching around umbilicus, sometimes with discharge of flatus; stool watery, profuse, with colic and tenesmus; fecal; forceible. Gamb. 1.

Forceible. Stool liquid and brownish, frothy, profuse, forceible, several times a day; yellowish, mostly in morning. Ratan. 1.

Forceible. Diarrhœa; stool semi-liquid, forceible, frequent, followed by tenesmus and burning in anus; brown, frequent, followed by tenesmus, pain in back and burning in rectum. Rheum 1.

Forceibly. Diarrhœa; stools thin, brown, yellowish, frothy, forcibly expelled, with colic and prominence of intestines like pads here and there all over the abdomen during the pains. Ratan. Clin.

Forceibly. Diarrhœa daily after breakfast from vaccination; stools pale yellow, watery or oily and greasy, forcibly expelled; gurgling like water from a bunghole. Thuja Clin.



**FORCIBLY.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****FREQUENT.**

**Forcibly.** Cholera infantum; great desire for indigestible things, like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken, flabby, emaciation; stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. Calc. Ph. Clin.

**Forcing down in hypogastrium towards genitals.** Nux V. 7.

**Forcing.** Colic in hypogastrium, as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning, of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. Nux V. 7.

**Forcing.** Bleeding piles, spasmodic constriction of sphincter ani, with great forcing and great sensitiveness. Bell. Clin.

**Forehead.** Pain in hypochondria aggravated by standing so that he stoops; towards morning with distention, pain in forehead, and diarrhœa. Aloe 6.

**Foreign.** Sensation of a foreign substance in rectum, or rough, hard feces, with constant looseness of bowels. Natr. M. 2.

**Forenoon.** Diarrhœa in morning and through forenoon; the natural stool in evening, immediately after eating and drinking; alternating with constipation. Pod. 1.

**Forenoon.** Rumbling in abdomen all the forenoon, with gurgling; then four pasty stools, with emission of flatus. Natr. M. 5.

**Forenoon.** Burning pain in anus after stool; in forenoon, with pressure. Kali B. 3.

**Forenoon.** Sticking in right hypochondrium in forenoon; then griping in hypogastrium, with sticking in region of spleen. Natr. C. 6.

**Forenoon.** Cramp in rectum all the forenoon; a griping and sticking, with anxiety, so that she must walk about. Calc. C. 2.

**Forenoon.** Diarrhœa; stools dark brown, semi-liquid, bilious, offensive; aggravation in morning and forenoon, with tenesmus of bladder and rectum during stool, preceded by constant dragging and bearing-down. Lil. Tig. Clin.

**Forward.** Paroxysmal pain in abdomen, obliging him to bend forward. Coloc. 5.

**Forward.** Pressive drawing forward in left hypochondrium, with anxiety and nausea in chest. Rhus Tox. 6.

**Forward.** Internal feeling in groins as if stuffed; aggravation from stepping forward, when it seemed that the thickness pushed forward and everything would fall out. Cocc. 7.

**Forward.** Pain about umbilicus, causing him to bend forward; aggravation from touch, attempting to raise himself or to lie on back, and cried out that his intestines were burning. Ars. A. 7.

**Forward.** Colitis, with soreness along transverse colon; aggravated by bending forward. Sulf. Clin.

**Forward.** Griping in abdomen; amelioration after discharge of flatus in evening and night; relieved by bending forward. Iris V. 5.

**Fossæ.** Retraction of abdomen, with hardness and pain in umbilicus, radiating to lumbar region and iliac fossæ, with hard knots over its surface. Plumb. 5.

**Foul.** Dropsical diseases, depending on organic affections of the liver; jaundice, with dull headache; constipation; foul tongue. Card. M. Clin.

**Foul.** Green, slimy stools; mucous; chopped, white and yellow mucus; often of a changeable color; often undigested; often like chopped eggs and spinach; foul odor, especially in children during teething or after taking cold. Cham. Clin.

**Foul-smelling.** Diarrhœa; stool fluid, dark brown, foul-smelling, preceded by colic; green, bilious diarrhœa, mixed with mucus. Psor. 1.

**Four.** Rumbling in abdomen all the forenoon, with gurgling; then four pasty stools, with emission of flatus. Natr. M. 5.

**Four.** Constipation; stool hard and difficult, only every two, three or four days. Sulf. 1.

**Four.** Constipation; hard stool every other day, or every three or four days. Cocc. Clin.

**Four a. m.** Sticking in rectum, waking her at 4 a. m.; sticking again next morning after waking. Mag. C. 2.

**Four p. m.** Pain below umbilicus at 4 p. m.; then unusual stool. Amm. Mur. 7.

**Four p. m.** Singular feeling in pelvic region at 4 p. m.; weakness about small of back, pubic bones, and around anus a dragging. Sep. 7.

**Four p. m.** Stitches in hypochondria when walking in open air; also with tension in right hypochondrium, as if hepatic region would burst open, at 4 p. m.; on deep breathing while sitting. Natr. S. 6.

**Frequent.** Anxious urging in rectum; frequent, ineffectual after the usual stool, with griping, and stool when passed was soft. Nux V. 2.

**Frequent.** Constipation in spite of frequent straining; on following days hard, difficult, unsatisfactory stools. Sil. 1.

**Frequent.** Cutting deep in rectum; pain sharp; pain as from blind piles; contraction and soreness. Ign. 2.

**Frequent.** Stools watery, with flatulence and frequent; more frequent after taking food or water. Ferr. 1.

**Frequent.** Diarrhœa; stool semi-fluid and frequent in morning; pappy, yellowish, green, copious, fetid. Sulf. 1.

**Frequent.** Stool frequent, mixed with mucus; frequent. Puls. 1.

**Frequent.** Constipation, on account of hardness and large size of stool; copious, frequent, with shivering. Ver. Alb. 1.

**Frequent.** Diarrhœa in morning, with heat and pain in anus; stool liquid, yellow, green, frequent. Pod. 1.

**Frequent.** Stool of blood and mucus, with pain and tenesmus; frequent day and night, with cutting in abdomen and almost ineffectual tenesmus. Merc. C. 1.

**Frequent.** Constipation; stool hard and crumbly and unsatisfactory; difficult; with pains as if rectum would burst; then bleeding of hæmorrhoidal vessels and pain in rectum, with frequent micturition. Natr. M. 1.

**Frequent.** Diarrhœa; stool thin, olive-green, exhausting, pernicious, offensive, frequent, brown, slimy; next day fetid and dark. Secale 1.

**Frequent.** Stools frequent, watery, with burning in anus; disposition to strain and bear down. Iris V. 1.

**Frequent.** Diarrhœa, as if fermented; frequent, of greenish mucus. Ipec. 1.

**Frequent.** Diarrhœa, frequent, with cutting and pressure; stools green, frothy, mucous. Mag. C. 1.

**Frequent.** Diarrhœa, with profuse sweat; with desire for eating and drinking; stool frequent and painful; watery; involuntary. Ver. Alb. 1.

**Frequent.** Stool of greenish water, with distention of abdomen; frequent, liquid; always preceded by griping; worse on right side. Mag. C. 1.

**Frequent.** Desire in rectum for stool. Hyos. 2.

**Frequent.** Ineffectual urging in rectum, causing pain. Merc. C. 2.

**Frequent.** Offensive flatus, with stool; frequent and loud; easy, with inclination as for soft stool. Aloe 5.

**Frequent.** Urging in rectum, with prolapsus and emission of flatus; stooping and, still more, crouching down caused protrusion. Ruta 2.

**Frequent.** Tenesmus during the day, without ability to expel anything. Anac. 2.

**Frequent.** Sudden, pressing piercing pain in rectum. Caust. 2.

**Frequent.** Successful desire for stool in the lower part of rectum, with expulsion of a small quantity of soft stool. Arg. M. 2.

**Frequent.** Yellow, watery stool, with griping. Apis 1.

**Frequent.** Diarrhœa; stool watery, frequent, with burning in anus; sudden about midnight, with urging; very offensive; ammoniacal. Lach. 1.

**Frequent.** Diarrhœa; soft, frequent, whitish. Iod. 1.

**Frequent.** Diarrhœa; stools frequent in evening; involuntary when sneezing or laughing; half fluid, half lumpy, mixed with gas and noisy flatus; in morning, afternoon and evening; always soon after eating. Sulf. 1.

**Frequent.** Burning in anus, with frequent stools; itching. Lyc. 3.

**Frequent.** Diarrhœa; stool whitish, frequent; also causing burning in anus. Op. 1.

**Frequent.** Diarrhœa, twice in morning, with tenesmus in afternoon; frequent, of thin, greenish mucus. Laur. 1.

**Frequent.** Diarrhœa; stools frequent, scanty, pasty, exhausting, offensive as carrion. Sil. 1.



## FREQUENT.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## FRUITS.

Frequent. Stool yellowish-white, frequent, green. Sulf. Ac. 1.

Frequent. Diarrhœa; stool semi-liquid, forcible, frequent, followed by tenesmus and burning in anus; brown, frequent, followed by tenesmus, pain in back and burning in rectum. Rheum 1.

Frequent. Stool offensive, with offensive flatus; frequent, of only mucus; at times with cutting and urging. Nit. Ac. 1.

Frequent. Dysenteric attacks for several successive years; frequent, bloody stools, with gnawing at navel, then ineffectual straining. Kali B. 1.

Frequent. Diarrhœa frequent; twice in morning, with tenesmus. Nit. Ac. 1.

Frequent. Constipation from lead poisoning; frequent desire, but small evacuations, with great effort. Plat. Clin.

Frequent. Diarrhœa; frequent desire for stool with chilliness and nausea; stools offensive, painless, fluid, scanty, putrid, with biting, burning sensation in anus. Sil. Clin.

Frequent. Constipation in sad, desponding, and hypochondriac persons; frequent urging but insufficient stool, though the feces are not hard; worse from starchy or vegetable food. Natr. C. Clin.

Frequent. Constipation; large, hard, difficult stools; frequent urging without effect; sensation as if much remained after stool; the action of the bowels irregular and spasmodic. Nux V. Clin.

Frequent. Constipation; frequent and unsuccessful desire for stool; insufficient; inactivity of bowels; retarded stool from inactivity of rectum. Kali C. Clin.

Frequent tenesmus for many days without being able to pass anything; great urgent desire for stool; but on sitting down the desire immediately passes off without an evacuation. Anac. Clin.

Frequent. Flatulent colic from acids with frequent loose stools, cutting almost constantly, running from left to right. Ipec. Clin.

Frequent. Diarrhœa from abuse of intoxicating drinks or high living; stools frequent, small, corrosive, offensive, thin, brownish-green, fecal. Nux V. Clin.

Frequent. Chronic dysentery; stools frequent, small, pitch-like, with pale blood; involuntary. Zinc. Clin.

Frequent. Stool bloody with tenesmus and painful; dysenteric, much black, offensive blood; pseudo-membrane; painful and frequent, with fever and headache. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Frequent. Diarrhœa; frequent, profuse, greenish, white, watery stools, with flakes; severe, pinching colic before stool from emotions, as fright. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Frequent, involuntary stools of putrid, cadaverous odor; burning pains deep in abdomen; feces escape with flatus; collapse; pulse weak and intermittent. Carbo V. Clin.

Fresh. Blind piles, with pressure and soreness in anus and rectum; painful when sitting and standing; **less when walking**; worse after taking fresh air. Ign. 3.

Fresh. Chronic diarrhœa in dyspeptics and consumptives, which is caused whenever taking fresh meat, fat foods; acids, sweets. Caust. Clin.

Fright. Diarrhœa; stools green, watery; after a chill or fright. Acon. Clin.

Fright. Painless diarrhœa, with rumbling of wind; worse at night, from fright or other emotions. Ign. Clin.

Fright. Diarrhœa, after fright or sudden joy; offensive, involuntary, watery, frothy, dark stools. Op. Clin.

Fright. Diarrhœa from fright; worse from being in a warm room; preceded by colic and pain in the small of back. Puls. Clin.

Fright. Diarrhœa; frequent; profuse, greenish, white, watery stools, with flakes; severe, pinching colic before stool; from emotion, as fright. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Frog pond. Diarrhœa; stool like scum of a frog pond, green, frothy; white masses, like lumps of tallow, floating on the green; sour-smelling; undigested; containing curds. Mag. C. Clin.

Frogs. Croaking in abdomen as of frogs. Coloc. 5.

Frogs. Loud rumbling in the left side of abdomen, like the croaking of frogs. Arg. M. 5.

Frog's spawn. Stool white, gelatinous, like frog's spawn; frequent, with pressure. Hell. 1.

Frog's spawn. Diarrhœa, stools of jelly-like mucus like frog's spawn, generally with tenesmus; sometimes profuse, watery, alternating with constipation. Hell. Clin.

**Frothy. Stool watery, feces yellow; frequent diarrhœa of yellow-greenish water; forcible, of green, frothy water. Grat. 1.**

**Frothy. Stool of brown, frothy water, with tenesmus, pain in abdomen and nausea, then sudden complete rest. Kali B. 1.**

**Frothy. Diarrhœa frequent, with cutting and pressure; stools green, frothy, mucous. Mag. C. 1.**

Frothy. Stool liquid and brownish; frothy, profuse, forcible, several times a day; yellowish, mostly in morning. Ratan. 1.

Frothy. Diarrhœa after fright or sudden joy; offensive, involuntary, watery, frothy, dark stools. Op. Clin.

Frothy. Stool thin, frothy, saffron-yellow, musty, smelling almost like burnt blotting paper; copious, with discharge of much mucus. Coloc. 1.

Frothy. Diarrhœa; stools painless; at first frothy, thin, brown, later cadaverous-smelling, containing bits of yellow feces. Borax Clin.

Frothy. Mucous diarrhœa, with tenesmus; stools frequent; small; burning in rectum and bladder; bloody; shaggy; greenish; frothy; worse at night. Caps. Clin.

Frothy. Stools profuse, putrid, corrosive, loose, brownish, frothy, black, offensive, undigested, white, cadaverous-smelling; worse at night. China Clin.

Frothy. Diarrhœa, watery, green, frothy, gushing out with force; resulting from drinking excessive quantities of water. Grat. Clin.

Frothy. Dysenteries during the autumn, with violent colic and tenesmus; stools almost black and fermented, like frothy molasses. Ipec. Clin.

Frothy. Watery, gushing diarrhœa in the morning; stools brownish, frothy, jelly-like, lumpy. Kali B. Clin.

Frothy. Diarrhœa; stool like chopped eggs, of yellow mucus; sometimes frothy; extremely fetid; aggravation from eating oysters. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Frothy. Diarrhœa; stool like scum of a frog pond, green, frothy; white masses, like lumps of tallow, floating on the green; sour-smelling; undigested; containing curds. Mag. C. Clin.

Frothy. Diarrhœa; stools thin, brown, yellowish, frothy, forcibly expelled, with colic and prominence of intestines, like pads, here and there, all over the abdomen during the pains. Ratan. Clin.

Frothy. Diarrhœa; watery, slimy, frothy, green, bloody or bilious stools, with greenish scum floating on top of water; violent urging before, tenesmus and urging after. Mere. Clin.

Frothy. Diarrhœa of drunkards on their last legs; great debility and nervous prostration; a sensation of trembling all over the body; stools lemon-colored, chopped, frothy, mucous, stringy, offensive, watery, with burning in rectum during stool. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Frothy. Diarrhœa in the morning, driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery; fecal; green; mucous; bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour; fetid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. Sulf. Clin.

**Fruit. Fermentation in abdomen from fruit. China 5.**

**Fruit. Griping in umbilical region; worse from eating fruit, with cutting and general chill. Coloc. 7.**

Fruit. Diarrhœa from from juicy fruit or cider. Calc. Ph. 1.

Fruits. Diarrhœa coming on suddenly; faint feeling before, during, and after stool; worse from fruits and sweetmeats during summer; every movement of the body renews the discharges. Croc. Tig. Clin.

Fruits. Colic, from cold; from getting feet wet; from fruits, ices, pastry; flatulent colic in evening after supper or at night. Puls. Clin.

Fruits. Colic, forcing patient to bend double; he must walk about for relief; abdomen swollen, sensitive; no flatus up or down; after a cold; from fruits or vegetables; cold feeling in abdomen. Ver. Alb. Clin.



## FRUITS.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## CLANDS.

Fruits. Diarrhœa from suddenly checked perspiration in hot weather; from cold drinks, vegetables, stewed fruits; drinking milk. Bry. Clin.

Fruit. Diarrhœa, as the result of anger or from fruit, with colic. Coloc. Clin.

Fruit. Diarrhœa, particularly after meals; at night; painless; early in the morning; in hot weather; from eating fruit; from drinking sour beer; after severe, acute diseases; after loss of fluids. China Clin.

Fruit. Diarrhœa; stools sour, green, bloody; one stool fetid, the other odorless; one containing fecal matter, the other blood; no two stools alike; caused by eating pork or fat food; from fruit, ice cream, tobacco, cold drinks. Puls. Clin.

Fruit. Diarrhœa, with much wind; stools profuse, dark green, brown, gelatinous; worse after eating; from fruit; from lager beer; from abuse of Opium; with intolerable itching of anus during typhoid fever. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Fruitless. Dysentery; burning in anus during stool and long-lasting, severe tenesmus afterwards; fruitless efforts to stool, which is bloody, watery and offensive. Plumb. Clin.

Full. Dragging-down in rectum during menses, with full sensation in pelvis. Aloe 2.

Full. Noise in abdomen as if a full bottle were emptied, in evening, continuing after a thin stool at 10 p. m. Jatr. 5.

Full. Sensation in abdomen as if full of stones, after long sitting at work, though it does not feel hard. Ant. T. 5.

Full. Sticking in hepatic region; sore pain, full sensation. Sep. 6.

Full. Diarrhœa; stool fluid, yellow in morning with full feeling in abdomen and emission of flatus. Natr. S. 1.

Full feeling in hypochondrium. Card. M. 6.

Full. Colic as if intestinal canal were full of water. Kali C. Clin.

Full. Chronic constipation; feeling in anus as if stuffed full; large, hard, difficult stools only once or twice a week. Apis Clin.

Fullness. Burning, fullness, itching, pressure, and soreness in anus. Æsc. 3.

Fullness. Straining in rectum before, during and after stool; fullness; sensation as if something remained; pressure during soft stool. Sulf. 2.

Fullness, itching, soreness, and dryness of rectum. Æsc. 2.

Fullness. Constipation, with fullness of abdomen. Bapt. 1.

Fullness in upper abdomen; after eating the food remains long. China 5.

Fullness. Distention of hypochondria, worse in sides, pit of stomach, and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. Ign. 6.

Fullness. Soreness, fullness; distress in right hypochondrium. Æsc. 6.

Fullness. Protruding, purple piles, with severe pains in the sacrum and small of back, and fullness in the region of the liver. Æsc. Clin.

Fullness in anus, with pressing out. Aloe 3.

Fullness. Sensation of a plug in anus in afternoon, when sitting; fullness of hæmorrhoidal vessels. Kali B. 3.

Fullness. Hard, insufficient, difficult stool, with fullness, heat and itching at anus; like sheep's-dung; hard and black, as if burnt. Sulf. Clin.

Functional derangement of liver, often preceded by migraine; constant, aching pain in right side of abdomen. Sep. Clin.

Gall-bladder. Aching in liver, extending to spine, worse in region of gall-bladder, with rumbling in abdomen and aching in umbilical region. Lept. 6.

Gall-bladder. Stitches in region of gall-bladder; aggravation from pressure. Berb. 6.

Gall-bladder. Pain in region of gall-bladder; aggravated by walking; in liver, extending from right lateral ligament to gall-bladder. Bapt. 6.

Gall-bladder. Aching, burning in gall-bladder; chilliness along spine, with urging to stool; better after a profuse, black stool. Lept. 6.

Gall-bladder. Pain in region of gall-bladder, extending to spine, with chilliness and diarrhœa. Lept. Clin.

Gall-stone colic. China Clin.

Gall-stone colic, with jaundice and twisting pain. Pod. Clin.

Gall-stone colic, with jaundice. Hydras. Clin.

Gall-stone colic. Bell. Clin.

Gall-stone colic; terrible, darting pain; intolerance of garments about the waist. Calc. C. Clin.

Gall-stones. Colic from the passage of gall-stones; pain shooting into chest and arms, with terrible eructations. Diosc. Clin.

Gall-stones. Cachexia of miners working deep under ground; portal hyperæmia, gall-stones, catarrh of the biliary ducts. Card. M. Clin.

Gall-stones. Pressure and stitches in hepatic region; colic from gall-stones. Berb. Clin.

Gangrene. Inflammation and gangrene of the liver; enlargement; acute pains in hepatic region. Secale Clin.

Garments. Gall-stone colic; terrible darting pains; intolerance of garments about the waist. Calc. C. Clin.

Gas. Distention of abdomen from gas and hardness. Merc. 5.

Gas. Flatulent colic only slightly relieved by evacuating gas; worse at night. Cocc. Clin.

Gas. Diarrhœa, with burning in rectum and anus after a stool; severe rumbling of gas, watery discharges mixed with mucus, preceded by soft and more substantial stools. Iris V. Clin.

Gas. Diarrhœa; stools frequent in evening; involuntary when sneezing or laughing; half fluid, half lumpy, mixed with gas and noisy flatus; in morning, afternoon, and evening; always soon after eating. Sulf. 1.

Gas. Chronic diarrhœa, with gradual loss of strength; fetid stool and flatus smelling like lime which has been used to purify gas of sulphur. Phos. Clin.

Gases. Diffuse subacute gastro-enteritis of a low type; offensive gases passed upwards and downwards; general soreness as if bruised. Arn. Clin.

Gastric. Pain in hepatic region increased on pressure; stitches in right hypochondrium extending to gastric region. Ars. A. Clin.

Gastro-duodenal catarrh. Hydras. Clin.

Gastro-enteritis, with bilious or bloody vomiting. Kali B. Clin.

Gastro-enteritis. Diffuse subacute gastro-enteritis of a low type; offensive gases passed upwards and downwards; general soreness as if bruised. Arn. Clin.

Gelatinous. Stool white, gelatinous, like frog's spawn; frequent, with pressure. Hell. 1.

Gelatinous. Diarrhœa; stool liquid, with mucus, red and yellow, gelatinous, tinged with blood, preceded by lassitude. Rhus Tox. 1.

Gelatinous. Diarrhœa with much wind; stools profuse, dark green, brown, gelatinous; worse after eating; from fruit, from lager beer, from abuse of Opium, with intolerable itching of anus during typhoid fever. Mur. Ac. Clin.

General tympanitis with enlarged spleen. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Genitals. Forcing down in hypogastrium, towards genitals. Nux V. 7.

Genitals. Pressure downward in hypogastrium towards genitals, as during menstruation. Plat. 7.

Genitals. Pressure in hypogastrium as if contents would issue through genitals. Sep. 7.

Genitals. Itching in rectum and in genitals, with sticking. Caust. 2.

Genitals. Tenesmus; a constant pressing and urging towards anus and genitals, alternating with painful contractions of anus. Bell. 2.

Genitals. Pain in hypogastrium, extending to genitals, as if everything in abdomen would fall out and menses would come on. Natr. C. 7.

Gentlemen. Constipation; stools hard, slow, with chill before and after stool; in knots and balls; sluggish bowels, suitable to old gentlemen who have seen much of life. Mezer. Clin.

Gin liver. Cirrhosis of liver with ascites, especially in drunkards; gin liver; chronic hepatitis, with tendency to abscess. Lye. Clin.

Glairy. Constipation, with hard, crumbly stool, or the feces are covered with glairy mucus and are accompanied by a discharge of a quantity of mucus and much flatus. Amm. Mur. Clin.

Gland. Piles with enlarged prostate gland; intense pain in back and through the whole pelvis. Staph. Clin.

Glands. (Inguinal.) Swelling of inguinal glands. Calc. C. 7.



## GLANDS.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## GREEN.

**Glands.** Swelling of inguinal glands, with circumscribed redness; with pain on pressure and from long walking and standing; obliged to lie down. Merc. 7.

**Glands.** Swelling of inguinal glands, with sticking and cutting. Thuja 7.

**Glands.** Suppuration of inguinal glands; buboes. Hep. 7.

**Glands.** Swelling of inguinal glands; painful; and of axillary glands. Natr. C. 7.

**Glands.** Swelling of inguinal glands. Rhus Tox. 7.

**Glands.** Inguinal glands as large as peas; painful to touch. Sil. 7.

**Glands.** Swelling of inguinal glands; suppurative; with pain on walking; the whole limb seems paralyzed and muscles tense. Nit. Ac. 7.

**Glands.** (*Miscellaneous*.) Swollen glands in right groin, with sensitiveness. Graph. 7.

**Glands.** Enlarged mesenteric glands and tumors in the abdomen. Con. Clin.

**Glandular.** Mesenteric disease; glandular enlargement, emaciation, irregular stool, enormous appetite. Iod. Clin.

**Glassy.** Stools contain glassy, tough mucus; covered with mucus. Amm. Mur. 1.

**Glue.** Diarrhœa from bad drainage; from drinking impure water; stools black or thick like glue, passed in thin strips like tape. Carbol. Ac. Clin.

**Gluey.** Stool tough, gluey, fetid, so urgent that some escaped prematurely, yet not diarrhœa after getting up; slimy. Sulf. 1.

**Glutinous,** musty exudation at night; acrid, corrosive moisture from anus. Carbo V. 3.

**Glutinous.** Hæmorrhoids painful, stinging, with protrusion of rectum, smarting and burning; oozing of a glutinous moisture. Natr. M. Clin.

**Glutinous.** Diarrhœa; stool adheres to rectum and anus like soft clay; tenacious; glutinous. Plat. Clin.

**Gnawing** in hepatic region. Ruta 6.

**Gnawing** in rectum when not at stool. Carbo V. 2.

**Gnawing.** Dysenteric attacks for several successive years; frequent bloody stools with gnawing at navel, then ineffectual straining. Kali B. 1.

**Gnawing.** Bleeding piles with itching and gnawing. Ferr. Clin.

**Good.** Hepatic affections in good livers; in alcoholic excesses and after allopathic dosing; liver swollen, hard, and sensitive to pressure of clothing. Nux V. Clin.

**Grains.** Constipation; stool of brown feces containing white, shining grains. Mezer. 1.

**Grains.** Morning diarrhœa, with green, painless but exhausting stools; watery; passing away as from a hydrant, with lumps of white mucus or little grains like tallow. Phos. Clin.

**Granular.** Constipation; stool dry, brittle, granular, which is passed only after prolonged effort. Zinc. Clin.

**Grapes.** Hæmorrhoids protrude like a bunch of grapes; greatly relieved by bathing with cold water. Aloe Clin.

**Grapes.** Hæmorrhoids, with darting pain shooting to liver; look like bunches of grapes, with great pain and distress. Diosc. Clin.

**Grasped.** Anxiety, with pain in abdomen so violent that he grasped bystanders and again pushed them from him; frequently jumped out of bed and sat on the chamber or ran about. Ars. A. 5.

**Grasped.** Clawing griping in abdomen as if grasped by a hand, so that each outstretched finger pressed sharply upon intestines; better from rest, worse from motion. Ipec. 5.

**Grass.** Diarrhœa; stools as green as grass; fermented; putrid; continuous nausea. Ipec. Clin.

**Grass-green.** Stools grass-green, slimy; with vomiting; colic. Ant. T. Clin.

**Gravel.** Colic from passage of gravel from kidneys; pains shoot up into kidneys and down into testicles and legs, with cold, clammy sweat. Diosc. Clin.

**Gray.** Stools pasty, bright yellow; copious, with mucus, and light gray. Chel. 1.

**Gray.** Stool gray, whitish-gray, green, bloody, difficult. Phos. 1.

**Gray.** Diarrhœa; stool thin, whitish-gray, involuntary, pasty, bright yellow, with sensation as if he would emit flatus; not prostrating. Phos. Ac. 1.

**Gray.** Constipation; stool hard and dark brown, in small pieces, with loss of appetite; stool gray and crumbly and unsatisfactory. Op. 1.

**Gray.** Diarrhœa, chronic; gushing, black, greenish, gray, bloody, watery stools. Natr. M. Clin.

**Gray.** Diarrhœa, without pain or urging; stools brown, watery, white, watery, green, mucous, thin, pasty, bright yellow or light gray, like rice water. Chel. Clin.

**Gray.** Enlargement and congestion of the liver; jaundice; yellow color of the face and eyes; gray stools; swelling of feet and legs. Mag. M. Clin.

**Gray.** Diarrhœa, lasting a long time, apparently without any weakening effect; stool white, gray, copious, painless, involuntary, with discharge of undigested substances. Phos. Ac. Clin.

**Gray.** Diarrhœa, during hot summer and after milk; stools watery, gray; worse during day and after eating; with discharge passing with a gush; much fetid flatus is passed with the stool. Natr. C. Clin.

**Grayish-green.** Stool pasty, light brown, after urging; then rumbling and gurgling in left side of abdomen; after an hour a second stool, mucous, urgent, grayish-green and dirty brown; forcible. Crot. Tig. 1.

**Greased.** Constipation; fruitless urging to stool, dryness of rectum; knotty stool, shining as if greased, very small in size; passes easier when standing. Caust. Clin.

**Greasy.** Diarrhœa daily after breakfast, from vaccination; stools pale yellow, watery, or oily and greasy; forcibly expelled; gurgling like water from a bung-hole. Thuja Clin.

**Great flatulent distention** of abdomen and accumulation of flatus. Carbol. Ac. Clin.

**Green.** Stool watery, feces yellow; frequent diarrhœa of yellow greenish water; forcible, of green, frothy water. Grat. 1.

**Green.** Stool yellow and green; diarrhœa mixed with mucus, preceded by cutting around umbilicus. Gamb. 1.

**Green.** Griping in abdomen, with rumbling, then thin green diarrhœa without tenesmus. Mag. C. 5.

**Green.** Diarrhœa in morning with heat and pain in anus; stool liquid, yellow, green, frequent. Pod. 1.

**Green.** Stools sudden, pasty, dirty, green, offensive, forcible. Crot. Tig. 1.

**Green.** Stool of green mucus with retching; vomiting of mucus and intolerance of lacing around hypochondria; bloody. Arg. N. 1.

**Green.** Diarrhœa; stool semi-fluid and frequent in morning; pappy, yellowish, green, copious, fetid. Sulf. 1.

**Green.** Stool gray, whitish-gray, green, bloody, difficult. Phos. 1.

**Green.** Diarrhœa frequent, with cutting and pressure; stools green, frothy, mucous. Mag. C. 1.

**Green.** Diarrhœa; stool, thin, olive-green, exhausting, pernicious, offensive, frequent, brown, slimy, next day fetid and dark. Secale 1.

**Green.** Constipation; stool blackish, scanty, like sheep-dung; painful; only once in eight or ten days, or green in balls; often hard. Plumb. 1.

**Green.** Diarrhœa of green mucus, as green as bile, once or twice at night, with movements in intestines before every stool; at first green, then slimy; not exhausting; without colic. Puls. 1.

**Green.** Diarrhœa; stool fluid, dark brown, foul-smelling, preceded by colic; green, bilious diarrhœa mixed with mucus. Psor. 1.

**Green.** Diarrhœa in evening, at night, with cutting and pressure in rectum; with streaks of blood; stools of green mucus, with burning and protrusion of anus; with cutting and griping. Merc. 1.

**Green.** Diarrhœa nightly, with colic so that she must bend double; hot; smelling like rotten eggs; green, watery, painless, consisting of feces and mucus; white; slimy; with colic. Cham. 1.

**Green.** Copious blackish-brown, green and whitish stool. Apis 1.

**Green.** Watery diarrhœa; stool green; white with red urine. Acon. 1.

**Green.** Stool yellowish-white, frequent, green. Sulf. Ac. 1.

**Green.** Diarrhœa violent, painful, green, with cutting and tenesmus. Cupr. 1.

**Green** stool preceded by crying; frequent and easy. Borax 1.

**Green.** Constipation; stool hard, green, slimy, acrid, excoriating anus; whitish-gray. Merc. 1.



## GREEN.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## GRIPING.

Green. Diarrhœa with discharge of green mucus, preceded by pinching in abdomen. Gamb. 1.

Green, slimy diarrhœa. Amm. Mur. 1.

Green. Diarrhœa of green mucus and blood. Bell. Clin.

Green. Cholera infantum; stools whitish, curdy, turning green on the diaper on exposure to air; sour smelling of whole body, especially during teething. Rheum Clin.

Green. Diarrhœa watery, green, frothy, gushing out with force; resulting from drinking excessive quantities of water. Grat. Clin.

Green. Diarrhœa; stools as green as grass; fermented; putrid; continuous nausea. Ipec. Clin.

Green. Diarrhœa; stools white, sour, undigested; are sometimes mucous, yellow, or green, and of a decayed odor. Hep. Clin.

Green. Diarrhœa; stool horribly offensive; nearly painless; involuntary; dark brown, black, watery, or green mucus. Psor. Clin.

Green. Diarrhœa of green mucus, with suffocative spells about the heart. Laur. Clin.

Green. Diarrhœa; stools green or bloody; the anus remaining constantly open. Phos. Clin.

Green. Dysentery; discharges white, slimy, clear yellow, red, or green slime, blood and mucus. Puls. Clin.

Green. Chronic diarrhœa; green liquid stools, always mucous and bloody; no emission of flatus for six days. Ratan. Clin.

Green. Morning diarrhœa, with green, painless, but exhausting stools; watery; pouring away as from a hydrant; with lumps of white mucus, or little grains like tallow. Phos. Clin.

Green. Dysentery of bloody mucus mixed with the green, watery stool. Mag. C. Clin.

Green. Diarrhœa; stools green, watery, after a chill or fright. Acon. Clin.

Green. Diarrhœa; watery, slimy, frothy, green, bloody or bilious stools, with greenish scum floating on top of water, violent urging before, tenesmus and urging after. Merc. Clin.

Green. Diarrhœa in hot, damp weather in the fall; vomiting and purging of rice-water stools, varying in color; green, yellow, reddish, variegated; slime and feces mixed. Colch. Clin.

Green slimy stools; mucous; chopped white and yellow mucus; often of a changeable color; often undigested; often like chopped eggs and spinach; foul odor; especially in children during teething or after taking cold. Cham. Clin.

Green. Diarrhœa; stool like scum of a frog pond, green, frothy; white masses like lumps of tallow floating on the green; sour-smelling, undigested; containing curds. Mag. C. Clin.

Green. Chronic diarrhœa during menstruation; green, mucous stools; sometimes diarrhœa alternates with constipation. Amm. Mur. Clin.

Green. Diarrhœa; stool sour, green, bloody; one stool fetid, the other odorless; one containing fecal matter, the other blood; no two stools alike; caused by eating pork or fat food; from fruit, ice cream, tobacco, cold drinks. Puls. Clin.

Green. Diarrhœa without pain or urging; stools brown, watery, white watery, green, mucous, thin, pasty, light yellow or light gray; like rice water. Chel. Clin.

Green. Chronic debilitating diarrhœa, with almost constant oozing from anus; stools jelly-like, green or bloody, fetid or sour; expelled quickly; worse after taking boiled milk. Sep. Clin.

Green. Diarrhœa, with colicky pains around navel before and during stool; stools sour, liquid, slimy, fecal, mixed with green slime. Rheum Clin.

Green. Diarrhœa, with cutting pressing pains before and during stool, with drawing pain in rectum after stool, continuing for hours; stools green, slimy, with flakes of false membrane; undigested, putrid, fetid, sour-smelling. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Green. Stools green, sometimes slimy, white, and mushy, hot and watery; very offensive. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Green. Cholera infantum; great desire for indigestible things, like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken, flabby; emaciation; stools green, undigested, offensive; forcibly expelled. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Green. Diarrhœa of green mucus, like chopped spinach; usually with great flatulence. Arg. N. Clin.

Green. Diarrhœa; stools involuntary, green, mucous, or mushy; undigested, with cutting in abdomen before, tenesmus during, and burning after stool; worse after eating and drinking. Laur. Clin.

Green. Diarrhœa in the morning, driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery; brown; fecal; green; mucous; bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour; fetid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. Sulf. Clin.

Green. Dysentery; excoriating discharges; abdomen externally cold to touch; stools bloody, green, mucous, like stirred eggs; worse at night; pains increased after stool. Merc. Clin.

Green. Chronic inflammation of the liver, with constipation; vomiting of green mucus. Plumb. Clin.

Greenish. Pain in abdomen at night; waking from uneasy slumber, then sixteen evacuations of greenish, fetid mucus, with noisy emission of flatus. Arg. N. 5.

Greenish. Stool of greenish water with distention of abdomen; frequent; liquid; always preceded by griping; worse on right side. Mag. C. 1.

Greenish. Diarrhœa as if fermented; frequent; of greenish mucus. Ipec. 1.

Greenish. Stool watery, of blood and water; contained acrid water; greenish. Ars. A. 1.

Greenish. Diarrhœa twice in morning, with tenesmus in afternoon; frequent, of thin greenish mucus. Laur. 1.

Greenish. Painless diarrhœa, especially mornings; greenish, watery, mucous, profuse and full of bright red lumps. Apis Clin.

Greenish. Diarrhœa; frequent, profuse, greenish, white, watery stools with flakes; severe, pinching colic before stool, from emotions, as fright. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Greenish. Interminable diarrhœa in summer, which resists everything, especially in scrofulous children; stools putrid, fetid, watery, yellowish or greenish; discharged rapidly, with great force. Secale Clin.

Greenish. Diarrhœa; chronic, gushing, black, greenish, gray, bloody, watery stools. Natr. M. Clin.

Greenish. Chronic dysentery; slime mixed with greenish substances and containing bloody specks. Con. Clin.

Greenish. Painful diarrhœa; watery, liquid stools of the most disgusting smell; discharges profuse, greenish, blackish-brown, papescent; stool and breath equally offensive. Asaf. Clin.

Greenish. Diarrhœa with discharge of lumbrici and ascarides; involuntary, greenish, slimy, or white. Cina Clin.

Greenish. Camp diarrhœa; chronic, from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane, with aching and burning in hepatic region; worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. Lept. Clin.

Greenish. Mucous diarrhœa, with tenesmus; stools frequent; small; burning in rectum and bladder; bloody; shaggy; greenish; frothy; worse at night. Caps. Clin.

Greenish. Diarrhœa of anæmic and hysterical women, mostly during night; stools greenish, pasty, with tenesmus and cutting in abdomen. Mag. M. Clin.

Greenish. Diarrhœa; watery, slimy, frothy, green, bloody or bilious stools, with greenish scum floating on top of water; violent urging before, tenesmus and urging after. Merc. Clin.

Grinding. Heavy grinding in region of liver; worse in evening. Diosc. 6.

Griping. (*Abdomen.*) Cutting griping pain in abdomen. Agar. 5.

Griping in upper abdomen, taking away the breath. Cocc. 5.

Griping. Rumbling in abdomen, with griping and emission of much flatus; offensive. Diosc. 5.

Griping. Drawing griping in abdomen, with pressure in rectum, nausea, weakness in pit of stomach and pallor of face; throbbing. Ign. 5.

Griping. Distention of abdomen after dinner, with rumbling of flatus; griping. Carbo V. 5.

Griping. Distention of abdomen, relieved by emission of flatus; griping. Phos. Ac. 5.



**GRIPING.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****GROIN.**

Griping. Cutting in abdomen, then leucorrhœa, with griping at various times; sometimes when yawning; **after breakfast, or with cutting after dinner, Zinc. 5.**

Griping. Stitches; griping in abdomen with swelling. *Acon. 5.*

Griping. Distention of abdomen, with griping and emission of flatus. *Asaf. 5.*

Griping. Pain in a spot in abdomen as if seized with nails; a griping, clutching, clawing. *Bell. 5.*

Griping. Intermittent, griping pain in abdomen. *Asaf. 5.*

Griping in abdomen, with constriction, soreness, and dragging downward and outward. *Bry. 5.*

Griping in abdomen before discharge of leucorrhœa. *Con. 5.*

Griping in abdomen, so that he could neither lie nor sit, and could only walk bent over; amelioration from violent motion and rolling about. *Coloc. 5.*

Griping in abdomen with pain on passage of flatus. *China 5.*

Griping. Distention of abdomen after eating; after a moderate supper, with griping; here and there sharp pain, as from flatulent food and much drink. *China 5.*

Griping. Rumbling and griping in abdomen always before emission of flatus. *Graph. 5.*

Griping in abdomen; amelioration after discharge of flatus in evening and night, relieved by bending forward. *Iris V. 5.*

Griping. Clawing, griping in abdomen, as if grasped by a hand, so that each outstretched finger pressed sharply upon intestines; better from rest; worse from motion. *Ipec. 5.*

Griping. Incarcerated flatus with griping in abdomen after eating. *Natr. C. 5.*

Griping. Stitches in abdomen, with griping, tearing, drawing, extending to chest. *Nux V. 5.*

Griping, tearing in upper abdomen and in side of chest after dinner; aggravated by walking and standing; amelioration when the body and mind are at rest. *Zinc. 5.*

Griping in upper abdomen after eating and drinking. *Rhus Tox. 6.*

Griping. Rumbling in abdomen in morning, with gurgling; also in bed, with spasmodic and griping, flatulent colic and heat in palms and soles. *Nux V. 5.*

Griping. Lead colic; cutting in abdomen, as from knives; constricting spasmodic pains; pinching, griping sensation as if the bowels were squeezed between stones; the patient doubles up or seeks relief by pressing the belly against the bed post or any hard object, or by lying on belly. *Coloc. Clin.*

Griping. (*Hypogastrium.*) Stitching, griping, drawing pain in hypogastrium. *Agar. 7.*

Griping in hypogastrium during menses with pain in small of back and general chilliness. *Sulf. 7.*

Griping in left inguinal, extending to testicles. *Diosc. 7.*

Griping. Intermittent griping in hypogastrium so that she could scarcely walk after entering the house, preceded by rumbling in abdomen and emission of flatus. *Sulf. 7.*

Griping. Sticking in right hypochondrium in forenoon, then griping in hypogastrium, with sticking in region of spleen. *Natr. C. 6.*

Griping. Cutting pain in hypogastrium, mornings, with nausea, sweetish, disgusting taste; weakness and sleepiness; cutting, rising to upper abdomen where it amounted to griping. *Nux V. 7.*

Griping. (*Stool.*) Cutting, griping in abdomen, with constipation. *Op. 5.*

Griping. Anxious urging in rectum; frequent, ineffectual, after the usual stool; with griping, and stool when passed was soft. *Nux V. 2.*

Griping in abdomen with rumbling, then thin, green diarrhœa without tenesmus. *Mag. C. 1.*

Griping. Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening, and colic, worse in evening, in bed, with gurgling, griping, and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another. *Puls. 5.*

Griping in abdomen before and during stool; after stool. *Sulf. 5.*

Griping. Diarrhœa in evening, at night; with cutting and pressure in rectum; with streaks of blood; stools of green mucus, with burning and protrusion of anus; with cutting and griping. *Merc. 1.*

Griping. Diarrhœa in morning after rising; stool dark; aggravation in morning and after dinner; scanty and corrosive, with griping. *Nux V. 1.*

Griping. Stool of greenish water, with distention of abdomen; frequent; liquid; always preceded by griping; worse on right side. *Mag. C. 1.*

Griping in abdomen; worse below navel, obliging him to bend over; amelioration after a thin stool, with discharge of flatus upward and downward. *Coloc. 5.*

Griping and jerking in abdomen, with pain which is better after stool. *Rhus Tox. 5.*

Griping in abdomen, with ineffectual urging to stool; pain before and during stool; better after stool; aggravation from eating plums. *Rheum 5.*

Griping in abdomen, then stool, with constriction in rectum. *Phos. 5.*

Griping in abdomen, as in diarrhœa, after stool. *Natr. M. 5.*

Griping. Cutting in abdomen in morning in bed; griping at night, with pain before stool. *Nit. Ac. 5.*

Griping. Distention of abdomen, with rumbling after stool; after breakfast, with griping; then a second thin stool; then retraction of anus and nausea. *Kali B. 5.*

Griping in upper abdomen when she wishes to go to school. *Nux V. 5.*

Griping. Dragging or griping in abdomen after stool. *Carbo V. 5.*

Griping in abdomen, with constant desire for stool, but little is evacuated. *Merc. 5.*

Griping. Diarrhœa every morning on rising, with griping in abdomen and rasping in anus and rectum; burning. *Lil. Tig. 1.*

Griping in abdomen before stool; also during and after stool. *Aloe 5.*

Griping. Desire for stool in rectum in evening, with griping in hypogastrium; then large moist, at last thin, sour stool, after which he was relieved but felt weak. *Dulc. 2.*

Griping. Burning and griping in rectum after stool. *Kali C. 2.*

Griping. Liquid, involuntary stool, then burning in anus and griping in intestines. *Kali B. 1.*

Griping. Cutting before stool, with griping. *Mag. C. 5.*

Griping. Frequent yellow, watery stool, with griping. *Apis 1.*

Griping. (*Umbilicus.*) Griping tensive pain in umbilical region, extending towards stomach, in afternoon and evening; relieved by emission of flatus. *Sulf. 7.*

Griping below umbilicus. *Diosc. 7.*

Griping in umbilical region, worse from eating fruit, with cutting and general chill. *Coloc. 7.*

Griping in umbilical region; then cutting in abdomen across right lumbar region extending to back. *Chel. 7.*

Griping tearing in region of navel and lower down in sides, with pain in small of back as if broken. *Cham. 7.*

Griping in umbilical region, with pinching as after taking cold. *Bry. 7.*

Griping about umbilicus. *Ratan. 7.*

Griping about umbilicus on eating, with pinching. *Nux V. 7.*

Griping in umbilical region, at times above, at times below navel; in afternoon; soon after eating, as from flatus. *Ver. Alb. 7.*

Griping. Sticking griping pain in umbilical region as from an internal induration in a spot beneath navel. *Zinc. 7.*

Griping colic writhing around navel; better from hot milk, worse after eating or nursing. *Crot. Tig. Clin.*

Griping. (*Miscellaneous.*) A cramp in rectum all the forenoon; a griping and sticking, with anxiety, so that she must walk about. *Calc. C. 2.*

Griping. Twisting, griping here and there, in rectum. *Staph. 5.*

Groin. Sticking, now in right, now in left groin, apparently connected with ovaries. *Coloc. 7.*

Groin. Bruised pain in groin over left hip and on left side of pelvis. *Arg. M. 7.*

Groin. Sticking in groin; feeling after sitting down as if a large, heavy body were lying there; better after pressure; by passage of flatus. *Carbo An. 7.*

Groin. Pain in groin as if a hernia would protrude and on pressure pain as if a hernia were going inward. *Coloc. 7.*

Groin. Swollen glands in right groin, with sensitiveness. *Graph. 7.*



## CROIN.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## HÆMORRHOIDS.

Groin. Boring in right groin. Merc. 7.

Groins. Pain to side of umbilicus, corresponding to a place in front of kidneys and rather to side; mostly sticking, often extending to lumbar region or to groins, liver, spleen, or stomach. Berb. 7.

Groins. Internal feeling in groins as if stuffed; aggravation from stepping forward, when it seemed that the thickness pushed forward and everything would fall out. Cocc. 7.

Groins. Painful drawing in groins as before menstruation. Plat. 7.

Groins. Dragging in hypogastrium towards groins during stool; in groins; amelioration from emission of flatus; with sensitiveness to touch. Kali C. 7.

Groins. Pain across umbilicus preventing sleep; pinching when sitting; below umbilicus, recurring every half hour, with pressure on bladder as if it were forced on groins. Sulf. 7.

Grumbling. Colic with spasmodic closure of anus and difficult emission of flatus; with tension and grumbling. Op. 5.

Grumbling. **Abdomen tense and hard**; tense and hot with rumbling, grumbling, and constant diarrhoea. Sil. 5.

Grumbling. Distention of abdomen, with gurgling, rumbling, rolling, in morning in bed, with grumbling and flatulent pain, worse in evening. Zinc. 5.

Grumous. Dysentery; particularly valuable in the collapsed stage; stools involuntary, grumous; with these conditions it has saved many apparently hopeless cases. Secale Clin.

Gun. Urging in rectum on rising, before stool, which shot as from a gun. Phos. 2.

Gurgling. (*Abdomen.*) **Rumbling in abdomen at night, with diarrhoea**; gurgling. Sulf. 5.

Gurgling. **Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening, or colic worse in evening in bed, with gurgling, griping and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another.** Puls. 5.

Gurgling. Stool pasty, light-brown after urging, then rumbling and gurgling in left side of abdomen; after an hour a second stool, mucous, urgent, grayish-green and dirty brown, forcible. Crot. Tig. 1.

Gurgling. Rumbling in abdomen in morning, with gurgling; also in bed, with spasmodic and griping flatulent colic and heat in palms and soles. Nux V. 5.

Gurgling in upper abdomen after eating. Zinc. 5.

Gurgling rumbling in abdomen; worse on the left side. Crot. Tig. 5.

Gurgling. Distention of abdomen, with gurgling, rumbling rolling, in morning in bed, with grumbling and flatulent pain worse in evening. Zinc. 5.

Gurgling. Distention of abdomen at night, relieved by emission of flatus; rumbling all day with gurgling; movements and cutting. Mag. C. 5.

Gurgling. Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen, with movements as if he would have colic. Nux Mos. 5.

Gurgling. Rumbling in abdomen all the forenoon, with gurgling; then four pasty stools, with emission of flatus. Natr. M. 5.

Gurgling. Diarrhoea, with constant rumbling and gurgling in abdomen; stools dark yellow, undigested, very offensive; stools of yellow water, with meal-like sediment; worse night and morning after eating. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Gurgling. Diarrhoea, with urging and inability to retain the stool; gurgling in abdomen as of water; after stool sharp pains around navel; weak feeling in abdomen and rectum; faintness. Lept. Clin.

Gurgling. (*Miscellaneous.*) Emission of flatus, with rumbling and gurgling. Sil. 3.

Gurgling in hypogastrium at night, with sudden urging to stool. Aloe 7.

Gurgling. Diarrhoea daily after breakfast from vaccination; stools pale-yellow, watery, oily and greasy; forcibly expelled; gurgling like water from a bung-hole. Thuja Clin.

Gush. Diarrhoea during hot summer and after milk; stools watery, gray; worse during day and after eating; with discharge passing with a gush; much fetid flatus is passed with the stool. Natr. C. Clin.

Gushing. Chronic diarrhoea, gushing, watery; worse at night, with coldness of body and great prostration. Ferr. Clin.

Gushing. Diarrhoea watery, green, frothy, gushing out with force; resulting from drinking excessive quantities of water. Grat. Clin.

Gushing. Watery, profuse, diarrhoea, gushing out like a torrent; abdomen swollen and tender to the touch; sometimes associated with coldness of the body and unquenchable thirst. Jatr. Clin.

Gushing. Watery, gushing diarrhoea in the morning; stools brownish, frothy, jelly-like, lumpy. Kali B. Clin.

Gushing. Diarrhoea chronic; gushing, black, greenish, gray, bloody, watery stools. Natr. M. Clin.

Gushing. Cholera infantum; stool from the least movement of the body; thin and painless, gushing, profuse, watery, flaky, inodorous; faintness at stool or immediately after. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Gushing. Diarrhoea always in daytime, never at night, but has stools early in the morning; hunger immediately after stool, from weak, empty feeling in bowels; stools profuse, gushing, mucous, yellowish brown, with colic. Petr. Clin.

Habits. Constipation in persons of sedentary habits from atony of lower intestines; stools hard, dry, crumble when passing, with great straining, and causing prolapse of rectum. Pod. Clin.

Habitual constipation; stools scanty, knotty, followed by burning and painful retraction of rectum and anus. Kali B. Clin.

Habitual constipation, especially in hæmorrhoidal and hypochondriac people. Sulf. Clin.

Habitual costiveness, especially of old people; sensation as if the bowels would not move without the aid of laxatives; continual inclination but often passes only fetid flatus. Phytol. Clin.

Hæmorrhage. (*Bowels.*) Paralysis of rectum; anus wide open; hæmorrhage from bowels. Secale 2.

Hæmorrhage from bowels in typhoid, dark, venous. Arn. Clin.

Hæmorrhage. Chronic hæmorrhage from the bowels. Crotal. H. Clin.

Hæmorrhage from the bowels in typhoid fever, consisting of decomposed blood. Lach. Clin.

Hæmorrhage. (*Miscellaneous.*) Swollen hæmorrhoids protrude and cause • pain during a stool which is not hard; hæmorrhage. Calc. C. 3.

Hæmorrhage from anus of pure blood during stool. Phos. 3.

Hæmorrhage. Jaundice with hæmorrhage from the nose; tenderness of the liver. Crotal. H. Clin.

Hæmorrhage. Hæmorrhoids from engorgement of the liver; hæmorrhage from rectum. Hep. Clin.

Hæmorrhoidal. **Hæmorrhoids moist, even after a natural stool; increased congestion of hæmorrhoidal vessel, with sticking, with burning pain on walking and on touch.** Sulf. 3.

Hæmorrhoidal. Constipation; stool **hard and crumbly** and unsatisfactory, difficult; with pain as if rectum would burst; then bleeding of hæmorrhoidal vessels, and pain in rectum, with frequent micturition. Natr. M. 1.

Hæmorrhoidal pressure in anus, with burning when seated; on touch. Thuja 3.

Hæmorrhoidal. Swelling of hæmorrhoidal veins, with discharge of bloody slime by day and night. Thuja 3.

Hæmorrhoidal. Sensation of a plug in anus in afternoon when sitting; fullness of hæmorrhoidal vessels. Kali B. 3.

Hæmorrhoidal. Bleeding hæmorrhoids; burning and heat in hæmorrhoidal vessels. Acon. 3.

Hæmorrhoidal. Engorgement of the hæmorrhoidal veins is one of the most constant effects of Aloes. Aloe Clin.

Hæmorrhoidal. Habitual constipation, especially in hæmorrhoidal and hypochondriac people. Sulf. Clin.

Hæmorrhoidal colic. Thuja Clin.

**Hæmorrhoids. (*Painful.*) Hæmorrhoids, with burning.** Agar. 3.

**Hæmorrhoids. Blind hæmorrhoids, with burning and sticking in rectum.** Nux V. 3.

Hæmorrhoids. Bleeding hæmorrhoids; burning and heat in hæmorrhoidal vessels. Acon. 3.

Hæmorrhoids. Burning hæmorrhoids. Graph. 3.

Hæmorrhoids, with itching at times. Caps. 3.



## HÆMORRHOIDS.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## HAND.

Hæmorrhoids. Blind hæmorrhoids; bleeding, with itching pain in anus. Cham. 3.

Hæmorrhoids. Itching in anus, with sore pain as from hæmorrhoids on margin, becoming a smarting and sore pain as from blind piles. Nux V. 3.

Hæmorrhoids; itching, with burning and sticking. Sulf. Ac. 3.

Hæmorrhoids, protruding, large, bluish, suppurating and offensive, with burning pains in anus. Carbo V. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids with darting pain shooting to liver; look like bunches of grapes, with great pain and distress. Diosc. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids, painful, stinging, with protrusion of rectum, smarting and burning; oozing of glutinous moisture. Natr. M. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids, with sensation as if a red-hot poker were being thrust up the rectum; relieved by sitting in cold water. Kali C. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids, with excessive burning, as from pepper; throbbingsoreness, with drawing pain in back. Caps. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids. Old, pendulous hæmorrhoids that cease to bleed, but become painful to the touch, especially in warm weather. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids, aggravated by cold water; amelioration from warmth; with prolapsus of rectum, accompanied by sticking and biting. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids. (*Stool.*) Protruding hæmorrhoids during stool; when walking; painful. Sep. 3.

Hæmorrhoids, with swelling; protruding, painless, discharging blood with every stool; with prickling in rectum; burning; painful. Nit. Ac. 3.

Hæmorrhoids sensitive, though protruding but little: protruding during stool; return with difficulty and with bloody mucus from rectum. Sil. 3.

Hæmorrhoids. Constipation, as from constriction of intestines; as from inactivity of rectum; stool hard, then sticking as from hæmorrhoids. Nux V. 1.

Hæmorrhoids swollen, protruding, burning, sticking; protruding during soft stool; painful on touch; painful when sitting. Lyc. 3.

Hæmorrhoids moist, even after a natural stool; increased congestion of hæmorrhoidal vessels, with sticking, with burning pain on walking and on touch. Sulf. 3.

Hæmorrhoids swollen, bleeding during natural stool. Kali C. 3.

Hæmorrhoids blind, painful, with slow hot prickings; hæmorrhoidal tenesmus, causing burning pain. Ars. A. 3.

Hæmorrhoids; pain during normal stool. Mag. M. 3.

Hæmorrhoids. Expulsion of pieces of mucus, with tenesmus and cutting in anus as from blind hæmorrhoids. Ars. A. 1.

Hæmorrhoids, like red cherries, protrude after stool, with pain in anus. Diosc. 3.

Hæmorrhoids. Protruding, painful, sore hæmorrhoids, with ineffectual urging. Merc. 3.

Hæmorrhoids. Swollen hæmorrhoids protrude and cause pain during a stool which is not hard; hæmorrhage. Calc. C. 3.

Hæmorrhoids swollen and protrude with a hard stool; protrude during diarrhœa, with stitching and burning for many hours. Kali C. 3.

Hæmorrhoids. Contractive sore pain in rectum from blind hæmorrhoids, one or two hours after stool; stools large or soft, but passed with difficulty. Ign. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids. Fissure of the anus, with periodical profuse bleeding from the anus; pain in small of back as if bruised; sore blind hæmorrhoids protruding after stool. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids, with oozing of yellow mucus; constipated during hot weather. Ant. C. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids. Constipation, with torpor of the liver and hæmorrhoids; stool very small; resembles sheep's-dung; passed only by very great straining. Bapt. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids. Constipation following parturition, with hæmorrhoids and headache. Hydras. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids from engorgement of the liver; hæmorrhage from rectum, with soft stool. Hep. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids with constipation. Mag. M. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids with itching and burning, particularly after stool. Berb. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids with bleeding during and after stool. Ign. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids. Bleeding of hæmorrhoids; blood bright red, not clotted; bleed after every stool. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids intensely painful; boring, cramping from anus to rectum and testicles; protrude during stool, become incarcerated and suppurate. Sil. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids blind or flowing dark blood; lancinating pain from the anus upward, especially after stool; painless piles. Sulf. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids accompanied with obstinate constipation; swollen, itching, stinging, burning and painful when touched. Caust. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids. (*Swollen.*) Hæmorrhoids swollen and sore. Aloe 3.

Hæmorrhoids with sore pain, unendurable on walking or reflecting, swollen with itching, sticking and much moisture; hard, stinging-burning, painful when touched. Caust. 3.

Hæmorrhoids. Blind hæmorrhoids, with itching in morning, preceded by pain in small of back in evening till 9 p. m., with sore pain in anus; worse from motion; painful; protruding. Puls. 3.

Hæmorrhoids. Swollen hæmorrhoids, with burning sore pain; blue hæmorrhoids, with pain on pressure. Mur. Ac. 3.

Hæmorrhoids. Inflammation of hæmorrhoids; stitches; sore pain during cough; pain when walking. Kali C. 3.

Hæmorrhoids swell very much, with burning pain on walking. Carbo An. 2.

Hæmorrhoids bluish, swollen, inflamed, protruding, bleeding from least touch, with stitching burning pains from cold, from ice-cream and ice water in hot weather. Ars. A. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids. (*Miscellaneous.*) Hæmorrhoids bleeding when walking. Sep. 3.

Hæmorrhoids of drunkards. Ars. A. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids complicating fistula ani, especially in persons suffering from lung troubles. Kali C. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids large, bleeding which suppurate. Merc. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids. Liver troubles associated with engorged portal circulation, especially in large hæmorrhoids. Æsc. Clin.

Hæmorrhoids protrude like a bunch of grapes; greatly relieved by bathing with cold water. Aloe Clin.

Hæmorrhoids from a suppressed cutaneous eruption. Aloe Clin.

Half. Intermittent tearing in left half of pubic eminence. Arn. 7.

Half. Pain across umbilicus, preventing sleep; pinching when sitting, below umbilicus, recurring every half hour, with pressure on bladder as if it were forced on groins. Sulf. 7.

Half digested. Stool hard, with urging and sticking in anus; lumpy, with threads of mucus; dark, half digested, of intolerable odor. Graph. 1.

Half-fluid. Brownish, small, slimy, half-fluid stool. Aloe 1.

Half fluid. Diarrhœa; stools frequent in evening; involuntary when sneezing or laughing; half fluid, half lumpy, mixed with gas and noisy flatus; in morning, afternoon and evening; always soon after eating. Sulf. 1.

Half hour. Dysentery; stools bloody, mucous, every half hour, with constant urging and much backache. Lil. Tig. Clin.

Half lumpy. Diarrhœa; stools frequent in evening; involuntary when sneezing or laughing; half fluid, half lumpy, mixed with gas and noisy flatus; in morning, afternoon and evening; always soon after eating. Sulf. 1.

Ham. Cholera infantum; great desire for indigestible things like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken, flabby; emaciation; stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Hammers. Beating, throbbing in anus, as with hammers. Lach. 3.

Hammers. Fistula in the anus, with sensation of beating as of little hammers. Lach. Clin.

Hand. Weakness of the sphincter; piles come down from any exertion, as walking or standing; she supports the anus by pressure with her hand to prevent protrusion of the parts. Sep. Clin.



**HAND.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****HARD.**

Hand. Incipient hernia forced downward, with a bruised pain, and cannot be reduced with the hand. Sulf. 7.

Hand. Clawing griping in abdomen, as if grasped by a hand, so that each outstretched finger pressed sharply upon intestines; better from rest, worse from motion. Ipec. 5.

Hands. Cutting in abdomen during menses, obliging him to sit bent over, pressing with both hands, or to lean far back, as before diarrhoea. Kali C. 5.

Hands. Acute dysentery, with unquenchable thirst; even the lips, mouth and throat feel raw and burning; tendency to collapse; cold hands and feet. Canth. Clin.

Hang. Drawing tensive pains in upper abdomen, extending through spermatic cord, into testicles which hang low down. Puls. 5.

Hard. (*Abdomen.*) Abdomen tense and hard; tense and hot, with rumbling, grumbling, and constant diarrhoea. Sil. 5.

Hard. Sensation in abdomen as if full of stones, after long sitting at work, though it does not feel hard. Ant. T. 5.

Hard. Abdomen hard, with pain in umbilical region on touch. Kali C. 7.

Hard. Abdomen tympanitic; hard and sensitive to touch, with rumbling. Op. 5.

Hard. Retraction of abdomen, with hardness and pain in umbilicus, radiating to lumbar region and iliac fossæ, with hard knots over its surface. Plumb. 5.

Hard. Distention of abdomen, beginning at stomach; abdomen hard, as if filled with air, without pain; she cannot bear pressure on stomach; worse in hypogastrium. Ratan. 5.

Hard. Abdomen swollen hard; sore above navel, where there is a great deal of colic; sometimes relieved by pressure. Cina Clin.

Hard. Colic; intense paroxysms of a shooting character; abdomen hard as a stone, and drawn into the spine as if by a string; knots in recti muscles. Plumb. Clin.

Hard. (*Stool.*) Stool very hard. Agar. 1.

Hard. Contraction of rectum so that it protrudes during hard stool. Lyc. 2.

Hard. Stool hard, with urging and sticking in anus; lumpy, with threads of mucus, dark, half digested, of intolerable odor. Graph. 1.

Hard. Stool hard like sheep-dung, and difficult; nodular, with pain in rectum; crumbly, as if burnt. Mag. M. 1.

Hard. Constipation; stool hard, with burning in anus; lumpy, scanty, offensive, difficult, light colored. Sil. 1.

Hard. Constipation in spite of frequent straining, or following days hard, difficult, unsatisfactory stools. Sil. 1.

Hard. Contracted sensation in rectum during stool; stool difficult, hard, causing tearing in anus, so that it bleeds and pains as if sore. Natr. M. 2.

Hard. Evacuation of a small quantity of hard feces, with pressure and a sense of excoriation in the rectum. Alum. 1.

Hard. Pressure and sense of excoriation in rectum after a small, hard stool. Alum. 2.

Hard. Stool hard, in shape of laurel berries; difficult with cutting in anus, as if too narrow; then a stream of blood, followed by soreness in anus along rectum. Alum. 1.

Hard. Constipation, painless; stools hard masses, scantily enveloped in mucus, with pricking cutting in anus. Nit. Ac. 1.

Hard, crumbling, scanty stool; covered with mucus. Amm. Mur. 1.

Hard. Constipation; stool hard and dark brown in small pieces, with loss of appetite; stool gray and crumbly and unsatisfactory. Op. 1.

Hard. Constipation; stool blackish, scanty like sheep's-dung, painful; only once in eight or ten days, or green in balls, often hard. Plumb. 1.

Hard. Stool pasty, with burning in anus; offensive in afternoon, then burning in anus, with much flatus; then hard portions, then again soft, so that he believed he would scarcely finish the evacuation. Bry. 1.

Hard. Constipation, as from constriction of intestines; as from inactivity of rectum; stool hard, then sticking, as from hæmorrhoids. Nux V. 1.

Hard. Stool profuse, black, fetid, running out in a stream; at first black and lumpy, then mushy. Lept. 1.

Hard. Constipation; stool small, hard, often crumbling, with pressure and clawing in anus; unsatisfactory. Zinc. 1.

Hard. Constipation; stool hard and crumbly and unsatisfactory, difficult; with pain as if rectum would burst; then bleeding of hæmorrhoidal vessels, and pain in rectum, with frequent micturition. Natr. M. 1.

Hard. Constipation; stool hard only occurring once in two or three days; hard, as if he were passing stones. Coloc. 1.

Hard. Stool hard and difficult, brown and knotty. Card. M. 1.

Hard. Weakness in abdomen after two hard stools, with loss of appetite. Sep. 2.

Hard. Constipation; stool hard and difficult. Ant. Cr. 1.

Hard. Throbbing pain in rectum all day; after stool; also burning pain during the hard stool and in anus. Sulf. 2.

Hard. Constipation; stool hard and difficult; only every two, three or four days. Sulf. 1.

Hard. Large and hard stool, voided with great difficulty, followed by severe pains in anus, with feeling as if a portion of the anus was protruded; with severe backache in lumbar region. Esc. 1.

Hard. Urging to stool, which is thin; frequent but ineffectual, or with a scanty, hard stool. Bell. 1.

Hard. Watery diarrhoea mixed with hard parts, involuntary in sleep. Con. 1.

Hard. Hæmorrhoids swollen and protrude with a hard stool; protrude during diarrhoea, with stitching and burning for many hours. Kali C. 3.

Hard. Urging in rectum; stool not hard, but difficult on account of inactivity of rectum. Graph. 2.

Hard. Constipation hard, insufficient stool, with urging and protrusion of rectum. Gamb. 1.

Hard. Constipation; stool hard, then burning and pressure in anus; scanty. Kali B. 1.

Hard stool. Lyc. 1.

Hard. Constipation; stool hard, green, slimy, acrid, excoriating anus, whitish-gray. Merc. 1.

Hard stool and covered with streaks of blood; knotty, enveloped in thick mucus, then a soft one enveloped in mucus. Mag. M. 1.

Hard. Smarting in anus after hard stool; burning after usual stool. Mag. M. 3.

Hard. Sticking in rectum, with smarting during a stool that was not hard. Phos. 2.

Hard. Constipation; stools like sheep-dung, after great straining, and burning with balls of mucus, like peas; difficult stools not hard. Natr. C. 1.

Hard. Sensation of a foreign substance in rectum, or rough hard feces, with constant looseness of bowels. Natr. M. 2.

Hard. Constriction of anus, with itching burning all day; worse after urinating, with hard stool. Nit. Ac. 3.

Hard. Stool intermitting, frequent; at first hard, then pasty, then liquid, white, offensive, like bad eggs. Calc. C. 1.

Hard. Swollen hæmorrhoids protrude and cause pain during a stool, which is not hard; hæmorrhage. Calc. C. 3.

Hard. Constipation; stool hard and difficult, mixed with mucus, and knotty, whitish, scanty, brownish, difficult, but not hard. Sep. 1.

Hard. Inactivity of rectum; stools hard. Natr. M. Clin.

Hard. Constipation; hard stool every other day or every three or four days. Cocc. Clin.

Hard. Stools hard, dark-brown or black; dry as if burnt. Bry. Clin.

Hard. Constipation; no urging; inactivity of rectum; stool insufficient, hard; much straining, with headache. Arn. Clin.

Hard. Constipation with ineffectual urging; amelioration after drinking milk; stools hard, knotty, dark-colored; constipation alternating with diarrhoea. Iod. Clin.

Hard. Constipation; stool hard, slow, with chill before and after stool; in knots and balls; sluggish bowels; suitable to old gentlemen who have seen much of life. Mezer. Clin.

Hard. Chronic constipation; feeling in anus as if stuffed full; large, hard, difficult stools only once or twice a week. Apis Clin.

Hard. Involuntary, unnoticed, hard stool. Aloe Clin.



**HARD.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****HEADACHE.**

Hard. Constipation, with hard, crumbly stool, or the feces are covered with glairy mucus and are accompanied by a discharge of a quantity of mucus and much flatus. *Amm. Mur. Clin.*

Hard. Children's stools white, dry, with hard lumps of curd. *Ant. Cr. Clin.*

Hard. Stools looking like lumps of chalk in children during dentition; hard, undigested; bleeding from anus after stool. *Calc. C. Clin.*

Hard. Constipation from constriction of anus; hard stool like sheep's-dung, passed only after hard straining. *Berb. Clin.*

Hard stool with depression of mind, causing headache and vertigo in old people. *Calc. Ph. Clin.*

Hard. Constipation; torpor of bowels; feces hard, scanty, passed with difficulty, from constriction of sphincter ani, and feeling as if much remained behind. *Lyc. Clin.*

Hard. Inveterate constipation with disappointing calls, the trouble being in the rectum; feces slender, long, narrow, dry, tough, and hard, like a dog's, and voided with difficulty. *Phos. Clin.*

Hard. Constipation of long standing; no urging; stools composed of a few hard, round, dark balls; rectum inactive. *Op. Clin.*

Hard. Constipation; large, hard, difficult stools; frequent urging without effect; sensation as if much remained after stool; the action of the bowels irregular and spasmodic. *Nux V. Clin.*

Hard. Constipation in sad, desponding, and hypochondriac persons; frequent urging, but insufficient stool, though the feces are not hard; worse from starchy or vegetable food. *Natr. C. Clin.*

Hard. Constipation in persons of sedentary habits from atony of lower intestines; stools hard, dry, crumble when passing, with great straining and causing prolapse of rectum. *Pod. Clin.*

Hard, insufficient difficult stool, with fullness, heat and itching at anus; like sheep's-dung; hard and black as if burnt. *Sulf. Clin.*

Hard. Obstinate constipation, inactivity or intussusception; stools hard, thick and knotty balls, with pain in anus when passing, as if it would fly to pieces. *Thuja Clin.*

Hard. Infantile constipation after an attack of diarrhoea; stools hard, crumbly, clayey. *Pod. Clin.*

Hard. Constipation; stool very hard, passed with much difficulty, and streaked with blood. *Carbo An. Clin.*

Hard. Stools at first hard; then mushy; finally fluid, smelling like rotten eggs; involuntary, fermented, sour-smelling; diarrhoea, alternating with constipation. *Calc. C. Clin.*

Hard. Constipation; stool retarded on account of lack of peristaltic action; hard, scanty stool, with cutting and burning in anus. *Staph. Clin.*

Hard. Chronic constipation; inertia of rectum; stools very large and very hard. *Ver. Alb. Clin.*

Hard. Constipation; stools consisting of small hard, black balls. *Plumb. Clin.*

Hard. Constipation; stool large, hard lumps which remain long in rectum, and when feces are nearly expelled they suddenly recede into the rectum; even a soft stool is expelled with much difficulty. *Sil. Clin.*

Hard. Chronic constipation from irregular menstruation; inactivity of intestines, whether stool is hard or soft; alternation of constipation and diarrhoea. *Puls. Clin.*

Hard. Constipation is the rule in cases requiring *Alumina*; the rectum is inactive; the stools are hard; often associated with soreness of the rectum and anus, which bleed readily. *Alum. Clin.*

Hard. Chronic diarrhoea; first part hard and black, then evacuation, yellow, thin, or brown; mushy or white accompanied by severe lumbar and sacral pains. *Æsc. Clin.*

Hard. Constipation; stool hard, knotty, streaked with blood, preceded and accompanied by smarting at the anus. *Natr. S. Clin.*

Hard. (*Miscellaneous.*) Pain in pelvis, beginning in sacrum and passing forward and down to right knee; at 7:30 a. m.; relieved by pressing against something hard; the pelvic pain relieved by crossing the limbs. *Sep. 7.*

Hard. Hemorrhoids with sore pain; unendurable on walking or reflecting; swollen, with itching, sticking, and much moisture; hard, stinging, burning, painful when touched. *Caust. 3.*

Hard pressure in right side beneath umbilicus. *Staph. 7.*

Hard swellings of the liver. *Con. 7.*

Hard. Pain in right hypochondrium with sensitiveness; the latter aggravated by hard pressure and deep inspiration. *Bry. 6.*

Hard. Left hypochondrium hard and acutely painful to pressure. *Iod. 6.*

Hard. Sensation in hypogastrium as if a hard body pressed backward and downward against rectum and anus; the desire for stool aggravated when standing. *Lil. Tig. 7.*

Hard. Pressure in hypogastrium as if bladder would fall out over os pubis; partially relieved by hard pressure; the pelvic distress always felt at night on waking. *Sep. 7.*

Hard. Enlargement of liver; feeling as of a hard tumor in region of umbilicus, with cramp-like pain in hepatic region. *Zinc. Clin.*

Hard. Lead colic; cutting in abdomen as from knives; constricting, spasmodic pains; pinching, griping sensation as if the bowels were squeezed between stones; the patient doubles up or seeks relief by pressing the belly against the bed post or any hard object, or by lying on belly. *Coloc. Clin.*

Hard. Hepatic affections in good livers; in alcoholic excesses and after allopathic dosing; liver swollen, hard, and sensitive to pressure of clothing. *Nux V. Clin.*

Hardness. (*Abdomen.*) Distention of abdomen with hardness. *Calc. C. 5.*

Hardness. Distention of abdomen from gas, and hardness. *Merc. 5.*

Hardness. Distention of abdomen with tension and hardness. *Chel. 5.*

Hardness. Perityphlitis with high fever, great tenderness over the appendix and hardness. *Crotal. H. Clin.*

Hardness. (*Liver.*) Inflammation of the liver, with pain, swelling, hardness, constant fever, dry tongue, restlessness, small rapid pulse, and on rising from bed, faintness. *Iod. 6.*

Hardness. Abscess of liver, throbbing ulcerative pain in hepatic region; worse from touch on walking; hardness; distention of liver. *Sil. Clin.*

Hardness. Swelling and hardness of the liver; stitches. *Sulf. Clin.*

Hardness. (*Miscellaneous.*) Constipation on account of hardness and large size of stool; copious, frequent with shivering. *Ver. Alb. 1.*

Hardness. Constipation, with sensitiveness above Ponpart's ligament and hardness low down in left iliac region; afterwards almost dysentery of watery stools, mixed with whitish-yellow and cheesy masses and tenesmus. *Phos. 1.*

Hardness. Retraction of abdomen, with hardness and pain in umbilicus radiating to lumbar region and iliac fossæ, with hard knots over the surface. *Plumb. 5.*

Hardness. Constipation produced by cheese, better from smoking; frequent urging to stool without any evacuation, which appears an hour later in single pieces of stony hardness. *Coloc. Clin.*

Head. Obstinate constipation; stool dry and difficult, with confusion of head. *Bry. 1.*

Head. Stool unsatisfactory after much straining, which caused rush of blood to head and confusion of head. *Bry. 1.*

Head. Burning in rectum with the evacuation of stool and urine; stools dry and large; then copious, pasty stools, with the relief of all symptoms except the confusion of head. *Bry. 2.*

Head. Distention of abdomen on eating, with heaviness of head, with rush of blood to head, vertigo and confusion; intolerance of anything tight about hypochondria. *Graph. 5.*

Head. Constipation, with vertigo; heat in head, and tinnitus aurium; large accumulation of feces, especially after continued purging, with difficulty to pass then even when soft, from inactivity of rectum. *China Clin.*

Headache. Stool bloody, with tenesmus and painful; dysenteric, much black offensive blood; pseudo-membrane; painful and frequent, with fever and headache. *Nit. Ac. Clin.*



## HEADACHE.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## HEPATIC.

Headache. Constipation; no urging; inactivity of rectum; stool insufficient; hard, much straining, with headache. Arn. Clin.

Headache. Dropsical diseases, depending on organic affections of liver; jaundice, with dull headache; constipation; foul tongue. Card. M. Clin.

Headache. Constipation, especially with recurring sick headache. Iris V. Clin.

Headache. Derangements of the liver, with yellow eyes and skin; nausea and headache. Iris V. Clin.

Headache. Hard stool, with depression of mind, causing headache and vertigo in old people. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Headache. Constipation following parturition, with hæmorrhoids and headache. Hydras. Clin.

Heart. Diarrhœa of green mucus, with suffocative spells about the heart. Laur. Clin.

Heartburn. Hepatic diseases with indigestion, eructations, salivation, heartburn, vomiting of food. Berb. Clin.

Heat. Dryness in rectum with heat; feels as if it were filled with small sticks. Esc. 2.

Heat. Sensation of heat and burning in the rectum. Aloe 2.

Heat. Diarrhœa in morning with heat and pain in anus; stool liquid, yellow, green, frequent. Pod. 1.

Heat. Uneasiness in region of liver, with heat, pressure, and tension. Aloe 6.

Heat. Bleeding hæmorrhoids; burning and heat in hæmorrhoidal vessels. Acon. 3.

Heat in upper and lower abdomen. Camph. 5.

Heat in lower part of rectum during stool. Con. 2.

Heat. Pain in abdomen, with coldness, then heat and warm sweat; heat with inclination to stool; pain in transverse colon at 3 a. m., then diarrhœa. Pod. 5.

Heat. Paroxysmal clawing in umbilical region from sides of abdomen towards middle and sometimes to pit of stomach, causing nausea with anxious heat of cheeks. Hep. 7.

Heat. Rumbling in abdomen in morning, with gurgling; also in bed with spasmodic and griping flatulent colic and heat in palms and soles. Nux V. 5.

Heat. Bleeding piles with heat and sharp stitches; blood bright. Acon. Clin.

Heat. Diarrhœa from checked perspiration during heat of summer, with cold nights. Acon. Clin.

Heat. Hard, insufficient, difficult stool, with fullness, heat and itching at anus; like sheep's-dung; hard and black as if burnt. Sulf. Clin.

Heat. Constipation with vertigo, heat in head, and tinnitus aurium; large accumulation of feces, especially after continued purging, with difficulty to pass them even when soft, from inactivity of rectum. China Clin.

Heated. Colic caused by suppressed perspiration, as from drinking ice water when heated. Coloc. Clin.

Heavily. Heaviness in abdomen; sensation as if it hung down heavily, obliging her to walk bent. Carbo V. 5.

Heaviness in rectum. Aloe 2.

Heaviness in abdomen like a stone, just before menses; during menses; and in sacrum, with inclination of lower limbs to fall asleep when sitting. Puls. 5.

Heaviness in the hypogastrium. Aloe 7.

Heaviness. Distention of abdomen in morning in bed, relieved by emission of flatus smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; also at night; after eating, with heaviness. Sulf. 5.

Heaviness. Soreness in abdomen as if menses would appear, with drawing, tension, heaviness during motion; emptiness after stool. Sep. 5.

Heaviness. Cutting, with heaviness across lower abdomen; ineffectual retchings; then ineffectual tendency to diarrhœa; difficult vomiting, trembling in abdomen and bending together; then two diarrhœic stools, the last like water. Ant. T. 5.

Heaviness. Distention of abdomen after supper, with heaviness, anxiety and emission of flatus. Arg. N. 5.

Heaviness in abdomen; sensation as if it hung down heavily, obliging her to walk bent. Carbo V. 5.

Heaviness in lower part of rectum. Calc. C. 2.

Heaviness. Distention of abdomen on eating, with heaviness of head; with rush of blood to head, vertigo and confusion; intolerance of anything tight about hypochondria. Graph. 5.

Heaviness. Pain in liver when walking, changing to heaviness; cutting, drawing, burning pain in liver. Kali C. 6.

Heaviness. Feeling of tension in hypogastrium when sitting and walking, with heaviness. Kali C. 7.

Heaviness. Enlargement of the liver, with heaviness in the hepatic region. Sep. Clin.

Heavy grinding in region of liver; worse in evening. Diosc. 6.

Heavy. Sticking in groin; feeling after sitting down as if a large heavy body were lying there; better after pressure; by passage of flatus. Carbo An. 7.

Heavy. Constipation of persons who live to eat, with heavy pressure in the lower part of the abdomen. Aloe Clin.

Held. Tenesmus, as if more stools would follow, which must be held back on account of soreness of anus, yet, on account of this pain, he does not dare to draw the anus together. Aloe 2.

Hepatic. Burning and tensive sticking in right hypochondrium; worse from pressure; sharp drawing in hepatic region. Mag. M. 6.

Hepatic. Unpleasant and distended feeling in hepatic region, if she eats to satiety. Lyc. 6.

Hepatic. Pain in hepatic region, extending downward and across umbilical region, as if constricted by a string. Chel. 6.

Hepatic. Sticking pain in hepatic region with burning when sitting bent over; on touch; bile increased. Sulf. 6.

Hepatic. Gnawing in hepatic region. Ruta 6.

Hepatic. Tension and pressure in hepatic region, as if enlarged even to bursting. Calc. C. 6.

Hepatic. Inflated feeling in right side of abdomen with pain in hepatic region on pressure. Card. M. 5.

Hepatic. Stitches in hepatic region in afternoon. Caust. 6.

Hepatic. Intermittent pressure in hepatic region while standing, relieved by bending forward, with pain on touch as if suppurating. China 6.

Hepatic. Shooting pain in hepatic region with moist skin. Card. M. 6.

Hepatic. Tensive pain in hepatic region; in right below false ribs, aggravated on deep inspiration. Bry. 6.

Hepatic. Stitches in left hepatic region near border of false ribs about three inches from linea alba; aggravation from pressure, extending into region of stomach. Berb. 6.

Hepatic. Stitches in hepatic region, hindering deep breathing. Acon. 6.

Hepatic. Pain in hepatic region, obstructing the breathing. Acon. 6.

Hepatic. Constriction in hepatic region, worse in the right, preventing deep breathing. Acon. 6.

Hepatic. Pain in hepatic region increased on pressure; stitches in right hypochondrium extending to gastric region. Ars. A. Clin.

Hepatic. Sticking in hepatic region, sometimes also in hip, with burning or biting externally. Zinc. 6.

Hepatic. Sticking in hepatic region; aggravation from motion, with tension. Nit. Ac. 6.

Hepatic. Sticking in hepatic region; sore pain; full sensation. Sep. 6.

Hepatic region sensitive when walking, with pain on touch; at 1:30 p. m. Natr. S. 6.

Hepatic. Sticking in hepatic region, with constriction. Nux V. 6.

Hepatic. Pain in hepatic region on pressure; sensitiveness; worse when lying on right side, with pain on touch. Phos. 6.

Hepatic. Throbbing in and below hepatic region as if an ulcer would form. Nux V. 6.

Hepatic. Tearing in hepatic region as if stones would cut their way out, with diarrhœa; always preceded by an agreeable sensation in the stomach. Nux Mos. 6.

Hepatic. Distention in hepatic region, with pain as if suppurating and as if an ulcer would burst. Laur. 6.

Hepatic. Sticking in hepatic region. Merc. C. 6.

Hepatic. Sticking in hepatic region. Hep. 6.

Hepatic. Sticking in hepatic region; intermittent tearing. Con. 6.

Hepatic. Sticking, cutting pain in hepatic region. Coloc. 6.



## HEPATIC.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## HOT.

Hepatic. Pain in hepatic region in margins of ribs on pressure. Chel. 6.

Hepatic. Sticking in right hypochondrium after dinner in hepatic and right inguinal regions; in a spot in hepatic region; sore pain on touch; pinching, sticking, tearing. Kali C. 6.

Hepatic. Stitches in hypochondria when walking in open air, also with tension in right hypochondrium as if hepatic region would burst open at 4 p. m., on deep breathing while sitting. Natr. S. 6.

Hepatic. Cirrhosis of the liver; first enlarged and then contracted; hepatic region sensitive to pressure; continuing darting pain. Plumb. Clin.

Hepatic. Pressure and stitches in hepatic region; colic from gall-stones. Berb. Clin.

Hepatic. Chronic engorgement of the liver; cirrhosis, soreness and stitches in the liver when walking; hepatic abscess. Hep. Clin.

Hepatic. Abscess of liver; throbbing ulcerative pain in hepatic region, worse from touch on walking; hardness; distention of liver. Sil. Clin.

Hepatic. Hyperæmia of liver, with great pressure in hepatic region, alternating with vomiting or diarrhœa. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Hepatic. Acute pain in hepatic region; worse from pressure, breathing, coughing and lying on the right side. Bell. Clin.

Hepatic. Chronic diarrhœa, with hepatic troubles. Chel. Clin.

Hepatic region very sensitive and painful to touch; right lobe of liver painful; stitching, burning pains; clothing unendurable. Carbo V. Clin.

Hepatic. Enlargement of liver; feeling as of a hard tumor in region of umbilicus, with cramp-like pain in hepatic region. Zinc. Clin.

Hepatic. Inflammation and gangrene of the liver; enlargement; acute pains in hepatic region. Secale Clin.

Hepatic. Camp diarrhœa; chronic; from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane; with aching and burning in hepatic region; worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. Lept. Clin.

Hepatic. Enlargement of the liver, with heaviness in the hepatic region. Sep. Clin.

Hepatic affections in good livers; in alcoholic excesses and after allopathic dosing; liver swollen, hard and sensitive to pressure of clothing. Nux V. Clin.

Hepatic diseases, with indigestion; eructations, salivation, heartburn, vomiting of food. Berb. Clin.

Hepatic. Inflammatory symptoms in the hepatic region. Acon. Clin.

Hepatitis. Cirrhosis of liver with ascites, especially in drunkards; gin-liver; chronic hepatitis with tendency to abscess. Lyc. Clin.

Hepatitis after vexation or taking cold; dull, aching pains in liver. Cham. Clin.

Hepatitis. Chronic hepatitis; stinging, sharp pains in liver and in spleen. Psor. Clin.

Hernia. Weakness in ring as if a hernia would form. Nux V. 7.

Hernia. Pain in ring in morning in bed, as if a hernia would become incarcerated. Nux V. 7.

Hernia. Development of a tendency to inguinal hernia. Nux V. 7.

Hernia. Painful inclination to inguinal hernia; worse when rising from a seat. Cocc. 7.

Hernia. Distention of abdomen, and after eating tension with weight, with pain in place of a hernia. Sil. 5.

Hernia. Sticking, pressive pain in the region of the abdominal ring as if a hernia would press out there, with tension as far as the side of the abdomen. Alum. 5.

Hernia. Pain in groin, as if a hernia would protrude, and on pressure pain as if a hernia were going inward. Coloc. 7.

Hernia. Incipient hernia forced downward; with a bruised pain, and cannot be reduced with the hand. Sulf. 7.

Hernia. Umbilical hernia. Calc. C. Clin.

Hernia. Incarcerated hernia. Plumb. Clin.

Hernia. Incarcerated hernia; numerous cases of apparently irreducible hernia have been reported cured by this drug. Nux V. Clin.

Hernias, both umbilical and inguinal. Cocc. Clin.

Herpetic eruption about anus. Natr. M. Clin.

Hiccough. Horrible colics, with tendency to collapse; convulsive vomiting; hiccough. Cupr. Clin.

High. Early stage of peritonitis and enteritis, with severe agonizing pains, tossing about, high fever. Acon. Clin.

High. Diarrhœa from abuse of intoxicating drinks or high living; stools frequent, small, corrosive, offensive, thin, brownish-green, fecal. Nux V. Clin.

Hindering. Stitches in hepatic region, hindering deep breathing. Acon. 6.

Hip. Bruised pain in groin over left hip and on left side of pelvis. Arg. M. 7.

Hip. Sticking in hepatic region, sometimes also in hip, with burning or biting externally. Zinc. 6.

Hip. Pain above left hip as if it would burst there on coughing. Caust. 7.

Hip. Pain in right hypochondrium, between right ribs and hip, when driving; aggravation from pressure. Card. M. 6.

Hips. Deep-seated digging within hips on both sides, as in dysentery, with nausea and drowsiness. Arn. 7.

Hopeless. Dysentery; particularly valuable in the collapsed stage; stools involuntary, grumous; with these conditions it has saved many apparently hopeless cases. Secale Clin.

Horizontal. Pain in abdomen, aggravated by pressure, touch and horizontal position, with sensitiveness. Apis 5.

Horrible colics, with tendency to collapse; convulsive vomiting, hiccough. Cupr. Clin.

Horrible. Cholera or choleraic stools, not copious, with desire for warm food and drinks, and horrible cramps in stomach and abdomen. Cupr. Clin.

Horribly. Diarrhœa; stool horribly offensive, nearly painless, involuntary, dark brown, black, watery or green mucus. Psor. Clin.

Horribly. Diarrhœa in low types of malaria fever; evacuations horribly offensive, thin, fecal, usually dark. Bapt. Clin.

Hospital diarrhœa. Aloe Clin.

Hot. (Stools.) Diarrhœa nightly, with colic so that she must bend double; hot; smelling like rotten eggs; green; watery; painless; consisting of feces and mucus; white, slimy; with colic. Cham. 1.

Hot. Stools green, sometimes slimy, white and mushy, hot and watery, very offensive. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Hot. Diarrhœa; evacuation hot; odor of rotten eggs; aggravation from drinking cold water. Staph. Clin.

Hot. Hæmorrhoids, with oozing of yellow mucus; constipated during hot weather. Ant. Cr. Clin.

Hot. Acrid smarting, burning sensation at the anus and up the rectum after stool, as if a hot spray were projected over the parts. Lil. Tig. Clin.

Hot. Diarrhœa, particularly after meals at night; painless early in the morning in hot weather, from eating fruit, from drinking sour beer, after severe acute diseases, after loss of fluids. China Clin.

Hot. Diarrhœa from suddenly checked perspiration in hot weather, from cold drinks, vegetables, stewed fruits, drinking milk. Bry. Clin.

Hot. Hæmorrhoids bluish, swollen, inflamed, protruding; bleeding from least touch; with stitching, burning, pains from cold, from ice cream and ice water in hot weather. Ars. A. Clin.

Hot. Diarrhœa during hot summer and after milk; stools watery, gray; worse during day and after eating; with discharge passing with a gush; much fetid flatus is passed with the stool. Natr. C. Clin.

Hot. Diarrhœa in hot damp weather in the fall; vomiting and purging of rice-water stools, varying in color, green, yellow, reddish, variegated; slime and feces mixed. Colch. Clin.

Hot. Diarrhœa, driving out of bed very early in the morning; want of confidence in sphincter ani; worse immediately after eating; aggravated in mornings in hot, damp weather. Aloe Clin.

Hot. (Miscellaneous.) Abdomen tense, hot, and tender to touch. Cupr. 5.

Hot. Burning in anus after stool; after emission of hot flatus. Aloe 3.



## HOT.

**Hot.** Abdomen tense and hard; tense and hot, with rumbling, grumbling, and constant diarrhoea. Sil. 5.

**Hot.** Haemorrhoids blind painful, with slow hot prickings; hæmorrhoidal tenesmus, causing burning pain. Ars. A. 3.

**Hot.** Colic especially after anger, with red cheeks and hot perspiration. Cham. Clin.

**Hot.** Flatulent colic, worse from wine with retraction of the abdomen; hot, moist, fetid flatus passing off without relief. Zinc. Clin.

**Hot.** Gripping colic writhing around naval; better from hot milk, worse after eating or nursing. Croc. Tig. Clin.

**Hot.** Colic immediately after eating; and worse after drinking; amelioration from hot, wet clothes; abdomen enormously distended. Nux. Mos. Clin.

**Hour.** Stool pasty, light brown after urging, then rumbling and gurgling in left side of abdomen; after an hour a second stool, mucous, urgent, grayish-green and dirty brown; forcible. Croc. Tig. 1.

**Hour.** Pain across umbilicus preventing sleep; pinching when sitting, below umbilicus, recurring every half hour, with pressure on bladder as if it were forced on groins. Sulf. 7.

**Hour.** Constipation produced by cheese; better from smoking; frequent urging to stool without any evacuation, which appears an hour later in single pieces of stony hardness. Coloc. Clin.

**Hours.** Burning, smarting in anus some hours after stool, with cutting as in sore; biting in evening with sore pain. Nux. V. 3.

**Hours.** Haemorrhoids swollen and protrude with a hard stool; protrude during diarrhoea, with stitching and burning for many hours. Kali C. 3.

**Hours.** Contractive, sore pain in rectum from blind hæmorrhoids, one or two hours after stool; stools large or soft, but passed with difficulty. Ign. Clin.

**Hours.** Chronic diarrhoea, especially during early hours of morning; stool watery, with meal-like sediment; yellow, pasty, black; mucous and blood-streaked; involuntary; very offensive, like carrion. Pod. Clin.

**Hours.** Diarrhoea, with cutting, pressing pains before and during stool, with drawing pain in rectum after stool, continuing for hours; stools green, slimy, with flakes of false membranes; undigested, putrid, fetid; sour-smelling. Nit. Ac. Clin.

**Hung.** Heaviness in abdomen; sensation as if it hung down heavily, obliging her to walk bent. Carbo V. 5.

**Hung.** Atony of the stomach and abdomen; feeling as if they hung down relaxed. Staph. Clin.

**Hunger.** Pain in the upper portion of the abdomen as from taking cold, and as if diarrhoea would ensue, with ravenous hunger. Asaf. 5.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

**Hunger.** Diarrhoea always in daytime, never at night, but has stool early in the morning; hunger immediately after stool, from weak, empty feeling in bowels; stools profuse, gushing, mucous, yellowish-brown, with colic. Petr. Clin.

**Hydrant.** Morning diarrhoea, with green, painless, but exhausting stools; watery; pouring away as from a hydrant; with lumps of white mucus or little grains like tallow. Phos. Clin.

**Hyperæmia;** at first enlargement, fatty degeneration, and finally atrophy of the liver, with jaundice and dropsy. Phos. Clin.

**Hyperæmia of liver,** with great pressure in hepatic region, alternating with vomiting or diarrhoea. Ver. Alb. Clin.

**Hyperæmia.** Cachexia of miners working deep under ground; portal hyperæmia; gall-stones; catarrh of the biliary ducts. Card. M. Clin.

**Hypertrophied.** Spleen hypertrophied. Ars. A. 6.

**Hypochondria. (Intolerance of Clothing.)** Stool of green mucus, with retching; vomiting of mucus and intolerance of lacing around hypochondria; bloody. Arg. N. 1.

**Hypochondria.** Intolerance of tight clothing in hypochondria. Calc. C. 6.

**Hypochondria.** Intolerance of clothing in epigastric region and beneath hypochondria. Crotal. H. 5.

**Hypochondria.** Distention of abdomen on eating, with heaviness of head; with rush of blood to head, vertigo and confusion; intolerance of anything tight about hypochondria. Graph. 5.

**Hypochondria. (Pain.)** Pain in hypochondria, with soreness. Agar. 6.

**Hypochondria.** Pain through hypochondria and in right scapula; in region of liver and spleen. Chel. 6.

**Hypochondria.** Pain in hypochondria on touch in region of liver; bruised pain. Carbo V. 6.

**Hypochondria.** Intermittent pain, with flatulence in hypochondria and stitches through chest. Cham. 6.

**Hypochondria.** Cramp-like pain in hypochondria, alternating with oppression of chest and difficult breathing. Zinc. 6.

**Hypochondria.** Pain in hypochondria, aggravated by standing, so that he stoops; towards morning, with distention, pain in forehead and diarrhoea. Aloe 6.

**Hypochondria.** Pain in the hypochondria. Arg. N. 6.

**Hypochondria.** Sticking in hypochondria on deep breathing. Sulf. 6.

**Hypochondria.** Pinching in hypochondria and region of pit of stomach. Ipec. 6.

**Hypochondria.** Stitches in hypochondria when walking in open air; also with tension in right hypochondrium as if hepatic region would burst open; at 4 p.m.; on deep breathing while sitting. Natr. S. 6.

## HYPOCHONDRIUM.

**Hypochondria. (Miscellaneous.)** Flatulence here and there in hypochondria, even in back in region of ribs and chest, causing tension and bubbling; amelioration from empty eructations. Lyc. 6.

**Hypochondria.** Feeling below hypochondria, as if laced, with trembling and throbbing in epigastric region. Calc. C. 6.

**Hypochondria.** Constriction of hypochondria, as from a band. Con. 6.

**Hypochondria.** Incarceration of flatus in hypochondria, with oppression of chest. Phos. 6.

**Hypochondria.** Distention of hypochondria; worse in sides, pit of stomach, and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. Ign. 6.

**Hypochondria.** Habitual constipation, especially in hæmorrhoidal and hypochondriac people. Sulf. Clin.

**Hypochondria.** Constipation in sad, desponding and hypochondriac persons; frequent urging, but insufficient stool, though the feces are not hard; worse from starchy or vegetable food. Natr. C. Clin.

**Hypochondriacs.** Constipation of old people, with abdominal plethora; suitable to hypochondriacs and to bookworms. Aloe Clin.

**Hypochondrium. (Left.)** Weight in left hypochondrium when walking, sitting, and lying, not affecting breathing. Lyc. C.

**Hypochondrium.** Left hypochondrium hard and acutely painful to pressure. Iod. 6.

**Hypochondrium.** Pressive drawing forward in left hypochondrium, with anxiety and nausea in chest. Rhus Tox. 6.

**Hypochondrium.** Sharp pain in left hypochondrium. Diosc. 6.

**Hypochondrium.** Burning in left hypochondrium. Graph. 6.

**Hypochondrium.** Cutting in a spot in left hypochondrium in morning. Mag. M. 6.

**Hypochondrium.** Pain in left hypochondrium with sensitiveness, the latter aggravated by hard pressure and deep inspiration. Bry. 6.

**Hypochondrium.** Pain in left hypochondrium relieved when lying. Sep. 6.

**Hypochondrium. (Right.)** Bruised pain in right hypochondrium; worse from touch; on breathing. Lyc. 6.

**Hypochondrium.** Burning and tensive sticking in right hypochondrium; worse from pressure; sharp drawing in hepatic region. Mag. M. 6.

**Hypochondrium.** Stitches in right hypochondrium. Esc. 6.

**Hypochondrium.** Drawing pain in right hypochondrium, extending towards symphysis pubis. Calc. C. 6.

**Hypochondrium.** Pressure in right hypochondrium with pain on touch. Iod. 6.

**Hypochondrium.** Stitches in right hypochondrium during and after stooping. Calc. C. 6.



## HYPOCHONDRIUM.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## HYPOCASTRUM.

Hypochondrium. Soreness, fullness, distress in right hypochondrium. *Æsc.* 6.

Hypochondrium. Pain in right hypochondrium and in both iliac regions. *Carbol. Ac.* 6.

Hypochondrium. Pain in right hypochondrium; between right ribs and hip when driving, aggravation from pressure. *Card. M.* 6.

Hypochondrium. Sticking in right hypochondrium after dinner; in hepatic and right inguinal regions; in a spot in hepatic region; sore pain on touch; pinching; sticking; tearing. *Kali C.* 6.

Hypochondrium. Sticking in liver; in right hypochondrium with burning and pain on touch, then burning extending backward. *Laur.* 6.

Hypochondrium. Sticking in right hypochondrium in forenoon, then griping in hypogastrium, with sticking in region of spleen. *Natr. C.* 6.

Hypochondrium. Pain in right hypochondrium; contractive; worse in morning, then constriction in stomach extending to chest; amelioration from eructations. *Sep.* 6.

Hypochondrium. Stitches in hypochondria when walking in open air; also with tension in right hypochondrium as if hepatic region would burst open; at 4 p. m.; on deep breathing while sitting. *Natr. S.* 6.

Hypochondrium. Sense of distention in right hypochondrium. *Chel.* 6.

Hypochondrium. Pain in hepatic region, increased on pressure; stitches in right hypochondrium, extending to gastric region. *Ars. A. Clin.*

Hypochondrium. Chronic congestion of the liver, with depression of spirits; stitching and burning in right hypochondrium. *Amm. Mur. Clin.*

Hypochondrium. Peri-hepatitis, with sharp stitches in right hypochondrium; aggravation from any motion; better when lying on right side; liver seems swollen, sore to touch. *Bry. Clin.*

Hypochondrium. Pain in right hypochondrium, especially when limited to a small spot; dull pain or stitches in liver; clay-colored stool. *Kali B. Clin.*

Hypochondrium. Congested, enlarged liver; sensation of pain and drawing in right hypochondrium as if the liver had increased in weight and dragged at its ligaments. *Agar. Clin.*

Hypochondrium. (*Miscellaneous.*) Full feeling in hypochondrium. *Card. M.* 6.

Hypochondrium oppressed by clothing, which was unendurable. *Carbo V.* 6.

Hypochondrium. Pressure in hypochondrium on every step. *Calc. C.* 6.

Hypogastric. Cutting low down in hypogastric region. *Hyos.* 7.

Hypogastric. Distress in umbilical region and in hypogastric regions, with intermittent cutting in stomach and small intestines. *Diosc.* 7.

Hypogastric region distended and sensitive. *Hyos.* 7.

Hypogastric. Rumbling in hypogastric region in morning, with distress and a soft, profuse, black, fetid stool, then pain in abdomen. *Lept.* 7.

Hypogastrium. (*Flatulence.*) Small, frequent passages consisting of mucus, at times mingled with blood and causing tenesmus, preceded by flatulent colic in hypogastrium. *Caps.* 1.

Hypogastrium. Incarceration of flatus in hypogastrium. *Staph.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Discharge of offensive flatus after dinner; amelioration after stool, with movements in hypogastrium. *Coloc.* 5.

Hypogastrium. Sudden flatulence in hypogastrium, passing painfully towards ring. *Graph.* 7.

Hypogastrium. (*Pain.*) Cutting pain in hypogastrium, now here now there. *Bell.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Cutting in hypogastrium in morning, with a thin stool. *Sulf.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Griping in hypogastrium during menses, with pain in small of back and general chilliness. *Sulf.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Stitching, griping, drawing pain in hypogastrium. *Agar.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Bearing-down pains in hypogastrium, worse when walking, with weight low down in vagina; with constant desire for stool, but with every effort at stool only urine was discharged. *Lil. Tig.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Colic in hypogastrium, as if flatulence with cutting were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. *Nux V.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Tension in hypogastrium, with pain on touch. *Op.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Pain in hypogastrium. *Secale.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Cutting in hypogastrium, with incarceration of flatus; pain at every step. *Sil.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Pain across hypogastrium at night on lying down; amelioration from micturition. *Sep.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Drawing burning in hypogastrium, extending from right ring, as if in spermatic cord into right testicle. *Staph.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Intermittent griping in hypogastrium, so that she could scarcely walk after entering the house, preceded by rumbling in abdomen and emission of flatus. *Sulf.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Cutting pain in hypogastrium mornings, with nausea, sweetish disgusting taste; weakness and sleepiness; cutting rising to upper abdomen, when it amounted to griping. *Nux V.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Pinching, increasing to cutting pain in hypogastrium in morning before, during and after diarrhoea. *Ars. A.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Pain in hypogastrium as from a flatulent purgative. *Acon.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Pinching pain in hypogastrium. *Carbo V.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Tensive pain in morning on getting out of bed, especially in region of os pubis, with feeling as if hypogastrium were spasmodically constricted, sometimes as if distended; pains generally increasing and decreasing. *Bell.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Pain in right hypogastrium as if something would be squeezed through. *Carbo An.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Accumulation of flatus in left upper abdomen, more towards back, with pinching here and there under short ribs, in hypogastrium. *Carbo V.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Constriction in hypogastrium before passage of turbid urine. *Chel.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Contractive pain in hypogastrium like after-pains, with urging to stool. *Con.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Burning pain in hypogastrium extending to sacrum. *Crotal. H.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Desire for stool in rectum in evening, with griping in hypogastrium; then large moist, at last thin sour stool, after which he was relieved, but felt weak. *Dulc.* 2.

Hypogastrium. Dragging in hypogastrium towards groins during stool; in groins; amelioration from emission of flatus; with sensitiveness to touch. *Kali C.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Cutting in hypogastrium as if everything would be torn to pieces; deep down, then higher up; sticking. *Kali C.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Sticking in right hypochondrium in forenoon, then griping in hypogastrium, with sticking in region of spleen. *Natr. C.* 6.

Hypogastrium. Pain in hypogastrium, extending to genitals, as if everything in abdomen would fall out and menses would come on. *Natr. C.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Pain in hypogastrium in ring, when coughing, extending into testicles as if spermatic cords would be torn to pieces. *Natr. M.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Pinching in hypogastrium in morning, with fermenting, rumbling, then watery diarrhoea. *Nux V.* 7.

Hypogastrium. (*Pressure.*) Pressure in hypogastrium as if contents would issue through genitals. *Sep.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Forcing down in hypogastrium towards genitals. *Nux V.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Pressing downward in hypogastrium during menses; better in knee-elbow position, which caused eructations and sleep. *Sep.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Pressure downward in hypogastrium towards genitals as during menstruation. *Plat.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Pressure in hypogastrium in places. *Phos. Ac.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Pressure in hypogastrium on physical exertion. *Calc. C.* 7.

Hypogastrium. Pressure in hypogastrium as if bladder would fall out over os pubis; partially relieved by hard pressure; the pelvic distress always felt at night on waking. *Sep.* 7.



## HYPOCASTRUM.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## INACTIVITY.

Hypogastrium. Sensation in hypogastrium as if a hard body pressed backward and downward against rectum and anus; the desire for stool aggravated when standing. Lil. Tig. 7.

Hypogastrium. Pressure in morning in hypogastrium as if everything would be forced out towards organs of generation, with distention of abdomen; then contraction of abdomen; then discharge of white mucus from vagina. Bell. 7.

Hypogastrium. (*Miscellaneous.*) Heaviness in the hypogastrium. Aloe 7.

Hypogastrium. Constriction in hypogastrium, as from a stone, extending to bladder. Puls. 7.

Hypogastrium. Movement in hypogastrium as if something living, like a pushing of the muscles by the arm of a child, without pain. Thuja 7.

Hypogastrium. Sensitiveness of hypogastrium to touch. Acon. 7.

Hypogastrium. Gurgling in hypogastrium at night, with sudden urging to stool. Aloe 7.

Hypogastrium. Weight in hypogastrium; aggravated by walking. Kali C. 7.

Hypogastrium. Feeling of tension in hypogastrium when sitting and walking, with heaviness. Kali C. 7.

Hypogastrium. Distention of abdomen beginning at stomach; abdomen hard, as if filled with air, without pain; she cannot bear pressure on stomach; worse in hypogastrium. Ratan. 5.

Hysterical. Diarrhœa of anæmic and hysterical women, mostly during night; stools greenish, pasty, with tenesmus and cutting in abdomen. Mag. M. Clin.

Hysterical. Excessive flatulence, especially in hysterical subjects. Ign. Clin.

Hysterical. Periodical abdominal spasms in sensitive and hysterical women. Ign. Clin.

Ice cream. Hæmorrhoids bluish, swollen, inflamed, protruding, bleeding from least touch, with stitching, burning pains, from cold, from ice cream and ice water in hot weather. Ars. A. Clin.

Ice cream. Diarrhœa; stools sour, green, bloody; one stool fetid, the other odorless; one containing fecal matter, the other blood; no two stools alike; caused by eating pork or fat food; from fruit; ice cream, tobacco, cold drinks. Puls. Clin.

Ices. Colic from cold; from getting feet wet; from fruits, ices, pastry; flatulent colic in evening after supper or at night. Puls. Clin.

Ice water. Hæmorrhoids, bluish swollen, inflamed, protruding, bleeding from last touch, with stitching burning pains from cold, from ice cream and ice water in hot weather. Ars. A. Clin.

Ice water. Diarrhœa from chilling the stomach with ice water, from rancid fat; stools putrid, cadaverous-smelling. Carbo V. Clin.

Ice water. Colic caused by suppressed perspiration as from drinking ice water when heated. Coloc. Clin.

Ichor. Oozing of corrosive ichor from rectum. Mere. C. 2.

Icy. Asiatic cholera, particularly with the icy coldness, and intolerance of being covered. Secale Clin.

Icy. Typhlitis; extreme distention of abdomen, with icy coldness in stomach. Colch. Clin.

Iliac. Constipation, with sensitiveness above Ponpart's ligament and hardness low down in left iliac region; afterwards almost dysentery of watery stools, mixed with whitish-yellow and cheesy masses and tenesmus. Phos. 1.

Iliac. Pain in right hypochondrium, and in both iliac regions. Carbol. Ac. 6.

Iliac. Sticking in anus at 1 p. m., when sitting, extending into region of left iliac bone. Thuja 3.

Iliac. Sudden bounding, as of something alive in right iliac region. Thuja 7.

Iliac. Retraction of abdomen, with hardness and pain in umbilicus, radiating to lumbar region, and iliac fossæ, with hard knots over its surface. Plumb. 5.

Iliac. Sensitiveness of the right iliac region. Bapt. Clin.

Iliac. Constipation of females, with pain and pressure in iliac regions from uterine and abdominal congestion during pregnancy. Sep. Clin.

Ilio-cæcal. Chronic catarrh and ulceration of the ilio-cæcal region. Op. Clin.

Ilium. Stitches at origin of Ponpart's ligament at left ilium, extending down, then shooting outward into left side of female urethra. Berb. 7.

Ilium. Sticking deep in one or other ilium an inch or an inch and a half from the spine, extending obliquely inwards towards small of back. Berb. 7.

Ilium. Tension in region of left anterior superior spine of ilium in evening, changing into drawing, extending to spine of ilium, to inguinal region and upper third of inner surface of thigh. Coloc. 7.

Immediately. Diarrhœa in morning and through forenoon; then natural stool in evening immediately after eating and drinking; alternating with constipation. Pod. 1.

Immediately. Diarrhœa, driving out of bed very early in the morning; want of confidence in sphincter ani; worse immediately after eating; aggravated in mornings in hot, damp weather. Aloe Clin.

Immediately. Frequent tenesmus for many days without being able to pass anything; great, urgent desire for stool; but on sitting down the desire immediately passes off without an evacuation. Anac. Clin.

Immediately. Colic immediately after eating; and worse after drinking; amelioration from hot, wet cloths; abdomen enormously distended. Nux Mos. Clin.

Immediately. Diarrhœa always in daytime, never at night, but has stool early in the morning; hunger immediately after stool, from weak, empty feeling in bowels; stools profuse, gushing, mucous, yellowish-brown, with colic. Petr. Clin.

Immediately. Cholera infantum; stool from the least movement of the body, thin and painless; gushing, profuse, watery, flaky, inodorous; faintness at stool or immediately after. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Inability. Urging, more in upper intestines; stool soft and insufficient; anxious urging, inability to evacuate feces without danger of eversion and prolapsus of rectum. Ign. 2.

Inability. Inactivity of rectum and inability to evacuate feces; constant, ineffectual desire after stool. Nit. Ac. 2.

Inability. Distention of hypochondria, worse in sides, pit of stomach, and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. Ign. 6.

Inability. Diarrhœa, with urging and inability to retain the stool; gurgling in abdomen as of water; after stool sharp pains around navel; weak feelings in abdomen and rectum; faintness. Lept. Clin.

Inability. Constipation; stools enormously large and painful, leaving the sphincters nearly paralyzed and slow to close, with a feeling of inability to draw up the partially prolapsed anus, especially in those who have abused alcohol or narcotics. Lach. Clin.

Inability. Constipation; an all-gone feeling in rectum; inability to expel feces or to strain at stool, with sensation of a ball in rectum. Sep. Clin.

Inactive. Bowels very inactive; the soft stools are evacuated slowly and with effort. Hep. Clin.

Inactive. Constipation is the rule in cases requiring Alumina; the rectum is inactive; the stools are hard; often associated with soreness of the rectum and anus which bleed readily. Alum. Clin.

Inactive. Constipation of long standing; no urging; stools composed of a few hard, round, dark balls; rectum inactive. Op. Clin.

Inactivity. (*Rectum.*) Stool soft, with lumps of white mucus; pasty; at an unusual time; lumpy; light, clay-colored, with urging and inactivity of rectum. Phos. 1.

Inactivity. Constipation as from constriction of intestines; as from inactivity of rectum; stool hard, then sticking as from hæmorrhoids. Nux V. 1.

Inactivity. Constipation; stool small, dark and difficult, apparently from inactivity of rectum. Phos. 1.

Inactivity. Constipation; no urging; inactivity of rectum; stool insufficient, hard; much straining with headache. Arn. Clin.

Inactivity. Diarrhœa; stool watery, soft; difficult, from inactivity of the rectum. Natr. M. 1.



## INACTIVITY.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## INEFFECTUAL.

Inactivity of rectum and inability to evacuate feces; constant, ineffectual desire after stool. Nit. Ac. 2.

Inactivity of rectum; stools hard. Natr. M. Clin.

Inactivity of rectum; even a soft and thin stool requires great straining. Alum. Clin.

Inactivity. Urging in rectum; stool not hard but difficult on account of inactivity of rectum. Graph. 2.

Inactivity. Constipation, with vertigo, heat in head and tinnitus aurium; large accumulation of feces, especially after continued purging, with difficulty to pass them, even when soft, from inactivity of rectum. Cocc. Clin.

Inactivity. Constipation; frequent and unsuccessful desire for stool; insufficient; inactivity of bowels; retarded stool from inactivity of rectum. Kali C. Clin.

Inactivity. (*Miscellaneous.*) Chronic constipation from irregular menstruation; inactivity of intestines whether stool is hard or soft; alternation of constipation and diarrhoea. Puls. Clin.

Inactivity. Obstinate constipation, inactivity or intussusception; stools hard, thick and knotty balls, with pain in anus when passing as if it would fly to pieces. Thuja Clin.

Incarcerated. (*Flatus.*) Pressure in abdomen, downward at night, waking her; with tension of muscles so that he could not straighten up; as from incarcerated flatus. Sulf. 5.

Incarcerated flatus. Kali C. 5.

Incarcerated. Collection of flatus in abdomen, without evacuation of it, with pain; flatus rolls about and becomes incarcerated here and there. Natr. S. 5.

Incarcerated. Sticking in rectum as from incarcerated flatus. Puls. 2.

Incarcerated flatus, with tension, sticking, drawing, tearing in whole abdomen. Coloc. 5.

Incarcerated flatus in rectum. Natr. C. 2.

Incarcerated flatus, with griping in abdomen after eating. Natr. C. 5.

Incarcerated. Flatulence in abdomen, rising and becoming incarcerated under short ribs. Nux V. 5.

Incarcerated. Pain in abdomen as if everything were sore; on every step as from incarcerated flatus; flatulent after stool, as if intestines here and there were pressed by stones. Nux V. 5.

Incarcerated. Flatulent colic, with constriction around stomach and navel; incarcerated flatus; passes sour-smelling or fetid flatus. Natr. C. Clin.

Incarcerated flatulence in left side. Sulf. Clin.

Incarcerated. Flatulent colic; the incarcerated flatus causes much pain as it cannot pass; colicky pains on the right side of the abdomen, extending into the bladder; cutting pains across abdomen, from right to left. Lyc. Clin.

Incarcerated. (*Miscellaneous.*) Pain in ring in morning in bed, as if a hernia would become incarcerated. Nux V. 7.

Incarcerated hernia. Plumb. Clin.

Incarcerated hernia; numerous cases of apparently irreducible hernia have been reported cured by this drug. Nux V. Clin.

Incarcerated. Haemorrhoids intensely painful; boring cramping from anus to rectum and testicles; protrude during stool, become incarcerated and suppurate. Sil. Clin.

Incarceration. Distention of abdomen, as from incarceration of flatus. Graph. 5.

Incarceration. Tension in abdomen, and incarceration of flatus. Lyc. 5.

Incarceration of flatus in hypogastrium. Staph. 7.

Incarceration of flatus in hypochondria, with oppression of chest. Phos. 6.

Incarceration of flatus. Mag. M. 5.

Incarceration of flatus under short ribs. Canth. 6.

Incarceration. Cutting in hypogastrium, with incarceration of flatus; pain at every step. Sil. 7.

Incessant emission of flatus. Mag. M. 5.

Incipient hernia, forced downward, with a bruised pain and cannot be reduced with the hand. Sulf. 7.

Inclination. Heaviness in abdomen, like a stone, just before menses; during menses; in sacrum, with inclination of lower limbs to fall asleep when sitting. Puls. 5.

Inclination. Pain in abdomen, with coldness; then heat and warm sweat; heat, with inclination to stool; pain in transverse colon at 3 a. m.; then diarrhoea. Pod. 5.

Inclination. Constipation from inertia of the bowels, especially of the rectum, with no inclination for stool. Op. Clin.

Inclination. Habitual costiveness, especially of old people; sensation as if the bowels would not move without the aid of laxatives; continual inclination, but often passes only fetid flatus. Phytol. Clin.

Incomplete. Sensation in rectum as if stool were incomplete. Nux V. 2.

Increased. Sticking pain in hepatic region, with burning when sitting bent over; on touch; bile increased. Sulf. 6.

Increasing. Tensive pain in morning on getting out of bed, especially in region of os pubis, with feeling as if hypogastrium were spasmodically constricted; sometimes as if distended; pains generally increasing and decreasing. Bell. 7.

Indigestible. Cholera infantum; great desire for indigestible things like ham, smoked meat; abdomensunken, flabby; emaciation; stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Indigestion. Hepatic diseases, with indigestion; eructations, salivation, heartburn, vomiting of food. Berb. Clin.

Indigestion. Colic from indigestion, with waterbrash; worse after coffee, brandy or overeating; flatulent, with pressure upward, causing dyspnoea. Nux V. Clin.

Indolent. Stool soft but difficult; indolent; also with sensation as if a part remained. Nux Mos. 1.

Indurated. Stool indurated as if burnt, preceded and followed by pressure; constipation. Plat. 1.

Indurated. Liver enlarged and often indurated; jaundiced hue of skin and conjunctiva; liver sore to touch; stools clay-colored. Merc. Clin.

Indurated. Enlarged, indurated liver, which is sore; reflex symptoms from floating kidney. Zinc. Clin.

Induration. Sticking griping pain in umbilical region as from an internal induration in a spot beneath navel. Zinc. 7.

Induration. Constipation; bowels obstructed from induration of feces, which are so dry that they crumble as they pass the anus; like sheep's dung; covered with blood and mucus. Mag. M. Clin.

Induration of the liver. Graph. Clin.

Ineffectual. Frequent ineffectual urging in rectum. Sulf. 2.

Ineffectual. Stool of blood and mucus with pain and tenesmus; frequent day and night, with cutting in abdomen and almost ineffectual tenesmus. Merc. C. 1.

Ineffectual urging in rectum in evening with protrusion of rectum. Ign. 2.

Ineffectual. Constant ineffectual desire, but discharge of only mucus from rectum, with chilliness of body. Sil. 1.

Ineffectual. Constant ineffectual urging with tenesmus in rectum. Merc. 2.

Ineffectual. Anxious urging in rectum; frequent, ineffectual, after the usual stool, with griping, and stool when passed was soft. Nux V. 2.

Ineffectual. Diarrhoea after eating; of undigested feces, also passed in several pieces; then ineffectual urging with biting burning pain in anus, and colic before and after every stool. China 1.

Ineffectual attempts at stool. Aesc. 3.

Ineffectual. Urging to stool after eating when rising from lying; sudden in morning on rising; ineffectual; also with emission of flatus. Aloe 2.

Ineffectual urging; tenesmus; only wind passes, with pressure in rectum. Carbo V. 2.

Ineffectual urging; frequent thin stool in single, stony pieces. Coloc. 2.

Ineffectual. Cutting, with heaviness across lower abdomen; ineffectual retchings, then ineffectual tendency to diarrhoea; difficult vomiting, trembling in abdomen, and bending together, then two diarrhoeic stools, the last like water. Ant. T. 5.

Ineffectual. Urging to stool; ineffectual tenesmus as in dysentery, with burning pain and pressure in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 2.

Ineffectual. Urging to stool, which is thin, frequent, but ineffectual, or with a scanty, hard stool. Bell. 1.

Ineffectual. Pressure in rectum all day, with frequent, ineffectual urging. Caust. 2.

Ineffectual. Frequent ineffectual urging in rectum causing pain. Merc. C. 2.



## INEFFECTUAL.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## INSUFFICIENT.

Ineffectual. Dysenteric attacks for several successive years; frequent bloody stools with gnawing at navel, then ineffectual straining. Kali B. 1.

Ineffectual urging with feeling as if rectum were too weak to evacuate the stool. Kali C. 2.

Ineffectual. Inactivity of rectum and inability to evacuate feces; constant ineffectual desire after stool. Nit. Ac. 2.

Ineffectual. Griping in abdomen, with ineffectual urging to stool; pain before and during stool; better after stool; aggravation from eating plums. Rheum 5.

Ineffectual. Protruding, painful, sore hæmorrhoids, with ineffectual urging. Merc. 3.

Ineffectual. Desire in rectum for stool after a meal; desire increased when moving about; then thin, offensive stool with colic; then ineffectual tenesmus; later another stool; after rising from stool the urging which had gradually subsided, returned more than ever. Rheum 2.

Ineffectual. Diphtheritic dysentery; burning in rectum, with ineffectual urging; stools bloody; tenesmus. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Ineffectual. Constipation; ineffectual urging to stool, with small discharges, or only flatus passes; stool only every second day. Mag. C. Clin.

Ineffectual. Constipation, with ineffectual urging; amelioration after drinking milk; stools hard, knotty, dark-colored; constipation alternating with diarrhoea. Iod. Clin.

Ineffectual. Dysentery almost constant; cutting pains in abdomen, with ineffectual pressing, straining and tenesmus; discharges of bloody slime day and night; severe pains in rectum continue after stool. Merc. C. Clin.

Ineffectual. Constipation; desire for stool; but little passes; feels as if it stayed in the rectum, and could not be expelled; ineffectual urging, with sharp, splinter-like, cutting pains. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Inertia. Chronic constipation; inertia of rectum; stools very large and very hard. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Inertia. Constipation from inertia of the bowels, especially of the rectum, with no inclination for stool. Op. Clin.

Infantile constipation after an attack of diarrhoea; stools hard, crumbly, clayey. Pod. Clin.

Infants. Diarrhoea in nursing infants; offensive; preceded by colic; stools mucous, with aphthous sore mouth. Borax Clin.

Inflamed. Anus red, inflamed and covered with red veins, with burning during stool. Sulf. 3.

Inflamed. Constipation of children, with dry and inflamed rectum and bleeding. Alum. Clin.

Inflamed. Hæmorrhoids bluish, swollen, inflamed, protruding, bleeding from least touch, with stitching burning pains; from cold; from ice cream and ice water in hot weather. Ars. A. Clin.

Inflammation. (*Liver.*) Inflammation of the liver, with pain, swelling, hardness, constant fever, dry tongue, restlessness, small, rapid pulse, and on rising from bed faintness. Iod. 6.

Inflammation. Chronic inflammation of the liver, associated with jaundice. Pod. Clin.

Inflammation and gangrene of the liver; enlargement; acute pains in hepatic region. Secale Clin.

Inflammation. Enlarged liver of drunkards, with inflammation and abscess; jaundice; tenderness on pressure. Lach. Clin.

Inflammation. Chronic inflammation of the liver, with constipation; vomiting of green mucus. Plumb. Clin.

Inflammation. (*Miscellaneous.*) Inflammation of hæmorrhoids; stitches; sore pain during cough; pain when walking. Kali C. 3.

Inflammation or engorgement of the pelvic viscera. Acon. Clin.

Inflammation. Violent pain in rectum, with chill and fever; inflammation, tenesmus and bloody discharges. Acon. Clin.

Inflammation. Chronic catarrhal inflammation of the bowels, with mucous discharge or feces covered with mucus. Hydras. Clin.

Inflammation. Catarrhal inflammation of the bowels with extreme pain in the rectum. Merc. C. Clin.

Inflammatory symptoms in the hepatic region. Acon. Clin.

Inflated feeling in right side of abdomen, with pain in hepatic region on pressure. Card. M. 5.

Inflation. Rumbling in abdomen, with inflation and accumulation of flatus. Gamb. 5.

Inflation and tension with pinching in umbilical region with frequent emission of flatus. Gamb. 7.

Inguinal. (*Glands.*) Swelling of inguinal glands. Calc. C. 7.

Inguinal. Swelling of inguinal glands with circumscribed redness; with pain on pressure and from long walking and standing; obliged to lie down. Merc. 7.

Inguinal. Suppuration of inguinal glands; buboes. Hep. 7.

Inguinal. Swelling of inguinal glands; painful, and of auxiliary glands. Natr. C. 7.

Inguinal glands as large as peas; painful to touch. Sil. 7.

Inguinal. Swelling of inguinal glands, with sticking and cutting. Thuja 7.

Inguinal. Swelling of inguinal glands. Rhus Tox. 7.

Inguinal. Swelling of inguinal glands; suppurative, with pain on walking; the whole limb seems paralyzed and muscles tense. Nit. Ac. 7.

Inguinal. (*Hernia.*) Development of a tendency to inguinal hernia. Nux V. 7.

Inguinal. Painful inclination to inguinal hernia; worse when rising from a seat. Cocc. 7.

Inguinal. Hernias, both umbilical and inguinal. Cocc. Clin.

Inguinal. (*Miscellaneous.*) Griping in left inguinal, extending to testicles. Diosc. 7.

Inguinal. Tensive spasmodic pain in inguinal regions, extending from upper and outer part downward and inward. Chel. 7.

Inguinal. Sticking in right hypochondrium after dinner, in hepatic and right inguinal regions; in a spot in hepatic region; sore pain on touch; pinching, sticking, tearing. Kali C. 6.

Inguinal. Tension in region of left anterior superior spine of ilium in evening, changing into drawing, extending to spine of ilium, to inguinal region and to upper third of inner surface of thigh. Coloc. 7.

Injury. Stool lies close to anus without passing and without injury. Lach. 3.

Inodorous. Emission of much inodorous flatus. Agar. 5.

Inodorous. Oozing of a thin, inodorous fluid from the rectum; weak digestion, especially in nursing women. Carbo An. Clin.

Inodorous. Cholera infantum; stool from the least movement of the body, thin and painless, gushing, profuse, watery, flaky, inodorous; faintness at stool or immediately after. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Inspiration. Internal coldness in abdomen after every swallow of drink; renewed on every inspiration. China 5.

Inspiration. Tensive pain in hepatic region, in right, below false ribs; aggravated on deep inspiration. Bry. 6.

Inspiration. Sticking in umbilical region during inspiration. Hyos. 7.

Inspiration. Paralytic, bruised pain in liver on inspiration, extending to shoulder. Laur. 6.

Insufficient. Constipation; no urging, inactivity of rectum; stool insufficient, hard; much straining, with headache. Arn. Clin.

Insufficient. Spasms of sphincter ani, with chilliness running up back; then urging to stool; then insufficient stool. Colch. 3.

Insufficient. Urging more in upper intestines; stool soft and insufficient; anxious urging, inability to evacuate feces, without danger of eversion and prolapsus of rectum. Ign. 2.

Insufficient. Stool soft and insufficient. Kali C. 1.

Insufficient. Constipation during menstruation; stool like sheep-dung; painful and difficult; insufficient after much pressure. Kali C. 1.

Insufficient. Constipation; hard, insufficient stool, with urging and protrusion of rectum. Gamb. 1.

Insufficient. Constipation; frequent and unsuccessful desire for stool; insufficient; inactivity of bowels; retarded stool from inactivity of rectum. Kali C. Clin.

Insufficient. Chronic dysentery; urgent straining with shuddering and sense of insufficient evacuation. Lye. Clin.



## INSUFFICIENT.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## INTESTINES.

Insufficient. Constipation in sad, desponding, and hypochondriac persons; frequent urging, but insufficient stool, though the feces are not hard; worse from starchy or vegetable food. *Natr. C. Clin.*

Insufficient. Hard, insufficient, difficult stool, with fullness, heat and itching at anus; like sheep's-dung; hard and black, as if burnt. *Sulf. Clin.*

Interminable diarrhoea in summer which resists everything, especially in scrofulous children; stools putrid, fetid, watery, yellowish or greenish, discharged rapidly with great force. *Secale Clin.*

Intermittent. (*Pain.*) Distress in umbilical region and in hypogastric regions, with intermittent cutting in stomach and small intestines. *Diosc. 7.*

Intermittent colic in abdomen. *Cupr. 5.*

Intermittent tearing in left half of pubic eminence. *Arn. 7.*

Intermittent griping pain in abdomen. *Asaf. 5.*

Intermittent sticking near left side of anus. *Crocus. 3.*

Intermittent. Sticking in hepatic region; intermittent, tearing. *Con. 6.*

Intermittent pain, with flatulence in hypochondria and stitches through chest. *Cham. 6.*

Intermittent; acute pain in liver region, extending to scapulæ. *Hydras. 6.*

Intermittent pain in region of spleen and pit of stomach. *Ign. 6.*

Intermittent. Distention of abdomen after eating, with intermittent colic and rumbling; flatulent. *Puls. 5.*

Intermittent pinching sticking in region of spleen. *Zinc. 6.*

Intermittent boring in abdomen often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder, lower limbs. *Plumb. 5.*

Intermittent griping in hypogastrium so that she could scarcely walk after entering the house, preceded by rumbling in abdomen and emission of flatus. *Sulf. 7.*

Intermittent. (*Miscellaneous.*) Intermittent pressure in hepatic region while standing, relieved by bending forward, with pain on touch as if suppurating. *China 6.*

Intermittent. Dysentery in marshy districts, with intermittent symptoms. *China Clin.*

Intermittent. Atrophic nutmeg liver, which is swollen; enlargement of liver and spleen after intermittent fever. *Nux Mos. Clin.*

Intermittent. Frequent involuntary stools of putrid, cadaverous odor; burning pains deep in abdomen; feces escape with flatus; collapse; pulse weak and intermittent. *Carbo V. Clin.*

Intermitting. Stool intermitting, frequent; at first hard, then pasty, then liquid, white, offensive, like bad eggs. *Calc. C. 1.*

Internal coldness in abdomen after every swallow of drink; renewed on every inspiration. *China 5.*

Internal. Sticking, griping pain in umbilical region, as from an internal induration in a spot beneath navel. *Zinc. 7.*

Internal feeling in groins as if stuffed; aggravation from stepping forward, when it seemed that the thickness pushed forward and everything would fall out. *Cocce. 7.*

Internal. Aggravation of internal piles, with protusion of rectum after stool; sometimes prolapsed for days, owing to the swelling and congestion. *Pod. 2.*

Interrupted. Emissions of flatus, loud, short and interrupted; offensive; worse before stool. *Mezer. 5.*

Intestinal. Colic, as if intestinal canal were full of water. *Kali C. Clin.*

Intestinal obstruction, with fecal vomiting and violent colic. *Op. Clin.*

Intestinal catarrh in children; colic about the navel and diarrhoea. *Puls. Clin.*

Intestinal catarrh, with much burning in the bowels; stools covered with mucus. *Puls. Clin.*

Intestinal. Camp diarrhoea; chronic; from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane, with aching and burning in hepatic region; worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. *Lept. Clin.*

Intestines. (*Stool.*) Urging in rectum, but large intestines are wanting in peristaltic action; cannot expel soft feces; only a part can be forced out by aid of abdominal muscles. *Hep. 2.*

Intestines. Diarrhoea; stools pasty, sour-smelling; then shivering; then urging, with constriction in intestines. *Rheum 1.*

Intestines. Constipation, as from constriction of intestines; as from inactivity of rectum; stool hard, then sticking, as from hæmorrhoids. *Nux V. 1.*

Intestines. Diarrhoea of green mucus; as green as bile; once or twice at night, with movements in intestines before every stool; at first green then slimy; not exhausting; without colic. *Puls. 1.*

Intestines. Diarrhoea at night, with cutting in intestines; stool like brown yeast. *Arn. 1.*

Intestines. Liquid, involuntary stool, then burning in anus and griping in intestines. *Kali B. 1.*

Intestines. Urging to stool after a meal, more in upper part of intestines. *Anac. 1.*

Intestines. Urging more in upper intestines; stool soft and insufficient; anxious urging; inability to evacuate feces without danger of eversion and prolapsus of rectum. *Ign. 2.*

Intestines sluggish, so that the strongest purgatives lose their power. *Op. 5.*

Intestines. Stool of blood, mucus and what seemed like scrapings of inner surface of intestines. *Phytol. 1.*

Intestines. White, tough mucus, with the stool like scrapings from intestines, with streaks of blood; copious. *Canth. 1.*

Intestines. Pain in umbilical region in morning, with profuse, thin, yellow stool, not relieving the pain, with frequent cutting through all small intestines. *Diosc. 7.*

Intestines. Dysentery of bloody mucus, like scrapings of the intestines; involuntary; putrid; dark. *Carbol. Ac. Clin.*

Intestines. Diarrhoea, like scrapings of intestines; reddish, mucous or bloody, flaky, with extreme burning in anus during stool. *Canth. Clin.*

Intestines. Dysentery bloody stool, with deadly nausea from smelling cooking; watery stool, jelly-like mucus, with scrapings from intestines. *Colch. Clin.*

Intestines. Constipation in persons of sedentary habits from atony of lower intestines; stools hard, dry; crumble when passing, with great straining, and causing prolapse of rectum. *Pod. Clin.*

Intestines. Chronic constipation from irregular menstruation; inactivity of intestines, whether stool is hard or soft; alternation of constipation and diarrhoea. *Puls. Clin.*

Intestines. Diarrhoea; stools, thin, brown, yellowish, frothy, forcibly expelled, with colic and prominence of intestines, like pads here and there all over the abdomen during the pains. *Ratan. Clin.*

Intestines. (*Miscellaneous.*) Distress in umbilical region, and in hypogastric regions, with intermittent cutting in stomach and small intestines. *Diosc. 7.*

Intestines. Cutting pain in abdomen, with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulent here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus, the more difficult it is to pass. *Ver. Alb. 5.*

Intestines. Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening, and colic worse in evening in bed, with gurgling, griping, and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another. *Puls. 3.*

Intestines. Pain around the navel as if a blunt plug were squeezed into intestines. *Anac. 7.*

Intestines. Determination of blood to large intestines. *Aloe 7.*

Intestines. Pain about umbilicus, causing him to bend forward; aggravation from touch, attempting to raise himself or to lie on back, and cried out that his intestines were burning. *Ars. A. 7.*

Intestines. Squeezing, constrictive pain in lowermost intestines, alternately with shoots or jerks in direction of perineum. *Bell. 2.*

Intestines. Feeling immediately below umbilicus as if intestines pressed outward; aggravated by standing. *Bell. 7.*

Intestines. Colic immediately after eating; pain below the navel, as if the intestines were torn. *Graph. Clin.*

Intestines. Coldness in abdomen during menses as if a cold fluid passed through intestines. *Kali C. 5.*



# **INTESTINES.**

# **REPERTORY OF PART II.**

# **INVOLUNTARY.**

Intestines. Pain in abdomen with frequent cutting in stomach and small intestines, with emission of much flatus. Diosc. 5.

Intestines. Clawing, griping in abdomen, as if grasped by a hand, so that each outstretched finger pressed sharply upon intestines; better from rest, worse from motion. Ipec. 5.

Intestines. Pain in abdomen as if everything were sore; on every step as from incarcerated flatus; flatulent after stool, as if intestines here and there were pressed by stones. Nux V. 5.

Intestines sore, as if pressed so that he cannot sleep on right side. Merc. 5.

Intolerable. Stool hard, with urging and sticking in anus; lumpy, with threads of mucus, dark, half digested, of intolerable odor. Graph. 1.

Intolerable. Chronic diarrhœa; stools brown, fluid, mixed with undigested food and of an intolerable fetor. Graph. Clin.

Intolerable. Diarrhœa with much wind; stools profuse, dark green, brown, gelatinous, worse after eating; from fruit, from lager beer, from abuse of Opium, with intolerable itching of anus during typhoid fever. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Intolerance of tight clothing in hypochondria. Calc. C. 6.

Intolerance of clothing in epigastric region, and beneath hypochondria. Crotal. H. 5.

Intolerance. Distention of abdomen on eating, with heaviness of head; with rush of blood to head, vertigo and confusion; intolerance of anything tight about hypochondria. Graph. 5.

Intolerance. Gall-stone colic, terrible, darting pains, intolerance of garments about the waist. Calc. C. Clin.

Intolerance. Abdominal affections characterized by extreme sensitiveness to touch, intolerance of even the clothing. Bell. Clin.

Intolerance. Asiatic cholera, particularly with the icy coldness and intolerance of being covered. Secale Clin.

Intoxicating. Diarrhœa from abuse of intoxicating drinks or high living; stool frequent small, corrosive, offensive, thin, brownish-green, fecal. Nux V. Clin.

Intussusception. Cramps in abdomen; intussusception of the bowels; abdomen drawn in. Cupr. Clin.

Intussusception. Obstinate constipation, inactivity or intussusception; stools hard, thick and knotty balls, with pain in anus when passing as if it would fly to pieces. Thuja Clin.

Inward. Pinching in abdomen as if bowels were pressed inwards; amelioration from pressure and bending inward; with cutting, extending towards pubic region; so severe below navel that facial muscles were distorted and eyes drawn together as if squeezed between stones. Coloc. 5.

Inward. Pain in groin, as if a hernia would protrude, and on pressure pain as if a hernia were going inward. Coloc. 7.

Inveterate constipation, with disappointing calls, the trouble being in the rectum; feces slender, long, narrow, dry, tough and hard, like a dog's, and voided with difficulty. Phos. Clin.

Involutionary stool at night in sleep. Arn. 1.

Involutionary. Diarrhœa, involuntary, in bed. Hyos. 1.

Involutionary stool, with passage of flatus, falling out without exertion, almost unnoticed. Aloe 1.

Involutionary. Stool undigested, of food eaten the previous evening; involuntary. Olean. 1.

Involutionary. Diarrhœa, with profuse sweat; with desire for eating and drinking; stool frequent and painful; watery; involuntary. Ver. Alb. 1.

Involutionary. Diarrhœa; stool thin, whitish-gray, involuntary, pasty, bright yellow, with sensation as if he would emit flatus; not prostrating. Phos. Ac. 1.

Involutionary. Stool involuntary on least motion; mucus mixed with blood and slime; involuntary the moment it entered the rectum. Phos. 1.

Involutionary. Watery diarrhœa mixed with hard parts; involuntary in sleep. Con. 1.

Involutionary. Stool involuntary. Bell. 1.

Involutionary. Stool blackish, involuntary. Camph. 1.

Involutionary. Diarrhœa frequent, thin, involuntary, with flatus, small. Ign. 1.

Involutionary. Diarrhœa profuse, constant, involuntary, of mucus and blood. Kali B. 1.

Involutionary. Liquid, involuntary stool, then burning in anus and griping in intestines. Kali B. 1.

Involutionary. Stool offensive, involuntary, delayed. Op. 1.

Involutionary. Diarrhœa; stool profuse; mucous; of much bloody mucus; violent; involuntary; frequent; with weakness. Petr. 1.

Involutionary. Diarrhœa; stools frequent in evening; involuntary when sneezing or laughing; half fluid, half lumpy, mixed with gas and noisy flatus; in morning, afternoon, and evening; always soon after eating. Sulf. 1.

Involutionary diarrhœa during emission of flatus; bilious, with sensation, as if weight would pass. Sulf. 1.

Involutionary, unnoticed, hard stool. Aloe Clin.

Involutionary. Stools sometimes involuntary on every motion; this symptom indicates Apis in diarrhœa and cholera infantum. Apis Clin.

Involutionary putrid stools in typhoid. Arn. Clin.

Involutionary. Diarrhœa, with great prostration; stools involuntary during sleep; brown, fermented, with fetid breath and loathing of food. Arn. Clin.

Involutionary. Stools; at first hard; then mushy; finally fluid; smelling like rotten eggs; involuntary, fermented, sour-smelling; diarrhœa, alternating with constipation. Calc. C. Clin.

Involutionary. Dysentery of bloody mucus; like scrapings of the intestines; involuntary, putrid, dark. Carbol. Ac. Clin.

Involutionary. Frequent involuntary stools of putrid, cadaverous odor; burning pains deep in abdomen; feces escape with flatus; collapse; pulse weak and intermittent. Carbo V. Clin.

Involutionary. Diarrhœa; with discharge of lumbrici and ascarides; involuntary, greenish, slimy or white. Cina Clin.

Involutionary. Diarrhœa; stools involuntary, green, mucous or mushy, undigested, with cutting in abdomen before, tenesmus during, and burning after stool; worse after cold food; pains worse after eating and drinking. Laur. Clin.

Involutionary. Chronic diarrhœa of old people, with tremulous weakness; discharges sometimes involuntary. Con. Clin.

Involutionary. Yellow, watery diarrhœa; nearly odorless; involuntary; passed in bed unconsciously, especially during sleep; a typhoid state, with delirium. Hyos. Clin.

Involutionary stools in bed, from paralysis of sphincter ani. Laur. Clin.

Involutionary. Diarrhœa; stool involuntary when emitting flatus; stools thin, yellow, fecal, with emission of fetid flatus, like rotten eggs. Olean. Clin.

Involutionary. Diarrhœa after fright or sudden joy; offensive, involuntary, watery, frothy, dark stools. Op. Clin.

Involutionary. Cholera infantum, with involuntary, offensive stools. Op. Clin.

Involutionary. Diarrhœa; involuntary stool when coughing; suitable to old persons; to scrofulous and phthisical patients. Phos. Clin.

Involutionary. Diarrhœa, lasting a long time, apparently without any weakening effect; stool white gray, copious, painless, involuntary, with discharge of undigested substances. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Involutionary. Diarrhœa, between midnight and morning, with sensation as of something pulling at the navel; stools watery, dark, offensive, profuse, involuntary, or mucous and bloody. Plumb. Clin.

Involutionary. Diarrhœa; stool horribly offensive, nearly painless, involuntary, dark brown, black, watery or green mucus. Psor. Clin.

Involutionary. Chronic diarrhœa, especially during early hours of morning; stool watery; with meal-like sediment; yellow, pasty, black; mucous and blood-streaked; involuntary; very offensive. Pod. Clin.

Involutionary. Dysentery; particularly valuable in the collapsed stage; stools involuntary, grumous; with these conditions it has saved many apparently hopeless cases. Secale Clin.

Involutionary. Chronic dysentery; stools frequent, small, pitch-like, with pale blood, involuntary. Zinc. Clin.



## INVOLUNTARY.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## JAUNDICE.

Involuntary. Discharge of moisture from anus, with sore feeling and itching around it; involuntary, of viscid, slimy fluid, causing soreness; of thread-worms during stool. Sulf. 3.

Irreducible. Incarcerated hernia; numerous cases of apparently irreducible hernia, have been reported cured by this drug. Nux V. Clin.

Irregular. Mesenteric disease; glandular enlargement, emaciation, irregular stool, enormous appetite. Iod. Clin.

Irregular piles, with stitching, burning or itching of the anus. Nux V. Clin.

Irregular. Constipation; large, hard, difficult stools; frequent urging without effect; sensation as if much remained after stool; then action of the bowels irregular and spasmodic. Nux V. Clin.

Irregular. Chronic constipation from irregular menstruation; inactivity of intestines whether stool is hard or soft; alteration of constipation and diarrhoea. Puls. Clin.

Irritable liver; jaundice from vexation, from excessive study or mental work; congestion of liver, with soreness and sharp sticking pains; aggravation from lying on left side. Natr. S. Clin.

Irritability. Fissure of anus, with very great irritability. Sil. Clin.

Irritation. Camp diarrhoea; chronic, from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane, with aching and burning in hepatic region, worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. Lept. Clin.

Issue. Pressure in hypogastrium as if contents would issue through genitals. Sep. 7.

Itch. Piles feel damp, painful to touch, itch violently; needle-like pains at anus. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Itching. (Anus.) Burning, fullness, itching, pressure, and soreness in anus. Æsc. 3.

Itching, smarting, sore pain in anus on wiping. Graph. 3.

Itching around anus at border, with sore feeling. Sulf. 3.

Itching in anus. Arg. N. 3.

Itching in anus. Ant. Cr. 3.

Itching in anus, with pain in perineum. Caust. 3.

Itching. Crawling, burning, itching in and about anus. Berb. 3.

Itching. Blind hæmorrhoids; bleeding, with itching pain in anus. Cham. 3.

Itching. Burning and cutting in rectum, with constriction in anus; with itching in anus; crawling. Chel. 2.

Itching in region of anus during day and evening; before sleep. Mezer. 3.

Itching of anus. Natr. C. 3.

Itching. Moisture and itching in anus, with soreness; moist between anus and nates when walking. Nit. Ac. 3.

Itching in anus, with sore pain as from hæmorrhoids on margin; becoming a smarting and sore pain as from blind piles. Nux V. 3.

Itching and biting in anus. Phos. 3.

Itching of anus when sitting. Staph. 3.

Itching. Burning pain in region of anus; itching of anus; pressure of anus. Petr. 3.

Itching. Violent itching or tingling at anus from worms. Zinc. Clin.

Itching. (Hæmorrhoids.) Blind hæmorrhoids, with itching in morning, preceded by pain in small of back in evening till 9 p. m., with sore pain in anus, worse from motion; painful; protruding. Puls. 3.

Itching. Hæmorrhoids, with itching at times. Caps. 3.

Itching. Hæmorrhoids; itching, with burning and sticking. Sulf. Ac. 3.

Itching. Piles and fissures at the anus, with great itching; scurf on borders of anus. Petr. Clin.

Itching. Painful protruding piles, with itching and sticking. Puls. Clin.

Itching. Bleeding piles, with itching and gnawing. Ferr. Clin.

Itching. Piles, with pain on sitting down or taking a wide step, as if split with a knife; with violent itching and very sore to touch. Graph. Clin.

Itching. Protruding piles; aching, itching and sore. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Itching. Irregular piles, with stitching burning or itching of the anus. Nux V. Clin.

Itching. (Rectum.) Crawling in rectum in evening when sitting, with biting as from worms; itching during the day. Sulf. 2.

Itching burning in rectum at night on waking, and in morning, with pinching extending to perineum. Nit. Ac. 2.

Itching. Fullness, itching, soreness and dryness of rectum. Æsc. 2.

Itching soreness in rectum, with pustules by the side of it. Amm. Mur. 2.

Itching in rectum and in genitals, with sticking. Caust. 2.

Itching. Protrusion of rectum, with itching in evening in bed. Natr. M. 2.

Itching in rectum in evening in bed. Ign. 2.

Itching. (Stool.) Biting, sore sensation in and around anus; after stool, with itching and soreness. Kali C. 3.

Itching. Burning in anus, with frequent stools; itching. Lyc. 3.

Itching. Burning in anus after stool, with itching. Mur. Ac. 3.

Itching. Constriction of anus, with itching, burning all day; worse after urinating, with hard stool. Nit. Ac. 3.

Itching. Prolapsus of rectum, with weak feeling in evening in bed; itching, burning all day; passes only wind and mucus, with a sensation of a plug in rectum. Sep. 2.

Itching. Congestion of anus after dinner; expulsion of ascarides; sticking, soreness, burning, itching. Sep. 3.

Itching. Discharge of moisture from anus, with sore feeling and itching around it; involuntary, of viscid, slimy, fluid, causing soreness; of thread worms during stool. Sulf. 3.

Itching. Jerking, almost sticking pain in rectum, with burning, stinging, itching during stool. Sil. 2.

Itching. Crawling, itching, burning in anus during stool. Zinc. 3.

Itching. Diarrhoea; stool yellowish, slimy; cutting pain before and after, with itching of anus when sitting. Staph. Clin.

Itching. Hæmorrhoids with itching and burning, particularly after stool. Berb. Clin.

Itching. Hæmorrhoids accompanied with obstinate constipation; swollen, itching, stinging, burning and painful when touched. Caust. Clin.

Itching. Hard, insufficient, difficult stool, with fullness, heat and itching at anus; like sheep's-dung; hard and black as if burnt. Sulf. Clin.

Itching. Diarrhoea, with much wind; stools profuse, dark-green, brown, gelatinous; worse after eating; from fruit, from lager beer, from abuse of Opium, with intolerable itching of anus during typhoid fever. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Itching. (Miscellaneous.) Soreness of perineum, with painful itching when touched; at night, with moisture. Carbo V. 3.

Itching. Ascarides with itching; unnatural appetite, flushed face. Ferr. Clin.

Itching-sticking. Hæmorrhoids with sore pain; unendurable on walking or reflecting; swollen, with itching-sticking and much moisture; hard, stinging, burning, painful when touched. Caust. 3.

Jaundice. Bell. Clin.

Jaundice. Enlargement of liver which is sore, with jaundice. Calc. C. Clin.

Jaundice. Dropsical diseases depending on organic affections of liver; jaundice with dull headache, constipation, foul tongue. Card. M. Clin.

Jaundice with clear urine, offensive; tongue white; stools dark. Chel. Clin.

Jaundice. Enlargement of the liver, pain under angle of right shoulder blade; or with jaundice; yellow tongue; bitter taste. Chel. Clin.

Jaundice in nursing children. China Clin.

Jaundice with hæmorrhage from the nose; tenderness of the liver. Crotal. H. Clin.

Jaundice. Gall-stone colic with jaundice. Hydras. Clin.

Jaundice. Liver torpid; skin yellow; stools light colored; jaundice. Hydras. Clin.

Jaundice. Duodenal catarrh; sometimes with jaundice, white stools. Kali B. Clin.

Jaundice. Enlarged liver of drunkards, with inflammation and abscess; jaundice; tenderness on pressure. Lach. Clin.

Jaundice. Enlargement and congestion of the liver; jaundice; yellow color of the face and eyes; gray stools, swelling of feet and legs. Mag. M. Clin.

Jaundice. Liver enormously enlarged; jaundice, with clay-colored stools; chronic derangements of liver. Nit. Ac. Clin.



## JAUNDICE.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## LARGE.

Jaundice. Irritable liver; jaundice from vexation; from excessive study or mental work; congestion of liver with soreness and sharp, sticking pains; aggravation from lying on left side. *Natr. S. Clin.*

Jaundice provoked by violent anger, abuse of Quinine, with attacks of faintness. *Nux V. Clin.*

Jaundice. Hyperæmia; at first enlargement, fatty degeneration, and finally atrophy of the liver, with jaundice and dropsy. *Phos. Clin.*

Jaundice. Chronic inflammation of the liver, associated with jaundice. *Pod. Clin.*

Jaundice. Gall-stone colic with jaundice and twisting pain. *Pod. Clin.*

Jaundice. Duodenitis with jaundice; ulceration of the duodenum. *Pod. Clin.*

Jaundice, with nausea and vomiting. *Plumb. Clin.*

Jaundiced. Liver enlarged and often indurated; jaundiced hue of skin and conjunctiva; liver sore to touch; stools clay-colored. *Merc. Clin.*

Jelly-like. Chronic dysentery, with the abdominal symptoms of flatulence and the burning in anus and rectum; discharge of jelly-like lumps. *Aloe Clin.*

Jelly-like. Diarrhœa; stools of jelly-like mucus, like frog's spawn, generally with tenesmus; sometimes profuse, watery, alternating with constipation. *Hell. Clin.*

Jelly-like. Dysentery; bloody stool, with deathly nausea from smelling cooking; watery stool; jelly-like mucus, with scrapings from the intestines. *Colch. Clin.*

Jelly-like. Watery, gushing diarrhœa in the morning; stools brownish, frothy, jelly-like, lumpy. *Kali B. Clin.*

Jelly-like. Periodical return of dysentery in spring or early part of summer; stools blackish, watery, bloody, jelly-like; stringy discharges, with tenesmus during and after stool. *Kali B. Clin.*

Jelly-like. Diarrhœa; stools jelly-like, dark yellow, red, watery, with lumps of transparent mucus; bloody water, like washings of beef. *Rhus Tox. Clin.*

Jelly-like. Chronic, debilitating diarrhœa, with almost constant oozing from anus; stools jelly-like, green or bloody, fetid or sour, expelled quickly; worse after taking boiled milk. *Sep. Clin.*

Jerking in anus when not at stool. *Nux V. 3.*

Jerking. Gripping and jerking in abdomen, with pain, which is better after stool. *Rhus Tox. 5.*

Jerking, almost sticking pain, in rectum, with burning, stinging, itching, during stool. *Sil. 2.*

Jerk-like. Cutting in abdomen after eating, jerk-like. *Chel. 5.*

Jerks. Squeezing constrictive pain in lowermost intestines, alternately with shoots or jerks in direction of perineum. *Bell. 2.*

Jerks. Feeling of distention of abdomen, with constrictive pain below umbilicus; the latter comes in jerks, obliging bending double. *Bell. 7.*

Joy. Diarrhœa after fright or sudden joy; offensive, involuntary, watery, frothy, dark stools. *Op. Clin.*

Juicy. Diarrhœa from juicy fruit or cider. *Calc. Ph. 1.*

Jumped. Anxiety, with pain in abdomen so violent that he grasped bystanders and again pushed them from him; frequently jumped out of bed and sat on the chamber or ran about. *Ars. A. 5.*

Jumping. Sensation in abdomen internally in sides, as if something living were jumping about. *Crocus 5.*

Kidney. Enlarged indurated liver, which is sore; reflex symptoms from floating kidney. *Zinc. Clin.*

Kidneys. Pain to side of umbilicus, corresponding to a place in front of kidneys, and rather to side, mostly sticking; often extending to lumbar region or to groins, liver, spleen or stomach. *Berb. 7.*

Kidneys. Intermittent boring in abdomen, often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder, lower limbs. *Plumb. 5.*

Kidneys. Colic from passage of gravel from kidneys; pains shoot up into kidneys and down into testicles and legs, with cold clammy sweat. *Diose. Clin.*

Knee. Pain in pelvis, beginning in sacrum and passing forward and down to right knee at 7:30 a. m., relieved by pressing against something hard; the pelvic pain relieved by crossing the limbs. *Sep. 7.*

Knee-elbow. Pressing downward in hypogastrium during menses; better in knee-elbow position, which caused eructations and sleep. *Sep. 7.*

Knife. Piles, with pain on sitting down or taking a wide step, as if split with a knife; with violent pinching and very sore to touch. *Graph. Clin.*

Knife. Fissure of the anus, with constant oozing of fetid moisture; with raw smarting as if cut with a knife. *Nit. Ac. Clin.*

Knives. Lead colic; cutting in abdomen as from knives; constricting spasmodic pains; pinching gripping sensation as if the bowels were squeezed between stones; the patient doubles up or seeks relief by pressing the belly against the bed post, or any hard object, or by lying on belly. *Coloc. Clin.*

Knot. Cutting pain in abdomen, with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulent here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus the more difficult it is to pass. *Ver. Alb. 5.*

Knots. Retraction of abdomen, with hardness and pain in umbilicus, radiating to lumbar region and iliac fossæ, with hard knots over its surface. *Plumb. 5.*

Knots. Constipation; stool hard, slow, with chill before and after stool; in knots and balls; sluggish bowels; suitable to old gentlemen who have seen much of life. *Mezer. Clin.*

Knots. Colic; intense paroxysms of a shooting character; abdomen hard as a stone, and drawn into the spine as if by a string; knots in recti muscles. *Plumb. Clin.*

Knotty. Stool hard and difficult; brown and knotty. *Card. M. 1.*

Knotty. Hard stool and covered with streaks of blood; knotty, enveloped in thick mucus, then a soft one enveloped in mucus. *Mag. M. 1.*

Knotty stools. *Natr. S. 1.*

Knotty. Constipation; stool hard and difficult, mixed with mucus and knotty; whitish, scanty, brownish; difficult but not hard. *Sep. 1.*

Knotty. Constipation; fruitless urging to stool; dryness of rectum; knotty stool shining as if greased; very small in size; passes easier when standing. *Caust. Clin.*

Knotty. Habitual constipation; stools scanty, knotty, followed by burning and painful retraction of rectum and anus. *Kali B. Clin.*

Knotty. Constipation; stool hard, knotty, streaked with blood, preceded and accompanied by smarting at the anus. *Natr. S. Clin.*

Knotty. Obstinate constipation; inactivity or intussusception; stools hard, thick and knotty balls, with pain in anus when passing, as if it would fly to pieces. *Thuja Clin.*

Labor-pains. Flatulent pain in abdomen, like labor-pains. *Natr. M. 5.*

Labor-pains. Cramps in rectum, like labor-pains, and in small of back. *Lyc. 2.*

Laced. Feeling below hypochondria, as if laced, with trembling and throbbing in epigastric region. *Calc. C. 6.*

Lacing. Stool of green mucus, with retching; vomiting of mucus and intolerance of lacing around hypochondria; bloody. *Arg. N. 1.*

Lager beer. Chronic diarrhœa off and on; aggravation from lager beer. *Kali B. Clin.*

Lager beer. Diarrhœa, with much wind; stools profuse, dark-green, brown, gelatinous; worse after eating; from fruit; from lager beer; from abuse of Opium; with intolerable itching of anus during typhoid fever. *Mur. Ac. Clin.*

Lancinating. Hæmorrhoids blind or flowing dark blood; lancinating pain from the anus upward, especially after stool; painless piles. *Sulf. Clin.*

Large. (*Stools.*) Constipation on account of hardness and large size of stool; copious, frequent, with shivering. *Ver. Alb. 1.*

Large and hard stool, voided with great difficulty; followed by severe pains in anus, with feeling as if a portion of the anus was protruded; with severe headache in lumbar region. *Æsc. 1.*



## LARGE.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## LEFT.

Large. Desire for stool in rectum in evening, with griping in hypogastrium; then large moist, at last thin, sourstool, after which he was relieved, but felt weak. *Dulc.* 2.

Large. Burning in rectum with the evacuation of stool and urine; stools dry and large; then copious, pasty stools, with relief of all symptoms except the confusion of head. *Bry.* 2.

Large. Constipation; stool large in size, with great effort of abdominal muscles. *Zinc.* 1.

Large. Chronic constipation; feeling in anus as if stuffed full; large, hard, difficult stools only once or twice a week. *Apis Clin.*

Large. Diarrhoea of undigested stools; sour odor, large in quantity. *Calc. C. Clin.*

Large. Contractive, sore pain in rectum from blind hæmorrhoids one or two hours after stool; stools large or soft, but passed with difficulty. *Ign. Clin.*

Large. Constipation; accumulation of large masses of feces, which are covered with mucus; the anus is fissured, the cracks bleed and ulcerate. *Graph. Clin.*

Large. Constipation; stools enormously large and painful, leaving the sphincters nearly paralyzed and slow to close, with a feeling of inability to draw up the partially prolapsed anus, especially in those who have abused alcohol or narcotics. *Lach. Clin.*

Large. Constipation; large, hard, difficult stools; frequent urging without effect; sensation as if much remained after stool; the action of the bowels irregular and spasmodic. *Nux V. Clin.*

Large. Constipation; stool large, hard lumps which remain long in rectum, and when feces are nearly expelled they suddenly recede into the rectum; even a soft stool is expelled with much difficulty. *Sil. Clin.*

Large. Chronic constipation; inertia of rectum; stools very large and very hard. *Ver. Alb. Clin.*

Large. (*Miscellaneous.*) Inguinal glands as large as peas, painful to touch. *Sil.* 7.

Large. Hæmorrhoids large, bleeding, which suppurate. *Merc. Clin.*

Lassitude. Diarrhoea; stools liquid, with mucus, red and yellow, gelatinous, tinged with blood; preceded by lassitude. *Rhus Tox.* 1.

Lasting. Diarrhoea lasting a long time, apparently without any weakening effect; stool white, gray, copious, painless, involuntary, with discharge of undigested substances. *Phos. Ac. Clin.*

Laughing. Diarrhoea; stools frequent in evening; involuntary when sneezing or laughing; half fluid, half lumpy, mixed with gas and noisy flatus; in morning, afternoon, and evening; always soon after eating. *Sulf.* 1.

Laurel. Stool hard, in shape of laurel berries; difficult with cutting in anus as if too narrow; then a stream of blood, followed by soreness in anus along rectum. *Alum.* 1.

Laxatives. Habitual costiveness, especially of old people; sensation as if the bowels would not move without the aid of laxatives; continued inclination, but often passes only fetid flatus. *Phytol. Clin.*

Lay. Distention and sensitiveness of abdomen, so that she must wear the clothes about stomach very loose; even in bed she must pull up the night dress; she dare not lay the arm across the abdomen. *Lach.* 5.

Lead colic. Cutting in abdomen as from knives; constricting, spasmodic pains; pinching, griping sensation as if the bowels were squeezed between stones; the patient doubles up or seeks relief by pressing the belly against the bed post or any hard object, or by lying on belly. *Coloc. Clin.*

Lead colic. *Natr. S. Clin.*

Lead. Constipation from lead poisoning; frequent desire but small evacuations, with great effort. *Plat. Clin.*

Lean. Cutting in abdomen during menses; obliging him to sit bent over, pressing with both hands, or to lean far back, as before diarrhoea. *Kali C.* 5.

Left. (*Abdomen.*) Stool pasty, light brown, after urging, then rumbling and gurgling in left side of abdomen; after an hour a second stool; mucous, urgent, grayish-green, and dirty brown; forcible. *Crot. Tig.* 1.

Left. Loud rumbling in the left side of abdomen, like the croaking of frogs. *Arg. M.* 5.

Left. Stitches like electric sparks through left side of abdomen, especially during a sudden transition from rest to motion. *Arg. N.* 5.

Left. Twitching in left side of abdomen between navel and left flank, as if in muscles of wall, then sticking deep in left side of back. *Bry.* 5.

Left. Accumulation of flatus in left upper abdomen, more towards back with pinching here and there under short ribs, in hypogastrium. *Carbo V.* 7.

Left. Sticking in left side of abdomen below umbilicus on walking rapidly, and afterwards. *China* 7.

Left. Pinching constriction in upper abdomen after eating, extending to left side of abdomen and chest. *Cocc.* 5.

Left. Gurgling rumbling in abdomen, worse on the left side. *Crot. Tig.* 5.

Left. Urging in rectum; sudden, with noise as of liquids in abdomen; worse on left side. *Jatr.* 2.

Left. (*Hypochondrium.*) Weight in left hypochondrium when walking, sitting and lying, not affecting breathing. *Lyc.* 6.

Left. Stitches in left hepatic region near border of false ribs about three inches from linea alba; aggravation from pressure, extending into region of stomach. *Berb.* 6.

Left. Sharp pain in left hypochondrium. *Diosc.* 6.

Left. Burning in left hypochondrium. *Graph.* 6.

Left hypochondrium hard and acutely painful to pressure. *Iod.* 6.

Left. Cutting in a spot in left hypochondrium in morning. *Mag. M.* 6.

Left. Pain in left hypochondrium, relieved when lying. *Sep.* 6.

Left. Pressive drawing forward in left hypochondrium, with anxiety and nausea in chest. *Rhus Tox.* 6.

Left. (*Ribs.*) Stitches under left false ribs when standing, intercepting breathing. *Arn.* 6.

Left. Stitches in liver, under left short rib. *Agar.* 6.

Left. Stitches in region of left short ribs. *Mezer.* 6.

Left. (*Miscellaneous.*) Sticking now in right, now in left groin, apparently connected with ovaries. *Coloc.* 7.

Left. Griping in left inguinal, extending to testicles. *Diosc.* 7.

Left. Constipation, with sensitiveness above Ponpart's ligament and hardness low down in left iliac region; afterwards almost dysentery of watery stools mixed with whitish-yellow and cheesy masses, and tenesmus. *Phos.* 1.

Left. Bruised pain in groin over left hip and on left side of pelvis. *Arg. M.* 7.

Left. Intermittent tearing in left half of pubic eminence. *Arn.* 7.

Left. Stitches at origin of Ponpart's ligament at left ilium, extending down; then shooting outward into left side of female urethra. *Berb.* 7.

Left. Pain above left hip as if it would burst there on coughing. *Caust.* 7.

Left. Sticking in anus at 1 p. m., when sitting, extending into region of left iliac bone. *Thuja* 3.

Left. Tension in liver when lying on left side, with pressure. *Card. M.* 6.

Left. Tension in region of left anterior superior spine of ilium in evening, changing into drawing, extending to spine of ilium; to inguinal region and upper third of inner surface of thigh. *Coloc.* 7.

Left. Intermittent sticking in left side of anus. *Crocus* 3.

Left. Incarcerated flatulence in left side. *Sulf. Clin.*

Left. Flatulent colic from acids, with frequent loose stools; cutting almost constantly, running from left to right. *Ipec. Clin.*

Left. Flatulent colic; the incarcerated flatus causes much pain, as it cannot pass; colicky pains on the right side of the abdomen, extending into the bladder; cutting pains across abdomen from right to left. *Lyc. Clin.*

Left. Irritable liver; jaundice from vexation; from excessive study or mental work; congestion of liver with soreness and sharp, sticking pains; aggravation from lying on left side. *Natr. S. Clin.*

Left. Typhlitis; painful swelling of the whole right side of abdomen; aggravation from lying on left side; better when lying on the back and by gentle pressure. *Rhus Tox. Clin.*

Left. Desire for stool whenever she lies on left side. *Phos. Clin.*



## LECS.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## LIVER.

Legs. Colic from passage of gravel from kidneys; pains shoot up into kidneys and down into testicles and legs, with cold, clammy sweat. Diosc. Clin.

Legs. Enlargement and congestion of the liver; jaundice; yellow color of the face and eyes; gray stools; swelling of feet and legs. Mag. M. Clin.

Lemon-colored. Diarrhœa of drunkards on their last legs; great debility and nervous prostration; a sensation of trembling all over the body; stools lemon-colored, chopped, frothy, mucous, stringy, offensive, watery, with burning in rectum during stool. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Leucorrhœa. Cutting in abdomen, then leucorrhœa, with griping at various times; sometimes when yawning, after breakfast or with cutting after dinner. Zinc. 5.

Leucorrhœa. Griping in abdomen before discharge of leucorrhœa. Con. 5.

Lie. Swelling of inguinal glands with circumscribed redness; with pain on pressure and from long walking and standing; obliged to lie down. Merc. 7.

Lie. Stool frequent, with necessity to lie down after every stool; small; consisting of mucus. Arn. 1.

Lie. Pain about umbilicus, causing him to bend forward; aggravation from touch, attempting to raise himself or to lie on back, and cried out that his intestines were burning. Ars. A. 7.

Lie. Griping in abdomen, so that he could neither lie nor sit, and could only walk bent over; amelioration from violent motion and rolling about. Coloc. 5.

Lie. Weakness in abdomen and in back so that she must lie down. Phos. 5.

Lies. Stool lies close to anus without passing and without injury. Lach. 3.

Lies. Desire for stool whenever she lies on left side. Phos. Clin.

Life. Pain in abdomen; better after stool, with unbearable anxiety, so that he rolled about the floor and despaired of his life. Ars. A. 5.

Lifting. Sticking in umbilical region; in a spot obliging him to bend up; worse from lifting, extending towards loins and spine. Coloc. 7.

Ligament. Constipation, with sensitiveness above Ponpart's ligament and hardness low down in left iliac region; afterwards almost dysentery of watery stools mixed with whitish-yellow and cheesy masses and tenesmus. Phos. 1.

Ligament. Stitches at origin of Ponpart's ligament at left ilium, extending down, then shooting outward into left side of female urethra. Berb. 7.

Ligaments. Congested, enlarged liver; sensation of pain and drawing in right hypochondrium as if the liver had increased in weight and dragged at its ligaments. Agar. Clin.

Light. Stool light yellow, soft, three times a day, with weakness. Borax 1.

Light. Stools soft, with lumps of white mucus; pasty; at an unusual time; lumpy; light; clay-colored, with urging and inactivity of rectum. Phos. 1.

Light. Stool pasty, bright yellow, copious, with much mucus and light gray. Chel. 1.

Light. Pain in abdomen after a light meal, with tympanitis. Zinc. 5.

Light. Diarrhœa without pain or urging; stools brown, watery, white, watery, green, mucous, thin, pasty, bright yellow, or light gray, like rice-water. Chel. Clin.

Light brown. Stool pasty, light brown after urging, then rumbling and gurgling in left side of abdomen, after an hour a second stool; mucous, urgent, grayish-green, and dirty brown; forcible. Croc. Tig. 1.

Light colored. Constipation; stool hard with burning in anus; lumpy, scanty, offensive, difficult, light colored. Sil. 1.

Light colored. Liver torpid; skin yellow; stools light colored; jaundice. Hydras. Clin.

Light gray. Chronic diarrhœa in cachectic, dyspeptic persons; stools light gray or brownish, corrosive, sometimes painless, with rumbling in bowels; colicky pains during and before stool and burning in anus after. Kali C. Clin.

Light yellow. Chronic diarrhœa after the abuse of Mercury or Quinine; light yellow, fecal, papescent, sour stool, with undigested food. Hep. Clin.

Limb. Swelling of inguinal glands; suppurative, with pain on walking; the whole limb seems paralyzed and muscles tense. Nit. Ac. 7.

Limbs. Heaviness in abdomen like a stone, just before menses; during menses; in sacrum, with inclination of lower limbs to fall asleep when sitting. Puls. 5.

Limbs. Pain in pelvis beginning in sacrum and passing forward and down to right knee, at 7:30 a. m.; relieved by pressing against something hard; the pelvic pain relieved by crossing the limbs. Sep. 7.

Limbs. Burning in rectum after stool, with weakness and trembling in all limbs. Ars. A. 2.

Limbs. Intermittent boring in abdomen often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder, lower limbs. Plumb. 5.

Lime. Chronic diarrhœa, with gradual loss of strength; fetid stool and flatus; smelling like lime which has been used to purify gas of sulphur. Phos. Clin.

Lips. Colic; scanty urine, with pallor, sunken features, and staggering; pupils dilated, lips bluish, face covered with clammy sweat, pulse thready. Hell. 5.

Lips. Acute dysentery with unquenchable thirst; even the lips, mouth, and throat feel raw and burning; tendency to collapse; cold hands and feet. Canth. Clin.

Liquid. (Stool.) Diarrhœa in morning with heat and pain in anus; stool liquid, yellow, green, frequent. Pod. 1.

Liquid. Stool brown, liquid, fetid, copious. Arg. N. 1.

Liquid. Stool of greenish water with distention of abdomen, frequent; liquid; always preceded by griping; worse on right side. Mag. C. 1.

Liquid stool; diarrhœa in morning on rising; yellow; with distention and dull pain under ribs. Aloe 1.

Liquid. Sudden waking at 6 a. m., with copious, yellow, half-liquid stool, with urging in rectum. Arg. N. 1.

Liquid. Stool intermitting, frequent; at first hard, then pasty, then liquid, white, offensive, like bad eggs. Calc. C. 1.

Liquid, involuntary stool, then burning in anus and griping in intestines. Kali B. 1.

Liquid. Stool liquid and brownish; frothy, profuse, forcible, several times a day; yellowish, mostly in morning. Ratan. 1.

Liquid. Diarrhœa; stool liquid, with mucus; red and yellow; gelatinous; tinged with blood, preceded by lassitude. Rhus Tox. 1.

Liquid. Diarrhœa; stool partly liquid, partly solid; offensive, with much thin mucus and streaks of blood. Sulf. Ac. 1.

Liquid. Painful diarrhœa; watery, liquid stools of the most disgusting smell; discharges profuse, greenish, blackish-brown, papescent; stool and breath equally offensive. Asaf. Clin.

Liquid. Diarrhœa, with colicky pains around navel before or during stool; stools sour, liquid, slimy, fecal, mixed with green slime. Rheum Clin.

Liquid. Chronic diarrhœa, green liquid stools, always mucous and bloody; no emission of flatus for six days. Ratan. Clin.

Liquids. (Miscellaneous.) Urging in rectum, sudden, with noise as of liquids in abdomen; worse on left side. Jat. 2.

Lithotomy. Colic; crampy pains following a fit of anger, or following operations about the abdomen; after lithotomy. Staph. Clin.

Little. Distention of abdomen after eating a little. Kali C. 5.

Live. Constipation of persons who live to eat, with heavy pressure in the lower part of the abdomen. Aloe Clin.

Liver. (Atrophy.) Chronic atrophy of liver, with emaciation and desiccation of body; sticking in region of liver so that he could not breathe nor eructate. Merc. 6.

Liver. Wasting away of liver; nutmeg liver. Laur. Clin.

Liver. Atrophic nutmeg liver, which is swollen; enlargement of liver and spleen after intermittent fever. Nux Mos. Clin.

Liver. Hyperæmia; at first enlargement, fatty degeneration, and finally atrophy of the liver, with jaundice and dropsy. Phos. Clin.

Liver. (Cirrhosis.) Cirrhosis of the liver from malarial cachexia. Arg. N. Clin.

Liver. Chronic engorgement of the liver; cirrhosis, soreness and stitches in the liver when walking; hepatic abscess. Hep. Clin.



## LIVER.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## LIVER.

Liver. Cirrhosis of liver. Mag. M. Clin.  
 Liver. Cirrhotic liver can be felt as emaciation progresses; clay-colored stools; tenderness over the region of the liver, especially after the abuse of Mercury. Iod. Clin.  
 Liver. Cirrhosis of the liver. Phos. Clin.  
 Liver. Cirrhosis of the liver; first enlarged and then contracted; hepatic region sensitive to pressure; continuing darting pain. Plumb. Clin.  
 Liver. Cirrhosis of liver, with ascites, especially in drunkards; gin liver; chronic hepatitis, with tendency to abscess. Lyc. Clin.  
 Liver. (*Enlargement.*) Enlargement of liver. Phos. 6.  
 Liver. Congested, enlarged liver; sensation of pain and drawing in right hypochondrium as if the liver had increased in weight and dragged at its ligaments. Agar. Clin.  
 Liver. Enlarged liver. Ars. A. Clin.  
 Liver. Enlargement of liver, which is sore, with jaundice. Calc. C. Clin.  
 Liver. Enlargement of the liver; pain under angle of right shoulder blade, or with jaundice; yellow tongue, bitter taste. Chel. Clin.  
 Liver. Enlarged liver of drunkards, with inflammation and abscess; jaundice; tenderness on pressure. Lach. Clin.  
 Liver. Enlarged liver of children who are puny in their growth and rachitic. Mag. M. Clin.  
 Liver. Enlargement and congestion of the liver; jaundice; yellow color of the face and eyes; gray stools; swelling of feet and legs. Mag. M. Clin.  
 Liver enlarged and often indurated; jaundiced hue of skin and conjunctiva; liver sore to touch; stools clay-colored. Merc. Clin.  
 Liver enormously enlarged; jaundice with clay colored stools; chronic derangements of liver. Nit. Ac. Clin.  
 Liver. Acute yellow atrophy of the liver. Phos. Clin.  
 Liver. Enlargement of the liver with heaviness in the hepatic region. Sep. Clin.  
 Liver. Enlarged, indurated liver, which is sore; reflex symptoms from floating kidney. Zinc. Clin.  
 Liver. Enlargement of liver; feeling as of a hard tumor in region of umbilicus, with cramp-like pain in hepatic region. Zinc. Clin.  
 Liver. Congested, enlarged liver; sensation of pain and drawing in right hypochondrium as if the liver had increased in weight and dragged at its ligaments. Agar. Clin.  
 Liver. (*Inflammation.*) Inflammation of the liver with pain, swelling, hardness, constant fever, dry tongue, restlessness, small, rapid pulse, and on rising from bed faintness. Iod. 6.  
 Liver. Swelling of liver. China 6.  
 Liver. Hard swellings of the liver. Con. 7.  
 Liver. Swelling and abscess in liver, with stitching pains in right side, commencing in back and going through and up into the chest. Kali C. Clin.

Liver. Peri-hepatitis, with sharp stitches in right hypochondrium; aggravation from any motion; better when lying on right side; liver seems swollen, sore to touch. Bry. Clin.  
 Liver. Hepatitis after vexation or taking cold; dull, aching pains in liver. Cham. Clin.  
 Liver. Chronic inflammation of the liver, with constipation; vomiting of green mucus. Plumb. Clin.  
 Liver. Hepatic affections in good livers; in alcoholic excesses and after allopathic dosing; liver swollen, hard and sensitive to pressure of clothing. Nux V. Clin.  
 Liver. Chronic inflammation of the liver, associated with jaundice. Pod. Clin.  
 Liver. Chronic hepatitis; stinging, sharp pains in liver and in spleen. Psor. Clin.  
 Liver. Inflammation and gangrene of the liver; enlargement; acute pains in hepatic region. Secale Clin.  
 Liver. Swelling and hardness of the liver; stitches. Sulf. Clin.  
 Liver. (*Pains.*) Drawing, tensive pains in abdomen like liver pains. Puls. 5.  
 Liver. Aching in liver, extending to spine; worse in region of gall-bladder; with rumbling in abdomen and aching in umbilical region. Lept. 6.  
 Liver. Pain through hypochondria and in right scapula; in region of liver and spleen. Chel. 6.  
 Liver. Constant dull aching in right lower lobe of liver. Æsc. 6.  
 Liver. Stitches in liver under left short ribs. Agar. 6.  
 Liver. Pain over region of liver, aggravated by pressure. Ars. A. 6.  
 Liver. Pain in region of gall-bladder, aggravated by walking; in liver, extending from right lateral ligament to gall-bladder. Bapt. 6.  
 Liver. Sharp pinching pains in liver, which come suddenly and with great severity. Berb. Clin.  
 Liver. Hepatic region very sensitive and painful to touch; right lobe of liver painful; stitching burning pains; clothing unendurable. Carbo V. Clin.  
 Liver. Pain in hypochondria on touch; in region of liver; bruised pain. Carbo V. 6.  
 Liver. Intermittent acute pain in liver region, extending to scapulæ. Hydras. 6.  
 Liver. Heavy grinding in region of liver, worse in evening. Diosc. 6.  
 Liver. Beating and bubbling in liver as in a sore finger; burning. Laur. 6.  
 Liver. Paralytic bruised pain in liver on inspiration, extending to shoulder. Laur. 6.  
 Liver. Sticking in liver; in right hypochondrium, with burning and pain on touch; then burning extending backward. Laur. 6.  
 Liver. Distress in umbilicus, with burning in back part of liver and in spine. Lept. 7.  
 Liver. Pain in liver when walking, changing to heaviness; cutting, drawing, burning pain in liver. Kali C. 6.

Liver. Hæmorrhoids, with darting pain shooting to liver; look like bunches of grapes, with great pain and distress. Diosc. Clin.  
 Liver. Chronic congestion of the liver, with depression of spirits; stitches and burning in right hypochondrium. Amm. Mur. Clin.  
 Liver. Pain in right hypochondrium, especially when limited to a small spot; dull pain or stitches in liver; clay-colored stool. Kali B. Clin.  
 Liver. Soreness over the region of the liver, with cutting pains and vomiting of bile. Iris V. Clin.  
 Liver. Jaundice, with hæmorrhage from the nose; tenderness of the liver. Crotal. H. Clin.  
 Liver. Irritable liver; jaundice from vexation; from excessive study or mental work; congestion of liver with soreness and sharp sticking pains; aggravation from lying on left side. Natr. S. Clin.  
 Liver. Abscess of liver; throbbing ulcerative pain in hepatic region, worse from touch or walking; hardness; distention of liver. Sil. Clin.  
 Liver. Induration of the liver. Graph. Clin.  
 Liver. Hæmorrhoids from engorgement of the liver; hæmorrhage from rectum, with soft stool. Hep. Clin.  
 Liver torpid; skin yellow; stools light-colored; jaundice. Hydras. Clin.  
 Liver. Derangements of the liver, with yellow eyes and skin, nausea and headache. Iris V. Clin.  
 Liver. Fatty liver in consequence of cardiac troubles. Phos. Clin.  
 Liver. Waxy liver dependent upon long-lasting bone disease. Phos. Clin.  
 Liver. Functional derangement of liver, often preceded by migraine; constant aching pain in right side of abdomen. Sep. Clin.  
 Liver. Hyperæmia of liver, with great pressure in hepatic region, alternating with vomiting or diarrhœa. Ver. Alb. Clin.  
 Liver. (*Miscellaneous.*) Uneasiness in region of liver, with heat, pressure and tension. Aloe 6.  
 Liver. Tension in liver when lying on left side, with pressure. Card. M. 6.  
 Liver. Pain in side of umbilicus corresponding to a place in front of kidneys and rather to side, mostly sticking; often extending to lumbar region or to groins, liver, spleen or stomach. Berb. 7.  
 Liver. Tension in liver region as if it were too short there on waking from midday nap. Carbo V. 6.  
 Liver. Protruding purple piles, with severe pains in the sacrum and small of back, and fullness in the region of the liver. Æsc. Clin.  
 Liver troubles associated with engorged portal circulation, especially in large hæmorrhoids. Æsc. Clin.  
 Liver. Dropsical diseases depending on organic affections of liver; jaundice, with dull headache; constipation; foul tongue. Card. M. Clin.



## LIVER.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## LUMPS.

**Liver.** Obstinate constipation, following diarrhœa in old spirit drinkers who are full of nervous symptoms, as loss of appetite, insomnia, scirrhotic liver. Agar. Clin.

**Liver.** Constipation, with torpor of the liver and hæmorrhoids; stool very small; resembles sheep's-dung; passed only by very great straining. Bapt. Clin.

**Livers.** Hepatic affections in good livers; in alcoholic excesses and after allopathic dosing; liver swollen, hard and sensitive to pressure of clothing. Nux V. Clin.

**Living.** Sensation in abdomen; internally in sides as if something living were jumping about. Crocus 5.

**Living.** Movement in hypogastrium as if something living, like a pushing of muscles by the arm of a child, without pain. Thuja 7.

**Living.** Sensation as if something living were moving about deep in lower abdomen. Crocus 7.

**Living.** Diarrhœa from abuse of intoxicating drinks or high living; stools frequent, small, corrosive, offensive, thin, brownish-green, fecal. Nux V. Clin.

**Load.** Obstinate constipation, with feeling of a load in rectum which cannot be evacuated; stools seem to stick to the anus like putty. Plat. Clin.

**Loathing.** Diarrhœa, with great prostration; stools involuntary during sleep; brown, fermented, with fetid breath and loathing of food. Arn. Clin.

**Lobe.** Constant, dull aching in right lower lobe of liver. Æsc. 6.

**Lobe.** Hepatic region very sensitive and painful to touch; right lobe of liver painful; stitching burning pains; clothing unendurable. Carbo V. Clin.

**Loins.** Sticking in umbilical region in a spot obliging him to bend up, worse from lifting, extending towards loins and spine. Coloc. 7.

**Long.** Inveterate constipation, with disappointing calls, the trouble being in the rectum; feces slender, long, narrow, dry, tough and hard, like a dog's, and voided with difficulty. Phos. Clin.

**Long-continued sensation in rectum after stool as if one had just been to stool or had just recovered from a pain in anus.** Berb. 2.

**Long-lasting.** Dysentery; burning in anus during stool and long-lasting, severe tenesmus afterwards; fruitless efforts to stool, which is bloody, watery and offensive. Plumb. Clin.

**Long-standing.** Piles, with prolapsus ani and long-standing diarrhœa. Pod. Clin.

**Longer.** Cutting pain in abdomen, with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulent here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus the more difficult it is to pass. Ver. Alb. 5.

**Loose.** Stool natural at first; then several small, loose evacuations; then small, hard evacuations, with violent straining in rectum and anus till all are passed. Ant. Cr. 1.

**Loose.** Distention and sensitiveness of abdomen so that she must wear the clothes about stomach very loose; even in bed she must pull up the night dress; she dares not lay the arm across the abdomen. Lach. 5.

**Loose.** Stool soft, mixed with serum; orange-colored; loose in morning and urgent. Apis 1.

**Loose.** Diarrhœa, with great prostration and collapse at the very commencement of the disease; cutting pains, with a loose discharge of dark brown or black feces, like coffee grounds; rice-water stools. Camph. Clin.

**Loose.** Nervous diarrhœa from depression of the nerve centres; stools loose, papescent, enveloped in bright red, foamy blood, preceded by colic, with burning at the anus during and after stool. Zinc. Clin.

**Loose.** Flatulent colic from acids, with frequent, loose stools; cutting almost constantly, running from left to right. Ipec. Clin.

**Looseness.** Sensation of a foreign substance in rectum, or rough, hard feces, with constant looseness of bowels. Natr. M. 2.

**Loss.** Constipation; stool hard and dark brown, in small pieces, with loss of appetite; stool gray and crumbly and unsatisfactory. Op. 1.

**Loss.** Weakness in abdomen after two hard stools, with loss of appetite. Sep. 2.

**Loss.** Obstinate constipation following diarrhœa in old spirit drinkers, who are full of nervous symptoms, as loss of appetite, insomnia, scirrhotic liver. Agar. Clin.

**Loss.** Diarrhœa, particularly after meals; at night; painless; early in the morning; in hot weather; from eating fruit; from drinking sour beer; after severe, acute diseases; after loss of fluids. China Clin.

**Loss.** Chronic diarrhœa, with gradual loss of strength; fetid stool and flatus smelling like lime which has been used to purify gas of sulphur. Phos. Clin.

**Loud.** Offensive flatus, with stool; frequent and loud; easy, with inclination as for soft stool. Aloe 5.

**Loud rumbling in left side of abdomen like the croaking of frogs.** Arg. M. 5.

**Loud.** Emissions of flatus loud, short and interrupted; offensive; worse before stool. Mezer. 5.

**Loud, offensive flatus all the afternoon.** Caust. 5.

**Low.** Cutting low down in hypogastric region. Hyosc. 7.

**Low.** Dysentery, with a low type of fever; bloody, almost painless stools. Apis Clin.

**Low.** Diarrhœa in low types of malarial fever; evacuations horribly offensive, thin, fecal, usually dark. Bapt. Clin.

**Lower.** Constant, dull aching in right lower lobe of liver. Æsc. 6.

**Lower.** Twisting in all parts of abdomen; worse in lower; constantly changing. Diosc. 5.

**Lower.** Frequent and successful desire for stool in lower part of the rectum, with expulsion of soft stool. Arg. M. 2.

**Lower.** Cutting, with heaviness across lower abdomen; ineffectual retchings, then ineffectual tendency to diarrhœa; difficult vomiting, trembling in abdomen and bending together; then two diarrhœic stools, the last like water. Ant. T. 5.

**Lower.** Heaviness in lower part of rectum. Calc. C. 2.

**Lower.** Intermittent boring in abdomen, often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder, lower limbs. Plumb. 5.

**Lower.** Constipation in persons of sedentary habits from atony of lower intestines; stools hard, dry, crumbles when passing, with great straining and causing prolapse of rectum. Pod. Clin.

**Lower.** Constipation of persons who live to eat, with heavy pressure in the lower part of the abdomen. Aloe Clin.

**Lumbar.** Large and hard stool, voided with great difficulty, followed by severe pains in anus, with feeling as if a portion of the anus was protruded; with severe backache in lumbar region. Æsc. 1.

**Lumbar.** Pain to side of umbilicus, corresponding to a place in front of kidneys and rather to side, mostly sticking; often extending to lumbar region or to groins, liver, spleen or stomach. Berb. 7.

**Lumbar.** Constrictive pain below short ribs, extending into lumbar vertebra. Camph. 5.

**Lumbar.** Gripping in umbilical region; then cutting in abdomen, across right lumbar region, extending to back. Chel. 7.

**Lumbar.** Retraction of abdomen, with hardness and pain in umbilicus, radiating to lumbar region and iliac fossæ, with hard knots over its surface. Plumb. 5.

**Lumbar.** Chronic diarrhœa; first part hard and black, then evacuation yellow, thin or brown; mushy or white, accompanied by severe lumbar and sacral pains. Æsc. Clin.

**Lumbrici.** Diarrhœa, with discharge of lumbrici and ascarides; involuntary, greenish, slimy or white. Cina Clin.

**Lumps.** Stool soft, with lumps of white mucus; pasty; at an unusual time; lumpy; light; clay-colored, with urging and inactivity of rectum. Phos. 1.

**Lumps.** Chronic dysentery, with the abdominal symptoms of flatulence and the burning in anus and rectum; discharge of jelly-like lumps. Aloe Clin.

**Lumps.** Painless diarrhœa, especially mornings; greenish, watery, mucous, profuse and full of bright red lumps. Apis Clin.

**Lumps.** Stools looking like lumps of chalk in children during dentition; hard, undigested; bleeding from anus after stool. Calc. C. Clin.



**LUMPS.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****MEAL-LIKE.**

**Lumps.** Children's stools white, dry, with hard lumps of curd. Ant. Cr. Clin.

**Lumps.** Cholera infantum, with vomiting of sour food or curdled lumps. Calc. C. Clin.

**Lumps.** Diarrhœa; stool like scum of a frog pond, green, frothy; white masses like lumps of tallow floating on the green; sour-smelling, undigested, containing curds. Mag. C. Clin.

**Lumps.** Diarrhœa, with excessive accumulation of flatus; stools thin, brown or pale; fecal, mixed with lumps, thin, yellow, shaggy, reddish, mucous, undigested. Lyc. Clin.

**Lumps.** Morning diarrhœa, with green, painless but exhausting stools; watery; pouring away as from a hydrant; with lumps of white mucus or little grains like tallow. Phos. Clin.

**Lumps.** Diarrhœa; stools jelly-like, dark yellow, red, watery, with lumps of transparent mucus; bloody water like washings of beef. Rhus Tox. Clin.

**Lumps.** Constipation; stool large hard lumps which remain long in rectum, and when feces are nearly expelled they suddenly recede into the rectum; even a soft stool is expelled with much difficulty. Sil. Clin.

**Lumpy.** Stool; first part lumpy, second soft. Lyc. 1.

**Lumpy.** Constipation; stool hard, with burning in anus; lumpy, scanty, offensive, difficult, light colored. Sil. 1.

**Lumpy.** Stool hard, with urging and sticking in anus; lumpy, with threads of mucus; dark, half digested, of intolerable odor. Graph. 1.

**Lumpy.** Stool profuse, black, fetid, running out in a stream; at first hard, black and lumpy, then mushy. Lept. 1.

**Lumpy.** Stool soft, with lumps of white mucus; pasty, at an unusual time, lumpy; light, clay-colored, with urging and inactivity of rectum. Phos. 1.

**Lumpy.** Watery, gushing diarrhœa in the morning; stools brownish, frothy, jelly-like, lumpy. Kali B. Clin.

**Lung trouble.** Hæmorrhoids, complicating fistula ani, especially in persons suffering from lung trouble. Kali C. Clin.

**Lying.** (*Aggravation.*) Pain in hepatic region on pressure; sensitiveness; worse when lying on right side, with pain on touch. Phos. 6.

**Lying.** Pain in muscles of abdomen when rising from lying, with pressing to stool, as from taking cold. Aloe 5.

**Lying.** Flatulent colic deep in the abdomen; worse when lying. Phos. Clin.

**Lying.** Irritable liver; jaundice from vexation; from excessive study or mental work; congestion of liver, with soreness and sharp, sticking pains; aggravation from lying on left side. Natr. S. Clin.

**Lying.** Acute pain in hepatic region; worse from pressure, breathing, coughing and lying on the right side. Bell. Clin.

**Lying.** Violent, flatulent colic, generally relieved by walking about; aggravated by lying down at night; pains are generally cutting, twisting; amelioration from pressure; generally radiate from the abdomen to the back, into chest and arms. Diosc. Clin.

**Lying.** (*Amelioration.*) Distention of abdomen by flatulence, waking about midnight, causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief; new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. Cocc. 5.

**Lying.** Colic in hypogastrium as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest, when sitting and lying. Nux V. 7.

**Lying.** Pain in abdomen before breakfast, flatulent, relieved by difficult emission of flatus and lying on side. Natr. S. 5.

**Lying.** Pain in left hypochondrium, relieved when lying. Sep. 6.

**Lying.** Perihepatitis, with sharp stitches in right hypochondrium; aggravation from any motion; better when lying on right side; liver seems swollen, sore to touch. Bry. Clin.

**Lying.** Colic from cold evening air; from worms; colic, which only passes off by lying down. Merc. Clin.

**Lying.** Typhlitis; painful swelling of the whole right side of abdomen; aggravation from lying on left side; better when lying on the back and by gentle pressure. Rhus Tox. Clin.

**Lying.** Colic, compelling one to walk bent, relieved by bending double and walking about, or by lying on the abdomen. Rhus Tox. Clin.

**Lying.** Lead colic; cutting in abdomen as from knives; constricting, spasmodic pains; pinching griping sensation as if the bowels were squeezed between stones; the patient doubles up or seeks relief by pressing the belly against the bed post or any hard object or by lying on belly. Coloc. Clin.

**Lying.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Weight in left hypochondrium when walking, sitting and lying, not affecting breathing. Lyc. 6.

**Lying.** Urging to stool after eating, when rising from lying; sudden in morning on rising; ineffectual; also with emission of flatus. Aloe 2.

**Lying.** Sticking in groin; feeling after sitting down as if a large, heavy body were lying there; better after pressure; by passage of flatus. Carbo An. 7.

**Lying.** Flatulent colic in evening after lying down. Nux V. 5.

**Lying.** Tension in liver when lying on left side, with pressure. Card. M. 6.

**Lying.** Pain in region of ascending colon on rising after stool; in region of right quadratus lumborum muscles on rising from lying. Rhus Tox. 7.

**Lying.** Pain across hypogastrium at night on lying down; amelioration from micturition. Sep. 7.

**Lying-in.** Constipation of lying-in women. Bry. Clin.

**Malarial.** Cirrhosis of the liver from malarial cachexia. Arg. N. Clin.

**Malarial.** Diarrhœa of malarial origin or after chilling the stomach with cold substances; stools generally dark, scanty, watery or mucous; sometimes bloody. Ars. A. Clin.

**Malarial.** Diarrhœa in low types of malarial fever; evacuations horribly offensive, thin, fecal, usually dark. Bapt. Clin.

**Margin.** Itching in anus, with sore pain, as from hæmorrhoids on margin, becoming a smarting and sore pain, as from blind piles. Nux V. 3.

**Marshy.** Dysentery in marshy districts, with intermittent symptoms. China Clin.

**Masses.** Constipation, painless; stools hard masses, scanty, enveloped in mucus, with pricking cutting in anus. Nit. Ac. 1.

**Masses.** Constipation, with sensitiveness above Ponpart's ligament and hardness low down in left iliac region; afterwards almost dysentery of watery stools, mixed with whitish-yellow and cheesy masses and tenesmus. Phos. 1.

**Masses.** Constipation; accumulation of large masses of feces, which are covered with mucus; the anus is fissured; the cracks bleed and ulcerate. Graph. Clin.

**Masses.** Diarrhœa; stool like scum of a frog pond; green, frothy; white masses, like lumps of tallow, floating on the green; sour-smelling; undigested; containing curds. Mag. C. Clin.

**Meal.** Emission of flatus after every meal; on attempting to go to stool; burning and offensive. Aloe 5.

**Meal.** Urging to stool after a meal, more in upper part of intestines. Anac. 1.

**Meal.** Pain in abdomen after a light meal, with tympanitis. Zinc. 5.

**Meal.** Flatulence in abdomen after every meal. Borax 5.

**Meal.** Flatulent pain in evening after a meal; here and there after midnight; not relieved by emission of flatus. Puls. 5.

**Meal.** Desire in rectum for stool after a meal; desire increased when moving about; then thin, offensive stool with colic; then ineffectual tenesmus; later another stool; after rising from stool the urging, which had gradually subsided, returned more violent than ever. Rheum 2.

**Meal-like.** Diarrhœa, with constant rumbling and gurgling in abdomen; stools dark yellow, undigested, very offensive; stools of yellow water with meal-like sediment; worse night and morning after eating. Phos. Ac. Clin.



## MEAL-LIKE.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## MIDNIGHT.

- Meal-like.** Chronic diarrhœa, especially during early hours of morning; stool watery, with meal-like sediment; yellow, pasty, black; mucous and blood-streaked; involuntary; very offensive, like carrion. Pod. Clin.
- Meals.** Diarrhœa, particularly after meals at night; painless; early in the morning; in hot weather; from eating fruit; from drinking sour beer; after severe acute diseases; after loss of fluids. China Clin.
- Meat.** Cholera infantum; great desire for indigestible things, like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken, flabby; emaciation; stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. Calc. Ph. Clin.
- Meat.** Chronic diarrhœa in dyspeptics and consumptives, which is caused whenever taking fresh meat, fat food; acids, sweets. Caust. Clin.
- Meat washings.** Chronic dysentery; discharges like meat washings; severe tenesmus; burning pain deep in rectum. Pod. Clin.
- Membrane.** Diarrhœa; profuse, bloody, containing mucous membrane and clots of blood. Phos. 1.
- Membrane.** Feeling in rectum as if mucous membrane were thick and obstructed stool; and as if rectum would protrude if the effort were continued. Æsc. 2.
- Membrane.** Diarrhœa; copious, yellowish and offensive, containing pieces of white membrane; orange-yellow, slimy; with bright yellow flakes, without feces. Colch. 1.
- Membrane.** Mucous membrane of the anus is swollen and everted in dysentery, with excessive tenderness. Bell. Clin.
- Membrane.** Camp diarrhœa; chronic; from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane, with aching and burning in hepatic region; worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. Lept. Clin.
- Membranes.** Diarrhœa, with cutting pressing pains before and during stool, with drawing pain in rectum after hard stool, continuing for hours; stools green, slimy, with flakes of false membranes; undigested, putrid, fetid, sour-smelling. Nit. Ac. Clin.
- Membranous.** Tenesmus, with only a little feces at first; then transparent, bilious, membranous mucus, with relief of colic; amelioration from frequent passage of flatus; urging to stool, which is unsatisfactory. Colch. 2.
- Meningitis.** Diarrhœa during pregnancy; during dentition; during meningitis tuberculosa. Hell. Clin.
- Menses.** Griping in hypogastrium during menses, with pain in small of back and general chilliness. Sulf. 7.
- Menses.** Pressing downward in hypogastrium during menses; better in knee-elbow position, which caused eructations and sleep. Sep. 7.
- Menses.** Weak feeling in abdomen as if menses would come on. Sulf. Ac. 5.
- Menses.** Heaviness in abdomen, like a stone, just before menses; during menses; in sacrum, with inclination of lower limbs to fall asleep when sitting. Puls. 5.
- Menses.** Cutting in abdomen during menses; obliging him to sit bent over, pressing with both hands, or to lean far back; as before diarrhœa. Kali C. 5.
- Menses.** Sorness in abdomen as if menses would appear, with drawing, tension, heaviness during motion; emptiness after stool. Sep. 5.
- Menses.** Dragging-down in rectum during menses, with full sensation in pelvis. Aloe 2.
- Menses.** Coldness in abdomen during menses, as if a cold fluid passed through intestines. Kali C. 5.
- Menses.** Cutting in abdomen on appearance of menses; aggravation from motion, with tearing in back and small of back; during menstruation, with diarrhœa. Caust. 5.
- Menses.** Pain in hypogastrium, extending to genitals, as if everything in abdomen would fall out and menses would come on. Natr. C. 7.
- Menses.** Cutting in abdomen rather than sticking, with salivation before menses; with drawing in thighs. Cham. 5.
- Menses.** Constipation of women before and during menses. Sil. Clin.
- Menstrual.** Colic during pregnancy or from suppressed menstruation; menstrual colic. Puls. Clin.
- Menstruation.** Pressure downward in hypogastrium towards genitals, as during menstruation. Plat. 7.
- Menstruation.** Painful drawing in groins as before menstruation. Plat. 7.
- Menstruation.** Pain in abdomen during menstruation. Mag. C. 5.
- Menstruation.** Cutting in abdomen on appearance of menses; aggravation from motion, with tearing in back and small of back; during menstruation, with diarrhœa. Caust. 5.
- Menstruation.** Pain in upper abdomen as if everything would be torn to pieces during menstruation. Graph. 6.
- Menstruation.** Constipation during menstruation; stool like sheep-dung; painful and difficult; insufficient, after much pressure. Kali C. 1.
- Menstruation.** Chronic diarrhœa during menstruation; green, mucous stools; sometimes diarrhœa alternates with constipation. Amm. Mur. Clin.
- Menstruation.** Colic during pregnancy or from suppressed menstruation; menstrual colic. Puls. Clin.
- Menstruation.** Chronic constipation from irregular menstruation; inactivity of intestines, whether stool is hard or soft; alternation of constipation and diarrhœa. Puls. Clin.
- Mental.** Irritable liver; jaundice from vexation; from excessive study or mental work; congestion of liver, with soreness and sharp, sticking pains; aggravation from lying on left side. Natr. S. Clin.
- Mercury.** Chronic diarrhœa after the abuse of Mercury or Quinine; light yellow, fecal, papescent, sour stool, with undigested food. Hep. Clin.
- Mercury.** Cirrhotic liver; can be felt as emaciation progresses; clay-colored stools; tenderness over the region of the liver, especially after the abuse of Mercury. Iod. Clin.
- Mesenteric.** Enlarged mesenteric glands and tumors in the abdomen. Con. Clin.
- Mesenteric disease;** glandular enlargement; emaciation; irregular stool; enormous appetite. Iod. Clin.
- Meteorism.** Abdominal meteorism. Ant. T. 5.
- Metro-peritonitis,** with nausea, vomiting, profound prostration, cold sweat, brown tongue, burning pain. Ars. A. Clin.
- Metro-peritonitis.** Peritonitis and metro-peritonitis. Bell. Clin.
- Miasmatic.** Autumnal diarrhœa; chronic diarrhœa of miasmatic origin in combination with milk diet. Ipec. Clin.
- Micturition.** Stool during micturition; also at 5 a. m., with micturition; in morning after rising; after breakfast. Aloe 1.
- Micturition.** Constipation; stool hard and crumbly and unsatisfactory; difficult; with pain as if rectum would burst, then bleeding of hemorrhoidal vessels and pain in rectum, with frequent micturition. Natr. M. 1.
- Micturition.** Pain across hypogastrium at night on lying down; amelioration from micturition. Sep. 7.
- Middle.** Paroxysmal clawing in umbilical region from sides of abdomen towards middle and sometimes to pit of stomach, causing nausea, with anxious heat of cheeks. Hep. 7.
- Midnight.** Distention of abdomen by flatulence, waking about midnight, causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief; new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. Cocc. 5.
- Midnight.** Scanty, watery stool about midnight, with flatulent colic and noisy flatulence during stool. Arg. N. 1.
- Midnight.** Stools may be black, brown, burning, putrid; brought on by eating or drinking, or aggravated after midnight; preceded by most violent, burning and cutting pains and followed by extreme exhaustion. Ars. A. 1.
- Midnight.** Diarrhœa; stool watery, frequent, with burning in anus; sudden about midnight, with urging; very offensive; ammonical. Lach. 1.
- Midnight.** Neuralgic pain in anus and lower part of rectum, shooting along perineum to middle of penis; worse at midnight. Phytol. 3.
- Midnight.** Diarrhœa, between midnight and morning, with sensation as of something pulling at the navel; stools watery, dark, offensive, profuse, involuntary or mucous and bloody. Plumb. Clin.



## MIDNIGHT.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## MORNING.

Midnight. Flatulent pain in evening after a meal; here and there after midnight; not relieved by emission of flatus. Puls. 5.

Migraine. Functional derangement of liver, often preceded by migraine; constant, aching pain in right side of abdomen. Sep. Clin.

Milk. Diarrhœa after boiled milk. Sep. 1.

Milk. Gripping colic writhing around navel, better from hot milk, worse after eating or nursing. Croc. Tig. Clin.

Milk. Diarrhœa from suddenly checked perspiration in hot weather; from cold drinks, vegetables, stewed fruits; drinking milk. Bry. Clin.

Milk. Constipation, with ineffectual urging; amelioration after drinking milk; stools hard, knotty, dark colored; constipation alternating with diarrhœa. Iod. Clin.

Milk. Autumnal diarrhœa; chronic diarrhœa of miasmatic origin, in combination with milk diet. Ipec. Clin.

Milk. Diarrhœa during hot summer and after milk; stools watery, gray; worse during day and after eating; with discharge passing with a gush; much fetid flatus is passed with the stool. Natr. C. Clin.

Milk. Chronic, debilitating diarrhœa, with almost constant oozing from anus; stools jelly-like, green or bloody, fetid or sour, expelled quickly; worse after taking boiled milk. Sep. Clin.

Mind. Sharp pain in rectum after stool; after eating; aggravation from exerting the mind or studying; in morning before stool. Nux V. 2.

Mind. Gripping tearing in upper abdomen and in side of chest after dinner; aggravated by walking and standing; amelioration when the body and mind are at rest. Zinc. 5.

Mind. Hard stool, with depression of mind, causing headache and vertigo in old people. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Miners. Cachexia of miners working deep underground; portal hyperæmia; gall-stones; catarrh of the biliary ducts. Card. M. Clin.

Mind. Diarrhœa; stool fluid, dark brown, foul-smelling, preceded by colic; green, bilious diarrhœa, mixed with mucus. Psor. 1.

Mixed. Constipation; stool hard and difficult, mixed with mucus and knotty, whitish, scanty, brownish, difficult, but not hard. Sep. 1.

Mixed. Stool soft, mixed with serum; orange colored; loose in morning and urgent. Apis 1.

Mixed. Watery diarrhœa, mixed with hard parts; involuntary in sleep. Con. 1.

Mixed. Chronic dysentery; slime, mixed with greenish substances and containing bloody specks. Con. Clin.

Moist. Offensive flatus, and at last moist flatus, with dragging towards sacrum and thence towards abdomen. Carbo V. 5.

Moist. Shooting pain in hepatic region, with moist skin. Card. M. 6.

Moist. Hæmorrhoids moist, even after a natural stool; increased congestion of hæmorrhoidal vessels, with sticking; with burning pain on walking and on touch. Sulf. 3.

Moist. Desire for stool in rectum in evening, with griping in hypogastrium; then large, moist, at last thin, sour stool, after which he was relieved, but felt weak. Dule. 2.

Moist. Moisture and itching in anus, with soreness; moist between anus and nates when walking. Nit. Ac. 3.

Moist. Burning pain in perineum and an inch from anus; a tubercle which became moist and smarted on walking. Thuja 3.

Moist. Flatulent colic, worse from wine, with retraction of the abdomen; hot, moist, fetid flatus, passing off without relief. Zinc. Clin.

Moist. Dysentery in moist weather; aggravation from any current of air; violent tenesmus of rectum and bladder. Caps. Clin.

Moisture. Hæmorrhoids, with sore pain; unendurable on walking or reflecting; swollen; with itching, sticking and much moisture; hard, stinging-burning; painful when touched. Caust. 3.

Moisture. Soreness of perineum, with painful itching when touched; at night, with moisture. Carbo V. 3.

Moisture. Glutinous exudation at night; acrid, corrosive moisture from anus. Carbo V. 3.

Moisture. Sticky, odorless moisture behind scrotum. Carbo An. 3.

Moisture. Oozing of sticky, odorless moisture from anus, with soreness and burning. Carbo An. 2.

Moisture and itching in anus, with soreness; moist between anus and nates when walking. Nit. Ac. 3.

Moisture. Discharge of moisture from anus, with sore feeling and itching around it; involuntary, of viscid, slimy fluid, causing soreness; of thread-worms during stool. Sulf. 3.

Moisture. Hæmorrhoids painful, stinging, with protrusion of rectum, smarting and burning; oozing of glutinous moisture. Natr. M. Clin.

Moisture. Fissure of the anus, with constant oozing of fetid moisture; with raw smarting, as if cut with a knife. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Molasses. Dysenteries during the autumn, with violent colic and tenesmus; stools almost black and fermented, like frothy molasses. Ipec. Clin.

Morning. (*Pain in Abdomen.*) Soreness of abdomen in morning when sneezing or on pressure. Apis 5.

Morning. Pain in abdomen in morning. Caust. 5.

Morning. Cutting all through abdomen in morning, aggravated by walking. Diosc. 5.

Morning. Rumbling in abdomen in morning, with gurgling; also in bed, with spasmodic and griping, flatulent colic, and heat in palms and soles. Nux V. 5.

Morning. Cutting in abdomen in morning, with emission of flatus, as from flatulence; in evening before eating. Puls. 5.

Morning. Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about painfully; worse in upper abdomen. Puls. 5.

Morning. Distention of abdomen, with gurgling, rumbling, rolling, in morning in bed; with grumbling and flatulent pain, worse in evening. Zinc. 5.

Morning. (*Stools.*) Diarrhœa in morning, with heat and pain in anus; stool liquid, yellow, green, frequent. Pod. 1.

Morning. Cutting in hypogastrium in morning, with a thin stool. Sulf. 7.

Morning. Tenesmus in morning after waking; then a copious, fluid stool. Sulf. 2.

Morning. Diarrhœa; stool semi-fluid and frequent in morning; pappy, yellowish; green, copious, fetid. Sulf. 1.

Morning. Sharp pain in rectum after stool; after eating; aggravation from exciting the mind or studying; in morning before stool. Nux V. 2.

Morning. Pinching in hypogastrium in morning, with fermenting; rumbling, then watery diarrhœa. Nux V. 7.

Morning. Burning in anus after stool; sore in morning as if points were sticking in it. Iris V. 3.

Morning. Stool during micturition; also at 5 a. m., with micturition; in morning after rising; after breakfast. Aloe 1.

Morning. Diarrhœa in morning, then burning in anus; aggravation at night, preceded by cutting in abdomen; then prickling and burning in anus; stool smelling like old cheese. Bry. 1.

Morning. Diarrhœa in morning after rising; stool dark; aggravation in morning and after dinner; scanty and corrosive, with griping. Nux V. 1.

Morning. Pain in abdomen; then discharge of dark mucus, causing biting in anus; as before diarrhœa from taking cold; in morning, on slightest uncovering during sweat. Nux V. 5.

Morning. Diarrhœa in morning and through forenoon; the natural stool in evening; immediately after eating and drinking; alternating with constipation. Pod. 1.

Morning. Pain in hypochondria, aggravated by standing, so that he stoops; towards morning, with distention, pain in forehead and diarrhœa. Aloe 6.

Morning. Pain in umbilical region in morning with profuse, thin, yellow stool, not relieving the pain; with frequent cutting through all small intestines. Diosc. 7.

Morning. Urging to stool after eating, when rising from lying; sudden in morning on rising; ineffectual; also with emission of flatus. Aloe 2.

Morning. Cutting in abdomen in morning in bed; griping at night, with pain before stool. Nit. Ac. 5.

Morning. Liquid stool; diarrhœa in morning on rising; yellow, with distention and dull pain under ribs. Aloe 1.



## MORNING.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## MOTIONS.

Morning. Burning in rectum in morning after a copious stool. Calc. C. 2.

Morning. Stool soft, mixed with serum; orange-colored, loose in morning and urgent. Apis 1.

Morning. Diarrhœa in morning; stool papescent, with much mucus but no real pain. Bapt. 1.

Morning. Diarrhœa six times from morning till 2 p. m., without pain. Borax 1.

Morning. Diarrhœa twice in morning, with tenesmus in afternoon; frequent; of thin, greenish mucus. Laur. 1.

Morning. Diarrhœa every morning on rising, with griping in abdomen and rasping in anus and rectum; burning. Lil. Tig. 1.

Morning. Rumbling in hypogastric region in morning, with distress and a soft, profuse, black, fetid stool; then pain in abdomen. Lept. 7.

Morning. Diarrhœa; stool fluid, yellow; in morning; with full feeling in abdomen and emission of flatus. Natr. S. 1.

Morning. Diarrhœa; frequent; twice in morning, with tenesmus. Nit. Ac. 1.

Morning. Stool liquid and brownish, frothy, profuse, forcible, several times a day; yellowish; mostly in morning. Ratan. 1.

Morning. Diarrhœa; stools frequent, in evening; involuntary when sneezing or laughing; half fluid, half lumpy, mixed with gas and noisy flatus; in morning, afternoon and evening; always soon after eating. Sulf. 1.

Morning. Diarrhœa, driving out of bed very early in the morning; want of confidence in sphincter ani; worse immediately after eating; aggravated in mornings in hot, damp weather. Aloe Clin.

Morning. Chronic diarrhœa of an exhausting character; stools whitish, whey-like, watery, foamy, mucous; worse in the morning. Iod. Clin.

Morning. Watery, gushing diarrhœa in the morning; stools brownish, frothy, jelly-like, lumpy. Kali B. Clin.

Morning. Diarrhœa, particularly after meals at night; painless; early in the morning; in hot weather; from eating fruit; from drinking sour beer; after severe acute diseases; after loss of fluids. China Clin.

Morning. Diarrhœa; stools dark brown, semi-liquid, bilious, offensive; aggravation in morning and forenoon, with tenesmus of bladder and rectum during stool, preceded by constant dragging and bearing-down. Lil. Tig. Clin.

Morning. Diarrhœa always in daytime, never at night, but has stool early in the morning; hunger immediately after stool, from weak, empty feeling in bowels; stools profuse, gushing, mucous, yellowish, brown, with colic. Petr. Clin.

Morning. Diarrhœa, with constant rumbling and gurgling in abdomen; stools dark yellow, undigested, very offensive; stools of yellow water, with meal-like sediment; worse night and morning after eating. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Morning diarrhœa, with green, painless but exhausting stools; watery; pouring away as from a hydrant; with lumps of white mucus or little grains like tallow. Phos. Clin.

Morning. Chronic diarrhœa, especially during early hours of morning; stool watery, with meal-like sediment; yellow, pasty, black; mucous and blood-streaked; involuntary; very offensive, like carrion. Pod. Clin.

Morning. Diarrhœa in the morning, driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery; brown; fecal; green; mucous; bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour; fetid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. Sulf. Clin.

Morning. Diarrhœa between midnight and morning, with sensation as of something pulling at the navel; stools watery, dark, offensive, profuse, involuntary, or mucous and bloody. Plumb. Clin.

Morning. (*Miscellaneous.*) Pain in ring in morning in bed as if a hernia would become incarcerated. Nux V. 7.

Morning. Distention of abdomen in morning in bed, relieved by emission of flatus smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; also at night after eating, with heaviness. Sulf. 5.

Morning. Itching, burning in rectum, at night on waking, and in morning, with pinching, extending to perineum. Nit. Ac. 2.

Morning. Blind hæmorrhoids with itching in morning, preceded by pain in small of back in evening till 9 p. m., with sore pain in anus, worse from motion; painful, protruding. Puls. 3.

Morning. Pinching, increasing to cutting pain in hypogastrium in morning, before, during, and after diarrhœa. Ars. A. 7.

Morning. Tensive pain in morning on getting out of bed, especially in region of os pubis, with feeling as if hypogastrium were spasmodically constricted; sometimes as if distended; pains generally increasing and decreasing. Bell. 7.

Morning. Pressure in morning in hypogastrium as if everything would be forced out towards organs of generation, with distention of abdomen, then contraction of abdomen, then discharge of white mucus from vagina. Bell. 7.

Mornings. Cutting pain in hypogastrium mornings, with nausea, sweetish, disgusting taste, weakness and sleepiness; cutting, rising to upper abdomen where it amounted to griping. Nux V. 7.

Morning. Sticking in rectum, waking her at 4 a. m.; sticking again next morning after waking. Mag. C. 2.

Morning. Cutting in a spot in left hypochondrium in morning. Mag. M. 6.

Morning. Pain in right hypochondrium; contractive; worse in morning; then constriction in stomach, extending to chest; amelioration from eructations. Sep. 6.

Morning. Dropsical effusions, and even peritonitis, always with sharp pains; great aggravation from cold air and in the early morning. Kali C. Clin.

Mornings. Diarrhœa in wet weather; mostly mornings after rising and eating; with much rumbling; stools thin, yellow, fecal, slimy. Agar. Clin.

Mornings. Painless diarrhœa, especially mornings; greenish, watery, mucous, profuse and full of bright red lumps. Apis Clin.

Motion. (*Stool.*) Stool involuntary on least motion; mucus, mixed with blood and slime; involuntary the moment it entered the rectum. Phos. 1.

Motion. Soreness in abdomen as if menses would appear, with drawing, tension, heaviness during motion; emptiness after stool. Sep. 5.

Motion. Cutting in abdomen on appearance of menses; aggravation from motion; with tearing in back and small of back; during menstruation, with diarrhœa. Caust. 5.

Motion. Stools sometimes involuntary on every motion; this symptom indicates Apis in diarrhœa and cholera infantum. Apis Clin.

Motion. Diarrhœa, aggravated by motion; straining to stool. Bell. Clin.

Motion. (*Miscellaneous.*) Distention of abdomen, with motion of flatus. Aloe 5.

Motion. Blind hæmorrhoids, with itching in morning, preceded by pain in small of back in evening till 9 p. m.; with sore pain in anus; worse from motion; painful; protruding. Puls. 3.

Motion. Sticking in hepatic region; aggravation from motion, with tension. Nit. Ac. 6.

Motion. Bruised pain in muscles of abdomen on motion and on touch. Nux V. 5.

Motion. Clawing griping in abdomen, as if grasped by a hand, so that each outstretched finger pressed sharply upon intestines; better from rest, worse from motion. Ipec. 5.

Motion. Stitches like electric sparks through left side of abdomen, especially during a sudden transition from rest to motion. Arg. N. 5.

Motion. Tension in abdomen, especially in epigastric region, between pit of stomach and navel; aggravation from motion, with tension in lower part of back. Caps. 5.

Motion. Griping in abdomen so that he could neither lie nor sit, and could only walk bent over; amelioration from violent motion and rolling about. Coloc. 5.

Motion. Perihepatitis with sharp stitches in right hypochondrium; aggravation from any motion; better when lying on right side; liver seems swollen; sore to touch. Bry. Clin.

Motions. Spasmodic motions of muscles of abdomen, contracted and sore to touch. Cupr. 5.

Motions. Distention of abdomen, with motions and passage of offensive flatus; much trouble from flatulence. Carbo An. 5.



## MOUTH.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## MUCUS.

Mouth. Diarrhœa in nursing infants, offensive, preceded by colic; stools mucous, with aphthous sore mouth. Borax Clin.

Mouth. Acute dysentery with unquenchable thirst, even the lips, mouth, and throat feel raw and burning; tendency to collapse; cold hands and feet. Canth. Clin.

Move. Habitual costiveness, especially of old people; sensation as if the bowels would not move without the aid of laxatives; continual inclination but often passes only fetid flatus. Phytol. Clin.

Moved. Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about painfully; worse in upper abdomen. Puls. 5.

Movement in hypogastrium as if something living like a pushing of muscles by the arm of a child, without pain. Thuja 7.

Movement. Cholera infantum; stool from the least movement of the body; thin and painless, gushing, profuse, watery, flaky, inodorous; faintness at stool or immediately after. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Movement. Diarrhœa, coming on suddenly; faint feeling before, during and after stool; worse from fruits and sweetmeats during summer; every movement of the body renews the discharges. Croc. Tig. Clin.

Movements. Diarrhœa of green mucus, as green as bile, once or twice at night, with movements in intestines before every stool; at first green, then slimy; not exhausting; without colic. Puls. 1.

Movements. Discharge of offensive flatus after dinner; amelioration after stool, with movements in hypogastrium. Coloc. 5.

Movements. Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen, with movements as if he would have colic. Nux Mos. 5.

Movements. Distention of abdomen at night, relieved by emission of flatus; rumbling all day, with gurgling, movements and cutting. Mag. C. 5.

Moving. Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening; and colic, worse in evening in bed, with gurgling, griping and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another. Puls. 5.

Moving. Sensation as if something living were moving about deep in lower abdomen. Crocus 7.

Moving. Desire in rectum for stool after a meal; desire increased when moving about; then thin, offensive stool, with colic; then ineffectual tenesmus; later another stool; after rising from stool the urging, which had gradually subsided, returned more violent than ever. Rheum 2.

Moving. Chronic diarrhœa; worse some time after rising and moving about; after a protracted spell of damp, cold weather, or from living in damp houses. Natr. S. Clin.

Mucous. (Stools.) Diarrhœa frequent, with cutting and pressure; stools green, frothy, mucous. Mag. C. 1.

Mucous. Stool pasty, light-brown after urging; then rumbling and gurgling in left side of abdomen; after an hour a second stool, mucous, urgent, grayish-green and dirty brown; forcible. Croc. Tig. 1.

Mucous. Diarrhœa, then empty tenesmus; mucous diarrhœa with tenesmus; small stool, consisting of only mucus. Caps. 1.

Mucous. Diarrhœa; stool profuse, mucous; of much bloody mucus; violent, involuntary, frequent, with weakness. Petr. 1.

Mucous. Diarrhœa profuse, bloody, containing mucous membrane and clots of blood. Phos. 1.

Mucous. Chronic diarrhœa during menstruation; green, mucous stools; sometimes diarrhœa alternates with constipation. Amm. Mur. Clin.

Mucous. Painless diarrhœa, especially mornings; greenish, watery, mucous, profuse, and full of bright red lumps. Apis Clin.

Mucous. Diarrhœa of malarial origin or after chilling the stomach with cold substances; stools generally dark, scanty, watery or mucous, sometimes bloody. Ars. A. Clin.

Mucous. Diarrhœa in nursing infants; offensive, preceded by colic; stools mucous, with aphthous sour mouth. Borax Clin.

Mucous. Diarrhœa like scrapings of intestines; reddish, mucous or bloody; flaky, with extreme burning in anus during stool. Canth. Clin.

Mucous diarrhœa, with tenesmus; stools frequent, small; burning in rectum and bladder; bloody; shaggy; greenish; frothy; worse at night. Caps. Clin.

Mucous. Green, slimy stools; mucous; chopped white and yellow mucus; often of a changeable color; often undigested; often like chopped eggs and spinach; foul odor, especially in children during teething or after taking cold. Cham. Clin.

Mucous diarrhœa in summer; often caused by checked perspiration. Cham. Clin.

Mucous. Dysentery, bloody and mucous, with great straining and burning of anus; temporarily ceasing after stool and by warmth of bed; aggravation after eating or drinking. Coloc. Clin.

Mucous. Chronic, catarrhal inflammation of the bowels, with mucous discharge or feces covered with mucus. Hydras. Clin.

Mucous. Chronic diarrhœa of an exhausting character; stools whitish, whey-like, watery, foamy, mucous; worse in the morning. Iod. Clin.

Mucous. Diarrhœa; stools involuntary, green, mucous, or mushy; undigested, with cutting in abdomen before, tenesmus during and burning after stool; worse after eating and drinking. Laur. Clin.

Mucous. Dysentery; stools bloody, mucous, every half-hour, with constant urging and much backache. Lil. Tig. Clin.

Mucous. Camp diarrhœa; chronic, from chronic irritation of the intestinal, mucous membrane; with aching and burning in hepatic region; worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. Lept. Clin.

Mucous. Diarrhœa, with excessive accumulation of flatus; stools thin, brown or pale; fecal; mixed with lumps, thin, yellow, shaggy, reddish, mucous, undigested. Lyc. Clin.

Mucous. Dysentery; excoriating discharges; abdomen externally cold to touch; stools bloody, green, mucous, like stirred eggs, worse at night; pains increased after stool. Merc. Clin.

Mucous. Diarrhœa; stools white, sour, undigested; are sometimes mucous, yellow or green, and of a decayed odor. Hep. Clin.

Mucous. Diarrhœa, always in daytime, never at night, but has stools early in the morning; hunger immediately after stool, from weak, empty feeling in bowels; stools profuse, gushing, mucous, yellowish-brown, with colic. Petr. Clin.

Mucous. Chronic diarrhœa, especially during early hours of morning; stool watery, with meal-like sediment; yellow, pasty, black, mucous and blood-streaked; involuntary; very offensive. Pod. Clin.

Mucous. Diarrhœa between midnight and morning, with sensation as of something pulling at the navel; stools watery, dark, offensive, profuse, involuntary or mucous and bloody. Plumb. Clin.

Mucous. Chronic diarrhœa; green liquid stools, always mucous and bloody; no emission of flatus for six days. Ratan. Clin.

Mucous. Dysentery; stools watery, mucous and bloody, with tearing down the thighs and much tenesmus. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Mucous. Diarrhœa in the morning, driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery; brown; fecal; green; mucous; bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour; fetid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. Sulf. Clin.

Mucous. Diarrhœa of drunkards on their last legs; great debility and nervous prostration; a sensation of trembling all over the body; stools lemon-colored, chopped, frothy, mucous, stringy, offensive, watery, with burning in rectum during stool. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Mucous. (Miscellaneous.) Feeling in rectum as if mucous membrane were thick and obstructed stool; and as if rectum would protrude if the effort were continued. Æsc. 2.

Mucous membrane of the anus is swollen and everted in dysentery; with excessive tenderness. Bell. Clin.

Mucous. (Stools.) Stool of green mucus, with retching; vomiting of mucus and intolerance of lacing around hypochondria; bloody. Arg. N. 1.



## MUCUS.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## MUCUS.

- Mucus.** Pain in abdomen at night, waking from uneasy slumber; then sixteen evacuations of greenish, fetid mucus, with noisy emission of flatus. Arg. N. 5.
- Mucus.** Stool yellow and green; diarrhœa mixed with mucus, preceded by cutting around umbilicus. Gamb. 1.
- Mucus.** Stool of only clear, tenacious, colorless mucus. Hell. 1.
- Mucus.** Stool hard, with urging and sticking in anus; lumpy, with threads of mucus; dark, half digested, of intolerable odor. Graph. 1.
- Mucus.** Stool of blood and mucus, with pain and tenesmus, frequent day and night, with cutting in abdomen and almost ineffectual tenesmus. Merc. C. 1.
- Mucus.** Diarrhœa; stools scanty, chiefly of blood and mucus, with constant desire; offensive, slimy, blackish. Merc. C. 1.
- Mucus.** Tenesmus, but nothing passes except mucus tinged with blood. Merc. C. 2.
- Mucus.** Stool soft, mixed with mucus, frequent. Puls. 1.
- Mucus.** Constant ineffectual desire, but discharge of only mucus from rectum, with chilliness of body. Sil. 1.
- Mucus.** Hard, crumbling, scanty stool; covered with mucus. Amm. Mur. 1.
- Mucus.** Diarrhœa, with coldness of extremities, with vomiting and prostration; with tearing and cutting in abdomen; stool dark, bloody colored; black mucus; offensive; yellow; with tenesmus and burning pain in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 1.
- Mucus.** Diarrhœa, with burning in anus; consisting of blood and mucus. Canth. 1.
- Mucus.** Small, frequent passages, consisting of mucus, at times mingled with blood and causing tenesmus, preceded by flatulent colic in hypogastrium. Caps. 1.
- Mucus.** Colic, with cutting, twisting about navel, and passage of tough mucus, like diarrhœa, at times mixed with black blood; after every stool thirst, and after every drink shivering. Caps. 7.
- Mucus.** Diarrhœa nightly, with colic, so that she must bend double; hot, smelling like rotten eggs; green, watery, painless, consisting of feces and mucus; white, slimy, with colic. Cham. 1.
- Mucus.** Stool pasty, bright yellow, copious, with much mucus and light gray. Chel. 1.
- Mucus.** Tenesmus, with only a little feces at first, then transparent, bilious, membranous mucus, with relief of colic; amelioration from frequent passage of flatus; urging to stool, which is unsatisfactory. Coleh. 2.
- Mucus.** Diarrhœa as if fermented; frequent, of greenish mucus. Ipec. 1.
- Mucus.** Constipation painless; stools hard masses, scanty, enveloped in mucus, with pricking, cutting in anus. Nit. Ac. 1.
- Mucus.** Pain in abdomen, then discharge of dark mucus, causing biting burning in anus; as before diarrhœa from taking cold; in morning on slightest uncovering during sweat. Nux V. 5.
- Mucus.** Diarrhœa in evening, at night; with cutting and pressure in rectum; with streaks of blood; stools of green mucus, with burning and protrusion of anus; with cutting and griping. Merc. 1.
- Mucus.** Stool involuntary on least motion; mucus mixed with blood and slime; involuntary the moment it entered the rectum. Phos. 1.
- Mucus.** Stool soft, with lumps of white mucus; pasty; at an unusual time; lumpy; light; clay-colored, with urging and inactivity of rectum. Phos. 1.
- Mucus.** Diarrhœa of green mucus; as green as bile; once or twice at night, with movements in intestines before every stool; at first green, then slimy; not exhausting; without colic. Puls. 1.
- Mucus.** Diarrhœa; stool fluid, dark brown, foul-smelling; preceded by colic; green, bilious diarrhœa with mucus. Psor. 1.
- Mucus.** Stool frequent; with necessity to lie down after every stool; small; consisting of mucus. Arn. 1.
- Mucus.** Expulsion of pieces of mucus, with tenesmus and cutting in anus as from blind hæmorrhoids. Ars. A. 1.
- Mucus.** Small stool after colic, with tenesmus; first of dark green feces then of dark green mucus. Ars. A. 1.
- Mucus.** Stools contain glossy, tough mucus; covered with mucus. Amm. Mur. 1.
- Mucus.** Sore pain in rectum during stool, as if an ulcer had been torn apart, with discharge of mucus. Ant. Cr. 2.
- Mucus.** Diarrhœa in morning; stool papaceous, with much mucus but no real pain. Bapt. 1.
- Mucus.** White, tough mucus, with the stool like scrapings from intestines, with streaks of blood; copious. Canth. 1.
- Mucus.** Diarrhœa, then empty tenesmus; mucous; diarrhœa, with tenesmus; small stool, consisting of only mucus. Caps. 1.
- Mucus.** Urging to stool after drinking, but only a little mucus passed. Caps. 2.
- Mucus.** Passage of mucus from anus, with urging. Carbo V. 3.
- Mucus.** Stool enveloped by filamentous, yellowish mucus; this mucus is entirely blood in last portions of feces. Carbo V. 1.
- Mucus.** Stool thin, frothy, saffron-yellow, musty, smelling almost like burnt blotting paper; copious; with discharge of much mucus. Coloc. 1.
- Mucus.** Diarrhœa, with discharge of green mucus, preceded by pinching in abdomen. Gamb. 1.
- Mucus.** Stool thin, like a round worm, with much white mucus; also blood. Graph. 1.
- Mucus.** Diarrhœa; profuse, constant, involuntary, of mucus and blood. Kali B. 1.
- Mucus.** Hard stool and covered with streaks of blood; knotty, enveloped in thick mucus; then a soft one enveloped in mucus. Mag. M. 1.
- Mucus.** Diarrhœa twice in morning, with tenesmus in afternoon; frequent, of thin, greenish mucus. Laur. 1.
- Mucus.** Stool of bloody mucus, with cutting in abdomen and tenesmus. Merc. 1.
- Mucus.** Stool preceded by cold pain low down in pelvis; feces mixed with mucus and dark clotted blood, followed by tenesmus. Merc. C. 1.
- Mucus.** Constipation; stools like sheep-dung, after great straining and burning, with balls of mucus like peas; difficult stools, not hard. Natr. C. 1.
- Mucus.** Stools offensive, with offensive flatus, frequent, of only mucus; at times with cutting and urging. Nit. Ac. 1.
- Mucus.** Stool whitish, mixed with tenacious mucus and streaks of blood. Nux V. 1.
- Mucus.** Stool of blood, mucus, and what looked like scrapings of inner surface of intestines. Phytol. 1.
- Mucus.** Diarrhœa; stool profuse, mucous, of much bloody mucus; violent, involuntary, frequent, with weakness. Petr. 1.
- Mucus.** Constipation; stool white, of only yellow-white mucus mixed with blood, with pain in back. Puls. 1.
- Mucus.** Diarrhœa; stool liquid, with mucus, red and yellow, gelatinous, tinged with blood, preceded by lassitude. Rhus Tox. 1.
- Mucus.** Natural stool, with pressure and straining; with mucus. Sil. 1.
- Mucus.** Prolapsus of rectum, with weak feeling in evening in bed; itching, burning all day, passes only wind and mucus, with sensation of a plug in rectum. Sep. 2.
- Mucus.** Constipation; stool hard and difficult, mixed with mucus and knotty; whitish, scanty, brownish, difficult, but not hard. Sep. 1.
- Mucus.** Diarrhœa; stool partly liquid, partly solid; offensive, with much thin mucus and streaks of blood. Sulf. Ac. 1.
- Mucus.** Constipation, with hard, crumbly stool, or the feces are covered with glairy mucus, and are accompanied by a discharge of a quantity of mucus and much flatus. Amm. Mur. Clin.
- Mucus.** Evacuation of shreds of mucus or undigested food, with enormous distention of abdomen; stools excessively offensive. Arg. N. Clin.
- Mucus.** Diarrhœa of green mucus, like chopped spinach, usually with great flatulence. Arg. N. Clin.
- Mucus.** Hæmorrhoids, with oozing of yellow mucus; constipated during hot weather. Ant. Cr. Clin.
- Mucus.** Diarrhœa of green mucus and blood. Bell. Clin.
- Mucus.** Diarrhœa without pain or urging; stools brown, watery, white, watery, green, mucous, thin pasty, bright yellow or light gray, like rice water. Chel. Clin.
- Mucus.** Diarrhœa of white mucus, in little pieces, like popcorn. Cina Clin.



## MUCUS.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## NATURAL.

Mucus. Dysentery of bloody mucus, like scrapings of the intestines; involuntary; putrid; dark. Carbol. Ac. Clin.

Mucus. Dysentery; bloody stool, with deathly nausea from smelling cooking; watery stool; jelly-like mucus, with scrapings from intestines. Colch. Clin.

Mucus. Constipation; accumulation of large masses of feces, which are covered with mucus; the anus is fissured, the cracks bleed and ulcerate. Graph. Clin.

Mucus. Diarrhœa; stools of jelly-like mucus, like frog's spawn, generally with tenesmus; sometimes profuse, watery, alternating with constipation. Hell. Clin.

Mucus. Chronic, catarrhal inflammation of the bowels, with mucous discharge or feces covered with mucus. Hydras. Clin.

Mucus. Dysentery when the patient is cold; skin blue; stool of bloody mucus. Iris V. Clin.

Mucus. Diarrhœa, with burning in rectum and anus after a stool; severe; rumbling of gas; watery discharges, mixed with mucus, preceded by soft and more substantial stools. Iris V. Clin.

Mucus. Diarrhœa of green mucus, with suffocative spells about the heart. Laur. Clin.

Mucus. Dysentery of bloody mucus, mixed with the green, watery stool. Mag. C. Clin.

Mucus. Dysenteric diarrhœa, consisting of bloody mucus, followed by much pressing; weak and dizzy after stool. Petr. Clin.

Mucus. Constipation; fecal stools, completely enveloped in mucus. Op. Clin.

Mucus. Constipation; bowels obstructed from induration of feces, which are so dry that they crumble as they pass the anus; like sheep's-dung; covered with blood and mucus. Mag. M. Clin.

Mucus. Morning diarrhœa, with green, painless but exhausting stools; watery; pouring away as from a hydrant, with lumps of white mucus or little grains like tallow. Phos. Clin.

Mucus. Diarrhœa; stool horribly offensive, nearly painless, involuntary, dark brown, black, watery or green mucus. Psor. Clin.

Mucus. Dysentery; discharges white, slimy, clear, yellow, red or green slime; blood and mucus. Puls. Clin.

Mucus. Diarrhœa; stools jelly-like, dark yellow, red, watery, with lumps of transparent mucus; bloody water like washings of beef. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Mucus. Diarrhœa; stool like chopped eggs; of yellow mucus; sometimes frothy; extremely fetid; aggravation from eating oysters. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Mucus. Intestinal catarrh, with much burning in the bowels; stools covered with mucus. Puls. Clin.

Mucus. (*Miscellaneous*.) Hæmorrhoids sensitive, though protruding but little; protrude during stool; return with difficulty and with bloody mucus from rectum. Sil. 3.

Mucus. Pressure in morning in hypogastrium as if everything would be forced out towards organs of generation, with distention of abdomen; then contraction of abdomen; then discharge of white mucus from vagina. Bell. 7.

Mucus. Chronic inflammation of the liver, with constipation; vomiting of green mucus. Plumb. Clin.

Muddy. Camp diarrhœa; chronic, from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane, with aching and burning in hepatic region, worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. Lept. Clin.

Muscles. (*Pain*.) Bruised pain in abdominal muscles on touch. Sulf. 5.

Muscles. Pressure in abdomen downward at night, waking her; with tension of muscles so that he could not easily straighten up, as from incarcerated flatus. Sulf. 1.

Muscles. Spasmodic motions of muscles of abdomen, contracted and sore to touch. Cupr. 5.

Muscles. Urging in rectum, with scanty stool passed in pieces after pressure, with painful weakness, and tight sensation in the abdominal muscles. Plat. 2.

Muscles. Aching in flanks on drawing in abdominal muscles. Asaf. 5.

Muscles. Pain in muscles of abdomen when rising from lying, with pressing to stool, as from taking cold. Aloe 5.

Muscles. Twitching in left side of abdomen between navel and left flank, as if in muscles of the wall, then sticking deep in left side of back. Bry. 5.

Muscles. Pinching in muscles of abdomen when sitting, as if he had fallen upon them; strained pain; sensitiveness of walls. Hyos. 5.

Muscles. Swelling of inguinal glands, suppurative, with pain on walking; the whole limb seems paralyzed and muscles tense. Nit. Ac. 7.

Muscles. Twitching of muscles of abdomen. Nux V. 5.

Muscles. Bruised pain in muscles of abdomen on motion and on touch. Nux V. 5.

Muscles. Pain in abdominal muscles on touch; throbbing. Kali C. 5.

Muscles. Pain in region of ascending colon on rising after stool; in region of right quadratus lumborum muscles on rising from lying. Rhus Tox. 7.

Muscles. (*Miscellaneous*.) Urging in rectum, but large intestines are wanting in peristaltic action and cannot expel soft feces; only a part can be forced out by aid of abdominal muscles. Hep. 2.

Muscles. Movement in hypogastrium as if something living, like a pushing of muscles by the arm of a child, without pain. Thuja 7.

Muscles. Pinching in abdomen as if bowels were pressed inwards; amelioration from pressure and bending inward, with cutting extending towards pubic region, so severe below navel that facial muscles were distorted and eyes drawn together as if squeezed between stones. Coloc. 5.

Muscles. Constipation; stool large in size, with great effort of abdominal muscles. Zinc. 1.

Muscles. Rumbling and noises in abdomen, with discharge of flatus unsatisfactory, abrupt, offensive, not without exertion of abdominal muscles. Ign. 5.

Muscles. Colic; intense paroxysms of a shooting character; abdomen hard as a stone and drawn into the spine as if by a string; knots in recti muscles. Plumb. Clin.

Mushy. Stool profuse, black, fetid, running out in a stream; at first hard, black and lumpy, then mushy. Lept. 1.

Mushy. Chronic diarrhœa; first part hard and black; then evacuation yellow, thin or brown; mushy or white, accompanied by severe lumbar and sacral pains. Esc. Clin.

Mushy. Stools at first hard, then mushy, finally fluid, smelling like rotten eggs; involuntary, fermented, sour-smelling; diarrhœa, alternating with constipation. Calc. C. Clin.

Mushy. Diarrhœa; stools involuntary, green, mucous, or mushy; undigested, with cutting in abdomen before tenesmus, during and burning after stools; worse after eating and drinking. Laur. Clin.

Mushy. Stool green; sometimes slimy, white and mushy, hot and watery; very offensive. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Musty. Stool thin, frothy, saffron-yellow, musty, smelling almost like burnt blotting paper; copious with discharge of much mucus. Coloc. 1.

Musty. Glutinous, musty exudation at night; acrid, corrosive moisture from anus. Carbo V. 3.

Nails. Pain in a spot in abdomen as if seized with nails; a griping, clutching, clawing. Bell. 5.

Nap. Tension in liver region as if it was too short there; on waking from midday nap. Carbo V. 6.

Narcotics. Constipation; stools enormously large and painful, leaving the sphincters nearly paralyzed and slow to close, with a feeling of inability to draw up the partially prolapsed anus, especially in those who have abused alcohol or narcotics. Lach. Clin.

Narrow. Stool hard, in shape of laurel berries; difficult; with cutting in anus, as if too narrow; then a stream of blood followed by soreness in anus along rectum. Alum. 1.

Narrow. Inveterate constipation, with disappointing calls, the trouble being in the rectum; feces slender, long, narrow, dry, tough and hard like a dog's and voided with difficulty. Phos. Clin.

Nates. Moisture and itching in anus with soreness; moist between anus and nates when walking. Nit. Ac. 3.

Natural. Diarrhœa in morning and through forenoon; the natural stool in evening, immediately after eating and drinking; alternating with constipation. Pod. 1.



## NATURAL.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## NIGHT.

Natural stool, with pressure and straining; with mucus. Sil. 1.

Natural. Stool natural at first then several small, loose evacuations, then small hard evacuations with violent straining in rectum and anus till all are passed. Ant. Cr. 1.

Natural. Hæmorrhoids swollen; bleeding during natural stool. Kali C. 3.

Nausea. Paroxysmal clawing in umbilical region, from sides of abdomen towards middle and sometimes to pit of stomach, causing nausea, with anxious heat of cheeks. Hep. 7.

Nausea. Pressive drawing forward in left hypochondrium, with anxiety and nausea in chest. Rhus Tox. 6.

Nausea. Distention of abdomen, with rumbling after stool; after breakfast, with griping; then a second thin stool; then retraction of anus and nausea. Kali B. 5.

Nausea. Deep-seated digging within hips, on both sides, as in dysentery, with nausea and drowsiness. Arn. 7.

Nausea. Spasmodic retraction in umbilical region, with nausea. Chel. 7.

Nausea. Abdomen bloated after eating; amelioration from emission of flatus, with nausea. Psor. 5.

Nausea. Cutting pain in hypogastrium mornings, with nausea, sweetish, disgusting taste, weakness and sleepiness; cutting rising to upper abdomen, when it amounted to griping. Nux V. 7.

Nausea. Diarrhœa; frequent desire for stool, with chilliness and nausea; stools offensive, painless, fluid, scanty, putrid, with biting burning sensation in anus. Sil. Clin.

Nausea. Derangements of the liver, with yellow eyes and skin; nausea and headache. Iris V. Clin.

Nausea. Jaundice, with nausea and vomiting. Plumb. Clin.

Nausea. Diarrhœa; stools as green as grass; fermented; putrid; continuous nausea. Ipec. Clin.

Nausea. Metro-peritonitis, with nausea, vomiting, profound prostration, cold sweat, brown tongue, burning pain. Ars. A. Clin.

Nausea. Shifting of flatus, with sharp cutting colic; with nausea. Ant. T. Clin.

Nausea. Painless cholera morbus, with deathly nausea, weakness and prostration; aggravation from the smell or sight of food. Colch. Clin.

Nausea. Dysentery; bloody stool with deathly nausea from smelling cooking; watery stool; jelly-like mucus, with scrapings from intestines. Colch. Clin.

Navel. (*Pain.*) Pain in umbilical region, emanating from navel; amelioration by frequent discharge of flatus. Coloc. 7.

Navel. Pinching in abdomen as if bowels were pressed inwards; amelioration from pressure and bending inward, with cutting extending towards pubic region; so severe below navel that facial muscles were distorted and eyes drawn together as if squeezed between stones. Coloc. 5.

Navel. Griping in abdomen, worse below navel, obliging him to bend over; amelioration after a thin stool; with discharge of flatus upward and downward. Coloc. 5.

Navel. Constriction transversely across umbilical region as by a string; in afternoon till 6, above navel. Chel. 7.

Navel. Pain around the navel as if a blunt plug were squeezed into intestines. Anac. 7.

Navel. Colic, with cutting, twisting about navel, and passage of tough mucus like diarrhœa, at times mixed with black blood; after every stool thirst, and after every drink shivering. Caps. 7.

Navel. Griping tearing in region of navel and lower down in sides, with pain in small of back, as if broken. Cham. 7.

Navel. Sticking, griping pain in umbilical region, as from an internal induration in a spot beneath navel. Zinc. 7.

Navel. Soreness and pain around navel. Calc. Ph. 7.

Navel. Griping in umbilical region, at times above at times below navel, in afternoon, soon after eating, as from flatus. Ver. Alb. 7.

Navel. Colic immediately after eating; pain below the navel as if the intestines were torn. Graph. Clin.

Navel. Twisting about navel, with pains on pressure. Cina 7.

Navel. Dysenteric attacks for several successive years; frequent bloody stools with gnawing at navel, then ineffectual straining. Kali B. 1.

Navel. Diarrhœa, with colicky pains around navel before or during stool; stools sour, liquid, slimy, fecal, mixed with green sline. Rheum Clin.

Navel. Abdomen swollen; hard; sore above navel, where there is a great deal of colic; sometimes relieved by pressure. Cina Clin.

Navel. Intestinal catarrh in children; colic about the navel and diarrhœa. Puls. Clin.

Navel. Flatulent colic, with constriction around stomach and navel; incarcerated flatus; passes sour-smelling or fetid flatus. Natr. C. Clin.

Navel. Griping colic writhing around navel; better from hot milk; worse after eating or nursing. Crot. Tig. Clin.

Navel. Diarrhœa; stool preceded by excessive cutting around about the navel, and expelled all at once, after considerable urging, and followed by a feeling of great relief. Gamb. Clin.

Navel. Diarrhœa, with urging and inability to retain the stool; gurgling in abdomen as of water; after stool sharp pains around navel; weak feeling in abdomen and rectum; faintness. Lept. Clin.

Navel. (*Miscellaneous.*) Twitching in left side of abdomen, between navel and left flank, as if in muscles of wall; then sticking deep in left side of back. Bry. 5.

Navel. Tension in abdomen, especially in epigastric region, between pit of stomach and navel; aggravation from motion, with tension in lower part of back. Caps. 5.

Navel. Diarrhœa between midnight and morning, with sensation as of something pulling at the navel; stools watery, dark, offensive, profuse, involuntary, or mucous and bloody. Plumb. Clin.

Neck. Colic in hypogastrium as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest, when sitting and lying. Nux V. 7.

Needle-like. Piles feels damp, painful to touch, itch violently; needle-like pains at anus. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Nerve centres. Nervous diarrhœa from depression of the nerve centres; stools loose, papescent, enveloped in bright, red, foamy blood, preceded by colic, with burning at the anus during and after stool. Zinc. Clin.

Nervous. Obstinate constipation, following diarrhœa, in old spirit drinkers who are full of nervous symptoms, as loss of appetite, insomnia, scirrhotic liver. Agar. Clin.

Nervous diarrhœa from emotions; from apprehension, as when ready to go to church, theatre, etc. Arg. N. Clin.

Nervous. Diarrhœa of drunkards on their last legs; great debility and nervous prostration; a sensation of trembling all over the body; stools lemon-colored, chopped, frothy mucous, stringy, offensive, watery, with burning in rectum during stool. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Nervous diarrhœa from depression of the nerve centres; stools loose, papescent, enveloped in bright red, foamy blood; preceded by colic, with burning at the anus during and after stool. Zinc. Clin.

Neuralgia of the abdominal viscera. Cupr. Clin.

Neuralgia of the rectum. Plumb. Clin.

Neuralgia pain in anus and lower part of rectum, shooting along perineum to middle of penis; worse at midnight. Phytol. 3.

Never-get-done. Diarrhœa; watery, slimy, frothy, green, bloody or bilious stools, with greenish scum floating on top of water; violent urging after. Merc. Clin.

Night. (*Flatulence in Abdomen.*) Pressure in abdomen; downward at night, waking her; with tension of muscles so that he could not easily straighten up, as from incarcerated flatus. Sulf. 5.

Night. Stool of blood and mucus, with pain and tenesmus; frequent day and night, with cutting in abdomen and almost ineffectual tenesmus. Merc. C. 1.

Night. Flatulence; emission of flatus, worse in evening and night; offensive; smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen. Sulf. 5.



## NIGHT.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## OBSTINATE.

Night. **Distention of abdomen** in morning in bed, relieved by emission of flatus, smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; also at night, after eating, with heaviness. Sulf. 5.

Night. Distention of abdomen at night, relieved by emission of flatus; rumbling all day, with gurgling, movements and cutting. Mag. C. 5.

Night. Gripping in abdomen; amelioration after discharge of flatus in evening and night; relieved by bending forward. Iris V. 5.

Night. Colic from cold; from getting feet wet; from fruits, ices, pastry; flatulent colic in evening, after supper or at night. Puls. Clin.

Night. Flatulent colic; only slightly relieved by evacuating gas; worse at night. Cocc. Clin.

Night. Violent, flatulent colic, generally relieved by walking about; aggravated by lying down at night; pains are generally cutting, twisting; amelioration from pressure; generally radiate from the abdomen to the back, into chest and arms. Diosc. Clin.

Night. (Stool.) Rumbling in abdomen at night, with diarrhœa; gurgling. Sulf. 5.

Night. Involuntary stool at night in sleep. Arn. 1.

Night. Pain in abdomen at night, waking from uneasy slumber; then sixteen evacuations of greenish, fetid mucus, with noisy emission of flatus. Arg. N. 5.

Night. Diarrhœa of green mucus, as green as bile, once or twice at night, with movements in intestines before every stool; at first green, then slimy; not exhausting; without colic. Puls. 1.

Night. Diarrhœa at night, with cutting in intestines; stools like brown yeast. Arn. 1.

Night. Diarrhœa in evening, at night; with cutting and pressure in rectum; with streaks of blood; stools of green mucus, with burning and protusion of anus; with cutting and griping. Merc. 1.

Night. Diarrhœa in morning, then burning in anus; aggravation at night, preceded by cutting in abdomen; then pricking and burning in anus; stool smelling like old cheese. Bry. 1.

Night. Gurgling in hypogastrium at night, with sudden urging to stool. Aloe 7.

Night. Swelling of hæmorrhoidal veins, with discharge of bloody slime by day and night. Thuja 3.

Night. Cutting in abdomen in morning in bed; griping at night, with pain before stool. Nit. Ac. 5.

Night. Glutinous exudation at night; acrid, corrosive moisture from anus. Carbo V. 3.

Night. Painless diarrhœa, with rumbling of wind; worse at night, from fright or other emotions. Ign. Clin.

Night. Diarrhœa, particularly after meals, at night; painless; early in the morning, in hot weather; from eating fruit; from drinking sour beer; after severe, acute diseases; after loss of fluids. China Clin.

Night. Chronic diarrhœa, gushing, watery; worse at night, with coldness of body and great prostration. Ferr. Clin.

Night. Stools profuse, putrid, corrosive, loose, brownish, frothy, black, offensive, undigested, white, cadaverous-smelling; worse at night. China Clin.

Night. Diarrhœa of anæmic and hysterical women, mostly during night; stools greenish, pasty, with tenesmus and cutting in abdomen. Mag. M. Clin.

Night. Dysentery; excoriating discharges; abdomen externally cold to touch; stools bloody, green, mucous, like stirred eggs; worse at night; pains increased after stool. Merc. Clin.

Night. Dysentery; almost constant cutting pains in abdomen, with ineffectual pressing, straining and tenesmus; discharges of bloody slime, day and night; severe pains in rectum continue after stool. Merc. C. Clin.

Night. Mucous diarrhœa, with tenesmus; stools frequent; small; burning in rectum and bladder; bloody, shaggy, greenish, frothy, worse at night. Caps. Clin.

Night. Diarrhœa, with constant rumbling and gurgling in abdomen; stools dark yellow, undigested, very offensive; stools of yellow water, with meal-like sediment; worse night and morning after eating. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Night. (Miscellaneous.) Itching burning in rectum at night on waking and in morning, with pinching, extending to perineum. Nit. Ac. 2.

Night. Cramps in abdomen; aggravation in evening and at night, with coldness in thighs. Calc. C. 5.

Night. Drawing pain in abdomen at night. Mag. M. 5.

Night. Soreness of perineum, with painful itching when touched; at night, with moisture. Carbo V. 3.

Night. Pain across hypogastrium at night on lying down; amelioration from micturition. Sep. 7.

Night. Pressure in hypogastrium as if bladder would fall out over os pubis, partially relieved by hard pressure; the pelvic distress always felt at night on waking. Sep. 7.

Night. Diarrhœa; always in daytime, never at night, but has stools early in morning; hunger immediately after stool from weak, empty feeling in bowels; stools profuse, gushing, mucous, yellowish-brown, with colic. Petr. Clin.

Night dress. Distention and sensitiveness of abdomen, so that she must wear the clothes about stomach very loose; even in bed she must pull up the night dress; she dare not lay the arm across the abdomen. Lach. 5.

Nights. Diarrhœa from checked perspiration during heat of summer, with cold nights. Acon. Clin.

Nine a. m. Small, yellowish shining stool at 9 a. m., with sputtering flatus; with dread lest feces and urine escaped together; while he would force out yet he held back. Aloe 1.

Nine p. m. **Blind hæmorrhoids** with itching in morning, preceded by pain in small of back in evening till 9 p. m., with sore pain in anus, worse from motion; painful; protruding. Puls. 3.

**Nodular.** Stool hard like sheep-dung and difficult; nodular, with pain in rectum; crumbly as if burnt. Mag. 1.

**Noise.** Thin stool, preceded and followed by rumbling, and at times noise as if a bottle were emptied. Jatr. 1.

Noise in abdomen as if a full bottle were emptied in evening, continuing after a thin stool at 10 p. m. Jatr. 5.

Noise. Urging in rectum, sudden, with noise as of liquids in abdomen; worse on left side. Jatr. 2.

Noises. Rumbling in abdomen, with noises. Mezer. 5.

Noises. Distention of abdomen after dinner, with rumbling noises. Sep. 2.

Noises. Rumbling and noises in abdomen with discharge of flatus; unsatisfactory, abrupt, offensive, not without exertion of abdominal muscles. Ign. 5.

**Noisy.** Scanty, watery stool about midnight, with flatulent colic and noisy flatulence during stool. Arg. N. 1.

**Noisy.** Pain in abdomen at night, waking from uneasy slumber; then sixteen evacuations of greenish, fetid mucus, with noisy emission of flatus. Arg. N. 5.

**Noisy.** Diarrhœa; stools frequent in evening, involuntary when sneezing or laughing, half fluid, half lumpy, mixed with gas and noisy flatus; in morning, afternoon and evening, always soon after eating. Sulf. 1.

**Normal.** Cutting in rectum during normal stool. Sulf. 2.

**Normal.** Hæmorrhoids; pain during normal stool. Mag. M. 3.

**Nose.** Jaundice, with hæmorrhage from the nose; tenderness of the liver. Crotal. H. Clin.

**Nursing.** Diarrhœa after nursing; from overheating; after cold bathing. Ant. Cr. Clin.

**Nursing.** Diarrhœa in nursing infants; offensive; preceded by colic; stools mucous, with aphthous sore mouth. Borax Clin.

**Nursing.** Oozing of a thin, inodorous fluid from the rectum; weak digestion, especially in nursing women. Carbo An. Clin.

**Nursing.** Jaundice in nursing children. China Clin.

**Nursing.** Gripping colic writhing around navel; better from hot milk; worse after eating or nursing. Crot. Tig. Clin.

**Nutmeg.** Wasting away of liver; nutmeg liver. Laur. Clin.

**Nutmeg.** Atrophic, nutmeg liver, which is swollen; enlargement of liver and spleen after intermittent fever. Nux Mos. Clin.

**Obstinate constipation; stool dry and difficult,** with confusion of head. Bry. 1.

**Obstinate constipation,** especially if it alternates with diarrhœa; with stool followed by tremulous weakness. Con. Clin.



**OBSTINATE.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****OFFENSIVE.**

Obstinate constipation following diarrhoea in old spirit-drinkers who are full of nervous symptoms, as loss of appetite, insomnia, scirrhotic liver. Agar. Clin.

Obstinate. Hæmorrhoids accompanied with obstinate constipation; swollen, itching, stinging, burning, and painful when touched. Caust. Clin.

Obstinate constipation; difficult expulsion of feces, fissuring the anus, with flow of blood; a ripping-up sensation in the anus after stool. Natr. M. Clin.

Obstinate constipation, with feeling of a load in rectum which cannot be evacuated; stools seem to stick to the anus like putty. Plat. Clin.

Obstinate constipation; inactivity or intussusception; stools hard, thick, and knotty balls, with pain in anus when passing, as if it would fly to pieces. Thuja Clin.

Obstructed. Feeling in rectum as if mucous membrane were thick and obstructed stool, and as if rectum would protrude if the effort were continued. Esc. 2.

Obstructed. Constipation; bowels obstructed from induration of feces which are so dry that they crumble as they pass the anus; like sheep's dung, covered with blood and mucus. Mag. M. Clin.

Obstructing. Pain in hepatic region, obstructing the breathing. Acon. 6.

Obstruction. Intestinal obstruction, with fecal vomiting and violent colic. Op. Clin.

Odor. Stool hard, with urging and sticking in anus; lumpy, with threads of mucus, dark, half digested, of intolerable odor. Graph. 1.

Odor. Diarrhoea; stool soft and bright yellow, pasty, of the odor of putrefying snakes. Lach. 1.

Odor. Rumbling of abdomen, with emission of flatus of the odor of bad eggs. Olean. 5.

Odor. Diarrhoea of undigested stools; sour odor, large in quantity. Calc. C. Clin.

Odor. Diarrhoea, brown, yellow or slimy; putrid odor with low types of fever; coldness of extremities; tendency to collapse. Carbo V. Clin.

Odor. Frequent involuntary stools of putrid, cadaverous odor; burning pains deep in abdomen; feces escape with flatus; collapse; pulse weak and intermittent. Carbo V. Clin.

Odor. Green, slimy stools; mucous; chopped white and yellow mucus; often of a changeable color; often undigested; often like chopped eggs and spinach; foul odor, especially in children during teething or after taking cold. Cham. Clin.

Odor. Diarrhoea; stools white, sour, undigested; are sometimes mucous, yellow or green and of a decayed odor. Hep. Clin.

Odor. Diarrhoea; evacuation hot, odor of rotten eggs; aggravation from drinking cold water. Staph. Clin.

Odorless. Oozing of sticky, odorless moisture from anus, with soreness and burning. Carbo An. 2.

Odorless. Sticky, odorless moisture behind scrotum. Carbo An. 3.

Odorless. Yellow, watery diarrhoea; nearly odorless; involuntary; passed in bed unconsciously, especially during sleep; a typhoid state, with delirium. Hyos. Clin.

Odorless. Diarrhoea; stools sour, green, bloody; one stool fetid, the other odorless; one containing fecal matter, the other blood; no two stools alike; caused by eating pork or fat food; from fruit, ice cream, tobacco, cold drinks. Puls. Clin.

Offensive. (Flatul.) Flatulence; emission of flatus; worse in evening and night; offensive, smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen. Sulf. 5.

Offensive flatus. Bry. 5.

Offensive flatus, and at last moist flatus, with dragging towards sacrum, and thence towards abdomen. Carbo V. 5.

Offensive. Emission of flatus after every meal; on attempting to go to stool; burning and offensive. Aloe 5.

Offensive flatus, with stool; frequent and hard; easy; with inclination as for soft stool. Aloe 5.

Offensive. Diffuse subacute gastro-enteritis of a low type; offensive gases passed upwards and downwards; general soreness as if bruised. Arn. Clin.

Offensive. Flatulence, offensive; smelling like rotten eggs. Arn. 5.

Offensive. Distention of abdomen, with motions and passage of offensive flatus; much trouble from flatulence. Carbo An. 5.

Offensive. Loud, offensive flatus all the afternoon. Caust. 5.

Offensive. Rumbling in abdomen between 6 and 10 p. m., with movement of flatus and aching; then emission of flatus, offensive. China 5.

Offensive. Discharge of offensive flatus, after dinner; amelioration after stool, with movements in hypogastrium. Coloc. 5.

Offensive. Emission of offensive flatus in evening. Colch. 5.

Offensive. Rumbling and noises in abdomen with discharge of flatus, unsatisfactory, abrupt, offensive; not without exertion of abdominal muscles. Ign. 5.

Offensive. Emission of offensive flatus. Kali B. 5.

Offensive. Emissions of flatus, loud, short, and interrupted; offensive, worse before stool. Mezer. 5.

Offensive. (Stool.) Stools sudden, pasty, dirty green, offensive, forcible. Croc. Tig. 1.

Offensive. Constipation; stool hard with burning in anus; lumpy, scanty, offensive, difficult, light-colored. Sil. 1.

Offensive. Diarrhoea; stools scanty, chiefly of blood and mucus, with constant desire; offensive, slimy, blackish. Merc. C. 1.

Offensive. Diarrhoea; stool thin, olive-green, exhausting, pernicious, offensive, frequent, brown, slimy; next day fetid and dark. Secale. 1.

Offensive. Stool pasty, with burning in anus; offensive in afternoon, then burning in anus; with much flatus, then hard portions, then again soft, so that he believed he would scarcely finish the evacuation. Bry. 1.

Offensive. Diarrhoea, with coldness of extremities; with vomiting and prostration; with tearing and cutting in abdomen; stool dark, bloody-colored; black mucus; offensive; yellow; with tenesmus and burning pain in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 1.

Offensive. Diarrhoea; copious, yellowish and offensive, containing pieces of white membrane; orange yellow, slimy, with bright yellow flakes without feces. Colch. 1.

Offensive. Urging to a copious, yellowish-brown, partly thin, sourish, offensive stool; then transient relief of colic; then two abundant stools in quick succession; first pappy, then fluid with ulcerative pain in bowels. Coloc. 1.

Offensive. Diarrhoea; stool watery, frequent with burning in anus; sudden about midnight with urging; very offensive; ammoniacal. Lach. 1.

Offensive. Stools offensive, with offensive flatus; frequent, of only mucus; at times with cutting and urging. Nit. Ac. 1.

Offensive. Diarrhoea; stool partly liquid, partly solid; offensive, with much thin mucus and streaks of blood. Sulf. Ac. 1.

Offensive. Stool offensive, involuntary delayed. Op. 1.

Offensive. Diarrhoea; stools frequent, scanty, pasty, exhausting, offensive, as carrion. Sil. 1.

Offensive. Stools profuse, thick, papescent, brown, offensive, relieving symptoms of abdomen. Asaf. 1.

Offensive diarrhoeic stools. Ant. T. 1.

Offensive. Diarrhoea during first dentition with much wind, after vexation; containing white points or flakes like pus; offensive, with much flatulence. Calc. Ph. 1.

Offensive. Stool intermitting, frequent, at first hard, then pasty, then liquid, white, offensive, like bad eggs. Calc. C. 1.

Offensive. Desire in rectum for stool after a meal; desire increased when moving about, then thin, offensive stool with colic, then ineffectual tenesmus, later another stool; after rising from stool the urging which had gradually subsided returned more than ever. Rheum 2.

Offensive. Diarrhoea in spring when warm weather sets in; stools very offensive, undigested, watery, chocolate-colored, consisting of decomposed blood, looking like charred straw. Lach. Clin.

Offensive. Diarrhoea; frequent desire for stool, with chilliness and nausea; stools offensive, painless, fluid, scanty, putrid, with biting burning sensation in anus. Sil. Clin.



## OFFENSIVE.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## OPPRESSED.

Offensive. Chronic diarrhœa, with a psoric anamnesis; stool brown, fecal, fermented, offensive. Mezer. Clin.

Offensive. Diarrhœa in typhoid; offensive; or in old people who sink down in bed. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Offensive. Cholera infantum, with involuntary, offensive stools. Op. Clin.

Offensive. Diarrhœa, with constant rumbling and gurgling in abdomen; stools dark yellow, undigested, very offensive; stools of yellow water, with meal-like sediment; worse night and morning after eating. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Offensive. Diarrhœa after fright or sudden joy; offensive, involuntary, watery, frothy, dark stools. Op. Clin.

Offensive. Diarrhœa from abuse of intoxicating drinks or high living; stools frequent, small, corrosive, offensive, thin, brownish-green, fecal. Nux V. Clin.

Offensive. Cholera infantum; stools saffron yellow; chopped; offensive; watery; child smells sour despite the most careful washing. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Offensive. Stool bloody, with tenesmus, and painful; dysenteric; much black, offensive blood; pseudo-membrane; painful and frequent, with fever and headache. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Offensive. Diarrhœa; stool horribly offensive; nearly painless; involuntary, dark brown, black, watery or green mucus. Psor. Clin.

Offensive. Dysentery; burning in anus during stool and long-lasting, severe tenesmus afterwards; fruitless efforts to stool, which is bloody, watery and offensive. Plumb. Clin.

Offensive. Diarrhœa in low types of malarial fever; evacuations horribly offensive, thin, fecal, usually dark. Bapt. Clin.

Offensive. Painful diarrhœa; watery, liquid stools of the most disgusting smell; discharges profuse, greenish, blackish-brown, papescent; stool and breath equally offensive. Asaf. Clin.

Offensive. Evacuations of shreds of mucus or of undigested food, with enormous distention of abdomen; stools excessively offensive. Arg. N. Clin.

Offensive. Cholera infantum; great desire for undigested things, like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken, flabby; emaciation; stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Offensive. Stools green, sometimes slimy, white and mushy, hot and watery; very offensive. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Offensive. Diarrhœa in nursing infants; offensive; preceded by colic; stools mucous, with aphthous sore mouth. Borax Clin.

Offensive. Diarrhœa of drunkards on their last legs; great debility and nervous prostration; a sensation of trembling all over the body; stools lemon-colored, chopped, frothy, mucous, stringy, offensive, watery, with burning in rectum during stool. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Offensive. Stools profuse, putrid, corrosive, loose, brownish, frothy, black, offensive, undigested, white, cadaverous-smelling; worse at night. China Clin.

Offensive. Diarrhœa between midnight and morning, with sensation as of something pulling at the navel; stools watery, dark, offensive, profuse, involuntary or mucus and bloody. Plum. Clin.

Offensive. Chronic diarrhœa, especially during early hours of morning; stool watery; with meal-like sediment; yellow, pasty, black; mucous and blood-streaked; involuntary; very offensive. Pod. Clin.

Offensive. Diarrhœa; stools dark brown, semi-liquid, bilious, offensive; aggravation in morning and forenoon, with tenesmus of bladder and rectum during stool, preceded by constant dragging and bearing down. Lil. Tig. Clin.

Offensive. (*Miscellaneous.*) Hemorrhoids protruding, large, bluish, suppurating and offensive; burning, with pains in anus. Carbo V. Clin.

Offensive. Jaundice, with clear urine; offensive; tongue white; stools dark. Chel. Clin.

Oily. Diarrhœa daily after breakfast; from vaccination; stools pale yellow; watery or oily and greasy; forcibly expelled, gurgling like water from a bung-hole. Thuja Clin.

Olive. Diarrhœa; stool thin, olive-green, exhausting, pernicious, offensive, frequent, brown slimy; next day, fetid and dark. Secale 1.

Old. (*Constipation of Old People.*) Constipation of old people with abdominal plethora; suitable to hypochondriacs and to bookworms. Aloe Clin.

Old. Habitual costiveness, especially of old people; sensation as if the bowels would not move without the aid of laxatives; continual inclination, but often passes only fetid flatus. Phytol. Clin.

Old. Constipation; stools hard, slow, with chill before and after stool; in knots and balls; sluggish bowels; suitable to old gentlemen who have seen much of life. Mezer. Clin.

Old. (*Diarrhœa of Old People.*) Diarrhœa in morning, then burning in anus; aggravation at night, preceded by cutting in abdomen, then prickling and burning in anus; stools smelling like old cheese. Bry. 1.

Old. Alternating diarrhœa and constipation, especially in old people. Ant. Cr. Clin.

Old. Diarrhœa, particularly of old people; chronic. Gamb. Clin.

Old. Chronic diarrhœa of old people, with tremulous weakness; discharges sometimes involuntary. Con. Clin.

Old. Painful diarrhœa of old people; even soft stool passed with difficulty. Carbo V. Clin.

Old. Diarrhœa in typhoid; offensive; or in old people who sink down in bed. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Old. Diarrhœa; involuntary stool when coughing; suitable to old persons; to scrofulous and phthisical patients. Phos. Clin.

Old. (*Miscellaneous.*) Hard stool, with depression of mind, causing headache and vertigo in old people. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Old pendulous hæmorrhoids that cease to bleed but become painful to the touch, especially in warm weather. Nit. Ac. Clin.

One p. m. Sticking in anus at 1 p. m., when sitting, extending into region of left iliac bone. Thuja 3.

One-thirty p. m. Hepatic region sensitive when walking, with pain on touch at 1:30 p. m. Natr. S. 6.

Oozing of corrosive ichor from rectum. Merc. C. 2.

Oozing of sticky, odorless moisture from anus, with soreness and burning. Carb. An. 2.

Oozing. Hemorrhoids, with oozing of yellow mucus; constipated during hot weather. Ant. Cr. Clin.

Oozing of a thin, inodorous fluid from the rectum; weak digestion, especially in nursing women. Carbo An. Clin.

Oozing. Hemorrhoids painful, stinging, with protrusion of rectum; smarting and burning; oozing of glutinous moisture. Natr. M. Clin.

Oozing. Fissure of the anus, with constant oozing of fetid moisture, with raw smarting as if cut with a knife. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Oozing. Chronic debilitating diarrhœa, with almost constant oozing from anus; stools jelly-like, green or bloody; fetid or sour; expelled quickly; worse after taking boiled milk. Sep. Clin.

Once. Constipation; stool blackish, scanty, like sheep-dung; painful; only once in eight or ten days, or green in balls, often hard. Plumb. 1.

Once. Diarrhœa of green mucus, as green as bile, once or twice at night, with movements in intestines before every stool; at first green, then slimy; not exhausting; without colic. Puls. 1.

Open. Paralysis of rectum; anus wide open; hæmorrhage from bowels. Secale 2.

Open. Diarrhœa; stools green or bloody, the anus remaining constantly open. Phos. Clin.

Open. Paralysis of the sphincter ani; the anus is always open. Phos. Clin.

Operations. Colic; crampy pains following a fit of anger, or following operations about the abdomen after lithotomy. Staph. Clin.

Opium. Diarrhœa, with much wind; stools profuse, dark green, brown, gelatinous; worse after eating; from fruit; from lager beer; from abuse of Opium; with intolerable itching of anus during typhoid fever. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Oppressed. Hypochondrium oppressed by clothing, which was unendurable. Carbo V. 6.



## OPPRESSION.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## PAIN.

Oppression. Incarceration of flatus in hypochondria, with oppression of chest. Phos. 6.

Oppression. Cramp-like pain in hypochondria, alternating with oppression of chest and difficult breathing. Zinc. 6.

Oppressive. Distention of abdomen by flatulence, waking about midnight, causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief; new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. Cocc. 5.

Orange-colored. Stool soft, mixed with serum; orange-colored, loose in morning and urgent. Apis 1.

Orange yellow. Diarrhœa; copious, yellowish and offensive, containing pieces of white membrane; orange-yellow, slimy, with bright yellow flakes, without feces. Colch. 1.

Os. Sensation of a plug between symphysis pubis and os coccygis, with urging to stool. Aloe 7.

Os pubis. Tensive pain in morning on getting out of bed, especially in region of os pubis, with feeling as if hypogastrium were spasmodically constricted; sometimes as if distended; pains generally increasing and decreasing. Bell. 7.

Os pubis. Pressure in hypogastrium as if bladder would fall out over os pubis, partially relieved by hard pressure; the pelvic distress always felt at night on waking. Sep. 7.

Out. Urging in rectum, but large intestines are wanting in peristaltic action and cannot expel soft feces; only a part can be forced out by aid of abdominal muscles. Hep. 2.

Out. Flatulent colic relieved by stretching the body out or walking. Diosc. Clin.

Out. Diarrhœa; watery, green frothy, gushing out with force; resulting from drinking excessive quantities of water. Grat. Clin.

Outward. Gripping in abdomen, with constriction soreness and dragging downward and outward. Bry. 5.

Outward. Feeling immediately below umbilicus as if intestines pressed outward; aggravated by standing. Bell. 7.

Outwards. Pain in anus as if a plug were forced outwards. Croc. Tig. 3.

Ovaries. Sticking, now in right now in left groin, apparently connected with ovaries. Coloc. 7.

Over. Cutting in abdomen during menses; obliging him to sit bent over pressing with both hands or to lean far back; as before diarrhœa. Kali C. 5.

Over. Pain over region of liver, aggravated by pressure. Ars. A. 6.

Overeating. Colic from indigestion with waterbrash; worse after coffee, brandy, or overeating; flatulent, with pressure upward, causing dyspnœa. Nux V. Clin.

Overheating. Diarrhœa after nursing; from overheating; after cold bathing. Ant. Cr. Clin.

Overstraining. Prolapsus ani from overstraining and violent riding; aggravation from standing. Arn. Clin.

Oysters. Diarrhœa; stool like chopped eggs, of yellow mucus, sometimes frothy, extremely fetid; aggravation from eating oysters. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Pads. Diarrhœa; stools thin, brown, yellowish, frothy, forcibly expelled; with colic and prominence of intestines like pads here and there all over the abdomen during the pains. Ratan. Clin.

Pain. (*Abdomen.*) Cutting, gripping pain in abdomen. Agar. 5.

Pain in abdomen as if sore and raw; tenderness on pressure. Bell. 5.

Pain. Paroxysmal pain in abdomen, obliging him to bend forward. Coloc. 5.

Pain in abdomen, aggravated by pressure, touch and horizontal position; with sensitiveness. Apis 5.

Pain in abdomen at night, waking from uneasy slumber; then sixteen evacuations of greenish, fetid mucus, with noisy emission of flatus. Arg. N. 5.

Pain. Stool of blood and mucus, with pain and tenesmus; frequent day and night, with cutting in abdomen and almost ineffectual tenesmus. Merc. C. 1.

Pain. Cutting pain in abdomen, with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulent here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus the more difficult it is to pass. Ver. Alb. 5.

Pain. Distention of abdomen by flatulence, waking about midnight; causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief; new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. Cocc. 5.

Pain. Constipation with pain in abdomen. Ars. A. 1.

Pain. Burning pain in abdomen, increased to sharp pain on pressure. Ars. A. 5.

Pain. Distention and pain in abdomen with tension. Coloc. 5.

Pain. Stool of brown, frothy, water with tenesmus, pain in abdomen, and nausea, then sudden, complete rest. Kali B. 1.

Pain in abdomen, better after stool, with unbearable anxiety, so that he rolled about the floor and despaired of his life. Ars. A. 5.

Pain in abdomen, then discharge of dark mucus, causing biting, burning in anus, as before diarrhœa, from taking cold; in morning, on slightest uncovering during sweat. Nux V. 5.

Pain in abdomen as if everything were sore; on every step, as from incarcerated flatus; flatulent after stool, as if intestines here and there were pressed by stones. Nux V. 5.

Pain in abdomen before breakfast, flatulent; relieved by difficult emission of flatus and lying on right side. Natr. S. 5.

Pain. Collection of flatus in abdomen without evacuation of it, with pain; flatus rolls about and becomes incarcerated here and there. Natr. S. 5.

Pain. Distention of abdomen, with gurgling, rumbling, rolling in morning in bed, with grumbling and flatulent pain, worse in evening. Zinc. 5.

Pain. Gripping and jerking in abdomen, with pain, which is better after stool. Rhus Tox. 5.

Pain. Gripping in abdomen, with ineffectual urging to stool; pain before and during stool; better after stool; aggravation from eating plums. Rheum 5.

Pain. Distention of abdomen and after eating, tension, with weight; with pain in place of a hernia. Sil. 5.

Pain. Flatulent pain in abdomen, like labor pains. Natr. M. 5.

Pain. Cutting in abdomen in morning in bed; gripping at night, with pain before stool. Nit. Ac. 5.

Pain. Bruised pain in muscles of abdomen on motion and on touch. Nux V. 5.

Pain in abdomen in evening after drinking; after stool; on touch; with diarrhœa. Puls. 5.

Pain. Pain in abdomen, with coldness; then heat and warm sweat; heat, with inclination to stool; pain in transverse colon at 3 a. m., then diarrhœa. Pod. 5.

Pain. Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about painfully; worse in upper abdomen. Puls. 5.

Pain. Urging to a copious, yellowish-brown, partly thin, sourish, offensive stool; then transient relief of colic; then two abundant stools in quick succession; first pappy, then fluid, with ulcerative pain in bowels. Coloc. 1.

Pain in abdomen after a light meal, with tympanitis. Zinc 5.

Pain in abdomen, with coldness; then heat with inclination to stool; pain in transverse colon at 3 a. m., then diarrhœa. Pod. 5.

Pain. Fetid flatus, with cutting, pinching, then diarrhœa, with pain in abdomen on every attempt to eat. Calc. Ph. 5.

Pain in abdomen, as if diarrhœa would result. Borax 5.

Pain. Anxiety, with pain in abdomen so violent that he grasped bystanders, and again pushed them from him; frequently jumped out of bed and sat on the chamber or ran about. Ars. A. 5.

Pain. Tensive pain extending to chest, as from distention of abdomen. Caps. 5.

Pain in a spot in abdomen, as if seized with nails; a gripping, clutching, clawing. Bell. 5.

Pain in abdomen, between pit of stomach and umbilicus. Iod. 5.

Pain. Diarrhœa, constant, with pain in abdomen. Mezer. 1.

Pain in abdomen, with frequent cutting in stomach and small intestines; with emissions of much flatus. Diosc. 5.

Pain. Intermittent gripping pain in abdomen. Asaf. 5.

Pain in upper abdomen as if everything would be torn to pieces during menstruation. Graph. 6.



## PAIN.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## PAIN.

- Pain. Pinching in muscles of abdomen when sitting as if he had fallen upon them; strained pain; sensitiveness of walls. Hyos. 5.
- Pain in abdominal muscles on touch; throbbing. Kali C. 5.
- Pain in abdomen with diarrhœa; sore to pressure. Kali B. 5.
- Pain in abdomen caused by evening air, with diarrhœa as from a stone. Merc. 5.
- Pain in abdomen during menstruation. Mag. C. 5.
- Pain. Drawing pain in abdomen at night. Mag. M. 5.
- Pain. Soreness in abdomen, especially in sides and down sides of umbilicus on touch, with pain. Aloe 7.
- Pain in muscles of abdomen when rising from lying, with pressing to stool as from taking cold. Aloe 5.
- Pain in the upper portion of the abdomen as from taking cold, and as if diarrhœa would ensue, with ravenous hunger. Asaf. 5.
- Pain in abdomen in morning. Caust. 5.
- Pain. Distention of abdomen after eating; after a moderate supper, with griping here and there; sharp pain, as from flatulent food and much drink. China 5.
- Pain. Rumbling in hypogastric region in morning, with distress and a soft, profuse, black, fetid stool; then pain in abdomen. Lept. 7.
- Pain. Flatulent colic; the incarcerated flatus causes much pain, as it can not pass; colicky pains on the right side of the abdomen, extending into the bladder; cutting pains across abdomen, from right to left. Lyc. Clin.
- Pain. (*Anus.*) Burning pain in anus as if parts around it were sore. Berb. 3.
- Pain. Itching, smarting, sore pain in anus on wiping. Graph. 3.
- Pain. Burning pain in anus. Caps. 3.
- Pain. Diarrhœa in morning, with heat and pain in anus; stool liquid, yellow, green, frequent. Pod. 1.
- Pain. Violent stool; watery, black fluid; burning in anus; after uneasiness and pain in the abdomen. Ars. A. 1.
- Pain. Hæmorrhoids, with sore pain; unendurable on walking or reflecting; swollen, with itching-sticking and much moisture; hard, stinging-burning; painful when touched. Caust. 3.
- Pain. Sore pain in anus, without reference to stool; pain as from blind piles. Ign. 3.
- Pain. Diarrhœa after eating; of undigested feces, also passed in several pieces, then ineffectual urging with biting, burning pain in anus and colic before and after every stool. China 1.
- Pain. Hæmorrhoids moist, even after a natural stool; increased congestion of hæmorrhoidal vessel, with sticking, with burning pain on walking and on touch. Sulf. 3.
- Pain in anus caused by stool; contracted feeling during stool. Chel. 3.
- Pain. Pressure in anus during stool, with pain. Alum. 3.
- Pain. Neuralgic pain in anus and lower part of rectum, shooting along perineum to middle of penis, worse at midnight. Phytol. 3.
- Pain in pubic region, extending towards anus. Nux V. 7.
- Pain. Contractive pain in anus in afternoon, preventing sitting. Coc. 3.
- Pain. Bleeding from anus during stool; sore pain after stool. Puls. 3.
- Pain in anus as if a plug were forced outwards. Crot. Tig. 3.
- Pain. Hæmorrhoids like red cherries; protrude after meals, with sore pain in anus. Diosc. 3.
- Pain. Hæmorrhoids; blind, painful with slow hot prickings; hæmorrhoidal tenesmus causing burning pain. Ars. A. 3.
- Pain. Hæmorrhoids swell very much, with burning pain on walking. Carbo An. 2.
- Pain. Swollen hæmorrhoids protrude and cause pain during a stool which is not hard; hæmorrhage. Calc. C. 3.
- Pain. Burning, smarting in anus some hours after stool, with cutting as in sore; biting in evening with sore pain. Nux V. 3.
- Pain. Burning pain in region of anus; itching of anus; pressure of anus. Petr. 3.
- Pain. Itching in anus, with sore pain as from hæmorrhoids on margin; becoming a smarting and sore pain as from blind piles. Nux V. 3.
- Pain. Biting sore pain in anus on walking, and burning in rectum. Mezer. 3.
- Pain. Swollen hæmorrhoids with burning sore pain; blue hæmorrhoids, with pain on pressure. Mur. Ac. 3.
- Pain. Inflammation of hæmorrhoids; stitches; sore pain during cough; pain when walking. Kali C. 3.
- Pain. Burning pain in anus after stool; in forenoon, with pressure. Kali B. 3.
- Pain. Spasmodic pain in anus before and after stool. Lach. 3.
- Pain. Boring cramp-like pains in anus, extending into rectum and testicles. Sil. 3.
- Pain. Burning pains in anus, with soft stool. Merc. 3.
- Pain. Hæmorrhoids; pain during normal stools. Mag. M. 3.
- Pain. Burning pain in anus during, before and after stool. Berb. 3.
- Pain. Tenesmus, as if more stool would follow, which must be held back on account of soreness of anus, yet on account of this pain he does not dare to draw the anus together. Aloe 2.
- Pain. Blind hæmorrhoids; bleeding, with itching pain in anus. Cham. 3.
- Pain. Diarrhœa; stools yellowish, slimy, cutting pain before and after; with itching of anus when sitting. Staph. Clin.
- Pain. Hæmorrhoids, blind or flowing, dark blood; lancinating pain from the anus upward, especially after stool; painless piles. Sulf. Clin.
- Pain. Piles after confinement, with sharp, stinging pain. Apis Clin.
- Pain. Obstinate constipation, inactivity or intussusception; stools hard, thick and knotty balls, with pain in anus when passing as if it would fly to pieces. Thuja Clin.
- Pain. Hæmorrhoids, with darting pain shooting to liver; look like bunches of grapes, with great pain and distress. Diosc. Clin.
- Pain. Piles, with pain on sitting down or taking a wide step, as if split with a knife; with violent pinching and very sore to touch. Graph. Clin.
- Pain. Long-continued sensation in rectum after stool, as if one had just been to stool or had just recovered from a pain in anus. Berb. Clin.
- Pain. (*Back.*) Griping in hypogastrium during menses, with pain in small of back and general chilliness. Sulf. 7.
- Pain. Colic in abdomen, as after taking cold; as before diarrhœa; before stools, with rumbling and pain in small of back. Dule. 5.
- Pain. Blind hæmorrhoids, with itching in morning, preceded by pain in small of back in evening till 9 p. m.; with sore pain in anus; worse from motion; painful; protruding. Puls. 3.
- Pain. Constipation; stool white, of only yellow, white mucus, mixed with blood; with pain in back. Puls. 1.
- Pain. Drawing pain in posterior part, extending towards back, like tearings. Calc. C. 6.
- Pain. Diarrhœa; stool semi-liquid; forcible; frequent; followed by tenesmus and burning in anus; brown, frequent, followed by tenesmus, pain in back and burning in rectum. Rheum. 1.
- Pain. Diarrhœa from fright, worse from being in a warm room, preceded by colic and pain in the small of back. Puls. Clin.
- Pain. Piles with enlarged prostate gland, intense pain in back and through the whole pelvis. Staph. Clin.
- Pain. Hæmorrhoids with excessive burning, as from pepper; throbbing soreness, with drawing pain in back. Caps. Clin.
- Pain. Fissure of the anus with periodical profuse bleeding from the anus; pain in small of back as if bruised; sore, blind hæmorrhoids protruding after stool. Rhus Tox. Clin.
- Pain. (*Hypochondria.*) Pain in hypochondria with soreness. Agar. 6.
- Pain in hypochondria, aggravated by standing, so that he stoops; towards morning, with distention, pain in forehead, and diarrhœa. Aloe 6.
- Pain in the hypochondria. Arg. N. 6.
- Pain. Intermittent pain with flatulence in hypochondria, and stitches through chest. Cham. 6.
- Pain. (*Hypochondrium, Left.*) Sharp pain in left hypochondrium. Diosc. 6.
- Pain in left hypochondrium, relieved when lying. Sep. 6.
- Pain. (*Hypochondrium, Right.*) Bruised pain in right hypochondrium; worse from touch on breathing. Lyc. 6.
- Pain. Sticking, cutting pain in hepatic region. Coloc. 6.



**PAIN.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****PAIN.**

- Pain. Sticking pain in hepatic region with burning, when sitting bent over; on touch; bile increased. Sulf. 6.
- Pain through hypochondria and in right scapula, in region of liver and spleen. Chel. 6.
- Pain in hepatic region, extending downward and across umbilical region as if constricted by a string. Chel. 6.
- Pain in hypochondria on touch, in region of liver; bruised pain. Carbo V. 6.
- Pain in hepatic region in margins of ribs, on pressure. Chel. 6.
- Pain. Sticking in hepatic region; sore pain; full sensation. Sep. 6.
- Pain. Intermittent pressure in hepatic region while standing, relieved by bending forward, with pain on touch as if suppurating. China 6.
- Pain in right hypochondrium, between right ribs and hip, when driving; aggravation from pressure. Card. M. 6.
- Pain. Inflated feeling in right side of abdomen with pain in hepatic region on pressure. Card. M. 5.
- Pain. Shooting pain in hepatic region, with moist skin. Card. M. 6.
- Pain in right hypochondrium and in both iliac regions. Carbol. Ac. 6.
- Pain over region of liver, aggravated by pressure. Ars. A. 6.
- Pain. Pressure in right hypochondrium with pain on touch. Iod. 6.
- Pain in liver when walking, changing to heaviness; cutting, drawing, burning pain in liver. Kali C. 6.
- Pain. Intermittent acute pain in liver region extending to scapulæ. Hydras. 6.
- Pain in region of gall-bladder, aggravated by walking; in liver, extending from right lateral ligament to gall-bladder. Bapt. 6.
- Pain. Inflammation of the liver with pain, swelling, hardness, constant fever, dry tongue, restlessness, small, rapid pulse, and on rising from bed faintness. Iod. 6.
- Pain. Distention in hepatic region, with pain as if suppurating, and as if an ulcer would burst. Laur. 6.
- Pain. Sticking in liver; in right hypochondrium, with burning and pain on touch, then burning extending backward. Laur. 6.
- Pain. Drawing pain in right hypochondrium, extending towards symphysis pubis. Calc. C. 6.
- Pain. Paralytic, bruised pain in liver on inspiration, extending to shoulder. Laur. 6.
- Pain in right hypochondrium, with sensitiveness; the latter aggravated by hard pressure and deep inspiration. Bry. 6.
- Pain. Tensive pain in hepatic region, in right, below false ribs; aggravated on deep inspiration. Bry. 6.
- Pain. Cramp-like pain in hypochondria, alternating with oppression of chest and difficult breathing. Zinc. 6.
- Pain in hepatic region on pressure; sensitiveness; worse when lying on right side, with pain on touch. Phos. 6.
- Pain. Hepatic region sensitive when walking, with pain on touch at 1:30 p. m. Natr. S. 6.
- Pain in hepatic region, obstructing the breathing. Acon. 6.
- Pain in right hypochondrium; contractive; worse in morning; then constriction in stomach, extending to chest; amelioration from eructations. Sep. 6.
- Pain. Sticking in right hypochondrium after dinner; in hepatic and right inguinal regions; in a spot in hepatic region; sore pain on touch; pinching, sticking, tearing. Kali C. 6.
- Pain in right hypochondrium, especially when limited to a small spot; dull pain or stitches in liver; clay-colored stool. Kali B. Clin.
- Pain. Colic from the passage of gall-stones; pain shooting into chest and arms, with terrible eructations. Diosc. Clin.
- Pain. Gall-stone colic; terrible darting pains; intolerance of garments about the waist. Calc. C. Clin.
- Pain. Gall-stone colic, with jaundice and twisting pain. Pod. Clin.
- Pain. Abscess of liver; throbbing, ulcerative pain in hepatic region; worse from touch on walking; hardness; distention of liver. Sil. Clin.
- Pain. Enlargement of liver; feeling as of a hard tumor in region of umbilicus, with cramp-like pain in hepatic region. Zinc. Clin.
- Pain. Cirrhosis of the liver; first enlarged and then contracted hepatic region sensitive to pressure; continuing darting pain. Plumb. Clin.
- Pain in region of gall-bladder, extending to spine, with chilliness and diarrhoea. Lept. Clin.
- Pain. Functional derangement of liver, often preceded by migraine; constant aching pain in right side of abdomen. Sep. Clin.
- Pain. Congested, enlarged liver; sensation of pain and drawing in right hypochondrium as if the liver had increased in weight and dragged at its ligaments. Agar. Clin.
- Pain in hepatic region, increased on pressure; stitches in right hypochondrium extending to gastric region. Ars. A. Clin.
- Pain. Acute pain in hepatic region; worse from pressure, breathing, coughing and lying on the right side. Bell. Clin.
- Pain. (*Hypogastrium*.) Stitching, griping, drawing pain in hypogastrium. Agar. 7.
- Pain. Cutting pain in hypogastrium, now here, now there. Bell. 7.
- Pain in ring in morning in bed, as if a hernia would become incarcerated. Nux V. 7.
- Pain. Swelling of inguinal glands, with circumscribed redness; with pain on pressure; and from long walking and standing; obliged to lie down. Merc. 7.
- Pain. Cutting in hypogastrium, with incarceration of flatus; pain at every step. Sil. 7.
- Pain. Tension in hypogastrium, with pain on touch. Op. 7.
- Pain in hypogastrium: in ring when coughing, extending into testicles as if spermatic cords would be torn to pieces. Natr. M. 7.
- Pain in region of ascending colon on rising after stool; in region of right quadratus lumborum muscles on rising from lying. Rhus Tox. 7.
- Pain. Incipient hernia forced downward, with a bruised pain, and cannot be reduced with the hand. Sulf. 7.
- Pain. Sticking pressive pain in the region of the abdominal ring as if a hernia would press out there, with tension as far as the side of the abdomen. Alum. 5.
- Pain in hypogastrium, extending to genitals, as if everything in abdomen would fall out, and menses would come on. Natr. C. 7.
- Pain in right hypogastrium, as if something would be squeezed through. Carbo An. 7.
- Pain in hypogastrium. Secale 7.
- Pain. Paralytic pain in right ring, as if something would force its way through when sitting; amelioration from rising. Cocc. 7.
- Pain. Burning pain in hypogastrium, extending to sacrum. Crotal. H. 7.
- Pain. Contractive pain in hypogastrium, like after-pains, with urging to stool. Con. 7.
- Pain. Bruised pain in groin over left hip, and on left side of pelvis. Arg. M. 7.
- Pain in hypogastrium as from a flatulent purgative. Acon. 7.
- Pain. Tensive, spasmodic pain in inguinal regions, extending from upper and outer part downward and inward. Chel. 7.
- Pain in groin as if a hernia would protrude, and on pressure pain as if a hernia were going inward. Coloc. 7.
- Pain. Pinching, increasing to cutting pain in hypogastrium in morning before, during and after diarrhoea. Ars. A. 7.
- Pain. Pinching pain in hypogastrium. Carbo V. 7.
- Pain across hypogastrium at night on lying down; amelioration from micturition. Sep. 7.
- Pain. Swelling of inguinal glands, suppurative, with pain on walking; the whole limb seems paralyzed and muscles tense. Nit. Ac. 7.
- Pain. Distention of abdomen, beginning at stomach; abdomen hard as if filled with air, without pain; she cannot bear pressure on stomach; worse in hypogastrium. Ratan. 5.
- Pain. Constipation of females with pain and pressure in iliac regions; from uterine and abdominal congestion during pregnancy. Sep. Clin.
- Pain. (*Perineum*.) Itching in anus, with pain in perineum. Caust. 3.
- Pain in perineum as if something dull pressed out there. Asaf. 2.
- Pain. Burning pain in perineum, and an inch from anus a tubercle which became moist and smarted on walking. Thuja 3.



**PAIN.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****PAINFUL.**

Pain in perineum, seeming to arise from neck of bladder rather than from root of penis. *Canth.* 3.

Pain. (*Pubes.*) Cramp-like pain above pubes in afternoon, with frequent urging to urinate. *Chel.* 7.

Pain in pubic region. *Zinc.* 7.

Pain. Tensive pain in morning on getting out of bed, especially in region of os pubis, with feeling as if hypogastrium were spasmodically constricted, sometimes as if distended; pains generally increasing and decreasing. *Bell.* 7.

Pain. (*Rectum.*) Frequent cutting deep in rectum; pain sharp; pain as from blind piles; contraction and soreness. *Ign.* 2.

Pain in rectum during stool as if something would be torn asunder. *Nit. Ac.* 2.

Pain. Stool hard like sheep-dung and difficult; nodular, with pain in rectum; crumbling as if burnt. *Mag. M.* 1.

Pain. Sharp pain in rectum after stool and after eating; aggravation from exerting the mind or studying; in morning before stool. *Nux V.* 2.

Pain. Constipation; stool hard and crumbly and unsatisfactory; difficult, with pain as if rectum would burst, then bleeding of hæmorrhoidal vessels and pain in rectum, with frequent micturition. *Natr. M.* 1.

Pain in rectum. *Acon.* 2.

Pain. Frequent, sudden pressing-piercing pain in rectum. *Caust.* 5.

Pain. Jerking, almost sticking pain in rectum, with burning, stinging, itching during stool. *Sil.* 2.

Pain. Sore pain in rectum during stool, as if an ulcer had been torn apart, with discharge of mucus. *Ant. Cr.* 2.

Pain. Throbbing pain in rectum all day; after stool; also burning pain during the hard stool and in anus. *Sulf.* 2.

Pain. Urging to stool; ineffectual; tenesmus, as in dysentery; with burning pain and pressure in rectum and anus. *Ars. A.* 2.

Pain. Diarrhœa, with burning pain and tenesmus of rectum. *Gamb.* 2.

Pain. Frequent, ineffectual urging in rectum, causing pain. *Merc. C.* 2.

Pain. Catarrhal inflammation of the bowels, with extreme pain in the rectum. *Merc. C. Clin.*

Pain. Violent pain in rectum, with chill and fever; inflammation, tenesmus and bloody discharges. *Acon. Clin.*

Pain. Chronic dysentery; discharges like meat washings; severe tenesmus; burning pain deep in rectum. *Pod. Clin.*

Pain. Contractive, sore pain in rectum, from blind hæmorrhoids; one or two hours after stool; stools large or soft, but passed with difficulty. *Ign. Clin.*

Pain. (*Spleen.*) Enlargement of spleen, with pain. *Phos.* 6.

Pain in region of spleen. *Mezer.* 6.

Pain. Intermittent pain in region of spleen and pit of stomach. *Ign.* 6.

Pain. (*Umbilicus.*) Gripping, tensive pain in umbilical region, extending towards stomach, in afternoon and evening; relieved by emission of flatus. *Sulf.* 7.

Pain in umbilical region, emanating from navel; amelioration by frequent discharge of flatus. *Coloc.* 7.

Pain on pressure on umbilicus; pain is felt down to anus, where there is constant protrusion. *Crot. Tig.* 7.

Pain around the navel, as if a blunt plug were squeezed into intestines. *Anac.* 7.

Pain below umbilicus as from a stone, taking away the breath; after dinner. *Nux V.* 7.

Pain. Retraction of abdomen, with hardness and pain in umbilicus, radiating to lumbar region and iliac fossæ, with hard knots over its surface. *Plumb.* 5.

Pain. Sticking, gripping pain in umbilical region, as from an internal induration in a spot beneath navel. *Zinc.* 7.

Pain. Cramping pain above umbilicus. *Diosc.* 7.

Pain. Pain in umbilical region in morning, with profuse, thin, yellow stool, not relieving the pain, with frequent cutting through all small intestines. *Diosc.* 7.

Pain. Soreness and pain around navel. *Calc. Ph.* 7.

Pain to side of umbilicus, corresponding to a place in front of kidneys and rather to side, mostly sticking, often extending to lumbar region, or to groins, liver, spleen or stomach. *Berb.* 7.

Pain in umbilical region. *Bapt.* 7.

Pain. Abdomen hard, with pain in umbilical region on touch. *Kali C.* 7.

Pain below umbilicus at 4 p. m.; then unusual stool. *Amm. Mur.* 7.

Pain. Feeling of distention of abdomen, with constrictive pain below umbilicus; the latter comes in jerks, obliging bending double. *Bell.* 7.

Pain. Gripping tearing in region of navel and lower down in sides, with pain in small of back as if broken. *Cham.* 7.

Pain. Twisting about navel, with pains on pressure. *Cina.* 7.

Pain in umbilical region in morning, with profuse, thin, yellow stool, not relieving the pain, with frequent cutting through all small intestines. *Diosc.* 7.

Pain across umbilicus, preventing sleep; pinching when sitting; below umbilicus, recurring every half hour, with pressure on bladder as if it were forced on groins. *Sulf.* 7.

Pain about umbilicus, causing him to bend forward; aggravation from touch, attempting to raise himself or to lie on back, and cried out that his intestines were burning. *Ars. A.* 7.

Pain. Painters' colic; pain in umbilical region, extending through to the back. *Plat. Clin.*

Pain. Colic immediately after eating; pain below the navel, as if the intestines were torn. *Graph. Clin.*

Pain. (*Miscellaneous.*) Movements in hypogastrium, as of something living, like a pushing of muscles by the arm of a child, without pain. *Thuja.* 7.

Pain. Flatulent pain in evening after a meal; here and there after midnight, not relieved by flatus. *Puls.* 5.

Pain. Pain in pelvis, beginning in sacrum, and passing forward and down to right knee at 7:30 a. m., relieved by pressing against something hard; the pelvic pain relieved by crossing the limbs. *Sep.* 7.

Pain. Stools, preceded by cold pain, low down in pelvis; feces mixed with mucus and dark-clotted blood, followed by tenesmus. *Merc. C.* 1.

Pain. Constrictive pain below short ribs, extending into lumbar vertebræ. *Camph.* 5.

Pain. Deep-seated, digging pain within hips on both sides, as in dysentery, with nausea and drowsiness. *Arn.* 7.

Pain. Squeezing, constrictive pain in lowermost intestines, alternately with shoots or jerks in direction of perineum. *Bell.* 2.

Pain. Diarrhœa, almost without pain, then prostration. *Graph.* 1.

Pain. Liquid stool; diarrhœa in morning on rising; yellow, with distention and dull pain under ribs. *Aloe.* 1.

Pain. Diarrhœa, frequent and sudden without pain or smell; watery. *Ferr.* 1.

Pain. Diarrhœa in morning; stool papaceous, with much mucus, but no real pain. *Bapt.* 1.

Pain above left hip as if it would burst there on coughing. *Caust.* 7.

Pain. Enlargement of the liver; pain under angle of right shoulder blade or with jaundice; yellow tongue; bitter taste. *Chel. Clin.*

Pain. Early stage of peritonitis and enteritis, with severe agonizing pain; tossing about; high fever. *Acon. Clin.*

Pain. Metro-peritonitis, with nausea, vomiting, profound prostration, cold sweat, brown tongue, burning pain. *Ars. A. Clin.*

Painful. (*Abdomen.*) Abdomen swollen and painful. *Ars. A.* 5.

Painful. Swelling of abdomen which is painful to touch. *Acon.* 5.

Painful. Typhlitis; painful swelling of the whole right side of abdomen; aggravation from lying on left side; better when lying on the back and by gentle pressure. *Rhus Tox. Clin.*

Painful. (*Hæmorrhoids.*) Protruding hæmorrhoids during stool; when walking. *Sep.* 3.

Painful. Hæmorrhoids with swelling; protruding, painless, discharging blood with every stool; with pricking in rectum; burning; painful. *Nit. Ac.* 3.

Painful. Blind piles, with pressure and soreness in anus and rectum; painful when sitting and standing; less when walking; worse after taking fresh air. *Ign.* 3.

Painful. Blind hæmorrhoids with itching in morning, preceded by pain in small of back; in evening till 9 p. m., with sore pain in anus, worse from motion; painful; protruding. *Puls.* 3.

Painful. Hæmorrhoids with sore pain; unendurable on walking or reflecting; swollen, with itching, sticking and much moisture; hard, stinging-burning; painful when touched. *Caust.* 3.



## PAINFUL.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## PAINS.

Painful. Hæmorrhoids swollen, protruding, burning, sticking; protruding during soft stool; **painful on touch**; painful when sitting. Lye. 3.

Painful. Protruding, painful, sore hæmorrhoids, with ineffectual urging. Merc. 3.

Painful. Hæmorrhoids; blind, painful, with slow hot prickings; hæmorrhoidal tenesmus, causing burning pain. Ars. A. 3.

Painful protruding piles, with itching and sticking. Puls. Clin.

Painful. Piles feel damp, painful to touch, itch violently; needle-like pains at anus. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Painful. Old pendulous hæmorrhoids that cease to bleed, but become painful to the touch, especially in warm weather. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Painful. Hæmorrhoids, accompanied with obstinate constipation; swollen, itching, stinging, burning and painful when touched. Caust. Clin.

Painful. Hæmorrhoids, intensely painful; boring, cramping from anus to rectum and testicles; protrude during stool become incarcerated and suppurate. Sil. Clin.

Painful. Hæmorrhoids, painful; stinging, with protrusion of rectum, smarting and burning; oozing of glutinous moisture. Natr. M. Clin.

Painful. (*Rectum.*) Urging in rectum with scanty stool, passed in pieces after pressure, with **painful weakness**, and tight sensation in the abdominal muscles. Plat. 2.

Painful spasmodic protrusion of rectum. Ars. A. 2.

Painful. Protrusion of rectum after stool, then painful constriction of anus. Lach. 2.

Painful. Habitual constipation; stools scanty, knotty, followed by burning and painful retraction of rectum and anus. Kali B. Clin.

Painful. (*Stool.*) Diarrhœa, with profuse sweat; with desire for eating and drinking; **stool frequent and painful**; watery; involuntary. Ver. Alb. 1.

Painful. Constipation; stool blackish, scanty; like sheep's-dung; painful; only once in eight or ten days, or green in balls, often hard. Plumb. 1.

Painful. Diarrhœa violent, painful, green, with cutting and tenesmus. Cupr. 1.

Painful. Soreness of perineum, with painful itching when touched; at night with moisture. Carbo V. 3.

Painful. Constipation during menstruation; stool like sheep-dung, painful and difficult; insufficient after much pressure. Kali C. 1.

Painful. Bloody and painful stool; scanty, round and burning in anus. Kali B. 1.

Painful. Bloody stools, with painful, acrid sensation in anus. Merc. 1.

Painful. Stool bloody, with tenesmus and painful; dysenteric; much black offensive blood; pseudo-membrane; painful and frequent, with fever and headache. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Painful diarrhœa of old people: even soft stool passed with difficulty. Carbo V. Clin.

Painful. Constipation; stools enormously large and painful, leaving the sphincters, nearly paralyzed and slow to close, with a feeling of inability to draw up the partially prolapsed anus, especially in those who have abused alcohol or narcotics. Lach. Clin.

Painful diarrhœa; watery, liquid stools of the most disgusting smell; discharges profuse, greenish, blackish-brown, papescent; stool and breath equally offensive. Asaf. Clin.

Painful. (*Miscellaneous.*) **Painful inclination to inguinal hernia**, worse when rising from a seat. Cocc. 7.

Painful. Inguinal glands as large as peas; painful to touch. Sil. 7.

Painful. Swelling of inguinal glands, painful and of axillary glands. Natr. C. 7.

Painful drawing in groins as before menstruation. Plat. 7.

Painful contractions in anus. Acon. 3.

Painful. Left hypochondrium hard and acutely painful to pressure. Iod. 6.

Painful pulsation in right hypochondrium. Phos. 6.

Painful. Tenesmus; a constant pressing and urging towards anus and genitals, alternating with painful contractions of anus. Bell. 2.

Painful. Enlarged spleen which is painful on coughing. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Painful. Enlarged spleen which is painful; the pains are acute and sticking. China Clin.

Painful. Hepatic region very sensitive and painful to touch; right lobe of liver painful; stitching burning pains; clothing unendurable. Carbo V. Clin.

Painfully. Sudden flatulence in hypogastrium, passing painfully towards ring. Graph. 7.

Painfully. Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about painfully, worse in upper abdomen. Puls. 5.

Painless. (*Hæmorrhoids.*) Hæmorrhoids, with swelling; protruding, painless, discharging blood with every stool, **with prickling in rectum**; burning, painful. Nit. Ac. 3.

Painless. Hæmorrhoids, blind or flowing dark blood; lancinating pain from the anus upward, especially after stool; painless piles. Sulf. Clin.

Painless. (*Stools.*) **Constipation painless, stools hard masses**, scanty, enveloped in mucus, with pricking cutting in anus. Nit. Ac. 1.

Painless. Diarrhœa watery, yellowish and painless; **forcible**. Crot. Tig. 1.

Painless. Diarrhœa; stool watery, painless. Thuja 1.

Painless. Watery stool through the day; yellow, painless, with rumbling. Iris V. 1.

Painless. Diarrhœa; frequent desire for stool, with chilliness and nausea; stools offensive, painless, fluid, scanty, putrid, with biting, burning sensation in anus. Sil. Clin.

Painless. Diarrhœa: stools painless, at first frothy, thin and brown, later cadaverous-smelling, containing bits of yellow feces. Borax Clin.

Painless cholera morbus, with deathly nausea, weakness and prostration; aggravation from the smell or sight of food. Colch. Clin.

Painless. Diarrhœa, brought on by riding in cars or carriage; aggravated by drinking cold water, with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool. Cocc. Clin.

Painless. Diarrhœa lasting a long time, apparently without any weakening effect; stool white, gray, copious, painless, involuntary, with discharge of undigested substances. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Painless. Diarrhœa painless, clay-colored, with burning and smarting; sallow complexion. Berb. Clin.

Painless diarrhœa with rumbling of wind; worse at night, from fright or other emotions. Ign. Clin.

Painless diarrhœa, especially mornings; greenish, yellow, watery, mucous, profuse and full of bright red lumps. Apis Clin.

Painless. Dysentery with a low type of fever; bloody, almost painless stool. Apis. Clin.

Painless. Cholera infantum; stool from the least movement of the body; thin and painless, gushing, profuse, watery, flaky, inodorous; faintness at stool or immediately after. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Painless. Diarrhœa; stool horribly offensive, nearly painless, involuntary, dark brown, black, watery or green mucus. Psor. Clin.

Painless. Morning diarrhœa, with green, painless but exhausting stools; watery; pouring away as from a hydrant, with lumps of white mucus or little grains like tallow. Phos. Clin.

Painless. Diarrhœa containing undigested food; painless, recurring when eating or drinking. Ferr. Clin.

Painless. Diarrhœa is generally painless, associated with cold feeling in abdomen, but sometimes with cramps. Grat. Clin.

Painless. Diarrhœa, particularly after meals at night; painless; early in the morning in hot weather; from eating fruit; from drinking sour beer; after severe acute diseases; after loss of fluids. China Clin.

Painless. Chronic diarrhœa in cachectic, dyspeptic persons; stools light-gray or brownish; corrosive; sometimes painless, with rumbling in bowels, colicky pains during and before stool and burning in anus after. Kali C. Clin.

Pains. (*Abdomen.*) **Drawing, tensive pains in upper abdomen, extending through spermatic cord into testicles, which hang low down**. Puls. 5.

Pains. Drawing, tensive pains in abdomen, like liver pains. Puls. 5.



## PAINS.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## PAPESCENT.

Pains. Colic; pains in lower abdomen from worms. Sil. Clin.

Pains. Colic; crampy pains, following a fit of anger or following operations about the abdomen after lithotomy. Staph. Clin.

Pains. Dysentery; almost constant cutting pains in abdomen, with ineffectual pressing, straining and tenesmus; discharges of bloody slime day and night; severe pains in rectum continue after stool. Merc. C. Clin.

Pain. Frequent, involuntary stools of putrid, cadaverous odor; burning pains deep in abdomen; feces escape with flatus, collapse; pulse weak and intermittent. Carbo V. Clin.

Pain. Violent, flatulent, colic, generally relieved by walking about; aggravated by lying down at night; pains are generally cutting, twisting; amelioration from pressure; generally radiate from the abdomen to the back into chest and arms. Diosc. Clin.

Pains. Diarrhœa; stools involuntary, green, mucous or mushy; undigested, with cutting in abdomen before, tenesmus during, and burning after stool; worse after eating and drinking. Laur. Clin.

Pains. Lead colic; cutting in abdomen as from knives; constricting, spasmodic pains; pinching, griping sensation as if the bowels were squeezed between stones; the patient doubles up or seeks relief by pressing the belly against the bed post or any hard object, or by lying on belly. Coloc. Clin.

Pains. (Anus.) Contracted sensation in rectum during stool; stool difficult, hard, causing tearing in anus so that it bleeds and pains as if sore. Natr. M. 2.

Pains. Large and hard stool voided with great difficulty, followed by severe pains in anus, with feeling as if a portion of the anus was protruded; with severe backache in lumbar region. Æsc. 1.

Pains. Piles feel damp, painful to touch, itch violently; needle-like pains at anus. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Pains. Prolapsus ani with sharp stabbing pains shooting upwards. Ign. Clin.

Pains. Fissures of the anus without constipation; acute pains shooting upwards. Ign. Clin.

Pains. Chronic diarrhœa in cachectic, dyspeptic persons; stools light gray or brownish, corrosive, sometimes painless, with rumbling in bowels; colicky pains during and before stool and burning in anus after. Kali C. Clin.

Pains. Hemorrhoids protruding, large, bluish, suppurating and offensive, with burning pains in anus. Carbo V. Clin.

Pains. Hemorrhoids bluish, swollen, inflamed, protruding, bleeding from least touch, with stitching burning pains, from ice cream and ice water in hot weather. Ars. A. Clin.

Pains. Constipation; desire for stool but little passes; feels as if it stayed in the rectum and could not be expelled; ineffectual urging with sharp splinter-like cutting pains. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Pains. (Liver.) Swelling and abscess in liver with stitching pains in right side, commencing in back and going through and up into the chest. Kali C. Clin.

Pains. Soreness over the region of the liver, with cutting pains and vomiting of bile. Iris V. Clin.

Pains. Sharp pinching pains in liver, which come suddenly and with great severity. Berb. Clin.

Pains. Inflammation and gangrene of the liver; enlargement; acute pains in hepatic region. Secale Clin.

Pains. Chronic hepatitis; stinging sharp pains in liver and in spleen. Psor. Clin.

Pains. Hepatitis after vexation or taking cold; dull aching pains in liver. Cham. Clin.

Pains. Irritable liver; jaundice from vexation; from excessive study or mental work; congestion of liver with soreness and sharp sticking pains; aggravation from lying on left side. Natr. S. Clin.

Pains. Hepatic region very sensitive and painful to touch; right lobe of liver painful; stitching burning pains; clothing unendurable. Carbo V. Clin.

Pains. (Miscellaneous.) Bearing-down pains in hypogastrium; worse when walking, with weight low down in vagina; with constant desire for stool, but with every effort at stool only urine was discharged. Lil. Tig. 7.

Pains. Stools may be black, brown, burning, putrid; brought on by eating or drinking or aggravated after midnight, preceded by most violent, burning and cutting pains, and followed by extreme exhaustion. Ars. A. 1.

Pains. Protruding purple piles, with severe pains in the sacrum and small of back, and fullness in the region of the liver. Æsc. Clin.

Pains. Chronic diarrhœa; first part hard and black, then evacuation, yellow, thin or brown; mushy or white, accompanied by severe lumbar and sacral pains. Æsc. Clin.

Pains. Enlarged spleen, which is painful; the pains are acute and sticking. China Clin.

Pains. Diarrhœa: stools thin, brown, yellowish, frothy, forcibly expelled with colic and prominence of intestines, like pads here and there all over the abdomen during the pain. Ratan. Clin.

Pains. Diarrhœa, with great prostration and collapse at the very commencement of the disease; cutting pains with a loose discharge of dark brown or black feces like coffee-grounds; rice-water stools. Camph. Clin.

Pains. Diarrhœa, with urging and inability to retain the stool; gurgling in abdomen as of water; after stool sharp pains around navel; weak feeling in abdomen and rectum; faintness. Lept. Clin.

Pains. Dropsical effusions and even peritonitis, always with sharp pains; great aggravation from cold air and in the early morning. Kali C. Clin.

Pains. Dysentery; excoriating discharges; abdomen externally cold to touch; stools bloody, green, mucous, like stirred eggs, worse at night; pains increased after stool. Merc. Clin.

Pains. Diarrhœa with colicky pains around navel, before or during stool; stools sour, liquid, slimy, fecal, mixed with green slime. Rheum Clin.

Pains. Diarrhœa, with cutting pressing pains before and during stool; with drawing pain in rectum after stool, continuing for hours; stools green, slimy, with flakes of false membranes; undigested, putrid, fetid, sour smelling. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Painter's colic. Op. Clin.

Painter's colic; pain in umbilical region, extending through to the back. Plat. Clin.

Pale. Diarrhœa comes on gradually; stools more and more watery; pale, pinkish, with rapid emaciation. China Clin.

Pale. Diarrhœa with excessive accumulation of flatus; stools thin, brown or pale, fecal mixed, with lumps, thin, yellow, shaggy, reddish, mucous, undigested. Lyc. Clin.

Pale. Diarrhœa daily after breakfast from vaccination; stool pale, yellow, watery or oily and greasy, forcibly expelled; gurgling like water from a bung-hole. Thuja Clin.

Pallor. Drawing, griping in abdomen, with pressure in rectum; nausea; weakness in pit of stomach and pallor of face; throbbing. Ign. 5.

Pallor. Colic; scanty urine, with pallor, sunken features and staggering; pupils dilated, lips bluish, face covered with clammy sweat; pulse thready. Hell. 5.

Palms. Rumbling in abdomen in morning, with gurgling; also in bed, with spasmodic and griping, flatulent colic, and heat in palms and soles. Nux V. 5.

Pancreas. Fatty diarrhœa, from disease of the pancreas. Iod. Clin.

Papescent. Stool profuse, thick, papescent, brown, offensive, relieving symptoms of abdomen. Asaf. 1.

Papescent. Diarrhœa in morning; stool papescent, with much mucus, but no real pain. Bapt. 1.

Papescent. Painful diarrhœa; watery, liquid stools of the most disgusting smell; discharges profuse, greenish, blackish-brown, papescent; stool and breath equally offensive. Asaf. Clin.

Papescent. Chronic diarrhœa after the abuse of Mercury or Quinine, light yellow, fecal, papescent, sour stool, with undigested food. Hep. Clin.

Papescent. Camp diarrhœa; chronic, from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane, with aching and burning in hepatic region, worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. Lept. Clin.



## PAPESCENT.

**Papescent.** Nervous diarrhoea from depression of the nerve centres; stools loose, papescent, enveloped in bright red foamy blood, preceded by colic, with burning at the anus during and after stool. Zinc. Clin.

**Paplike.** Tenesmus; then copious thin or paplike, sour-smelling stool, with relief. Arn. 2.

**Pappy.** Diarrhoea; stool semi-fluid and frequent in morning; pappy, yellowish, green, copious, fetid. Sulf. 1.

**Pappy.** Yellow, pappy, pasty stool. Aloe 1.

**Pappy.** Urging to a copious, yellowish-brown, partly thin, sourish, offensive, stool; then transient relief of colic; then two abundant stools in quick succession; first pappy, then fluid, with ulcerative pain in bowels. Coloc. 1.

**Paralyzed. Rectum seems paralyzed. Alum. 2.**

**Paralyzed.** Prolapsus of rectum without urging, as if anus were paralyzed. Graph. 2.

**Paralyzed.** Swelling of inguinal glands, suppurative, with pain on walking; the whole limb seems paralyzed and muscles tense. Nit. Ac. 7.

**Paralyzed.** Constipation; stools enormously large and painful, leaving the sphincters nearly paralyzed and slow to close, with a feeling of inability to draw up the partially prolapsed anus, especially in those who have abused alcohol or narcotics. Lach. Clin.

**Paralyzed.** Constipation for days; no desire; no urging; the rectum becomes filled and seems entirely paralyzed. Nux Mos. Clin.

**Paralysis of rectum; anus wide open; hæmorrhage from bowels. Secale 2.**

**Paralysis of the sphincter ani; the anus is always open. Phos. Clin.**

**Paralysis.** Involuntary stools in bed from paralysis of sphincter ani. Laur. Clin.

**Paralytic pain in right ring as if something would force its way through when sitting; amelioration from rising. Cocc. 7.**

**Paralytic bruised pain in liver on inspiration, extending to shoulder. Laur. 6.**

**Paroxysms.** Colic; intense paroxysms of a shooting character; abdomen hard as a stone and drawn into the spine as if by a string; knots in recti muscles. Plumb. Clin.

**Paroxysmal pain in abdomen, obliging him to bend forward. Coloc. 5.**

**Paroxysmal tearing in abdomen, worse at umbilicus. Plumb. 5.**

**Paroxysmal clawing in umbilical region from sides of abdomen towards middle and sometimes to pit of stomach, causing nausea, with anxious heat of cheeks. Hep. 7.**

**Part. Stool soft but difficult; indolent; also with sensation as if a part remained. Nux Mos. 1.**

**Partially.** Pressure in hypogastrium as if bladder would fall out over os pubis; partially relieved by hard pressure; the pelvic distress always felt at night on waking. Sep. 7.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

**Parturition.** Constipation following parturition, with hæmorrhoids and headache. Hydras. Clin.

**Pass.** Cutting pain in abdomen with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulent here and there; the longer delayed the emission of flatus the more difficult it is to pass. Ver. Alb. 5.

**Pass.** Involuntary diarrhoea during emission of flatus; bilious, with sensation as if weight would pass. Sulf. 1.

**Pass.** Constipation; bowels obstructed from induration of feces, which are so dry that they crumble as they pass the anus; like sheep's-dung; covered with blood and mucus. Mag. M. Clin.

**Pass.** Frequent tenesmus for many days without being able to pass anything; great urgent desire for stool; but on sitting down the desire immediately passes off without an evacuation. Anac. Clin.

**Pass.** Flatulent colic; the incarcerated flatus causes much pain as it cannot pass; colicky pains on the right side of the bladder; cutting pains across abdomen from right to left. Lyc. Clin.

**Passage. (Flatus.)** Involuntary stool, with passage of flatus, falling out without exertion, almost unnoticed. Aloe 1.

**Passage.** Tenesmus with only a little feces at first; then transparent, bilious membranous mucus with relief of colic; amelioration from frequent passage of flatus; urging to stool which is unsatisfactory. Colch. 2.

**Passage.** Sticking in groin; feeling after sitting down as if a large, heavy body were lying there; better after pressure; by passage of flatus. Carbo An. 7.

**Passage.** Colic; before stool; before passage of flatus with thirst flatulent. China 5.

**Passage.** Gripping in abdomen, with pain on passage of flatus. China 5.

**Passage.** Distention of abdomen, with motions and passage of offensive flatus; much trouble from flatulence. Carbo An. 5.

**Passage. (Miscellaneous.) Urging to stool, with passage of urine. Aloe 2.**

**Passage.** Colic, with cutting twisting, about navel, and passage of tough mucus, like diarrhoea, at times mixed with black blood; after every stool thirst, and after every drink shivering. Caps. 7.

**Passage.** Stool soft, scanty and delayed, with passage of blood during stool. Carbo An. 1.

**Passage of mucus from anus, with urging. Carbo V. 3.**

**Passage of pure blood from anus and from urethra. Canth. 3.**

**Passage.** Colic, from the passage of gallstones; pain shooting into chest and arms, with terrible eructations. Diosc. Clin.

**Passage.** Colic, from passage of gravel from kidneys; pains shoot up into kidneys, and down into testicles and legs, with cold, clammy sweat. Diosc. Clin.

## PASSES.

**Passages.** Small, frequent passages, consisting of mucus, at times mingled with blood, and causing tenesmus, preceded by flatulent colic in hypogastrium. Caps. 1.

**Passed. (Stool.)** Anxious urging in rectum; frequent, ineffectual, after the usual stool, with griping, and stool when passed was soft. Nux V. 2.

**Passed.** Urging in rectum with scanty stool passed in pieces after pressure, with painful weakness, and tight sensation in the abdominal muscles. Plat. 2.

**Passed.** Diarrhoea after eating; of undigested feces, also passed in several pieces; then ineffectual urging, with biting, burning pain in anus, and colic before and after every stool. China 1.

**Passed.** Stool natural at first, then several small, loose evacuations, then small, hard evacuations, with violent straining in rectum and anus till all are passed. Ant. Cr. 1.

**Passed.** Stool after dinner, very dry and like sand, but passed without trouble. Arg. M. 1.

**Passed.** Diarrhoea, then burning in anus; stool watery, passed unnoticed. Mur. Ac. 1.

**Passed.** Constipation; stool very hard, passed with much difficulty and streaked with blood. Carbo An. Clin.

**Passed.** Painful diarrhoea of old people; even soft stool passed with difficulty. Carbo V. Clin.

**Passed.** Constipation; torpor of bowels; feces hard, scanty, passed with difficulty, from constriction of sphincter ani, and feeling as if much remained behind. Lyc. Clin.

**Passed.** Yellow, watery diarrhoea, nearly odorless, involuntary, passed in bed unconsciously, especially during sleep; a typhoid state with delirium. Hyos. Clin.

**Passed.** Contractive sore pain in rectum from blind hæmorrhoids, one or two hours after stool; stools large or soft, but passed with difficulty. Ign. Clin.

**Passed.** Diarrhoea from bad drainage; from drinking impure water; stools black or thick like glue; passed in thin strips like tape. Carbol. Ac. Clin.

**Passed.** Constipation; stool dry, brittle, granular, which is passed only after prolonged effort. Zinc. Clin.

**Passed. (Miscellaneous.)** Distention of abdomen by flatulence, waking about midnight, causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief; new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. Cocc. 5.

**Passed.** Tension in abdomen in afternoon from accumulated flatus, but it passed copiously and easily. Carbo V. 5.

**Passed.** Coldness in abdomen during menses as if a cold fluid passed through intestines. Kali C. 5.

**Passes.** Tenesmus, but nothing passes except mucus tinged with blood. Merc. C. 2.



## PASSES.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## PEPPER.

**Passes.** Diarrhœa; stool passes better when standing. *Caust. 1.*

**Passes.** Diarrhœa; a thin stool passes unconsciously, with sensation as if flatus would pass. *Staph. 1.*

**Passes.** Constipation; fruitless urging to stool, dryness of rectum; knotty stool, shining as if greased, very small in size; passes easier when standing. *Caust. Clin.*

**Passes.** Prolapsus of rectum, with weak feeling in evening in bed; itching, burning all day, passes only wind and mucus, with sensation of a plug in rectum. *Sep. 2.*

**Passes.** Frequent tenesmus for many days without being able to pass anything; great urgent desire for stool; but on sitting down the desire immediately passes off without an evacuation. *Anac. Clin.*

**Passes.** Flatulent colic with constriction around stomach and navel; incarcerated flatus; passes sour-smelling or fetid flatus. *Natr. C. Clin.*

**Passes** worms, both round and thread-worms. *Cina Clin.*

**Passes.** Habitual costiveness, especially of old people; sensation as if the bowels would not move without the aid of laxatives; continual inclination but often passed only fetid flatus. *Phytol. Clin.*

**Passing.** Fear lest stool should escape with flatus; feeling as if thin stool would escape on passing urine; with the stool always a feeling as if more were at hand. *Aloe 2.*

**Passing.** Sudden flatulence in hypogastrium, passing painfully towards ring. *Graph. 7.*

**Passing.** Constipation; stool hard, only occurring once in two or three days; hard as if he was passing stones. *Coloc. 1.*

**Passing.** Stool lies close to anus without passing and without injury. *Lach. 3.*

**Passing.** Obstinate constipation; inactivity or intussusception; stools hard, thick, and knotty balls, with pain in anus when passing, as if it would fly to pieces. *Thuja Clin.*

**Passing.** Constipation in persons of sedentary habits from atony of lower intestines; stools hard, dry, crumble when passing, with great straining and causing prolapse of rectum. *Pod. Clin.*

**Pastry.** Colic from cold, from getting feet wet; from fruit, ices, pastry; flatulent colic in evening, after supper, or at night. *Puls. Clin.*

**Pasty.** Stools sudden, pasty, dirty, green, offensive, forcible. *Crot. Tig. 1.*

**Pasty.** Diarrhœa; stools pasty, sour-smelling; then shivering, then urging, with constriction in intestines. *Rheum 1.*

**Pasty.** Stool pasty with burning in anus; offensive in afternoon, then burning in anus with much flatus; then hard portions, then again soft, so that he believed he would scarcely finish the evacuation. *Bry. 1.*

**Pasty.** Stool pasty, bright yellow, copious, with much mucus; light gray. *Chel. 1.*

**Pasty.** Diarrhœa; stool soft and bright yellow, pasty, of the order of putrefying snakes. *Lach. 1.*

**Pasty.** Stool pasty, light brown after urging, then rumbling and gurgling in left side of abdomen; after an hour a second stool; mucous, urgent, grayish-green and dirty brown; forcible. *Crot. Tig. 1.*

**Pasty.** Stools soft, with lumps of white mucus; pasty; at an unusual time; lumpy; light, clay-colored, with urging and inactivity of rectum. *Phos. 1.*

**Pasty.** Diarrhœa; stool thin, whitish-gray, involuntary, pasty, bright yellow, with sensation as if he would emit flatus; not prostrating. *Phos. Ac. 1.*

**Pasty.** Yellow, pappy, pasty stool. *Aloe 1.*

**Pasty.** Burning in rectum, with the evacuation of stool and urine; stools dry and large; then copious, pasty stools, with relief of all symptoms except the confusion of head. *Bry. 2.*

**Pasty.** Rumbling in abdomen all the forenoon, with gurgling; then four pasty stools, with emission of flatus. *Natr. M. 5.*

**Pasty.** Diarrhœa; stools frequent, scanty, pasty, exhausting, offensive as carrion. *Sil. 1.*

**Pasty.** Pressure in anus during and after a pasty stool. *Sulf. Ac. 3.*

**Pasty.** Stool intermitting; frequent; at first hard, then pasty; then liquid, white; offensive, like bad eggs. *Calc. C. 1.*

**Pasty.** Sudden cutting in abdomen, relieved after profuse, pasty stools, with digging, compelling him to bend double. *Bry. 5.*

**Pasty.** Diarrhœa of anæmic and hysterical women; mostly during night; stools greenish, pasty, with tenesmus and cutting in abdomen. *Mag. M. Clin.*

**Pasty.** Diarrhœa, without pain or urging; stools brown; watery; white; watery; green mucus; thin, pasty, bright yellow or light gray, like rice-water. *Chel. Clin.*

**Pasty.** Chronic diarrhœa; especially during early hours of morning; stool watery, with meal-like sediment; yellow, pasty, black; mucous and blood-streaked; involuntary; very offensive, like carrion. *Pod. Clin.*

**Peas.** Constipation; stools like sheep-dung, after great straining and burning, with balls of mucus like peas; difficult stools, not hard. *Natr. C. 1.*

**Peas.** Inguinal glands as large as peas; painful to touch. *Sil. 7.*

**Pelvic.** Pain in pelvis, beginning in sacrum and passing forward and down to right knee at 7:30 a. m., relieved by pressing against something hard; the pelvic pain relieved by crossing the limbs. *Sep. 7.*

**Pelvic.** Pressure in hypogastrium, as if bladder would fall out over the os pubis; partially relieved by hard pressure; the pelvic distress always felt at night on waking. *Sep. 7.*

**Pelvic.** Inflammation or engorgement of the pelvic viscera. *Acon. Clin.*

**Pelvic.** Singular feeling in pelvic region at 4 p. m.; a weakness about small of back; pubic bones and around anus a dragging. *Sep. 7.*

**Pelvis.** Cutting low down in abdomen; penetrating into pelvis; more from retracting walls of abdomen, with urging to stools. *Puls. 7.*

**Pelvis.** Pain in pelvis, beginning in sacrum and passing forward and down to right knee; at 7:30 a. m., relieved by pressing against something hard; the pelvic pain relieved by crossing the limbs. *Sep. 7.*

**Pelvis.** Dragging down in rectum during menses, with full sensation in pelvis. *Aloe 2.*

**Pelvis.** Bruised pain in groin over left hip and on left side of pelvis. *Arg. M. 7.*

**Pelvis.** Stool preceded by cold pain low down in pelvis; feces mixed with mucus and dark, clotted blood, followed by tenesmus. *Merc. C. 1.*

**Pelvis.** Piles with enlarged prostate gland; intense pain in back and through the whole pelvis. *Staph. Clin.*

**Pendulous.** Old pendulous hæmorrhoids that cease to bleed but become painful to the touch, especially in warm weather. *Nit. Ac. Clin.*

**Penetrating.** Cutting low down in abdomen, penetrating into pelvis; worse from retracting walls of abdomen, with urging to stool. *Puls. 7.*

**Penis.** Pain in perineum seeming to arise from neck of bladder rather than from root of penis. *Canth. 3.*

**Penis.** Neuralgic pain in anus and lower part of rectum, shooting along perineum to middle of penis; worse at midnight. *Phytol. 3.*

**People.** Alternating diarrhœa and constipation, especially in old people. *Ant. Cr. Clin.*

**People.** Diarrhœa in typhoid; offensive; or in old people who sink down in bed. *Mur. Ac. Clin.*

**People.** Diarrhœa, particularly of old people, chronic. *Gamb. Clin.*

**People.** Chronic diarrhœa of old people with tremulous weakness; discharges sometimes involuntary. *Con. Clin.*

**People.** Painful diarrhœa of old people, even soft stool passed with difficulty. *Carbo V. Clin.*

**People.** Constipation in elderly people of the higher class suffering from retarded defecation with abdominal plethora. *Lyc. Clin.*

**People.** Habitual costiveness, especially of old people; sensation as if the bowels would not move without the aid of laxatives; continual inclination but often passes only fetid flatus. *Phytol. Clin.*

**People.** Habitual constipation, especially in hæmorrhoidal and hypochondriac people. *Sulf. Clin.*

**Pepper.** Hæmorrhoids, with excessive burning as from pepper; throbbing soreness with drawing pain in back. *Caps. Clin.*



## PERIHEPATITIS.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## PILES.

Perihepatitis, with sharp stitches in right hypochondrium; aggravation from any motion; better when lying on right side; liver seems swollen, sore to touch. Bry. Clin.

Perineum. Itching burning in rectum at night on waking, and in morning, with pinching, extending to perineum. Nit. Ac. 2.

Perineum. Colic in hypogastrium, as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. Nux V. 7.

Perineum. Squeezing, constrictive pain in lowermost intestines, alternately with shoots or jerks in direction of perineum. Bell. 2.

Perineum. Pain in perineum as if something dull pressed out there. Asaf. 2.

Perineum. Stinging tearing in perineum. Am. Mur. 3.

Perineum. Pain in perineum, seeming to arise from neck of bladder rather than from root of penis. Canth. 3.

Perineum. Soreness of perineum, with painful itching when touched; at night, with moisture. Carbo V. 3.

Perineum. Burning pain in perineum, and an inch from anus a tubercle, which became moist and smarted on walking. Thuja 3.

Perineum. Itching in anus, with pain in perineum. Caust. 3.

Perineum. Neuralgic pain in anus and lower part of rectum, shooting along perineum to middle of penis; worse at midnight. Phytol. 3.

Perineum. Excessive perspiration on perineum. Thuja Clin.

Periodical abdominal spasms in sensitive and hysterical women. Ign. Clin.

Periodical return of dysentery in spring or early part of summer; stools blackish, watery, bloody, jelly-like; stringy discharges with tenesmus during and after stool. Kali B. Clin.

Periodical. Fissures of the anus, with periodical profuse bleeding from the anus; pain in small of back as if bruised; sore, blind hæmorrhoids protruding after stool. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Peristaltic. Urging in rectum, but large intestines are wanting in peristaltic action and cannot expel soft feces; only a part can be forced out by aid of abdominal muscles. Hep. 2.

Peristaltic. Constipation; stool retarded on account of lack of peristaltic action; hard, scanty stool with cutting and burning in anus. Staph. Clin.

Peritonitis. Early stage of peritonitis and enteritis, with severe, agonizing pain, tossing about, high fever. Acon. Clin.

Peritonitis and metro-peritonitis. Bell. Clin.

Peritonitis. Bry. Clin.

Peritonitis. Extremely valuable in typhlitis and in the late stage of peritonitis. Lach. Clin.

Peritonitis. Sulf. Clin.

Peritonitis and enteritis with restlessness; dry, red tongue. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Peritonitis. Dropsical effusions and even peritonitis, always with sharp pains; great aggravation from cold air and in the early morning. Kali C. Clin.

Perityphlitis with high fever; great tenderness over the appendix and hardness. Crotal. H. Clin.

Perityphlitis. Catarrhal enteritis; perityphlitis; subacute colitis. Merc. Clin.

Pernicious. Diarrhœa; stool thin, olive-green, exhausting, pernicious, offensive, frequent, brown, slimy, next day fetid and dark. Secale 1.

Persons. Constipation in persons of sedentary habits from atony of lower intestines; stools hard, dry, crumble when passing, with great straining and causing prolapse of rectum. Pod. Clin.

Perspiration. Excessive perspiration on perineum. Thuja Clin.

Perspiration. Diarrhœa from checked perspiration during heat of summer with cold nights. Acon. Clin.

Perspiration. Diarrhœa from suddenly checked perspiration in hot weather, from cold drinks, vegetables, stewed fruits, drinking milk. Bry. Clin.

Perspiration. Colic, especially after anger, with red cheeks and hot perspiration. Cham. Clin.

Perspiration. Mucous diarrhœa in summer, often caused by checked perspiration. Cham. Clin.

Perspiration. Colic caused by suppressed perspiration; as from drinking ice water when heated. Coloc. Clin.

Phthisis. Colliquative diarrhœa of phthisis abdominalis. Amm. Mur. Clin.

Phthisis. Diarrhœa of phthisis. Olean. Clin.

Phthisical. Diarrhœa; involuntary stool when coughing; suitable to old persons; to scrofulous and phthisical patients. Phos. Clin.

Pieces. (Stool.) Constipation; stool hard and dark brown in pieces, with loss of appetite; stool gray and crumbly and unsatisfactory. Op. 1.

Pieces. Urging in rectum, with scanty stools passed in pieces after pressure, with painful weakness, and tight sensation in the abdominal muscles. Plat. 2.

Pieces. Diarrhœa after eating; of undigested feces; also passed in several pieces, then ineffectual urging with biting, burning pain in anus, and colic before and after every stool. China 1.

Pieces. Expulsion of pieces of mucus with tenesmus and cutting in anus, as from blind hæmorrhoids. Ars. A. 1.

Pieces. Diarrhœa; copious, yellowish, and offensive, containing pieces of white membrane; orange-yellow; slimy, with bright yellow flakes, without feces. Colch. 1.

Pieces. Diarrhœa of white mucus in little pieces like pop-corn. Cina Clin.

Pieces. Ineffectual urging; frequent, thin stool in single stony pieces. Coloc. 2.

Pieces. Constipation produced by cheese; better from smoking; frequent urging to stool, without any evacuation, which appears an hour later in single pieces of stony hardness. Coloc. Clin.

Pieces. (Miscellaneous.) Pain in upper abdomen as if everything would be torn to pieces during menstruation. Graph. 6.

Pieces. Cutting in hypogastrium as if everything would be torn to pieces; deep down, then higher up; sticking. Kali C. 7.

Pieces. Pain in hypochondrium; in ring when coughing, extending into testicles, as if spermatic cords would be torn to pieces. Natr. M. 7.

Pieces. Violent colic as if the bowels would be cut to pieces. Ant. T. Clin.

Pieces. Obstinate constipation; inactivity or intussusception; stools hard, thick and knotty balls, with pain in anus when passing as if it would fly to pieces. Thuja Clin.

Piles. (Bleeding.) Bleeding piles; spasmodic constriction of sphincter ani, with great forcing and great sensitiveness. Bell. Clin.

Piles. Bleeding piles, with itching and gnawing. Ferr. Clin.

Piles. Bleeding piles with heat and sharp stitches; blood bright. Acon. Clin.

Piles. Bleeding piles; blood flows with each stool in a small stream. Phos. Clin.

Piles. Bleeding piles, which contain an amount of blood, a far greater quantity of blood than the size of the vein would warrant. Lyc. Clin.

Piles. (Blind.) Frequent cutting deep in rectum; pain sharp; pain as from blind piles; contraction and soreness. Ign. 2.

Piles. Sore pain in anus, without reference to stool; pain as from blind piles. Ign. 3.

Piles. Blind piles, with pressure and soreness in anus and rectum; painful when sitting and standing; less from walking; worse after taking fresh air. Ign. 3.

Piles. Itching in anus, with sore pain as from hæmorrhoids on margins; becoming a smarting and sore pain, as from blind piles. Nux V. 3.

Piles, blind or flowing. Nux V. Clin.

Piles. Hæmorrhoids, blind or flowing dark blood; lancinating pain from the anus upward, especially after stool; painless piles. Sulf. Clin.

Piles. (Protruding.) Protruding piles, aching, itching and sore. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Piles. Protruding purple piles, with severe pains in the sacrum and small of back, and fullness in the region of the liver. Æsc. Clin.

Piles. Weakness of the sphincter; piles come down from any exertion, as walking or standing; she supports the anus by pressure with her hand to prevent protrusion of the parts. Sep. Clin.



## FILES.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## PORK.

Piles. Painful, protruding piles, with itching and sticking. Puls. Clin.

Piles. Protruding and strangulated, or with stitches upwards at each cough or sneeze. Lach. Clin.

Piles. (*Miscellaneous*.) Aggravation of internal piles, with protrusion of rectum after stool; sometimes prolapsed for days owing to the swelling and congestion. Pod. 2.

Piles after confinement, with sharp, stinging pain. Apis Clin.

Piles, with prolapsus ani and long-standing diarrhoea. Pod. Clin.

Piles. Irregular piles, with stitching burning or itching of the anus. Nux V. Clin.

Piles, with pain on sitting down or on taking a wide step, as if split with a knife; with violent pinching and very sore to touch. Graph. Clin.

Piles, with enlarged prostate gland; intense pain in back and through the whole pelvis. Staph. Clin.

Piles feel damp; painful to touch; itch violently; needle-like pains at anus. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Piles and fissures at the anus, with great itching; scurf on borders of anus. Petr. Clin.

Piles suddenly in children, with great sensitiveness; prolapsus ani while urinating; piles after confinement. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Pinches. Rolling and rumbling in abdomen, with sudden pinches, as after a purgative; then diarrhoea. Natr. S. 5.

Pinching. (*Abdomen*.) Pinching in abdomen as if bowels were pressed inwards; amelioration from pressure and bending inward, with cutting extending towards pubic region; so severe below navel that facial muscles were distorted and eyes drawn together as if squeezed between stones. Coloc. 5.

Pinching in abdomen with diarrhoea. Borax 5.

Pinching constriction in upper abdomen after eating, extending to left side of abdomen and chest. Cocc. 5.

Pinching or cramp-like pressure transversely across abdomen in region of pit of stomach after eating. Cina 5.

Pinching. Fetid flatus, with cutting pinching; then diarrhoea, with pain in abdomen on every attempt to eat. Calc. Ph. 5.

Pinching. Diarrhoea, with discharge of green mucus, preceded by pinching in abdomen. Gamb. 1.

Pinching in muscles of abdomen when sitting as if he had fallen upon them; strained pain; sensitiveness of walls Hyos. 5.

Pinching. (*Hypogastrium*.) Pinching in hypogastrium in morning, with fermenting; rumbling, then watery diarrhoea. Nux V. 7.

Pinching. Accumulation of flatus in left upper abdomen, more towards back, with pinching here and there under short ribs; in hypogastrium. Carbo V. 7.

Pinching pain in hypogastrium. Carbo V. 7.

Pinching, increasing to cutting pain, in hypogastrium in morning, before, during and after diarrhoea. Ars. A. 7.

Pinching. (*Umbilicus*.) Gripping in umbilical region, with pinching, as after taking cold. Bry. 7.

Pinching below umbilicus. Agar. 7.

Pinching. Gripping about umbilicus on eating, with pinching. Nux V. 7.

Pinching. Diarrhoea with pinching around umbilicus, sometimes with discharge of flatus; stool watery, profuse, with colic and tenesmus; fecal; forcible. Gamb. 1.

Pinching. Inflation and tension, with pinching in umbilical region, with frequent emission of flatus. Gamb. 7.

Pinching. Pain across umbilicus, preventing sleep; pinching, when sitting, below umbilicus, recurring every half hour, with pressure on bladder as if it were forced on groins. Sulf. 7.

Pinching. (*Miscellaneous*.) Diarrhoea, watery, with violent pinching and emission of much flatus. Agar. 1.

Pinching. Itching burning in rectum at night on waking and in morning, with pinching extending to perineum. Nit. Ac. 2.

Pinching in hypochondria and region of pit of stomach. Ipec. 6.

Pinching. Sticking in right hypochondrium; after dinner in hepatic and right inguinal regions; in a spot in hepatic region; sore pain on touch; pinching, sticking, tearing. Kali C. 6.

Pinching. Intermittent pinching sticking in region of spleen. Zinc. 6.

Pinching. Sharp pinching pains in liver, which come suddenly with great severity. Berb. Clin.

Pinching. Diarrhoea; frequent, profuse, greenish-white, watery stools, with flakes; severe pinching colic before stool from emotions, as fright. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Pinching. Lead colic; cutting in abdomen, as from knives; constricting, spasmodic pains; pinching gripping sensation, as if the bowels were squeezed between stones; the patient doubles up or seeks relief by pressing the belly against the bed post or any hard object or by lying on belly. Coloc. Clin.

Pinkish. Diarrhoea comes on gradually; stools more and more watery, pale, pinkish, with rapid emaciation. China Clin.

Pin-worms. Crawling in rectum as from pin-worms. Calc. C. 2.

Pit. Drawing gripping in abdomen, with pressure in rectum, nausea, weakness in pit of stomach and pallor of face; throbbing. Ign. 5.

Pit. Tension in abdomen, especially in epigastric region, between pit of stomach and navel; aggravation from motion, with tension in lower part of back. Caps. 5.

Pit. Paroxysmal clawing in umbilical region, from sides of abdomen towards middle and sometimes to pit of stomach, causing nausea and anxious heat of cheeks. Hep. 7.

Pit. Pinching or cramplike pressure transversely across abdomen in region of pit of stomach, after eating. Cina 5.

Pit. Intermittent pain in region of spleen and pit of stomach. Ign. 6.

Pit. Distention of hypochondrium, worse in sides, pit of stomach, and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. Ign. 6.

Pit. Pain in abdomen between pit of stomach and umbilicus. Iod. 5.

Pit. Pinching in hypochondria and region of pit of stomach. Ipec. 6.

Pitch. Dysentery; stool small, slimy, bloody, with urging; tenesmus ceasing after stool; stools like pitch and blood. Nux V. Clin.

Pitch-like. Chronic dysentery; stools frequent, small, pitch-like, with pale blood; involuntary. Zinc. Clin.

Plethora. Constipation of old people with abdominal plethora; suitable to hypochondriacs and bookworms. Aloe Clin.

Plethora. Constipation in elderly people of the higher class suffering from retarded defecation with abdominal plethora. Lyc. Clin.

Plug. Sensation of a plug between symphysis pubis and os coccygis, with urging to stool. Aloe 7.

Plug. Pain around the navel as if a blunt plug were squeezed into intestines. Anac. 7.

Plug. Pain in anus, as if a plug were forced outwards. Croc. Tig. 3.

Plug. Sensation of a plug in anus in afternoon when sitting, fullness of hæmorrhoidal vessels. Kali B. 3.

Plug. Prolapsus of rectum, with weak feeling in evening in bed; itching, burning all day; passes only wind and mucus, with sensation of a plug in rectum. Sep. 2.

Plugged. Tenesmus, but he cannot expel anything, and the rectum seems plugged up. Anac. 2.

Plugged. Stools very sluggish; the rectum seems plugged up; the attempt to have a stool causes distress in the abdomen. Anac. Clin.

Plums. Gripping in abdomen, with ineffectual urging to stool; pain before and during stool; better after stool; aggravation from eating plums. Rheum 5.

Pneumonia. Diarrhoea of drunkards or in pneumonia. Ant. T. Clin.

Points. Burning in anus after stool; sore in morning as if points were sticking in it. Iris V. 3.

Poisoning. Constipation from lead poisoning; frequent desire but small evacuations, with great effort. Plat. Clin.

Poker. Hæmorrhoids with sensation as if a red-hot poker were being thrust up the rectum; relieved by sitting in cold water. Kali C. Clin.

Pork. Diarrhoea; stools sour, green, bloody; one stool fetid, the other odorless; one containing fecal matter, the other blood; no two stools alike; caused by eating pork or fat food; from fruit, ice, cream, tobacco, cold drinks. Puls. Clin.



## PORTAL.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## PRESSIVE.

Portal. Liver troubles associated with engorged portal circulation, especially in large hæmorrhoids. *Æsc. Clin.*

**Position.** Pain in abdomen, aggravated by pressure, touch and horizontal position; with sensitiveness. *Apis 5.*

**Position.** Pressing downward in hypogastrium during menses; better in knee-elbow position, which caused eructations and sleep. *Sep. 7.*

Ponpart's. Constipation, with sensitiveness above Ponpart's ligament and hardness low down in left iliac region; afterwards almost dysentery of watery stools mixed with whitish-yellow and cheesy masses and tenesmus. *Phos. 1.*

Ponpart's. Stitches at origin of Ponpart's ligament at left ilium extending down, then shooting outward into left side of female urethra. *Berb. 7.*

Pop-corn. Diarrhœa of white mucus in little pieces, like pop-corn. *Cina Clin.*

Pouring. Morning diarrhœa, with green, painless, but exhausting stools; watery; pouring away as from a hydrant; with lumps of white mucus or little grains like tallow. *Phos. Clin.*

**Power.** Stool remains long in rectum as if there were no power to expel it. *Sil. 2.*

Preceded. Thin stool preceded and followed by rumbling and at times noise as if a bottle were emptied. *Jatr. 1.*

Preceded. Stool of greenish water, with distention of abdomen; frequent; liquid; always preceded by griping; worse on right side. *Mag. C. 1.*

Preceded. Blind hæmorrhoids with itching in morning, preceded by pain in small of back in evening till 9 p. m., with sore pain in anus, worse from motion; painful; protruding. *Puls. 3.*

Preceded. Diarrhœa; stool fluid, dark brown, foul-smelling; preceded by colic; green, bilious diarrhœa, mixed with mucus. *Psor. 1.*

Preceded. Stool preceded by cold pain low down in pelvis; feces mixed with mucus and dark, clotted blood, followed by tenesmus. *Merc. C. 1.*

Preceded. Tearing in hepatic region as if stones would cut their way out, with diarrhœa; always preceded by an agreeable sensation in the stomach. *Nux Mos. 6.*

Preceded. Stool indurated as if burnt, preceded and followed by pressure; constipation. *Plat. 1.*

Preceded. Diarrhœa; stools liquid, with mucus; red and yellow, gelatinous, tinged with blood, preceded by lassitude. *Rhus Tox. 1.*

Preceded. Intermittent griping in hypogastrium so that she could scarcely walk after entering the house, preceded by rumbling in abdomen and emission of flatus. *Sulf. 7.*

Preceded. Diarrhœa; stools dark brown, semi-liquid, bilious, offensive; aggravation in morning and forenoon, with tenesmus of bladder and rectum during stool, preceded by constant dragging and bearing down. *Lil. Tig. Clin.*

Preceded. Functional derangement of liver, often preceded by migraine; constant aching pain in right side of abdomen. *Sep. Clin.*

Preceded. Diarrhœa from fright; worse from being in a warm room, preceded by colic and pain in the small of back. *Puls. Clin.*

Preceded. Constipation; stool hard, knotty, streaked with blood, preceded and accompanied by smarting at the anus. *Natr. S. Clin.*

Preceded. Diarrhœa; stool preceded by excessive cutting around about the navel and expelled all at once after considerable urging, and followed by a feeling of great relief. *Gamb. Clin.*

Preceded. Diarrhœa; with burning in rectum and anus after a stool; severe rumbling of gas, watery discharges mixed with mucus, preceded by soft and more substantial stools. *Iris V. Clin.*

Preceded. Nervous diarrhœa from depression of the nerve centres; stools loose, papescent, enveloped in bright red foamy blood, preceded by colic, with burning at the anus during and after stool. *Zinc. Clin.*

Pregnancy. Constipation of females, with pain and pressure in iliac regions, from uterine and abdominal congestion during pregnancy. *Sep. Clin.*

Pregnancy. Diarrhœa during pregnancy; during dentition; during meningitis; tuberculous. *Hell. Clin.*

Pregnancy. Colic during pregnancy or from suppressed menstruation; menstrual colic. *Puls. Clin.*

Pregnancy. Flatulent colic in pregnancy. *Cocc. Clin.*

Pregnant. Diarrhœa of pregnant women. *Ant. Cr. Clin.*

Prematurely. Stool tough, gluey, fetid, so urgent that some escaped prematurely, yet not diarrhœa after getting up; slimy. *Sulf. 1.*

Press. Abdomen sensitive, so that the clothes press disagreeably. *Sulf. 5.*

Press. Sticking pressive pain in the region of the abdominal ring as if a hernia would press out there, with tension as far as the side of the abdomen. *Alum. 5.*

Pressed. Pinching in abdomen, as if bowels were pressed inwards; amelioration from pressure and bending inward, with cutting, extending towards pubic region; so severe below navel that facial muscles were distorted and eyes drawn together as if squeezed between stones. *Coloc. 5.*

Pressed. Shooting from umbilical region to other parts of abdomen; amelioration from pressure; so violent at times that he was almost wild, tossed about, pressed his fist into his abdomen, said he must go to stool. *Plumb. 7.*

Pain in perineum, as if something dull pressed out there. *Asaf. 2.*

Pressed. Feeling immediately below umbilicus, as if intestines pressed outward; aggravated by standing. *Bell. 7.*

Pressed. Intestines sore as if pressed, so that he cannot sleep on right side. *Merc. 5.*

Pressed. Clawing griping in abdomen, as if grasped by a hand so that each outstretched finger pressed sharply upon intestines; better from rest; worse from motion. *Ipec. 5.*

Pressed. Pain in abdomen as if everything were sore; on every step, as from incarcerated flatus; flatulent after stool, as if intestines here and there were pressed by stones. *Nux V. 5.*

Pressed. Sensation in hypogastrium as if a hard body pressed backward and downward against rectum and anus; the desire for stool aggravated when standing. *Lil. Tig. 7.*

Pressing downward in hypogastrium during menses; better in knee-elbow position, which caused eructations and sleep. *Sep. 7.*

Pressing. Cutting in abdomen during menses, obliging him to sit bent over, pressing with both hands, or to lean far back; as before diarrhœa. *Kali C. 5.*

Pressing. Pain in pelvis, beginning in sacrum and passing forward and downward to right knee at 7:30 a. m.; relieved by pressing against something hard; the pelvic pain relieved by crossing the limbs. *Sep. 7.*

Pressing. Fullness in anus, with pressing out. *Aloe 3.*

Pressing. Pain in muscles of abdomen when rising from lying, with pressing to stool, as from taking cold. *Aloe 5.*

Pressing. Tenesmus; a constant pressing and urging towards anus and genitals, alternating with painful contractions of anus. *Bell. 2.*

Pressing. Lead colic; cutting in abdomen as from knives; constricting, spasmodic pains; pinching griping sensation as if the bowels were squeezed between stones; the patient doubles up or seeks relief by pressing the belly against the bed post or any hard object, or by lying on belly. *Coloc. Clin.*

Pressing. Dysentery; almost constant cutting pains in abdomen, with ineffectual pressing, straining and tenesmus; discharges of bloody slime day and night; severe pains in rectum continue after stool. *Merc. C. Clin.*

Pressing. Diarrhœa, with cutting pressing pains before and during stool; with drawing pain in rectum after stool, continuing for hours; stools green, slimy, with flakes of false membranes; undigested; putrid; fetid; sour-smelling. *Nit. Ac. Clin.*

Pressing. Dysenteric diarrhœa, consisting of bloody mucus, followed by much pressing; weak and dizzy after stool. *Petr. Clin.*

Pressing-piercing. Frequent, sudden, pressing-piercing pain in rectum. *Caust. 2.*

Pressive. Sticking, pressive pain in the region of the abdominal ring, as if a hernia would press out there; with tension as far as the side of the abdomen. *Alum. 5.*



**PRESSIVE.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****PRESSURE.**

Pressive drawing forward in left hypochondrium, with anxiety and nausea in chest. *Rhus Tox.* 6.

**Pressure.** (*Abdomen.*) Pressure in abdomen downward; at night waking her, with tension of muscles so that he could not easily straighten up; as from incarcerated flatus. *Sulf.* 5.

**Pressure.** Sharp pressure on a spot in middle of upper abdomen. *Lyc.* 6.

**Pressure.** Pinching or cramp-like pressure transversely across abdomen in region of pit of stomach after eating. *Cina* 5.

**Pressure.** Distention of abdomen with rumbling; cutting with diarrhoea as from taking cold; with pressure; with retching. *Petr.* 5.

**Pressure.** Constipation of persons who live to eat, with heavy pressure in the lower part of the abdomen. *Aloe* Clin.

**Pressure.** (*Aggravation.*) Pain in abdomen, aggravated by pressure, touch and horizontal position, with sensitiveness. *Apis* 5.

**Pressure.** Burning and tensive sticking in right hypochondrium, worse from pressure; sharp drawing in hepatic region. *Mag. M.* 6.

**Pressure.** Burning pain in abdomen, increased to sharp pain on pressure. *Ars. A.* 5.

**Pressure.** Pain over region of liver, aggravated by pressure. *Ars. A.* 6.

**Pressure.** Stitches in region of gall-bladder; aggravation from pressure. *Berb.* 6.

**Pressure.** Stitches in left hepatic region near border of false ribs, about three inches from linea alba; aggravation from pressure; extending into region of stomach. *Berb.* 6.

**Pressure.** Pain in right hypochondrium, with sensitiveness, the latter aggravated by hard pressure and deep inspiration. *Bry.* 6.

**Pressure.** Distention of abdomen, beginning at stomach; abdomen hard as if filled with air, without pain; she cannot bear pressure on stomach; worse in hypogastrium. *Ratan.* 5.

**Pressure.** Pain in right hypochondrium, between right ribs and hips when driving; aggravation from pressure. *Card. M.* 6.

**Pressure.** Inflated feeling in right side of abdomen, with pain in hepatic region on pressure. *Card. M.* 5.

**Pressure.** Pain in hepatic region, increased on pressure; stitches in right hypochondrium, extending to gastric region. *Ars. A.* Clin.

**Pressure.** Acute pain in hepatic region; worse from pressure, breathing, coughing and lying on the right side. *Bell.* Clin.

**Pressure.** (*Amelioration.*) Pinching in abdomen, as if bowels were pressed inwards; amelioration from pressure and bending inward, with cutting extending towards pubic region; so severe below navel that facial muscles were distorted and eyes drawn together as if squeezed between stones. *Coloc.* 5.

**Pressure.** Shooting from umbilical region to other parts of abdomen; amelioration from pressure; so violent at times that he was almost wild; tossed about, pressed his fist into his abdomen, said he must go to stool. *Plumb.* 7.

**Pressure.** Sticking in groin; feeling after sitting down as if a large, heavy body were lying there; better after pressure; by passage of flatus. *Carbo An.* 7.

**Pressure.** Abdomen swollen, hard, sore above navel, where there is a great deal of colic; sometimes relieved by pressure. *Cina* Clin.

**Pressure.** Violent flatulent colic, generally relieved by walking about, aggravated by lying down at night; pains are generally cutting, twisting; amelioration from pressure; generally radiate from the abdomen to the back into the chest and arms. *Diose.* Clin.

**Pressure.** Typhlitis; painful swelling of the whole right side of abdomen; aggravation from lying on left side; better when lying on the back and by gentle pressure. *Rhus Tox.* Clin.

**Pressure.** (*Anus.*) Burning, fullness, itching, pressing, and soreness in anus. *Æsc.* 3.

**Pressure.** Constipation; stool small, hard; often crumbling, with pressure and clawing in anus; unsatisfactory. *Zinc.* 1.

**Pressure.** Blind piles, with pressure and soreness in anus and rectum; painful when sitting and standing; less when walking; worse after taking fresh air. *Ign.* 3.

**Pressure.** Shootings and pressure in anus. *Acon.* 3.

**Pressure.** Pressure in anus during stool, with pain. *Alum.* 3.

**Pressure.** Constipation; stool hard, then burning and pressure in anus; scanty. *Kali B.* 1.

**Pressure.** Burning pain in anus after stool in forenoon, with pressure. *Kali B.* 3.

**Pressure.** Burning pain in region of anus; itching of anus; pressure of anus. *Petr.* 3.

**Pressure.** Pressure in anus during and after a pasty stool. *Sulf. Ac.* 3.

**Pressure.** Hemorrhoidal pressure in anus, with burning when seated, on touch. *Thuja* 3.

**Pressure.** (*Hypochondrium, Right.*) Uneasiness in region of liver, with heat, pressure and tension. *Aloe* 6.

**Pressure.** Tension and pressure in hepatic region as if enlarged, even to bursting. *Calc. C.* 6.

**Pressure.** Tension in liver when lying on left side, with pressure. *Card. M.* 6.

**Pressure.** Intermittent pressure in hepatic region while standing, relieved by bending forward; with pain on touch, as if suppurating. *China* 6.

**Pressure.** Pressure in left hypochondrium with pain on touch. *Iod.* 6.

**Pressure.** Pressure and stitches in hepatic region; colic from gall-stones. *Berb.* Clin.

**Pressure.** Pain in hepatic region on pressure; sensitiveness; worse when lying on right side, with pain on touch. *Phos.* 6.

**Pressure.** Hyperæmia of liver, with great pressure in hepatic region, alternating with vomiting or diarrhoea. *Ver. Alb.* Clin.

**Pressure.** (*Hypogastrium.*) Pressure in hypogastrium as if contents would issue through genitals. *Sep.* 7.

**Pressure.** Pressure downward in hypogastrium towards genitals, as during menstruation. *Plat.* 7.

**Pressure.** Pressure below last ribs. *Arn.* 6.

**Pressure.** Pressure in morning in hypogastrium as if everything would be forced out towards organs of generation; with distention of abdomen, then contraction of abdomen; then discharge of white mucus from vagina. *Bell.* 7.

**Pressure.** Pressure in hypogastrium on physical exertion. *Calc. C.* 7.

**Pressure.** Pressure in hypogastrium in places. *Phos. Ac.* 7.

**Pressure.** Pressure in hypogastrium as if bladder would fall out over os pubis; partially relieved by hard pressure; the pelvic distress always felt at night on waking. *Sep.* 7.

**Pressure.** Pressure in hypogastrium as if bladder would fall out over os pubis; partially relieved by hard pressure; the pelvic distress always felt on waking. *Sep.* 7.

**Pressure.** Constipation of females, with pain and pressure in iliac regions; from uterine and abdominal congestion during pregnancy. *Sep.* Clin.

**Pressure.** (*Pain on Pressure.*) Soreness of abdomen in morning when sneezing or on pressure. *Apis* 5.

**Pressure.** Pain in abdomen as if sore and raw; tenderness on pressure. *Bell.* 5.

**Pressure.** Pain on pressure in umbilicus; pain is felt down to anus where there is constant protrusion. *Crot. Tig.* 7.

**Pressure.** Bruised sensation; worse in cæcal region and along transverse colon on moderate pressure. *Merc. C.* 5.

**Pressure.** Swelling of inguinal glands, with circumscribed redness; with pain on pressure and from long walking and standing; obliged to lie down. *Merc.* 7.

**Pressure.** Pain in hepatic region; in margins of ribs on pressure. *Chel.* 6.

**Pressure.** Twisting about navel with pains on pressure. *Cina* 7.

**Pressure.** Pain in groin as if a hernia would protrude; and on pressure pain as if a hernia were going inward. *Coloc.* 7.

**Pressure.** Swollen hemorrhoids, with burning sore pain; blue hemorrhoids, with pain on pressure. *Mur. Ac.* 3.

**Pressure.** Left hypochondrium hard and acutely painful on pressure. *Iod.* 6.

**Pressure.** Pain in abdomen with diarrhoea; sore on pressure. *Kali B.* 5.

**Pressure.** Enlarged liver of drunkards, with inflammation and abscess; jaundice; tenderness on pressure. *Lach.* Clin.



## PRESSURE.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## PROFUSE.

**Pressure.** (*Rectum.*) Evacuation of a small quantity of hard feces, with pressure and a sense of excoriation in the rectum. Alum. 1.

**Pressure** and sense of excoriation in rectum after a small, hard stool. Alum. 2.

**Pressure.** Straining in rectum before, during and after stool; fullness; sensation as if something remained; pressure during soft stool. Sulf. 2.

**Pressure.** Drawing griping in abdomen, with pressure in rectum; nausea; weakness in pit of stomach and pallor of face; throbbing. Ign. 5.

**Pressure** on rectum and on bladder; then pressure downward in abdomen and anus when at stool. Lil. Tig. 2.

**Pressure.** Diarrhœa in evening; at night; with cutting and pressure in rectum; with streaks of blood; stools of green mucus, with burning and protrusion of anus; with cutting and griping. Merc. 1.

**Pressure.** Urging to stool; ineffectual tenesmus, as in dysentery, with burning pain and pressure in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 2.

**Pressure.** Ineffectual urging; tenesmus; only wind passes, with pressure in rectum. Carbo V. 2.

**Pressure** in rectum. China 2.

**Pressure** in rectum all day, with frequent, ineffectual urging. Caust. 2.

**Pressure** in rectum after stool. Puls. 2.

**Pressure.** Colic, with pressure downward upon rectum and bladder. Op. Clin.

**Pressure.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Diarrhœa frequent, with cutting and pressure; stools green, frothy, mucous. Mag. C. 1.

**Pressure.** Urging in rectum with scanty stool, passed in pieces after pressure; with painful weakness and tight sensation in the abdominal muscles. Plat. 2.

**Pressure** in hypochondrium on every step. Calc. C. 6.

**Pressure.** Stool white, gelatinous, like frog's spawn, frequent, with pressure. Hell. 1.

**Pressure.** Constipation during menstruation; stool like sheep-dung, painful and difficult, insufficient, after much pressure. Kali C. 1.

**Pressure.** Stool indurated, as if burnt, preceded and followed by pressure; constipation. Plat. 1.

**Pressure.** Natural stool, with pressure and straining, with mucus. Sil. 1.

**Pressure.** Hard pressure in right side beneath umbilicus. Staph. 7.

**Pressure.** Pain across umbilicus, preventing sleep; pinching, when sitting, below umbilicus, recurring every half hour, with pressure on bladder as if it were forced on groins. Sulf. 7.

**Pressure.** Hepatic affections in good livers; in alcoholic excesses and after allopathic dosing; liver swollen, hard and sensitive to pressure of clothing. Nux V. Clin.

**Pressure.** Colic from indigestion, with waterbrash; worse after coffee, brandy or overeating; flatulent, with pressure upward, causing dyspnœa. Nux V. Clin.

**Pressure.** Weakness of the sphincter; piles come down from any exertion, as walking or standing; she supports the anus by pressure with her hand to prevent protrusion of the parts. Sep. Clin.

**Pressure.** Cirrhosis of the liver, first enlarged and then contracted; hepatic region sensitive to pressure; continuing darting pain. Plumb. Clin.

**Prevent.** Weakness of the sphincter; piles come down from any exertion, as walking or standing; she supports the anus by pressure with her hand to prevent protrusion of the parts. Sep. Clin.

**Preventing.** Constriction in hepatic region, worse in the right, preventing deep breathing. Acon. 6.

**Preventing.** Pain across umbilicus, preventing sleep; pinching, when sitting, below umbilicus, recurring every half hour, with pressure on bladder as if it were forced on groins. Sulf. 7.

**Prickling.** Constipation, painless; stools hard masses; scanty, enveloped in mucus, with pricking cutting in anus. Nit. Ac. 1.

**Prickings.** Hæmorrhoids blind, painful, with slow, hot prickings; hæmorrhoidal tenesmus, causing burning pains. Ars. A. 3.

**Prickling.** Diarrhœa in morning, then burning in anus; aggravation at night, preceded by cutting in abdomen, then pricking and burning in anus; stool smelling like old cheese. Bry. 1.

**Prickling.** Hæmorrhoids, with swelling; protruding; painless, discharging blood with every stool; with pricking in rectum; burning, painful. Nit. Ac. 3.

**Procidencia recti** during stool. Ign. Clin.

**Profuse.** (*Stool.*) Stool profuse, black, fetid, running out in a stream; at first hard, black and lumpy; then mushy. Lept. 1.

**Profuse.** Stool profuse, thick, papescent; brown, offensive; relieving symptoms of abdomen. Asaf. 1.

**Profuse.** Diarrhœa; stool profuse, mucous; of much bloody mucus; violent, involuntary, frequent, with weakness. Petr. 1.

**Profuse.** Diarrhœa profuse, bloody; containing mucous membrane and clots of blood. Phos. 1.

**Profuse.** Stool liquid and brownish, frothy, profuse, forcible, several times a day; yellowish, mostly in morning. Ratan. 1.

**Profuse.** Aching burning in gall-bladder; chilliness along spine, with urging to stool; better after a profuse black stool. Lept. 6.

**Profuse.** Rumbling in hypogastric region in morning, with distress and a soft, profuse, black, fetid stool; then pain in abdomen. Lept. 7.

**Profuse.** Pain in umbilical region in morning, with profuse, thin, yellow stool, not relieving the pain, with frequent cutting through all small intestines. Diosc. 7.

**Profuse.** Diarrhœa profuse, constant, involuntary, of mucus and blood. Kali B. 1.

**Profuse.** Diarrhœa with pinching around umbilicus; sometimes with discharge of flatus; stool watery, profuse, with colic and tenesmus; fecal; forcible. Gamb. 1.

**Profuse.** Sudden cutting in abdomen relieved after profuse pasty stools, with digging, compelling him to bend double. Bry. 5.

**Profuse.** Exhausting diarrhœa; stools slimy, like chopped eggs, thin, yellow, profuse and putrid; undigested, with cutting and urging during stool. Nux Mos. Clin.

**Profuse.** Diarrhœa between midnight and morning, with sensation as of something pulling at the navel; stools watery, dark, offensive, profuse, involuntary, or mucous and bloody. Plumb. Clin.

**Profuse.** Diarrhœa with much wind; stools profuse, dark-green, brown, gelatinous; worse after eating; from fruit, from lager beer; from abuse of Opium, with intolerable itching of anus during typhoid fever. Mur. Ac. Clin.

**Profuse.** Watery, profuse diarrhœa; gushing out like a torrent; abdomen swollen and tender to the touch; sometimes associated with coldness of the body and unquenchable thirst. Jatr. Clin.

**Profuse.** Diarrhœa; stools of jelly-like mucus; like frog's spawn, generally with tenesmus; sometimes profuse, watery; alternating with constipation. Hell. Clin.

**Profuse.** Stools profuse, putrid, corrosive, loose, brownish, frothy, black, offensive, undigested, white, cadaverous-smelling; worse at night. China Clin.

**Profuse.** Painless diarrhœa, especially mornings; greenish, watery, mucous, profuse and full of bright red lumps. Apis Clin.

**Profuse.** Painful diarrhœa; watery liquid stools of the most disgusting smell; discharges profuse, greenish, blackish-brown, papescent; stool and breath equally offensive. Asaf. Clin.

**Profuse.** Cholera infantum; stool from the least movement of the body, thin and painless, gushing, profuse, watery, flaky, inodorous; faintness at stool or immediately after. Ver. Alb. Clin.

**Profuse.** Diarrhœa; frequent, profuse, greenish, white, watery stools with flakes; severe pinching colic before stool from emotions as fright. Ver. Alb. Clin.

**Profuse.** Diarrhœa always in daytime, never at night, but has stools early in the morning; hunger immediately after stool from weak, empty feeling in bowels; stools profuse, gushing, mucous, yellowish-brown, with colic. Petr. Clin.

**Profuse.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Diarrhœa with profuse sweat; with desire for eating and drinking; stool frequent and painful; watery; involuntary. Ver. Alb. 1.



## PROFUSE.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## PROTRUDING.

Profuse. Fissures of the anus, with periodical profuse bleeding from the anus; pain in small of back as if bruised; sore, blind hæmorrhoids protruding after stool. *Rhus Tox. Clin.*

Profuse. Diarrhœa, with violent colic and rumbling before stool, then yellowish green stools; profuse emission of fetid flatus. *Natr. S. Clin.*

Prolapse. Constipation in persons of sedentary habits from atony of lower intestines; stools hard, dry, crumble when passing, with great straining and causing prolapse of rectum. *Pod. Clin.*

Prolapsed. Prolapsus; prolapsed feeling after stool; prolapsed feeling, with backache. *Æsc. 3.*

Prolapsed. Distress in anus as if prolapsed. *Iris V. 3.*

Prolapsed. Aggravation of internal piles, with protrusion of rectum after stool; sometimes prolapsed for days, owing to the swelling and congestion. *Pod. 2.*

Prolapsed. Constipation; stools enormously large and painful, leaving the sphincters nearly paralyzed and slow to close, with a feeling of inability to draw up the partially prolapsed anus, especially in those who have abused alcohol or narcotics. *Lach. Clin.*

Prolapsus. (*Anus.*) Prolapsus of anus. *Merc. 3.*

Prolapsus ani from overstraining and violent riding; aggravation from standing. *Arn. Clin.*

Prolapsus ani, with sharp, stabbing pains shooting upwards. *Ign. Clin.*

Prolapsus. Piles, with prolapsus ani and long-standing diarrhœa. *Pod. Clin.*

Prolapsus. Piles suddenly in children, with great sensitiveness; prolapsus while urinating; piles after confinement. *Mur. Ac. Clin.*

Prolapsus. (*Rectum.*) Prolapsus of rectum from moderate exertion at stool. *Ign. 2.*

Prolapsus; prolapsed feeling after stool; prolapsed feeling with backache. *Æsc. 3.*

Prolapsus of rectum, as if everted, when urinating. *Mur. Ac. 2.*

Prolapsus of rectum, without urging, as if anus were paralyzed. *Graph. 2.*

Prolapsus. Urging more in upper intestines; stool soft and insufficient; anxious urging; inability to evacuate feces without danger of eversion and prolapsus of rectum. *Ign. 2.*

Prolapsus. Frequent urging in rectum, with prolapsus and emission of flatus; stooping and, still more, crouching down caused by protrusion. *Ruta 2.*

Prolapsus of rectum with weak feeling in evening in bed; itching burning all day; passes only wind and mucus, with sensation of a plug in rectum. *Sep. 2.*

Prolapsus recti. *Sep. Clin.*

Prolapsus of the rectum. *Ruta Clin.*

Prolapsus. Hæmorrhoids, aggravated by cold water; amelioration from warmth; with prolapsus of rectum, accompanied by sticking and biting. *Mur. Ac. Clin.*

Prolapsus. Diarrhœa brought on by riding in cars or carriage; aggravated by drinking cold water, with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool. *Cocc. Clin.*

Prolapsed. Constipation; stool dry, brittle, granular, which is passed only after prolonged effort. *Zinc. Clin.*

Prostate. Piles, with enlarged prostate glands; intense pain in back and through the whole pelvis. *Staph. Clin.*

Prostrating. Diarrhœa; stool thin, whitish-gray, involuntary, pasty, bright yellow, with sensation as if he would emit flatus; not prostrating. *Phos. Ac. 1.*

Prostration. Diarrhœa, with coldness of extremities; with vomiting and prostration; with tearing and cutting in abdomen; stool dark, bloody-colored, black mucus; offensive; yellow, with tenesmus and burning pain in rectum and anus. *Ars. A. 1.*

Prostration. Diarrhœa almost without pain; then prostration. *Graph. 1.*

Prostration. Metro-peritonitis, with nausea, vomiting, profound prostration, cold sweat, brown tongue, burning pain. *Ars. A. Clin.*

Prostration. Diarrhœa, with great prostration; stools involuntary during sleep; brown, fermented, with fetid breath and loathing of food. *Arn. Clin.*

Prostration. Diarrhœa, with great prostration and collapse at the very commencement of the disease; cutting pains, with a loose discharge of dark brown or black feces, like coffee grounds; rice-water stools. *Camph. Clin.*

Prostration. Painless cholera morbus, with deathly nausea, weakness and prostration; aggravation from the smell or sight of food. *Colech. Clin.*

Prostration. Chronic diarrhœa; gushing; watery; worse at night, with coldness of body and great prostration. *Ferr. Clin.*

Prostration. Diarrhœa of drunkards on their last legs; great debility and nervous prostration; a sensation of trembling all over the body; stools, lemon-colored, chopped, frothy, mucous, stringy, offensive, watery, with burning in rectum during stool. *Sulf. Ac. Clin.*

Protrude. Hæmorrhoids sensitive; though protruding but little, protrude during stool; return with difficulty, and with bloody mucus from rectum. *Sil. 3.*

Protrude. Feeling in rectum as if mucous membrane were thick and obstructed stool, and as if rectum would protrude if the effort were continued. *Æsc. 2.*

Protrude. Swollen hæmorrhoids protrude and cause pain during a stool which is not hard; hæmorrhage. *Calc. C. 3.*

Protrude. Pain in groin as if a hernia would protrude; and on pressure pain as if a hernia were going inward. *Coloc. 7.*

Protrude. Hæmorrhoids like red cherries; protrude after meals with sore pain in anus. *Diosc. 3.*

Protrude. Hæmorrhoids swollen and protrude, with a hard stool; protrude during diarrhœa, with stitching and burning for many hours. *Kali C. 3.*

Protrude. Hæmorrhoids protrude like a bunch of grapes; greatly relieved by bathing with cold water. *Aloe Clin.*

Protrude. Hæmorrhoids intensely painful; boring cramping from anus to rectum and testicles; protrude during stool, become incarcerated and suppurate. *Sil. Clin.*

Protruded. Constipation; stool that has protruded slips back again, after urging and straining, till abdominal walls are sore. *Sil. 1.*

Protruded. Large and hard; stool voided with great difficulty, followed by severe pain in anus, with feeling as if a portion of the anus was protruded; with severe backache in lumbar region. *Æsc. 1.*

Protrudes. Contraction of rectum, so that it protrudes during hard stool. *Lyc. 2.*

Protruding. (*Hæmorrhoids.*) Protruding hæmorrhoids during stool; when walking, painful. *Sep. 3.*

Protruding. Hæmorrhoids, with swelling; protruding, painless, discharging blood with every stool; with prickling in rectum; burning, painful. *Nit. Ac. 3.*

Protruding. Hæmorrhoids swollen, protruding, burning, sticking; protruding during soft stool; painful on touch; painful when sitting. *Lyc. 3.*

Protruding. Blind hæmorrhoids, with itching in morning, preceded by pain in small of back, in evening till 9 p. m., with sore pain in anus, worse from motion; painful, protruding. *Puls. 3.*

Protruding. Hæmorrhoids sensitive, though protruding but little; protrude during stool; return with difficulty, and with bloody mucus from rectum. *Sil. 3.*

Protruding, painful, sore hæmorrhoids, with ineffectual urging. *Merc. 3.*

Protruding piles, aching, itching and sore. *Calc. Ph. Clin.*

Protruding. Piles protruding and strangulated, or with stitches upward at each cough or sneeze. *Lach. Clin.*

Protruding. Painful protruding piles, with itching and sticking. *Puls. Clin.*

Protruding. Hæmorrhoids protruding, large, bluish, suppurating and offensive, with burning pain in anus. *Carbo V. Clin.*

Protruding purple piles, with severe pains in the sacrum and small of back, and fullness in the region of the liver. *Æsc. Clin.*

Protruding. Fissure of the anus, with periodical profuse bleeding from the anus; pain in small of back as if bruised; sore blind hæmorrhoids protruding after stool. *Rhus Tox. Clin.*

Protruding. Hæmorrhoids bluish, swollen, inflamed, protruding, bleeding from least touch, with stitching burning pains from cold, from ice cream and ice water in hot weather. *Ars. A. Clin.*



## PROTRUDING.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## PUTRID.

**Protruding.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Small protruding varices, which sting, burn and smart intolerably. *Apis* Clin.

**Protrusion.** (*Anus.*) Pain on pressure on umbilicus; pain is felt down to anus where there is constant protrusion. *Crot.* Tig. 7.

**Protrusion.** Diarrhœa in evening; at night; with cutting and pressure in rectum; with streaks of blood; stools of green mucus, with burning and protrusion of anus; with cutting and griping. *Merc.* 1.

**Protrusion of anus.** *Gamb.* 3.

**Protrusion.** Weakness of the sphincter; piles come down from any exertion, as walking or standing; she supports the anus by pressure with her hand to prevent protrusion of the parts. *Sep.* Clin.

**Protrusion.** (*Rectum.*) Ineffectual urging in rectum in evening, with protrusion of rectum. *Ign.* 2.

**Protrusion.** Painful, spasmodic protrusion of rectum. *Ars.* A. 2.

**Protrusion of rectum.** *Calc.* C. 2.

**Protrusion of rectum,** with itching in evening in bed. *Natr.* M. 2.

**Protrusion.** Constipation; hard, insufficient stool, with urging and protrusion of rectum. *Gamb.* 1.

**Protrusion of rectum** after stool; then painful constriction of anus. *Lach.* 2.

**Protrusion.** Frequent urging in rectum, with prolapsus and emission of flatus; stooping and, still more, crouching down caused protrusion. *Ruta* 2.

**Protrusion.** Aggravation of internal piles, with protrusion of rectum after stool; sometimes prolapsed for days, owing to the swelling and congestion. *Pod.* 2.

**Protrusion.** Hæmorrhoids; painful, stinging, with protrusion of rectum; smarting and burning; oozing of glutinous moisture. *Natr.* M. Clin.

**Pruritus in anus and fistula.** *Caust.* Clin.

**Pruritus ani.** *Ign.* Clin.

**Pruritus of the rectum.** *Ruta* Clin.

**Pseudo-membrane.** Stool bloody, with tenesmus, and painful; dysenteric; much black, offensive blood; pseudo-membrane; painful and frequent, with fever and headache. *Nit.* Ac. Clin.

**Psoric.** Chronic diarrhœa, with a psoric anamnesis; stool brown, fecal, fermented, offensive. *Mezer.* Clin.

**Pubes.** Tearing transversely across pubes, and then through pudenda as far as anus. *Carbo An.* 7.

**Pubes.** Cramp-like pain above pubes in afternoon, with frequent urging to urinate. *Chel.* 7.

**Pubic.** Pain in pubic region, extending towards anus. *Nux V.* 7.

**Pubic.** Intermittent tearing in left half of pubic eminence. *Arn.* 7.

**Pubic.** Pinching in abdomen as if bowels were pressed inwards; amelioration from pressure and bending inward, with cutting extending towards pubic region; so severe below navel that facial muscles were distorted and eyes drawn together as if squeezed between stones. *Coloc.* 5.

**Pubic.** Pain in pubic region. *Zinc.* 7.

**Pubic.** Singular feeling in pelvic region at 4 p. m.; a weakness about small of back, pubic bones and around anus a dragging. *Sep.* 7.

**Pubis.** Sensation of a plug between symphysis pubis, and os coccygis, with urging to stool. *Aloe* 7.

**Pudena.** Tearing transversely across pubis and then through pudenda as far as anus. *Carbo An.* 7.

**Pull.** Distention and sensitiveness of abdomen, so that she must wear the clothes about stomach very loose; even in bed she must pull up the night dress; she dare not lay the arm across the abdomen. *Lach.* 5.

**Pulling.** Diarrhœa between midnight and morning, with sensation as of something pulling at the navel; stools watery, dark, offensive profuse, involuntary or mucous and bloody. *Plumb.* Clin.

**Pulsation.** Painful pulsation in right hypochondrium. *Phos.* 6.

**Pulsations.** Rumbling in abdomen, with deep seated pulsations. *Coloc.* 5.

**Pulse.** Colic; scanty urine, with pallor, sunken features and staggering, pupils dilated, lips bluish, face covered with clammy sweat; pulse thready. *Hell.* 5.

**Pulse.** Inflammation of the liver with pain, swelling, hardness, constant fever, dry tongue, restlessness, small, rapid pulse, and on rising from bed faintness. *Iod.* 6.

**Pulse.** Frequent involuntary stools of putrid, cadaverous odor; burning pains deep in abdomen; feces escape with flatus; collapse; pulse weak and intermittent. *Carbo V.* Clin.

**Puny.** Enlarged liver of children who are puny in their growth and rachitic. *Mag.* M. Clin.

**Pupils.** Colic; scanty urine, with pallor, sunken features and staggering; pupils dilated, lips bluish, face covered with clammy sweat; pulse thready. *Hell.* 5.

**Pure.** Hæmorrhage from anus of pure blood during stool. *Phos.* 3.

**Purgative.** Pain in hypogastrium, as from a flatulent purgative. *Acon.* 7.

**Purgative.** Rolling and rumbling in abdomen, with sudden pinches, as after a purgative, then diarrhœa. *Natr.* S. 5.

**Purgatives.** Intestines sluggish, so that the strongest purgatives lose their power. *Op.* 5.

**Purgatives.** Soreness in abdomen as if beaten, or as after purgatives, on touch and on coughing. *Ferr.* 5.

**Purgatives.** Chronic constipation; especially valuable after purgatives. *Hydras.* Clin.

**Purging.** Constipation with vertigo, heat in head and tinnitus aurium; large accumulation of feces, especially after continued purging, with difficulty to pass them, even when soft, from inactivity of rectum. *China* Clin.

**Purging.** Diarrhœa in hot, damp weather in the fall; vomiting and purging of rice-water stools, varying in color; green, yellow, reddish, variegated; slime and feces mixed. *Colch.* Clin.

**Purple.** Protruding, purple piles, with severe pains in the sacrum and small of back, and fullness in the region of the liver. *Æsc.* Clin.

**Pus.** Diarrhœa during first dentition, with much wind; after vexation; containing white points or flakes like pus; offensive, with much flatulence. *Calc.* Ph. 1.

**Pushed.** Anxiety, with pain in abdomen so violent that he grasped bystanders and again pushed them from him; frequently jumped out of bed and sat on the chamber or ran about. *Ars.* A. 5.

**Pushed.** Internal feeling in groins as if stuffed; aggravation from stepping forward, when it seemed that the thickness pushed forward and everything would fall out. *Cocc.* 7.

**Pushing.** Movement in hypogastrium as if something living, like a pushing of muscles by the arm of a child, without pain. *Thuja* 7.

**Pustules.** Itching soreness in rectum, with pustules by the side of it. *Amm.* Mur. 2.

**Putrefying.** Diarrhœa; stool soft and bright yellow; pasty; of the odor of putrefying snakes. *Lach.* 1.

**Putrid.** Stools black, acrid, putrid; excoriated skin about anus. *Ars.* A. 1.

**Putrid.** Stools may be black, brown, burning, putrid; brought on by eating or drinking, or aggravated after midnight, preceded by most violent, burning and cutting pains and followed by extreme exhaustion. *Ars.* A. 1.

**Putrid.** Involuntary, putrid stools in typhoid. *Arn.* Clin.

**Putrid.** Diarrhœa; stools as green as grass; fermented; putrid; continuous; nausea. *Ipec.* Clin.

**Putrid.** Diarrhœa; brown yellow or slimy, putrid odor with low types of fever; coldness of extremities, tendency to collapse. *Carbo V.* Clin.

**Putrid.** Dysentery of bloody mucus, like scraping of the intestines; involuntary; putrid; dark. *Carbol.* Ac. Clin.

**Putrid.** Diarrhœa; frequent desire for stool, with chilliness and nausea; stools offensive, painless, fluid, scanty, putrid with biting, burning sensation in anus. *Sil.* Clin.

**Putrid.** Frequent, involuntary stools of putrid, cadaverous odor; burning pains deep in abdomen; feces escape with flatus; collapse; pulse weak and intermittent. *Carbo V.* Clin.

**Putrid.** Diarrhœa from chilling the stomach with ice water; from rancid fat; stools putrid, cadaverous-smelling. *Carbo V.* Clin.

**Putrid.** Interminable diarrhœa in summer, which resists everything, especially in scrofulous children; stools putrid, fetid, watery; yellowish or greenish; discharged rapidly with great force. *Secale* Clin.



## PUTRID.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## RECTUM.

Putrid. Stools profuse, putrid, corrosive, loose, brownish, frothy, black, offensive, undigested, white, cadaverous-smelling; worse at night. China Clin.

Putrid. Exhausting diarrhœa; stools slimy, like chopped eggs, thin, yellow, profuse, and putrid; undigested, with cutting and urging during stool. Nux Mos. Clin.

Putrid. Diarrhœa, with cutting pressing pains before and during stool, with drawing pain in rectum after stool, continuing for hours; stools green, slimy, with flakes of false membranes, undigested, putrid, fetid; sour-smelling. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Putty. Obstinate constipation, with feeling of a load in rectum which cannot be evacuated; stools seem to stick to the anus like putty. Plat. Clin.

Quickly. Chronic debilitating diarrhœa, with almost constant oozing from anus; stools jelly-like, green or bloody, fetid or sour, expelled quickly, worse after taking boiled milk. Sep. Clin.

Quinine. Jaundice provoked by violent anger, abuse of Quinine, with attacks of faintness. Nux V. Clin.

Quinine. Chronic diarrhœa after the abuse of Mercury or Quinine; light yellow, fecal, papescent, sour stool, with undigested food. Hep. Clin.

Rachitic. Enlarged liver of children who are puny in their growth and rachitic. Mag. M. Clin.

Radiating. Abdominal colic radiating to all parts of body; sensitiveness of abdomen to touch. Plumb. 5.

Radiating. Retraction of abdomen, with hardness and pain in umbilicus, radiating to lumbar region and iliac fossæ, with hard knots over the surface. Plumb. 5.

Raise. Pain about umbilicus, causing him to bend forward; aggravation from touch, attempting to raise himself or to lie on back, and cried out that his intestines were burning. Ars. A. 7.

Ran. Anxiety, with pain in abdomen so violent that he grasped bystanders and again pushed them from him; frequently jumped out of bed and sat on the chamber or ran about. Ars. A. 5.

Rancid. Diarrhœa from chilling the stomach with ice water; from rancid fat; stools putrid, cadaverous-smelling. Carbo V. Clin.

Rapid. Inflammation of the liver, with pain, swelling, hardness, constant fever, dry tongue, restlessness, small, rapid pulse, and on rising from bed faintness. Iod. 6.

Rapidly. Interminable diarrhœa in summer which resists everything, especially in scrofulous children; stools putrid, fetid, watery, yellowish or greenish; discharged rapidly with great force. Secale Clin.

Rasping. Diarrhœa every morning on rising, with griping in abdomen, and rasping in anus and rectum; burning. Lil. Tig. 1.

Ravenous. Pain in the upper portion of the abdomen as from taking cold and as if diarrhœa would ensue, with ravenous hunger. Asaf. 5.

Raw. Pain in abdomen as if sore and raw; tenderness on pressure. Bell. 5.

Raw. Fissure of the anus with constant oozing of fetid moisture, with raw smarting, as if cut with a knife. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Raw. Acute dysentery with unquenchable thirst; even the lips, mouth, and throat feel raw and burning; tendency to collapse; cold hands and feet. Canth. Clin.

Rawness. Sensation of rawness in anus with diarrhœa. Apis 3.

Recti. Procidencia recti during stool. Ign. Clin.

Recti. Colic; intense paroxysmus of a shooting character; abdomen hard as a stone and drawn into the spine as if by a string; knots in recti muscles. Plumb. Clin.

Recti. Prolapsus recti. Sep. Clin.

Recti. Diarrhœa brought on by riding in cars or carriage; aggravated by drinking cold water, with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool. Cocc. Clin.

Recede. Constipation; stool large, hard lumps, which remain long in rectum and when feces are expelled they suddenly recede into the rectum; even a soft stool is expelled with much difficulty. Sil. Clin.

Rectum. (Bleeding.) Hæmorrhoids sensitive; though protruding but little, protrude during stool; return with difficulty and with bloody mucus from rectum. Sil. 3.

Rectum. Discharge of blood from rectum during stool; during soft stool. Lye. 2.

Rectum. Constipation of children, with dry and inflamed rectum and bleeding. Alum. Clin.

Rectum. Hæmorrhoids from engorgement of the liver; hæmorrhage from rectum. Hep. Clin.

Rectum. (Burning.) Burning in rectum after stool. Esc. 2.

Rectum. Sensation of heat and burning in the rectum. Aloe 2.

Rectum. Blind hæmorrhoids, with burning and sticking in rectum. Nux V. 3.

Rectum. Hæmorrhoids, with swelling; protruding, painless, discharging blood with every stool; with prickling in rectum; burning, painful. Nit. Ac. 3.

Rectum. Diarrhœa, with coldness of extremities; with vomiting and prostration; with tearing and cutting in abdomen; stool dark, bloody-colored; black mucus; offensive; yellow; with tenesmus and burning pain in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 1.

Rectum. Diarrhœa every morning on rising, with griping in abdomen and rasping in anus and rectum; burning. Lil. Tig. 1.

Rectum. Burning in rectum with the evacuation of stool and urine; stools dry and large, then copious, pasty stools, with relief of all symptoms except the confusion of head. Bry. 2.

Rectum. Biting, sore pain in anus on walking, and burning in rectum. Mezer. 3.

Rectum. Burning and griping in rectum after stool. Kali C. 2.

Rectum. Burning in rectum during and after soft stools. Amm. Mur. 2.

Rectum. Urging to stool; ineffectual; tenesmus, as in dysentery, with burning pain and pressure in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 2.

Rectum. Burning in rectum after stool, with weakness and trembling in all limbs. Ars. A. 2.

Rectum. Burning in rectum in morning after a copious stool. Calc. C. 2.

Rectum. Burning and cutting in rectum, with constriction in anus; with itching in anus; crawling. Chel. 2.

Rectum. Burning in rectum after stool. Natr. C. 2.

Rectum. Burning in rectum and anus after soft stool, with exhaustion. Phos. 2.

Rectum. Difficult stools, with straining and burning in rectum. Nit. Ac. 1.

Rectum. Diarrhœa; stool semi-liquid, forcible, frequent, followed by tenesmus and burning in anus; brown, frequent, followed by tenesmus, pain in back and burning in rectum. Rheum 1.

Rectum. Diphtheritic dysentery; burning in rectum, with ineffectual urging; stools bloody; tenesmus. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Rectum. Diarrhœa, with burning in rectum and anus after a stool; severe rumbling of gas, watery discharges mixed with mucus, preceded by soft and more substantial stools. Iris V. Clin.

Rectum. Chronic dysentery, with the abdominal symptoms of flatulence, and the burning in anus and rectum; discharge of jelly-like lumps. Aloe Clin.

Rectum. Mucous diarrhœa with tenesmus; stools frequent; small; burning in rectum and bladder; bloody; shaggy; greenish, frothy, worse at night. Caps. Clin.

Rectum. Habitual constipation; stools scanty, knotty, followed by burning and painful retraction of rectum and anus. Kali B. Clin.

Rectum. Hæmorrhoids, with sensation as if a red-hot poker were being thrust up the rectum; relieved by sitting in cold water. Kali C. Clin.

Rectum. Acid, smarting, burning sensation at the anus and up the rectum after stool, as if a hot spray were projected over the parts. Lil. Tig. Clin.

Rectum. Diarrhœa of drunkards on their last legs; great debility and nervous prostration; a sensation of trembling all over the body; stools lemon-colored, chopped, frothy, mucus, stringy, offensive, watery with burning in rectum during stool. Sulf. Ac. Clin.



## RECTUM.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## RECTUM.

- Rectum.** (*Crawling.*) Crawling in rectum in evening when sitting, with biting as from worms; itching during the day. Sulf. 2.
- Rectum.** Crawling in rectum as from pin-worms. Calc. C. 2.
- Rectum.** Crawling in rectum and complaints of ascarides. Carbo V. 1.
- Rectum.** Crawling in rectum as from thread-worms. Ign. 2.
- Rectum.** (*Cutting.*) Cutting in rectum during normal stool. Sulf. 2.
- Rectum.** Stinging, cutting in rectum. Sil. 2.
- Rectum.** Frequent cutting deep in rectum; pain; sharp pain as from blind piles; contraction and soreness. Ign. 2.
- Rectum.** Dysentery; almost constant cutting pains in abdomen, with ineffectual pressing, straining and tenesmus; discharges of bloody slime day and night; severe pains in rectum continue after stool. Merc. C. Clin.
- Rectum.** (*Dryness.*) Dryness in rectum with heat; feels as if it were filled with small sticks. Æsc. 2.
- Rectum.** Fullness, itching, soreness and dryness of rectum. Æsc. 2.
- Rectum.** Dried and constricted feeling in rectum during stool. Alum. 2.
- Rectum.** Constipation; fruitless urging to stool, dryness of rectum; knotty stool, shining as if greased, very small in size; passes easier when standing. Caust. Clin.
- Rectum.** (*Inactivity.*) Stool remains long in rectum, as if there were no power to expel it. Sil. 2.
- Rectum** seems paralyzed. Alum. 2.
- Rectum.** Constipation, as from constriction of intestines; as from inactivity of rectum; stool hard, then sticking, as from hæmorrhoids. Nux V. 1.
- Rectum.** Constipation; stool small, dark and difficult, apparently from inactivity of rectum. Phos. 1.
- Rectum.** Stool soft, with lumps of white mucus; pasty; at an unusual time; lumpy; light, clay-colored, with urging and inactivity of rectum. Phos. 1.
- Rectum.** Weakness of rectum. Petr. 2.
- Rectum.** Diarrhœa; stool watery, soft; difficult, from inactivity of the rectum. Natr. M. 1.
- Rectum.** Inactivity of rectum and inability to evacuate feces; constant, ineffectual desire after stool. Nit. Ac. 2.
- Rectum.** Constipation; all-gone feeling in rectum; inability to expel feces or to strain at stool, with sensation of a ball in rectum. Sep. Clin.
- Rectum.** Paralysis of rectum; anus wide open; hæmorrhage from bowels. Secale 2.
- Rectum.** Constipation is the rule in cases requiring Alumina; the rectum is inactive; the stools are hard; often associated with soreness of the rectum and anus, which bleed readily. Alum. Clin.
- Rectum.** Constipation for days; no desire; no urging; the rectum becomes filled and seems entirely paralyzed. Nux Mos. Clin.
- Rectum.** Chronic constipation; inertia of rectum; stools very large and very hard. Ver. Alb. Clin.
- Rectum.** Constipation; torpor of rectum, even a soft stool is voided with difficulty. Psor. Clin.
- Rectum.** Constipation; no urging; inactivity of rectum; stool insufficient, hard; much straining with headache. Arn. Clin.
- Rectum.** Inactivity of rectum; even a soft and thin stool requires great straining. Alum. Clin.
- Rectum.** Constipation; frequent and unsuccessful desire for stool; insufficient; inactivity of bowels; retarded stool from inactivity of rectum. Kali C. Clin.
- Rectum.** Constipation with vertigo; heat in head and tinnitus aurium, large accumulation of feces, especially after continued purging, with difficulty to pass them, even when soft, from inactivity of rectum. Cocc. Clin.
- Rectum.** Constipation; stool large, hard lumps which remain long in rectum and when feces are expelled they suddenly recede into the rectum; even a soft stool is expelled with much difficulty. Sil. Clin.
- Rectum.** Inactivity of rectum; stools hard. Natr. M. Clin.
- Rectum.** Constipation from inertia of the bowels, especially of the rectum, with no inclination for stool. Op. Clin.
- Rectum.** Constipation of long standing; no urging; stools composed of a few hard, round, dark balls; rectum inactive. Op. Clin.
- Rectum.** Inveterate constipation, with disappointing calls, the trouble being in the rectum; feces slender, long, narrow, dry, tough and hard like a dog's, and voided with difficulty. Phos. Clin.
- Rectum.** (*Itching.*) Itching burning in rectum at night on waking, and in morning, with pinching, extending to perineum. Nit. Ac. 2.
- Rectum.** Itching soreness in rectum, with pustules by the side of it. Amm. Mur. 2.
- Rectum.** Itching in rectum and in genitals, with sticking. Caust. 2.
- Rectum.** Itching in rectum in evening in bed. Ign. 2.
- Rectum.** Pruritus of the rectum. Ruta Clin.
- Rectum.** (*Pain.*) Stool hard like sheep-dung and difficult; nodular with pain in rectum; crumbly as if burnt. Mag. M. 1.
- Rectum.** Pain in rectum during stool, as if something would be torn asunder. Nit. Ac. 2.
- Rectum.** Contracted sensation in rectum during stool; stool difficult, hard, causing tearing in anus so that it bleeds, and pains as if sore. Natr. M. 2.
- Rectum.** Sharp pain in rectum after stool and after eating; aggravation from exerting the mind or studying; in morning before stool. Nux V. 2.
- Rectum.** Stitches in rectum during and after stool, with spasmodic constriction in anus. Nit. Ac. 2.
- Rectum.** Constipation; stool hard and crumbly and unsatisfactory, difficult; with pain as if rectum would burst, then bleeding of hæmorrhoidal vessels and pain in rectum, with frequent micturition. Natr. M. 1.
- Rectum.** Pain in rectum. Acon. 2.
- Rectum.** Gripping in abdomen; then stool, with constriction in rectum. Phos. 5.
- Rectum.** Tearing stitches in rectum when sitting. Ruta 2.
- Rectum.** Boring, cramp-like pains in anus, extending into rectum and testicles. Sil. 3.
- Rectum.** Stitches in rectum in direction of a line from anus to small of back. Thuja 2.
- Rectum.** Throbbing pain in rectum all day; after stool, also burning pain during the hard stool and in anus. Sulf. 2.
- Rectum.** Frequent, sudden, pressing piercing pain in rectum. Caust. 5.
- Rectum.** Sore pain in rectum after stool. Staph. 2.
- Rectum.** Dragging down in rectum during menses, with full sensation in pelvis. Aloe 2.
- Rectum.** Gnawing in rectum when not at stool. Carbo V. 2.
- Rectum.** Smarting in rectum and anus, with soft stool. Mur. Ac. 2.
- Rectum.** Cramps in rectum, like labor pains, and in small of back. Lyc. 2.
- Rectum.** Neuralgic pain in anus and lower part of rectum, shooting along perineum to middle of penis; worse at midnight. Phytol. 3.
- Rectum.** Sore pain in rectum during stool, as if an ulcer had been torn apart, with discharge of mucus. Ant. Cr. 2.
- Rectum.** Violent pain in rectum, with chill and fever, inflammation, tenesmus and bloody discharges. Acon. Clin.
- Rectum.** Catarrhal inflammation of the bowels, with extreme pain in the rectum. Merc. C. Clin.
- Rectum.** Hæmorrhoids intensely painful; boring cramping from anus to rectum and testicles; protrude during stool; become incarcerated and suppurate. Sil. Clin.
- Rectum.** Diarrhœa, with cutting pressing pains before and during stool; with drawing pain in rectum after stool, continuing for hours; stools green, slimy, with flakes of false membranes; undigested; putrid; fetid; sour-smelling. Nit. Ac. Clin.
- Rectum.** Neuralgia of rectum. Plumb. Clin.
- Rectum.** (*Pressure.*) Evacuation of a small quantity of hard feces, with pressure and a sense of excoriation in the rectum. Alum. 1.
- Rectum.** Pressure and sense of excoriation in rectum, after a small, hard stool. Alum. 2.
- Rectum.** Straining in rectum before, during and after stool; fullness; sensation after as if something remained; pressure during soft stool. Sulf. 2.
- Rectum.** Pressure in rectum all day with frequent ineffectual urging. Caust. 2.



## RECTUM.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## RECTUM.

Rectum. Drawing, griping in abdomen, with pressure in rectum; nausea; weakness in pit of stomach, and pallor of face; throbbing. Ign. 5.

Rectum. Pressure on rectum and on bladder, then pressure downward in abdomen and anus when at stool. Lil. Tig. 2.

Rectum. Blind piles with pressure and soreness in anus and rectum; painful when sitting and standing; less when walking; worse after taking fresh air Ign. 3.

Rectum. Diarrhœa in evening; at night; with cutting and pressure in rectum; with streaks of blood; stools of green mucus, with burning and protrusion of anus; with cutting and griping. Merc. 1.

Rectum. Ineffectual urging; tenesmus; only wind passes, with pressure in rectum. Carbo V. 2.

Rectum. Pressure in rectum. China 2.

Rectum. Sensation in hypogastrium as if a hard body pressed backward and downward against rectum and anus; the desire for stool aggravated when standing. Lil. Tig. 7.

Rectum. Pressure in rectum after stool. Puls. 2.

Rectum. Colic with pressure downward upon rectum and bladder. Op. Clin.

Rectum. (*Protrusion.*) Contraction of rectum, so that it protrudes during hard stool. Lyc. 2.

Rectum. Prolapsus of rectum from moderate exertion of stool. Ign. 2.

Rectum. Feeling in rectum as if mucous membrane were thick and obstructed stool; and as if rectum would protrude if the effort were continued. Æsc. 2.

Rectum. Protrusion of rectum. Calc. C. 2.

Rectum. Painful spasmodic protrusion of rectum. Ars. A. 2.

Rectum. Constipation; hard, insufficient stool, with urging and protrusion of rectum. Gamb. 1.

Rectum. Prolapsus of rectum without urging, as if anus were paralyzed. Graph. 2.

Rectum. Prolapsus of rectum, with weak feeling in evening in bed; itching, burning all day; passes only wind and mucus, with sensation of a plug in rectum. Sep. 2.

Rectum. Protrusion of rectum, with itching in evening in bed. Natr. M. 2.

Rectum. Urging, more in upper intestines; stool soft and insufficient; anxious urging; inability to evacuate feces without danger of eversion and prolapsus of rectum. Ign. 2.

Rectum. Protrusion of rectum after stool, then painful constriction of anus. Lach. 2.

Rectum. Prolapsus of rectum, as if everted, when urinating. Mur. Ac. 2.

Rectum. Aggravation of internal piles, with protrusion of rectum after stool; sometimes prolapsed for days, owing to the swelling and congestion. Pod. 2.

Rectum. Contractive sore pain in rectum from blind hæmorrhoids one or two hours after stool; stools large or soft but passed with difficulty. Ign. Clin.

Rectum. Hæmorrhoids aggravated by cold water; amelioration from warmth, with prolapsus of rectum, accompanied by sticking and biting. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Rectum. Hæmorrhoids painful stinging, with protrusion of rectum, smarting and burning; oozing of glutinous moisture. Natr. M. Clin.

Rectum. Prolapsus of the rectum. Ruta Clin.

Rectum. Constipation in persons of sedentary habits from atony of lower intestines; stools hard, dry; crumble when passing, with great straining and causing prolapse of rectum. Pod. Clin.

Rectum. (*Sticking.*) Coarse sticking in anus extending deep into rectum. Ign. 3.

Rectum. Constriction in rectum during stool, with discharge of bright blood after stool; with sensation as if some could not be evacuated; after eating, with tearing sticking. Nux V. 2.

Rectum. Sticking in rectum, taking away the breath, worse in evening. Sulf. 2.

Rectum. Stitches in rectum. Mezer. 2.

Rectum. Stitches in rectum during stool. Carbo V. 2.

Rectum. Sticking in rectum, waking her at 4 a. m.; sticking again next morning after waking. Mag. C. 2.

Rectum. Jerking, almost sticking pain in rectum, with burning, stinging, itching during stool. Sil. 2.

Rectum. Scraping, sticking, cutting in rectum and anus during stool, with dragging. Nit. Ac. 2.

Rectum. Sticking in rectum, as from incarcerated flatus. Puls. 2.

Rectum. Sticking in rectum with smarting during a stool that was not hard. Phos. 2.

Rectum. Cramp in rectum all the forenoon; a griping and sticking with anxiety so that she must walk about. Calc. C. 2.

Rectum. (*Tenesmus.*) Urging to stool in rectum. Agar. 2.

Rectum. Constant urging in rectum. Crot. Tig. 2.

Rectum. Urging in rectum, but large intestines are wanting in peristaltic action and cannot expel soft feces; only a part can be forced out by aid of abdominal muscles. Hep. 2.

Rectum. Ineffectual urging in rectum in evening, with protrusion of rectum. Ign. 2.

Rectum. Constant ineffectual urging, with tenesmus in rectum. Merc. 2.

Rectum. Anxious urging in rectum; frequent, ineffectual, after the usual stool, with griping, and stool when passed was soft. Nux V. 2.

Rectum. Frequent, ineffectual urging in rectum. Sulf. 2.

Rectum. Constant ineffectual desire, but discharge of only mucus from rectum, with chilliness of body. Sil. 1.

Rectum. Urging in rectum, with scanty stool, passed in pieces after pressure; with painful weakness and tight sensation in the abdominal muscles. Plat. 2.

Rectum. Urging in rectum so that he could scarcely reach the closet, then thin, forcible, spurting stool. Natr. C. 2.

Rectum. Frequent and successful desire for stool in the lower part of the rectum, with expulsion of soft stool. Arg. M. 2.

Rectum. Sudden waking at 6. a. m., with copious, yellow, half-liquid stool, with urging in rectum. Arg. Nit. 1.

Rectum. Frequent ineffectual urging in rectum causing pain. Merc. C. 2.

Rectum. Desire in rectum for stool after a meal; desire increased when moving about, then thin, offensive stool with colic; then ineffectual tenesmus; later another stool; after rising from stool the urging, which had gradually subsided, returned more violent than ever. Rheum 2.

Rectum. Tenesmus, but he cannot expel anything, and the rectum seems plugged up. Anac. 2.

Rectum. Frequent urging in rectum, with prolapsus and emission of flatus; stooping and, still more, crouching down caused protrusion. Ruta 2.

Rectum. Urging in rectum to stool. Berb. 2.

Rectum. Urging in rectum to stool, with sensation in anus and lower part of rectum as if weakened by diarrhœa. Coloc. 2.

Rectum. Dysentery in moist weather; aggravation from any current of air; violent tenesmus of rectum and bladder. Caps. Clin.

Rectum. Ineffectual urging, with feeling as if the rectum were too weak to evacuate the stool. Kali C. 2.

Rectum. Desire for stool in rectum in evening, with griping in hypogastrium; then large moist, at last thin, sour stool, after which he was relieved but felt weak. Dulc. 2.

Rectum. Diarrhœa with burning pain and tenesmus of rectum. Gamb. 2.

Rectum. Frequent desire in rectum for stool. Hyos. 2.

Rectum. Urging in rectum; stool not hard but difficult on account of inactivity of rectum. Graph. 2.

Rectum. Urging in rectum on rising, before stool, which shot out as from a gun. Phos. 2.

Rectum. Desire in rectum as if diarrhœa would occur. Puls. 2.

Rectum. Chronic dysentery; discharges like meat washings; severe tenesmus; burning pain deep in rectum. Pod. Clin.

Rectum. Constipation; desire for stool but little passes; feels as if it stayed in the rectum and could not be expelled; ineffectual urging, with sharp, splinter-like, cutting pains. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Rectum. Diarrhœa; stools dark brown, semi-liquid, bilious, offensive; aggravation in morning and forenoon, with tenesmus of bladder and rectum during stool, preceded by constant dragging and bearing down. Lil. Tig. Clin.



## RECTUM.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## REST.

**Rectum.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Sensation in rectum as if stool were incomplete. *Nux V. 2.*

**Rectum.** Heaviness in rectum. *Aloe 2.*

**Rectum.** Stool involuntary on least motion; mucus mixed with blood and slime; involuntary the moment it entered the rectum. *Phos. 1.*

**Rectum.** Stool hard, in shape of laurel berries; difficult; with cutting in anus as if too narrow; then a stream of blood, followed by soreness in anus along rectum. *Alum. 1.*

**Rectum.** Colic in hypogastrium as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; **amelioration from rest when sitting and lying.** *Nux V. 7.*

**Rectum.** Excoriated feeling after a stool, attended with a contraction of rectum and constriction of anus. *Alum. 3.*

**Rectum.** Stool natural at first; then several small, loose evacuations; then small, hard evacuations, with violent straining in rectum and anus till all are passed. *Ant. Cr. 1.*

**Rectum.** Sensation of rumbling in the rectum. *Arn. 2.*

**Rectum.** Feeling in rectum as if he would have diarrhoea; as soon as he drank anything, but only a little passed every time. *Caps. 2.*

**Rectum.** Heat in lower part of rectum during stool. *Con. 2.*

**Rectum.** Heaviness in lower part of rectum. *Calc. C. 2.*

**Rectum.** Spasmodic tension in rectum all day. *Ign. 2.*

**Rectum.** Oozing of corrosive ichor from rectum. *Merc. C. 2.*

**Rectum.** Incarcerated flatus in rectum. *Natr. C. 2.*

**Rectum.** Sensation of a foreign substance in rectum or rough hard feces, with constant looseness of bowels. *Natr. M. 2.*

**Rectum.** Fissures more in rectum than in anus after stool. *Nit. Ac. 2.*

**Rectum.** Obstinate constipation, with feeling of a load in rectum, which cannot be evacuated; stools seem to stick to the anus like putty. *Plat. Clin.*

**Rectum.** Long-continued sensation in rectum after stool, as if one had just been to stool or had just recovered from a pain in anus. *Berb. Clin.*

**Rectum.** Dysentery, with bloody, slimy, stools, with symptoms of ulceration of the rectum; chronic dysentery. *Arg. N. Clin.*

**Rectum.** Oozing of a thin, inodorous fluid from the rectum; weak digestion, especially in nursing women. *Carbo An. Clin.*

**Rectum.** Stools very sluggish; the rectum seems plugged up; the attempt to have a stool causes distress in the abdomen. *Anac. Clin.*

**Rectum.** Ulceration of rectum. *Phos. Clin.*

**Rectum.** Diarrhoea with urging and inability to retain the stool; gurgling in abdomen as of water; after stool sharp pains around navel; weak feeling in abdomen and rectum; faintness. *Lept. Clin.*

**Rectum.** Diarrhoea; stool adheres to rectum and anus like soft clay; tenacious; glutinous. *Plat. Clin.*

**Recurring.** Pain across umbilicus, preventing sleep; pinching when sitting, below umbilicus, recurring every half hour, with pressure on bladder as if it were forced on groins. *Sulf. 7.*

**Recurring.** Diarrhoea containing undigested food; painless, recurring when eating or drinking. *Ferr. Clin.*

**Recurring.** Constipation, especially with recurring sick headaches. *Iris V. Clin.*

**Red.** (*Stool.*) Watery diarrhoea; stool green, white, with red urine. *Acon. 1.*

**Red.** Diarrhoea; stool liquid, with mucus, red and yellow, gelatinous, tinged with blood, preceded by lassitude. *Rhus Tox. 1.*

**Red.** Discharge of bright red blood from anus with stool. *Nit. Ac. 3.*

**Red.** Painless diarrhoea, especially mornings; greenish, watery, mucous, profuse and full of bright red lumps. *Apis Clin.*

**Red.** Dysentery; discharges white, slimy, clear, yellow, red or green slime, blood and mucus. *Puls. Clin.*

**Red.** Peritonitis and enteritis, with restlessness; dry, red tongue. *Rhus Tox. Clin.*

**Red.** Nervous diarrhoea from depression of the nerve centres; stools loose, papescent, enveloped in bright red, foamy, blood preceded by colic, with burning at the anus during and after stool. *Zinc. Clin.*

**Red.** Diarrhoea; stools jelly-like, dark yellow; red, watery, with lumps of transparent mucus; bloody water, like washings of beef. *Rhus Tox. Clin.*

**Red.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Hæmorrhoids like red cherries protrude after meals, with pain in anus. *Diosc. 3.*

**Red.** Anus red, inflamed, and covered with red veins, with burning during stool. *Sulf. 3.*

**Red.** Colic, especially after anger, with red cheeks and hot perspiration. *Cham. Clin.*

**Red.** Bleeding of hæmorrhoids; blood bright red, not clotted; bleed after every stool. *Nit. Ac. Clin.*

**Reddish.** Diarrhoea like scrapings of intestines, reddish, mucous or bloody, flaky, with extreme burning in anus during stool. *Canth. Clin.*

**Reddish.** Diarrhoea in hot, damp weather in the fall; vomiting and purging of rice-water stools; varying in color, green, yellow, reddish, variegated; slime and feces mixed. *Colch. Clin.*

**Reddish.** Diarrhoea, with excessive accumulation of flatus; stools thin, brown or pale; fecal, mixed with lumps; thin, yellow, shaggy, reddish, mucous, undigested. *Lyc. Clin.*

**Red-hot.** Hæmorrhoids, with sensation as if red-hot poker were being thrust up the rectum; relieved by sitting in cold water. *Kali C. Clin.*

**Redness.** Swelling of inguinal glands, with circumscribed redness; with pain on pressure and from long walking and standing; obliged to lie down. *Merc. 7.*

**Reduced.** Incipient hernia, forced downward, with a bruised pain and cannot be reduced with the hand. *Sulf. 7.*

**Reflex.** Enlarged indurated liver, which is sore; reflex symptoms from floating kidney. *Zinc. Clin.*

**Relaxed.** Atony of the stomach and abdomen, feeling as if they hung down relaxed. *Staph. Clin.*

**Remain.** Constipation; stool large, hard lumps, which remain long in rectum, and when feces are expelled they suddenly recede into the rectum; even a soft stool is expelled with much difficulty. *Sil. Clin.*

**Remained.** Straining in rectum before, during and after stool; fullness; sensation as if something remained; pressure during soft stool. *Sulf. 2.*

**Remained.** Stool soft, but difficult; indolent; also with sensation as if a part remained. *Nux Mos. 1.*

**Remained.** Constipation; torpor of bowels, feces hard, scanty, passed with difficulty from constriction of sphincter ani and feeling as if much remained behind. *Lyc. Clin.*

**Remained.** Constipation; large, hard, difficult stools; frequent urging without effect; sensation as if much remained after stool, then action of the bowels irregular and spasmodic. *Nux V. Clin.*

**Remains.** Stool remains long in rectum as if there were no power to expel it. *Sil. 2.*

**Resists.** Interminable diarrhoea in summer, which resists everything, especially in scrofulous children; stools putrid, fetid, watery, yellowish or greenish, discharged rapidly with great force. *Secale Clin.*

**Rest.** Stool of brown frothy water, with tenesmus, pain in abdomen and nausea, then sudden, complete rest. *Kali B. 1.*

**Rest.** Colic in hypogastrium as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; **amelioration from rest when sitting and lying.** *Nux V. 7.*

**Rest.** Clawing griping in abdomen, as if grasped by a hand, so that each outstretched finger pressed sharply upon intestines; better from rest, worse from motion. *Ipec. 5.*

**Rest.** Stitches like electric sparks, through left side of abdomen, especially during a sudden transition from rest to motion. *Arg. N. 5.*

**Rest.** Griping tearing in upper abdomen and in side of chest after dinner; aggravated by walking and standing; amelioration when the body and mind are at rest. *Zinc. 5.*



## RESTLESSNESS.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## RIGHT.

Restlessness. Inflammation of the liver, with pain, swelling, hardness, constant fever, dry tongue, restlessness, small rapid pulse, and on rising from bed faintness. *Iod. 6.*

Restlessness. Peritonitis and enteritis, with restlessness; dry, red tongue. *Rhus Tox. Clin.*

Retain. Diarrhœa, with urging and inability to retain the stool; gurgling in abdomen as of water; after stool sharp pains around navel; weak feeling in abdomen and rectum; faintness. *Lept. Clin.*

Retarded. Constipation; frequent and unsuccessful desire for stool; insufficient; inactivity of bowels; retarded stool from inactivity of rectum. *Kali C. Clin.*

Retarded. Constipation in elderly people of the higher class suffering from retarded defecation, with abdominal plethora. *Lyc. Clin.*

Retarded. Constipation; stool retarded on account of lack of peristaltic action; hard, scanty stool, with cutting, and burning in anus. *Staph. Clin.*

Retching. Stool of green mucus, with retching, vomiting of mucus and intolerance of lacing around hypochondria; bloody. *Arg. N. 1.*

Retching. Distention of abdomen, with rumbling; cutting with diarrhœa as from taking cold; with pressure; with retching. *Petr. 5.*

Retchings. Cutting, with heaviness across lower abdomen; ineffectual retchings, then ineffectual tendency to diarrhœa; difficult vomiting, trembling in abdomen and bending together; then two diarrhœic stools, the last like water. *Ant. T. 5.*

Retracting. Cutting low down in abdomen, penetrating into pelvis; worse from retracting walls of abdomen, with urging to stool. *Puls. 7.*

Retraction. Distention of abdomen, with rumbling after stool; after breakfast, with griping; then a second thin stool; then retraction of anus and nausea. *Kali B. 5.*

Retraction of abdomen, with hardness and pain in umbilicus, radiating to lumbar region and iliac fossæ, with hard knots over its surface. *Plumb. 5.*

Retraction. Habitual constipation; stools scanty, knotty, followed by burning and painful retraction of rectum and anus. *Kali B. Clin.*

Retraction. Flatulent colic; worse from wine, with retraction of the abdomen; hot, moist, fetid flatus passing off without relief. *Zinc. Clin.*

Return. **Hæmorrhoids sensitive;** though protruding but little, protrude during stool; return with difficulty and with bloody mucus from rectum. *Sil. 3.*

Rheumatism. Diarrhœa, alternating with rheumatism; stools sour-smelling; when the weather suddenly changes from warm to cold; damp weather. *Dulc. Clin.*

Ribs. (*Flatus.*) Flatulence here and there in hypochondria; even in back, in region of ribs and chest, causing tension and bubbling; amelioration from empty eructations. *Lyc. 6.*

Ribs. Incarceration of flatus under short ribs. *Canth. 6.*

Ribs. Flatulence in abdomen rising and becoming incarcerated under short ribs. *Nux V. 5.*

Ribs. (*Pain.*) Stitches under left false ribs when standing, intercepting breathing. *Arn. 6.*

Ribs. Stitches below last ribs; below right ribs. *Arn. 6.*

Ribs. Stitches in liver under left short ribs. *Agar. 6.*

Ribs. Stitches in left hepatic region near border of false ribs, about three inches from linea alba; aggravation from pressure extending into region of stomach. *Berb. 6.*

Ribs. Pressure below last ribs. *Arn. 6.*

Ribs. Stitches in region of left short ribs. *Mezer. 6.*

Ribs. Liquid stool, diarrhœa in morning on rising; yellow, with distention and dull pain under ribs. *Aloe 1.*

Ribs. Constrictive pain below short ribs extending into lumbar vertebræ. *Camph. 5.*

Ribs. Distention of hypochondria; worse in sides, pit of stomach, and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. *Ign. 6.*

Ribs. Pain in hepatic region in margins of ribs on pressure. *Chel. 6.*

Ribs. Accumulation of flatus in left upper abdomen, more towards back, with pinching here and there under short ribs; in hypogastrium. *Carbo V. 7.*

Ribs. Pain in right hypochondrium between right ribs and hip when driving; aggravation from pressure. *Card. M. 6.*

Ribs. Tensive pain in hepatic region, in right below false ribs, aggravated on deep inspiration. *Bry. 6.*

Rice-water. Diarrhœa with great prostration and collapse at the very commencement of the disease; cutting pains, with a loose discharge of dark brown or black feces, like coffee-grounds; rice-water stools. *Camph. Clin.*

Rice water. Diarrhœa without pain or urging; stools brown, watery; white watery, green mucus, thin, pasty, bright yellow or light gray, like rice water. *Chel. Clin.*

Rice-water. Diarrhœa in hot, damp weather in the fall; vomiting and purging of rice-water stools, varying in color; green, yellow, reddish, variegated; slime and feces mixed. *Coleh. Clin.*

Riding. Prolapsus ani from overstraining and violent riding; aggravation from standing. *Arn. Clin.*

Riding. Sore feeling extending to the whole abdomen, aggravated by riding in a carriage. *Arg. M. Clin.*

Riding. Constipation in consequence of cold, or from carriage riding. *Ign. Clin.*

Riding. Colic; worse when riding in a car or carriage; amelioration from emission of flatus. *Carbo V. Clin.*

Riding. Diarrhœa brought by riding in cars or carriage; aggravated from drinking cold water, with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool. *Cocc. Clin.*

Right. (*Abdomen.*) Stool of greenish water, with distention of abdomen; frequent; liquid; always preceded by griping; worse on right side. *Mag. C. 1.*

Right. Inflated feeling in right side of abdomen, with pain in hepatic region on pressure. *Card. M. 5.*

Right. Functional derangement of liver, often preceded by migraine; constant aching pain in right side of abdomen. *Sep. Clin.*

Right. Typhlitis; painful swelling of the whole right side of abdomen; aggravation from lying on left side, better when lying on the back and by gentle pressure. *Rhus Tox. Clin.*

Right. Flatulent colic; the incarcerated flatus causes much pain, as it cannot pass; colicky pains on the right side of the abdomen, extending into the bladder; cutting pains across abdomen from right to left. *Lyc. Clin.*

Right. (*Hypochondrium.*) Bruised pain in right hypochondrium, worse from touch on breathing. *Lyc. 6.*

Right. Burning and tensive sticking in right hypochondrium, worse from pressure; sharp drawing in hepatic region. *Mag. M. 6.*

Right. Pain through hypochondria, and in right scapula; in region of liver and spleen. *Chel. 6.*

Right. Pain in pelvis, beginning in sacrum and passing forward and down to right knee at 7:30 a. m.; relieved by pressing against something hard; the pelvic pain relieved by crossing the limbs. *Sep. 7.*

Right. Stitches in right hypochondrium. *Æsc. 6.*

Right. Pain in hepatic region on pressure; sensitiveness; worse when lying on right side, with pain on touch. *Phos. 6.*

Right. Constant, dull aching in right lower lobe of liver. *Æsc. 6.*

Right. Constriction in hepatic region; worse in the right; preventing deep breathing. *Acon. 6.*

Right. Soreness, fullness, distress in right hypochondrium. *Æsc. 6.*

Right. Sticking in liver; in right hypochondrium, with burning and pain on touch; then burning, extending backward. *Laur. 6.*

Right. Pain in right hypochondrium, between right ribs and hip, when driving; aggravation from pressure. *Card. M. 6.*

Right. Pain in right hypochondrium and in both iliac regions. *Carbol. Ac. 6.*



## RIGHT.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## RISING.

Right. Tensive pain in hepatic region; in right, below false ribs; aggravated on deep inspiration. Bry. 6.

Right. Pain in right hypochondrium, with sensitiveness; the latter aggravated by hard pressure and deep inspiration. Bry. 6.

Right. Pressure in right hypochondrium, with pain on touch. Iod. 6.

Right. Painful pulsation in right hypochondrium. Phos. 6.

Right. Sticking in right hypochondrium after dinner; in hepatic and right inguinal regions; in a spot in hepatic region; sore pain on touch; pinching; sticking; tearing. Kali C. 6.

Right. Pain in right hypochondrium; contractive, worse in morning, then constriction in stomach extending to chest; amelioration from eructations. Sep. 6.

Right. Sticking in right hypochondrium in forenoon, then griping in hypogastrium, with sticking in region of spleen. Natr. C. 6.

Right. Stitches in right hypochondrium during and after stooping. Calc. C. 6.

Right. Drawing pain in right hypochondrium, extending towards symphysis pubis. Calc. C. 6.

Right. Sense of distention in right hypochondrium. Chel. 6.

Right. Pain in region of gall-bladder, aggravated by walking; in liver, extending from right lateral ligament to gall-bladder. Bapt. 6.

Right. Stitches in hypochondria when walking in open air; also with tension in right hypochondrium as if hepatic region would burst open; at 4 p. m.; on deep breathing while sitting. Natr. S. 6.

Right. Enlargement of the liver; pain under angle of right shoulder blade; or with jaundice; yellow tongue; bitter taste. Chel. Clin.

Right. Acute pain in hepatic region, worse from pressure, breathing, coughing and lying on the right side. Bell. Clin.

Right. Pain in hepatic region, increased on pressure; stitches in right hypochondrium, extending to gastric region. Ars. A. Clin.

Right. Congested, enlarged liver; sensation of pain and drawing in right hypochondrium as if the liver had increased in weight and dragged at its ligaments. Agar. Clin.

Right. Peri-hepatitis with sharp stitches in right hypochondrium; aggravation from any motion; better when lying on right side; liver seems swollen, sore to touch. Bry. Clin.

Right. Hepatic region very sensitive and painful to touch; right lobe of liver painful; stitching burning pains; clothing unendurable. Carbo V. Clin.

Right. Chronic congestion of the liver, with depression of spirits; stitching and burning in right hypochondrium. Amm. M. Clin.

Right. Pain in right hypochondrium, especially when limited to a small spot; dull pain or stitches in liver; clay-colored stool. Kali B. Clin.

Right. Swelling and abscess in liver, with stitching pains in right side, commencing in back and going through and up into the chest. Kali B. Clin.

Right. (*Hypogastrium*.) Sticking, now in right, now in left groin; apparently connected with ovaries. Coloc. 7.

Right. Varicose veins near right ring. Berb. 7.

Right. Pain in right hypogastrium as if something would be squeezed through. Carbo An. 7.

Right. Drawing burning in hypogastrium, extending from right ring, as if in spermatic cord, into right testicle. Staph. 7.

Right. Paralytic pain in right ring as if something would force its way through when sitting; amelioration from rising. Cocc. 7.

Right. Pain in region of ascending colon on rising after stool; in region of right quadratus lumborum muscles on rising from lying. Rhus Tox. 7.

Right. Sudden bounding, as of something alive in right iliac region. Thuja 7.

Right. Swollen glands in right groin, with sensitiveness. Graph. 7.

Right. Boring in right groin. Merc. 7.

Right. Sensitiveness of the right iliac region. Bapt. Clin.

Right. (*Miscellaneous*.) Intestines sore, as if pressed, so that he cannot sleep on right side. Merc. 5.

Right. Thrust, as from a blunt tool, in right umbilical region. Anac. 7.

Right. Stitches below last ribs; below right ribs. Arn. 6.

Right. Griping in umbilical region then cutting in abdomen across right lumbar region extending to back. Chel. 7.

Right. Pain in abdomen before breakfast, flatulent, relieved by difficult emission of flatus and lying on right side. Natr. S. 5.

Right. Hard pressure in right side beneath umbilicus. Staph. 7.

Right. Flatulent colic from acids with frequent, loose stools; cutting almost constantly, running from left to right. Ipec. Clin.

Ring. Pain in ring in morning in bed, as if a hernia would become incarcerated. Nux V. 7.

Ring. Weakness in ring as if a hernia would form. Nux V. 7.

Ring. Sticking, pressive pain in the region of the abdominal ring, as if a hernia would press out there, with tension as far as the side of the abdomen. Alum. 5.

Ring. Varicose veins near right ring. Berb. 7.

Ring. Paralytic pain in right ring, as if something would force its way through when sitting; amelioration from rising. Cocc. 7.

Ring. Sudden flatulence in hypogastrium, passing painfully towards ring. Graph. 7.

Ring. Pain in hypogastrium, in ring when coughing, extending into testicles, as if spermatic cords would be torn to pieces. Natr. M. 7.

Ring. Drawing burning in hypogastrium, extending from right ring, as if in spermatic cord, into right testicle. Staph. 7.

Ripping-up. Obstinate constipation; difficult expulsion of feces fissuring the anus, with flow of blood; a ripping-up sensation in the anus after stool. Natr. M. Clin.

Rising. (*Stool*.) Stool during micturition; also at 5 a. m., with micturition; in morning after rising; after breakfast. Aloe 1.

Rising. Diarrhoea in morning after rising; stool dark; aggravation in morning and after dinner; scanty and corrosive, with griping. Nux V. 1.

Rising. Liquid stool; diarrhoea in morning on rising; yellow, with distention and dull pain under ribs. Aloe 1.

Rising. Diarrhoea every morning on rising, with griping in abdomen and rasping in anus and rectum; burning. Lil. Tig. 1.

Rising. Diarrhoea in wet weather, mostly mornings, after rising and eating, with much rumbling; stools thin, yellow, fecal, slimy. Agar. Clin.

Rising. Chronic diarrhoea; worse some time after rising and moving about; after a protracted spell of damp, cold weather, or from living in damp houses. Natr. S. Clin.

Rising. (*Urging to Stool*.) Urging in rectum on rising, before stool, which shot out as from a gun. Phos. 2.

Rising. Urging to stool after eating, when rising from lying; sudden in morning on rising; ineffectual; also with emission of flatus. Aloe 2.

Rising. Pain in muscles of abdomen when rising from lying, with pressing to stool as from taking cold. Aloe 5.

Rising. (*Miscellaneous*.) Painful inclination to inguinal hernia; worse when rising from a seat. Cocc. 7.

Rising. Desire in rectum for stool after a meal; desire increased when moving about; then thin, offensive stool, with colic; then ineffectual tenesmus, later another stool; after rising from stool, the urging which had gradually subsided, returned more than ever. Rheum 2.

Rising. Paralytic pain in right ring, as if something would force its way through when sitting; amelioration from rising. Cocc. 7.

Rising. Inflammation of the liver, with pain, swelling, hardness, constant fever, dry tongue, restlessness, small rapid pulse, and on rising from bed faintness. Iod. 6.

Rising. Flatulence in abdomen, rising and becoming incarcerated under short ribs. Nux V. 5.

Rising. Pain in region of ascending colon on rising after stool; in region of right quadratus lumborum muscles on rising from lying. Rhus Tox. 7.



## RISING.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## RUMBLING.

Rising. Cutting pain in hypogastrium, mornings, with nausea, sweetish, disgusting taste, weakness and sleepiness; cutting rising to upper abdomen, where it amounted to griping. Nux V. 7.

Rolling. Distention of abdomen, with rumbling and rolling. Carbol. Ac. 5.

Rolling. Griping in abdomen so that he could neither lie nor sit, and could only walk bent over; amelioration from violent motion and rolling about. Coloc. 5.

Rolling and rumbling in abdomen, with sudden pinches, as after a purgative, then diarrhœa. Natr. S. 5.

Rolling. Distention of abdomen, with gurgling, rumbling, rolling, in morning in bed, with grumbling and flatulent pain; worse in evening. Zinc. 5.

Rolls. Collection of flatus in abdomen, without evacuation of it, with pain; flatus rolls about and becomes incarcerated here and there. Natr. S. 5.

Room. Diarrhœa from fright; worse from being in a warm room; preceded by colic and pain in the small of back. Puls. Clin.

Rotten. Diarrhœa nightly, with colic so that she must bend double; hot; smelling like rotten eggs, green, watery, painless, consisting of feces and mucus; white, slimy, with colic. Cham. 1.

Rotten. Flatulence, offensive, smelling like rotten eggs. Arn. 5.

Rotten. Stools at first hard, then mushy, finally fluid; smelling like rotten eggs; involuntary, fermented, sour-smelling; diarrhœa alternating with constipation. Calc. C. Clin.

Rotten. Diarrhœa; stool involuntary when emitting flatus; stools thin, yellow, fecal, with emission of fetid flatus like rotten eggs. Olean. Clin.

Rotten. Diarrhœa; evacuation hot, odor of rotten eggs; aggravation from drinking cold water. Staph. Clin.

Rough. Sensation of a foreign substance in rectum or rough, hard feces, with constant looseness of bowels. Natr. M. 2.

Round. Stool thin, like a round worm, with much white mucus, also blood. Graph. 1.

Round. Bloody and painful stool; scanty, round and burning in anus. Kali B. 1.

Round. Evacuation of large round worms. Merc. 2.

Round. Constipation of long standing; no urging; stools composed of a few hard, round, dark balls; rectum inactive. Op. Clin.

Round. Passes worms both round and thread-worms. Cina Clin.

Rubbing. Diarrhœa brought on by riding in cars or carriage; aggravated by drinking cold water; with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool. Cocc. Clin.

Rumbled. Flatulent pain in morning after waking; flatus rumbled and moved about painfully; worse in upper abdomen. Puls. 5.

Rumbling. (*Abdomen.*) Distention of abdomen with rumbling. Agar. 5.

Rumbling in abdomen at night with diarrhœa; gurgling. Sulf. 5.

Rumbling in abdomen, with griping and emission of much flatus; offensive. Diosc. 5.

Rumbling. Griping in abdomen, with rumbling; then thin, green diarrhœa, without tenesmus. Mag. C. 5.

Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in evening, or colic; worse in evening in bed; with gurgling, griping and moving of flatus from one part of intestines to another. Puls. 5.

Rumbling. Distention of abdomen after dinner, with rumbling of flatus; griping. Carbo V. 5.

Rumbling. Stool pasty, light brown, after urging; then rumbling and gurgling in left side of abdomen; after an hour a second stool; mucous, urgent, grayish-green and dirty brown; forcible. Crot. Fig. 1.

Rumbling. Colic in abdomen, as after taking cold, as before diarrhœa; before stools; with rumbling and pain in small of back. Dule. 5.

Rumbling. Abdomen distended and tense, with rumbling and cutting. Hep. 5.

Rumbling. Abdomen tense and hard; tense and hot, with rumbling, grumbling and constant diarrhœa. Sil. 5.

Rumbling. Aching in liver, extending to spine; worse in region of gall-bladder; with rumbling in abdomen and aching in umbilical region. Lept. 6.

Rumbling in abdomen. Anac. 5.

Rumbling. Loud rumbling in the left side of abdomen, like the croaking of frogs. Arg. M. 5.

Rumbling in abdomen with deep-seated pulsations. Coloc. 5.

Rumbling in abdomen with inflation and accumulation of flatus. Gamb. 5.

Rumbling in abdomen with noises. Mezer. 5.

Rumbling and griping in abdomen, always before emission of flatus. Graph. 5.

Rumbling in abdomen between 6 and 10 p. m., with movement of flatus and aching, then emission of flatus; offensive. China 5.

Rumbling. Gurgling, rumbling in abdomen, worse on the left side. Crot. Fig. 5.

Rumbling. Distention of abdomen with rumbling and rolling. Carbol. Ac. 5.

Rumbling in abdomen. Calc. C. 5.

Rumbling. Distention of abdomen with gurgling, rumbling, rolling; in morning in bed, with grumbling and flatulent pain, worse in evening. Zinc. 5.

Rumbling. Distention of abdomen after eating, with intermittent colic and rumbling; flatulent. Puls. 5.

Rumbling. Distention of abdomen with rumbling. Hell. 5.

Rumbling. Distention of abdomen after dinner, with rumbling noises. Sep. 2.

Rumbling. Distention and rumbling in abdomen. Bapt. 5.

Rumbling. Distention of abdomen after eating; flatulent, with rumbling and emission of flatus. Thuja 5.

Rumbling. Distention of abdomen at night; relieved by emission of flatus; rumbling all day, with gurgling; movements and cutting. Mag. C. 5.

Rumbling. Intermittent griping in hypogastrium so that she could scarcely walk after entering the house, preceded by rumbling in abdomen and emission of flatus. Sulf. 7.

Rumbling in abdomen, with uneasiness and emission of flatus. Nit. Ac. 5.

Rumbling. Rolling and rumbling in abdomen, with sudden pinches, as after a purgative; then diarrhœa. Natr. S. 5.

Rumbling in upper part of abdomen in evening; then fetid flatus. Natr. S. 5.

Rumbling in abdomen all the forenoon, with gurgling; then four pasty stools, with emission of flatus. Natr. M. 5.

Rumbling of abdomen, with emission of flatus of the odor of bad eggs. Olean. 5.

Rumbling. Distention of abdomen, with rumbling; cutting, with diarrhœa, as from taking cold, with pressure; with retching. Petr. 5.

Rumbling. Abdomen tympanitic, hard, and sensitive, with rumbling. Op. 5.

Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen with movements as if he would have colic. Nux Mos. 5.

Rumbling in abdomen in morning, with gurgling; also in bed with spasmodic and griping flatulent colic and heat in palms and soles. Nux V. 5.

Rumbling in abdomen with coldness. Laur. 5.

Rumbling and noises in abdomen with discharge of flatus; unsatisfactory, abrupt, offensive, not without exertion of abdominal muscles. Ign. 5.

Rumbling. Distention of abdomen with rumbling after stool, after breakfast with griping, then a second thin stool, then retraction of anus and nausea. Kali B. 5.

Rumbling. (*Miscellaneous.*) Thin stool preceded and followed by rumbling, and at times noise as if a bottle were emptied. Jatr. 1.

Rumbling. Pinching in hypogastrium in morning, with fermenting rumbling; then watery diarrhœa. Nux V. 7.

Rumbling. Emission of flatus, with rumbling and gurgling. Sil. 3.

Rumbling. Sensation of rumbling in the rectum. Arn. 2.

Rumbling. Watery stool through the day; yellow; painless with rumbling. Iris V. 1.

Rumbling in hypogastric region in morning, with distress and a soft, profuse, black, fetid stool; then pain in abdomen. Lept. 7.

Rumbling. Painless diarrhœa, with rumbling of wind; worse at night; from fright or other emotions. Ign. Clin.

Rumbling. Diarrhœa, with violent colic and rumbling before stool; then yellowish-green stools; profuse emission of fetid flatus. Natr. S. Clin.

Rumbling. Diarrhœa in wet weather, mostly mornings after rising and eating; with much rumbling; stools thin, yellow, fecal, slimy. Agar. Clin.



## RUMBLING.

**Rumbling.** Chronic diarrhœa in cachectic, dyspeptic persons; stools light gray or brownish, corrosive, sometimes painless, with rumbling in bowels; colicky pains during and before stool and burning in anus after. Kali C. Clin.

**Rumbling.** Diarrhœa with burning in rectum and anus after a stool; severe rumbling of gas, watery discharges mixed with mucus, preceded by soft and more substantial stools. Iris V. Clin.

**Rumbling.** Diarrhœa with constant rumbling and gurgling in abdomen; stools dark yellow, undigested, very offensive; stools of yellow water, with meal-like sediment; worse night and morning after eating. Phos. Ac. Clin.

**Running.** Stool profuse, black, fetid, running out in a steam; at first hard, black and lumpy, then mushy. Lept. 1.

**Running.** Spasms of sphincter ani, with chilliness running up back, then urging to stool, then insufficient stool. Coleh. 3.

**Rush.** Stool unsatisfactory after much straining which caused rush of blood to head and confusion of head. Bry. 1.

**Rush.** Distention of abdomen on eating, with heaviness of head; with rush of blood to head, vertigo and confusion; intolerance of anything tight about hypochondria. Graph. 5.

**Sacral.** Chronic diarrhœa; first part hard and black, then evacuation yellow, thin or brown; mushy or white, accompanied by severe lumbar and sacral pains. Æsc. Clin.

**Sacrum.** Heaviness in abdomen like a stone just before menses; during menses; in sacrum; with inclination of lower limbs to fall asleep when sitting. Puls. 5.

**Sacrum.** Offensive flatus, and at last moist flatus with dragging towards sacrum and thence towards abdomen. Carbo V. 5.

**Sacrum.** Pain in pelvis, beginning in sacrum and passing forward and down to right knee; at 7:30 a. m., relieved by pressing against something hard; the pelvic pain relieved by crossing the limbs. Sep. 7.

**Sacrum.** Burning pain in hypogastrium, extending to sacrum. Crotal. H. 7.

**Sacrum.** Protruding purple piles, with severe pains in the sacrum and small of back, and fullness in the region of the liver. Æsc. Clin.

**Sad.** Constipation in sad, desponding and hypochondriac persons; frequent urging but insufficient stool, though the feces are not hard; worse from starchy or vegetable food. Natr. C. Clin.

**Saffron.** Stool soft, then empty feeling in abdomen; saffron-yellow, stringy and slimy; chopped. Sulf. Ac. 1.

**Saffron.** Cholera infantum; stools saffron-yellow, chopped, offensive, watery; child smells sour despite the most careful washing. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

**Saffron-yellow.** Stool thin, frothy, saffron-yellow, musty, smelling almost like burnt blotting paper; copious, with discharge of much mucus. Coloc. 1.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

**Salivation.** Cutting in abdomen rather than sticking, with salivation before menses, with drawing in thighs. Cham. 5.

**Salivation.** Enlargement of the spleen, with salivation. Iod. Clin.

**Salivation.** Hepatic diseases, with indigestion; eructations, salivation, heart-burn, vomiting of food. Berb. Clin.

**Sallow.** Diarrhœa painless, clay-colored, with burning and smarting; sallow complexion. Berb. Clin.

**Sand.** Stool after dinner, very dry and like sand, but passed without trouble. Arg. M. 1.

**Sat.** Anxiety, with pain in abdomen so violent that he grasped bystanders and again pushed them from him; frequently jumped out of bed and sat on the chamber or ran about. Ars. A. 5.

**Satiety.** Unpleasant and distended feeling in hepatic region if she eats to satiety. Lyc. 6.

**Scanty.** Stool scanty, difficult. Alum. 1.

**Scanty.** Constipation; stool at times scanty, unsatisfactory. Sulf. 1.

**Scanty, watery stool about midnight, with flatulent colic and noisy flatulence during stool.** Arg. N. 1.

**Scanty.** Stool soft, difficult, scanty, with much urging; clay-colored. Hep. 1.

**Scanty.** Constipation; stool hard, with burning in anus; lumpy, scanty, offensive, difficult light colored. Sil. 1.

**Scanty.** Diarrhœa; stools scanty, chiefly of blood and mucus, with constant desire; offensive, slimy, blackish. Merc. C. 1.

**Scanty.** Hard, crumbling, scanty stool, covered with mucus. Amm. Mur. 1.

**Scanty.** Constipation, painless; stools hard masses, scanty, enveloped in mucus, with pricking cutting in anus. Nit. Ac. 1.

**Scanty.** Constipation; stool blackish, scanty, like sheep's-dung; painful, only once in eight or ten days, or green in balls, often hard. Plumb. 1.

**Scanty.** Diarrhœa in morning after rising; stool dark; aggravation in morning and after dinner; scanty and corrosive, with griping. Nux V. 1.

**Scanty.** Urging in rectum, with scanty stools passed in pieces after pressure, with painful weakness, and tight sensation in the abdominal muscles. Plat. 2.

**Scanty.** Bloody and painful stool; scanty, round and burning in anus. Kali B. 1.

**Scanty.** Urging to stool, which is thin, frequent but ineffectual, or with a scanty, hard stool. Bell. 1.

**Scanty.** Straining to stool, then scanty diarrhœa, then increased straining. Bell. 2.

**Scanty.** Constipation; stool hard, then burning and pressure in anus; scanty. Kali B. 1.

**Scanty.** Diarrhœa; stools frequent, scanty, pasty, exhausting, offensive as carrion. Sil. 1.

**Scanty.** Constipation; stool hard and difficult; mixed with mucus, and knotty, whitish, scanty, brownish, difficult, but not hard. Sep. 1.

## SCROFULOUS.

**Scanty.** Stool soft, scanty and delayed, with passage of blood during stool. Carbo An. 1.

**Scanty.** Habitual constipation; stools scanty, knotty, followed by burning and painful retraction of rectum and anus. Kali B. Clin.

**Scanty.** Diarrhœa of malarial origin or after chilling the stomach with cold substances; stools generally dark, scanty, watery or mucous, sometimes bloody. Ars. A. Clin.

**Scanty.** Constipation; stool retarded on account of lack of peristaltic action; hard, scanty stool, with cutting and burning in anus. Staph. Clin.

**Scanty.** Diarrhœa; frequent desire for stool, with chilliness and nausea; stools offensive, painless, fluid, scanty; putrid, with biting, burning sensation in anus. Sil. Clin.

**Scanty.** Constipation; torpor of bowels; feces hard, scanty, passed with difficulty from constriction of sphincter ani and feeling as if much remained behind. Lyc. Clin.

**Scapula.** Pain through hypochondria and in right scapula; in region of liver and spleen. Chel. 6.

**Scapulæ.** Intermittent acute pain in liver region, extending to scapulæ. Hydras. 6.

**Scarlatina.** Diarrhœa during typhoid or scarlatina. Apis Clin.

**Scirrhotic.** Obstinate constipation following diarrhœa in old spirit drinkers who are full of nervous symptoms, as loss of appetite, insomnia, scirrhotic liver. Agar. Clin.

**Scraping, sticking, cutting in rectum and anus during stool, with dragging.** Nit. Ac. 2.

**Scrapings.** Stool of blood, mucus and what looked like scrapings of inner surface of intestines. Phytol. 1.

**Scrapings.** White, tough mucus with the stool like scrapings from intestines, with streaks of blood; copious. Canth. 1.

**Scrapings.** Diarrhœa like scrapings of intestines; reddish, mucous or bloody; flaky, with extreme burning in anus during stool. Canth. Clin.

**Scrapings.** Dysentery; bloody stool with deathly nausea from smelling cooking; watery stool; jelly-like mucus with scrapings from intestines. Coleh. Clin.

**Scrapings.** Dysentery of bloody mucus, like scrapings of the intestines; involuntary; putrid; dark. Carbol. Ac. Clin.

**Screaming.** Ascarides, with delirium, screaming. Apis Clin.

**Scrofulous.** Diarrhœa; involuntary stool when coughing; suitable to old persons; to scrofulous and phthisical patients. Phos. Clin.

**Scrofulous.** Interminable diarrhœa in summer, which resists everything, especially in scrofulous children; stools putrid, fetid, watery, yellowish or greenish, discharged rapidly with great force. Secale Clin.



## SCROTUM.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## SENSITIVE.

Scrotum. Sticky, odorless moisture behind scrotum. Carbo An. 3.

Scum. Diarrhœa; watery, slimy, frothy, green, bloody or bilious stools, with greenish scum floating on top of water; violent urging before, tenesmus and urging after. Merc. Clin.

Scum. Diarrhœa; stool like scum of a frog-pond, green, frothy; white masses like lumps of tallow floating on the green; sour smelling, undigested; containing curds. Mag. C. Clin.

Scurf. Piles and fissures at the anus, with great itching; scurf on borders of anus. Petr. Clin.

Seat. Painful inclination to inguinal hernia; worse when rising from a seat. Cocœ. 7.

Seated. Hæmorrhoidal pressure in anus, with burning when seated; on touch. Thuja 3.

Second. Constipation; stool every second day. Mag. C. 1.

Second. Constipation; ineffectual urging to stool, with small discharges or only flatus passes; stool only every second day. Mag. C. Clin.

Secretion. Colic originating in depressed or excessive bilious secretion. Pod. Clin.

Sedentary. Constipation in persons of sedentary habits, from atony of lower intestines; stools hard, dry, crumble when passing, with great straining, and causing prolapse of rectum. Pod. Clin.

Sediment. Diarrhœa with constant rumbling and gurgling in abdomen; stools dark yellow, undigested, very offensive; stools of yellow water with meal-like sediment; worse night and morning after eating. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Sediment. Chronic diarrhœa, especially during early hours of morning; stool watery, with meal-like sediment; yellow, pasty, black; mucous and blood-streaked; involuntary; very offensive, like carrion. Pod. Clin.

Seized. Pain in a spot in abdomen, as if seized with nails; a griping, clutching, clawing. Bell. 5.

Semi-fluid. Diarrhœa; stool semi-fluid and frequent in morning; pasty, yellowish, green, copious, fetid. Sulf. 1.

Semi-liquid. Diarrhœa; stool semi-liquid, forcible, frequently followed by tenesmus and burning in anus; brown, frequent, followed by tenesmus, pain in back, and burning in rectum. Rheum 1.

Semi-liquid. Diarrhœa; stools dark brown, semi-liquid, bilious, offensive; aggravation in morning and forenoon, with tenesmus of bladder and rectum during stool, preceded by constant dragging and bearing down. Lil. Tig. Clin.

Sensation of rawness in anus with diarrhœa. Apis 3.

Sensation of a plug between symphysis pubis and os coccygis, with urging to stool. Aloe 7.

Sensation. Faintness, with sensation of emptiness in abdomen after stool. Pod. 5.

Sensation of heat and burning in the rectum. Aloe 2.

Sensation. Straining in rectum before, during, and after stool; fullness; sensation as if something remained; pressure during soft stool. Sulf. 2.

Sensation in rectum as if stool were incomplete. Nux V. 2.

Sensation in abdomen internally; in sides as if something living were jumping about. Crocus 1.

Sensation. Bruised sensation; worse in cæcal region and along transverse colon on moderate pressure. Merc. C. 5.

Sensation. Contracted sensation in rectum during stool; stool difficult, hard, causing tearing in anus, so that it bleeds and pains as if sore. Natr. M. 2.

Sensation. Stool soft but difficult; indolent; also with sensation as if a part remained. Nux Mos. 1.

Sensation. Diarrhœa; stool thin, whitish-gray, involuntary, pasty, bright yellow, with sensation as if he would emit flatus; not prostrating. Phos. Ac. 1.

Sensation. Urging in rectum with scanty stool; passed in pieces after pressure, with painful weakness, and tight sensation in the abdominal muscles. Plat. 2.

Sensation of rumbling in the rectum. Arn. 2.

Sensation. Dragging down in rectum during menses, with full sensation in pelvis. Aloe 2.

Sensation in abdomen as if full of stones, after long sitting at work, though it does not feel hard. Ant. T. 5.

Sensation. Long-continued sensation in rectum after stool, as if one had just been to stool or had just recovered from a pain in anus. Berb. 2.

Sensation. Constriction and weight in abdomen, with sensation as if everything would fall down, obliging him to walk carefully. Nux V. 5.

Sensation. Sticking in hepatic region; sore pain; full sensation. Sep. 6.

Sensation. Biting sore sensation in and around anus, after stool, with itching and soreness. Kali C. 3.

Sensation in abdomen, extending into small of back as if something fell down. Laur. 5.

Sensation as if something living were moving about deep in lower abdomen. Crocus 7.

Sensation of a plug in anus in afternoon when sitting; fullness of hæmorrhoidal vessels. Kali B. 3.

Sensation. Diarrhœa; a thin stool passes unconsciously, with sensation as if flatus would pass. Staph. 1.

Sensation. Constipation; an all-gone feeling in rectum; inability to expel feces or to strain at stool, with sensation of a ball in rectum. Sep. Clin.

Sensation of a foreign substance in rectum, or rough, hard feces, with constant looseness of bowels. Natr. M. 2.

Sensation. Involuntary diarrhœa during emission of flatus; bilious, with sensation as if weight would pass. Sulf. 1.

Sensation in hypogastrium as if a hard body pressed backward and downward against rectum and anus; the desire for stool aggravated when standing. Lil. Tig. 7.

Sensation. Tearing in hepatic region as if stones would cut their way out, with diarrhœa, always preceded by an agreeable sensation in the stomach. Nux Mos. 6.

Sensation. Prolapsus of rectum, with weak feeling in evening in bed; itching, burning all day; passes only wind and mucus, with sensation of a plug in rectum. Sep. 2.

Sensation. Fistula in the anus, with sensation of beating as of little hammers. Lach. Clin.

Sensation. Colic; sensation of coldness, weakness, and faintness; better from bending double. Petr. Clin.

Sensation. Congested, enlarged liver; sensation of pain and drawing in right hypochondrium as if the liver had increased in weight and dragged at its ligaments. Agar. Clin.

Sensation. Hæmorrhoids with sensation as if a red-hot poker were being thrust up the rectum; relieved by sitting in cold water. Kali C. Clin.

Sensation. Diarrhœa between midnight and morning, with sensation as of something pulling at the navel; stools watery, dark, offensive, profuse, involuntary, or mucous and bloody. Plumb. Clin.

Sensation. Diarrhœa; frequent desire for stool, with chilliness and nausea; stools offensive, painless, fluid, scanty, putrid, with biting, burning sensation in anus. Sil. Clin.

Sensation. Diarrhœa of drunkards on their last legs; great debility and nervous prostration; sensation of trembling all over the body; stools lemon-colored, chopped, frothy, mucous, stringy, offensive, watery, with burning in rectum during stool. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Sensation. Habitual costiveness, especially of old people; sensation as if the bowels would not move without the aid of laxatives; continual inclination but often passes only fetid flatus. Phytol. Clin.

Sense of writhing in the abdomen. Agar. 5.

Sense of distention in right hypochondrium. Chel. 6.

Sensitive. Hæmorrhoids sensitive though protruding but little; protrude during stool; return with difficulty and with bloody mucus from rectum. Sil. 3.

Sensitive. Abdomen tympanitic, hard and sensitive to touch, with rumbling. Op. 5.

Sensitive. Hypogastric region distended and sensitive. Hyos. 7.

Sensitive. Hepatic region sensitive when walking, with pain on touch at 1:30 p. m. Natr. S. 6.

Sensitive. Hepatic affections in good livers; in alcoholic excesses and after allopathic dosing; liver swollen, hard, and sensitive to pressure of clothing. Nux V. Clin.



## SENSITIVE.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## SHIVERING.

Sensitive. Abdomen sensitive so that the clothes press disagreeably. Sulf. 5.

Sensitive. Hepatic region very sensitive and painful to touch; right lobe of liver painful; stitching burning pains; clothing unendurable. Carbo V. Clin.

Sensitive. Periodical abdominal spasms in sensitive and hysterical women. Ign. Clin.

Sensitive. Cirrhosis of the liver; first enlarged and then contracted; hepatic region sensitive to pressure; continuing darting pain. Plumb. Clin.

Sensitive. Colic, forcing patient to bend double; he must walk about for relief; abdomen swollen, sensitive; no flatus up or down; after a cold; from fruits or vegetables; cold feeling in abdomen. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Sensitiveness. (*Abdomen.*) Pain in abdomen aggravated by pressure, touch, and horizontal position, with sensitiveness. Apis 5.

Sensitiveness. Distention and sensitiveness of abdomen, so that she must wear the clothes about stomach very loose; even in bed she must pull up the night dress; she dare not lay the arm across the abdomen. Lach. 5.

Sensitiveness of abdomen to touch. Acon. 5.

Sensitiveness. Abdominal colic radiating to all parts of the body; sensitiveness of abdomen to touch. Plumb. 5.

Sensitiveness. Pinching in muscles of abdomen when sitting as if he had fallen upon them; strained pain; sensitiveness of walls. Hyos. 5.

Sensitiveness. Colic with great distention and sensitiveness of abdomen recurring towards evening. Sep. Clin.

Sensitiveness. Abdominal affections characterized by extreme sensitiveness to touch; intolerance of even the clothing. Bell. Clin.

Sensitiveness. (*Miscellaneous.*) Constipation, with sensitiveness above Ponspart's ligament and hardness low down in left iliac region; afterwards almost dysentery of watery stools mixed with whitish-yellow and cheesy masses, and tenesmus. Phos. 1.

Sensitiveness of hypogastrium to touch. Acon. 1.

Sensitiveness. Pain in right hypochondrium with sensitiveness, the latter aggravated by hard pressure and deep inspiration. Bry. 6.

Sensitiveness. Swollen glands in right groin, with sensitiveness. Graph. 7.

Sensitiveness. Dragging in hypogastrium towards groins during stool; in groins; amelioration from emission of flatus; with sensitiveness to touch. Kali C. 7.

Sensitiveness. Pain in hepatic region on pressure; sensitiveness when lying on right side, with pain on touch. Phos. 6.

Sensitiveness of the right iliac region. Bapt. Clin.

Sensitiveness. Bleeding piles; spasmodic constriction of sphincter ani, with great forcing and great sensitiveness. Bell. Clin.

Sensitiveness. Piles suddenly in children, with great sensitiveness; prolapsus ani, while urinating; piles after confinement. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Separated. Dysenteric stools; blood and slime separated. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Serum. Stool soft, mixed with serum, orange-colored, loose in morning and urgent. Apis 1.

Seven-thirty a. m. Pain in pelvis, beginning in sacrum and passing forward and down to right knee at 7:30 a. m., relieved by pressing against something hard; the pelvic pain relieved by crossing the limbs. Sep. 7.

Shaggy. Mucous diarrhoea with tenesmus; stools frequent; small; burning in rectum and bladder; bloody; shaggy; greenish; frothy; worse at night. Caps. Clin.

Shaggy. Diarrhoea, with excessive accumulation of flatus; stools thin, brown, or pale; fecal; mixed with lumps; thin, yellow, shaggy, reddish, mucous, undigested. Lyc. Clin.

Sharp. (*Pain.*) Frequent cutting deep in rectum; pain; sharp pain as from blind piles; contraction and soreness. Ign. 2.

Sharp. Burning and tensive sticking in right hypochondrium, worse from pressure; sharp drawing in hepatic region. Mag. M. 6.

Sharp pain in rectum after stool and after eating; aggravation from exerting the mind or studying; in morning before stool. Nux V. 2.

Sharp. Burning pain in abdomen, increased to sharp pain on pressure. Ars. A. 5.

Sharp pain in left hypochondrium. Diosc. 6.

Sharp. Distention of abdomen after eating; after a moderate supper, with griping here and there; sharp pain as from flatulent food and much drink. China 5.

Sharp. Chronic hepatitis; stinging sharp pains in liver and in spleen. Psor. Clin.

Sharp. Shifting of flatus with sharp cutting; colic with nausea. Ant. T. Clin.

Sharp. Piles after confinement, with sharp, stinging pain. Apis Clin.

Sharp pinching pains in liver which come suddenly and with great severity. Berb. Clin.

Sharp. Dropsical effusions and even peritonitis, always with sharp pains; great aggravation from cold air and in the early morning. Kali C. Clin.

Sharp. Prolapsus ani with sharp, stabbing pains shooting upwards. Ign. Clin.

Sharp. Peri-hepatitis with sharp stitches in right hypochondrium; aggravation from any motion; better when lying on right side; liver seems swollen, sore to touch. Bry. Clin.

Sharp. Bleeding piles with heat and sharp stitches; blood bright. Acon. Clin.

Sharp. Constipation; desire for stool but little passes; feels as if it stayed in the rectum and could not be expelled; ineffectual urging, with sharp, splinter-like, cutting pains. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Sharp. Diarrhoea, with urging and inability to retain the stool; gurgling in abdomen as of water; after stool sharp pains around navel; weak feeling in abdomen and rectum; faintness. Lept. Clin.

Sharp. (*Miscellaneous.*) Sharp pressure in a spot in middle of upper abdomen. Lyc. 6.

Sharp. Diarrhoea brought on by riding in cars or carriage; aggravation from drinking cold water; with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool. Cocc. Clin.

Sheep-dung. Stool hard like sheep-dung and difficult; nodular, with pain in rectum; crumbly, as if burnt. Mag. M. 1.

Sheep-dung. Constipation; stool blackish, scanty; like sheep-dung; painful; only once in eight or ten days, or green in balls; often hard. Plumb. 1.

Sheep-dung. Constipation during menstruation; stool like sheep-dung; painful and difficult; insufficient; after much pressure. Kali C. 1.

Sheep-dung. Constipation; stools like sheep-dung, after great straining and burning, with balls of mucus like peas; difficult stools not hard. Natr. C. 1.

Sheep's-dung. Constipation from constriction of anus; hard stool like sheep's-dung, passed only after hard straining. Berb. Clin.

Sheep's-dung. Alternation of diarrhoea and constipation; stool like sheep's-dung. Chel. Clin.

Sheep's-dung. Constipation, with torpor of the liver and hæmorrhoids; stool very small, resembles sheep's-dung; passed only by very great straining. Bapt. Clin.

Sheep's-dung. Hard, insufficient, difficult stool with fullness; heat and itching at anus, like sheep's-dung; hard and black as if burnt. Sulf. Clin.

Sheep's-dung. Constipation; bowels obstructed from induration of feces, which are so dry that they crumble as they pass the anus; like sheep's-dung, covered with blood and mucus. Mag. M. Clin.

Shifting of flatus, with sharp cutting colic; with nausea. Ant. T. Clin.

Shining. Small, yellowish, shining stool at 9 a. m., with sputtering flatus; with dread lest feces and urine escaped together; while he would force out yet he held back. Aloe 1.

Shining. Constipation; stool of brown feces, containing white, shining grains. Mezer. 1.

Shining. Constipation; fruitless urging to stool; dryness of rectum; knotty stool, shining as if greased; very small in size; passes easier when standing. Caust. Clin.

Shivering. Diarrhoea; stools pasty, sour-smelling; then shivering; then urging, with constriction in intestines. Rheum 1.

Shivering. Cutting about umbilicus, with shivering. Ipec. 7.



## SHIVERING.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## SINGULAR.

**Shivering.** Constipation, on account of hardness and large size of stool; copious; frequent, with shivering. *Ver. Alb. 1.*

**Shivering.** Colic, with cutting twisting about navel, and passage of tough mucus, like diarrhoea, at times mixed with black blood; after every stool thirst, and after every drink shivering. *Caps. 7.*

**Shivering.** Cutting in abdomen towards evening; during stool; after the stool shivering. *Canth. 5.*

**Shivering.** Colic in umbilical region, with shivering. *China 7.*

**Shock.** Cutting in abdomen like an electric shock. *Coloc. 5.*

**Shooting from umbilical region to other parts of abdomen;** amelioration from pressure; so violent at times that he was almost wild, tossed about, pressed his fist into his abdomen; said he must go to stool. *Plumb. 7.*

**Shooting.** Stitches at origin of Ponpart's ligament at left ilium extending down, then shooting outward into left side of female urethra. *Berb. 7.*

**Shooting pain in hepatic region** with moist skin. *Card. M. 6.*

**Shooting.** Neuralgic pain in anus and lower part of rectum; shooting along perineum to middle of penis; worse at midnight. *Phytol. 3.*

**Shooting.** Hæmorrhoids with darting pain shooting to liver; look like bunches of grapes; with great pain and distress. *Diosc. Clin.*

**Shooting.** Colic from the passage of gall-stones; pain shooting into chest and arms, with terrible eructations. *Diosc. Clin.*

**Shooting.** Prolapsus ani with sharp stabbing pains shooting upwards. *Ign. Clin.*

**Shooting.** Fissures of the anus without constipation; acute pains shooting upwards. *Ign. Clin.*

**Shooting.** Colic; intense paroxysms of a shooting character; abdomen hard as a stone and drawn into the spine, as if by a string; knots in recti muscles. *Plumb. Clin.*

**Shootings and pressure in anus.** *Acon. 3.*

**Shoots.** Squeezing constrictive pain in lowermost intestines, alternately with shoots or jerks in direction of perineum. *Bell. 2.*

**Short.** Stitches in liver under left short ribs. *Agar. 6.*

**Short.** Tension in liver region as if it were too short there on waking from midday nap. *Carbo V. 6.*

**Short.** Emissions of flatus loud, short and interrupted; offensive; worse before stool. *Mezer. 5.*

**Shot.** Urging in rectum on rising, before stool, which shot out as from a gun. *Phos. 2.*

**Shoulder.** Paralytic, bruised pain in liver on inspiration, extending to shoulder. *Laur. 6.*

**Shoulder blade.** Enlargement of the liver; pain under angle of right shoulder blade, or with jaundice; yellow tongue; bitter taste. *Chel. Clin.*

**Shreds.** Stool contained many white shreds. *Colch. 1.*

**Shreds.** Evacuation of shreds of mucus, or of undigested food, with enormous distention of abdomen; stools excessively offensive. *Arg. M. Clin.*

**Shuddering.** Chronic dysentery; urgent straining, with shuddering and sense of insufficient evacuation. *Lyc. Clin.*

**Sick.** Constipation, especially with recurring sick headache. *Iris V. Clin.*

**Side.** (*Left.*) Stool pasty, light-brown, after urging, then rumbling and gurgling in left side of abdomen; after an hour a second stool, mucous, urgent, grayish-green and dirty brown; forcible. *Crot. Tig. 1.*

**Side.** Stitches like electric sparks through left side of abdomen, especially during a sudden transition from rest to motion. *Arg. N. 5.*

**Side.** Gurgling, rumbling in abdomen; worse on the left side. *Crot. Tig. 5.*

**Side.** Urging in rectum; sudden, with noise as of liquids in abdomen, worse on left side. *Jatr. 2.*

**Side.** Intermittent sticking in left side of anus. *Crocus 3.*

**Side.** Tension in liver when lying on left side, with pressure. *Card. M. 6.*

**Side.** Sticking in left side of abdomen below umbilicus, on walking rapidly and afterwards. *China 7.*

**Side.** Pinching constriction in upper abdomen after eating, extending to left side of abdomen and chest. *Cocc. 5.*

**Side.** Loud rumbling in the left side of abdomen, like the croaking of frogs. *Arg. M. 5.*

**Side.** Twitching in left side of abdomen between navel and left flank; as if in muscles of wall, then sticking deep in left side of back. *Bry. 5.*

**Side.** Desire for stool whenever she lies on left side. *Phos. Clin.*

**Side.** Typhlitis; painful swelling of the whole right side of abdomen; aggravation from lying on left side; better when lying on the back and by gentle pressure. *Rhus Tox. Clin.*

**Side.** Incarcerated flatulence in left side. *Sulf. Clin.*

**Side.** Irritable liver; jaundice from vexation; from excessive study or mental work; congestion of liver, with soreness and sharp, sticking pains; aggravation from lying on left side. *Natr. S. Clin.*

**Side.** (*Right.*) Stool of greenish water, with distention of abdomen; frequent; liquid; always preceded by griping; worse on right side. *Mag. C. 1.*

**Side.** Intestines sore, as if pressed, so that he cannot sleep on right side. *Merc. 5.*

**Side.** Pain in hepatic region on pressure; sensitiveness; worse when lying on right side, with pain on touch. *Phos. 6.*

**Side.** Hard pressure in right side, beneath umbilicus. *Staph. 7.*

**Side.** Inflated feeling in right side of abdomen, with pain in hepatic region on pressure. *Card. M. 5.*

**Side.** Functional derangement of liver, often preceded by migraine; constant aching pain in right side of abdomen. *Sep. Clin.*

**Side.** Swelling and abscess in liver, with stitching pains in right side, commencing in back and going through and up into the chest. *Kali C. Clin.*

**Side.** Perihepatitis with sharp stitches in right hypochondrium, aggravation from any motion; better when lying on right side; liver seems swollen; sore to touch. *Bry. Clin.*

**Side.** Acute pain in hepatic region, worse from pressure, breathing, coughing and lying on the right side. *Bell. Clin.*

**Side.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Distention of abdomen by flatulence; waking about midnight, causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief; new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. *Cocc. 5.*

**Side.** Thrusts from one side of the abdomen to the other. *Arn. 5.*

**Side.** Itching soreness in rectum; with pustules by the side of it. *Amm. Mur. 2.*

**Side.** Pain in abdomen before breakfast; flatulent, relieved by difficult emission of flatus and lying on side. *Natr. S. 5.*

**Side.** Sticking pressive pain in the region of the abdominal ring, as if a hernia would press out there, with tension as far as the side of the abdomen. *Alum. 5.*

**Sides.** Sensation in abdomen; internally in sides as if something living were jumping about. *Crocus 5.*

**Sides.** Deep seated digging within hips on both sides, as in dysentery; with nausea and drowsiness. *Arn. 7.*

**Sides.** Soreness in abdomen, especially in sides and down sides of umbilicus on touch, with pain. *Aloe 7.*

**Sides.** Stitches in sides of abdomen during cough. *Arn. 5.*

**Sides.** Griping, tearing in region of navel and lower down in sides, with pain in small of back as if broken. *Cham. 7.*

**Sides.** Distention of hypochondria, worse in sides, pit of stomach, and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. *Ign. 6.*

**Sides.** Paroxysmal clawing in umbilical region from sides of abdomen towards middle and sometimes to pit of stomach, causing nausea with anxious heat of cheeks. *Hep. 7.*

**Sight.** Painless cholera morbus with deathly nausea, weakness and prostration; aggravation from the smell or sight of food. *Colch. Clin.*

**Single,** cutting stitches in anus. *Graph. 3.*

**Sink.** Diarrhoea in typhoid; offensive, or in old people who sink down in bed. *Mur. Ac. Clin.*

**Singular feeling in pelvic region** at 4 p. m.; a weakness about small of back, pubic bones, and around anus a dragging. *Sep. 7.*



## SIT.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## SLIMY.

- Sit. Cutting in abdomen during menses, obliging her to sit bent over, pressing with both hands, or to lean far back; as before diarrhœa. Kali C. 5.
- Sit. Gripping in abdomen so that he could neither lie nor sit, and could only walk bent over; amelioration from violent motion and rolling about. Coloc. 5.
- Sitting. (*Pain.*) Crawling in rectum in evening when sitting, with biting, as from worms; itching during the day. Sulf. 2.
- Sitting. Blind piles, with pressure and soreness in anus and rectum; painful when sitting and standing; less when walking; worse after taking fresh air. Ign. 3.
- Sitting. Sticking pain in hepatic region, with burning when sitting bent over; bile increased. Sulf. 6.
- Sitting. Hæmorrhoids swollen, protruding, burning, sticking; protrude during soft stool; painful on touch; painful when sitting. Lyc. 3.
- Sitting. Paralytic pain in right ring, as if something would force its way through, when sitting; amelioration from rising. Cocc. 7.
- Sitting. Pinching in muscles of abdomen when sitting, as if he had fallen upon them; strained pain; sensitiveness of walls. Hyos. 5.
- Sitting. Tearing stitches in rectum when sitting. Ruta 2.
- Sitting. Pain across umbilicus, preventing sleep; pinching when sitting below umbilicus, recurring every half hour, with pressure on bladder as if it were forced on groins. Sulf. 7.
- Sitting. Sticking in anus at 1 p. m., when sitting, extending into region of left iliac bone. Thuja 3.
- Sitting. Stitches in hypochondrium when walking in open air; also with tension in right hypochondrium as if hepatic region would burst open at 4 p. m., on deep breathing while sitting. Natr. S. 6.
- Sitting. Diarrhœa; stools yellowish, slimy; cutting pain before and after, with itching of anus when sitting. Staph. Clin.
- Sitting. Piles, with pain on sitting down or taking a wide step, as if split with a knife; with violent pinching and very sore to touch. Graph. Clin.
- Sitting. (*Miscellaneous.*) Heaviness in abdomen like a stone just before menses; during menses; in sacrum; with inclination of lower limbs to fall asleep when sitting. Puls. 5.
- Sitting. Weight in left hypochondrium when walking, sitting and lying; not affecting breathing. Lyc. 6.
- Sitting. Colic in hypogastrium as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out of bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. Nux V. 7.
- Sitting. Contractive pain in anus in afternoon, preventing sitting. Cocc. 3.
- Sitting. Sensation of a plug in anus in afternoon when sitting; fullness of hæmorrhoidal vessels. Kali B. 3.
- Sitting. Sticking in groin; feeling after sitting down as if a large heavy body were lying there; better after pressure; by passage of flatus. Carbo An. 7.
- Sitting. Sensation in abdomen, as if full of stones after long sitting at work, though it does not feel hard. Ant. T. 5.
- Sitting. Itching of anus when sitting. Staph. 3.
- Sitting. Feeling of tension in hypogastrium when sitting and walking, with heaviness. Kali C. 7.
- Sitting. Hæmorrhoids, with sensation as if a red-hot poker were being thrust up the rectum; relieved by sitting in cold water. Kali C. Clin.
- Sitting. Fistula recti with bilious symptoms, aggravated when sitting. Berb. Clin.
- Sitting. Frequent tenesmus for many days without being able to pass anything; great urgent desire for stool; but on sitting down the desire immediately passes off without an evacuation. Anac. Clin.
- Six. Constriction transversely across umbilical region, as by a string, in afternoon till 6 above navel. Chel. 7.
- Six a. m. Sudden waking at 6 a. m., with copious yellow, half liquid stool; with urging in rectum. Arg. N. 1.
- Six p. m. Rumbling in abdomen between 6 and 10 p. m., with movement of flatus and aching, then emission of flatus; offensive. China 5.
- Six. Chronic diarrhœa; green liquid stools, always mucous and bloody; no emission of flatus for six days. Ratan. Clin.
- Size. Constipation on account of hardness and large size of stool; copious, frequent, with shivering. Ver. Alb. 1.
- Size. Constipation; stool large in size, with great effort of abdominal muscles. Zinc. 1.
- Skin. Stool black, acrid, putrid; excoriated skin about anus. Ars. A. 1.
- Skin. Evacuations excoriated the skin about the anus. Ars. A. 3.
- Skin. Shooting pain in hepatic region, with moist skin. Card. M. 6.
- Skin. Soreness in anus after a slimy discharge as if skin were cracked, with constriction. Thuja 3.
- Skin. Dysentery when the patient is cold, skin blue; stools of bloody mucus. Iris V. Clin.
- Skin. Derangements of the liver with yellow eyes and skin; nausea and headache. Iris V. Clin.
- Skin. Liver torpid skin yellow; stools light colored; jaundice. Hydras. Clin.
- Skin. Liver enlarged, and often indurated; jaundiced hue of skin and conjunctiva; liver sore to touch; stools clay-colored. Merc. Clin.
- Sleep. (*Stool during Sleep.*) Involuntary stool at night in sleep. Arn. 1.
- Sleep. Watery diarrhœa mixed with hard parts; involuntary in sleep. Con. 1.
- Sleep. Diarrhœa, with great prostration; stools involuntary during sleep; brown, fermented, with fetid breath, and loathing of food. Arn. Clin.
- Sleep. Yellow, watery diarrhœa, nearly odorless, involuntary, passed in bed unconsciously, especially during sleep; a typhoid state, with delirium. Hyos. Clin.
- Sleep. (*Miscellaneous.*) Pressing downward in hypogastrium during menses; better in knee-elbow position, which caused eructations and sleep. Sep. 7.
- Sleep. Crawling tenesmus in anus, as in diarrhœa, every evening before sleep. Plat. 3.
- Sleep. Intestines sore as if pressed, so that he cannot sleep on right side. Merc. 5.
- Sleep. Pain across umbilicus, preventing sleep; pinching when sitting below umbilicus, recurring every half hour, with pressure on bladder, as if it were forced on groins. Sulf. 7.
- Sleep. Itching in region of anus during day and evening before sleep. Mezer. 3.
- Sleepiness. Cutting pain in hypogastrium mornings with nausea, sweetish disgusting taste, weakness and sleepiness, cutting, rising to upper abdomen, where it amounted to griping. Nux V. 7.
- Slender. Inveterate constipation, with disappointing calls, the trouble being in the rectum; feces slender, long, narrow, dry tough and hard, like a dog's and voided with difficulty. Phos. Clin.
- Slime. Stool involuntary on least motion; mucus mixed with blood and slime; involuntary the moment it entered the rectum. Phos. 1.
- Slime. Swelling of hæmorrhoidal veins, with discharge of bloody slime by day and night. Thuja 3.
- Slime. Chronic dysentery; slime mixed with greenish substances and containing bloody specks. Con. Clin.
- Slime. Dysenteric stools; blood and slime separated. Mur. Ac. Clin.
- Slime. Dysentery; discharges white, slimy, clear, yellow, red or green slime, blood and mucus. Puls. Clin.
- Slime. Diarrhœa, with colicky pains around navel before and during stool; stools sour, liquid, slimy, fecal, mixed with green slime. Rheum Clin.
- Slime. Diarrhœa in hot, damp weather in the fall; vomiting and purging of rice-water stools; varying in color; green, yellow, reddish, variegated; slime and feces mixed. Colch. Clin.
- Slime. Dysentery; almost constant cutting pains in abdomen, with ineffectual pressing, straining and tenesmus; discharges of bloody slime day and night; severe pains in rectum continue after stool. Merc. C. Clin.
- Slimy. Stool soft; then empty feeling in abdomen; saffron-yellow; stringy and slimy; chopped. Sulf. Ac. 1.
- Slimy. Stool tough, gluey, fetid; so urgent that some escaped prematurely, yet not diarrhœa after getting up; slimy. Sulf. 1.



## SLIMY.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## SMALL.

Slimy. Diarrhœa; stools scanty, chiefly of blood and mucus, with constant desire; offensive, slimy, blackish. Merc. C. 1.

Slimy. Diarrhœa of green mucus, as green as bile, once or twice at night with movements in intestines before every stool; at first green, then slimy; not exhausting; without colic. Puls. 1.

Slimy. Diarrhœa nightly with colic, so that she must bend double; hot; smelling like rotten eggs; green; watery; painless, consisting of feces and mucus; white; slimy; with colic. Cham. 1.

Slimy. Diarrhœa; stool thin, olive-green, exhausting, pernicious, offensive, frequent, brown, slimy, next day fetid and dark. Secale 1.

Slimy. Brownish, small, slimy, half fluid stool. Aloe 1.

Slimy. Green, slimy diarrhœa. Amm. Mur. 1.

Slimy. Discharge of moisture from anus, with sore feeling and itching around it; involuntary, of viscid, slimy fluid, causing soreness; of thread-worms during stool. Sulf. 3.

Slimy. Constipation; stool hard, green, slimy, acrid, excoriating anus; whitish-gray. Merc. 1.

Slimy. Soreness in anus after a slimy discharge, as if skin were cracked, with constriction. Thuja 3.

Slimy. Diarrhœa; copious, yellowish and offensive, containing pieces of white membrane; orange-yellow, slimy, with bright yellow flakes, without feces. Colch. 1.

Slimy. Dysentery; stools slimy and bloody, with tenesmus. Colch. 1.

Slimy. Diarrhœa in wet weather, mostly mornings after rising and eating; with much rumbling; stools thin, yellow, fecal, slimy. Agar. Clin.

Slimy. Diarrhœa, with colicky pains around navel, before or during stool; stools sour, liquid, slimy, fecal, mixed with green slime. Rheum Clin.

Slimy. Dysentery; discharges white, slimy, clear, yellow, red or green slime, blood and mucus. Puls. Clin.

Slimy. Stool green, sometimes white and mushy; hot and watery; very offensive. Calch. Ph. Clin.

Slimy. Diarrhœa; watery, slimy, frothy, green, bloody or bilious stools, with greenish scum floating on top of water; violent urging before, tenesmus during; a never-get-done feeling with tenesmus and urging after. Merc. Clin.

Slimy. Diarrhœa; stools yellowish, slimy; cutting pain before and after, with itching of anus when sitting. Staph. Clin.

Slimy. Exhausting diarrhœa; stools slimy, like chopped eggs, thin, yellow, profuse and putrid; undigested, with cutting and urging during stool. Nux Mos. Clin.

Slimy. Stools grass-green, slimy, with vomiting; colic. Ant. T. Clin.

Slimy. Dysentery; stool small, slimy, bloody, with urging; tenesmus; ceasing after stool; stools like pitch and blood. Nux V. Clin.

Slimy. Diarrhœa, slimy and of the appearance of yeast; cadaverous smell. Ant. T. Clin.

Slimy. Dysentery, with bloody, slimy stools; with symptoms of ulceration of the rectum; chronic dysentery. Arg. N. Clin.

Slimy. Diarrhœa, brown yellow or slimy; putrid odor; with low types of fever; coldness of extremities; tendency to collapse. Carbo V. Clin.

Slimy. Diarrhœa, with discharge of lumbrici and ascarides; involuntary, greenish, slimy or white. Cina Clin.

Slimy. Dysentery from cold, damp weather; rectum protrudes; stools very slimy. Dulc. Clin.

Slimy. Green, slimy stools; mucous; chopped white and yellow mucus, often of a changeable color; often undigested; often like chopped eggs and spinach; foul odor; especially in children during teething or after taking cold. Cham. Clin.

Slimy. Diarrhœa, with cutting pressing pains before and during stool; with drawing pain in rectum after stool, continuing for hours; stools green, slimy, with flakes of false membranes; undigested, putrid, fetid; sour-smelling. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Slips. Constipation; stool that has protruded slips back again after urging and straining, till abdominal walls are sore. Sil. 1.

Slow. Constipation; stool hard, slow, with chill before and after stool; in knots and balls; sluggish bowels; suitable to old gentlemen who have seen much of life. Mezer. Clin.

Slow. Constipation; stools enormously large and painful, leaving the sphincters nearly paralyzed and slow to close, with a feeling of inability to draw up the partially prolapsed anus, especially in those who have abused alcohol or narcotics. Lach. Clin.

Slowly. Bowels very inactive; the soft stools are evacuated slowly and with effort. Hep. Clin.

Sluggish. Intestines sluggish, so that the strongest purgatives lose their power. Op. 5.

Sluggish. Stools very sluggish; the rectum seems plugged up; the attempt to have a stool causes distress in the abdomen. Anac. Clin.

Sluggish. Constipation; stool hard; slow with chill before and after stool; in knots and balls; sluggish bowels; suitable to old gentlemen who have seen much of life. Mezer. Clin.

Slumber. Pain in abdomen at night; waking from uneasy slumber; then sixteen evacuations of greenish, fetid mucus, with noisy emission of flatus. Arg. N. 5.

Small. (Back.) Colic in abdomen as after taking cold; as before diarrhœa; before stools, with rumbling and pain in small of back. Dulc. 5.

Small. Intermittent boring in abdomen, often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder, lower limbs. Plumb. 5.

Small. Blind hæmorrhoids with itching in morning, preceded by pain in small of back; in evening till 9 p. m., with sore pain in anus, worse from motion; painful; protruding. Puls. 3.

Small. Distention of hypochondria, worse in sides, pit of stomach, and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. Ign. 6.

Small. Protruding purple piles, with severe pains in the sacrum and small of back and fullness in the region of the liver. Esc. Clin.

Small. (Stool.) Pressure and sense of excoriation in rectum, after a small hard stool. Alum. 2.

Small. Flatulence in abdomen, then urging; stools sudden, thin, small, with flatus. Croc. Tig. 5.

Small. Constipation; stool small, hard, often crumbling, with pressure and clawing in anus; unsatisfactory. Zinc. 1.

Small. Constipation; stool small, dark and difficult, apparently from inactivity of rectum. Phos. 1.

Small. Constipation; stool hard and dark brown in small pieces, with loss of appetite; stool gray and crumbly and unsatisfactory. Op. 1.

Small frequent passages consisting of mucus; at times mingled with blood and causing tenesmus, preceded by flatulent colic in hypogastrium. Caps. 1.

Small stool after colic, with tenesmus; first of dark green feces, then of dark green mucus. Ars. A. 1.

Small. Diarrhœa; frequent, thin, involuntary, with flatus; small. Ign. 1.

Small. Frequent and successful desire for stool, in the lower part of the rectum, with expulsion of small soft stool. Arg. M. 2.

Small. Diarrhœa, then empty tenesmus; mucous diarrhœa with tenesmus; small stool consisting of only mucus. Caps. 1.

Small. Stool frequent, with necessity to lie down after every stool; small; consisting of mucus. Arn. 1.

Small. Brownish, small, slimy, half-fluid stool. Aloe 1.

Small, yellowish, shining stool at 9 a. m., with sputtering flatus; with dread lest feces and urine escaped together; while he would force out, yet he held back. Aloe 1.

Small. Stool natural at first; then several small, loose evacuations; then small hard evacuations with violent straining in rectum and anus till all are passed. Ant. Cr. 1.

Small. Constipation from lead poisoning; frequent desire, but small evacuation, with great effort. Plat. Clin.

Small. Constipation; ineffectual urging to stool, with small discharges or only flatus passes; stool only every second day. Mag. C. Clin.

Small. Dysentery; stool small, slimy, bloody, with urging; tenesmus ceasing after stool; stools like pitch and blood. Nux V. Clin.

Small. Constipation; stools consisting of small, hard, black balls. Plumb. Clin.



## SMALL.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## SOFT.

Small. Diarrhœa, from abuse of intoxicating drinks or high living; stools frequent, small, corrosive, offensive, thin, brownish-green; fecal. Nux V. Clin.

Small. Constipation, with torpor of the liver and hæmorrhoids; stool very small, resembles sheep's-dung; passed only by very great straining. Bapt. Clin.

Small. Mucous diarrhœa, with tenesmus; stools frequent, small; burning in rectum and bladder; bloody; shaggy; greenish; frothy; worse at night. Caps. Clin.

Small. Chronic dysentery; stools frequent, small, pitch-like, with pale blood; involuntary. Zinc. Clin.

Small. Constipation; fruitless urging to stool; dryness of rectum; stool shining as if greased, very small in size; passes easier when standing. Caust. Clin.

Small. (*Miscellaneous.*) Dryness in rectum, with heat; feels as if it were filled with small sticks. Æsc. 2.

Small. Distress in umbilical region and in hypogastric regions, with intermittent cutting in stomach and small intestines. Diosc. 7.

Small. Inflammation of the liver with pain, swelling, hardness, constant fever, dry tongue, restlessness, small, rapid pulse, and on rising from bed faintness. Iod. 6.

Small. Pain in abdomen, with frequent cutting in stomach and small intestines; with emission of much flatus. Diosc. 5.

Small protruding varices which sting, burn, and smart intolerably. Apis Clin.

Small. Pain in right hypochondrium, especially when limited to a small spot; dull pain or stitches in liver; clay-colored stool. Kali B. Clin.

Smarted. Burning pain in perineum, and an inch from anus a tubercle which became moist and smarted on walking. Thuja 3.

Smarting. (*Anus.*) Itching, smarting, sore pain in anus on wiping. Graph. 3.

Smarting in anus after hard stool; burning after usual stool. Mag. M. 3.

Smarting. Tearings extending around anus, with smarting. Berb. 3.

Smarting. Itching in anus with sore pain as from hæmorrhoids on margin becoming a smarting and sore pain, as from blind piles. Nux V. 3.

Smarting. Burning smarting in anus some hours after stool, with cutting as in a sore; biting in evening with sore pain. Nux V. 3.

Smarting. Constipation; stool hard, knotty, streaked with blood, preceded and accompanied by smarting at the anus. Natr. S. Clin.

Smarting. Fissure of the anus, with constant oozing of fetid moisture; with raw smarting, as if cut with a knife. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Smarting. Acrid, smarting, burning sensation at the anus and up the rectum after stool, as if a hot spray were projected over the parts. Lil. Tig. Clin.

Smarting. Hæmorrhoids painful, stinging, with protrusion of rectum; smarting and burning; oozing of glutinous moisture. Natr. M. Clin.

Smarting. (*Miscellaneous.*) Sticking in rectum, with smarting during a stool that was not hard. Phos. 2.

Smarting in rectum and anus, with soft stool. Mur. Ac. 2.

Smarting. Diarrhœa painless, clay-colored, with burning and smarting; sallow complexion. Berb. Clin.

Smell. Diarrhœa frequent and sudden, without pain or smell; watery. Ferr. 1.

Smell. Painful diarrhœa; watery, liquid stools of the most disgusting smell; discharges profuse, greenish, blackish-brown; papescent; stool and breath equally offensive. Asaf. Clin.

Smell. Diarrhœa slimy and of the appearance of yeast; cadaverous smell. Ant. T. Clin.

Small. Painless cholera morbus, with deathly nausea, weakness and prostration; aggravation from the smell or sight of food. Colch. Clin.

Smell. Cholera infantum; stools whitish, curdy, turning green on the diaper on exposure to air; sour smelling of whole body, especially during teething. Rheum Clin.

Smell. Diarrhœa in the morning, driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery; brown; fecal; green; mucus; bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour fetid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. Sulf. Clin.

Smelling. Flatulence; emission of flatus; worse in evening and night; offensive, smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen. Sulf. 5.

Smelling. Diarrhœa in morning, then burning in anus; aggravation at night, preceded by cutting in abdomen, then prickling and burning in anus; stool smelling like old cheese. Bry. 1.

Smelling. Diarrhœa nightly with colic, so that she must bend double; hot, smelling like rotten eggs; green, watery; painless, consisting of feces and mucus; white, slimy, with colic. Cham. 1.

Smelling. Flatulence offensive, smelling like rotten eggs. Arn. 5.

Smelling. Stool thin, frothy, saffron-yellow musty, smelling almost like burnt blotting-paper; copious, with discharge of much mucus. Coloc. 1.

Smelling. Dysentery; bloody stool, with deathly nausea from smelling cooking; watery stool, jelly-like mucus, with scrapings from intestines. Colch. Clin.

Smelling. Stools at first hard, then mushy, finally fluid, smelling like rotten eggs, involuntary, fermented, sour-smelling; diarrhœa alternating with constipation. Calc. C. Clin.

Smelling. Chronic diarrhœa, with gradual loss of strength; fetid stool and flatus smelling like lime which has been used to purify gas of sulphur. Phos. Clin.

Smells. Cholera infantum; stools saffron-yellow, chopped, offensive, watery; child smells sour despite the most careful washing. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Smoking. Constipation produced by cheese, better from smoking; frequent urging to stool without any evacuation, which appears an hour later in single pieces of stony hardness. Coloc. Clin.

Soap. Constipation resulting from unwise enemata of water and soap. Op. Clin.

Soft. (*Stool.*) Stool first part lumpy, second soft. Lyc. 1.

Soft. Stool soft, difficult, scanty, with much urging; clay-colored. Hep. 1.

Soft. Urging in rectum, but large intestines are wanting in peristaltic action and cannot expel soft feces; only a part can be forced out by aid of abdominal muscles. Hep. 2.

Soft. Anxious urging in rectum; frequent, ineffectual, after the usual stool, with griping, and stool when passed was soft. Nux V. 2.

Soft. Stool soft, mixed with mucus; frequent. Puls. 1.

Soft. Stool soft; then empty feeling in abdomen; saffron-yellow; stringy and slimy; chopped. Sulf. Ac. 1.

Soft. Burning in anus after a thin stool; after a soft-formed stool. Sulf. 3.

Soft. Straining in rectum before, during and after stool; fullness; sensation as if something remained; pressure during soft stool. Sulf. 2.

Soft. Stool pasty, with burning in anus; offensive in afternoon; then burning in anus, with much flatus; then hard portions; then again soft, so that he believed he would scarcely finish the evacuation. Bry. 1.

Soft. Stool pasty, light brown, after urging; then rumbling and gurgling in left side of abdomen; after an hour a second soft stool; mucous, urgent, grayish-green and dirty brown; forcible. Croc. Tig. 1.

Soft. Stool light, yellow, soft, three times a day, with weakness. Borax 1.

Soft. Hæmorrhoids swollen; protruding, burning, sticking; protruding during soft stool; painful on touch; painful when sitting. Lyc. 3.

Soft. Stool soft, with lumps of white mucus; pasty; at an unusual time; lumpy, light, clay-colored, with urging and inactivity of rectum. Phos. 1.

Soft. Stool soft, but difficult; indolent; also with sensation as if a part remained. Nux Mos. 1.

Soft. Frequent and successful desire for stool in the lower part of the rectum, with expulsion of soft stool. Arg. M. 2.

Soft. Stool soft, mixed with serum, orange-colored, loose in morning and urgent. Apis 1.

Soft. Offensive flatus, with stool; frequent and loud; easy, with inclination as for soft stool. Aloe 5.

Soft. Burning in anus during soft stool. Amm. Mur. 3.



**SOFT.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****SORENESS.**

Soft. Burning in rectum during and after soft stools. Amm. Mur. 2.

Soft. Urging more in upper intestines; stool soft and insufficient; anxious urging; inability to evacuate feces without danger of eversion and prolapsus of rectum. Ign. 2.

Soft. Diarrhœa soft, frequent, whitish. Iod. 1.

Soft. Burning pain in anus, with soft stool. Merc. 3.

Soft. Discharge of blood from rectum during stool; during soft stool. Lyc. 2.

Soft. Stool soft, scanty and delayed, with passage of blood during stool. Carbo An. 1.

Soft. Stool soft, brownish, easy, floating on water. Merc. 1.

Soft. Stool soft and insufficient. Kali C. 1.

Soft. Diarrhœa; stool soft and bright yellow; pasty; of the odor of putrefying snakes. Lach. 1.

Soft. Smarting in rectum and anus, with soft stool. Mur. Ac. 2.

Soft. Burning in rectum and anus after short stool, with exhaustion. Phos. 2.

Soft. Diarrhœa; stool watery, soft, difficult, from inactivity of the rectum. Natr. M. 1.

Soft. Rumbling in hypogastric region in morning, with distress and a soft, profuse, black, fetid, stool, then pain in abdomen. Lept. 7.

Soft. Hard stool and covered with streaks of blood; knotty, enveloped in thick mucus, then a soft one enveloped in mucus. Mag. M. 1.

Soft. Inactivity of rectum; even a soft and thin stool requires great straining. Alum. Clin.

Soft. Contractive, sore pain in rectum from blind hæmorrhoids, one or two hours after stool; stools large or soft, but passed with difficulty. Ign. Clin.

Soft. Diarrhœa, with burning in rectum and anus after stool; severe rumbling of gas; watery discharges mixed with mucus, preceded by soft and more substantial stools. Iris V. Clin.

Soft. Bowels very inactive; the soft stools are evacuated slowly and with effort. Hep. Clin.

Soft. Constipation, with vertigo, heat in head and tinnitus aurium; large accumulation of feces, especially after continued purging, with difficulty to pass them, even when soft, from inactivity of rectum. China Clin.

Soft. Painful diarrhœa of old people; even soft stool passed with difficulty. Carbo V. Clin.

Soft. Difficult expulsion of soft stool. Natr. S. Clin.

Soft. Chronic constipation from irregular menstruation; inactivity of intestines whether stool is hard or soft; alternation of constipation and diarrhœa. Puls. Clin.

Soft. Constipation; torpor of rectum; even a soft stool is voided with difficulty. Psor. Clin.

Soft. Diarrhœa; stool adheres to rectum and anus like soft clay; tenacious; glutinous. Plat. Clin.

Soft. Constipation; stool large, hard lumps which remain long in rectum, and when feces are expelled they suddenly recede into the rectum; even a soft stool is expelled with much difficulty. Sil. Clin.

Soft. (*Miscellaneous.*) Abdomen distended and soft. Jatr. 5.

Soles. Rumbling in abdomen in morning, with gurgling also in bed, with spasmodic and griping flatulent colic and heat in palms and soles. Nux V. 5.

Solid. Diarrhœa; stool partly liquid, partly solid; offensive, with much thin mucus and streaks of blood. Sulf. Ac. 1.

Sore. (*Abdomen.*) Pain in abdomen, as if sore and raw; tenderness on pressure. Bell. 5.

Sore. Constipation; stool that has protruded slips back again, after urging and straining till abdominal walls are sore. Sil. 1.

Sore. Spasmodic motions of muscles of abdomen, contracted and sore to touch. Cupr. 5.

Sore. Pain in abdomen, with diarrhœa; sore to pressure. Kali B. 5.

Sore. Biting sore pain in anus on walking and burning in rectum. Mezer. 3.

Sore. Pain in abdomen, as if everything were sore; on every step, as from incarcerated flatus; flatulent after stool, as if intestines here and there were pressed by stones. Nux V. 5.

Sore feeling, extending to the whole abdomen; aggravated by riding in a carriage. Arg. M. Clin.

Sore. Abdomen swollen, hard, sore above navel, where there is a great deal of colic; sometimes relieved by pressure. Cina Clin.

Sore. (*Anus.*) Burning pain in anus as if parts around it were sore. Berb. 3.

Sore. Itching, smarting, sore pain in anus on wiping. Graph. 3.

Sore. Itching around anus at border, with sore feeling. Sulf. 3.

Sore. Contracted sensation in rectum during stool; stool difficult, hard, causing tearing in anus so that it bleeds and pains as if sore. Natr. M. 2.

Sore pain in anus without reference to stool; pain as from blind piles. Ign. 3.

Sore. Burning in anus after stool; sore in morning as if points were sticking in it. Iris V. 3.

Sore. Blind hæmorrhoids, with itching in morning, preceded by pain in small of back in evening till 9 p. m., with sore pain in anus; worse from motion; painful; protruding. Puls. 3.

Sore. Discharge of moisture from anus, with sore feeling and itching around it; involuntary, of viscid, slimy fluid, causing soreness; of thread-worms during stool. Sulf. 3.

Sore. Itching in anus, with sore pain as from hæmorrhoids on margin; becoming a smarting and sore pain as from blind piles. Nux V. 3.

Sore. Burning smarting in anus some hours after stool, with cutting as in sore; biting in evening, with sore pain. Nux V. 3.

Sore. Biting sore sensation in and around anus after stool, with itching and soreness. Kali C. 3.

Sore feeling in anus, worse outside, with stitching, burning and throbbing. Calc. Ph. 3.

Sore. Bleeding from anus during stool; sore pain after stool. Puls. 3.

Sore. (*Hæmorrhoids.*) Hæmorrhoids swollen and sore. Aloe 3.

Sore. Hæmorrhoids with sore pain; unendurable on walking or reflecting; swollen, with itching sticking and much moisture; hard, stinging burning; painful when touched. Caust. 3.

Sore. Inflammation of hæmorrhoids; stitches; sore pain during cough; pain when walking. Kali C. 3.

Sore. Protruding, painful, sore hæmorrhoids, with ineffectual urging. Merc. 3.

Sore. Swollen hæmorrhoids, with burning sore pain; blue hæmorrhoids, with pain on pressure. Mur. Ac. 3.

Sore. Protruding piles; aching, itching and sore. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Sore. Piles, with pain on sitting down or taking a wide step, as if split with a knife; with violent pinching and very sore to touch. Graph. Clin.

Sore. Fissure of the anus, with periodical profuse bleeding from the anus; pain in small of back as if bruised; sore blind hæmorrhoids protruding after stool. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Sore. (*Hypochondrium, Right.*) Sticking in hepatic region; sore pain; full sensation. Sep. 6.

Sore. Sticking in right hypochondrium after dinner; in hepatic and right inguinal regions; in a spot in hepatic region; sore pain on touch; pinching, sticking, tearing. Kali C. 6.

Sore. Perihepatitis, with sharp stitches in right hypochondrium; aggravation from any motion; better when lying on right side; liver seems swollen, sore to touch. Bry. Clin.

Sore. Enlargement of liver, which is sore, with jaundice. Calc. C. Clin.

Sore. Liver enlarged and often indurated; jaundiced hue of skin and conjunctiva; liver sore to touch; stools clay-colored. Merc. Clin.

Sore. Enlarged indurated liver which is sore; reflex symptoms from floating kidney. Zinc. Clin.

Sore. (*Rectum.*) Sore pain in rectum after stool. Staph. 2.

Sore pain in rectum during stool as if an ulcer had been torn apart, with discharge of mucus. Ant. Cr. 2.

Sore. Contractive sore pain in rectum from blind hæmorrhoids one or two hours after stool; stools large or soft but passed with difficulty. Ign. Clin.

Sore. (*Miscellaneous.*) Beating and bubbling in liver as in a sore finger; burning. Laur. 6.

Sore. Intestines sore as if pressed, so that he cannot sleep on right side. Merc. 5.

Soreness. (*Abdomen.*) Soreness of abdomen in morning when sneezing or on pressure. Apis 5.

Soreness of abdomen on touch. Æsc. 5.



**SORENESS.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****SPASMODIC.**

Soreness in abdomen as if menses would appear, with drawing; tension, heaviness during motion; emptiness after stool. Sep. 5.

Soreness. Gripping in abdomen with constriction, soreness, and dragging downward and outward. Bry. 5.

Soreness in abdomen as if beaten, or as after purgatives, on touch and on coughing. Ferr. 5.

Soreness in abdomen, especially in sides and down sides of umbilicus on touch, with pain. Aloe 7.

Soreness. Diffuse sub-acute gastro-enteritis of a low type; offensive gases passed upwards and downwards; general soreness, as if bruised. Arn. Clin.

**Soreness. (Anus.) Burning fullness, itching pressure and soreness in anus. Æsc. 3.**

Soreness. Stool hard, in shape of laurel berries; difficult; with cutting in anus as if too narrow; then a stream of blood, followed by soreness in anus along rectum. Alum. 1.

Soreness. Blind piles, with pressure and soreness in anus and rectum; painful when sitting and standing; less when walking; worse after taking fresh air. Ign. 3.

Soreness. Tenesmus, as if more stool would follow, which must be held back on account of soreness of anus, yet on account of this pain he does not dare to draw the anus together. Aloe 2.

Soreness. Oozing of sticky, odorless moisture from anus, with soreness and burning. Carbo An. 2.

Soreness. Stitches towards anus, with soreness and burning after stool. Carbo V. 3.

Soreness. Watery feces, frequent, with soreness in anus; bright yellow fluid; feces twice, then chilliness; three stools of yellow water. Grat. 1.

Soreness. Biting sore sensation in and around anus after stool, with itching and soreness. Kali C. 3.

Soreness. Discharge of moisture from anus, with sore feeling and itching around it; involuntary, of viscid slimy fluid, causing soreness; of thread-worms during stool. Sulf. 3.

Soreness. Moisture and itching in anus with soreness; moist between anus and nates when walking. Nit. Ac. 3.

Soreness. Congestion of anus after dinner; expulsion of ascarides; sticking, soreness, burning, itching. Sep. 3.

Soreness in anus after a slimy discharge, as if skin were cracked; with constriction. Thuja 3.

Soreness. Hemorrhoids with excessive burning, as from pepper; throbbing soreness with drawing pain in back. Caps. Clin.

Soreness. (*Hypochondrium, Right.*) Soreness, fullness, distress in right hypochondrium. Æsc. 6.

Soreness. Chronic engorgement of the liver; cirrhosis, soreness and stitches in the liver when walking; hepatic abscess. Hep. Clin.

Soreness over the region of the liver, with cutting pains and vomiting of bile. Iris V. Clin.

Soreness. Irritable liver; jaundice from vexation; from excessive study or mental work; congestion of liver with soreness and sharp, sticking pains; aggravation from lying on left side. Natr. S. Clin.

**Soreness. (Rectum.) Frequent cutting deep in rectum; pain sharp; pain as from blind piles; contraction and soreness. Ign. 2.**

Soreness. Fullness, itching, soreness and dryness of rectum. Æsc. 2.

Soreness. Itching soreness in rectum, with pustules by the side of it. Amm. Mur. 2.

Soreness. Constipation is the rule in cases requiring Alumina; the rectum is inactive; the stools are hard; often associated with soreness of the rectum and anus, which bleed readily. Alum. Clin.

**Soreness. (Miscellaneous.) Pain in hypochondria with soreness. Agar. 6.**

Soreness and pain around navel. Calc. Ph. 7.

Soreness of perineum with painful itching when touched; at night with moisture. Carbo V. 3.

Soreness. Colitis with soreness along transverse colon; aggravated by bending forward. Sulf. Clin.

Sour. (*Stool.*) Desire for stool in rectum in evening, with gripping in hypogastrium; then large, moist, at last thin, sour stool, after which he was relieved but felt weak. Dule. 2.

Sour. Diarrhœa; stools white, sour, undigested, are sometimes mucous, yellow or green and of a decayed odor. Hep. Clin.

Sour. Chronic diarrhœa, after the abuse of Mercury or Quinine; light yellow, fecal, papescent, sour stool, with undigested food. Hep. Clin.

Sour. Diarrhœa of undigested stools; sour odor, large in quantity. Calc. C. Clin.

Sour. Chronic debilitating diarrhœa, with almost constant oozing from anus; stools jelly-like, green or bloody, fetid or sour, expelled quickly, worse after taking boiled milk. Sep. Clin.

Sour. Diarrhœa with colicky pains around navel before or during stool; stools sour, liquid slimy, fecal mixed with green slime. Rheum Clin.

Sour. Diarrhœa; stool sour, green, bloody; one stool fetid, the other odorless; one containing fecal matter, the other blood; no two stools alike; caused by eating pork or fat food; from fruit; ice cream, tobacco, cold drinks. Puls. Clin.

Sour. Diarrhœa in the morning, driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery; brown; fecal; green; mucous; bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour; fetid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. Sulf. Clin.

Sour. (*Miscellaneous.*) Cholera infantum, with vomiting of sour food or curdled lumps. Calc. C. Clin.

Sour. Cholera infantum; stools whitish, curdy, turning green on the diaper on exposure to air; sour-smelling of whole body, especially during teething. Rheum Clin.

Sour. Cholera infantum; stools saffron-yellow, chopped, offensive, watery; child smells sour despite the most careful washing. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Sour. Diarrhœa, particularly after meals at night; painless early in the morning, in hot weather; from eating fruit, from drinking sour beer; after severe acute diseases, after loss of fluids. China Clin.

Sourish. Urging to a copious yellowish-brown, partly thin, sourish, offensive stool; then transient relief of colic; then two abundant stools in quick succession; first pappy, then fluid, with ulcerative pain in bowels. Coloc. 1.

**Sour-smelling. Diarrhœa; stools pasty, sour-smelling, then shivering, then urging, with constriction in intestines. Rheum 1.**

Sour-smelling. Tenesmus, then copious thin or paplike, sour-smelling stool with relief. Arn. 2.

Sour-smelling. Diarrhœa, alternating with rheumatism; stools sour-smelling when the weather suddenly changes from warm to cold; damp weather. Dule. Clin.

Sour-smelling. Stools, at first hard, then mushy, finally fluid, smelling like rotten eggs; involuntary, fermented, sour-smelling; diarrhœa, alternating with constipation. Calc. C. Clin.

Sour-smelling. Flatulent colic with constriction around stomach and navel; incarcerated flatus; passes sour-smelling or fetid flatus. Natr. C. Clin.

Sour-smelling. Diarrhœa, with cutting, pressing pains before and during stool; with drawing pain in rectum after stool, continuing for hours; stools green, slimy, with flakes of false membranes; undigested, putrid, fetid, sour-smelling. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Sour-smelling. Diarrhœa; stool like scum of a frog-pond, green, frothy; white masses like lumps of tallow floating on the green; sour-smelling, undigested, containing curds. Mag. C. Clin.

**Spasmodic. Stitches in rectum during and after stool, with spasmodic constriction in anus. Nit. Ac. 2.**

Spasmodic. Colic, with spasmodic closure of anus and difficult emission of flatus, with tension and grumbling. Op. 5.

**Spasmodic motions of muscles of abdomen; contracted and sore to touch. Cupr. 5.**

Spasmodic retraction in umbilical region, with nausea. Chel. 7.

Spasmodic tension in rectum all day. Ign. 2.

Spasmodic. Painful spasmodic protrusion of rectum. Ars. A. 2.

Spasmodic closure of anus. Op. 3.

Spasmodic. Tensive spasmodic pain in inguinal regions, extending from upper and outer part, downward and inward. Chel. 7.



## SPASMODIC.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## SPOT.

- Spasmodic pain in anus, before and after stool. Lach. 3.
- Spasmodic. Rumbling in abdomen in morning, with gurgling, also in bed with spasmodic and griping flatulent colic, and heat in palms and soles. Nux V. 5.
- Spasmodic. Lead colic; cutting in abdomen as from knives; constricting spasmodic pains; pinching, griping sensation as if the bowels were squeezed between stones; the patient doubles up or seeks relief by pressing the belly against the bed post, or any hard object, or by lying on belly. Coloc. Clin.
- Spasmodic. Bleeding piles; spasmodic constriction of sphincter ani, with great forcing and great sensitiveness. Bell. Clin.
- Spasmodic. Constipation; large, hard, difficult stools; frequent urging without effect; sensation as if much remained after stool, then action of the bowels irregular and spasmodic. Nux V. Clin.
- Spasmodically. Tensive pain in morning in getting out of bed, especially in region of os pubis, with feeling as if hypogastrium were spasmodically constricted; sometimes as if distended; pains generally increasing and decreasing. Bell. 7.
- Spasms of sphincter ani, with chilliness running up back; then urging to stool; then insufficient stool. Colch. 3.
- Spasms. Periodical abdominal spasms in sensitive and hysterical women. Ign. Clin.
- Specks. Chronic dysentery; slime mixed with greenish substances and containing bloody specks. Con. Clin.
- Spells. Diarrhœa of green mucus, with suffocative spells about the heart. Laur. Clin.
- Spermatic. Drawing, tensive pains in upper abdomen, extending through spermatic cord into testicles, which hang low down. Puls. 5.
- Spermatic. Drawing burning in hypogastrium, extending from right ring, as if in spermatic cord, into right testicle. Staph. 7.
- Spermatic. Pain in hypogastrium in ring when coughing, extending into testicles, as if spermatic cords would be torn to pieces. Natr. M. 7.
- Sphincter. Spasms of sphincter ani, with chilliness running up back, then urging to stool, then insufficient stool. Colch. 3.
- Sphincter. Paralysis of the sphincter ani; the anus is always open. Phos. Clin.
- Sphincter. Involuntary stools in bed from paralysis of sphincter ani. Laur. Clin.
- Sphincter. Constipation; torpor of bowels, feces hard, scanty, passed with difficulty; from constriction of sphincter ani, and feeling as if much remained behind. Lyc. Clin.
- Sphincter ani. Weakness of sphincter ani, so that cleanliness was difficult. Aloe 3.
- Sphincter. Weakness of the sphincter; piles come down from any exertion, as walking or standing; she supports the anus by pressure with her hand to prevent protrusion of the parts. Sep. Clin.
- Sphincter ani. Diarrhœa, driving out of bed very early in the morning; want of confidence in sphincter ani; worse immediately after eating; aggravated in mornings in hot, damp weather. Aloe Clin.
- Sphincter ani. Bleeding piles; spasmodic constriction of sphincter ani, with great forcing and great sensitiveness. Bell. Clin.
- Sphincters. Constipation; stools enormously large and painful, leaving the sphincters nearly paralyzed and slow to close, with a feeling of inability to draw up the partially prolapsed anus, especially in those who have abused alcohol or narcotics. Lach. Clin.
- Spinach. Diarrhœa of green mucus, like chopped spinach, usually with great flatulence. Arg. N. Clin.
- Spinach. Green slimy stools; mucous; chopped white and yellow mucus; often of a changeable color; often undigested; often like chopped eggs and spinach; foul odor, especially in children during teething, or after taking cold. Cham. Clin.
- Spine. Umbilicus seems to adhere to spine. Plumb. 7.
- Spine. Aching in liver, extending to spine; worse in region of gall-bladder, with rumbling in abdomen and aching in umbilical region. Lept. 6.
- Spine. Sticking in umbilical region, in a spot, obliging him to bend up; worse from lifting, extending towards loins and spine. Coloc. 7.
- Spine. Aching, burning in gall-bladder, chilliness along spine, with urging to stool; better after a profuse black stool. Lept. 6.
- Spine. Distress in umbilicus, with burning in back part of liver and in spine. Sept. 7.
- Spine. Sticking deep in one or other ilium, an inch or an inch and a half from the spine, extending obliquely inwards towards small of back. Berb. 7.
- Spine. Tension in region of left anterior, superior spine of ilium in evening, changing into drawing, extending to spine of ilium, to inguinal region and upper third of inner surface of thigh. Coloc. 7.
- Spine. Pain in region of gall-bladder, extending to spine, with chilliness and diarrhœa. Lept. Clin.
- Spine. Colic; intense paroxysms of a shooting character; abdomen hard as a stone and drawn into the spine as if by a string; knots in recti muscles. Plumb. Clin.
- Spirit-drinkers. Obstinate constipation following diarrhœa in old spirit-drinkers who are full of nervous symptoms, as loss of appetite, insomnia, scirrhotic liver. Agar. Clin.
- Spirits. Chronic congestion of the liver with depression of spirits; stitching and burning in right hypochondrium. Amm. Mur. Clin.
- Spleen. (*Enlargement.*) Enlargement of spleen, with pain. Phos. 6.
- Spleen. Enlarged spleen. Ars. A. Clin.
- Spleen. Enlarged spleen, which is painful; the pains are acute and sticking. China Clin.
- Spleen. Enlargement of the spleen, with salivation. Iod. Clin.
- Spleen. Atrophic nutmeg liver, which is swollen; enlargement of liver and spleen after intermittent fever. Nux Mos. Clin.
- Spleen. General tympanitis with enlarged spleen. Phos. Ac. Clin.
- Spleen. Enlarged spleen which is painful on coughing. Sulf. Ac. Clin.
- Spleen. (*Pain.*) Pain through hypochondria and in right scapula, in region of liver and spleen. Chel. 6.
- Spleen. Pain to side of umbilicus, corresponding to a place in front of kidneys and rather to side, mostly sticking; often extending to lumbar region, or to groins, liver, spleen or stomach. Berb. 7.
- Spleen. Intermittent pain in region of spleen and pit of stomach. Ign. 6.
- Spleen. Pain in region of spleen. Mezer. 6.
- Spleen. Sticking in right hypochondrium in forenoon; then griping in hypogastrium, with sticking in region of spleen. Natr. C. 6.
- Spleen. Sticking in region of spleen. Psor. 6.
- Spleen. Intermittent pinching sticking in region of spleen. Zinc. 6.
- Spleen. Chronic hepatitis; stinging sharp pains in liver and in spleen. Psor. Clin.
- Spleen. (*Miscellaneous.*) Spleen hypertrophied. Ars. A. 6.
- Splinter-like. Constipation; desire for stool, but little passes; feels as if it stayed in the rectum and could not be expelled; ineffectual urging, with sharp, splinter-like, cutting pains. Nit. Ac. Clin.
- Split. Piles, with pain on sitting down or taking a wide step, as if split with a knife; with violent pinching and very sore to touch. Graph. Clin.
- Spot. Pain in a spot in abdomen, as if seized with nails; a griping, clutching, clawing. Bell. 5.
- Spot. Sticking in umbilical region; in a spot obliging him to bend up, worse from lifting, extending towards loins and spine. Coloc. 7.
- Spot. Sticking in right hypochondrium after dinner; in hepatic and right inguinal regions; in a spot in hepatic region; sore pain on touch, pinching, sticking, tearing. Kali C. 6.
- Spot. Sharp pressure on a spot in middle of upper abdomen. Lyc. 6.
- Spot. Cutting in a spot in left hypochondrium in morning. Mag. M. 6.
- Spot. Sticking griping pain in umbilical region, as from an internal induration in a spot beneath navel. Zinc. 7.



## SPOT.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## STICKING.

**Spot.** Pain in right hypochondrium, especially when limited to a small spot; dull pain or stitches in liver; clay-colored stool. Kali B. Clin.

**Spotted.** Stools spotted with blood. Natr. C. 1.

**Spray.** Acid, smarting, burning sensation at the anus and up the rectum after stool, as if a hot spray were projected over the parts. Lil. Tig. Clin.

**Spring.** Periodical return of dysentery in spring, or early part of summer; stools blackish, watery, bloody, jelly-like; stringy discharges, with tenesmus during and after stool. Kali B. Clin.

**Spring.** Diarrhoea in spring, when warm weather sets in; stools very offensive, undigested, watery chocolate-colored, consisting of decomposed blood, looking like charred straw. Lach. Clin.

**Spurting.** Stool watery, spurting from him. Jatr. 1.

**Spurting.** Urging in rectum, so that he could scarcely reach the closet, then thin, forcible, spurting stool. Natr. C. 2.

**Sputtering.** Small yellowish shining stool at 9 a. m., with sputtering flatus; with dread lest feces and urine escape together; while he would force out yet he held back. Aloe 1.

**Step.** Colic in hypogastrium as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. Nux V. 7.

**Step.** Cutting in hypogastrium, with incarceration of flatus; pain at every step. Sil. 7.

**Step.** Pressure in hypochondrium on every step. Calc. C. 6.

**Step.** Pain in abdomen as if everything were sore; on every step as from incarcerated flatus; flatulent after stool as if intestines here and there were pressed by stones. Nux V. 5.

**Step.** Piles, with pain on sitting down or taking a wide step, as if split with a knife; with violent pinching and very sore to touch. Graph. Clin.

**Stepping.** Internal feeling in groins as if stuffed; aggravation from stepping forward, when it seemed that the thickness pushed forward and everything would fall out. Coc. 7.

**Stewed.** Diarrhoea from suddenly checked perspiration in hot weather; from cold drinks, vegetables, stewed fruits; drinking milk. Bry. Clin.

**Stick.** Obstinate constipation, with feeling of a load in rectum which cannot be evacuated; stools seem to stick to the anus like putty. Plat. Clin.

**Sticking.** (Abdomen.) Incarcerated flatus, with tension, sticking, drawing, tearing in whole abdomen. Coloc. 5.

**Sticking** in abdomen as from flatulence, extending into chest. Cham. 5.

**Sticking.** Cutting in abdomen rather than sticking, with salivation, before menses; with drawing in thighs. Cham. 5.

**Sticking,** pressive pain in the region of the abdominal ring, as if a hernia would press out there, with tension as far as the side of the abdomen. Alum. 5.

**Sticking.** (Anus.) Coarse sticking in anus, extending deep into rectum. Ign. 3.

**Sticking** in rectum, taking away the breath; worse in evening. Sulf. 2.

**Sticking.** Stool hard with urging and sticking in anus; lumpy, with threads of mucus, dark, half undigested, of intolerable odor. Graph. 1.

**Sticking.** Burning in anus after stool; sore in morning as if points were sticking in it. Iris V. 3.

**Sticking** cutting in anus after stool. Aloe 3.

**Sticking.** Discharge of blood from anus daily; with sticking and burning in small of back and in anus. Coloc. 3.

**Sticking** in anus when not at stool. Con. 3.

**Sticking.** Intermittent sticking in left side of anus. Crocus 3.

**Sticking** in anus during the day. Sul. 3.

**Sticking.** Congestion of anus after dinner, expulsion of ascarides; sticking, soreness, burning, itching. Sep. 3.

**Sticking** in anus at 1 p. m., when sitting, extending into region of left iliac bone. Thuja 3.

**Sticking.** (Hæmorrhoids.) Hæmorrhoids moist even after a natural stool; increased congestion of hæmorrhoidal vessel, with sticking, with burning pain on walking and on touch. Sulf. 3.

**Sticking.** Constipation as from constriction of intestines; as from inactivity of rectum; stool hard then sticking as from hæmorrhoids. Nux V. 1.

**Sticking.** Hæmorrhoids swollen, protruding, burning, sticking; protruding during soft stool; painful on touch; painful when sitting. Lyc. 3.

**Sticking.** Hæmorrhoids; itching with burning and sticking. Sulf. Ac. 3.

**Sticking.** Painful protruding piles, with itching and sticking. Puls. Clin.

**Sticking.** Hæmorrhoids, aggravated by cold water; amelioration from warmth, with prolapsus of rectum, accompanied by sticking and biting. Mur. Ac. Clin.

**Sticking.** (Hypochondrium, Right.) Burning and tensive sticking in right hypochondrium; worse from pressure; sharp drawing in hepatic region. Mag. M. 6.

**Sticking** pain in hepatic region, with burning when sitting bent over; on touch; bile increased. Sulf. 6.

**Sticking** cutting pain in hepatic region. Coloc. 6.

**Sticking** in hepatic region; intermittent tearing. Con. 6.

**Sticking** in hepatic region. Merc. C. 6.

**Sticking** in hepatic region. Hep. 6.

**Sticking** in liver; in right hypochondrium, with burning and pain on touch, then burning extending backward. Laur. 6.

**Sticking.** Chronic atrophy of liver, with emaciation and desiccation of body; sticking in region of liver so that he could not breathe nor eructate. Merc. 6.

**Sticking** in hepatic region, with constriction. Nux V. 6.

**Sticking** in right hypochondrium in forenoon; then griping in hypogastrium, with sticking in region of spleen. Natr. C. 6.

**Sticking** in hepatic region; aggravation from motion, with tension. Nit. Ac. 6.

**Sticking** in hepatic region; sore pain; full sensation. Sep. 6.

**Sticking** in hepatic region; sometimes also in hip, with burning or biting externally. Zinc. 6.

**Sticking** in right hypochondrium after dinner; in hepatic and right inguinal regions; in a spot in hepatic region; sore pain on touch; pinching; sticking; tearing. Kali C. 6.

**Sticking.** Irritable liver; jaundice from vexation; from excessive study or mental work; congestion of liver, with soreness and sharp sticking pains; aggravation from lying on left side. Natr. S. Clin.

**Sticking.** (Rectum.) Constriction in rectum during stool, with discharge of bright blood; after stool, with sensation as if some could not be evacuated; after eating, with tearing sticking. Nux V. 2.

**Sticking.** Blind hæmorrhoids, with burning and sticking in rectum. Nux V. 3.

**Sticking.** Cramp in rectum all the forenoon; a griping and sticking, with anxiety so that she must walk about. Calc. C. 2.

**Sticking** in rectum waking her at 4 a. m.; sticking again next morning after waking. Mag. C. 2.

**Sticking.** Itching in rectum and in genitals, with sticking. Caust. 2.

**Sticking.** Scraping, sticking, cutting in rectum and anus during stool, with dragging. Nit. Ac. 2.

**Sticking** in rectum with smarting during a stool that was not hard. Phos. 2.

**Sticking** in rectum as from incarcerated flatus. Puls. 2.

**Sticking.** Jerking, almost sticking pain in rectum, with burning, stinging, itching, during stool. Sil. 2.

**Sticking.** (Spleen.) Enlarged spleen, which is painful; the pains are acute and sticking. China Clin.

**Sticking** in region of spleen. Psor. 6.

**Sticking.** Intermittent pinching sticking in region of spleen. Zinc. 6.

**Sticking.** (Umbilicus.) Pain to side of umbilicus corresponding to a place in front of kidneys and rather to side, mostly sticking, often extending to lumbar region or to groins, liver, spleen or stomach. Berb. 7.

**Sticking** griping pain in umbilical region as from an internal induration in a spot beneath navel. Zinc. 7.

**Sticking** in left side of abdomen, below umbilicus, on walking rapidly and afterwards. China 7.

**Sticking** in umbilical region in a spot, obliging him to bend up; worse from lifting; extending towards loins and spine. Coloc. 7.

**Sticking** in region of umbilicus. Dulc. 7.

**Sticking** above and to left of umbilicus. Ign. 7.



## STICKING.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## STOMACH.

Sticking in umbilical region during inspiration. Hyos. 7.

**Sticking.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Sticking now in right, now in left groin, apparently connected with ovaries. Coloc. 7.

Sticking deep in one or other ilium, an inch or an inch and a half from the spine, extending obliquely inwards towards small of back. Berb. 7.

Sticking. Twitching in left side of abdomen, between navel and left side of flank, as if in muscles of wall; then sticking deep in left side of back. Bry. 5.

Sticking in groin; feeling after sitting down as if a large, heavy body were lying there; better after pressure; by passage of flatus. Carbo An. 7.

Sticking. Cutting in hypogastrium as if everything would be torn to pieces; deep down, then higher up; sticking. Kali C. 7.

Sticking in hypochondria on deep breathing. Sulf. 6.

Sticking. Swelling of inguinal glands, with sticking and cutting. Thuja 7.

**Sticks.** Dryness in rectum with heat; feels as if it were filled with small sticks. Esc. 2.

Sticky. Oozing of sticky, odorless moisture from anus, with soreness and burning. Carbo An. 2.

Sticky, odorless moisture behind scrotum. Carbo An. 3.

Sting. Small protruding varices which sting, burn and smart intolerably. Apis Clin.

**Stinging cutting in rectum.** Sil. 2.

Stinging tearing in perineum. Amm. Mur. 3.

Stinging. Burning, biting, stinging in anus, with diarrhoea-like stool. Caps. 3.

Stinging. Jerking, almost sticking pain in rectum, with burning, stinging, itching, during stool. Sil. 2.

Stinging. Piles after confinement, with sharp, stinging pain. Apis Clin.

Stinging. Hæmorrhoids, accompanied with obstinate constipation, swollen, itching, stinging, burning, and painful when touched. Caust. Clin.

Stinging. Chronic hepatitis; stinging sharp pains in liver and in spleen. Psor. Clin.

Stinging. Hæmorrhoids painful, stinging, with protrusion of rectum, smarting and burning; oozing of glutinous moisture. Natr. M. Clin.

Stitches. (*Abdomen.*) Stitches; griping in abdomen, with swelling. Acon. 5.

Stitches in abdomen, extending into the vagina; tearing; cutting. Ars. A. 5.

Stitches like electric sparks through left side of abdomen, especially during a sudden transition from rest to motion. Arg. N. 5.

Stitches in sides of abdomen during cough. Arn. 5.

Stitches in abdomen, with griping, tearing, drawing, extending to chest. Nux V. 5.

Stitches. (*Anus.*) Stitches in anus, with tearing, cutting and burning. Kali C. 3.

Stitches towards anus, with soreness and burning after stool. Carbo V. 3.

Stitches. Inflammation of hæmorrhoids; stitches; sore pain during cough; pain when walking. Kali C. 3.

Stitches. Bleeding piles, with heat and sharp stitches; blood bright. Acon. Clin.

Stitches. Piles protruding and strangulated, or with stitches upward at each cough or sneeze. Lach. Clin.

Stitches. (*Hypochondrium, Right.*) Stitches in hepatic region hindering deep breathing. Acon. 6.

Stitches in right hypochondrium. Esc. 6.

Stitches in liver under left short ribs. Agar. 6.

Stitches in region of gall-bladder; aggravation from pressure. Berb. 6.

Stitches in left hepatic region, near border of false ribs, about three inches from linea alba; aggravation from pressure, extending into region of stomach. Berb. 6.

Stitches in right hypochondrium during and after stooping. Cal. C. 6.

Stitches in hepatic region in afternoon. Caust. 6.

Stitches in hypochondria when walking in open air; also with tension in right hypochondrium as if hepatic region would burst open at 4 p. m.; on deep breathing while sitting. Natr. S. 6.

Stitches. Pain in hepatic region increased on pressure; stitches in right hypochondrium, extending to gastric region. Ars. A. Clin.

Stitches. Pressure and stitches in hepatic region; colic from gall-stones. Berb. Clin.

Stitches. Perihepatitis with sharp stitches in right hypochondrium; aggravation from any motion, better when lying on right side; liver seems swollen, sore to touch. Bry. Clin.

Stitches. Chronic engorgement of the liver; cirrhosis, soreness and stitches in the liver when walking; hepatic abscess. Hep. Clin.

Stitches. Pain in right hypochondrium, especially when limited to a small spot; dull pain or stitches in liver; clay-colored stool. Kali B. Clin.

Stitches. Swelling and hardness of the liver; stitches. Sulf. Clin.

**Stitches. (Rectum.) Stitches in rectum during and after stool, with spasmodic constriction in anus.** Nit. Ac. 2.

Stitches in rectum during stool. Carbo V. 2.

Stitches. Single cutting stitches in rectum. Graph. 3.

Stitches in rectum. Mezer. 2.

Stitches in rectum in direction of a line from anus to small of back. Thuja 2.

Stitches. Tearing stitches in rectum when sitting. Ruta 2.

**Stitches. (Miscellaneous.) Stitches in umbilical region.** Agar. 7.

Stitches under left false ribs when standing, intercepting breathing. Arn. 6.

Stitches at origin of Ponpart's ligament at left ilium, extending down, then shooting outward into left side of female urethra. Berb. 7.

Stitches below last ribs; below right ribs. Arn. 6.

Stitches. Intermittent pain, with flatulence in hypochondria and stitches through chest. Cham. 6.

Stitches in region of left short ribs. Mezer. 6.

**Stitching, griping, drawing pain in hypogastrium.** Agar. 7.

Stitching. Sore feeling in anus, worse outside, with stitching, burning and throbbing. Calc. Ph. 3.

Stitching. Hæmorrhoids swollen and protrude with a hard stool; protrude during diarrhoea, with stitching and burning for many hours. Kali C. 3.

Stitching. Hæmorrhoids bluish, swollen, inflamed, protruding, bleeding from least touch, with stitching burning pains; from cold; from ice cream and ice water in hot weather. Ars. A. Clin.

Stitching. Chronic congestion of the liver, with depression of spirits; stitching and burning in right hypochondrium. Am. Mur. Clin.

Stitching. Hepatic region very sensitive and painful to touch; right lobe of liver painful; stitching burning pains; clothing unendurable. Carbo V. Clin.

Stitching. Swelling and abscess in liver, with stitching pains in right side, commencing in back and going through and up into the chest. Kali C. Clin.

Stitching. Irregular piles, with stitching burning or itching of the anus. Nux V. Clin.

**Stomach. (Distention.) Distention and sensitiveness of abdomen, so that she must wear the clothes about the stomach very loose; even in bed she must pull up the night dress; she dare not lay the arm across the abdomen.** Lach. 5.

Stomach. Distention of hypochondria; worse in sides, pit of stomach and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. Ign. 6.

Stomach. Distention of abdomen, beginning at stomach; abdomen hard as if filled with air; without pain; she can not bear pressure on stomach; worse in hypogastrium. Ratan. 5.

Stomach. Ascarides in chronic diarrhoea, with great appetite and distention of stomach. Calc. C. Clin.

**Stomach. (Pain.) Distress in umbilical region and in hypogastric regions, with intermittent cutting in stomach and small intestines.** Diosc. 7.

Stomach. Griping tensive pain in umbilical region, extending towards stomach in afternoon and evening; relieved by emission of flatus. Sulf. 7.

Stomach. Drawing griping in abdomen, with pressure in rectum, nausea, weakness in pit of stomach and pallor of face; throbbing. Ign. 5.

Stomach. Pain to side of umbilicus, corresponding to a place in front of kidneys and rather to side, mostly sticking; often extending to lumbar region or to groins, liver, spleen or stomach. Berb. 7.



## STOMACH.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## STOOL.

Stomach. Stitches in left hepatic region, near border of false ribs, about three inches from linea alba; aggravation from pressure, extending into region of stomach. *Berb.* 6.

Stomach. Pinching or cramp-like pressure transversely across abdomen, in region of pit of stomach after eating. *Cina.* 5.

Stomach. Pain in abdomen, with frequent cutting in stomach and small intestines, with emission of much flatus. *Diosc.* 5.

Stomach. Paroxysmal clawing in umbilical region, from side of abdomen towards middle and sometimes to pit of stomach, causing nausea, with anxious heat of cheeks. *Hep.* 7.

Stomach. Intermittent pain in region of spleen and pit of stomach. *Ign.* 6.

Stomach. Pinching in hypochondria and region of pit of stomach. *Ipec.* 6.

Stomach. Cholera or choleraic stools not copious, with desire for warm food and drinks and horrible cramps in stomach and abdomen. *Cupr. Clin.*

Stomach. Flatulent colic with constriction around stomach and navel; incarcerated flatus; passes sour-smelling or fetid flatus. *Natr. C. Clin.*

Stomach. (*Miscellaneous.*) Tension in abdomen especially in epigastric region between pit of stomach and navel; aggravation from motion, with tension in lower part of back. *Caps.* 5.

Stomach. Pain in abdomen between pit of stomach and umbilicus. *Iod.* 5.

Stomach. Tearing in hepatic region as if stones would cut their way out, with diarrhoea, always preceded by an agreeable sensation in the stomach. *Nux Mos.* 6.

Stomach. Pain in right hypochondrium, contractive, worse in morning; then constriction in stomach, extending to chest; amelioration from eructations. *Sep.* 6.

Stomach. Diarrhoea of malarial origin or after chilling the stomach with cold substances; stools generally dark, scanty, watery, or mucus, sometimes bloody. *Ars. A. Clin.*

Stomach. Diarrhoea from chilling the stomach with ice water; from rancid fat; stools putrid, cadaverous-smelling. *Carbo V. Clin.*

Stomach. Typhlitis; extreme distention of abdomen, with icy coldness in stomach. *Colch. Clin.*

Stomach. Atony of the stomach and abdomen, feeling as if they hung down relaxed. *Staph. Clin.*

Stone. Constriction in hypogastrium, as from a stone, extending to bladder. *Puls.* 7.

Stone. Heaviness in abdomen like a stone just before menses; during menses; and in sacrum, with inclination of lower limbs to fall asleep when sitting. *Puls.* 5.

Stone. Colic; intense paroxysms of a shooting character; abdomen hard as a stone and drawn into the spine as if by a string; knots in recti muscles. *Plumb. Clin.*

Stone. Pain below umbilicus as from a stone, taking away the breath, after dinner. *Nux V.* 7.

Stones. Pinching in abdomen as if bowels were pressed inwards; amelioration from pressure and bending inward with cutting, extending towards pubic region; so severe below navel that facial muscles were distorted and eyes drawn together as if squeezed between stones. *Coloc.* 5.

Stones. Sensation in abdomen as if full of stones after long sitting at work, though it does not feel hard. *Ant. T.* 5.

Stones. Constipation; stool hard, only occurring once in two or three days; hard as if he were passing stones. *Coloc.* 1.

Stones. Pain in abdomen as if everything were sore; on every step as from incarcerated flatus; flatulent after stool, as if intestines here and there were pressed by stones. *Nux V.* 5.

Stones. Tearing in hepatic region as if stones would cut their way out; with diarrhoea, always preceded by an agreeable sensation in the stomach. *Nux Mos.* 6.

Stones. Diarrhoea, brought on by riding in cars or carriage; aggravation from drinking cold water; with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool. *Cocc. Clin.*

Stones. Lead colic; cutting in abdomen as from knives; constricting, spasmodic pains; pinching, griping sensation as if the bowels were squeezed between stones; the patient doubles up or seeks relief by pressing the belly against the bed post or any hard object or by lying on belly. *Coloc. Clin.*

Stony. Ineffectual urging; frequent thin stool in single, stony pieces. *Coloc.* 2.

Stony. Constipation produced by cheese, better from smoking; frequent urging to stool without any evacuation, which appears an hour later in single pieces of stony hardness. *Coloc. Clin.*

Stool. (*Black.*) Violent stool; watery, black fluid, burning in anus; after uneasiness and pain in the abdomen. *Ars. A.* 1.

Stool profuse, black, fetid, running out in a stream; at first hard, black and lumpy; then mushy. *Lept.* 1.

Stool. Colic, with cutting twisting about navel and passage of tough mucus like diarrhoea, at times mixed with black blood; after every stool thirst, and after every drink shivering. *Caps.* 7.

Stool blackish, involuntary. *Camph.* 1.

Stool. Aching burning in gall-bladder; chilliness along spine, with urging to stool; better after a profuse, black stool. *Lept.* 6.

Stool. Rumbling in hypogastric region in morning, with distress and a soft, profuse, black, fetid stool; then pain in abdomen. *Lept.* 7.

Stool. Hard, insufficient, difficult stool, with fullness, heat and itching at anus; like sheep's-dung; hard and black, as if burnt. *Sulf. Clin.*

Stool bloody, with tenesmus and painful; dysenteric; much black, offensive blood; pseudo membrane; painful and frequent, with fever and headache. *Nit. Ac. Clin.*

Stool. (*Bloody.*) Constriction in rectum during stool, with discharge of bright blood; after stool, with sensation as if some could not be evacuated; after eating, with tearing sticking. *Nux V.* 2.

Stool of blood and mucus, with pain and tenesmus, frequent day and night; with cutting in abdomen and almost ineffectual tenesmus. *Merc. C.* 1.

Stool involuntary on least motion; mucus mixed with blood and slime; involuntary the moment it entered rectum. *Phos.* 1.

Stool. Bleeding of anus during stool. *Carbo V.* 3.

Stool. Hæmorrhage from anus of pure blood during stool. *Phos.* 3.

Stool. Bloody and painful stool; scanty, round and burning in anus. *Kali B.* 1.

Stool. Diarrhoea; stool profuse, mucous, of much bloody mucus; violent; involuntary; frequent; with weakness. *Petr.* 1.

Stool of blood, mucus and what looked like scrapings of inner surface of intestines. *Phytol.* 1.

Stool. Discharge of blood from rectum during stool; during soft stool. *Lyc.* 2.

Stool. Discharge of blood from anus during stool. *Natr. C.* 3.

Stool soft, scanty and delayed, with passage of blood during stool. *Carbo An.* 1.

Stool. Discharge of bright red blood from anus with stool. *Nit. Ac.* 3.

Stool. Bloody stool. *Ipec.* 1.

Stool. Diarrhoea; stool partly liquid, partly solid; offensive, with much thin mucus and streaks of blood. *Sulf. Ac.* 1.

Stool. Hard stool, and covered with streaks of blood; knotty, enveloped in thick mucus; then a soft one enveloped in mucus. *Mag. M.* 1.

Stool of bloody mucus, with cutting in abdomen and tenesmus. *Merc.* 1.

Stool preceded by cold pain low down in pelvis; feces mixed with mucus and dark, clotted blood, followed by tenesmus. *Merc. C.* 1.

Stool. Dysentery; almost constant cutting pains in abdomen, with ineffectual pressing, straining and tenesmus; discharge of bloody slime day and night; severe pains in rectum continue after stool. *Merc. C. Clin.*

Stool. Dysentery; burning in anus during stool and long-lasting, severe tenesmus afterwards; fruitless efforts to stool, which is bloody, watery and offensive. *Plumb. Clin.*



## STOOL.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## STOOL.

- Stool. Dysenteric diarrhœa consisting of bloody mucus, followed by much pressing; weak and dizzy after stool. Petr. Clin.
- Stool. Dysentery bloody and mucous, with great straining and burning in anus, temporarily ceasing after stool and by warmth of bed; aggravation after eating and drinking. Coloc. Clin.
- Stool. Dysentery; bloody stool with deathly nausea from smelling cooking; watery stool, jelly-like mucus with scrapings from intestines. Colch. Clin.
- Stool. Dysentery; stool small, slimy, bloody, with urging; tenesmus ceasing after stool; stools like pitch and blood. Nux V. Clin.
- Stool. (*Brown.*) Diarrhœa at night with cutting in intestines; stool like brown yeast. Arn. 1.
- Stool. Diarrhœa; stool fluid, dark brown, foul smelling, preceded by colic; green bilious diarrhœa, mixed with mucus. Psor. 1.
- Stool of brown frothy water, with tenesmus, pain in abdomen and nausea, then sudden complete rest. Kali B. 1.
- Stool pasty, light brown after urging; then rumbling and gurgling in left side of abdomen; after an hour a second soft stool, mucous, urgent, grayish-green and dirty brown, forcible. Crot. Tig. 1.
- Stool profuse, thick, papescent, brown, offensive, relieving symptoms of abdomen. Asaf. 1.
- Stool brown, liquid, fetid, copious. Arg. N. 1.
- Stool soft, brownish easy, floating on water. Merc. 1.
- Stool. Brownish, small, slimy, half-fluid stool. Aloe 1.
- Stool. Chronic diarrhœa with a psoric anamnesis; stool brown, fecal, fermented, offensive. Mezer. Clin.
- Stool. Diarrhœa; stools dark-brown, semi-liquid, bilious, offensive; aggravation in morning and forenoon, with tenesmus of bladder and rectum during stool, preceded by constant dragging and bearing-down. Lil. Tig. Clin.
- Stool. (*Constipation.*) Constriction of anus during stool, with tension and burning after dry stool. Sil. 3.
- Stool. Constipation; stool hard, with burning in anus, lumpy, scanty, offensive, difficult, light-colored. Sil. 1.
- Stool hard, with urging and sticking in anus; lumpy, with threads of mucus; dark, half-digested, of intolerable odor. Graph. 1.
- Stool remains long in rectum, as if there were no power to expel it. Sil. 2.
- Stool scanty, difficult. Alum. 1.
- Stool. Constipation; stool at times scanty, unsatisfactory. Sulf. 1.
- Stool. Constipation on account of hardness and large size of stool; copious, frequent, with shivering. Ver. Alb. 1.
- Stool. Constipation; stool that has protruded slips back again after urging and straining, till abdominal walls are sore. Sil. 1.
- Stool. Contracted sensation in rectum during stool; stool difficult, hard, causing tearing in anus so that it bleeds and pains as if sore. Natr. M. 2.
- Stool hard, like sheep-dung, and difficult; nodular, with pain in rectum; crumbly, as if burnt. Mag. M. 1.
- Stool very hard. Agar. 1.
- Stool. Pressure and sense of excoriation in rectum after a small, hard stool. Alum. 2.
- Stool. Constipation; stool blackish, scanty, like sheep-dung; painful; only once in eight or ten days; or green, in balls, often hard. Plumb. 1.
- Stool. Constipation; stool hard and dark brown, in small pieces, with loss of appetite; stool gray and crumbly and unsatisfactory. Op. 1.
- Stool. Constipation; stool small, dark and difficult, apparently from inactivity of rectum. Phos. 1.
- Stool. Urging in rectum, with scanty stool; passed in pieces after pressure, with painful weakness, and tight sensation in the abdominal muscles. Plat. 2.
- Stool. Hard, crumbling, scanty stool, covered with mucus. Am. Mur. 1.
- Stool. Constipation; stool hard and crumbly and unsatisfactory; difficult; with pain as if rectum would burst; then bleeding of hæmorrhoidal vessels and pain in rectum, with frequent micturition. Natr. M. 1.
- Stool. Constipation as from constriction of intestines; as from inactivity of rectum; stool hard, then sticking as from hæmorrhoids. Nux V. 1.
- Stool. Constipation; stool small, hard, often crumbling, with pressure and clawing in anus; unsatisfactory. Zinc. 1.
- Stool. Obstinate constipation; stool dry and difficult, with confusion of head. Bry. 1.
- Stool soft but difficult; indolent; also with sensation as if a part remained. Nux Mos. 1.
- Stool hard, in shape of laurel berries; difficult, with cutting in anus as if too narrow; then a stream of blood, followed by soreness in anus along rectum. Alum. 1.
- Stool. Constipation; stool hard and difficult; mixed with mucus and knotty; whitish; scanty, brownish, difficult but not hard. Sep. 1.
- Stool. Constipation; stool hard, green, slimy, acrid, excoriating anus, whitish-gray. Merc. 1.
- Stool. Constipation; stool of brown feces containing white, shining grains. Mezer. 1.
- Stool hard and difficult, brown and knotty. Card. M. 1.
- Stool. Inactivity of rectum and inability to evacuate feces; constant, ineffectual desire after stool. Nit. Ac. 2.
- Stool. Constipation during menstruation; stool like sheep-dung; painful and difficult; insufficient; after much pressure. Kali C. 1.
- Stool. Distention of abdomen, with frequent urging to stool, though more than ever constipated; tympanitic. Arn. 5.
- Stool. Urging in rectum; stool not hard, but difficult, on account of inactivity of rectum. Graph. 2.
- Stool. Constriction of anus, with itching burning all day; worse after urinating; with hard stool. Nit. Ac. 3.
- Stool. Throbbing pain in rectum all day; after stool; also burning pain during the hard stool, and in anus. Sulf. 2.
- Stool. Constipation; stool large in size, with great effort of abdominal muscles. Zinc. 1.
- Stool. Constipation; stool every second day. Mag. C. 1.
- Stool unsatisfactory, after much straining, which caused rush of blood to head and confusion of head. Bry. 1.
- Stool. Ineffectual attempts at stool. Æsc. 3.
- Stool. Large and hard stool, voided with great difficulty, followed by severe pains in anus, with feeling as if a portion of the anus was protruded; with severe backache in lumbar region. Æsc. 1.
- Stool. Hard stool. Lye. 1.
- Stool. Constipation; hard, insufficient stool, with urging and protrusion of rectum. Gamb. 1.
- Stool. Constipation; stool hard and difficult, only every two, three or four days. Sulf. 1.
- Stool. Constipation; stool hard and difficult. Ant. Cr. 1.
- Stool indurated, as if burnt, preceded and followed by pressure; constipation. Plat. 1.
- Stool. Ineffectual urging; frequent, then stool in single stony pieces. Coloc. 2.
- Stool. Frequent tenesmus for many days without being able to pass anything; great, urgent desire for stool; but on sitting down the desire immediately passes off without any evacuation. Anac. Clin.
- Stool. Constipation; desire for stool, but little passes; feels as if it stayed in the rectum and could not be expelled; ineffectual urging, with sharp, splinter-like, cutting pains. Nit. Ac. Clin.
- Stool. Constipation; stool large, hard lumps which remain long in rectum, and when feces are nearly expelled they suddenly recede into the rectum; even a soft stool is expelled with much difficulty. Sil. Clin.
- Stool. Alternation of diarrhœa and constipation; stool like sheep's-dung. Chel. Clin.
- Stool. Inactivity of rectum; even a soft and thin stool requires great straining. Alum. Clin.
- Stool. Constipation; frequent and unsuccessful desire for stool; insufficient; inactivity of bowels; retarded stool from inactivity of rectum. Kali C. Clin.
- Stool. Difficult expulsion of soft stool. Natr. S. Clin.
- Stool. Constipation in sad, desponding and hypochondriac persons; frequent urging but insufficient stool though the feces are not hard; worse from starch or vegetable food. Natr. C. Clin.



## STOOL.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## STOOL.

- Stool. Constipation; torpor of rectum; even a soft stool is voided with difficulty. Psor. Clin.
- Stool. Constipation; ineffectual urging to stool, with small discharges or only flatus passes; stool only every second day. Mag. C. Clin.
- Stool. Constipation; an all-gone feeling in rectum; inability to expel feces or to strain at stool, with sensation of a ball in rectum. Sep. Clin.
- Stool. Chronic constipation from irregular menstruation; inactivity of intestines whether stool is hard or soft; alternation of constipation and diarrhoea. Puls. Clin.
- Stool. Constipation from inertia of the bowels, especially of the rectum, with no inclination for stool. Op. Clin.
- Stool. Contractive sore pain in rectum from blind hæmorrhoids one or two hours after stool; stools large or soft, but passed with difficulty. Ign. Clin.
- Stool. Obstinate constipation; difficult expulsion of feces, fissuring the anus, with flow of blood; a ripping-up sensation in the anus after stool. Natr. M. Clin.
- Stool. Constipation, with hard crumbly stool, or the feces are covered with glairy mucus and are accompanied by a discharge of a quantity of mucus and much flatus. Amm. Mur. Clin.
- Stool. Hard stool with depression of mind, causing headache and vertigo in old people. Calc. Ph. Clin.
- Stool. Constipation from constriction of anus; hard stool like sheep's-dung passed only after hard straining. Berb. Clin.
- Stool. Constipation; stool retarded on account of lack of peristaltic action; hard, scanty stool with cutting and burning in anus. Staph. Clin.
- Stool. Constipation; stool dry, brittle granular; which is passed only after prolonged effort. Zinc. Clin.
- Stool. Constipation; stool hard, knotty, streaked with blood, preceded and accompanied by smarting at the anus. Natr. S. Clin.
- Stool. Constipation; stool hard, then burning and pressure in anus; scanty. Kali B. 1.
- Stool. Constipation; stool hard, only occurring once in two or three days; hard as if he were passing stones. Coloc. 1.
- Stool. Constipation; stool very hard, passed with much difficulty and streaked with blood. Carbo An. Clin.
- Stool. Constipation; no urging; inactivity of rectum; stool insufficient, hard; much straining, with headache. Arn. Clin.
- Stool. Constipation; stool hard, slow, with chill before and after stool; in knots and balls; sluggish bowels; suitable to old gentlemen who have seen much of life. Mezer. Clin.
- Stool. Constipation produced by cheese; better from smoking; frequent urging to stool without any evacuation which appears an hour later in single pieces of stony hardness. Coloc. Clin.
- Stool. Constipation; hard stool every other day or every three or four days. Cocc. Clin.
- Stool. Constipation; fruitless urging to stool, dryness of rectum; knotty stools, shining as if greased; very small in size; passes easier when standing. Caust. Clin.
- Stool. Constipation; large, hard, difficult stools; frequent urging without effect; sensation as if much remained after stool, then action of the bowels irregular and spasmodic. Nux V. Clin.
- Stool. Constipation, with torpor of the liver and hæmorrhoids; stool very small; resembles sheep's-dung; passed only by very great straining. Bapt. Clin.
- Stool. (*Flatulence.*) Fear lest stool should escape with flatus; feeling as if thin stool would escape on passing urine; with the stool always a feeling as if more were at hand. Aloe 2.
- Stool. Flatulent distention of abdomen after stool. Lyc. 5.
- Stool. Involuntary stool, with passage of flatus, falling out without exertion, almost unnoticed. Aloe 1.
- Stool. Scanty, watery stool about midnight, with flatulent colic and noisy flatulence during stool. Arg. N. 1.
- Stool pasty, with burning in anus; offensive in afternoon, then burning in anus, with much flatus, then hard portions, then again soft, so that he believed he would scarcely finish the evacuation. Bry. 1.
- Stool. Gripping in abdomen, worse below navel, obliging him to bend over; amelioration after a thin stool, with discharge of flatus upward and downward. Coloc. 5.
- Stool fluid after eating, with discharge of flatus and colic all the afternoon, better from warmth of bed. Coloc. 1.
- Stool. Emission of flatus after every meal; on attempting to go to stool; burning and offensive. Aloe 5.
- Stool. Diarrhoea; a thin stool passes unconsciously, with sensation as if flatus would pass. Staph. 1.
- Stool. Distention of abdomen, with rumbling after stool; after breakfast, with griping; then a second thin stool, then retraction of anus and nausea. Kali B. 5.
- Stool. Burning in anus after stool; after emission of hot flatus. Aloe 3.
- Stool. Urging to stool after eating, when rising from lying; sudden in morning on rising; ineffectual; also with emission of flatus. Aloe 2.
- Stool. Colic before stool, before passage of flatus, with thirst; flatulent. China 5.
- Stool. Emissions of flatus loud, short and interrupted; offensive; worse before stool. Mezer. 5.
- Stool. Offensive flatus, with stool; frequent and loud, easy, with inclination as for soft stool. Aloe 5.
- Stool. Dragging in hypogastrium towards groins during stool; in groins; amelioration from emission of flatus; with sensitiveness to touch. Kali C. 7.
- Stool. Thin stool afternoons with flatulence. Dulc. 1.
- Stool. Discharge of offensive flatus after dinner; amelioration after stool, with movement in hypogastrium. Coloc. 5.
- Stool. Pain in abdomen as if everything were sore; on every step, as from incarcerated flatus; flatulent after stool as if intestines here and there were pressed by stones. Nux V. 5.
- Stool. Diarrhoea, with pinching around umbilicus, sometimes with discharge of flatus; stool watery, profuse, with colic and tenesmus; fecal; forcible. Gamb. 1.
- Stool. Chronic diarrhoea, with gradual loss of strength; fetid stool and flatus smelling like lime which has been used to purify gas of sulphur. Phos. Clin.
- Stool. (*Green.*) Stool of green mucus, with retching; vomiting of mucus and intolerance of lacing around hypochondria; bloody. Arg. N. 1.
- Stool. Diarrhoea of green mucus; as green as bile, once or twice at night, with movements in intestines before every stool; at first green, then slimy; not exhausting; without colic. Puls. 1.
- Stool. Diarrhoea; stool thin, olive-green, exhausting, pernicious, offensive, frequent, brown, slimy; next day fetid and dark. Secale 1.
- Stool of greenish water with distention of abdomen; frequent; liquid; always preceded by griping; worse on right side. Mag. C. 1.
- Stool. Green stool preceded by crying; frequent and easy. Borax 1.
- Stool. Small stool after colic with tenesmus; first of dark green feces, then of dark green mucus. Ars. A. 1.
- Stool watery, of blood and water, contained acrid water, greenish. Ars. A. 1.
- Stools. Mucous diarrhoea with tenesmus; stools frequent, small; burning in rectum and bladder; bloody; shaggy; greenish; frothy; worse at night. Caps. Clin.
- Stool. Dysentery; excoriating discharges; abdomen externally cold to touch; stools bloody, green, mucous, like stirred eggs; worse at night; pain increased after stool. Merc. Clin.
- Stool. Dysentery of bloody mucus mixed with the green, watery stool. Mag. C. Clin.
- Stool. Diarrhoea with cutting pressing pains before and during stool, with drawing pain in rectum after stool, continuing for hours; stools green, slimy, with flakes of false membranes; undigested putrid; fetid; sour smelling. Nit. Ac. Clin.
- Stool. Diarrhoea, with colicky pains around navel before or during stool; stools sour, liquid, slimy, fecal, mixed with green slime. Rheum Clin.
- Stool. (*Hæmorrhoids.*) Protruding hæmorrhoids during stool; when walking; painful. Sep. 3.
- Stool. Sore pain in anus without reference to stool; pain as from blind piles. Ign. 3.



## STOOL.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## STOOL.

Stool. **Hæmorrhoids sensitive**, though protruding but little; protrude during stool, return with difficulty and with bloody mucus from rectum. Sil. 3.

Stool. **Hæmorrhoids swollen**, protruding, burning, sticking; protruding during soft stool; **painful on touch**; painful when sitting. Lye. 3.

Stool. **Hæmorrhoids**, with swelling; protruding, painless, discharging blood with every stool; **with prickling in rectum**, burning, painful. Nit. Ac. 3.

Stool. **Hæmorrhoids**; pain during normal stool. Mag. M. 3.

Stool. **Hæmorrhoids like red cherries**; protrude after stool, with sore pain in anus. Diosc. 3.

Stool. **Hæmorrhoids swollen**, bleeding during natural stool. Kali C. 3.

Stool. **Swollen hæmorrhoids protrude** and cause pain during a stool which is not hard; hæmorrhage. Calc. C. 3.

Stool. **Hæmorrhoids swollen** and protrude with a hard stool; protrude during diarrhœa, with stitching and burning for many hours. Kali C. 3.

Stool. **Hæmorrhoids intensely painful**; boring cramping from anus to rectum and testicles; protrude during stool, become incarcerated and suppurate. Sil. Clin.

Stools. **Hæmorrhoids blind or flowing dark blood**; lancinating pain from the anus upward, especially after stool; painless piles. Sulf. Clin.

Stool. **Fissures of the anus** with periodical profuse bleeding from the anus; pain in small of back as if bruised; sore, blind hæmorrhoids protruding after stool. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Stool. **Hæmorrhoids with itching and burning**, particularly after stool. Berb. Clin.

Stool. **Bleeding piles**; blood flows with each stool in a small stream. Phos. Clin.

Stool. **Hæmorrhoids with bleeding during and after stool**. Ign. Clin.

Stool. **Hæmorrhoids from engorgement of the liver**; hæmorrhage from rectum. Hep. Clin.

Stool. **Bleeding of hæmorrhoids**, blood red, not clotted; bleed after every stool. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Stool. (*Light Colored.*) **Stool soft, difficult, scanty, with much urging; clay-colored**. Hep. 1.

Stool contained many white shreds. Colch. 1.

Stool soft, with lumps of white mucus; pasty; at an unusual time; lumpy; light; clay-colored, with urging and inactivity of rectum. Phos. 1.

Stool intermitting, frequent, at first hard then pasty, then liquid, white, offensive like bad eggs. Calc. C. 1.

Stool thin, like a round worm, with much white mucus, also blood. Graph. 1.

Stool white, gelatinous, like frog's spawn; frequent, with pressure. Hell. 1.

Stool. **Diarrhœa**; stool whitish, frequent, also causing burning in anus. Op. 1.

Stool white with dark urine. China 1.

Stool. **White tough mucus with the stool like scrapings from intestines**, with streaks of blood; copious. Canth. 1.

Stool whitish, mixed with tenacious mucus and streaks of blood. Nux V. 1.

Stool. **Constipation**; stool white; of only yellow white mucus mixed with blood, with pain in back. Puls. 1.

Stool. **Pain in right hypochondrium**, especially when limited to a small spot; dull pain or stitches in liver; clay-colored stool. Kali B. Clin.

Stool. **Diarrhœa during hot summer and after milk**; stools watery, gray; worse during day and after eating; with discharge passing with a gush; much fetid flatus is passed with the stool. Natr. C. Clin.

Stool. **Diarrhœa lasting a long time**, apparently without any weakening effect; stool white, gray, copious, painless, involuntary, with discharge of undigested substances. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Stool. (*Mixed Colors.*) **Diarrhœa**; stool semi-fluid and frequent in morning; pappy, yellowish-green, copious, fetid. Sulf. 1.

Stool watery, feces yellow; frequent diarrhœa of yellow-greenish water; forcible, of green, frothy water. Grat. 1.

Stool. **Diarrhœa in morning**, with heat and pain in anus; stool liquid, yellow, green, frequent. Pod. 1.

Stool yellow and green; diarrhœa mixed with mucus, preceded by cutting around umbilicus. Gamb. 1.

Stool. **Diarrhœa with coldness of extremities; with vomiting and prostration**; with tearing and cutting in abdomen; stool dark, bloody-colored; black mucus; offensive, yellow, with tenesmus and burning pain in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 1.

Stool **pasty, bright yellow**; copious, with much mucus and light gray. Chel. 1.

Stool **gray, whitish gray, green, bloody, difficult**. Phos. 1.

Stool. **Diarrhœa**; stool thin, whitish-gray, involuntary, pasty, bright yellow, with sensation as if he would emit flatus; not prostrating. Phos. Ac. 1.

Stool. **Urging to a copious yellowish-brown, partly thin, sourish, offensive stool**; then transient relief of colic; then two abundant stools in quick succession, first pappy, then fluid, with ulcerative pain in bowels. Coloc. 1.

Stool. **Watery diarrhœa**; stool green, white with red urine. Acon. 1.

Stool liquid and brownish, frothy, profuse, forcible, several times a day; yellowish, mostly in morning. Ratan. 1.

Stool. **Diarrhœa**; stool liquid, with mucus, red and yellow, gelatinous, tinged with blood, preceded by lassitude. Rhus Tox. 1.

Stool yellowish-white, frequent, green. Sulf. Ac. 1.

Stool thin; fluid, frequent, whitish-yellow. Cocc. 1.

Stool. **Chronic diarrhœa**, especially during early hours of morning; stool watery, with meal-like sediment; yellow, pasty, black; mucous and blood-streaked; involuntary; very offensive, like carrion. Pod. Clin.

Stool. **Diarrhœa**; frequent; profuse, greenish, white, watery stools, with flakes; severe pinching colic before stool, from emotions, as fright. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Stool. **Diarrhœa like scrapings of intestines**; reddish, mucous or blood; flaky, with extreme burning in anus during stool. Canth. Clin.

Stool. **Diarrhœa**; stool sour, green, bloody; one stool fetid the other odorless; one containing fecal matter; the other blood; no two stools alike; caused by eating pork or fat food; from fruit; ice cream, tobacco, cold drinks. Puls. Clin.

Stool. **Diarrhœa**; stool horribly offensive, nearly painless; involuntary, dark brown, black, watery or green mucus. Psor. Clin.

Stool. **Diarrhœa**; stool like scum of a frog-pond, green frothy; white masses like lumps of tallow floating on the green; sour-smelling, undigested; containing curds. Mag. C. Clin.

Stool. **Diarrhœa from abuse of intoxicating drinks or high living**; stools frequent, small, corrosive, offensive, thin brownish-green, fecal. Nux V. Clin.

Stool. **Diarrhœa**, with violent colic and rumbling before stool, then yellowish-green stools; profuse emission of fetid flatus. Natr. S. Clin.

Stool. (*Protrusion of Rectum.*) **Contraction of rectum, so that it protrudes during hard stool**. Lye. 2.

Stool. **Prolapsus of rectum from moderate exertion of stool**. Ign. 2.

Stool. **Aggravation of internal piles**, with protrusion of rectum after stool; sometimes prolapsed for days, owing to the swelling and congestion. Pod. 2.

Stool. **Feeling in rectum as if mucous membrane were thick and obstructed stool**, and as if rectum would protrude if the effort were continued. Æsc. 2.

Stool. **Prolapsus**; prolapsed feeling after stool; prolapsed feeling with backache. Æsc. 3.

Stool. **Protrusion of rectum after stool**, then painful constriction of anus. Lach. 2.

Stool. **Procidentia recti during stool**. Ign. Clin.

Stool. (*Pains during Stool.*) **Stitches in rectum, during and after stool, with spasmodic constriction in anus**. Nit. Ac. 2.

Stool. **Cutting in rectum during normal stool**. Sulf. 2.

Stool. **Pain in rectum during stool, as if something would be torn asunder**. Nit. Ac. 2.

Stool. **Cutting in hypogastrium in morning, with a thin stool**. Sulf. 7.

Stool. **Anus red, inflamed and covered with red veins, with burning during stool**. Sulf. 3.

Stool. **Burning, biting, stinging in anus, with diarrhœa-like stool**. Caps. 3.

Stool. **Smarting in rectum and anus, with soft stool**. Mur. Ac. 2.

Stool. **Burning in anus during soft stool**. Amm. Mur. 3.



## STOOL.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## STOOL.

Stool. Scraping, sticking, cutting in rectum and anus during stool, with dragging. Nit. Ac. 2.

Stool. Burning in anus during stool. Merc. C. 3.

Stool. Pressure in anus during stool, with pain. Alum. 3.

Stool. Jerking, almost sticking pain in rectum, with burning, stinging, itching, during stool. Sil. 2.

Stool. Crawling, itching, burning in anus during stool. Zinc. 3.

Stool. Burning pain in anus during, before and after stool. Berb. 3.

Stool. Pain in anus caused by stool; contracted feeling during stool. Chel. 3.

Stool. Cutting in abdomen towards evening, during stool; after the stool shivering. Canth. 5.

Stool. Sticking in rectum, with smarting during a stool that was not hard. Phos. 2.

Stool. Dried and constricted feeling in rectum during stool. Alum. 2.

Stool. Stitches in rectum during stool. Carbo V. 2.

Stool. Burning in anus during and after stool. Lach. 3.

Stool. Burning in anus during stool. Calc. C. 3.

Stool. (*Pain before Stool.*) Gripping in abdomen before and during stool; after stool. Sulf. 5.

Stool. Shooting from umbilical region to other parts of the abdomen; amelioration from pressure; so violent at times that he was almost wild, tossed about, pressed his fist into his abdomen; said he must go to stool. Plumb. 7.

Stool. Cutting in abdomen in morning in bed; gripping at night, with pain before stool. Nit. Ac. 5.

Stool. Gripping and jerking in abdomen, with pain which is better after stool. Rhus Tox. 5.

Stool. Gripping in abdomen before stool; also during and after stool. Aloe 5.

Stool. Gripping in abdomen, then stool, with constriction in rectum. Phos. 5.

Stool. Pain below umbilicus at 4 p. m., then unusual stool. Amm. Mur. 7.

Stool. Gripping in upper abdomen when she wishes to go to stool. Nux V. 5.

Stool. Cutting before stool with gripping. Mag. C. 5.

Stool. Pain in abdomen with coldness, then heat and warm sweat; heat with inclination to stool; pain in transverse colon at 3 a. m., then diarrhoea. Pod. 5.

Stool. Spasmodic pain in anus, before and after stool. Lach. 3.

Stool. (*Pains after Stool.*) Burning in rectum after stool. Æsc. 2.

Stool. Sharp pain in rectum after stool and after eating; aggravation from exerting the mind or studying in morning before stool. Nux. V. 2.

Stool. Burning in anus after a thin stool; after a soft formed stool. Sulf. 3.

Stool. Burning in anus after stool; sore in morning as if points were sticking in it. Iris V. 3.

Stool. Dragging or gripping in abdomen after stool. Carbo V. 5.

Stool. Pain in region of ascending colon on rising after stool; in region of right quadratus lumborum muscles on rising from lying. Rhus Tox. 7.

Stool. Burning in rectum after stool. Natr. C. 2.

Stool. Burning in rectum and anus after soft stool, with exhaustion. Phos. 2.

Stool. Sore pain in rectum after stool. Staph. 2.

Stool. Pressure in rectum after stool. Puls. 2.

Stool. Smarting in anus after hard stool; burning after usual stool. Mag. M. 3.

Stool. Burning in rectum after stool, with weakness and trembling in all limbs. Ars. A. 2.

Stool. Burning in rectum in morning after a copious stool. Calc. C. 2.

Stool. Burning and griping in rectum after stool. Kali C. 2.

Stool. Pain in abdomen in evening after drinking; after stool, on touch, with diarrhoea. Puls. 5.

Stool. Burning in anus after stool, with itching. Mur. Ac. 3.

Stool. Burning smarting in anus some hours after stool, with cutting as in sore; biting in evening with sore pain. Nux V. 3.

Stool. Biting sore sensation in and around anus after stool, with itching and soreness. Kali C. 3.

Stool. Burning pain in anus after stool; in forenoon, with pressure. Kali B. 3.

Stool. Excoriated feeling after a stool, attended with a contraction of rectum and constriction of anus. Alum. 3.

Stool. Burning in anus when not at stool and before and after stool. Olea. 3.

Stool. Stitches towards anus, with soreness and burning after stool. Carbo V. 3.

Stool. Sticking cutting in anus after stool. Aloe 3.

Stool. Gripping in abdomen, as in diarrhoea, after stool. Natr. M. 5.

Stool. Acid smarting, burning sensation at the anus and up the rectum, after stool, as if a hot spray were projected over the parts. Lil. Tig. Clin.

Stool. (*Tenesmus and Urging.*) Straining in rectum before, during and after stool; fullness; sensation after, as if something remained; pressure during soft stool. Sulf. 2.

Stool. Anxious urging in rectum; frequent ineffectual after the usual stool, with gripping, and stool when passed was soft. Nux V. 2.

Stool. Sensation of a plug between symphysis pubis and os coccygis, with urging to stool. Aloe 7.

Stool. Urging to stool in rectum. Agar. 2.

Stool. Urging to stool, with passage of urine. Aloe 2.

Stool. Tenesmus in morning after waking, then a copious fluid stool. Sulf. 2.

Stool. Bearing-down pains in hypogastrium; worse when walking, with weight low down in vagina; with constant desire for stool, but with every effort at stool only urine was discharged. Lil. Tig. 7.

Stool. Urging to stool. Æsc. 3.

Stool. Cutting low down in abdomen, penetrating into pelvis; worse from retracting walls of abdomen, with urging to stool. Puls. 7.

Stool. Urging in rectum, so that he could scarcely reach the closet, then thin, forcible, spurting stool. Natr. C. 2.

Stool. Tenesmus, with only a little feces at first, then transparent, bilious, membranous mucus, with relief of colic; amelioration from frequent passage of flatus; urging to stool, which is unsatisfactory. Colch. 2.

Stool. Frequent and successful desire for stool in the lower part of the rectum, with expulsion of a small quantity of soft stool. Arg. M. 2.

Stool. Contractive pain in hypogastrium, like after-pains, with urging to stool. Con. 7.

Stool. Spasms of sphincter ani, with chilliness running up back; then urging to stool; then insufficient stool. Colch. 3.

Stool. Urging to stool after drinking, but only a little mucus passed. Caps. 2.

Stool. Urging to stool after a meal; more in upper part of intestines. Anac. 1.

Stool. Tenesmus, as if more stool would follow, which must be held back on account of soreness of anus, yet, on account of this pain, he does not dare to draw the anus together. Aloe 2.

Stool. Tenesmus; urging to stool. Acon. 2.

Stool. Gurgling in hypogastrium at night, with sudden urging to stool. Aloe 7.

Stool. Sensation in hypogastrium as if a hard body pressed backward and downward against rectum and anus; the desire for stool aggravated when standing. Lil. Tig. 7.

Stool. Desire in rectum for stool after a meal; desire increased when moving about, then thin, offensive stool with colic, then ineffectual tenesmus; later another stool; after rising from stool the urging which had gradually subsided returned more violent than ever. Rheum 2.

Stool. Tenesmus, then copious, thin or paplike, sour-smelling stool, with relief. Arn. 2.

Stool. Urging to stool; ineffectual; tenesmus as in dysentery, with burning pain and pressure in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 2.

Stool. Urging to stool, which is thin, frequent, but ineffectual, or with a scanty, hard stool. Bell. 1.

Stool. Urging in rectum to stool, with sensation in anus and lower part of rectum as if weakened by diarrhoea. Coloc. 2.

Stool. Frequent desire in rectum for stool. Hyos. 2.

Stool. Gripping in abdomen, with ineffectual urging to stool; pain before and during stool; better after stool; aggravation from eating plums. Rheum 5.

Stool. Urging more in upper intestines; stool soft and insufficient; anxious urging; inability to evacuate feces, without danger of eversion and prolapsus of rectum. Ign. 2.



## STOOL.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## STOOL.

- Stool. Ineffectual urging, with feeling as if rectum were too weak to evacuate the stool. Kali C. 2.
- Stool. Gripping in abdomen with constant desire for stool, but little is evacuated. Merc. 5.
- Stool. Urging in rectum on rising, before stool, which shot out as from a gun. Phos. 2.
- Stool. Pain in muscles of abdomen when rising from lying, with pressing to stool as from taking cold. Aloe 5.
- Stool. Urging in rectum to stool. Berb. 2.
- Stool. Desire for stool whenever she lies on left side. Phos. Clin.
- Stool. (*Yellow.*) Yellow watery diarrhœa, with tearing cutting before stool as after taking cold. Dule. 1.
- Stool soft, then empty feeling in abdomen; saffron-yellow; stringy and slimy; chopped. Sulf. Ac. 1.
- Stool light yellow, soft, three times a day, with weakness. Borax 1.
- Stool. Diarrhœa; stool soft and bright yellow; pasty; of the order of putrefying snakes. Lach. 1.
- Stool thin, frothy, saffron-yellow, musty; smelling almost like burnt blotting-paper; copious, with discharge of much mucus. Coloc. 1.
- Stool. Liquid stool; diarrhœa in morning on rising; yellow, with distention and dull pain under ribs. Aloe 1.
- Stool soft, mixed with serum, orange-colored, loose in morning and urgent. Apis 1.
- Stool. Yellow, pappy, pasty stool. Aloe 1.
- Stool. Sudden waking at 6 a. m., with copious yellow, half liquid stool; with urging in rectum. Arg. N. 1.
- Stool. Frequent, yellow, watery stool, with gripping. Apis 1.
- Stool. Diarrhœa; stool fluid, yellow, in morning, with full feeling in abdomen and emission of flatus. Natr. S. 1.
- Stool. Watery stool through the day; yellow, painless, with rumbling. Iris V. 1.
- Stool. Pain in umbilical region in morning, with profuse, thin, yellow stool, not relieving the pain, with frequent cutting through all small intestines. Diosc. 7.
- Stool. Small, yellowish, shining stool at 9 a. m., with sputtering flatus; with dread lest feces and urine escaped together; while he would force out yet he held back. Aloe 1.
- Stool enveloped by filamentous, yellowish mucus; this mucus is entirely blood in last portions of feces. Carbo V. 1.
- Stool. Diarrhœa; stool involuntary when emitting flatus; stools thin, yellow, fecal; with emission of fetid flatus like rotten eggs. Olean. Clin.
- Stool. Chronic diarrhœa after the abuse of Mercury or Quinine; light yellow, fecal, papescent, sour stool, with undigested food. Hep. Clin.
- Stool. Diarrhœa; stool like chopped eggs, of yellow mucus, sometimes frothy, extremely fetid; aggravation from eating oysters. Sulf. Ac. Clin.
- Stool. (*Miscellaneous.*) Sensation in rectum, as if stool were incomplete. Nux V. 2.
- Stool tough, gluey, fetid, so urgent that some escaped prematurely, yet not diarrhœa after getting up; slimy. Sulf. 1.
- Stool, first part lumpy; second, soft. Lyc. 1.
- Stool. Faintness, with sensation of emptiness in abdomen after stool. Pod. 5.
- Stool. Involuntary stool at night in sleep. Arn. 1.
- Stool watery, spurting from him. Jatr. 1.
- Stool soft, mixed with mucus, frequent. Puls. 1.
- Stool of only clear, tenacious, colorless mucus. Hell. 1.
- Stool undigested. Calc. C. 1.
- Stool during micturition, also at 5 a. m., with micturition; in morning after rising; after breakfast. Aloe 1.
- Stool undigested, of food eaten the previous evening; involuntary. Olean. 1.
- Stool. Diarrhœa in morning and through forenoon; the natural stool in evening immediately after eating and drinking; alternating with constipation. Pod. 1.
- Stool. Thin stool preceded and followed by rumbling and at times noise as if a bottle were emptied. Jatr. 1.
- Stool. Diarrhœa with profuse sweat, with desire for eating and drinking; stool frequent and painful; watery; involuntary. Ver. Alb. 1.
- Stool. Diarrhœa in morning, then burning in anus; aggravation at night, preceded by cutting in abdomen, then prickling and burning in anus; stool smelling like old cheese. Bry. 1.
- Stool. Pain in abdomen better after stool; with unbearable anxiety, so that he rolled about the floor and despaired of his life. Ars. A. 5.
- Stool. Soreness in abdomen as if menses would appear, with drawing, tension, heaviness during motion; emptiness after stool. Sep. 5.
- Stool. Pressure on rectum and on bladder, then pressure downward in abdomen and anus when at stool. Lil. Tig. 2.
- Stool. Diarrhœa after eating, of undigested feces, also passed in several pieces, then ineffectual urging with biting, burning pain in anus and colic before and after every stool. China 1.
- Stool. Diarrhœa in morning after rising; stool dark; aggravation in morning and after dinner; scanty and corrosive, with gripping. Nux V. 1.
- Stool. Desire for stool in rectum in evening with gripping in hypogastrium, then large, moist, at last thin, sour stool, after which he was relieved, but felt weak. Dule. 2.
- Stool. Noise in abdomen, as if a full bottle were emptied in evening, continuing after a thin stool at 10 p. m. Jatr. 5.
- Stool. Stool frequent, with necessity to lie down after every stool; small; consisting of mucus. Arn. 1.
- Stool. Diarrhœa; stool watery, frequent, with burning in anus; sudden about midnight, with urging; very offensive; ammoniacal. Lach. 1.
- Stool. Diarrhœa; stool passes better when standing. Caust. 1.
- Stool. Diarrhœa; stool watery, soft; difficult from inactivity of the rectum. Natr. M. 1.
- Stool. Diarrhœa, then burning in anus; stool watery, passed unnoticed. Mur. Ac. 1.
- Stool involuntary. Bell. 1.
- Stool offensive, involuntary, delayed. Op. 1.
- Stool. Liquid, involuntary stool; then burning in anus and gripping in intestines. Kali B. 1.
- Stool. Diarrhœa; stool watery, painless. Thuja 1.
- Stool after dinner very dry, and like sand, but passed without trouble. Arg. M. 1.
- Stool. Sore pain in rectum during stool as if an ulcer had been torn apart, with discharge of mucus. Ant. Cr. 2.
- Stool. Gnawing in rectum when not at stool. Carbo V. 2.
- Stool. Heat in lower part of rectum during stool. Con. 2.
- Stool. Fissures more in rectum than in anus after stool. Nit. Ac. 2.
- Stool. Jerking in anus when not at stool. Nux V. 3.
- Stool. Sticking in anus when not at stool. Con. 3.
- Stool lies close to anus without passing and without injury. Lach. 3.
- Stool natural at first, then several small, loose evacuations; then small, hard evacuations, with violent straining in rectum and anus till all are passed. Ant. Cr. 1.
- Stool soft and insufficient. Kali C. 1.
- Stool. Diarrhœa in morning; stool papescent, with much mucus, but no real pain. Bapt. 1.
- Stool. Diarrhœa; stool semi-liquid, forcible, frequent, followed by tenesmus and burning in anus; brown, frequent, followed by tenesmus, pain in back and burning in rectum. Rheum 1.
- Stool. Straining to stool, then scanty diarrhœa; then increased straining. Bell. 2.
- Stool. Burning in rectum, with the evacuation of stool and urine; stools dry and large, then copious; pasty stools, with relief of all symptoms except the confusion of head. Bry. 2.
- Stool. Discharge of moisture from anus, with sore feeling and itching around it; involuntary, of viscid, slimy fluid, causing soreness; of thread-worms during stool. Sulf. 3.
- Stool. Natural stool, with pressure and straining; with mucus. Sil. 1.
- Stool. Pressure in anus during and after a pasty stool. Sulf. Ac. 3.
- Stool. Thin stool after waking at 3 o'clock. Aloe 1.
- Stool. Diarrhœa, then empty tenesmus; mucous diarrhœa with tenesmus; small stool consisting of only mucus. Caps. 1.
- Stool. Diarrhœa; involuntary stool when coughing; suitable to old persons; to scrofulous and phthisical patients. Phos. Clin.



## STOOL.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## STOOLS.

Stool. Involuntary, unnoticed, hard stool. Aloe Clin.

Stool. Diarrhœa with urging and inability to retain the stool; gurgling in abdomen as of water; after stool sharp pains around navel; weak feeling in abdomen and rectum; faintness. Lept. Clin.

Stool. Diarrhœa with burning in rectum and anus after stool; severe rumbling of gas; watery discharges mixed with mucus, preceded by soft and more substantial stools. Iris V. Clin.

Stool. Diarrhœa coming on suddenly; faint feeling before, during and after stool; worse from fruits and sweetmeats during summer; every movement of the body renews the discharges. Crot. Tig. Clin.

Stool. Painful diarrhœa of old people; even soft stool passed with difficulty. Carbo V. Clin.

Stool. Cholera infantum; stool from the least movement of the body, thin and painless; gushing, profuse, watery, flaky, inodorous; faintness at stool or immediately after. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Stool. Diarrhœa, aggravated by motion; straining to stool. Bell. Clin.

Stool. Mesenteric disease, glandular enlargement; emaciation; irregular stool; enormous appetite. Iod. Clin.

Stool. Long-continued sensation in rectum after stool, as if one had just been to stool or had just recovered from a pain in anus. Berb. Clin.

Stool. Diarrhœa; stool preceded by excessive cutting around about the navel, and expelled all at once after considerable urging and followed by a feeling of great relief. Gamb. Clin.

Stool. Diarrhœa; frequent desire for stool; with chilliness and nausea; stools offensive, painless, fluid, scanty, putrid, with biting, burning sensation in anus. Sil. Clin.

Stool. Diarrhœa; stool adheres to rectum and anus like soft clay; tenacious; glutinous. Plat. Clin.

**Stools. (Bloody.) Stools spotted with blood. Natr. C. 1.**

Stools. Dysentery; stools slimy and bloody, with tenesmus. Colch. 1.

Stools. Bloody stools, with painful, acrid sensation in anus. Merc. 1.

Stools. Dysenteric attacks for several successive years; frequent bloody stools, with gnawing at navel, then ineffectual straining. Kali B. 1.

Stools. Dysentery; excoriating discharges; abdomen externally cold to touch; stools bloody, green, mucous, like stirred eggs; worse at night; pains increased after stool. Merc. Clin.

Stools. Dysentery, with bloody, slimy stools; with symptoms of ulceration of the rectum; chronic dysentery. Arg. N. Clin.

Stools. Dysentery, with a low type of fever; bloody, almost painless stools. Apis Clin.

Stools. Dysenteric, bloody stools, with intolerable burning tenesmus; with chill as if water was poured over one. Canth. Clin.

Stools. Dysenteric stools; blood and slime separated. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Stools. Dysentery; stools watery, mucous and bloody, with tearing down the thighs and much tenesmus. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Stools. Dysentery; stools bloody, mucous every half hour, with constant urging and much backache. Lil. Tig. Clin.

Stools. Diphtheritic dysentery; burning in rectum, with ineffectual urging; stools bloody; tenesmus. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Stools. Dysentery when the patient is cold, skin blue, stools of bloody mucus. Iris V. Clin.

Stools. Dysenteries during the autumn, with violent colic and tenesmus; stools almost black and fermented, like frothy molasses. Ipec. Clin.

Stools. Periodical return of dysentery in spring or early part of summer; stools blackish, watery, bloody, jelly-like; stringy discharges, with tenesmus during and after stool. Kali B. Clin.

Stools. Chronic dysentery; stools frequent, small, pitch-like, with pale blood; involuntary. Zinc. Clin.

Stools. (Brown.) Diarrhœa, with great prostration; stools involuntary during sleep; brown, fermented, with fetid breath and loathing of food. Arn. Clin.

Stools. Watery, gushing diarrhœa in the morning; stools brownish, frothy, jelly-like, lumpy. Kali B. Clin.

Stools. Diarrhœa in spring when warm weather sets in; stools very offensive, undigested, watery, chocolate-colored, consisting of decomposed blood, looking like charred straw. Lach. Clin.

Stools. Diarrhœa; stools dark brown, semi-liquid, bilious, offensive; aggravation in morning and forenoon, with tenesmus of bladder and rectum during stool, preceded by constant dragging and bearing-down. Lil. Tig. Clin.

Stools. Chronic diarrhœa; stools brown, fluid, mixed with undigested food and of an intolerable fetor. Graph. Clin.

**Stools. (Constipation.) Constipation in spite of frequent straining, on following days hard, difficult, unsatisfactory stools. Sil. 1.**

**Stools. Constipation painless, stools hard masses, scanty, enveloped in mucus, with pricking, cutting in anus. Nit. Ac. 1.**

Stools. Constipation; stools of tenacious feces, with great tenesmus. Merc. C. 1.

Stools. Constipation, with sensitiveness above Ponpart's ligament and hardness low down in left iliac region; afterwards almost dysentery of watery stools, mixed with whitish-yellow and cheesy masses and tenesmus. Phos. 1.

Stools. Constipation; stools like sheepdung after great straining and burning, with balls of mucus like peas; difficult stools not hard. Natr. C. 1.

Stools. Weakness in abdomen after two hard stools, with loss of appetite Sep. 2.

Stools. Knotty stools. Natr. S. 1.

Stools. Difficult stools with straining and burning in rectum. Nit. Ac. 1.

Stools. Children's stools white, dry, with hard lumps of curd. Ant. Cr. Clin.

Stools. Constipation; stools consisting of small, hard, black balls. Plumb. Clin.

Stools. Infantile constipation after an attack of diarrhœa; stools hard, crumbly, clayey. Pod. Clin.

Stools. Constipation is the rule in cases requiring Alumina; the rectum is inactive; the stools are hard; often associated with soreness of the rectum and anus, which bleed readily. Alum. Clin.

Stools. Constipation with ineffectual urging; amelioration after drinking milk; stools hard, knotty, dark colored; constipation alternating with diarrhœa. Iod. Clin.

Stools. Constipation in persons of sedentary habits from atony of lower intestines; stools hard, dry, crumble when passing, with great straining, and causing prolapse of rectum. Pod. Clin.

Stools. Constipation; stools enormously large and painful, leaving the sphincters nearly paralyzed and slow to close, with a feeling of inability to draw up the partially prolapsed anus, especially in those who have abused alcohol or narcotics. Lach. Clin.

Stools. Chronic constipation; inertia of rectum; stools very large and very hard. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Stools. Constipation; large, hard, difficult stools; frequent urging, without effect; sensation as if much remained after stool; the action of the bowels irregular and spasmodic. Nux. V. Clin.

Stools. Chronic constipation; feeling in anus as if stuffed full; large, hard, difficult stools only once or twice a week. Apis Clin.

Stools. Obstinate constipation; inactivity or intussusception; stools hard, thick and knotty balls, with pain in anus when passing, as if it would fly to pieces. Thuja Clin.

Stools. Habitual constipation; stools scanty, knotty, followed by burning and painful retraction of rectum and anus. Kali B. Clin.

Stools very sluggish; the rectum seems plugged up; the attempt to have a stool causes distress in the abdomen. Anac. Clin.

Stools. Bowels very inactive; the soft stools are evacuated slowly and with effort. Hep. Clin.

Stools. Inactivity of rectum; stools hard. Natr. M. Clin.

Stools. Obstinate constipation, with feeling of a load in rectum, which cannot be evacuated; stools seem to stick to the anus like putty. Plat. Clin.

Stools. Obstinate constipation, especially if it alternates with diarrhœa, with stool followed by tremulous weakness. Con. Clin.

Stools. Constipation; fecal stools completely enveloped in mucus. Op. Clin.



## STOOLS.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## STOOLS.

Stools. Constipation of long standing; no urging; stools composed of a few hard, round, dark balls; rectum inactive. *Op. Clin.*

Stools hard, dark brown or black; dry as if burnt. *Bry. Clin.*

Stools. (*Flatulence.*) Stools watery, with flatulence and frequent; more frequent after taking food or water. *Ferr. 1.*

Stools. Flatulence in abdomen, then urging; stools sudden, thin, small, with flatus. *Crot. Tig. 5.*

Stools. Colic in abdomen, as after taking cold, as before diarrhoea, before stools, with rumbling and pain in small of back. *Dulc. 5.*

Stools frequent, watery, with burning in anus; disposition to strain and bear down. *Iris V. 1.*

Stools offensive, with offensive flatus; frequent, of only mucus; at times, with cutting and urging. *Nit. Ac. 1.*

Stools. Rumbling in abdomen all the forenoon, with gurgling; then four pasty stools, with emission of flatus. *Natr. M. 5.*

Stools. Flatulent colic from acids, with frequent loose stools; cutting almost constantly running from left to right. *Ipec. Clin.*

Stools. (*Green.*) Stools sudden, pasty, dirty green, offensive, forcible. *Crot. Tig. 1.*

Stools. Diarrhoea in evening, at night, with cutting and pressure in rectum; with streaks of blood; stools of green mucus, with burning and protrusion of anus; with cutting and griping. *Merc. 1.*

Stools. Diarrhoea frequent, with cutting and pressure; stools green, frothy, mucous. *Mag. C. 1.*

Stools. Diarrhoea; stools involuntary, green, mucous or mushy, undigested, with cutting in abdomen before, tenesmus during and burning after stool; worse after cold food; pains worse after eating and drinking. *Laur. Clin.*

Stools. Cholera infantum; great desire for undigestible things like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken, flabby; emaciation; stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. *Calc. Ph. Clin.*

Stools. Diarrhoea of anæmic and hysterical women, mostly during night; stools greenish, pasty; with tenesmus and cutting in abdomen. *Mag. M. Clin.*

Stools. Diarrhoea; stools as green as grass; fermented; putrid; continuous nausea. *Ipec. Clin.*

Stools. Chronic diarrhoea during menstruation; green mucous stools; sometimes diarrhoea alternates with constipation. *Amm. Mur. Clin.*

Stools grass-green, slimy, with vomiting; colic. *Ant. T. Clin.*

Stools. Diarrhoea; stools green, watery, after a chill or fright. *Acon. Clin.*

Stools. (*Light Colored.*) Liver enormously enlarged; jaundice, with clay-colored stools; chronic derangements of liver. *Nit. Ac. Clin.*

Stools. Jaundice, with clear urine; offensive, tongue white; stools dark. *Chel. Clin.*

Stools. Chronic diarrhoea of an exhausting character; stools whitish, whey-like, watery, foamy, mucous; worse in the morning. *Iod. Clin.*

Stools. Liver torpid, skin yellow; stools light colored; jaundice. *Hydras. Clin.*

Stools looking like lumps of chalk in children, during dentition; hard, undigested; bleeding from anus after stool. *Calc. C. Clin.*

Stools. Liver enlarged and often indurated; jaundiced hue of skin and conjunctiva; liver sore to touch; stools clay-colored. *Merc. Clin.*

Stools. Cirrhotic liver can be felt, as emaciation progresses; clay-colored stools; tenderness over the region of the liver, especially after the abuse of Mercury. *Iod. Clin.*

Stools. Enlargement and congestion of the liver; jaundice; yellow color of the face and eyes; gray stools; swelling of feet and legs. *Mag. M. Clin.*

Stools. Duodenal catarrh, sometimes with jaundice; white stools. *Kali B. Clin.*

Stools. (*Mixed Colors.*) Diarrhoea; stools scanty, chiefly of blood and mucus, with constant desire; offensive; slimy; blackish. *Merc. C. 1.*

Stools. Copious, blackish-brown, green and whitish stools. *Apis 1.*

Stools may be brown or black, burning; putrid; brought on by eating or drinking, or aggravated after midnight, preceded by most violent, burning and cutting pains, and followed by extreme exhaustion. *Ars. A. 1.*

Stools. Diarrhoea; watery, slimy, frothy, green, bloody or bilious stools, with greenish scum floating on top of water; violent urging before, tenesmus and urging after. *Merc. Clin.*

Stools. Chronic diarrhoea; green, liquid stools, always mucous and bloody; no emission of flatus for six days. *Ratan. Clin.*

Stools. Chronic debilitating diarrhoea, with almost constant oozing from anus; stools jelly-like, green or bloody, fetid or sour, expelled quickly; worse after taking boiled milk. *Sep. Clin.*

Stools. Diarrhoea; stools green or bloody, the anus remaining constantly open. *Phos. Clin.*

Stools. Diarrhoea of malarial origin or after chilling the stomach with cold substances; stools generally dark, scanty, watery or mucous, sometimes bloody. *Ars. A. Clin.*

Stools. Camp diarrhoea; chronic, from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane, with aching and burning in hepatic region; worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. *Lept. Clin.*

Stools. Diarrhoea with great prostration and collapse at the very commencement of the disease; cutting pains with a loose discharge of dark brown or black feces like coffee-grounds; rice-water stools. *Camph. Clin.*

Stools. Diarrhoea always in daytime, never at night, but has stools early in the morning; hunger immediately after stool from weak, empty feeling in bowels; stools profuse, gushing, mucous, yellowish-brown, with colic. *Petr. Clin.*

Stools. Diarrhoea; stools painless, at first frothy, thin, and brown, later cadaverous-smelling, containing bits of yellow feces. *Borax Clin.*

Stools. Chronic diarrhoea in cachectic, dyspeptic persons; stools light gray or brownish; corrosive, sometimes painless, with rumbling in bowels, colicky pains during and before stool, and burning in anus after. *Kali C. Clin.*

Stools. Diarrhoea with excessive accumulation of flatus; stools thin, brown or pale; fecal, mixed with lumps; thin, yellow, shaggy, reddish, mucous, undigested. *Lyc. Clin.*

Stools profuse, putrid, corrosive, loose, brownish, frothy, black, offensive, undigested, white, cadaverous-smelling; worse at night. *China Clin.*

Stools. Diarrhoea without pain or urging; stools brown watery, white watery, green mucus, thin, pasty, bright yellow or light gray; like rice water. *Chel. Clin.*

Stools. Diarrhoea; stools thin, brown, yellowish, frothy; forcibly expelled, with colic and prominence of intestines like pads here and there all over the abdomen during the pains. *Ratan. Clin.*

Stools. Diarrhoea, chronic; gushing, black, greenish, gray, bloody, watery stools. *Natrum M. Clin.*

Stools. Painful diarrhoea; watery, liquid stools of the most disgusting smell; discharges profuse, greenish, blackish-brown, papescent; stool and breath equally offensive. *Asaf. Clin.*

Stools. Green, slimy stools, mucous; chopped white and yellow mucus; often of a changeable color; often undigested; often like chopped eggs and spinach; foul odor; especially in children during teething or after taking cold. *Cham. Clin.*

Stools green, sometimes slimy; white and mushy; hot and watery; very offensive. *Calc. Ph. Clin.*

Stools. Cholera infantum; stools whitish, curdy, turning green on the diaper on exposure to air; sour smell of whole body, especially during teething. *Rheum Clin.*

Stools. Diarrhoea in hot, damp weather in the fall; vomiting and purging of rice-water stools, varying in color, green, yellow, reddish, variegated; slime and feces mixed. *Colch. Clin.*

Stools. Diarrhoea in the morning driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery; brown; fecal; green; mucous; bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour; fetid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. *Sulf. Clin.*



**STOOLS.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****STRAINED.**

Stools. Diarrhœa, with much wind; stools profuse, dark green, brown, gelatinous; worse after eating; from fruit; from lager beer: from abuse of Opium; with intolerable itching of anus during typhoid fever. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Stools. Diarrhœa; frequent, profuse, greenish, white, watery stools, with flakes; severe pinching colic before stool from emotions, as fright. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Stools. Morning diarrhœa, with green, painless, but exhausting stools; watery; pouring away as from a hydrant; with lumps of white mucus or little grains like tallow. Phos. Clin.

Stools. Diarrhœa; stools white, sour, undigested; are sometimes mucus, yellow or green, and of a decayed odor. Hep. Clin.

Stools. Diarrhœa; stools jelly-like, dark yellow, red, watery, with lumps of transparent mucus; bloody water, like washings of beef. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Stools. Interminable diarrhœa in summer, which resists everything, especially in scrofulous children; stools putrid, fetid, watery, yellowish or greenish; discharged rapidly with great force. Secale Clin.

Stools. (Yellow.) Watery feces, frequent, with soreness in anus; bright yellow fluid feces twice, then chilliness; three stools of yellow water. Grat. 1.

Stools. Diarrhœa; stools yellowish, slimy; cutting pain before and after, with itching of anus when sitting. Staph. Clin.

Stools. Diarrhœa daily after breakfast, from vaccination; stool pale-yellow, watery or oily and greasy, forcibly expelled, gurgling like water from a bung-hole. Thuja Clin.

Stools. Diarrhœa of drunkards on their last legs; great debility and nervous prostration; a sensation of trembling all over the body; stools lemon-colored, chopped, frothy, mucous, stringy, offensive, watery, with burning in rectum during stool. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Stools. Cholera infantum; stools saffron-yellow, chopped, offensive, watery; child smells sour, despite the most careful washing. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Stools. Diarrhœa in wet weather, mostly mornings after rising and eating; with much rumbling; stools thin, yellow, fecal, slimy. Agar. Clin.

Stools. Diarrhœa with constant rumbling and gurgling in abdomen; stools dark yellow, undigested, very offensive; stools of yellow water, with meal-like sediment; worse night and morning after eating. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Stools. Diarrhœa brought on by riding in cars or carriage; aggravated by drinking cold water; with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool. Cocc. Clin.

Stools. Exhausting diarrhœa; stools slimy, like chopped eggs, thin, yellow, profuse and putrid; undigested, with cutting and urging during stool. Nux Mos. Clin.

Stools. (Miscellaneous.) Diarrhœa; stools pasty, sour-smelling, then shivering, then urging, with constriction in intestines. Rheum 1.

Stools black, acrid, putrid; excoriated skin about anus. Ars. A. 1.

Stools. Cutting, with heaviness across lower abdomen; ineffectual retchings; then ineffectual tendency to diarrhœa; difficult vomiting; trembling in abdomen and bending together, then two diarrhœic stools, the last like water. Ant. T. 5.

Stools. Offensive diarrhœic stools. Ant. T. 1.

Stools. Diarrhœa; stools frequent in evening; involuntary when sneezing or laughing; half fluid, half lumpy, mixed with gas and noisy flatus; in morning, afternoon, and evening, always soon after eating. Sulf. 1.

Stools contain glassy, tough, mucus; covered with mucus. Amm. Mur. 1.

Stools. Burning in rectum during and after soft stools. Amm. Mur. 2.

Stools. Diarrhœa; stools frequent, scanty, pasty, exhausting, offensive, as carrion. Sil. 1.

Stools. Copious diarrhœa with vomiting, then watery and fetid stools. Apis 1.

Stools. Burning in anus, with frequent stools; itching. Lyc. 3.

Stools. Sudden cutting in abdomen, relieved after profuse pasty stools, with digging, compelling him to bend double. Bry. 5.

Stools. Diarrhœa comes on gradually; stools more and more watery, pale, pinkish, with rapid emaciation. China Clin.

Stools. Diarrhœa from bad drainage, from drinking impure water; stools black or thick like glue, passed in thin stripes like tape. Carbol. Ac. Clin.

Stools. Dysentery from cold damp weather, rectum protrudes; stools very slimy. Dule. Clin.

Stools. Dysentery; particularly valuable in the collapsed stage; stools involuntary, grumous; with these conditions it has saved many apparently hopeless cases. Secale Clin.

Stools. Diarrhœa in nursing infants; offensive, preceded by colic; stools mucous, with aphthous sore mouth. Borax Clin.

Stools. Diarrhœa; stools of jelly-like mucus, like frog's spawn, generally with tenesmus; sometimes profuse, watery, alternating with constipation. Hell. Clin.

Stools. Nervous diarrhœa from depression of the nerve centres; stools loose, papescent, enveloped in bright red foamy blood, preceded by colic, with burning at the anus during and after stool. Zinc. Clin.

Stools. Cholera infantum, with involuntary, offensive stool. Op. Clin.

Stools. Intestinal catarrh, with much burning in the bowels; stools covered with mucus. Puls. Clin.

Stools. Involuntary stools in bed, from paralysis of sphincter ani. Laur. Clin.

Stools sometimes involuntary on every motion; this symptom indicates Apis in diarrhœa and cholera infantum. Apis Clin.

Stools. Diarrhœa after fright or sudden joy; offensive, involuntary, watery, frothy, dark stools. Op. Clin.

Stools. Frequent, involuntary stools of putrid, cadaverous odor; burning pains deep in abdomen; feces escape with flatus; collapse; pulse weak and intermittent. Carbo V. Clin.

Stools. Diarrhœa between midnight and morning, with sensation as of something pulling at the navel; stools watery, dark, offensive, profuse, involuntary or mucous and bloody. Plumb. Clin.

Stools. Involuntary, putrid stools in typhoid. Arn. Clin.

Stools at first hard, then mushy, finally fluid, smelling like rotten eggs; involuntary, fermented, sour-smelling; diarrhœa, alternating with constipation. Calc. C. Clin.

Stools. Diarrhœa, alternating with rheumatism; stools sour-smelling when the weather suddenly changes from warm to cold; damp weather. Dule. Clin.

Stools. Diarrhœa from chilling the stomach with ice water; from rancid fat; stools putrid, cadaverous-smelling. Carbo V. Clin.

Stools. Diarrhœa of undigested stools, sour odor, large in quantity. Calc. C. Clin.

Stools. Cholera or choleraic stool, not copious, with desire for warm food and drinks, and horrible cramps in stomach and abdomen. Cupr. Clin.

Stooping. Frequent urging in rectum with prolapsus and emission of flatus; stooping and, still more, crouching down caused protrusion. Ruta 2.

Stooping. Stitches in right hypochondrium during and after stooping. Calc. C. 6.

Stoops. Pain in hypochondria, aggravated by standing, so that he stoops; towards morning with distention pain in forehead and diarrhœa. Aloe 6.

Straighten. Pressure in abdomen downward at night, waking her; with tension of muscles so that he could not easily straighten up, as from incarcerated flatus. Sulf. 5.

Strain. Stools frequent, watery, with burning in anus; disposition to strain and bear down. Iris V. 1.

Strain. Constipation; an all-gone feeling in rectum; inability to expel feces or to strain at stool, with sensation of a ball in rectum. Sep. Clin.

Strained. Pinching in muscles of abdomen when sitting as if he had fallen upon them; strained pain; sensitiveness of walls. Hyos. 5.



## STRAINING.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## SUDDEN.

**Straining.** Constipation in spite of frequent straining; on following days hard, difficult, unsatisfactory stools. Sil. 1.

**Straining.** Constipation; stool that has protruded slips back again, after urging and straining till abdominal walls are sore. Sil. 1.

**Straining in rectum before, during and after stool;** fullness; sensation after as if something remained; pressure during soft stool. Sulf. 2.

**Straining.** Stool natural at first, then several small, loose evacuations, then small hard evacuations with violent straining in rectum and anus till all are passed. Ant. Cr. 1.

**Straining.** Constipation; no urging; inactivity of rectum; stool insufficient, hard; much straining, with headache. Arn. Clin.

**Straining to stool, then scanty diarrhoea, then increased straining.** Bell. 2.

**Straining.** Stool unsatisfactory, after much straining, which caused rush of blood to head and confusion of head. Bry. 1.

**Straining.** Constipation; stools like sheep-dung, after great straining and burning; with balls of mucus like peas; difficult stools, not hard. Natr. C. 1.

**Straining.** Difficult stool, with straining and burning in rectum. Nit. Ac. 1.

**Straining.** Natural stool, with pressure and straining, with mucus. Sil. 1.

**Straining.** Dysenteric attacks for several successive years; frequent bloody stools with gnawing at navel, then ineffectual straining. Kali B. 1.

**Straining.** Inactivity of rectum; even a soft and thin stool requires great straining. Alum. Clin.

**Straining.** Constipation, with torpor of the liver and hæmorrhoids; stool very small, resembles sheep's-dung; passed only by very great straining. Bapt. Clin.

**Straining.** Diarrhoea aggravated by motion; straining to stool. Bell. Clin.

**Straining.** Constipation from constriction of anus; hard stool like sheep's-dung, passed only after hard straining. Berb. Clin.

**Straining.** Dysentery, bloody and mucous, with great straining and burning of anus, temporarily ceasing after stool and by warmth of bed; aggravation after eating or drinking. Coloc. Clin.

**Straining.** Chronic dysentery; urgent straining, with shuddering and sense of insufficient evacuation. Lye. Clin.

**Straining.** Dysentery; almost constant cutting pains in abdomen, with ineffectual pressing, straining and tenesmus; discharges of bloody slime day and night; severe pains in rectum continue after stool. Merc. C. Clin.

**Straining.** Constipation in persons of sedentary habits, from atony of lower intestines; stools hard, dry, crumble when passing, with great straining and causing prolapse of rectum. Pod. Clin.

**Strangulated.** Piles protruding and strangulated, or with stitches upward at each cough or sneeze. Lach. Clin.

**Straw.** Diarrhoea in spring when warm weather sets in; stools very offensive, undigested, watery, chocolate-colored, consisting of decomposed blood, looking like charred straw. Lach. Clin.

**Streaked.** Constipation; stool very hard, passed with much difficulty and streaked with blood. Carbo An. Clin.

**Streaked.** Constipation; stool hard, knotty, streaked with blood, preceded and accompanied by smarting at the anus. Natr. S. Clin.

**Streaks.** Diarrhoea in evening, at night, with cutting and pressure in rectum; with streaks of blood; stools of green mucus, with burning and protrusion of anus; with cutting and griping. Merc. 1.

**Streaks.** White, tough mucus, with the stool like scrapings from intestines, with streaks of blood; copious. Canth. 1.

**Streaks.** Hard stool and covered with streaks of blood; knotty, enveloped in thick mucus; then a soft one, enveloped in mucus. Mag. M. 1.

**Streaks.** Stools whitish, mixed with tenacious mucus and streaks of blood. Nux V. 1.

**Streaks.** Diarrhoea; stool partly liquid, partly solid; offensive, with much thin mucus and streaks of blood. Sulf. Ac. 1.

**Stream.** Stool hard, in shape of laurel berries; difficult; with cutting in anus as if too narrow; then a stream of blood, followed by soreness in anus along rectum. Alum. 1.

**Stream.** Stool profuse, black, fetid, running out in a stream; at first hard, black and lumpy, then mushy. Lept. 1.

**Stream.** Bleeding piles; blood flows with each stool in a small stream. Phos. Clin.

**Strength.** Chronic diarrhoea with gradual loss of strength; fetid stool and flatus smelling like lime, which has been used to purify gas of sulphur. Phos. Clin.

**Stretching.** Flatulent colic relieved by stretching the body out or walking. Diosc. Clin.

**String.** Pain in hepatic region extending downward and across umbilical region as if constricted by a string. Chel. 6.

**String.** Constriction transversely across umbilical region as by a string; in afternoon till 6 above navel. Chel. 7.

**String.** Colic; intense paroxysms of a shooting character; abdomen hard as a stone and drawn into the spine as if by a string; knots in recti muscles. Plumb. Clin.

**Stringy.** Diarrhoea of drunkards on their last legs; great debility and nervous prostration; a sensation of trembling all over the body; stools lemon-colored, chopped, frothy, mucous, stringy, offensive, watery, with burning in rectum during stool. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

**Stringy.** Stool soft, then empty feeling in abdomen; saffron-yellow; stringy and slimy; chopped. Sulf. Ac. 1.

**Stringy.** Periodical return of dysentery in spring or early part of summer; stools blackish, watery, bloody, jelly-like; stringy discharges, with tenesmus during and after stool. Kali B. Clin.

**Strips.** Diarrhoea from bad drainage, from drinking impure water; stools black or thick like glue, passed in thin strips like tape. Carbol. Ac. Clin.

**Study.** Irritable liver; jaundice from vexation; from excessive study or mental work; congestion of liver with soreness and sharp sticking pains; aggravation from lying on left side. Natr. S. Clin.

**Studying.** Sharp pain in rectum after stool, after eating; aggravation from exerting the mind or studying in morning before stool. Nux V. 2.

**Stuffed.** Internal feeling in groins as if stuffed; aggravation from stepping forward, when it seemed that the thickness pushed forward and everything would fall out. Cocc. 7.

**Stuffed.** Chronic constipation; feeling in anus as if stuffed full; large, hard, difficult stools only once or twice a week. Apis Clin.

**Subacute.** Catarrhal enteritis; perityphlitis; subacute colitis. Merc. Clin.

**Subsided.** Desire in rectum for stool, after a meal; desire increased when moving about, then thin, offensive stool, with colic, then ineffectual tenesmus, later another stool, the urging which had gradually subsided returned more than ever. Rheum 2.

**Substance.** Sensation of a foreign substance in rectum, or rough, hard feces, with constant looseness of bowels. Natr. M. 2.

**Substances.** Diarrhoea of malarial origin or after chilling the stomach with cold substances; stools generally dark, scanty, watery or mucus, sometimes bloody. Ars. A. Clin.

**Substantial.** Diarrhoea, with burning in rectum and anus after stool; severe rumbling of gas, watery discharges, mixed with mucus, preceded by soft and more substantial stools. Iris V. Clin.

**Sudden. (Stool.)** Stools sudden, pasty, dirty green, offensive, forcible. Crot. Tig. 1.

**Sudden.** Flatulence in abdomen, then urging; stools sudden, thin, small, with flatus. Crot. Tig. 5.

**Sudden.** Diarrhoea frequent and sudden, without pain or smell; watery. Ferr. 1.

**Sudden.** Diarrhoea; stool watery, frequent, with burning in anus; sudden about midnight, with urging; very offensive; ammoniacal. Lach. 1.

**Sudden.** Diarrhoea in the morning, driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery; brown; fecal; green; mucous; bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour; fetid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. Sulf. Clin.



## SUDDEN.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## SWELLING.

Sudden. (*Miscellaneous.*) Stool of brown, frothy water, with tenesmus, pain in abdomen and nausea; then sudden, complete rest. Kali B. 1.

Sudden. Urging to stool after eating, when rising from lying; sudden in morning on rising; ineffectual; also with emission of flatus. Aloe 2.

Sudden. Gurgling in hypogastrium at night, with sudden urging to stool. Aloe 7.

Sudden waking at 6 a. m., with copious, yellow, half liquid stool, with urging in rectum. Arg. N. 1.

Sudden cutting in abdomen relieved after profuse, pasty stools, with digging, compelling him to bend double. Bry. 5.

Sudden flatulence in hypogastrium, passing painfully towards ring. Graph. 7.

Sudden. Rolling and rumbling in abdomen, with sudden pinches, as after a purgative, then diarrhoea. Natr. S. 5.

Sudden bounding as of something alive in right iliac region. Thuja 7.

Sudden. Diarrhoea after fright or sudden joy; offensive, involuntary, watery, frothy, dark stools. Op. Clin.

Suddenly. Sharp, pinching pains in liver which come suddenly and with great severity. Berb. Clin.

Suddenly. Constipation; stool large, hard lumps which remain long in rectum and when feces are expelled they suddenly recede into the rectum; even a soft stool is expelled with much difficulty. Sil. Clin.

Suddenly. Piles suddenly in children, with great sensitiveness; prolapsus ani while urinating; piles after confinement. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Suffocation. Feeling in abdomen as if distended, even to bursting, causing suffocation. Caps. 5.

Suffocation. Intermittent boring in abdomen, often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder, lower limbs. Plumb. 5.

Suffocative. Diarrhoea of green mucus, with suffocative spells about the heart. Laur. Clin.

Sugar. Diarrhoea from eating sugar or sweets, of which there is a great fondness. Arg. N. Clin.

Sulphur. Chronic diarrhoea, with gradual loss of strength; fetid stool and flatus, smelling like lime which has been used to purify gas of sulphur. Phos. Clin.

Sulphuretted hydrogen. Flatulence; emission of flatus, worse in evening and night, offensive, smelling of sulphuretted hydrogen. Sulf. 5.

Sulphuretted hydrogen. Distention of abdomen in morning in bed, relieved by emission of flatus, smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; also at night, after eating, with heaviness. Sulf. 5.

Summer. Diarrhoea coming on suddenly, faint feeling before, during and after stool; worse from fruits and sweetmeats during summer; every movement of the body renews the discharges. Crot. Tig. Clin.

Summer. Diarrhoea from checked perspiration during heat of summer with cold nights. Acon. Clin.

Summer. Mucous diarrhoea in summer, often caused by checked perspiration. Cham. Clin.

Summer. Diarrhoea during hot summer and after milk; stools watery; gray; worse during day and after eating; with discharge passing with a gush; much fetid flatus is passed with the stool. Natr. C. Clin.

Summer. Periodical return of dysentery in spring or early part of summer; stools blackish, watery, bloody, jelly-like; stringy discharges, with tenesmus during and after stool. Kali B. Clin.

Summer. Interminable diarrhoea in summer, which resists everything, especially in scrofulous children; stools putrid, fetid, watery, yellowish or greenish; discharged rapidly with great force. Secale Clin.

Sunken. Colic, scanty urine, with pallor, sunken features and staggering; pupils dilated, lips bluish, face covered with clammy sweat; pulse thready. Hell. 5.

Sunken. Cholera infantum; great desire for indigestible things, like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken, flabby; emaciation; stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Supper. Distention of abdomen after supper, with heaviness, anxiety and emission of flatus. Arg. N. 5.

Supper. Distention of abdomen after eating; after a moderate supper, with griping here and there; sharp pain, as from flatulent food and much drink. China 5.

Supper. Colic from cold, from getting feet wet, from fruits, from ices, pastry; flatulent colic in evening after supper or at night. Puls. Clin.

Supports. Weakness of the sphincter; piles come down from any exertion, as walking or standing; she supports the anus by pressure with her hand to prevent protrusion of the parts. Sep. Clin.

Suppressed. Hæmorrhoids from a suppressed cutaneous eruption. Aloe Clin.

Suppressed. Colic caused by suppressed perspiration, as from drinking ice water when heated. Coloc. Clin.

Suppressed. Colic during pregnancy or from suppressed menstruation; menstrual colic. Puls. Clin.

Suppression. Asiatic cholera with sudden suppression of the discharges and collapse. Camph. Clin.

Suppurate. Hæmorrhoids intensely painful; boring, cramping from anus to rectum and testicles; protrude during stool; become incarcerated and suppurate. Sil. Clin.

Suppurate. Hæmorrhoids large, bleeding which suppurate. Merc. Clin.

Suppurating. Distention in hepatic region, with pain as if suppurating, and as if an ulcer would burst. Laur. 6.

Suppurating. Intermittent pressure in hepatic region while standing, relieved bending forward, with pain on touch, as if suppurating. China 6.

Suppurating. Hæmorrhoids, protruding, large bluish, suppurating and offensive, with burning pains in anus. Carbo V. Clin.

Suppuration of inguinal glands; buboes. Hep. 7.

Suppurative. Swelling of inguinal glands, suppurative, with pain on walking; the whole limb seems paralyzed and muscles tense. Nit. Ac. 7.

Swallow. Internal coldness in abdomen, after every swallow of drink, renewed on every inspiration. China 5.

Swelling in abdomen as of water. Crot. Tig. 5.

Sweat. Diarrhoea with profuse sweat, with desire for eating and drinking; stool frequent and painful; watery; involuntary. Ver. Alb. 1.

Sweat. Pain in abdomen, then discharge of dark mucus, causing biting in anus as before diarrhoea, from taking cold; in morning on slightest uncovering during sweat. Nux V. 5.

Sweat. Colic; scanty urine, with pallor sunken features and staggering, pupils dilated, lips bluish, face covered with clammy sweat; pulse tready. Hell. 5.

Sweat. Pain in abdomen with coldness, then heat and warm sweat; heat with inclination to stool; pain in transverse colon at 3 a. m., then diarrhoea. Pod. 5.

Sweat. Metro-peritonitis, with nausea, vomiting, profound prostration, cold sweat, brown tongue, burning pain. Ars. A. Clin.

Sweat. Cold from passage of gravel from kidneys; pains shoot up into kidneys and down into testicles and legs, with cold, clammy, sweat. Diosc. Clin.

Sweet. Colic after eating and drinking, obliging one to bend double; worse from sweet things. Sulf. Clin.

Sweetmeats. Diarrhoea coming on suddenly; faint feeling before, during and after stool, worse from fruits and sweetmeats during summer; every movement of the body renews the discharges. Crot. Tig. Clin.

Sweetish. Cutting pain in hypogastrium mornings, with nausea, sweetish, disgusting taste, weakness and sleepiness; cutting rising to upper abdomen, where it amounted to griping. Nux V. 7.

Sweets. Diarrhoea from eating sugar or sweets, of which there is a great fondness. Arg. N. Clin.

Sweets. Chronic diarrhoea in dyspeptics and consumptives, which is caused whenever taking fresh meat, fat foods, acids, sweets. Caust. Clin.

Swell. Hæmorrhoids swell very much, with burning pain on walking. Carbo An. 2.

Swelling. (*Abdomen.*) Swelling of abdomen, which is painful to touch. Acon. 5.

Swelling. Stitches; griping in abdomen, with swelling. Acon. 5.

Swelling of abdomen. Crotal. H. 5.



**SWELLING.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****TEARING.**

Swelling of abdomen with trembling. Con. 5.

Swelling. Typhlitis; painful swelling of the whole right side of the abdomen; aggravation from lying on left side; better when lying on the back and by gentle pressure. *Rhus Tox.* Clin.

Swelling. (*Inguinal Glands.*) Swelling of inguinal glands. *Calc. C.* 7.

Swelling of inguinal glands, with circumscribed redness; with pain on pressure and from long walking and standing; obliged to lie down. *M. re.* 7.

Swelling of inguinal glands. *Rhus Tox.* 7.

Swelling of inguinal glands, with sticking and cutting. *Thuja* 7.

Swelling of inguinal glands; painful; and of axillary glands. *Natr. C.* 7.

Swelling of inguinal glands, suppurative, with pain on walking; the whole limb seems paralyzed and muscles tense. *Nit. Ac.* 7.

Swelling. (*Liver.*) Swelling of liver. *China* 6.

Swelling. Inflammation of the liver, with pain, swelling, hardness, constant fever, dry tongue, restlessness, small, rapid pulse, and on rising from bed faintness. *Iod.* 6.

Swelling and abscess in liver, with stitching pains in right side, commencing in back and going through and up into the chest. *Kali C.* Clin.

Swelling and hardness of the liver; stitches. *Sulf.* Clin.

Swelling. Enlargement and congestion of the liver; jaundice; yellow color of the face and eyes; gray stools, swelling of feet and legs. *Mag. M.* Clin.

Swelling. (*Hæmorrhoids.*) Hæmorrhoids with swelling; protruding, painless, discharging blood with every stool; with prickling in rectum, burning, painful. *Nit. Ac.* 3.

Swelling of hæmorrhoidal veins, with discharge of bloody slime by day and night. *Thuja* 3.

Swelling. Aggravation of internal piles with protrusion of rectum after stool; sometimes prolapsed for days, owing to the swelling and congestion. *Pod.* 2.

Swellings. Hard swellings of the liver. Con. 7.

Swollen. (*Abdomen.*) Abdomen swollen and painful. *Ars. A.* 5.

Swollen. Bruised feeling in the abdominal walls which are extremely tender even when the abdomen is not swollen. *Apis* Clin.

Swollen. Abdomen swollen, hard, sore above navel, where there is a great deal of colic, sometimes relieved by pressure. *Cina* Clin.

Swollen. Watery, profuse diarrhœa, gushing out like a torrent; abdomen swollen and tender to the touch; sometimes associated with coldness of the body and unquenchable thirst. *Jatr.* Clin.

Swollen. Colic, forcing patient to bend double; he must walk about for relief; abdomen swollen, sensitive, no flatus up or down; after a cold; from fruits or vegetables; cold feeling in abdomen. *Ver. Alb.* Clin.

Swollen. (*Hæmorrhoids.*) Hæmorrhoids swollen and sore. *Aloe* 3.

Swollen. Hæmorrhoids, with sore pain; unendurable on walking or reflecting; swollen, with itching sticking and much moisture; hard, stinging burning; painful when touched. *Caust.* 3.

Swollen. Hæmorrhoids swollen, protruding, burning, sticking; protruding during soft stool; painful on touch; painful when sitting. *Lyc.* 3.

Swollen hæmorrhoids protrude and cause pain during a stool, which is not hard; hæmorrhage. *Calc. C.* 3.

Swollen hæmorrhoids, with burning sore pain; blue hæmorrhoids, with pain on pressure. *Mur. Ac.* 3.

Swollen. Hæmorrhoids swollen; bleeding during natural stool. *Kali C.* 3.

Swollen. Hæmorrhoids swollen and protrude with a hard stool; protrude during diarrhœa, with stitching and burning for many hours. *Kali C.* 3.

Swollen. Hæmorrhoids, accompanied with obstinate constipation; swollen, itching, stinging, burning, and painful when touched. *Caust.* Clin.

Swollen. Hæmorrhoids bluish, swollen, inflamed, protruding, bleeding from least touch, with stitching burning pains; from cold; from ice cream and ice water in hot weather. *Ars. A.* Clin.

Swollen. (*Liver.*) Atrophic nutmeg liver, which is swollen; enlargement of liver and spleen after intermittent fever. *Nux Mos.* Clin.

Swollen. Perihepatitis with sharp stitches in right hypochondrium; aggravation from any motion; better when lying on right side; liver seems swollen, sore to touch. *Bry.* Clin.

Swollen. Hepatic affections in good livers; in alcoholic excesses and after allopathic dosing; liver swollen, hard and sensitive to pressure of clothing. *Nux V.* Clin.

Swollen. (*Miscellaneous.*) Swollen glands in right groin; with sensitiveness. *Graph.* 7.

Swollen. Mucous membrane of the anus is swollen and everted; in dysentery, with excessive tenderness. *Bell.* Clin.

Taking. Pain in muscles of abdomen when rising from lying, with pressing to stool as from taking cold. *Aloe* 5.

Tallow. Diarrhœa; stool like scum of a frog pond, green, frothy; white masses like lumps of tallow floating on the green; sour smelling; undigested; containing curds. *Mag. C.* Clin.

Tape. Diarrhœa from bad drainage, from drinking impure water; stools black or thick like glue, passed in thin strips like tape. *Carbol. Ac.* Clin.

Tar-like. Camp diarrhœa; chronic, from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane, with aching and burning in hepatic region; worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. *Lept.* Clin.

Taste. Enlargement of the liver; pain under angle of right shoulder blade, or with jaundice, yellow tongue, bitter taste. *Chel.* Clin.

Taste. Cutting pain in hypogastrium mornings, with nausea, sweetish, disgusting taste, weakness and sleepiness; cutting rising to upper abdomen, where it amounted to griping. *Nux V.* 7.

Tearing. (*Abdomen.*) Diarrhœa with coldness of extremities, with vomiting and prostration; with tearing and cutting in abdomen; stool dark, bloody colored; black mucus; offensive, yellow, with tenesmus and burning pain in rectum and anus. *Ars. A.* 1.

Tearing. Griping tearing in upper abdomen and in side of chest after dinner; aggravated by walking and standing; amelioration when the body and mind are at rest. *Zinc.* 5.

Tearing. Paroxysmal tearing in abdomen, worse at umbilicus. *Plumb.* 5.

Tearing. Stitches in abdomen, extending into the vagina; tearing; cutting. *Ars. A.* 5.

Tearing. Incarcerated flatus, with tension; sticking, drawing, tearing in whole abdomen. *Coloc.* 5.

Tearing. Stitches in abdomen, with griping, tearing, drawing extending to chest. *Nux V.* 5.

Tearing. Cutting in abdomen on appearance of menses; aggravation from motion, with tearing in back and small of back; during menstruation, with diarrhœa. *Caust.* 5.

Tearing. (*Miscellaneous.*) Yellow, watery diarrhœa, with tearing cutting before stool, as after taking cold. *Dulc.* 1.

Tearing. Contracted sensation in rectum during stool; stool difficult, hard, causing tearing in anus, so that it bleeds and pains as if sore. *Natr. M.* 2.

Tearing. Constriction in rectum during stool, with discharge of bright blood; after stool, with sensation as if some could not be evacuated; after eating, with tearing sticking. *Nux V.* 2.

Tearing around umbilicus, with flatulence. *Natr. S.* 7.

Tearing. Stinging tearing in perineum. *Amm. Mur.* 3.

Tearing. Intermittent tearing in left half of pubic eminence. *Arn.* 7.

Tearing stitches in rectum when sitting. *Ruta* 2.

Tearing. Griping tearing in region of navel and lower down in sides, with pain in small of back as if broken. *Cham.* 7.

Tearing transversely across pubis and then through pudenda as far as anus. *Carbo An.* 7.

Tearing. Stitches in anus, with tearing, cutting and burning. *Kali C.* 3.

Tearing. Sticking in right hypochondrium after dinner; in hepatic and right inguinal regions; in a spot in hepatic region; sore pain on touch; pinching, sticking, tearing. *Kali C.* 6.

Tearing. Sticking in hepatic region; intermittent tearing. Con. 6.

Tearing in hepatic region as if stones would cut their way out, with diarrhœa, always preceded by an agreeable sensation in the stomach. *Nux Mos.* 6.



## TEARING.

**Tearing.** Dysentery; stools watery, mucous and bloody, with tearing down the thighs and much tenesmus. *Rhus Tox. Clin.*

**Tearings.** Drawing pain in posterior part, extending towards back, like tearings. *Calc. C. 6.*

**Tearings** extending around anus, with smarting. *Berb. 3.*

**Teething.** Green, slimy stools, mucous; chopped white and yellow mucus; often of a changeable color; often undigested; often like chopped eggs and spinach; foul odor; especially in children during teething or from taking cold. *Cham. Clin.*

**Teething.** Cholera infantum; stools whitish, curdy, turning green on the diaper on exposure to air; sour smelling of the whole body, especially during teething. *Rheum Clin.*

**Ten.** Constipation; stool blackish, scanty, like sheep-dung; painful; only once in eight or ten days, or green in balls, often hard. *Plumb. 1.*

**Ten p. m.** Rumbling in abdomen between 6 and 10 p. m., with movements of flatus and aching, then emission of flatus; offensive. *China 5.*

**Ten p. m.** Noise in abdomen as if a full bottle were emptied; in evening, continuing after a thin stool at 10 p. m. *Jatr. 5.*

**Tenacious.** Stool of only clear, tenacious, colorless mucus. *Hell. 1.*

**Tenacious.** Constipation; stools of tenacious feces, with great tenesmus. *Merc. C. 1.*

**Tenacious.** Stool whitish, mixed with tenacious mucus and streaks of blood. *Nux V. 1.*

**Tenacious.** Diarrhœa; stool adheres to rectum and anus like soft clay; tenacious; glutinous. *Plat. Clin.*

**Tender.** Abdomen tense, hot and tender to touch. *Cupr. 5.*

**Tender.** Bruised feeling in the abdominal walls, which are extremely tender even when the abdomen is not swollen. *Apis Clin.*

**Tender.** Watery, profuse diarrhœa; gushing out like a torrent; abdomen swollen and tender to the touch; sometimes associated with coldness of the body and unquenchable thirst. *Jatr. Clin.*

**Tenderness.** Tumefaction of abdomen, with tenderness to touch. *Bell. 5.*

**Tenderness.** Pain in abdomen as if sore and raw; tenderness on pressure. *Bell. 5.*

**Tenderness.** Mucous membrane of the anus is swollen and everted in dysentery, with excessive tenderness. *Bell. Clin.*

**Tenderness.** Jaundice, with hæmorrhage from the nose; tenderness of the liver. *Crotal. H. Clin.*

**Tenderness.** Perityphlitis, with high fever, great tenderness over the appendix and hardness. *Crotal. H. Clin.*

**Tenderness.** Cirrhotic liver; can be felt as emaciation progresses; clay-colored stools; tenderness over the region of the liver, especially after the abuse of Mercury. *Iod. Clin.*

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

**Tenderness.** Abdominal troubles, with extreme tenderness; cannot bear the touch of her clothes. *Crotal. H. Clin.*

**Tenderness.** Enlarged liver of drunkards, with inflammation and abscess; jaundice; tenderness on pressure. *Lach. Clin.*

**Tenesmus.** (*Constipation.*) Constant, ineffectual urging, with tenesmus in rectum. *Merc. 2.*

**Tenesmus, but nothing passes except mucus tinged with blood.** *Merc. C. 2.*

**Tenesmus.** Constipation, with sensitiveness above Ponpart's ligament and hardness low down in left iliac region; afterwards almost dysentery of watery stools mixed with whitish-yellow and cheesy masses and tenesmus. *Phos. 1.*

**Tenesmus.** Constipation; stools of tenacious feces, with great tenesmus. *Merc. C. 1.*

**Tenesmus** with only a little feces at first, then transparent, bilious, membranous mucus, with relief of colic; amelioration from frequent passage of flatus; urging to stool, which is unsatisfactory. *Colch. 2.*

**Tenesmus.** Small stool after colic, with tenesmus, first of dark green feces then of dark green mucus. *Ars. A. 1.*

**Tenesmus.** Expulsion of pieces of mucus, with tenesmus and cutting in anus as from blind hæmorrhoids. *Ars. A. 1.*

**Tenesmus.** Frequent tenesmus during the day, without ability to expel anything. *Anac. 2.*

**Tenesmus,** but he cannot expel anything and the rectum seems plugged up. *Anac. 2.*

**Tenesmus.** Ineffectual urging; tenesmus, only wind, passes with pressure in rectum. *Carbo V. 2.*

**Tenesmus.** Frequent tenesmus for many days without being able to pass anything; great urgent desire for stool; but on sitting down the desire immediately passes off without an evacuation. *Anac. Clin.*

**Tenesmus.** (*Diarrhœa.*) Tenesmus in morning after waking, then a copious fluid stool. *Sulf. 2.*

**Tenesmus.** Gripping in abdomen, with rumbling; then thin, green diarrhœa without tenesmus. *Mag. C. 5.*

**Tenesmus.** Diarrhœa, with coldness of extremities; with vomiting and prostration; with tearing and cutting in abdomen; stool dark, bloody-colored; black mucus; offensive; yellow; with tenesmus and burning pain in rectum and anus. *Ars. A. 1.*

**Tenesmus.** Small, frequent passages, consisting of mucus, at times mingled with blood and causing tenesmus, preceded by flatulent colic in hypogastrium. *Caps. 1.*

**Tenesmus.** Stool of brown, frothy water, with tenesmus, pain in abdomen and nausea; then sudden, complete rest. *Kali B. 1.*

**Tenesmus,** then copious, thin or paplike, sour-smelling stool with relief. *Arn. 2.*

**Tenesmus.** Diarrhœa twice in morning, with tenesmus in afternoon; frequent, of thin, greenish mucus. *Laur. 1.*

## TENESMUS.

**Tenesmus.** Diarrhœa, then empty tenesmus; mucous diarrhœa, with tenesmus; small stool, consisting of only mucus. *Caps. 1.*

**Tenesmus.** Diarrhœa, frequent; twice in morning, with tenesmus. *Nit. Ac. 1.*

**Tenesmus.** Crawling tenesmus in anus as in diarrhœa, every evening before sleep. *Plat. 3.*

**Tenesmus** during diarrhœa. *Alum. 2.*

**Tenesmus.** Diarrhœa, with burning pain and tenesmus of rectum. *Gamb. 2.*

**Tenesmus.** Diarrhœa, with pinching around umbilicus; sometimes with discharge of flatus; stool watery, profuse, with colic and tenesmus; fecal; forcible. *Gamb. 1.*

**Tenesmus.** Diarrhœa violent, painful, green, with cutting and tenesmus. *Cupr. 1.*

**Tenesmus.** Diarrhœa; stool semi-liquid, forcible, frequent, followed by tenesmus and burning in anus; brown, frequent, followed by tenesmus, pain in back and burning in rectum. *Rheum 1.*

**Tenesmus.** Desire in rectum for stool after a meal; desire increased when moving about; then thin, offensive stool, with colic; then ineffectual tenesmus; later another stool; the urging, which had gradually subsided, returned more than ever. *Rheum 2.*

**Tenesmus.** Diarrhœa; stools of jelly-like mucus, like frog's spawn, generally with tenesmus; sometimes profuse, watery, alternating with constipation. *Hell. Clin.*

**Tenesmus.** Diarrhœa; stools dark brown, semi-liquid, bilious, offensive; aggravation in morning and forenoon, with tenesmus of bladder and rectum during stool, preceded by constant dragging and bearing-down. *Lil. Tig. Clin.*

**Tenesmus.** Diarrhœa of anæmic and hysterical women, mostly during night; stools greenish, pasty, with tenesmus and cutting in abdomen. *Mag. M. Clin.*

**Tenesmus.** Mucous diarrhœa with tenesmus; stools frequent, small; burning in rectum and bladder; bloody; shaggy; greenish; frothy; worse at night. *Caps. Clin.*

**Tenesmus.** Diarrhœa; stools involuntary, green, mucous or mushy, undigested, with cutting in abdomen before, tenesmus during, and burning after stool; worse after eating and drinking. *Laur. Clin.*

**Tenesmus.** Diarrhœa; watery, slimy, frothy, green, bloody or bilious stools with greenish seum floating on top of water; violent urging before, tenesmus and urging after. *Merc. Clin.*

**Tenesmus.** (*Dysentery.*) Stool of blood and mucus with pain and tenesmus; frequent day and night, with cutting in abdomen, and almost ineffectual tenesmus. *Merc. C. 1.*

**Tenesmus.** Urging to stool; ineffectual; tenesmus as in dysentery, with burning pain and pressure in rectum and anus. *Ars. A. 2.*



**TENESMUS.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****TESTICLES.**

Tenesmus. Dysentery; stools slimy and bloody, with tenesmus. Colch. 1.

Tenesmus. Stool of bloody mucus, with cutting in abdomen and tenesmus. Merc. 1.

Tenesmus. Stool preceded by cold pain low down in pelvis; feces mixed with mucus and dark clotted blood, followed by tenesmus. Merc. C. 1.

Tenesmus. Dysentery; discharges bloody, some tenesmus but not painful. Bapt. Clin.

Tenesmus. Violent pain in rectum, with chill and fever; inflammation, tenesmus and bloody discharges. Acon. Clin.

Tenesmus. Dysenteric, bloody stools, with intolerable burning tenesmus; with chill as if water were poured over one. Canth. Clin.

Tenesmus. Dysentery; stool small, slimy, bloody, with urging; tenesmus, ceasing after stool; stools like pitch and blood. Nux V. Clin.

Tenesmus. Dysentery in moist weather; aggravation from any current of air; violent tenesmus of rectum and bladder. Caps. Clin.

Tenesmus. Diphtheritic dysentery; burning in rectum with ineffectual urging; stools bloody; tenesmus. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Tenesmus. Stool bloody with tenesmus, and painful; dysenteric; much black, offensive blood; pseudo-membrane; painful and frequent, with fever and headache. Nit. Ac. Clin.

Tenesmus. Dysentery; almost constant cutting pains in abdomen, with ineffectual pressing, straining, and tenesmus; discharges of bloody slime day and night; severe pains in rectum continue after stool. Merc. C. Clin.

Tenesmus. Dysenteries during the autumn, with violent colic and tenesmus; stools almost black and fermented, like frothy molasses. Ipec. Clin.

Tenesmus. Periodical return of dysentery in spring or early part of summer; stools blackish, watery, bloody, jelly-like; stringy discharges with tenesmus during and after stool. Kali B. Clin.

Tenesmus. Chronic dysentery; discharges like meat washings; severe tenesmus, burning pain deep in rectum. Pod. Clin.

Tenesmus. Dysentery; burning in anus during stool, and long-lasting, severe tenesmus afterwards; fruitless efforts to stool, which is watery, bloody and offensive. Plumb. Clin.

Tenesmus. Dysentery; stools watery, mucous and bloody, with tearing down the thighs and much tenesmus. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Tenesmus. (*Miscellaneous.*) Hæmorrhoids, blind, painful, with slow, hot prickings; hæmorrhoidal tenesmus, causing burning pain. Ars. A. 3.

Tenesmus; a constant pressing and urging towards anus and genitals, alternating with painful contractions of anus. Bell. 2.

Tenesmus; urging to stool. Acon. 2.

Tenesmus, as if more stool would follow, which must be held back on account of soreness of anus, yet on account of this pain he does not dare to draw the anus together. Aloe 2.

Tenesmus. Cutting in umbilical region after eating, with tenesmus. Coloc. 7.

Tense. Abdomen tense, hot and tender to touch. Cupr. 5.

Tense. Abdomen distended and tense, with rumbling and cutting. Hep. 5.

Tense. Abdomen tense and hard; tense and hot, with rumbling, grumbling and constant diarrhoea. Sil. 5.

Tense. Swelling of inguinal glands, suppurative, with pain on walking; the whole limb seems paralyzed and muscles tense. Nit. Ac. 7.

Tension. (*Abdomen.*) Distention of abdomen after eating, with tension; amelioration from emission of flatus. Lyc. 5.

Tension in abdomen and incarceration of flatus. Lyc. 5.

Tension. Pressure in abdomen downward at night, waking her; with tension of muscles so that he could not easily straighten up; as from incarcerated flatus. Sulf. 5.

Tension. Distention and pain in abdomen, with tension. Coloc. 5.

Tension. Colic, with spasmodic closure of anus and difficult emission of flatus; with tension and grumbling. Op. 5.

Tension. Soreness in abdomen as if menses would appear, with drawing; tension; heaviness during motion; emptiness after stool. Sep. 5.

Tension. Sticking, pressive pain in the region of the abdominal ring, as if a hernia would press out there, with tension as far as the side of the abdomen. Alum. 5.

Tension. Drawing tension in abdomen. Calc. C. 5.

Tension. Tension in abdomen, especially in epigastric region, between pit of stomach and navel; aggravation from motion, with tension in lower part of back. Caps. 5.

Tension in abdomen in afternoon from accumulated flatus, but it passed copiously and easily. Carbo V. 5.

Tension. Distention of abdomen with tension and hardness. Chel. 5.

Tension. Incarcerated flatus with tension, sticking, drawing, tearing in whole abdomen. Coloc. 5.

Tension in region of left anterior superior spine, of ilium in evening, changing into drawing, extending to spine of ilium, to inguinal region and upper third of inner surface of thigh. Coloc. 7.

Tension. Distention of abdomen and after eating; tension with weight, with pain in place of a hernia. Sil. 5.

Tension. (*Hypochondrium, Right.*) Uneasiness in region of liver, with heat, pressure, and tension. Aloe 6.

Tension and pressure in hepatic region, as if enlarged, even to bursting. Calc. C. 6.

Tension in liver region as if it were too short there, on waking from midday nap. Carbo V. 6.

Tension in liver when lying on left side, with pressure. Card. M. 6.

Tension. Stitches in hypochondria when walking in open air, also with tension in right hypochondrium, as if hepatic region would burst open at 4 p. m.; on deep breathing while sitting. Natr. S. 6.

Tension. Sticking in hepatic region; aggravation from motion, with tension. Nit. Ac. 6.

Tension. (*Miscellaneous.*) Flatulence here and there in hypochondria; even in back, in region of ribs and chest, causing tension and bubbling; amelioration from empty eructations. Lyc. 6.

Tension. Constriction of anus during stool, with tension and burning after dry stool. Sil. 3.

Tension. Inflation and tension, with pinching in umbilical region; with frequent emission of flatus. Gamb. 7.

Tension in hypogastrium, with pain on touch. Op. 7.

Tension. Feeling of tension in hypogastrium when sitting and walking, with heaviness. Kali C. 7.

Tension. Spasmodic tension in rectum all day. Ign. 2.

Tension. Distention of hypochondria; worse in sides, pit of stomach and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. Ign. 6.

Tensive. Burning and tensive pain in right hypochondrium; worse from pressure; sharp drawing in hepatic region. Mag. M. 6.

Tensive. Drawing, tensive pains in abdomen, like liver pains. Puls. 5.

Tensive. Drawing, tensive pains in upper abdomen, extending through spermatic cord into testicles, which hang low down. Puls. 5.

Tensive. Gripping, tensive pain in umbilical region, extending towards stomach in afternoon and evening; relieved by emission of flatus. Sulf. 7.

Tensive pain in hepatic region, in right below false ribs, aggravated on deep inspiration. Bry. 6.

Tensive pain in morning on getting out of bed, especially in region of os pubis, with feeling as if hypogastrium were spasmodically constricted; sometimes as if distended; pains generally increasing and decreasing. Bell. 7.

Tensive pain extending to chest, as from distention of abdomen. Caps. 5.

Tensive, spasmodic pain in inguinal regions, extending from upper and outer part downward and inward. Chel. 7.

Terrible. Colic from the passage of gallstones; pain shooting into chest and arms with terrible eructations. Diose. Clin.

Testicle. Drawing, burning in hypogastrium, extending from right ring, as if in spermatic cord into right testicle. Staph. 7.

Testicles. Drawing, tensive pains in upper abdomen, extending through spermatic cord into testicles which hang low down. Puls. 5.



## TESTICLES.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## THIRST.

Testicles. Gripping in left inguinal, extending to testicles. Diosc. 7.

Testicles. Pain in hypogastrium in ring when coughing, extending into testicles as if spermatic cords would be torn to pieces. Natr. M. 7.

Testicles. Boring, cramp-like pains in anus, extending into rectum and testicles. Sil. 3.

Testicles. Colic from passage of gravel from kidneys; pains shoot up into kidneys and down into testicles and legs, with cold clammy sweat. Diosc. Clin.

Testicles. Hæmorrhoids intensely painful; boring cramping from anus to rectum and testicles; protrude during stool, become incarcerated and suppurate. Sil. Clin.

Theatre. Nervous diarrhœa from emotions; from apprehension as when ready to go to church, théâtre, etc. Arg. N. Clin.

Thick. Stool profuse, thick, papescent, brown, offensive, relieving symptoms of abdomen. Asaf. 1.

Thick. Hard stool and covered with streaks of blood; knotty, enveloped in thick mucus; then a soft one, enveloped in mucus. Mag. M. 1.

Thick. Feeling in rectum as if mucous membrane were thick and obstructed stool, and as if rectum would protrude if the effort were continued. Æsc. 2.

Thick. Obstinate constipation; inactivity or intussusception; stools hard, thick and knotty balls, with pain in anus when passing as if it would fly to pieces. Thuja Clin.

Thigh. Tension in region of left anterior superior spine of ilium in evening, changing into drawing, extending to spine of ilium, to inguinal region and upper third of inner surface of thigh. Coloc. 7.

Thighs. Cramps in abdomen; aggravation in evening and night, with coldness in thighs. Calc. C. 5.

Thighs. Cutting in abdomen rather than sticking, with salivation before menses, with-drawing in thighs. Cham. 5.

Thighs. Dysentery; stools watery, mucous and bloody, with tearing down the thighs and much tenesmus. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Tight. Distension of abdomen on eating, with heaviness of head; with rush of blood to head, vertigo and confusion; intolerance of anything tight about hypochondria. Graph. 5.

Thin. (Stool.) Cutting in hypogastrium in morning, with a thin stool. Sulf. 7.

Thin. Gripping in abdomen, with rumbling; then thin, green diarrhœa, without tenesmus. Mag. C. 5.

Thin. Burning in anus after a thin stool; after a soft formed stool. Sulf. 3.

Thin. Fear lest stool should escape with flatus; feeling as if thin stool would escape on passing urine; with the stool always a feeling as if more were at hand. Aloe 2.

Thin. Urging in rectum so that he could scarcely reach the closet; then thin, forcible, spurting stool. Natr. C. 2.

Thin. Flatulence in abdomen, then urging; stools sudden, thin, small, with flatus. Crot. Tig. 5.

Thin. Gripping in abdomen; worse below navel, obliging him to bend over; amelioration after a thin stool, with discharge of flatus upward and downward. Coloc. 5.

Thin. Diarrhœa; stool thin, whitish, gray, involuntary, pasty, bright yellow, with sensation as if he would emit flatus; not prostrating. Phos. Ac. 1.

Thin stool, preceded and followed by rumbling, and at times noise, as if a bottle were emptied. Jatr. 1.

Thin. Diarrhœa; stool thin, olive-green, exhausting, pernicious, offensive, frequent, brown, slimy; next day fetid and dark. Secale 1.

Thin stool after waking, at 3 o'clock. Aloe 1.

Thin. Tenesmus, then copious, thin or paplike, sour-smelling stool, with relief. Arn. 2.

Thin. Urging to stool, which is thin, frequent, but ineffectual, or with a scanty, hard stool. Bell. 1.

Thin. Pain in umbilical region in morning, with profuse, thin, yellow stool, not relieving the pain; with frequent cutting through all small intestines. Diosc. 7.

Thin. Urging to a copious, yellowish-brown, partly thin, sourish, offensive stool; then transient relief of colic; then two abundant stools in quick succession; first pappy, then fluid, with ulcerative pain in bowels. Coloc. 1.

Thin stool, afternoons, with flatulence. Dule. 1.

Thin. Desire for stool in rectum in evening, with gripping in hypogastrium; then large, moist, at last thin, sour stool, after which he was relieved but felt weak. Dule. 2.

Thin. Diarrhœa; frequent, thin, involuntary, with flatus; small. Ign. 1.

Thin. Distention of abdomen, with rumbling after stool; after breakfast, with gripping; then a second thin stool; then retraction of anus and nausea. Kali B. 5.

Thin. Stool thin, frothy, saffron-yellow, musty, smelling almost like burnt blotting paper; copious, with discharge of much mucus. Coloc. 1.

Thin. Stool thin like a round worm, with much white mucus, also blood. Graph. 1.

Thin. Diarrhœa; a thin stool passes unconsciously, with sensation as if flatus would pass. Staph. 1.

Thin. Noise in abdomen as if a full bottle were emptied in evening, continuing after a thin stool at 10 p. m. Jatr. 5.

Thin. Diarrhœa twice in morning, with tenesmus in afternoon; frequent, of thin, greenish mucus. Laur. 1.

Thin. Stool thin fluid, frequent, whitish-yellow. Cocc. 1.

Thin. Diarrhœa; stool partly liquid, partly solid; offensive, with much thin mucus and streaks of blood. Sulf. Ac. 1.

Thin. Desire in rectum for stool after a meal; desire increased when moving about, then thin, offensive stool, with colic, then ineffectual tenesmus; later another stool; after rising from stool the urging which had gradually subsided returned more violent than ever. Rheum 2.

Thin. Chronic diarrhœa; first part hard and black, then evacuation yellow, thin, or brown; mushy or white, accompanied by severe lumbar and sacral pains. Æsc. Clin.

Thin. Diarrhœa in wet weather, mostly mornings after rising and eating, with much rumbling; stools thin, yellow, fecal, slimy. Agar. Clin.

Thin. Inactivity of rectum; even a soft and thin stool requires great straining. Alum. Clin.

Thin. Diarrhœa in low types of malarial fever; evacuations horribly offensive, thin, fecal, usually dark. Bapt. Clin.

Thin. Diarrhœa; stools painless, at first frothy, thin and brown; later cadaverous-smelling, containing bits of yellow feces. Borax Clin.

Thin. Oozing of a thin, inodorous fluid from the rectum; weak digestion, especially in nursing women. Carbo An. Clin.

Thin. Diarrhœa; stools thin, brown, yellowish, frothy, forcibly expelled, with colic and prominence of intestines, like pads, here and there, all over the abdomen during the pains. Ratan. Clin.

Thin. Diarrhœa, from bad drainage; from drinking impure water; stools black or thick, like glue, passed in thin strips like tape. Carbol. Ac. Clin.

Thin. Diarrhœa, with excessive accumulation of flatus; stools thin, brown or pale, fecal, mixed with lumps; thin, yellow, shaggy, reddish, mucous, undigested. Lyc. Clin.

Thin. Diarrhœa; stool involuntary when emitting flatus; stools thin, yellow, fecal, with emission of fetid flatus, like rotten eggs. Olean. Clin.

Thin. Diarrhœa from abuse of intoxicating drinks or high living; stools frequent, small, corrosive, offensive, thin, brownish-green, fecal. Nux V. Clin.

Thin. Cholera infantum; stool from the least movement of the body, thin and painless, gushing, profuse, watery, flaky, inodorous; faintness at stool or immediately after. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Thin. Exhausting diarrhœa; stools slimy, like chopped eggs, thin, yellow, profuse and putrid; undigested, with cutting and urging during stool. Nux Mos. Clin.

Thirst. Colic, with cutting, twisting about navel and passage of tough mucus like diarrhœa, at times mixed with black blood; after every stool thirst, and after every drink shivering. Caps. 7.

Thirst. Watery, profuse diarrhœa, gushing out like a torrent; abdomen swollen and tender to the touch, sometimes associated with the coldness of the body, unquenchable thirst. Jatr. Clin.



## THIRST.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## TOUCH.

Thirst. Colic before stool, before passage of flatus, with thirst; flatulent. China 5.

Thirst. Acute dysentery with unquenchable thirst; even the lips, mouth, and throat feel raw and burning; tendency to collapse; cold hands and feet. Canth. Clin.

Thread-worms. Crawling in rectum as from thread-worms. Ign. 2.

Thread-worms. Crawling in anus, as of thread-worms. Crocus. 3.

Thread-worms. Discharge of moisture from anus, with sore feeling and itching around it; involuntary, of viscid, slimy fluid, causing soreness; of thread-worms during stool. Sulf. 3.

Thread-worms. Passes worms, both round and thread-worms. Cina Clin.

Threads. Stool hard, with urging and sticking in anus; lumpy, with threads of mucus, dark, half digested, of intolerable odor. Graph. 1.

Thready. Colic, scanty urine, with pallor, sunken features and staggering, pupils dilated, lips bluish, face covered with clammy sweat; pulse thready. Hell. 5.

Three. Constipation; stool hard and difficult only every two, three or four days. Sulf. 1.

Three. Constipation; hard stool every other day or every three or four days. Cocc. Clin.

Three a. m. Pain in abdomen, with coldness; then heat and warm sweat; heat, with inclination to stool; pain in transverse colon at 3 a. m., then diarrhœa. Pod. 5.

Three o'clock. Thin stool, after waking, at 3 o'clock. Aloe 1.

Throat. Acute dysentery, with unquenchable thirst; even the lips, mouth and throat feel raw and burning; tendency to collapse; cold hands and feet. Canth. Clin.

Throbbing. Beating, throbbing in anus as with hammers. Lach. 3.

Throbbing. Drawing griping in abdomen, with pressure in rectum, nausea, weakness in pit of stomach and pallor of face; throbbing. Ign. 2.

Throbbing pain in rectum all day after stool; also burning pain during the hard stool and in anus. Sulf. 2.

Throbbing in and below hepatic region, as if an ulcer would form. Nux V. 6.

Throbbing. Pain in abdominal muscles on touch; throbbing. Kali C. 5.

Throbbing. Feeling below hypochondria as if laced, with trembling and throbbing in epigastric region. Calc. C. 6.

Throbbing. Sore feeling in anus, worse outside, with stitching, burning and throbbing. Calc. Ph. 3.

Throbbing. Hæmorrhoids, with excessive burning, as from pepper; throbbing soreness, with drawing pain in back. Caps. Clin.

Throbbing. Abscess of liver; throbbing, ulcerative pain in hepatic region; worse from touch or walking; hardness; distention of liver. Sil. Clin.

Through. Pain through hypochondria and in right scapula, in region of liver and spleen. Chel. 6.

Through. Intermittent pain, with flatulence in hypochondria and stitches through chest. Cham. 6.

Through. Paralytic pain in right ring as if something would force its way through when sitting; amelioration from rising. Cocc. 7.

Through. Painter's colic; pain in umbilical region, extending through to the back. Plat. Clin.

Thrust, as from a blunt tool, in right umbilical region. Anac. 7.

Thrust. Hæmorrhoids, with sensation as if a red-hot poker were being thrust up the rectum; relieved by sitting in cold water. Kali C. Clin.

Thrusts from one side of the abdomen to the other. Arn. 5.

Tight. Intolerance of tight clothing in hypochondria. Calc. C. 6.

Tight. Urging in rectum, with scanty stool passed in pieces after pressure, with painful weakness, and tight sensation in the abdominal muscles. Plat. 2.

Tinged. Tenesmus, but nothing passes except mucus tinged with blood. Merc. C. 2.

Tinged. Diarrhœa; stool liquid, with mucus, red, and yellow, gelatinous, tinged with blood, preceded by lassitude. Rhus Tox. 1.

Tingling. Violent itching or tingling at anus from worms. Zinc. Clin.

Tinnitus aurium. Constipation with vertigo, heat in the head, and tinnitus aurium; large accumulation of feces, especially after continued purging, with difficulty to pass them, even when soft, from inactivity of rectum. China Clin.

Tobacco. Diarrhœa; stools sour, green, bloody; one stool fetid, the other odorless; one containing fecal matter, the other blood; no two stools alike; caused by eating pork or fat food, from fruit, ice cream, tobacco, cold drinks. Puls. Clin.

Together. Cutting, with heaviness across lower abdomen; ineffectual retchings, then ineffectual tendency to diarrhœa; difficult vomiting; trembling in abdomen and bending together, then two diarrhœic stools, the last like water. Ant. T. 5.

Tongue. Inflammation of the liver with pain, swelling, hardness, constant fever, dry tongue, restlessness, small, rapid pulse, and on rising from bed faintness. Iod. 6.

Tongue. Metro-peritonitis with nausea, vomiting, profound prostration, cold sweat, brown tongue, burning pain. Ars. A. Clin.

Tongue. Dropsical diseases depending on organic affections of liver; jaundice, with dull headache; constipation; foul tongue. Card. M. Clin.

Tongue. Jaundice, with clear urine, offensive, tongue white; stools dark. Chel. Clin.

Tongue. Enlargement of the liver; pain under angle of right shoulder blade, or with jaundice; yellow tongue; bitter taste. Chel. Clin.

Tongue. Peritonitis and enteritis with restlessness; dry, red tongue. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Tool. Thrust as from a blunt tool in right umbilical region. Anac. 7.

Torn. Pain in rectum during stool, as if something would be torn asunder. Nit. Ac. 2.

Torn. Sore pain in rectum during stool as if an ulcer had been torn apart, with discharge of mucus. Ant. Cr. 2.

Torn. Pain in hypochondrium in ring when coughing, extending into testicles, as if spermatic cords would be torn to pieces. Natr. M. 7.

Torn. Cutting in hypogastrium as if everything would be torn to pieces; deep down, then higher up; sticking. Kali C. 7.

Torn. Pain in upper abdomen as if everything would be torn to pieces during menstruation. Graph. 6.

Torn. Colic immediately after eating; pain below the navel as if the intestines were torn. Graph. Clin.

Torpid. Liver torpid; skin yellow; stools light colored; jaundice. Hydras. Clin.

Torpor. Constipation, with torpor of the liver and hæmorrhoids; stool very small, resembles sheep's-dung; passed only by very great straining. Bapt. Clin.

Torpor. Constipation; torpor of rectum, even a soft stool is voided with difficulty. Psor. Clin.

Torpor. Constipation; torpor of bowels, feces hard, scanty, passed with difficulty from constriction of sphincter ani, and feeling as if much remained behind. Lye. Clin.

Torrent. Watery, profuse diarrhœa, gushing out like a torrent; abdomen swollen and tender to the touch; sometimes associated with coldness of the body and unquenchable thirst. Jatr. Clin.

Tossed. Shooting from umbilical region to other parts of abdomen; amelioration from pressure; so violent at times that he was almost wild, tossed about, pressed his fist into his abdomen, said he must go stool. Plumb. 7.

Tossing. Early stage of peritonitis and enteritis, with severe, agonizing pain, tossing about, high fever. Acon. Clin.

Touch. (*Abdomen Painful.*) Swelling of abdomen, which is painful to touch. Acon. 5.

Touch. Bruised pain in abdominal muscles on touch. Sulf. 5.

Touch. Pain in abdomen aggravated by pressure, touch and horizontal position; with sensitiveness. Apis 5.

Touch. Spasmodic motions of muscles of abdomen; contracted and sore to touch. Cupr. 5.

Touch. Soreness of abdomen on touch. Esc. 5.

Touch. Soreness in abdomen, especially in sides and down sides of umbilicus on touch, with pain. Aloe 7.

Touch. Soreness in abdomen as if beaten or as after purgatives; on touch and on coughing. Ferr. 5.



## TOUCH.

- Touch. Pain in abdominal muscles on touch; throbbing. Kali C. 5.
- Touch. Bruised pain in muscles of abdomen on motion and on touch. Nux V. 5.
- Touch. Pain in abdomen in evening, after drinking, after stool, on touch, with diarrhoea. Puls. 5.
- Touch. (*Abdomen Sensitive.*) Sensitiveness of abdomen to touch. Acon. 5.
- Touch. Tumefaction of abdomen with tenderness to touch. Bell. 5.
- Touch. Abdomen tense, hot and tender to touch. Cupr. 5.
- Touch. Abdominal colic, radiating to all parts of body; sensitiveness of abdomen to touch. Plumb. 5.
- Touch. Abdomen tympanitic, hard and sensitive to touch, with rumbling. Op. 5.
- Touch. Abdominal affections, characterized by extreme sensitiveness to touch; intolerance of even the clothing. Bell. Clin.
- Touch. Watery, profuse diarrhoea, gushing out like a torrent; abdomen swollen and tender to touch; sometimes associated with coldness of the body and unquenchable thirst. Jatr. Clin.
- Touch. Abdominal troubles, with extreme tenderness; cannot bear the touch of her clothes. Crotal. H. Clin.
- Touch. (*Hæmorrhoids, Painful.*) Hæmorrhoids swollen, protruding, burning, sticking; protruding during soft stool; painful on touch; painful when sitting. Lyc. 3.
- Touch. Hæmorrhoids moist, even after a natural stool; increased congestion of hæmorrhoidal vessels, with sticking; with burning pain on walking, on touch. Sulf. 3.
- Touch. Hæmorrhoidal pressure in anus, with burning when seated; on touch. Thuja 3.
- Touch. Piles feel damp, painful to touch, itch violently; needle-like pains at anus. Sulf. Ac. Clin.
- Touch. Piles, with pain on sitting down or taking a wide step, as if split with a knife; with violent pinching and very sore to touch. Graph. Clin.
- Touch. Old pendulous hæmorrhoids that cease to bleed but become painful to the touch, especially in warm weather. Nit. Ac. Clin.
- Touch. Hæmorrhoids, bluish, swollen, inflamed, protruding, bleeding from least touch, with stitching, burning pains; from cold, from ice cream and ice water in hot weather. Ars. A. Clin.
- Touch. (*Hypochondrium, Right, Painful.*) Bruised pain in right hypochondrium, worse from touch on breathing. Lyc. 6.
- Touch. Sticking pain in hepatic region, with burning when sitting bent over; on touch; bile increased. Sulf. 6.
- Touch. Pain in hypochondria on touch, in region of liver; bruised pain. Carbo V. 6.
- Touch. Intermittent pressure in hepatic region while standing, relieved bending forward with pain on touch, as if suppurating. China 6.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

- Touch. Pressure in right hypochondrium, with pain on touch. Iod. 6.
- Touch. Sticking in right hypochondrium after dinner, in hepatic and right inguinal regions; in a spot in hepatic region; sore pain on touch; pinching; sticking; tearing. Kali C. 6.
- Touch. Sticking in liver in right hypochondrium, with burning and pain on touch; then burning extending backward. Laur. 6.
- Touch. Hepatic region sensitive when walking, with pain on touch at 1:30 p. m. Natr. S. 6.
- Touch. Pain in hepatic region on pressure; sensitiveness; worse when lying on right side, with pain on touch. Phos. 6.
- Touch. Perihepatitis, with sharp stitches in right hypochondrium; aggravation from any motion; better when lying on right side; liver seems swollen, sore to touch. Bry. Clin.
- Touch. Hepatic region very sensitive and painful to touch; right lobe of liver painful; stitching burning pains; clothing unendurable. Carbo V. Clin.
- Touch. Liver enlarged and often indurated; jaundiced hue of skin and conjunctiva; liver sore to touch; stools clay-colored. Merc. Clin.
- Touch. Abscess of liver; throbbing, ulcerative pain in hepatic region; worse from touch, on walking; hardness; distention of liver. Sil. Clin.
- Touch. (*Miscellaneous.*) Abdomen hard, with pain in umbilical region on touch. Kali C. 7.
- Touch. Sensitiveness of hypogastrium to touch. Acon. 7.
- Touch. Tension in hypogastrium, with pain on touch. Op. 7.
- Touch. Dragging in hypogastrium towards groins during stool; in groins; amelioration from emission of flatus; with sensitiveness to touch. Kali C. 7.
- Touch. Inguinal glands as large as peas, painful to touch. Sil. 7.
- Touch. Pain about umbilicus, causing him to bend forward; aggravation from touch, attempting to raise himself or to lie on back, and cried out that his intestines were burning. Ars. A. 7.
- Touch. Dysentery; excoriating discharges; abdomen externally cold to touch; stools bloody, green, mucous, like stirred eggs, worse at night; pains increased after stool. Merc. Clin.
- Touched. Hæmorrhoids with sore pain; unendurable on walking, or reflecting, swollen, with itching, sticking, and much moisture, hard, stinging, burning, painful when touched. Caust. 3.
- Touched. Soreness of perineum, with painful itching when touched; at night, with moisture. Carbo V. 3.
- Touched. Hæmorrhoids accompanied with obstinate constipation; swollen, itching, stinging, burning and painful when touched. Caust. Clin.
- Tough. White tough mucus with the stool like scrapings from intestines, with streaks of blood; copious. Canth. 1.

## TREMBLING.

- Tough. Stool tough, gluey, fetid, so urgent that some escaped prematurely, yet not diarrhoea after getting up; slimy. Sulf. 1.
- Tough. Colic, with cutting, twisting about navel and passage of tough mucus like diarrhoea, at times mixed with black blood; after every stool thirst, and after every drink shivering. Caps. 7.
- Tough. Stools contain glassy, tough mucus; covered with mucus. Amm. Mur. 1.
- Tough. Inveterate constipation with disappointing calls, the trouble being in the rectum; feces slender, long, narrow, dry, tough and hard, like a dog's, and voided with difficulty. Phos. Clin.
- Transparent. Tenesmus, with only a little feces at first, then transparent, bilious, membranous mucus, with relief of colic; amelioration from frequent passage of flatus; urging to stool, which is unsatisfactory. Colch. 2.
- Transparent. Diarrhoea; stools jelly-like, dark, yellow, red, watery, with lumps of transparent mucus; bloody water, like washings of beef. Rhus Tox. Clin.
- Transverse. Bruised sensation, worse in cæcal region and along transverse colon on moderate pressure. Merc. C. 5.
- Transverse. Pain in abdomen, with coldness, then heat and warm sweat; heat with inclination to stool; pain in transverse colon at 3 a. m., then diarrhoea. Pod. 5.
- Transverse. Tympanitis, mostly about the cæcum and transverse colon. Phos. Clin.
- Transverse. Colitis, with soreness along transverse colon; aggravated by bending forward. Sulf. Clin.
- Transversely. Constriction transversely across umbilical region as by a string, in afternoon till 6, above navel. Chel. 7.
- Transversely. Pinching or cramp-like pressure transversely across abdomen, in region of pit of stomach, after eating. Cina 5.
- Transversely. Tearing transversely across pubis, and then through pudenda as far as anus. Carbo An. 7.
- Travelling. Constipation of emigrants or while travelling. Plat. Clin.
- Trembling. Cutting, with heaviness across lower abdomen; ineffectual retchings, then ineffectual tendency to diarrhoea; difficult vomiting, trembling in abdomen and bending together; then two diarrhoeic stools, the last like water. Ant. T. 5.
- Trembling. Burning in rectum after stool, with weakness and trembling in all limbs. Ars. A. 2.
- Trembling. Feeling below hypochondria as if laced, with trembling and throbbing in epigastric region. Calc. C. 6.
- Trembling. Diarrhoea of drunkards on their last legs; great debility and nervous prostration; a sensation of trembling all over the body; stools lemon-colored, chopped, frothy, mucous, stringy, offensive, watery, with burning in rectum during stool. Sulf. Ac. Clin.



## TREMBLING.

Trembling. Swelling of abdomen, with trembling. Con. 5.

Tremulous. Chronic diarrhœa of old people, with tremulous weakness; discharges sometimes involuntary. Con. Clin.

Tremulous. Obstinate constipation, especially if it alternates with diarrhœa; with stool, followed by tremulous weakness. Con. Clin.

Tubercle. Burning pain in perineum, and an inch from anus a tubercle, which became moist and smarted on walking. Thuja 3.

Tumefaction of abdomen with tenderness to touch. Bell. 5.

Tumor. Enlargement of liver; feeling as of hard tumor in region of umbilicus, with cramp-like pain in hepatic region. Zinc. Clin.

Tumors. Enlarged mesenteric glands and tumors in the abdomen. Con. Clin.

Turning. Cholera infantum; stools whitish, curdy, turning green on the diaper on exposure to air; sour smell of whole body, especially during teething. Rheum Clin.

Twice. Diarrhœa of green mucus, as green as bile, once or twice at night, with movements in intestines before every stool; at first green, then slimy; not exhausting; without colic. Puls. 1.

Twice. Diarrhœa twice in morning, with tenesmus in afternoon; frequent, of thin, greenish mucus. Laur. 1.

Twice. Diarrhœa frequent, twice in morning, with tenesmus. Nit. Ac. 1.

Twisted. Cutting pain in abdomen with feeling as if intestines were twisted into a knot; flatulence here and there; the longer delayed the emissions of flatus the more difficult it is to pass. Ver. Alb. 5.

Twisting. Colic, with cutting, twisting about navel and passage of tough mucus like diarrhœa, at times mixed with black blood; after every stool thirst, and after every drink shivering. Caps. 7.

Twisting about navel, with pains on pressure. Cina 7.

Twisting in all parts of abdomen, worse in lower, constantly changing. Diosc. 5.

Twisting griping here and there in rectum. Staph. 5.

Twisting. Gall-stone colic, with jaundice and twisting pain. Pod. Clin.

Twisting. Violent, flatulent colic, generally relieved by walking about; aggravated by lying down at night; pains are generally cutting twisting; amelioration from pressure; generally radiate from the abdomen to the back into the chest and arms. Diosc. Clin.

Twitching of muscles of the abdomen. Nux V. 5.

Twitching in left side of abdomen, between navel and left flank, as if in muscles of wall; then sticking deep in left side of back. Bry. 5.

Two. Constipation; stool hard and difficult; only every two, three or four days. Sulf. 1.

Two p. m. Diarrhœa six times, from morning till 2 p. m., without pain. Borax 1.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

Two. Weakness in abdomen after two hard stools, with loss of appetite. Sep. 2.

Tympanitic. Distention of abdomen, with frequent urging to stool, though more than ever constipated; tympanitic. Arn. 5.

Tympanitic. Distention of abdomen, tympanitic and tender. Canth. 5.

Tympanitic. Abdomen tympanitic, hard, and sensitive to touch, with rumbling. Op. 5.

Tympanitic. Distention of abdomen; tympanitic. Phos. 5.

Tympanitic. Distention of abdomen; tympanitic; coldness also in back. Secale 5.

Tympanitic distention of abdomen, not relieved by emission of flatus. Sulf. 5.

Tympanitis. Pain in abdomen after a light meal, with tympanitis. Zinc. 5.

Tympanitis. General tympanitis with enlarged spleen. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Tympanitis mostly about the cæcum and transverse colon. Phos. Clin.

Typhlitis. Bry. Clin.

Typhlitis; extreme distention of abdomen with icy coldness in stomach. Colch. Clin.

Typhlitis. Extremely valuable in typhlitis and in the late stage of peritonitis. Lach. Clin.

Typhlitis. Natr. S. Clin.

Typhlitis; painful swelling of the whole right side of abdomen; aggravation from lying on left side, better when lying on the back and by gentle pressure. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Typhoid. Involuntary, putrid stools in typhoid. Arn. Clin.

Typhoid. Hæmorrhage from bowels in typhoid; dark; venous. Arn. Clin.

Typhoid. Diarrhœa during typhoid or scarlatina. Apis Clin.

Typhoid. Diarrhœa during typhoid, with bloated abdomen. Op. Clin.

Typhoid. Yellow, watery diarrhœa, nearly odorless, involuntary, passed in bed unconsciously, especially during sleep; a typhoid state, with delirium. Hyos. Clin.

Typhoid. Hæmorrhage from the bowels in typhoid fever, consisting of decomposed blood. Lach. Clin.

Typhoid. Diarrhœa in typhoid; offensive; or in old people who sink down in bed. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Typhoid. Diarrhœa, with much wind; stools profuse, dark green, brown, gelatinous; worse after eating; from fruit; from lager beer; from abuse of Opium; with intolerable itching of anus during typhoid fever. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Ulcer. Sore pain in rectum during stool as if an ulcer had been torn apart, with discharge of mucus. Ant. Cr. 2.

Ulcer. Throbbing in and below hepatic region as if an ulcer would form. Nux V. 6.

Ulcer. Distention in hepatic region, with pain as if suppurating, and as if an ulcer would burst. Laur. 6.

Ulcerate. Constipation; accumulation of large masses of feces. Graph. Clin.

## UMBILICAL.

Ulceration. Dysentery, with bloody, slimy stools, with symptoms of ulceration of the rectum; chronic dysentery. Arg. N. Clin.

Ulceration of the bowels. Ars. A. Clin.

Ulceration. Duodenitis with jaundice; ulceration of the duodenum. Pod. Clin.

Ulceration of rectum. Phos. Clin.

Ulceration. Chronic catarrh and ulceration of the ilio-cæcal region. Op. Clin.

Ulceration. Urging to a copious, yellowish-brown, partly thin, sourish, offensive stool; then transient relief of colic, then two abundant stools in quick succession; first pappy, then fluid, with ulcerative pain in bowels. Coloc. 1.

Ulcerative. Abscess of liver; throbbing, ulcerative pain in hepatic region, worse from touch on walking; hardness; distention of liver. Sil. Clin.

Umbilical. (*Pain.*) Pain in umbilical region, emanating from navel; amelioration by frequent discharge of flatus. Coloc. 7.

Umbilical. Stitches in umbilical region. Agar. 7.

Umbilical. Burning in the umbilical region. Acon. 6.

Umbilical. Distress in umbilical region and in hypogastric regions, with intermittent cutting in stomach and small intestines. Diosc. 7.

Umbilical. Griping, tensive pain in umbilical region, extending towards stomach in afternoon and evening; relieved by emission of flatus. Sulf. 7.

Umbilical. Griping in umbilical region, worse from eating fruit, with cutting and general chill. Coloc. 7.

Umbilical. Pain in hepatic region, extending downward and across umbilical region, as if constricted by a string. Chel. 6.

Umbilical. Constriction transversely across umbilical region as by a string, in afternoon till 6, above navel. Chel. 7.

Umbilical. Shooting from umbilical region to other parts of abdomen; amelioration from pressure; so violent at times that he was almost wild, tossed about, pressed his fist into his abdomen, said he must go to stool. Plumb. 7.

Umbilical. Aching in liver extending to spine, worse in region of gall-bladder, with rumbling in abdomen and aching in umbilical region. Lept. 6.

Umbilical. Thrust, as from a blunt tool, in right umbilical region. Anac. 7.

Umbilical. Pain in umbilical region. Bapt. 7.

Umbilical. Griping in umbilical region, with pinching, as after taking cold. Bry. 7.

Umbilical. Spasmodic retraction in umbilical region, with nausea. Chel. 7.

Umbilical. Griping in umbilical region; then cutting in abdomen, across right lumbar region, extending to back. Chel. 7.

Umbilical. Colic in umbilical region, with shivering. China 7.



## UMBILICAL.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## UNDIGESTED.

Umbilical. Sticking in umbilical region, in a spot obliging him to bend up; worse from lifting; extending towards loins and spine. Coloc. 7.

Umbilical. Cutting in umbilical region after eating, with tenesmus. Coloc. 7.

Umbilical. Pain in umbilical region in morning, with profuse, thin, yellow stool, not relieving the pain, with frequent cutting through all small intestines. Diosc. 7.

Umbilical. Paroxysmal clawing in umbilical region, from sides of abdomen towards middle and sometimes to pit of stomach, causing nausea, with anxious heat of cheeks. Hep. 7.

Umbilical. Inflation and tension, with pinching in umbilical region; with frequent emission of flatus. Gamb. 7.

Umbilical. Sticking in umbilical region during inspiration. Hyos. 7.

Umbilical. Abdomen hard, with pain in umbilical region on touch. Kali C. 7.

Umbilical. Gripping in umbilical region, at times above, at times below navel; in afternoon, soon after eating, as from flatus. Ver. Alb. 7.

Umbilical. Sticking gripping pain in umbilical region, as from an internal induration in a spot beneath navel. Zinc. 7.

Umbilical. Painter's colic; pain in umbilical region, extending through to the back. Plat. Clin.

Umbilical. Hernias, both umbilical and inguinal. Cocc. Clin.

Umbilical hernia. Calc. C. Clin.

Umbilicus. (*Pain.*) Pain on pressure on umbilicus; pain is felt down to anus, where there is constant protrusion. Crot. Tig. 7.

Umbilicus. Stool yellow and green; diarrhoea mixed with mucus, preceded by cutting around umbilicus. Gamb. 1.

Umbilicus. Gripping below umbilicus. Diosc. 7.

Umbilicus. Tearing around umbilicus, with flatulence. Natr. S. 7.

Umbilicus. Pinching below umbilicus. Agar. 7.

Umbilicus. Soreness in abdomen, especially in sides and down sides of umbilicus on touch, with pain. Aloe 7.

Umbilicus. Pain below umbilicus at 4 p. m., then unusual stool. Amm. Mur. 7.

Umbilicus. Pain about umbilicus causing him to bend forward; aggravation from touch, attempting to raise himself or to lie on back and cried out that his intestines were burning. Ars. A. 7.

Umbilicus. Feeling immediately below umbilicus as if intestines pressed outward, aggravated by standing. Bell. 7.

Umbilicus. Feeling of distention of abdomen, with constrictive pain below umbilicus; the latter comes in jerks, obliging bending double. Bell. 7.

Umbilicus. Pain to side of umbilicus, corresponding to a place in front of kidneys and rather to side, mostly sticking, often extending to lumbar region or to groins, liver, spleen, or stomach. Berb. 7.

Umbilicus. Sticking in left side of abdomen below umbilicus, on walking rapidly and afterwards. China 7.

Umbilicus. Cramping pain above umbilicus. Diosc. 7.

Umbilicus. Diarrhoea, with pinching around umbilicus, sometimes with discharge of flatus; stool watery, profuse, with colic and tenesmus; fecal; forcible. Gamb. 1.

Umbilicus. Sticking in region of umbilicus. Dule. 7.

Umbilicus. Sticking above and to left of umbilicus. Ign. 7.

Umbilicus. Pain in abdomen, between pit of stomach and umbilicus. Iod. 5.

Umbilicus. Cutting about umbilicus, with shivering. Ipec. 7.

Umbilicus. Cutting about umbilicus. Kali C. 7.

Umbilicus. Gripping about umbilicus on eating, with pinching. Nux V. 7.

Umbilicus. Pain below umbilicus, as from a stone, taking away the breath, after dinner. Nux V. 7.

Umbilicus. Paroxysmal tearing in abdomen, worse at umbilicus. Plumb. 5.

Umbilicus. Gripping about umbilicus. Ratan. 7.

Umbilicus. Retraction of abdomen, with hardness and pain in umbilicus, radiating to lumbar region and iliac fossæ; with hard knots over its surface. Plumb. 5.

Umbilicus. Pain across umbilicus, preventing sleep; pinching when sitting below umbilicus, recurring every half hour, with pressure on bladder as if it were forced on groins. Sulf. 7.

Umbilicus. (*Miscellaneous.*) Umbilicus seems to adhere to spine. Plum. 7.

Umbilicus. Distress in umbilicus with burning in back part of liver and in spine. Lept. 7.

Umbilicus. Hard pressure in right side beneath umbilicus. Staph. 7.

Umbilicus. Enlargement of liver, feeling as of a hard tumor in region of umbilicus, with cramp-like pain in hepatic region. Zinc. Clin.

Unconsciously. Diarrhoea; a thin stool passes unconsciously with sensation as if flatus would pass. Staph. 1.

Unconsciously. Yellow, watery diarrhoea, nearly odorless, involuntary, passed in bed unconsciously, especially during sleep; a typhoid state with delirium. Hyos. Clin.

Uncovering. Pain in abdomen then discharge of dark mucus causing biting in anus; as before diarrhoea from taking cold; in morning on slightest uncovering during sweat. Nux V. 5.

Under. Stitches in liver under left short ribs. Agar. 6.

Under. Distention of hypochondria worse in sides, pit of stomach, and small of back; inability to breathe on account of tension and fullness under ribs. Ign. 6.

Undigested. (*Stool.*) Stool undigested. Calc. C. 1.

Undigested. Stool undigested, of food eaten the previous evening; involuntary. Olean. 1.

Undigested. Diarrhoea after eating; of undigested feces; also passed in several pieces, then ineffectual urging with biting, burning pain in anus, and colic before and after every stool. China 1.

Undigested. Evacuation of shreds of mucus or of undigested food with enormous distention of abdomen; stools excessively offensive. Arg. N. Clin.

Undigested. Diarrhoea of undigested stools, sour odor, large in quantity. Calc. C. Clin.

Undigested. Stools looking like lumps of chalk in children during dentition, hard, undigested, bleeding from anus after stool. Calc. C. Clin.

Undigested. Cholera infantum; great desire for indigestible things like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken, flabby; emaciation; stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Undigested. Stools profuse, putrid, corrosive, loose, brownish, frothy, black, offensive, undigested, white, cadaverous-smelling; worse at night. China Clin.

Undigested. Green slimy stools; mucous; chopped white and yellow mucus; often of a changeable color, often undigested; often like chopped eggs and spinach; foul odor; especially in children during teething or from taking cold. Cham. Clin.

Undigested. Chronic diarrhoea; stools brown, fluid, mixed with undigested food and of an intolerable fetor. Graph. Clin.

Undigested. Diarrhoea containing undigested food; painless, recurring when eating or drinking. Ferr. Clin.

Undigested. Chronic diarrhoea after the abuse of Mercury or Quinine; light yellow, fecal, papaceous, sour stool with undigested food. Hep. Clin.

Undigested. Diarrhoea; stools white, sour, undigested; are sometimes mucous, yellow or green and of a decayed odor. Hep. Clin.

Undigested. Diarrhoea; stools involuntary, green, mucous or mushy, undigested, with cutting in abdomen before, tenesmus during, and burning after stool, worse after eating and drinking. Laur. Clin.

Undigested. Diarrhoea in spring when warm weather sets in; stools very offensive, undigested, watery, chocolate-colored, consisting of decomposed blood, looking like charred straw. Lach. Clin.

Undigested. Diarrhoea with excessive accumulation of flatus; stools thin, brown, or pale, fecal, mixed with lumps; thin, yellow, shaggy, reddish, mucous, undigested. Lye. Clin.

Undigested. Diarrhoea with cutting pressing pains before and during stool, with drawing pain in rectum after stool, continuing for hours; stools green, slimy, with flakes of false membranes; undigested, putrid, fetid, sour-smelling. Nit. Ac. Clin.



## UNDIGESTED.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## URGING.

Undigested. Diarrhœa; stool like scum of a frog-pond; green, frothy; white masses like lumps of tallow floating on the green; sour smelling, undigested, containing curds. Mag. C. Clin.

Undigested. Diarrhœa with constant rumbling and gurgling in abdomen; stools dark yellow, undigested, very offensive; stools of yellow water, with meal-like sediment; worse night and morning after eating. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Undigested. Exhausting diarrhœa; stools slimy, like chopped eggs, thin, yellow, profuse and putrid; undigested; with cutting and urging during stool. Nux Mos. Clin.

Undigested. Diarrhœa, lasting a long time, apparently without any weakening effect; stool white, gray, copious, painless, involuntary, with discharge of undigested substances. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Uneasiness in region of liver, with heat, pressure and tension. Aloe 6.

Uneasiness. Rumbling in abdomen, with uneasiness and emission of flatus. Nit. Ac. 5.

Unendurable. Hemorrhoids, with sore pain; unendurable on walking or reflecting; swollen, with itching, sticking and much moisture; hard; stinging burning; painful when touched. Caust. 3.

Unendurable. Hypochondrium oppressed by clothing, which was unendurable. Carbo V. 6.

Unendurable. Hepatic region very sensitive and painful to touch; right lobe of liver painful; stitching burning pains; clothing unendurable. Carbo V. Clin.

Unnatural. Ascarides, with itching; unnatural appetite; flushed face. Ferr. Clin.

Unnoticed. Involuntary stool, with passage of flatus; falling out without exertion; almost unnoticed. Aloe 1.

Unnoticed. Diarrhœa, then burning in anus; stool watery, passed unnoticed. Mur. Ac. 1.

Unnoticed. Involuntary, unnoticed hard stool. Aloe Clin.

Unpleasant and distended feeling in hepatic region if she eats to satiety. Lye. 6.

Unquenchable. Acute dysentery with unquenchable thirst; even the lips, mouth and throat feel raw and burning; tendency to collapse, cold hands and feet. Canth. Clin.

Unquenchable. Watery profuse diarrhœa gushing out like a torrent; abdomen swollen and tender to touch; sometimes associated with coldness of the body and unquenchable thirst. Jatr. Clin.

Unsatisfactory. Constipation in spite of frequent straining; on following days hard, difficult, unsatisfactory stools. Sil. 1.

Unsatisfactory. Constipation; stool small, hard, often crumbling, with pressure and clawing in anus; unsatisfactory. Zinc. 1.

Unsatisfactory. Constipation; stool hard and dark brown, in small pieces, with loss of appetite; stool gray and crumbly and unsatisfactory. Op. 1.

Unsatisfactory. Constipation; stool at times scanty, unsatisfactory. Sulf. 1.

Unsatisfactory. Tenesmus with only a little feces at first, then transparent, bilious membranous mucus with relief of colic; amelioration from frequent passage of flatus; urging to stool which is unsatisfactory. Colch. 2.

Unsatisfactory. Rumbling and noises in abdomen with discharge of flatus, unsatisfactory, abrupt, offensive, not without exertion of abdominal muscles. Ign. 5.

Unsatisfactory. Constipation; stool hard and crumbly and unsatisfactory, difficult, with pain as if rectum would burst, then bleeding of hæmorrhoidal vessels and pain in rectum, with frequent micturition. Natr. M. 1.

Unsuccessful. Constipation; frequent and unsuccessful desire for stool; insufficient; inactivity of bowels; retarded stool from inactivity of rectum. Kali C. Clin.

Unusual. Stool soft, with lumps of white mucus; pasty, at an unusual time, lumpy, light clay-colored, with urging and inactivity of rectum. Phos. 1.

Unusual. Pain below umbilicus at 4 p. m., then unusual stool. Amm. Mur. 7.

Upper. Urging to stool after a meal, more in upper part of intestines. Anac. 1.

Upper. Pain in the upper portion of the abdomen as from taking cold and as if diarrhœa would ensue; with ravenous hunger. Asaf. 5.

Upper. Urging more in upper intestines; stool soft and insufficient, anxious urging, inability to evacuate feces without danger of eversion and prolapsus of rectum. Ign. 2.

Upward. Flatulence; no flatus emitted upward and downward. Ratan. 5.

Upward. Gripping in abdomen, worse below navel, obliging him to bend over; amelioration after a thin stool, with discharge of flatus upward and downward. Coloc. 5.

Upwards. Prolapsus ani, with sharp, stabbing pains shooting upwards. Ign. Clin.

Upwards. Fissures of the anus, without constipation; acute pains shooting upwards. Ign. Clin.

Urethra. Colic in hypogastrium, as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. Nux V. 7.

Urethra. Stitches at origin of Ponpart's ligament, at left ilium, extending down, then shooting outward into left side of female urethra. Berb. 7.

Urethra. Passage of pure blood from anus and from urethra. Canth. 3.

Urgent. Stool tough, gluey, fetid; so urgent that some escaped prematurely, yet not diarrhœa after getting up; slimy. Sulf. 1.

Urgent. Stool soft, mixed with serum; orange colored; loose in morning and urgent. Apis 1.

Urgent. Frequent tenesmus for many days without being able to pass anything; great, urgent desire for stool, but on sitting down the desire immediately passes off without an evacuation. Anac. Clin.

Urgent. Chronic dysentery; urgent straining, with shuddering and sense of insufficient evacuation. Lye. Clin.

Urging. (Stool.) Urging to stool. Æsc. 3.

Urging to stool in rectum. Agar. 2.

Urging to stool, with passage of urine. Aloe 2.

Urging. Constant urging in rectum. Crot. Tig. 2.

Urging. Sensation of a plug between symphysis pubis and os coccygis, with urging to stool. Aloe 7.

Urging. Stool hard, with urging and sticking in anus; lumpy, with threads of mucus; dark, half digested, of intolerable odor. Graph. 1.

Urging. Stool soft, difficult, scanty, with much urging; clay colored. Hep. 1.

Urging in rectum, but large intestines are wanting in peristaltic action and cannot expel soft feces; only a part can be forced out by aid of abdominal muscles. Hep. 2.

Urging. Ineffectual urging in rectum in evening, with protrusion of rectum. Ign. 2.

Urging. Constant, ineffectual urging, with tenesmus in rectum. Merc. 2.

Urging. Anxious urging in rectum; frequent; ineffectual; after the usual stool, with griping, and stool when passed was soft. Nux V. 2.

Urging. Diarrhœa; stools pasty, sour-smelling; then shivering; then urging, with constriction in intestines. Rheum 1.

Urging. Constipation; stool that has protruded slips back again after urging and straining till abdominal walls are sore. Sil. 1.

Urging. Frequent ineffectual urging in rectum. Sulf. 2.

Urging. Diarrhœa after eating; of undigested feces, also passed in several pieces, then ineffectual urging with biting, burning pain in anus and colic before and after every stool. China 1.

Urging. Tenesmus with only a little feces at first, then transparent, bilious membranous mucus with relief of colic; amelioration from frequent passage of flatus; urging to stool which is unsatisfactory. Colch. 2.

Urging. Stool pasty, light-brown after urging then rumbling and gurgling in left side of abdomen; after an hour a second stool, mucous, urgent, grayish-green and dirty brown; forcible. Crot. Tig. 1.

Urging. Flatulence in abdomen then urging; stools sudden, thin, small, with flatus. Crot. Tig. 5.

Urging in rectum so that he could scarcely reach the closet, then thin, forcible, spurting stool. Natr. C. 2.

Urging. Stools soft with lumps of white mucus, pasty; at an unusual time; lumpy; light; clay colored, with urging and inactivity of rectum. Phos. 1.



## URGING.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## URINATING.

- Urging. Cutting low down in abdomen penetrating into pelvis, worse from retracting walls of abdomen with urging to stool. Puls. 7.
- Urging in rectum with scanty stool passed in pieces after pressure, with painful weakness, and tight sensation in the abdominal muscles. Plat. 2.
- Urging. Tenesmus, urging to stool. Acon. 2.
- Urging to stool after eating; when rising from lying; sudden in morning on rising; ineffectual; also with emission of flatus. Aloe 2.
- Urging. Gurgling in hypogastrium at night, with sudden urging to stool. Aloe 7.
- Urging to stool after a meal, more in upper part of intestines. Anac. 1.
- Urging. Sudden waking at 6 a. m., with copious, yellow, half liquid stool, with urging in rectum. Arg. N. 1.
- Urging. Distention of abdomen with frequent urging to stool, though more than ever constipated; tympanitic. Arn. 5.
- Urging to stool; ineffectual; tenesmus as in dysentery, with burning pain and pressure in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 2.
- Urging to stool, which is thin, frequent, but ineffectual, or with a scanty, hard stool. Bell. 1.
- Urging. Tenesmus; a constant pressing and urging towards anus and genitals, alternating with painful contractions of anus. Bell. 2.
- Urging. Passage of mucus from anus with urging. Carbo V. 3.
- Urging in rectum to stool. Berb. 2.
- Urging to stool after drinking, but only a little mucus passed. Caps. 2.
- Urging. Ineffectual urging; tenesmus; only wind passes, with pressure in rectum. Carbo V. 2.
- Urging. Pressure in rectum all day, with frequent ineffectual urging. Caust. 2.
- Urging. Spasms of sphincter ani, with chilliness running up back; then urging to stool; then insufficient stool. Colch. 3.
- Urging to a copious yellowish-brown, partly thin, sourish, offensive stool; then transient relief of colic; then two abundant stools in quick succession; first pappy, then fluid, with ulcerative pain in bowels. Coloc. 1.
- Urging. Ineffectual urging; frequent; then stool in single, stony pieces. Coloc. 2.
- Urging in rectum to stool, with sensation in anus and lower part of rectum, as if weakened by diarrhœa. Coloc. 2.
- Urging. Contractive pain in hypogastrium, like after-pains, with urging to stool. Con. 7.
- Urging. Diarrhœa; stool watery, frequent, with burning in anus; sudden about midnight, with urging; very offensive; ammoniacal. Lach. 1.
- Urging more in upper intestines; stool soft and insufficient; anxious urging; inability to evacuate feces without danger of eversion and prolapsus of rectum. Ign. 2.
- Urging. Constipation; hard, insufficient stool with urging and protrusion of rectum. Gamb. 1.
- Urging in rectum; stool not hard but difficult on account of inactivity of rectum. Graph. 2.
- Urging in rectum sudden, with noise as of liquids in abdomen, worse on left side. Jatr. 2.
- Urging. Ineffectual urging with feeling as if rectum were too weak to evacuate the stool. Kali C. 2.
- Urging. Aching, burning in gall-bladder, chilliness along spine with urging to stool; better after a profuse, black stool. Lept. 6.
- Urging. Protruding, painful, sore hæmorrhoids, with ineffectual urging. Merc. 3.
- Urging. Stools offensive, with offensive flatus; frequent, of only mucus; at times with cutting and urging. Nit. Ac. 1.
- Urging. Griping in abdomen with ineffectual urging to stool; pain before and during stool; better after stool; aggravation from eating plums. Rheum 5.
- Urging. Desire in rectum for stool after a meal; desire increased when moving about, then thin, offensive stool with colic, then ineffectual tenesmus, later another stool; the urging which had gradually subsided returned more than ever. Rheum 2.
- Urging. Frequent ineffectual urging in rectum, causing pain. Merc. C. 2.
- Urging in rectum on rising, before stool, which shot out as from a gun. Phos. 2.
- Urging. Frequent urging in rectum with prolapsus and emission of flatus; stooping and, still more, crouching down caused protrusion. Ruta 2.
- Urging. Constipation; fruitless urging to stool; dryness of rectum; knotty stool, shining as if greased, very small in size; passes easier when standing. Caust. Clin.
- Urging. Constipation produced by cheese, better from smoking; frequent urging to stool without any evacuation, which appears an hour later in single pieces of stony hardness. Coloc. Clin.
- Urging. Diarrhœa; stool preceded by excessive cutting around about the navel and expelled all at once after considerable urging, and followed by a feeling of great relief. Gamb. Clin.
- Urging. Constipation, with ineffectual urging; amelioration after drinking milk; stools hard, knotty, dark colored; constipation alternating with diarrhœa. Iod. Clin.
- Urging. Constipation; ineffectual urging to stool with small discharges, or only flatus passes; stool only every second day. Mag. C. Clin.
- Urging. Diarrhœa; watery, slimy, frothy, green, bloody, or bilious stools, with greenish scum floating on top of water; violent urging before, tenesmus and urging after. Merc. Clin.
- Urging. Dysentery; stools bloody, mucous, every half hour with constant urging and much backache. Lil. Tig. Clin.
- Urging. Diarrhœa with urging and inability to retain the stool; gurgling in abdomen as of water; after stool sharp pains around navel; weak feeling in abdomen and rectum; faintness. Lept. Clin.
- Urging. Constipation in sad, desponding and hypochondriac persons; frequent urging but insufficient stool, though the feces are not hard; worse from starchy or vegetable food. Natr. C. Clin.
- Urging. Diphtheritic dysentery; burning in rectum with ineffectual urging; stools bloody; tenesmus. Nit. Ac. Clin.
- Urging. Constipation; desire for stool, but little passes; feels as if it stayed in the rectum and could not be expelled; ineffectual urging, with sharp, splinter-like, cutting pains. Nit. Ac. Clin.
- Urging. Exhausting diarrhœa; stools slimy, like chopped eggs, thin, yellow, profuse and putrid; undigested, with cutting and urging during stool. Nux Mos. Clin.
- Urging. Constipation; large, hard, difficult stools; frequent urging without effect; sensation as if much remained after stool; the action of the bowels irregular and spasmodic. Nux V. Clin.
- Urging. Dysentery; stool small, slimy, bloody, with urging; tenesmus ceasing after stool; stools like pitch and blood. Nux V. Clin.
- Urging. (*Miscellaneous*.) Cramp-like pain above pubis in afternoon, with frequent urging to urinate. Chel. 7.
- Urging. Prolapsus of rectum, without urging, as if anus were paralyzed. Graph. 2.
- Urging. Constipation; no urging; inactivity of rectum; stool insufficient, hard; much straining, with headache. Arn. Clin.
- Urging. Constipation for days; no desire; no urging; the rectum becomes filled and seems entirely paralyzed. Nux Mos. Clin.
- Urging. Constipation of long standing; no urging; stools composed of a few hard, round, dark balls; rectum inactive. Op. Clin.
- Urinate. Cramp-like pain above pubis in afternoon, with frequent urging to urinate. Chel. 7.
- Urinate. Chronic diarrhœa; cannot urinate without having a stool, or the stools became dark and fetid; worse after eating. Apis Clin.
- Urinating. Prolapsus of rectum, as if everted, when urinating. Mur. Ac. 2.
- Urinating. Constriction of anus, with itching, burning all day; worse after urinating, with hard stool. Nit. Ac. 3.
- Urinating. Piles suddenly in children, with great sensitiveness; prolapsus ani while urinating; piles after confinement. Mur. Ac. Clin.



## URINE.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## VIOLENT.

Urine. Urging to stool, with passage of urine. Aloe 2.

Urine. Fear lest stool should escape with flatus; feeling as if thin stool would escape on passing urine; with the stool always a feeling as if more were at hand. Aloe 2.

Urine. Bearing down pains in hypogastrium, worse when walking, with weight low down in vagina, with constant desire for stool, but with every effort at stool only urine was discharged. Lil. Tig. 7.

Urine. Watery diarrhoea; stool green, white, with red urine. Acon. 1.

Urine. Small, yellowish, shining stool at 9 a. m., with sputtering flatus; with dread lest feces and urine escaped together; while he would force out yet he held back. Aloe 1.

Urine. Burning in rectum with the evacuation of stool and urine; stools dry and large, then copious, pasty stools, with relief of all symptoms except the confusion of head. Bry. 2.

Urine. Constriction in hypogastrium before passage of turbid urine. Chel. 7.

Urine. Stool white with dark urine. China 1.

Urine. Colic; scanty urine, with pallor, sunken cheeks and staggering; pupils dilated, lips bluish, face covered with clammy sweat; pulse thready. Hell. 5.

Urine. Diarrhoea watery, frequent, with many empty eructations and copious urine. Con. 1.

Urine. Jaundice with clear urine, offensive, tongue white; stools dark. Chel. Clin.

Usual. Anxious urging in rectum; frequent, ineffectual, after the usual stool, with griping, and stool when passed was soft. Nux V. 2.

Usual. Smarting in anus after hard stool; burning after usual stool. Mag. M. 3.

Uterine. Constipation of females with pain and pressure in iliac regions from uterine and abdominal congestion during pregnancy. Sep. Clin.

Vaccination. Diarrhoea daily, after breakfast, from vaccination; stool pale yellow, watery, or dry and greasy; forcibly expelled; gurgling, like water from a bunghole. Thuja Clin.

Vagina. Bearing-down pains in hypogastrium; worse when walking, with weight low down in vagina; with constant desire for stool, but with every effort at stool only urine was discharged. Lil. Tig. 7.

Vagina. Stitches in abdomen, extending into the vagina; tearing; cutting. Ars. A. 5.

Vagina. Pressure in morning in hypogastrium as if everything would be forced out towards organs of generation, with distention of abdomen; then contraction of abdomen; then discharge of white mucus from vagina. Bell. 7.

Valuable. Extremely valuable in typhlitis and in the late stage of peritonitis. Lach. Clin.

Valuable. Dysentery; particularly valuable in the collapsed stage; stools involuntary, grumous; with these conditions it has saved many apparently hopeless cases. Secale Clin.

Varices. Small, protruding varices, which sting, burn and smart intolerably. Apis Clin.

Varicose veins near right ring. Berb. 7.

Vegetable. Constipation in sad, desponding and hypochondriac persons; frequent urging, but insufficient stool, though the feces are not hard; worse from starchy or vegetable stool. Natr. C. Clin.

Vegetables. Diarrhoea from suddenly checked perspiration in hot weather; from cold drinks, vegetables, stewed fruits, drinking milk. Bry. Clin.

Vegetables. Colic, forcing patient to bend double; he must walk about for relief; abdomen swollen, sensitive; no flatus up or down; after a cold; from fruits or vegetables; cold feeling in abdomen. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Vein. Bleeding piles which contain an amount of blood, a far greater quantity of blood than the size of the vein would warrant. Lye. Clin.

Veins. Varicose veins near right ring. Berb. 7.

Veins. Anus red, inflamed and covered with red veins, with burning during stool. Sulf. 3.

Veins. Swelling of hæmorrhoidal veins with discharge of bloody slime by day and night. Thuja 3.

Veins. Engorgement of the hæmorrhoidal veins is one of the most constant effects of Aloes. Aloe Clin.

Venous. Hæmorrhage from bowels in typhoid, dark, venous. Arn. Clin.

Vertebrae. Constrictive pain below short ribs extending into lumbar vertebrae. Camph. 5.

Vertigo. Distention of abdomen on eating, with heaviness of head, with rush of blood to head, vertigo and confusion; intolerance of anything tight about hypochondria. Graph. 5.

Vertigo. Constipation with vertigo, heat in head, and tinnitus aurium, large accumulation of feces, especially after continued purging with difficulty to pass them, even when soft, from inactivity of rectum. China Clin.

Vertigo. Hard stool with depression of mind, causing headache and vertigo in old people. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Vessels. Hæmorrhoids moist, even after a natural stool; increased congestion of hæmorrhoidal vessels, with sticking; with burning pain on walking and on touch. Sulf. 3.

Vessels. Bleeding hæmorrhoids; burning and heat in hæmorrhoidal vessels. Acon. 3.

Vessels. Sensation of a plug in anus in afternoon when sitting; fullness of hæmorrhoidal vessels. Kali B. 3.

Vexation. Diarrhoea during first dentition, with much wind after vexation; containing white points or flakes like pus; offensive with much flatulence. Calc. Ph. 1.

Vexation. Hepatitis after vexation or taking cold; dull, aching pains in liver. Cham. Clin.

Vexation. Irritable liver; jaundice from vexation; from excessive study or mental work; congestion of liver, with soreness and sharp, sticking pains; aggravation from lying on left side. Natr. S. Clin.

Vinegar. Diarrhoea from vinegar or other acids. Ant. Cr. Clin.

Violent. (Colic.) Violent colic from cold. Acon. Clin.

Violent colic as if the bowels would be cut to pieces. Ant. T. Clin.

Violent. Intestinal obstruction with fecal vomiting and violent colic. Op. Clin.

Violent. Dysenteries during the autumn, with violent colic and tenesmus; stools almost black and fermented; like frothy molasses. Ipec. Clin.

Violent. Diarrhoea, with violent colic and rumbling before stool, then yellowish-green stools; profuse emission of fetid flatus. Natr. S. Clin.

Violent flatulent colic generally relieved by walking about; aggravated by lying down at night; pains are generally cutting, twisting; amelioration from pressure; generally radiate from the abdomen to the back into chest and arms. Diosc. Clin.

Violent. (Pain.) Shooting from umbilical region to other parts of abdomen, amelioration from pressure; so violent at times that he was almost wild, tossed about, pressed his fist into his abdomen said he must go to stool. Plumb. 7.

Violent. Diarrhoea, watery, with violent pinching and emission of much flatus. Agar. 1.

Violent. Stools may be black, brown, burning, putrid, brought on by eating or drinking, aggravated after midnight, preceded by most violent, burning and cutting pains, and followed by extreme exhaustion. Ars. A. 1.

Violent. Anxiety with pain in abdomen so violent that he grasped bystanders and again pushed them from him; frequently jumped out of bed and sat on the chamber or ran about. Ars. A. 5.

Violent pain in rectum, with chill and fever, inflammation, tenesmus and bloody discharges. Acon. Clin.

Violent. (Stool.) Violent stool, watery black fluid; burning in anus; after uneasiness and pain in the abdomen. Ars. A. 1.

Violent. Diarrhoea violent, painful, green, with cutting and tenesmus. Cupr. 1.

Violent. Diarrhoea; stool profuse, mucous, of much bloody mucus, violent, involuntary, frequent, with weakness. Petr. 1.

Violent itching or tingling at anus as from worms. Zinc. Clin.

Violent. Jaundice provoked by violent anger, abuse of Quinine, with attacks of faintness. Nux V. Clin.



## VIOLENT.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## WALKING.

**Violent.** (*Miscellaneous*). Stool natural at first then several small, loose evacuations, then small, hard evacuations, with violent straining in rectum and anus till all are passed. Ant. Cr. 1.

**Violent.** Desire in rectum for stool after a meal, desire increased when moving about; then thin, offensive stool with colic; then ineffectual tenesmus; later another stool; after rising from stool the urging which had gradually subsided, returned more violent than ever. Rheum 2.

**Violent.** Diarrhœa; watery, slimy, frothy, green, bloody or bilious stools, with greenish scum floating on top of water; violent urging before, tenesmus and urging after. Merc. Clin.

**Violently.** Piles feel damp, painful to touch, itch violently; needle-like pains at anus. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

**Viscera.** Inflammation or engorgement of the pelvic viscera. Acon. Clin.

**Viscera.** Neuralgia of the abdominal viscera. Cupr. Clin.

**Viscid.** Discharge of moisture from anus, with sore feeling and itching around it; involuntary; of viscid, slimy fluid, causing soreness; of thread-worms during stool. Sulf. 3.

**Voided.** Large and hard stool, voided with great difficulty, followed by severe pains in anus, with feeling as if a portion of the anus was protruded; with severe backache in lumbar region. Æsc. 1.

**Voided.** Inveterate constipation, with disappointing calls, the trouble being in the rectum; feces slender, long, narrow, dry, tough and hard, like a dog's, and voided with difficulty. Phos. Clin.

**Voided.** Constipation; torpor of rectum, even a soft stool is voided with difficulty. Psor. Clin.

**Vomiting.** (*Diarrhœa with Vomiting.*) Stool of green mucus, with retching; vomiting of mucus and intolerance of lacing around hypochondria; bloody. Arg. N. 1.

**Vomiting.** Diarrhœa, with coldness of extremities; with vomiting and prostration; with tearing and cutting in abdomen; stool dark, bloody colored, black mucus; offensive; yellow; with tenesmus and burning pain in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 1.

**Vomiting.** Diarrhœa and vomiting. Ant. T. 1.

**Vomiting.** Cutting, with heaviness across lower abdomen; ineffectual retchings, then ineffectual tendency to diarrhœa; difficult vomiting; trembling in abdomen and bending together; then two diarrhœic stools, the last like water. Ant. T. 5.

**Vomiting.** Copious diarrhœa, with vomiting; then watery and fetid stools. Apis 1.

**Vomiting.** Cholera infantum, with vomiting of sour food or curdled lumps. Calc. C. Clin.

**Vomiting.** Abdominal dropsy, sometimes with diarrhœa and vomiting. Apis Clin.

**Vomiting.** Stools grass-green, slimy, with vomiting; colic. Ant. T. Clin.

**Vomiting.** Cholera infantum; sudden vomiting and diarrhœa, with coldness of body. Camph. Clin.

**Vomiting.** Diarrhœa in hot, damp weather in the fall; vomiting and purging of rice-water stools, varying in color, green, yellow, reddish, variegated; slime and feces mixed. Colch. Clin.

**Vomiting.** (*Miscellaneous.*) Metro-peritonitis, with nausea, vomiting, profound prostration, cold sweat, brown tongue, burning pain. Ars. A. Clin.

**Vomiting.** Hepatic diseases with indigestion, eructations, salivation, heartburn, vomiting of food. Berb. Clin.

**Vomiting.** Horrible colics, with tendency to collapse; convulsive vomiting; hic-cough. Cupr. Clin.

**Vomiting.** Soreness over the region of the liver, with cutting pains and vomiting of bile. Iris V. Clin.

**Vomiting.** Gastro-enteritis, with bilious or bloody vomiting. Kali B. Clin.

**Vomiting.** Intestinal obstruction, with fecal vomiting and violent colic. Op. Clin.

**Vomiting.** Hyperæmia of liver, with great pressure in hepatic region, alternating with vomiting or diarrhœa. Ver. Alb. Clin.

**Vomiting.** Jaundice, with nausea and vomiting. Plumb. Clin.

**Vomiting.** Chronic inflammation of the liver with constipation; vomiting of green mucus. Plumb. Clin.

**Waist.** Gall-stone colic; terrible darting pains; intolerance of garments about the waist. Calc. C. Clin.

**Waking.** Pain in abdomen at night, waking from uneasy slumber; then sixteen evacuations of greenish fetid mucus, with noisy emission of flatus. Arg. N. 5.

**Waking.** Tenesmus in morning after waking, then a copious fluid stool. Sulf. 2.

**Waking.** Pressure in abdomen, downward at night, waking her, with tension of muscles so that he could not easily straighten up, as from incarcerated flatus. Sulf. 5.

**Waking.** Distention of abdomen by flatulence, waking about midnight, causing oppressive pain here and there; some flatus passed without remarkable relief; new flatus collected for hours; amelioration from lying on one side and the other. Cocc. 5.

**Waking.** Itching, burning in rectum at night on waking and in morning, with pinching extending to perineum. Nit. Ac. 2.

**Waking.** Thin stool after waking at 3 o'clock. Aloe 1.

**Waking.** Flatulent pain morning after waking, flatus rumbled and moved about painfully, worse in upper abdomen. Puls. 5.

**Waking.** Tension in liver region as if it were too short there, on waking from midday nap. Carbo V. 6.

**Waking.** Sticking in rectum waking her at 4 a. m.; sticking again next morning after waking. Mag. C. 2.

**Waking.** Pressure in hypogastrium as if bladder would fall out over os pubis; partially relieved by hard pressure; the pelvic distress always felt at night on waking. Sep. 7.

**Waking.** Sudden waking at 6 a. m. with copious, yellow, half liquid stool, with urging in rectum. Arg. N. 1.

**Walk.** Colic in hypogastrium, as if flatulence, with cutting, were forcing out bladder, neck of bladder, beginning of urethra, perineum, rectum, and anus; aggravation from every step, obliging him to walk bent; amelioration from rest when sitting and lying. Nux V. 7.

**Walk.** Cramp in rectum all the forenoon; a griping and sticking, with anxiety, so that she must walk about. Calc. C. 2.

**Walk.** Heaviness in abdomen; sensation as if it hung down heavily, obliging her to walk bent. Carbo V. 5.

**Walk.** Griping in abdomen so that he could neither lie nor sit and could only walk bent over; amelioration from violent motion and rolling about. Coloc. 5.

**Walk.** Constriction and weight in abdomen with sensation as if everything would fall down, obliging him to walk carefully. Nux V. 5.

**Walk.** Intermittent griping in hypogastrium, so that she could scarcely walk after entering the house, preceded by rumbling in abdomen and emission of flatus. Sulf. 7.

**Walk.** Colic, compelling one to walk bent, relieved by bending double and walking about, or by lying on the abdomen. Rhus Tox. Clin.

**Walk.** Colic, forcing patient to bend double; he must walk about for relief; abdomen swollen, sensitive, no flatus up or down; after a cold; from fruits or vegetables; cold feeling in abdomen. Ver. Alb. Clin.

**Walking.** (*Abdomen.*) Sticking in left side of abdomen, below umbilicus, on walking rapidly and afterwards. China 7.

**Walking.** Cutting all through abdomen in morning; aggravated by walking. Diosc. 5.

**Walking.** Griping tearing in upper abdomen and in side of chest after dinner; aggravated by walking and standing; amelioration when the body and mind are at rest. Zinc. 5.

**Walking.** Violent, flatulent colic; generally relieved by walking about; aggravated by lying down at night; pains are generally cutting, twisting; amelioration from pressure; generally radiate from the abdomen to the back, into chest and arms. Diosc. Clin.

**Walking.** Colic, compelling one to walk bent; relieved by bending double or walking about, or by lying on the abdomen. Rhus Tox. Clin.

**Walking.** (*Hæmorrhoids.*) Protruding hæmorrhoids during stool; when walking; painful. Sep. 3.



## WALKING.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## WATER.

Walking. **Hæmorrhoids moist**, even after a natural stool; increased congestion of hæmorrhoidal vessels, with sticking; with burning pain on walking and on touch. Sulf. 3.

Walking. **Hæmorrhoids with sore pain**; unendurable on walking or reflecting; swollen, with itching, sticking, and much moisture; hard, stinging, burning, painful when touched. Caust. 3.

Walking. **Blind piles with pressure and soreness in anus and rectum**, painful when sitting and standing, less when walking, worse after taking fresh air. Ign. 3.

Walking. **Hæmorrhoids swell very much**, with burning pain on walking. Carbo An. 2.

Walking. **Hæmorrhoids bleeding when walking**. Sep. 3.

Walking. **Inflammation of hæmorrhoids**; stitches; sore pain during cough; pain when walking. Kali C. 3.

Walking. **Weakness of the sphincter**; piles come down from any exertion as walking or standing; she supports the anus by pressure with her hand to prevent protrusion of the parts. Sep. Clin.

Walking. (*Hypochondrium, Right.*) **Bearing-down pains in hypogastrium**, worse when walking, with weight low down in vagina; with constant desire for stool, but with every effort at stool only urine was discharged. Lil. Tig. 7.

Walking. **Stitches in hypochondria when walking in open air**; also with tension in right hypochondrium as if hepatic region would burst open at 4 p. m.; on deep breathing, while sitting. Natr. S. 6.

Walking. **Hepatic region sensitive when walking**, with pain on touch, at 1:30 p. m. Natr. S. 6.

Walking. **Pain in liver when walking**, changing to heaviness; cutting, drawing, burning pain in liver. Kali C. 6.

Walking. **Pain in region of gall-bladder**; aggravated by walking; in liver, extending from right lateral ligament to gall-bladder. Bapt. 6.

Walking. **Abscess of liver**; throbbing, ulcerative pain in hepatic region; worse from touch or walking; hardness; distention of liver. Sil. Clin.

Walking. **Chronic engorgement of the liver**; cirrhosis, soreness and stitches in the liver when walking; hepatic abscess. Hep. Clin.

Walking. (*Miscellaneous.*) **Weight in left hypochondrium when walking, sitting and lying**, not affecting breathing. Lyc. 6.

Walking. **Swelling of inguinal glands, with circumscribed redness**; with pain on pressure and from long walking and standing; obliged to lie down. Merc. 7.

Walking. **Swelling of inguinal glands**, suppurative, with pain on walking; the whole limb seems paralyzed and muscles tense. Nit. Ac. 7.

Walking. **Burning pain in perineum**; and an inch from anus a tubercle which became moist and smarted on walking. Thuja 3.

Walking. **Biting, sore pain in anus on walking**, and burning in rectum. Mezer. 3.

Walking. **Moisture and itching in anus**, with soreness; moisture between anus and nates, when walking. Nit. Ac. 3.

Walking. **Feeling of tension in hypogastrium when sitting and walking**, with heaviness. Kali C. 7.

Walking. **Weight in hypochondrium**, aggravated by walking. Kali C. 7.

Walking. **Flatulent colic**, relieved by stretching the body out or walking. Diosc. Clin.

**Walls. Constipation; stool that has protruded slips back again after urging and straining till abdominal walls are sore**. Sil. 1.

**Walls. Cutting low down in abdomen, penetrating into pelvis**; worse from retracting walls of abdomen, with urging to stool. Puls. 7.

**Walls. Pinching in muscles of abdomen when sitting**, as if he had fallen upon them; strained pain; sensitiveness of walls. Hyos. 5.

**Walls. Bruised feeling in the abdominal walls**, which are extremely tender, even when the abdomen is not swollen. Apis Clin.

**Warm. Pain in abdomen**, with coldness, then heat and warm sweat; heat, with inclination to stool; pain in transverse colon at 3 a. m., then diarrhoea. Pod. 5.

**Warm. Cholera or choleraic stools**; not copious, with desire for warm food and drinks, and horrible cramps in stomach and abdomen. Cupr. Clin.

**Warm. Diarrhoea**, alternating with rheumatism; stools sour-smelling when the weather suddenly changes from warm to cold; damp weather. Dulc. Clin.

**Warm. Diarrhoea in spring when warm weather sets in**; stools very offensive, undigested, watery, chocolate-colored, consisting of decomposed blood looking like charred straw. Lach. Clin.

**Warm. Old pendulous hæmorrhoids** that cease to bleed but become painful to the touch, especially in warm weather. Nit. Ac. Clin.

**Warm. Diarrhoea from fright**, worse from being in a warm room, preceded by colic and pain in the small of back. Puls. Clin.

**Warmth. Stool fluid after eating**, with discharge of flatus and colic all the afternoon; better from warmth of bed. Coloc. 1.

**Warmth. Hæmorrhoids aggravated by cold water**; amelioration from warmth; with prolapsus of rectum, accompanied by sticking and biting. Mur. Ac. Clin.

**Warmth. Dysentery, bloody and mucous**, with great straining and burning in anus, temporarily ceasing after stool and by warmth of bed; aggravation after eating and drinking. Coloc. Clin.

**Warts about anus**. Thuja Clin.

**Washing. Cholera infantum**; stools saffron yellow, chopped, offensive, watery; child smells sour despite the most careful washing. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

**Washings. Diarrhoea**; stools jelly-like, dark yellow, red, watery, with lumps of transparent mucus; bloody water like washings of beef. Rhus Tox. Clin.

**Wasting away of liver**; nutmeg liver. Laur. Clin.

**Water. (Diarrhoea from Drinking.) Stools watery, with flatulence, and frequent**; more frequent after taking food or water. Ferr. 1.

**Water. Diarrhoea watery, green, frothy**, gushing out with force; resulting from drinking excessive quantities of water. Grat. Clin.

**Water. Diarrhoea from bad drainage**, from drinking impure water; stools black or thick, like glue, passed in thin strips like tape. Carbol. Ac. Clin.

**Water. Camp diarrhoea**; chronic, from chronic irritation of the intestinal mucous membrane, with aching and burning in hepatic region; worse from drinking cold water; stools black, fecal, fluid, papescent, tar-like, muddy, greenish. Lept. Clin.

**Water. Diarrhoea, brought on by riding in cars or carriage**; aggravation from drinking cold water, with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool. Cocc. Clin.

**Watery. (Stool.) Stool watery, feces yellow**; frequent diarrhoea of yellowish-greenish water; forcible, of green, frothy water. Grat. 1.

**Water. Stool of brown, frothy water**, with tenesmus, pain in abdomen and nausea; then sudden, complete rest. Kali B. 1.

**Water. Stool of greenish water, with distention of abdomen**; frequent; liquid; always preceded by griping; worse on right side. Mag. C. 1.

**Water. Stool watery, of blood and water**; contained acrid water; greenish. Ars. A. 1.

**Water. Cutting, with heaviness across lower abdomen**; ineffectual retchings; then ineffectual tendency to diarrhoea; difficult vomiting; trembling in abdomen and bending together; then two diarrhoeic stools, the last like water. Ant. T. 5.

**Water. Watery feces**; frequent, with soreness in anus; bright, yellow fluid; feces twice, then chilliness; three stools of yellow water. Grat. 1.

**Water. Stool soft, brownish easy, floating on water**. Merc. 1.

**Water. Colic, as if intestinal canal were full of water**. Kali C. Clin.

**Water. Diarrhoea, with constant rumbling and gurgling in abdomen**; stools dark yellow, undigested; very offensive; stools of yellow water, with meal-like sediment; worse at night and morning after eating. Phos. Ac. Clin.



## WATER.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## WATERY.

Water. Diarrhœa; watery, slimy, frothy, green, bloody or bilious stools, with greenish scum floating on top of water; violent urging before, tenesmus and urging after. Merc. Clin.

Water. Diarrhœa; stools jelly-like, dark yellow red, watery, with lumps of transparent mucus; bloody water like washings of beef. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Water. Diarrhœa daily after breakfast from vaccination; stools pale yellow; watery, oily and greasy; forcibly expelled, gurgling like water from a bung-hole. Thuja Clin.

Water. (*Miscellaneous*.) Swashing in abdomen, as of water. Crot. Tig. 5.

Water. Hæmorrhoids protrude like a bunch of grapes; greatly relieved by bathing with cold water. Aloe Clin.

Water. Dysenteric, bloody stools with intolerable, burning tenesmus, with chill as if water were poured over one. Canth. Clin.

Water. Hæmorrhoids with sensation as if red-hot poker were being thrust up the rectum, relieved by sitting in cold water. Kali C. Clin.

Water. Diarrhœa with urging and inability to retain the stool; gurgling in abdomen as of water; after stool sharp pains around navel; weak feeling in abdomen and rectum; faintness. Lept. Clin.

Water. Constipation resulting from unwise enemas of water and soap. Op. Clin.

Waterbrash. Colic from indigestion with waterbrash; worse after coffee, brandy or overeating; flatulent, with pressure upward causing dyspnœa. Nux V. Clin.

Watery. (*Stool*.) Scanty, watery stool about midnight, with flatulent colic and noisy flatulence during stool. Arg. N. 1.

Watery. Yellow, watery diarrhœa, with tearing, cutting before stool, as after taking cold. Dule. 1.

Watery. Stools watery, with flatulence and frequent, more frequent after taking food or water. Ferr. 1.

Watery. Stool watery, feces yellow; frequent diarrhœa of yellow-greenish water; forcible, of green frothy water. Grat. 1.

Watery. Stool watery, spurting from him. Jatr. 1.

Watery. Diarrhœa watery, with violent pinching and emission of much flatus. Agar. 1.

Watery. Violent stool, watery, black fluid; burning in anus after uneasiness and pain in the abdomen. Ars. A. 1.

Watery. Diarrhœa watery, yellowish, and painless; forcible. Crot. Tig. 1.

Watery. Diarrhœa nightly, with colic, so that she must bend double; hot; smelling like rotten eggs, green, watery; painless, consisting of feces and mucus; white, slimy, with colic. Cham. 1.

Watery. Stools frequent, watery, with burning in anus; disposition to strain and bear down. Iris V. 1.

Watery diarrhœa; stool green, white, with red urine. Acon. 1.

Watery. Pinching in hypogastrium in morning, with fermenting, rumbling, then watery diarrhœa. Nux V. 7.

Watery. Constipation, with sensitiveness above Ponpart's ligament and hardness low down in left iliac region; afterwards almost dysentery of watery stools, mixed with whitish-yellow and cheesy masses; and tenesmus. Phos. 1.

Watery. Diarrhœa with profuse sweat, with desire for eating and drinking; stool frequent and painful, watery; involuntary. Ver. Alb. 1.

Watery. Stool watery, of blood and water; contained acrid water; greenish. Ars. A. 1.

Watery. Copious diarrhœa, with vomiting; then watery and fetid stools. Apis 1.

Watery. Frequent yellow, watery stool, with griping. Apis 1.

Watery. Diarrhœa watery, frequent, with many empty eructations and copious urine. Con. 1.

Watery diarrhœa, mixed with hard parts; involuntary in sleep. Con. 1.

Watery. Diarrhœa frequent and sudden, without pain or smell; watery. Ferr. 1.

Watery. Diarrhœa, with pinching around umbilicus; sometimes with discharge of flatus; stool watery, profuse, with colic and tenesmus, fecal; forcible. Gamb. 1.

Watery feces, frequent, with soreness in anus; bright yellow fluid; feces twice, then chilliness; three stools of yellow water. Grat. 1.

Watery stool through the day; yellow, painless with rumbling. Iris V. 1.

Watery. Diarrhœa, then burning in anus; stool watery; passed unnoticed. Mur. Ac. 1.

Watery. Diarrhœa; stool watery, soft; difficult from inactivity of the rectum. Natr. M. 1.

Watery. Diarrhœa; stool watery, frequent, with burning in anus; sudden about midnight, with urging; very offensive; ammoniacal. Lach. 1.

Watery. Diarrhœa; stool watery, painless. Thuja 1.

Watery. Diarrhœa; stools green, watery; after a chill or fright. Acon. Clin.

Watery. Diarrhœa of malarial origin or after chilling the stomach with cold substances; stools generally dark, scanty, watery or mucous, sometimes bloody. Ars. A. Clin.

Watery. Painful diarrhœa; watery, liquid stools of the most disgusting smell; discharges profuse, greenish, blackish-brown, papescent; stool and breath equally offensive. Asaf. Clin.

Watery. Diarrhœa comes on gradually; stools more and more watery; pale, pinkish, with rapid emaciation. China Clin.

Watery. Painless diarrhœa, especially mornings; greenish, watery, mucous, profuse and full of bright red lumps. Apis Clin.

Watery. Stools green, sometimes slimy, white and mushy; hot and watery; very offensive. Calc. Ph. Clin.

Watery. Diarrhœa without pain or urging; stools brown watery, white watery, green mucus; thin, pasty, bright yellow or light gray, like rice water. Chel. Clin.

Watery. Dysentery; bloody stool, with deathly nausea from smelling cooking; watery stool; jelly-like mucus, with scrapings from intestines. Colch. Clin.

Watery. Chronic diarrhœa; gushing, watery; worse at night, with coldness of body and great prostration. Ferr. Clin.

Watery. Diarrhœa watery, green, frothy, gushing out with force; resulting from drinking excessive quantities of water. Grat. Clin.

Watery. Diarrhœa; stools of jelly-like mucus; like frogs' spawn, generally with tenesmus; sometimes profuse, watery, alternating with constipation. Hell. Clin.

Watery. Yellow watery diarrhœa, nearly odorless, involuntary, passed in bed unconsciously, especially during sleep; a typhoid state with delirium. Hyos. Clin.

Watery. Chronic diarrhœa of an exhausting character; stools whitish whey-like, watery, foamy, mucous; worse in the morning. Iod. Clin.

Watery. Diarrhœa, with burning in rectum and anus after a stool; severe rumbling of gas; watery discharges mixed with mucus, preceded by soft and more substantial stools. Iris V. Clin.

Watery profuse diarrhœa gushing out like a torrent; abdomen swollen and tender to the touch; sometimes associated with coldness of the body and unquenchable thirst. Jatr. Clin.

Watery, gushing diarrhœa in the morning; stools brownish, frothy, jelly-like, lumpy. Kali B. Clin.

Watery. Periodical return of dysentery in spring or early part of summer; stools blackish, watery, bloody, jelly-like; stringy discharges with tenesmus during and after stool. Kali B. Clin.

Watery. Diarrhœa in spring when warm weather sets in; stools very offensive, undigested, watery, chocolate-colored, consisting of decomposed blood looking like charred straw. Lach. Clin.

Watery. Diarrhœa during hot summer and after milk; stools watery, gray; worse during day and after eating; with discharge passing with a gush; much fetid flatus is passed with the stool. Natr. C. Clin.

Watery. Diarrhœa, chronic; gushing, black, greenish, gray, bloody, watery stools. Natr. M. Clin.

Watery. Dysentery of bloody mucus, mixed with the green, watery stool. Mag. C. Clin.

Watery. Chronic diarrhœa, especially during early hours of morning; stool watery, with meal-like sediment; yellow, pasty, black; mucous and blood-streaked; involuntary; very offensive, like carrion. Pod. Clin.



## WATERY.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## WEATHER.

Watery. Diarrhœa after fright or sudden joy; offensive, involuntary, watery, frothy, dark stools. Op. Clin.

Watery. Morning diarrhœa, with green, painless, but exhausting stools; watery; pouring away as from a hydrant; with lumps of white mucus or little grains, like tallow. Phos. Clin.

Watery. Dysentery; burning in anus during stool and long-lasting, severe tenesmus afterwards; fruitless efforts to stool, which is bloody, watery and offensive. Plumb. Clin.

Watery. Diarrhœa between midnight and morning, with sensation as of something pulling at the navel; stools watery, dark, offensive, profuse, involuntary or mucous and bloody. Plumb. Clin.

Watery. Diarrhœa of drunkards on their last legs; great debility and nervous prostration; a sensation of trembling all over the body; stools lemon-colored, chopped, frothy, mucous, stringy, offensive, watery, with burning in rectum. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Watery. Diarrhœa; stool horribly offensive, nearly painless, involuntary, dark brown, black, watery or green mucus. Psor. Clin.

Watery. Interminable diarrhœa in summer which resists everything, especially in scrofulous children; stools putrid, fetid, watery, yellowish or greenish; discharged rapidly with great force. Secale Clin.

Watery. Diarrhœa in the morning driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery; brown; fecal; green; mucous; bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour; fetid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. Sulf. Clin.

Watery. Cholera infantum; stools saffron yellow, chopped; offensive, watery; child smells sour despite the most careful washing. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Watery. Diarrhœa; stools jelly-like, dark yellow, red, watery, with lumps of transparent mucus; bloody water, like washings of beef. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Watery. Dysentery; stools watery, mucous, and bloody, with tearing down the thighs and much tenesmus. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Watery. Diarrhœa daily after breakfast from vaccination; stool pale yellow, watery, or oily and greasy; forcibly expelled, gurgling like water from a bung hole. Thuja Clin.

Watery. Diarrhœa; frequent, profuse, greenish-white, watery stools with flakes; severe pinching; colic before stool, from emotions, as fright. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Watery. Cholera infantum; stool from the least movement of the body; thin and painless, gushing, profuse, watery, flaky, inodorous; faintness at stool or immediately after. Ver. Alb. Clin.

Waxy liver, dependent upon long lasting bone disease. Phos. Clin.

Weak feeling in abdomen, as if diarrhœa would occur. Aloe 5.

Weak. Emptiness and weak feeling in abdomen; coldness. Phos. 5.

Weak feeling in abdomen, as if menses would come on. Sulf. Ac. 5.

Weak. Desire for stool in rectum in evening, with griping in hypogastrium; then large moist, at last thin, sour stool, after which he was relieved, but felt weak. Dulc. 2.

Weak. Ineffectual urging with feeling as if rectum were too weak to evacuate the stool. Kali C. 2.

Weak. Prolapsus of rectum, with weak feeling in evening in bed; itching, burning all day; passes only wind and mucus, with sensation of a plug in rectum. Sep. 2.

Weak. Frequent involuntary stools of putrid, cadaverous odor; burning pains deep in abdomen; feces escape with flatus; collapse; pulse weak and intermittent. Carbo V. Clin.

Weak. Diarrhœa, with urging and inability to retain the stool; gurgling in abdomen, as of water; after stool sharp pains around navel; weak feeling in abdomen and rectum; faintness. Lept. Clin.

Weak. Diarrhœa always in daytime, never at night, but has stools early in the morning; hunger immediately after stool from weak, empty feeling in bowels; stools profuse, gushing, mucus yellowish-brown, with colic. Petr. Clin.

Weak. Dysenteric diarrhœa, consisting of bloody mucus, followed by much pressing; weak and dizzy after stool. Petr. Clin.

Weaken. Chronic diarrhœa, which does not weaken the patient. Calc. C. Clin.

Weakened. Urging in rectum to stool, with sensation in anus and lower part of rectum, as if weakened by diarrhœa. Coloc. 2.

Weakening. Diarrhœa, lasting a long time, apparently without any weakening effect; stool white, gray, copious, painless, involuntary, with discharge of undigested substances. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Weakness in ring as if a hernia would form. Nux V. 7.

Weakness. Stool light, yellow, soft, three times a day, with weakness. Borax 1.

Weakness. Drawing griping in abdomen, with pressure in rectum, nausea, weakness in pit of stomach and pallor of face; throbbing. Ign. 5.

Weakness. Urging in rectum, with scanty stool, passed in pieces after pressure, with painful weakness, and tight sensation in the abdominal muscles. Plat. 2.

Weakness of sphincter ani so that cleanliness was difficult. Aloe 3.

Weakness. Burning in rectum after stool, with weakness and trembling in all limbs. Ars. A. 2.

Weakness in abdomen and in back, so that she must lie down. Phos. 5.

Weakness. Singular feeling in pelvic region at 4 p. m.; a weakness about small of back, pubic bones, and around anus a dragging. Sep. 7.

Weakness in abdomen after two hard stools, with loss of appetite. Sep. 5.

Weakness. Diarrhœa; stool profuse; mucous, of much bloody mucus; violent, involuntary, frequent; with weakness. Petr. 1.

Weakness of rectum. Petr. 2.

Weakness. Cutting pain in hypogastrium mornings, with nausea; sweetish, disgusting taste, weakness and sleepiness; cutting, rising to upper abdomen, where it amounted to griping. Nux V. 7.

Weakness. Chronic diarrhœa of old people, with tremulous weakness; discharge sometimes involuntary. Con. Clin.

Weakness. Obstinate constipation, especially if it alternates with diarrhœa; with stool followed by tremulous weakness. Con. Clin.

Weakness. Painless cholera morbus with deathly nausea, weakness and prostration; aggravation from the smell or sight of food. Colch. Clin.

Weakness of the sphincter; piles come down from any exertion, as walking or standing; she supports the anus by pressure with her hand to prevent protrusion of the parts. Sep. Clin.

Weakness. Colic; sensation of coldness, weakness and faintness; better from bending double. Petr. Clin.

Wear. Distention and sensitiveness of abdomen, so that she must wear the clothes about stomach very loose; even in bed she must pull up the night dress; she dare not lay the arm across the abdomen. Lach. 5.

Weather. Diarrhœa driving out of bed very early in the morning; want of confidence in sphincter ani; worse immediately after eating; aggravated in mornings in hot, damp weather. Aloe Clin.

Weather. Hemorrhoids, with oozing of yellow mucus; constipated during hot weather. Ant. Cr. Clin.

Weather. Diarrhœa in wet weather, mostly mornings after rising and eating; with much rumbling; stools thin, yellow, fecal, slimy. Agar. Clin.

Weather. Diarrhœa from suddenly checked perspiration in hot weather; from cold drinks, vegetables, stewed fruits, drinking milk. Bry. Clin.

Weather. Dysentery in moist weather; aggravation from any current of air; violent tenesmus of rectum and bladder. Caps. Clin.

Weather. Diarrhœa in hot damp weather in the fall; vomiting and purging of rice-water stools, varying in color green, yellow, reddish, variegated; slime and feces mixed. Colch. Clin.

Weather. Diarrhœa alternating with rheumatism; stools sour-smelling, when the weather suddenly changes from warm to cold; damp weather. Dulc. Clin.

Weather. Old pendulous hemorrhoids that cease to bleed but become painful to the touch, especially in warm weather. Nit. Ac. Clin.



## WEATHER.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## WIND.

Weather. Diarrhœa in spring when warm weather sets in; stools very offensive, undigested, watery, chocolate-colored, consisting of decomposed blood, looking like charred straw. Lach. Clin.

Weather. Chronic diarrhœa, worse some time after rising and moving about; after a protracted spell of damp, cold weather or from living in damp houses. Natr. S. Clin.

Weather. Dysentery from cold, damp weather, rectum protrudes; stools very slimy. Dule. Clin.

Weight in left hypochondrium when walking, sitting, and lying, not affecting breathing. Lyc. 6.

Weight. Bearing down pains in hypogastrium, worse when walking, with weight low down in vagina; with constant desire for stool, but with every effort at stool only urine was discharged. Lil. Tig. 7.

Weight in hypogastrium, aggravated by walking. Kali C. 7.

Weight. Constriction and weight in abdomen with sensation as if everything would fall down, obliging him to walk carefully. Nux V. 5.

Weight. Distention of abdomen and after eating tension with weight, with pain in place of a hernia. Sil. 5.

Weight. Involuntary diarrhœa during emission of flatus; bilious, with sensation as if weight would pass. Sulf. 1.

Weight. Congested, enlarged liver; sensation of pain and drawing in right hypochondrium as if the liver had increased in weight and dragged at its ligaments. Agar. Clin.

Wet. Diarrhœa in wet weather, mostly mornings after rising and eating; with much rumbling; stools thin; yellow, fecal, slimy. Agar. Clin.

Wet. Colic immediately after eating; and worse after drinking; amelioration from hot, wet cloths; abdomen enormously distended. Nux Mos. Clin.

Wet. Colic from cold; from getting feet wet; from fruit, ices, pasty; flatulent colic in evening after supper, at night. Puls. Clin.

Whey-like. Chronic diarrhœa of an exhausting character; stools whitish, whey-like, watery, foamy, mucous; worse in the morning. Iod. Clin.

White. (Stool.) Stool contained many white shreds. Colch. 1.

White. Diarrhœa nightly, with colic, so that she must bend double; hot, smelling like rotten eggs; green, watery; painless, consisting of feces and mucus; white, slimy, with colic. Cham. 1.

White. Stool soft, with lumps of white mucus; pasty at an unusual time; lumpy; light; clay colored, with urging and inactivity of rectum. Phos. 1.

White. Watery diarrhœa; stool green, white, with red urine. Acon. 1.

White. Stool white, with dark urine. China 1.

White. Stool intermitting, frequent at first; hard, thin, pasty, then liquid, white, offensive like bad eggs. Calc. C. 1.

White. Diarrhœa copious, yellowish and offensive, containing pieces of white membrane; orange-yellow, slimy; with bright yellow flakes, without feces. Colch. 1.

White. Diarrhœa of white mucus in little pieces like pop-corn. Cina Clin.

White tough mucus, with the stool like scrapings from the intestines, with streaks of blood; copious. Canth. 1.

White. Diarrhœa during first dentition, with much wind; after vexation; containing white points or flakes like pus; offensive, with much flatulence. Calc. Ph. 1.

White thin, like a round worm, with much white mucus; also blood. Graph. 1.

White. Stool white, gelatinous like frog's spawn; frequent with pressure. Hell. 1.

White. Constipation; stool white; of only yellow-white mucus, mixed with blood, with pain in back. Puls. 1.

White. Children's stools white, dry, with hard lumps of curd. Ant. Cr. Clin.

White. Chronic diarrhœa; first part hard and black then evacuation yellow, thin, or brown; mushy or white, accompanied by severe lumbar and sacral pains. Æsc. Clin.

White. Diarrhœa without pain or urging; stools brown watery, white watery, green mucus; thin, pasty, bright yellow, or light gray, like rice water. Chel. 7.

White. Jaundice with clear urine; offensive; tongue white; stools dark. Chel. Clin.

White. Stools profuse, putrid, corrosive, loose, brownish, frothy, black, offensive, undigested, white, cadaverous-smelling; worse at night. China Clin.

White. Green, slimy stools, mucous; chopped, white and yellow mucus, often of a changeable color, often undigested, often like chopped eggs and spinach; foul odor, especially in children during teething or after taking cold. Cham. Clin.

White. Diarrhœa; stool like scum of a frog pond, green, frothy; white masses like lumps of tallow floating on the green; sour-smelling; undigested; containing curds. Mag C. Clin.

White. Diarrhœa with discharge of lumbrici and ascarides; involuntary, greenish, slimy, or white. Cina Clin.

White. Diarrhœa lasting a long time, apparently without any weakening effect; stool white, gray, copious, painless, involuntary, with discharge of undigested substances. Phos. Ac. Clin.

White. Dysentery; discharges white, slimy, clear yellow, red or green slime, blood and mucus. Puls. Clin.

White. Stools green, sometimes slimy, white and mushy, hot and watery, very offensive. Calc. Ph. Clin.

White. Diarrhœa; stools white, sour, undigested, or sometimes mucous, yellow or green, and of a decayed odor. Hep. Clin.

White. Stool yellowish-white, frequent, green. Sulf. Ac. 1.

White. Duodenal catarrh, sometimes with jaundice; white stools. Kali B. Clin.

White. Morning diarrhœa, with green, painless but exhausting stools; watery; pouring away as from a hydrant; with lumps of white mucus or little grains like tallow. Phos. Clin.

White. Diarrhœa; frequent, profuse, greenish, white, watery stools with flakes; severe pinching colic before stool from emotions, as fright. Ver. Alb. Clin.

White. Diarrhœa in the morning, driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery; brown; fecal; green; mucous; bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour; fetid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. Sulf. Clin.

Whitish. Diarrhœa; stool thin, whitish, gray, involuntary, pasty, bright yellow, with sensation as if he would emit flatus; not prostrating. Phos. Ac. 1.

Whitish. Constipation, with sensitiveness above Ponpart's ligament and hardness low down in left iliac region; afterwards almost dysentery of watery stools mixed with whitish-yellow and cheesy masses, and tenesmus. Phos. 1.

Whitish. Copious, blackish-brown, green and whitish stools. Apis 1.

Whitish. Stool whitish, mixed with tenacious mucus and streaks of blood. Nux V. 1.

Whitish. Diarrhœa soft, frequent, whitish. Iod. 1.

Whitish. Diarrhœa; stool whitish, frequent; also causing burning in anus. Op. 1.

Whitish. Constipation; stool hard and difficult, mixed with mucus and knotty, whitish, scanty, brownish, difficult, but not hard. Sep. 1.

Whitish. Chronic diarrhœa of an exhausting character; stools whitish, whey-like, watery, foamy, mucous; worse in the morning. Iod. Clin.

Whitish. Cholera infantum; stools whitish, curdy, turning green on the diaper on exposure to the air; sour smell of whole body, especially during teething. Rheum Clin.

Whitish-gray. Stool gray, whitish-gray, green, bloody, difficult. Phos. 1.

Whitish-gray. Constipation; stool hard, green, slimy, acrid, excoriating anus; whitish-gray. Merc. 1.

Whitish-yellow. Stools thin, fluid, frequent, whitish-yellow. Cocc. 1.

Widé. Paralysis of rectum; anus wide open; hæmorrhage from bowels. Secale 2.

Wild. Shooting from umbilical region to other parts of abdomen; amelioration from pressure; so violent at times that he was almost wild; tossed about, pressed his fist into his abdomen, said he must go to stool. Plumb. 7.

Wind. Diarrhœa during first dentition, with much wind; after vexation; containing white points or flakes like pus; offensive, with much flatulence. Calc. Ph. 1.



## WIND.

## REPERTORY OF PART II.

## YELLOW.

Wind. Ineffectual urging; tenesmus; only wind passes, with pressure in rectum. Carbo V. 2.

Wind. Painless diarrhoea, with rumbling of wind; worse at night from fright or other emotions. Ign. Clin.

Wind. Prolapsus of rectum, with weak feeling in evening in bed; itching, burning all day; passes only wind and mucus, with sensation of a plug in rectum. Sep. 2.

Wind. Diarrhoea, with much wind; stools profuse, dark green, brown, gelatinous; worse after eating; from fruit, from lager beer, from abuse of Opium; with intolerable itching of anus during typhoid fever. Mur. Ac. Clin.

Wine. Flatulent colic; worse from wine with retraction of the abdomen; hot, moist, fetid flatus passing off without relief. Zinc. Clin.

Wiping. Itching, smarting, sore pain in anus on wiping. Graph. 3.

Women. Diarrhoea of pregnant women. Ant. Cr. Clin.

Women. Oozing of a thin inodorous fluid from the rectum; weak digestion, especially in nursing women. Carbo An. Clin.

Women. Periodical abdominal spasms in sensitive and hysterical women. Ign. Clin.

Women. Constipation of women before and during menses. Sil. Clin.

Women. Diarrhoea of anæmic and hysterical women, mostly during night; stools greenish, pasty, with tenesmus and cutting in abdomen. Mag. M. Clin.

Work. Sensation in abdomen as if full of stones, after long sitting at work, though it does not feel hard. Ant. T. 5.

Work. Irritable liver; jaundice from vexation; from excessive study or mental work; congestion of liver with soreness and sharp, sticking pains; aggravation from lying on left side. Natr. S. Clin.

Worm. Stool thin, like a round worm, with much white mucus, also blood. Graph. 1.

Worms. Crawling in rectum in evening when sitting, with biting, as from worms; itching during the day. Sulf. 2.

Worms. Evacuation of large, round worms. Merc. 2.

Worms. Passes worms, both round and thread-worms. Cina Clin.

Worms. Colic from cold evening air; from worms; colic which only passes off by lying down. Merc. Clin.

Worms. Colic; pains in lower abdomen from worms. Sil. Clin.

Worms. Violent itching or tingling at anus from worms. Zinc. Clin.

Writhing. Sense of writhing in the abdomen. Agar. 5.

Writhing. Gripping colic writhing around navel, better from hot milk, worse after eating or nursing. Croc. Tig. Clin.

Yawning. Cutting in abdomen, then leucorrhœa, with griping at various times; sometimes when yawning; after breakfast, or with cutting after dinner. Zinc. 5.

Years. Dysenteric attacks for several successive years; frequent, bloody stools, with gnawing at navel; then ineffectual straining. Kali B. 1.

Yeast. Diarrhoea at night, with cutting in intestines; stool like brown yeast. Arn. 1.

Yeast. Diarrhoea, slimy and of the appearance of yeast; cadaverous smell. Ant. T. Clin.

Yellow. (Stool.) Stool watery, feces yellow; frequent diarrhoea, of yellow-greenish water; forcible, of green, frothy water. Grat. 1.

Yellow. Diarrhoea in morning, with heat and pain in anus; stool liquid, yellow, green, frequent. Pod. 1.

Yellow. Stool soft, then empty feeling in abdomen; saffron yellow, stringy and slimy; chopped. Sulf. Ac. 1.

Yellow. Stool yellow and green; diarrhoea, mixed with mucus, preceded by cutting around umbilicus. Gamb. 1.

Yellow. Diarrhoea, with coldness of extremities; with vomiting and prostration; with tearing and cutting in abdomen; stool dark, bloody-colored; black mucus; offensive; yellow; with tenesmus and burning pain in rectum and anus. Ars. A. 1.

Yellow. Stool light yellow, soft, three times a day, with weakness. Borax 1.

Yellow. Stool pasty, bright yellow, copious, with much mucus and light gray. Chel. 1.

Yellow. Diarrhoea; stool thin, whitish-gray, involuntary, pasty, bright yellow, with sensation as if he would emit flatus; not prostrating. Phos. Ac. 1.

Yellow. Constipation, with sensitiveness above Ponpart's ligament and hardness low down in left iliac region; afterwards almost dysentery of watery stools mixed with whitish-yellow and cheesy masses; and tenesmus. Phos. 1.

Yellow. Sudden, waking at 6 a. m., with copious, yellow, half-liquid stool, with urging in rectum. Arg. N. 1.

Yellow. Diarrhoea; stool fluid, yellow, in morning with full feeling in abdomen and emission of flatus. Natr. S. 1.

Yellow. Diarrhoea; stool liquid, with mucus; red and yellow, gelatinous, tinged with blood, preceded by lassitude. Rhus Tox. 1.

Yellow. Constipation; stool white; of only yellow-white mucus mixed with blood; with pain in back. Puls. 1.

Yellow. Watery stool through the day; yellow, painless, with rumbling. Iris V. 1.

Yellow. Frequent yellow, watery stool, with griping. Apis 1.

Yellow, pappy, pasty stool. Aloe 1.

Yellow. Liquid stool; diarrhoea in morning on rising; yellow, with distention and dull pain under ribs. Aloe 1.

Yellow. Watery feces; frequent, with soreness in anus; bright yellow fluid feces; twice, then chilliness; three stools of yellow water. Grat. 1.

Yellow. Pain in umbilical region in morning, with profuse, thin yellow stool, not relieving the pain; with frequent cutting through all small intestines. Diosc. 7.

Yellow. Diarrhoea copious, yellowish and offensive, containing pieces of white membrane, orange-yellow, slimy, with bright yellow flakes; without feces. Colch. 1.

Yellow. Diarrhoea in wet weather, mostly mornings after rising and eating; with much rumbling; stools thin, yellow, fecal, slimy. Agar. Clin.

Yellow. Chronic diarrhoea; first part hard and black, then evacuation; yellow, thin or brown; mushy or white, accompanied by severe lumbar and sacral pains. Esc. Clin.

Yellow. Diarrhoea; stools painless; at first frothy, thin and brown; later cadaverous-smelling, containing bits of yellow feces. Borax Clin.

Yellow. Diarrhoea; brown, yellow or slimy; putrid odor, with low types of fever; coldness of extremities; tendency to collapse. Carbo V. Clin.

Yellow. Green, slimy stools; mucous; chopped white and yellow mucus; often of a changeable color, often undigested, often like chopped eggs and spinach; foul odor, especially in children during teething, or from taking cold. Cham. Clin.

Yellow. Diarrhoea without pain or urging; stools brown watery, white watery, green mucus, thin, pasty, bright yellow, or light gray, like rice water. Chel. Clin.

Yellow. Diarrhoea in hot damp weather in the fall, vomiting and purging of rice water stools; varying in color, green, yellow, reddish, variegated; slime and feces mixed. Colch. Clin.

Yellow. Diarrhoea brought on by riding in cars or carriage; aggravated by drinking cold water, with flatulent distention; colic; feeling as if sharp stones were rubbing together in abdomen; stools fetid, yellow, painless; prolapsus recti after stool. Cocc. Clin.

Yellow. Diarrhoea; stools white, sour, undigested, or sometimes mucous, yellow or green, and of a decayed odor. Hep. Clin.

Yellow, watery diarrhoea, nearly odorless, involuntary, passed in bed unconsciously especially during sleep; a typhoid state with delirium. Hyos. Clin.

Yellow. Diarrhoea, with excessive accumulation of flatus; stools thin, brown or pale; fecal, mixed with lumps, thin, yellow, shaggy, reddish, mucous, undigested. Lyc. Clin.

Yellow. Exhausting diarrhoea; stools slimy, like chopped eggs; thin, yellow, profuse and putrid; undigested, with cutting and urging during stool. Nux Mos. Clin.



**YELLOW.****REPERTORY OF PART II.****YELLOWISH-GREEN.**

Yellow. Diarrhœa; stool involuntary when emitting flatus; stools thin, yellow, fecal, with emission of fetid flatus like rotten eggs. Olean. Clin.

Yellow. Dysentery; discharges white, slimy, clear yellow, red or green, slime, blood and mucus. Puls. Clin.

Yellow. Diarrhœa; stools jelly-like, dark yellow, red, watery, with lumps of transparent mucus; bloody water, like washings of beef. Rhus Tox. Clin.

Yellow. Chronic diarrhœa, especially during early hours of morning; stool watery, with meal-like sediment; yellow, pasty, black, mucous and blood-streaked; involuntary; very offensive, like carrion. Pod. Clin.

Yellow. Diarrhœa; stool like chopped eggs; of yellow mucus, sometimes frothy, extremely fetid; aggravation from eating oysters. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Yellow. Cholera infantum; stools saffron-yellow, chopped, offensive, watery; child smells sour, despite the most careful washing. Sulf. Ac. Clin.

Yellow. Diarrhœa daily, after breakfast, from vaccination; stool pale yellow, watery or oily and greasy, forcibly expelled, gurgling, like water from a bung-hole. Thuja Clin.

Yellow. Diarrhœa, with constant rumbling and gurgling in abdomen; stools dark yellow, undigested, very offensive; stools of yellow water, with meal-like sediment; worse night and morning after eating. Phos. Ac. Clin.

Yellow. Diarrhœa in the morning, driving him out of bed; the stools change often in color; watery; brown; fecal; green; mucous; bloody; white; yellow; frothy; sour; fetid; expulsion sudden; the smell of the stool follows him all around. Sulf. Clin.

Yellow. (*Miscellaneous.*) Hæmorrhoids, with oozing of yellow mucus; constipated during hot weather. Ant. Cr. Clin.

Yellow. Liver torpid, skin yellow, stools light colored; jaundice. Hydras. Clin.

Yellow. Enlargement of the liver; pain under angle of right shoulder blade, or with jaundice; yellow tongue; bitter taste. Chel. Clin.

Yellow. Derangements of the liver, with yellow eyes and skin, nausea and headache. Iris V. Clin.

Yellow. Acute yellow atrophy of the liver. Phos. Clin.

Yellow. Enlargement and congestion of the liver; jaundice; yellow color of the face and eyes; gray stools; swelling of feet and legs. Mag. M. Clin.

Yellow-greenish. Stool watery; feces yellow; frequent diarrhœa of yellow-greenish water; forcible, of green, frothy water. Grat. 1.

Yellow, watery diarrhœa, with tearing cutting before stool, as after taking cold. Dulc. 1.

Yellowish. Diarrhœa; stool semi-fluid and frequent in morning; pappy yellowish, green, copious fetid. Sulf. 1.

Yellowish. Diarrhœa; watery, yellowish and painless, forcible. Crot. Tig. 1.

Yellowish. Small, yellowish, shining stool at 9 a. m., with sputtering flatus; with dread, lest feces and urine escaped together; while he would force out yet he held back. Aloe 1.

Yellowish. Stool enveloped by filamentous, yellowish mucus; this mucus is entirely blood in last portions of feces. Carbo V. 1.

Yellowish. Stool liquid and brownish, frothy, profuse, forcible, several times a day; yellowish; mostly in morning. Ratan. 1.

Yellowish. Diarrhœa; copious, yellowish and offensive, containing pieces of white membrane; orange-yellow, slimy, with bright yellow flakes, without feces. Colch. 1.

Yellowish. Stool yellowish-white, frequent, green. Sulf. Ac. 1.

Yellowish. Diarrhœa, always in daytime, never at night, but has stools early in the morning; hunger immediately after stool from weak, empty feeling in bowels; stools profuse, gushing, mucous, yellowish-brown, with colic. Petr. Clin.

Yellowish. Diarrhœa; stools thin, brown, yellowish, frothy, forcibly expelled, with colic and prominence of intestines, like pads here and there all over the abdomen during the pains. Ratan. Clin.

Yellowish. Diarrhœa; stools yellowish, slimy; cutting pain before and after, with itching of anus when sitting. Staph. Clin.

Yellowish. Interminable diarrhœa in summer, which resists everything, especially in scrofulous children; stools putrid, fetid, watery, yellowish or greenish; discharged rapidly with great force. Secale Clin.

Yellowish-brown. Urging to a copious, yellowish-brown, partly thin, sourish, offensive stool; then transient relief of colic; then two abundant stools in quick succession; first pappy, then fluid, with ulcerative pain in bowels. Coloc. 1.

Yellowish-green. Diarrhœa, with violent colic and rumbling before stool; then yellowish-green stools; profuse emission of fetid flatus. Natr. S. Clin.

















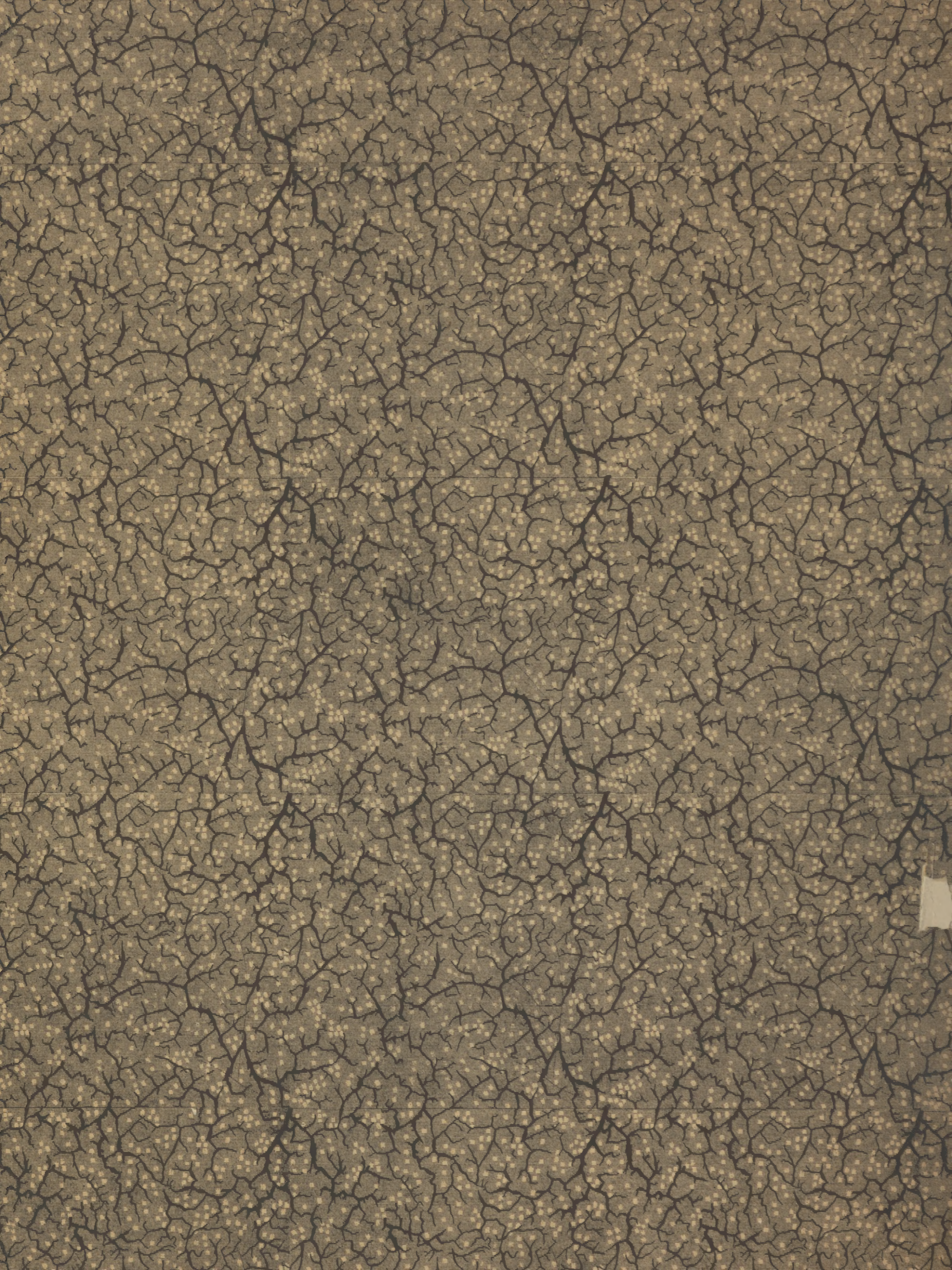




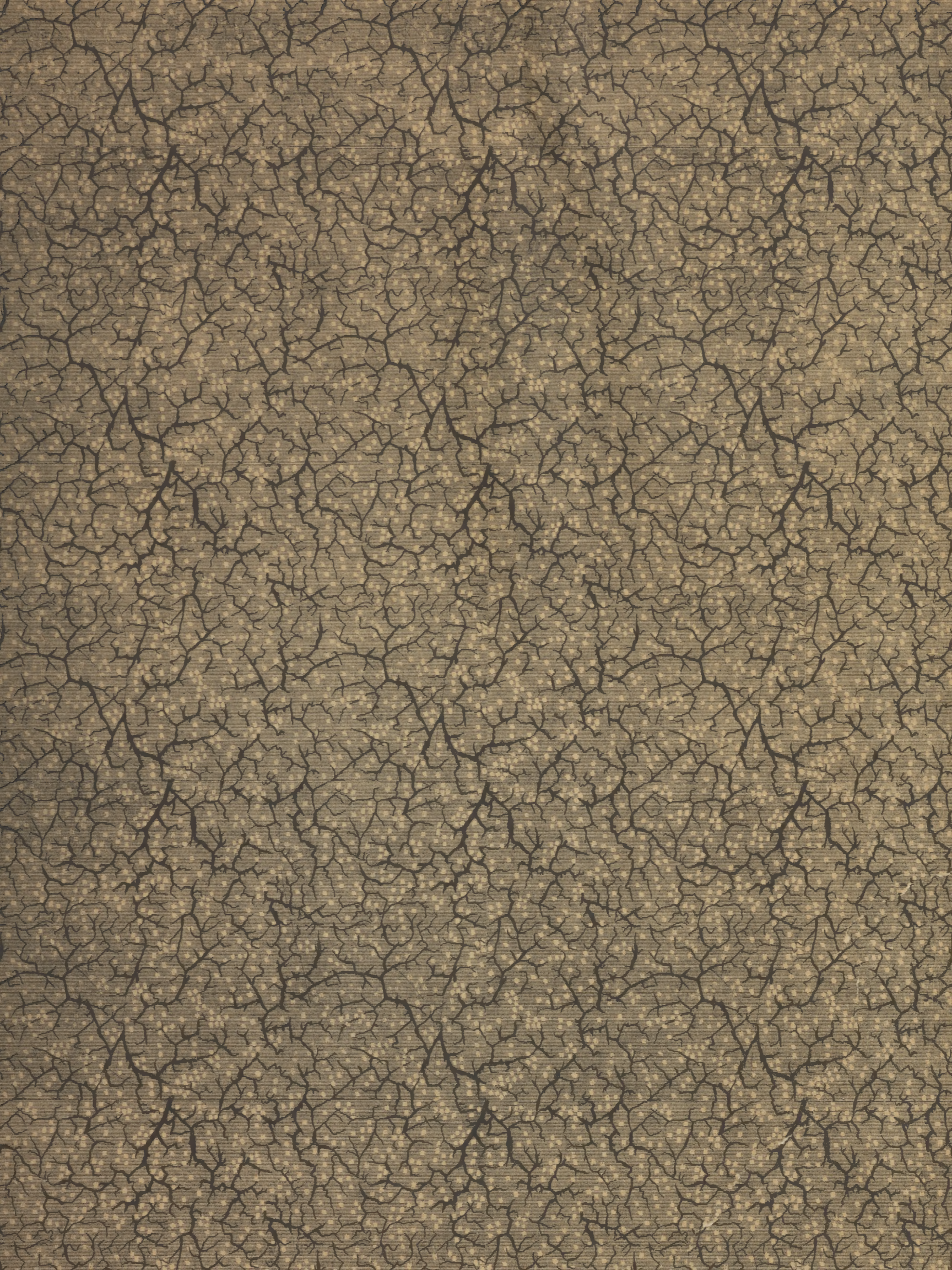














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